

**SAMUEL VAN SANT HEADS VETERANS**

Minnesota Man Elected Commander-in-Chief of Grand Army of the Republic.  
MRS. BERRY HEADS RELIEF CORPS  
Des Moines Woman Defeats Mrs. Harris of Kansas.  
ST. LOUIS COMES TO FRONT  
Indications that Next Encampment Will Go to Mound City.  
ADDRESS OF COMMANDER NEVIUS  
Gain in Membership for the Year is Over Twenty Thousand and Death Roll for Year Exceeds Ten Thousand.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 12.—Samuel R. Van Sant of Minnesota, who was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic this evening.  
Van Sant won over William A. Ketcham of Indiana by a vote of 547 to 156.  
Mrs. Jennie L. Berry of Des Moines, Ia., won in a fight for the national presidency of the Woman's Relief Corps. After three ballots she was elected over Mrs. Belle Harris of Kansas by a vote of 213 to 90.  
The Grand Army's order of business did not provide for the election of officers today, but the increasing departure of delegates warned the encampment that an early choice would be necessary to secure a full expression of the will of the majority.  
In addition to Commander Van Sant, the following officers were elected:  
Senior Vice Commander—W. M. Bostaph, Ogdon, Utah.  
Junior Vice Commander—Judge Alfred Bern, Bristol, Conn.  
Surgeon General—W. H. Lemon, Lawrence, Kan.  
Nominations for chaplain were made, but the vote upon this position was postponed until the afternoon of the 14th. The election of chaplain and selection of the next meeting place went over until tomorrow.  
A poll indicates that the chances of St. Louis for the forty-fourth encampment are much brighter. Atlantic City, the other aspirant, does not want the encampment in August and the veterans are loath to change the month of meeting.  
No business of public interest except the annual address of the commander, Henry M. Nevius, and the election of officers was transacted at today's executive session.  
Nevius Leads the South.  
Commander-in-Chief Nevius, in his address to the veterans said, in part:  
"I was treated with great cordiality upon my visit in the southern departments and in Atlanta, Ga., where the Grand Army of the Republic held a joint meeting with Clement A. Evans, commander-in-chief of the United Confederate Veterans, and his organization, and the Confederate Veterans again in Denton, Tex. I met them also at Birmingham, Ala., and I am satisfied that, were it not for those who did not participate in the great struggle, but who are still laboring to keep alive the old cause, there would be no difficulty in cementing the bonds of union between the north and south."  
On December 31, 1907, the members in good standing of the Grand Army of the Republic numbered 226,157, and there were 12,439 on the suspended list. There were remaining in good standing on December 31, 1908, 230,616, and 8,539 remaining suspended. The number of comrades reported as having died between December 31, 1907, and December 31, 1908, was 38,124. Our gains during the fiscal year by muster, transfer, reinstatement and by gain from delinquent reports total 21,154.  
"Investigation will show that there have been many bills introduced in the national congress called pension bills asking for relief for the veterans on different lines, and no prospect of any of them becoming a law. The Grand Army of the Republic, standing united, has in past years secured and placed upon the statute books such pension laws as have been passed, and will continue to ask for such relief as shall seem to be equitable and just."  
The number of survivors of the civil war at his close of the last fiscal year was 60,188. The number of survivors on the pension rolls May 31, 1908, was 386,411. The amount appropriated for pensions during the year was \$142,000,000.  
The amount appropriated and spent during the year ending June 30, 1908, in the national and state houses for the support of old and needy soldiers was \$1,157,362.  
The speaker told of difficulties encountered in securing a round trip rate of one fare to the Salt Lake City encampment, saying:  
"You will observe, comrades, that I have labored earnestly and zealously with the great railroad corporations in the interest of the Grand Army of the Republic, for a reasonable rate to and from our encampment, for the men who will contribute the brunt of battle and saved the union—one and indivisible—and that the great railroad corporations which griddle it with their tracks have no feeling of patriotism and make no concession to the comrades of the Grand Army of the Republic."

