

Extraordinary Bargains Saturday—Prices Forced to Lowest Point of Entire Season

An Exceptionally Low Price on an Early Showing of New Fall Fashions Women's Suits

Rarely do you find right at the opening of a new season new suits so inexpensively priced. These are the most advanced and authoritative modes with long 40-inch silk lined coats and new foot pleated skirts, made from hard twisted self-strips worsteds—colors, navy, green, brown, red, gray, also black. \$15

MISSES' SCHOOL SUITS—Beautifully tailored, black and white shepherd checks, and plain navy and gray effects; stylish, dressy garments, 13 to 17 year sizes; prices formerly \$15.00 to \$22.50—while they last. \$5

One-Piece Silk Dresses—Lot of about thirty late styles, plain messaline, figured foulards and shepherd's check taffeta, that sold up to \$22.50, now. \$10

One-Piece Fall Wash Dresses of striped percale in medium and light colorings, neatly made and trimmed with self straps, excellent values. \$1.25

Children's Dresses, Clearing. Dresses for school. Now is the time to buy them if you would save. All the prettiest percale dresses that sold to \$2.50 in sizes 8 to 14 yrs. 98¢

Children's Dresses of lawn and percale, any one in stock, 2 to 6 years, that sold up to \$1.50, now on tables, at. 75¢

Children's Reefers of plain and fancy cloths, 2 to 6 years sizes; for early fall; values up to \$5.00, at. \$1.95

Children's Rompers—Plain and stripe gingham, were 75¢ and \$1. 2 to 6 years 50¢

Summer Apparel at Half—Don't overlook the best bargains in all Omaha in the garment section. Here's what we offer:

Any wash dress, any lingerie dress, rajah silk dresses, silk and linen coats, wash skirts and suits. 1/2 Price

Tailored Madras Waists—New fall garments, plain white or stripe styles, pleated with attached self cuffs and linen collar, with pocket. \$1.25

A Day for Dollar Gowns—New shipment of splendid muslin gowns with long sleeves, high and shaped neck, all embroidery insertion trimmed, some of the finest values we have had, at. \$1.00

Infants' Lawn Caps and Sunbonnets—Odds and ends that were 50¢ 39¢ and 25¢, now, at. 10¢

BENNETT'S  
Metal Pictured Frames—All new stock, card and cabinet size. 23¢

Hosiery and Underwear

Women's Plain Black Lisle Stockings, a very nice 35¢ imported quality for. 25¢  
Gauze Lisle Stockings—A complete line of colors in a splendid 50¢ grade, blue, pink, gray, helio, bronze, tan, also white and black. 3 pairs for \$1.00  
Colored Gause Lisle Stockings, garter tops, worth double, at, pair. 19¢  
Women's black and tan cotton 19¢ stockings, pair. 12 1/2¢

Women's Vests, two whole cases on sale secured from N. Y. jobbers at half value, sleeveless vests, full taped, everywhere 15¢, our price now 7 1/2¢  
Women's Vests—Mercerized lisle—very fine 35¢ quality, closing out Saturday, at. 19¢  
Women's Pants—Light weight knit pants, wide lace trimmed knee, 50¢ garments. 33¢  
Children's Union Suits—Lace trimmed, wide knee, sizes 8 to 14 years, regular 35¢ values—clearing at. 15¢

American Beauty Corsets

Fall Models  
Ask to see them, No. 1356 at \$1.00 and No. 273 at \$1.50. They are representative of the best in today's high class corset making, either in coutil or batiste. Strong garters front and side. American Beauty Corsets are pre-eminently the leading styles. \$1 & \$1.50

New \$1.50 Corsets, 89¢

First for Saturday. Two models for tall and well developed figures; high bust effect. Imported batiste, embroidery trimmed, white only. All sizes; garters attached. 89¢

Not a Trace of Men's Summer Clothing Can Remain

We Now Begin Clearing Small Lots Men's Suits

Here's a price low enough to tempt you to buy another suit. You'll find them just right for wear until snow flies, then to lay away for the first warm days of next spring. Odds and ends, of course, and broken lines, but our best styles. We have sold heaps of them at \$20.00 \$8.75 this season. Now, just to clean up the stock they are



Your Boy's New School Suit

Doesn't cost much to send your boy to school looking trim and neat if you come here Saturday. Here's a suit sale few mothers will care to miss. Knickerbocker suits with double breasted coats for boys 8 to 17 years old. Snappy, up-to-date patterns, too.

\$5.00 Suits \$2.50 Saturday  
\$3.00 Suits \$1.50 Saturday

Men's Neckwear—Three gross—new stylish four-in-hands, worth 50¢, will be. 25¢  
Finest Shirts for men, stylish patterns—\$2.00 and \$2.50 shirts—14 years, regular 35¢ values—clearing at. \$1.50  
Straw Hats—All gone but a few

Toilet Articles, Drug Sundries and Photo Supplies

Manicure Sets—five 40¢  
Sea Salt, ten-pound 10¢  
Lassal's Vio Talcum 20¢  
Eastman's Vio Cold 10¢  
Cream 10¢  
Santal Face Cream 19¢  
Colgate's Perfumes, per ounce 25¢  
Colgate's Tooth Paste 19¢

Odds and Ends in China and Glass

Salt and Pepper Shakers, rooster shape. 2¢  
Brass Fern Dishes with lining, each. 49¢  
Fancy China decorated Cuspidors, to close. 15¢  
Rooster Creamers, fancy shaped 1/4 value. 5¢  
Cup, Saucer and Plate, decorated, 3 pieces. 8¢  
Plain white Cups and Saucers, pair. 7¢  
Glass Candle Sticks, 3 styles, each. 10¢  
Horseshoe Trainers, per dozen. 18¢  
Glass Sugar Shakers, Saturday, for. 10¢  
Bennett's China Cement has great merit. 10¢

Galvanized Tubs and Pails

Very sharply reduced prices for Saturday. On sale in basement hardware section.  
Galvanized Wash Tubs, usually 95¢, special. 39¢  
Galvanized Wash Tubs, usually 75¢, special. 49¢  
Galvanized Wash Tubs, usually 85¢, special. 59¢  
Galvanized Water Pails, usually 20¢, special. 15¢  
Galvanized Water Pails, usually 25¢, special. 19¢  
Galvanized Water Pails, usually 30¢, special. 25¢  
Galvanized Garbage Cans, usually \$1.75, special \$1.25  
Galvanized Garbage Cans, usually \$1.50, special. 95¢

Cotton Covered Garden Hose, 8 1/2 c ft.

To close out balance of stock we will sell our usual 12c quality at 8 1/2 c foot. Comes in 50 ft. coils. Pays you to buy for next season.

Tin Fruit Cans, quart. 25¢  
dosen 33¢  
Sealing Wax, lb. 5¢  
Folding Lunch Boxes 15¢  
25c Silk Strainers. 13¢  
25c Bread Toasters. 15¢

Hammocks—Final Cut  
Quantity is limited. Be early.  
Choice of \$5.00 Hammocks. \$2.95  
Choice of \$3.00 Hammocks. \$1.75  
Choice of \$2.50 Hammocks. \$1.35  
Choice of \$2.00 Hammocks. \$1.00

Groceries

Bennett's Best Coffee, 5 lbs. \$1.00—100 stamps  
Bennett's Best Coffee, 1 lb. .95¢—20 stamps  
Bennett's Tea, assorted, 1 lb. .85¢—20 stamps  
Bennett's Tea Shiftings, 1 lb. .85¢—20 stamps  
Bennett's Capitol Pepper, per can. 10¢—10 stamps  
Bennett's Pickling Spices, pkg. 10¢—5 stamps  
Diamond Crystal Salt, per sack. 10¢—10 stamps  
Japan Rice, four lbs. .25¢—20 stamps  
Santal Face Cream, 1 lb. .25¢—20 stamps  
Nutlet Peanut Butter, large jar. 30¢—30 stamps  
Galliard's Olive Oil, large bottle 70¢—75 stamps  
Bennett's Tomato Soup, large can. 20¢—20 stamps  
Eddy's Salad Mustard, jar. 10¢—10 stamps  
Rub-No-More Soap, 3 bars. 7¢  
Chickens, Mexican Chili Beans, lb. 7¢  
Mignonette Peas, 3 cans package 25¢  
Gene's Maple Sugar, 40¢ per pound. 40¢  
Kamo Catsup, large 23¢  
10¢ and 20 stamps  
Queen Cider Vinegar, large bottle. 10¢—10 stamps  
Gem Milk, large can. 10¢—10 stamps  
Sauce, 15¢ bottle. 10¢—10 stamps  
Cocoanut Bars Cookies, special, lb. 15¢  
Eggs  
Pride of the Country Flour, 50 stamps. \$1.00  
at. \$1.60  
Bennett's Capitol Flour, sack and 50 stamps. \$1.60  
at. \$1.60

Bennett's Market

Tie to the store that gives choice, wholesome meats. Select your Sunday dinner from the largest, best preserved stock of meats in town. Freshness and cleanliness are problems in most meat stores. These hot days, Bennett's give both in addition to lowest prices.