**GRANT TO YOUNG VETERANS**

Iowa and South Dakota Officers of Philippine Association.  
PITTSBURG, Aug. 12.—The proceedings of the Philippine Veterans' convention today were made interesting by the presence of General Frederick Dent Grant, who aroused great enthusiasm in a speech on the valor of the men who fought the country's battle in foreign lands.  
The following officers were elected:  
Commander—Colonel C. L. Jewett, New Albany, Ind.  
Junior Commander—Major Charles A. Howard, South Dakota.  
Judge Advocate General—Captain W. H. Keating, Iowa.  
Chaplain—Samuel J. Smith, Nineteenth United States Infantry.

**YAYO SARA WANTS TAFT**

Town Made Famous by Invitation to Fremont Asks the President to Stop.  
NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 12.—Yayo Sara, the town that attracted considerable attention by the wording of the invitation to Captain Fremont of the battleship Mississippi: "Yayo Sara is a hall of the place to entertain in—but we will do the best we can," has sent word through its mayor to President Taft urging him to spend a few hours in that town.

**Hoosier Draws First Claim to Flathead Land**

Joseph Furry of Warsaw is Number One in Lottery—W. F. Spillman Among Lucky Ones.  
COUER D'ALENE, Idaho, Aug. 12.—Two thousand names were drawn today for lands in the Flathead Indian reservation, and Joseph Furry of Warsaw, Ind., was the winner of lucky No. 1.  
The \$1,300 applications, each in a buff envelope, had been dumped upon the platform and Judge Witten announced that he would draw today, 12:00 tomorrow he rest on Saturday. The first name was picked up by little Miss Dolan, o'clock and the announcement of the winner was greeted with a cheer. Thereafter the drawing became a regular feature.  
The name of N. D. McPhee of Warsaw was announced as winner of young woman in the crowd gave a shout and made a wild dash to carry the news to father.  
The first woman to win was Eleanor McLean of Missouri, Mont., who stated in her application that she was 20 years old.  
Among the first fifty names in the Flathead drawing today are:  
No. 1—Joseph Furry, Warsaw, Ind.  
No. 10—C. T. Brownell, Desmet, S. D.  
No. 19—Ralph R. Tower, Sisseton, S. D.  
No. 25—J. E. Smock, Shinneloh, Ia.  
No. 28—E. T. Ellis, Altoona, Ia.  
No. 44—Elizabeth Pfeiffer, Muscatine, Ia.  
No. 45—J. D. Van Liew, Weldon, Ia.  
Nebraskans who drew today:  
Edgar McConnell, Fairbury.  
Joseph L. Roscow, Lincoln.  
Charles A. Barlow, Homingford.  
William M. Finnigan, Arlington.  
Helen S. Ingersoll, Chambers.  
W. F. Spillman, Omaha.

**Mercury Climbs to Ninety-Eight**

Thermometer Shows Season's Record at 2:30 P. M. Thursday, Beating May Mark Three Degrees.  
Ninety-eight!  
The thermometer at 2:30 p. m. yesterday showed the highest mark of the season, beating by 3 degrees the May record, the highest until Thursday.  
According to Official Forecaster Welsh the present siege of torrid zone climate is not so bad as it seems.  
Without cracking a smile he asserts that on the 26th day of July, in the year 1894, A. D., the mercury slipped up to 106, which, he asserts with due complaisance, is the hottest day on record in Omaha. That was a day of calamity to the crops of Nebraska. But the Oldest Inhabitant and the Careful Observer says that even that no excuse for Mr. Welsh's present conduct.  
LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 12.—This was the hottest day of the year in Lincoln, the maximum being 98 degrees, where the mercury remained for nearly three hours. Maurice Laughlin, a fireman, dropped dead while engaged in repairing a trolley line this afternoon, and his death is thought to have been indirectly due to the heat. It was first believed he had come in contact with a live wire, but it was later stated that the wire was dead. Reports from central and western Nebraska say corn is parched and rain is badly needed.

**Dahlman Out for Governor**

Home Rule is to Be the Campaign Slogan of the Omaha Mayor.  
(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, Aug. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Mayor Dahlman was the principal speaker at the Modern Woodmen of America picnic at Bennet this afternoon. From Lincoln the Burlington ran a special train. The mayor announced his platform for governor, his platform being home rule. He promised that candidates would be forced to take a stand on the liquor question. The mayor was well received.

**FELTON HEAD GREAT WESTERN**

President of Alton Road to Become Head of Reorganized Company.  
ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 12.—It was officially announced today that Samuel M. Felton, president of the Chicago & Alton railway, will formally be chosen president of the Chicago Great Western railway when the reorganization is completed. Receiver Horace G. Burt announces that he will retire from all connection with the road.

**Census Supervisors to Be Appointed Today**

BEVERLY, Mass., Aug. 12.—Two cabinet officers are coming to Beverly tomorrow. Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor is coming to take up with the president the matter of the appointment of more than 30 census supervisors. Postmaster General Hitchcock will be here at the same time and he will probably have an important part in the division of the census plums.  
Cecil Lyon, republican national committeeman from Texas, also is expected in Beverly tomorrow. The president announced several days ago that in Texas, as well as in eight other states of the so-called "solid south," he would divide the census appointments equally between the republicans and democrats, the leaders of the two parties to arrange the division on a satisfactory basis.  
E. Dana Durand, director of the census, will also be at the Taft cottage tomorrow. The president has turned over the recommendations for census places to the department heads having the matter in charge, with general instructions that the men to be selected shall be of unquestioned ability and fitness for the important offices they are to fill.  
President Taft will not be able to go to Panama next year as he had intended. The president expressed the hope that he would be able to visit the isthmus every year. With a long session of congress on his hands all of next winter and spring, however, he thinks the chance of getting to Panama at a reasonable time of the year is remote.  
Mr. Taft has decided to take two private cars on his western trip. He personally will occupy the Mayflower and will have the Hazelmere for the remainder of his party.  
The president will be accompanied by Dr. J. J. Richardson of Washington, who was with him throughout his campaign trip last fall.  
Secretary of the Interior Ballinger, Secretary of War Dickinson, Secretary Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor will be members of the party at certain stages of the trip.  
He expects to meet Senator Cummins in Des Moines and possibly Senator Dolliver.