SPRING CHICKENS, 16 1/2¢  
Fresh dressed, per pound  
YOUNG HENS, 12 1/2¢  
Fresh dressed, per pound  
Fall Lamb Legs, per lb. 9 1/2¢  
Prime Rib Roast, bones removed, rolled, 10¢  
Choice Pot Roast, per lb. 8¢, 7¢ and 5¢  
Lamb Chop, shoulder, pound 10¢  
Veal Chops, rib, lb. 10¢  
Sirlion Steak—per pound 12 1/2¢  
Porterhouse Steak, per pound 12 1/2¢

Histories of All Nations

Our wideawake book man has another surprise for you. Hundreds of volumes published by Collier & Sons. Histories that have been sold in Omaha for \$2.00, cloth binding, gilt top, fine paper, good clear type. Includes histories of Italy, France, Germany, Sweden, Finland, Austria, Japan, China, Turkey, Palestine, Spanish America. 39¢

Fruits and Vegetables

Watermelons, large and sweet. 20¢, 25¢  
Caul. Peaches, bk. 120¢  
Grapes, homegrown—basket. 25¢  
Nectarines, dozen. 15¢  
Seedless Grapes, lb. 10¢  
Cantaloupes, doz. 40¢  
Wild Plums, basket. 25¢  
Cooking Apples, pk. 15¢  
Dry Onions, per kg. 75¢

Week End Candy Day

Delicious sweets, attractively boxed, fresh for the usual Saturday sale. Take a box home with you tomorrow.  
Bennett's Special Chocolate Creams, made by Balduff Candy Co., regular 50¢ quality, lb. 25¢  
Woodland Goodies—High grade goods from Balduff Candy Co.; always 40¢ a lb. Saturday 20¢

MECCA OF THE MISMALED

Who Supplants Sioux Falls in Affections of Divorce Seekers.

IN INDUSTRY OF NEVADA TOWN

Why Reno is preferred to any other community in the state as a place of residence by those seeking divorces is because of the manifold advantages of the town over any other in the state. Nevada is primarily a mining state and nature usually hides her precious metals in difficult places. Reno is not a mining camp, and is not only centrally situated from a railroad point of view, but has scenic attractions rarely to be found in any American community.

It is located in the heart of a rich agricultural region, and through the center of the town runs a beautiful mountain stream, the Truckee river. Surrounding the town, at a brief distance, are snow-capped mountains, and the winds coming from over their summits keep the air cool on summer nights. It is never very warm in Reno. On the other hand, the winters are comparatively mild.

An altitude of 4,500 feet makes the atmosphere somewhat trying on nerves that are not robust to begin with, but nervous affections are the only complaints to which the climate is unfavorable.

For the cure of other ailments hot mineral water springs abound in the vicinity of Reno. Twelve miles away are the famous Steamboat springs which Comstock millionaires were wont to patronize forty years ago. Three miles from Reno is Moana springs. Five miles from Reno, to the west, is another famous medicinal resort, Laughton's springs, the road to which runs along the Truckee river, making a beautiful driving boulevard. Half way to Laughton's on this road is a magnificent local mine known as "Rick's," which is the local Monte Carlo. Rick's has all the conveniences for those who desire to make a stay, and frequently parties who go there to spend a few hours forget to come back for several days.

It might be mentioned in this connection that the divorce motor has brought to Reno over 100 motor cars.

The leading hotels are always crowded and the rents for cottages have appreciated on the average to the extent of 50 per cent in the last six months. In some instances the increase has been much greater. One cottage that rented for \$60 a month in January last now returns its owner a rental of \$90 a month.

Biased somewhat by the financial conditions of the situation, and yet to learn the lesson that such a state of affairs can only result in the moral degradation of the youth of the community—a lesson which caused South Dakota to reform its divorce laws—Reno appears to be perfectly contented with things as they are.

But Nevada is busily engaged in cleaning house, and it is felt by the most reflective observers that the divorce laws of Nevada as now written will be a thing of the past in the near future. Not in the very near future for the next legislature does not meet until January of 1911. There are others who point to the experience of

A WONDER IN MANY WAYS

Influence of the Typewriter in Social as Well as Business Affairs.

The typewriter was invented as a mere machine for printing the letters of the alphabet faster and more legibly than they could be transcribed by hand. But as soon as he saw its possibilities that frisky little spirit who meddles with the affairs of men in so many ways turned it into a machine for making matches. As soon as women found that a pretty girl a trim skirt was sitting at a typewriter was one of the most attractive things in the whole exhibit of humanity, she took to the machine like a prima donna takes to the spotlight on the stage. In a season or two the business world began to blossom as the rose. The typist sprang up everywhere, and the man who drowsed have one in the front office felt like an old fogey on a back street.

Pretty girls found this the best pasture in the business field, and they flocked into it. They soon discovered that as an aid to matrimony the typewriter was forty jumps ahead of the mandolin, six bars in advance of the piano and was only surpassed by the rowboat and the moonlight walk. They began to dress for the typewriter, and the handsome young business men who had managed to elude the snares of the ball room, the sofa and the house party unaccompanied by thousands of men of millions who guarded their hearts with the steel door and portcullis found that the castle had been invaded by Cupid, the typewriter, and surrendered.

She is a wonder, the typewriter girl, and she has come to stay—to stay, that is, until she is ready to get married.

The typewriter has revolutionized a lot of things. The development of the short waist is in no small degree to be laid to its credit, as is the formation of the evening gown, the growth of the soda water traffic and the enormous business in puffs, rolls and back hair. It has caused more bad spelling, family disturbances and marriages than any other invention of modern times. It has scattered millions of letters, love stories, plays and husbands over our fair land. "And on it Cupid sits and smiles, as witty, cute and debonaire while the machine holds out to click, so pretty girls, need despair."

EFFECT OF THE MESCAL BEAN

Indian Office Concludes Its Inquiry Into Subject.

PRODUCES WONDERFUL VISIONS

Red Men Take the Stuff in Connection with Alleged Religious Ceremonial and Object to Its Abolition.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—(Special.)—For a week past the Indian office has been endeavoring to bring to an end the sale of the peyote, otherwise known as the mescal or bean, which has obtained extensive use among some of the Indian tribes.

It is produced from a cactus that grows in the southwest, particularly in Texas, not far from Laredo, and in Mexico, about forty miles west of that town. The cactus grows in the form of a radius or parsnip, rounded at the top, with indented center. About an inch or more of the top is cut off and when dried in the sun the blossom becomes cottony in appearance, and results in the Spanish name for the caterpillar, peyote, being applied to the product.

The peyote has no connection with the brewed liquor from the agave or century plant, known as mescal; neither is it to be confounded with the other larger cactus growing in the form of a beet, known as mescal, which is eaten by the Apache Indians, who are called from their use of it, the Mesa caleros. The botanical name of the cactus from which the peyote is produced is lophophora.

The peyote has powerful narcotic properties and is used in two forms—the dried product chewed and swallowed, or distilled in water and the infusion drunk. The time within which it takes to effect is dependent on the amount used.

Causes Wonderful Visions.  
Taken in large quantities the effect is almost immediate, in most instances producing nausea followed by stupor, in which all sorts of beautiful visions are experienced. It is accompanied by great elevation of spirit and a feeling of good will toward all mankind.

As used by the Indians, they become wholly unconscious, but a gentleman who recently experimented on himself, and who, apparently, did not take as much of the narcotic as is usual, at no time completely lost consciousness, and was cognizant of his surroundings. He said that all ordinary colors were greatly heightened in intensity and beauty, and that when he closed his eyes a procession of Chinese pagodas with beautiful colored trimmings, pleasing geometrical designs, and peacocks of brilliant plumage seemed to float in endless procession before him.

While this is the usual experience of users of the peyote, a case where the contrary effect was produced has been brought to the attention of the Indian office. An Indian of the Sac and Fox reservation, Iowa, who under the influence had a vision in which he went to the place of torment, where everything is hot, saying that he stepped on the floor and that burned his feet; he put his hand on the wall, he was

Part of a Ceremonial.

In nearly all the Indian tribes the use of peyote has been accompanied by the establishment of a sort of religious cult, but the so-called religious services are accompanied by various heathenish practices. It is claimed by the Indian devotees that the white man cannot obtain the benefits from the use of the narcotic that come to the Indians because God sent into the world for the benefit of the white man the Holy Spirit as his comforter, a blessing which never came to the Indian, but that the peyote performs the same office for the Indian that the Holy Spirit does for the white man, and through this medium the Indian is able to commune with God.

As a recent assembly among the Poncas in Oklahoma, where the Indians were gathered together in a tent, it was claimed that out of the "bean" lying on the crescent-shaped altar in the center there would emerge the body of the Saviour, visible only in this form to those members who partook of a sufficient number of peyotes to obtain this concession from the deity. To the tune of weird songs and the continuous beating of the tom-tom was added the narcotic influence of the peyote, as all eyes remained intensely fixed upon the altar. At times incense was thrown upon the altar fire and the fragrance wafted by the leader over the "bean." A cigarette was passed to represent the pipe of peace. At midnight a cup, like that used in communion services, was passed with a large pall in which peyotes had been steeped and the water sprinkled over the heads of the participants, who also took draughts of the concoction. The ceremony was continued until morning, and two or three days elapsed before the participants wholly recovered from its effects. Some of the Indians describe the effects of the use of peyotes as producing the sight of gold clouds floating around great suns rising at midnight.

Scientific Verdict.  
Dr. S. Weir Mitchell made a study of the peyote and experimented by taking some of it himself, and has described the sensations produced. A number of other experimenters have done the same thing, but they all lack a knowledge of the effect of long continued use.

In 1897 the Smithsonian institute published a paper on the subject of Havelock Ellis entitled, "Mescal, a New Artificial Paradise." The Bureau of Chemistry of the Agriculture department analyzed the narcotic and found that it contained four alkaloidal constituents: anhalonine, mescaline, anhalonidine and lophophorine; aside from these two other elements were isolated called peltonine and anhalamine. The analyses that have been made, the elements above described being taken into consideration, do not explain the effect produced on the user, but this is also true of other substances. The Indians protest against any interference with the supply of the narcotic because of its use in connection with religious ceremonies, and many of them insist that it has valuable medicinal qualities, being a specific for forms of disease. Physicians who have had it under observation, say the peyote has no medicinal properties whatever, and that Indians who, for a period, used it for all sorts of ailments, have abandoned it and

NOT WORRIED OVER RIGHT

Street Railway Rests Easy About Council Bluffs Franchise.

LEUSSLER SAYS IT IS CLEAR

Ascribes Visit of Attorney General to Agitation Worked Up by Improvement Club in the Iowa City.

The Omaha & Council Bluffs Street Railway company is not worried over the Council Bluffs franchise situation. In fact, according to the street car company's point of view, there is no "situation," although Attorney General Byers of Iowa was in Council Bluffs conferring with City Selector Kimball.

"We have a clear enough franchise in Council Bluffs," said R. A. Leussler, assistant general manager of the street railway company.

"The history of the matter is like this: They have a West End Improvement club over in Council Bluffs, which has been meeting regularly for a long time and passing many resolutions. These resolutions they read over in the paper the next morning and feel quite important.

"They started before the Interstate Commerce commission an inquiry as to the fare between Omaha and Council Bluffs, which was asserted by them at present to be excessive. Now in order was the 'free bridge' agitation, and now has come the franchise matter.

"I understand that Attorney General Byers was in Council Bluffs in response to an appeal. What he discovered I do not know, but one thing is certain, and that is that we have a perfectly valid franchise.

"But, stretch your imagination a little and suppose we should be shown not to. What good would it do them?"

WAPPICH FOR CONSOLIDATION

Commissioner Discusses Unfairness of Police and Fire Protection Cost as at Present.

When the mass meeting to talk over with residents of suburban cities the advisability of consolidating with Omaha is held, W. F. Wappich, member of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners, intends to point out to the neighbors the increasing benefits to be derived from fire and police protection by consolidation.

The commissioner will, in a measure, try to shame the neighbors a little by reminding them of the unfairness of their expecting Omaha to furnish fire and police protection when they do not pay for the support of these departments.

"We could hardly sit here idle and see one of these neighboring cities burn or be devastated by a riot," said Mr. Wappich, "but on the other hand, should the residents of these suburban cities sit idly by and pay no taxes and look to Omaha for fire and police protection? It certainly is not fair to the people of Omaha who pay the taxes to keep up these departments, to have them weakened at times by sending assistance to the suburbs when no support for maintenance is derived."

HE KNOWS NO NATI LINE

Der Schugge Soaks 'Em, Whether They Be Italian, Dutch, American or Fiji.

"If he is an Italian or a Dutchman, it don't make no difference mid me," declared "Schugge" Alstadt, alias "Little Bismarck," temporary chef in the judicial cuisine of the jail house.

He was preparing to dish out a laudible portion of his client's food, and getting him just gravy, declared that Goltzi had been robbed a couple of times and was going armed when arrested because he feared another meeting with hold-up men.

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