**THAW GOES BACK TO MATTEAWAN**

Justice Mills Decides that Slayer of Stanford White is Still Insane.  
FREEDOM MENACE TO SOCIETY  
Court Finds that He Still Has Exaggerated Delusions.  
NO COMFORT FOR PRISONER  
All Contentions of His Attorneys Are Rejected.  
WILL CONTINUE THE STRUGGLE  
Thaw Says His Next Move Will Be to Get Another Case Which is Pending Before Court of Appeals.  
WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 12.—Harry K. Thaw's latest attempt to gain his liberty met with defeat today when Supreme Court Justice Isaac N. Mills dismissed the writ of habeas corpus and declared that the release of the petitioner would be "dangerous to public peace and safety." The signing of an order sending Thaw back to Matteawan, a reformatory, is scheduled to take place tomorrow morning in Justice Mills' chambers at Mt. Vernon.  
There is no crumb of comfort for Thaw in the several thousand word opinion handed down by Justice Mills today. All the contentions of his old adversary, District Attorney Jerome, are supported and it is declared that Thaw is still insane, still suffering from persistent delusions and still as much a paranoiac as on the day he shot Stanford White.  
The order for Thaw's recommitment will be presented to Justice Mills tomorrow morning by Deputy Attorney General Ezra Prestiss and Attorney Morschauer will then have a chance to oppose it or strive for a modification. Such action will, however, it is believed, be purely formal in view of the decisive nature of the opinion handed down today. Thaw, waiting in the White Plains jail, at the rear of the court house, where the decision was filed, received the news with an outward calmness which appeared, however, more forced than real.  
Further Appeal to Court.  
The members of his family and his attorney seemed stunned by the thoroughness of their defeat. Thaw declined to give out any extended statement, contenting himself with the assertion that he was not disheartened and would at once continue his fight for liberty.  
"My next efforts," he said, "will be centered upon the court of appeals, through which I expect to secure a hearing before a jury in my efforts to have my commitment to Matteawan set aside."  
The case before the court of appeals, to which Thaw referred, is one which has been under consideration for some time. It came before Justice Mills last October when Thaw applied for an order setting aside his commitment on the ground that the court which had committed him was without power to issue such an order, inasmuch as Thaw at the time was not on trial on a question of sanity. At the same time he asked to have the question of his mental condition submitted to a jury. When Justice Mills promptly denied this application, the case was carried to the appellate division, which sustained Justice Mills. Thaw's attorney has already made a second appeal and it is upon this appeal that Thaw says his efforts will now be based.  
Conclusions of the Court.  
Justice Mills, in his opinion today, reaches three formal conclusions:  
1. That Thaw was insane when he killed White.  
2. That he has not yet recovered.  
3. That public peace and safety would be endangered by setting him at large.  
He upholds District Attorney Jerome's contention that Thaw still cherishes delusions regarding the practices of Stanford White and his associates. He characterizes Evelyn Thaw's tale of the Madison Square tower room and similar stories about White told at the sanity hearing as "wild and grossly improbable; evidently, to any normal mind, grossly exaggerated." He expresses belief in the testimony of Susan Merrill regarding Thaw's alleged perverted practices, and points out the contrast between Thaw's chivalrous attitude as a protector of young American womanhood and his own private life.  
Justice Mills expressed deep sympathy for the prisoner's mother and her exposition of the "horrors of Matteawan," on the stand, evidently prompted his recommendation that Thaw be allowed greater privileges at that institution.  
At the same time he gently chided Mrs. Thaw for her centre of attorney Jerome, of whom he said: "I find no evidence of any heartless or undue zeal on his part."  
Not the least significant sentence in (Continued on Second Page.)

**SCALE FOR CHICAGO CARMEN**

Officials of Railroads and Unions Reach Agreement.  
CONTRACT IS FOR FOUR YEARS  
Men Are to Receive Thirty Cents an Hour After August 1, 1911—Status of Consolidated Employees Yet in Question.  
CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—The crucial point in the wage dispute between the officials of the street railway lines of Chicago and their 10,000 employees was passed today.  
By the offer of a maximum scale of 30 cents an hour to be paid by August 1, 1911, which was made by President John M. Roach of the North and West Side lines and the prompt acceptance of the same by President William Quinlan of the North and West Side street car men's union, probability of a strike appears to be over.  
President T. E. Mitten of the South Side lines has allowed I. to be understood that he would follow Mr. Roach in any agreement. Mr. Roach might make with the union men.  
The details of the compromise made by the railway officials and accepted by the union officials are as follows:  
Contract to run until January 31, 1912. An increase from 27 to 28 cents an hour from August 1, this year, to August 1, 1909, to August 1, 1911. The maximum scale of 30 cents to go into effect from then until the expiration of the contract.  
The union men regard this offer as a great victory. It is substantially what they have contended for and they declare now that they have been willing all along to give the railway men two years to comply with their 30-cent demands.  
Terms for New Men.  
In the matter of new employees, however, the gain is not so great for the union. The new men are to begin at 24 cents an hour and advance 1 cent an hour each year for three years, when they are to get the maximum.  
The only probable hitch in the way of an immediate settlement comes in the condition of the Consolidated Traction company, which is in the hands of a receiver and is being operated by the Chicago Railways company. There are 600 men employed on this line, and President Quinlan of the union said that any agreement must include them. Mr. Roach declared that he could not say what wages should be given the men.  
It is possible that the Consolidated may be sold to the Chicago Railways company at auction. Further conferences will be held on this matter and a way out is expected to be reached. President Mitten is expected to follow Mr. Roach's lead tomorrow.  
Evictions Stop at McKees Rocks.  
PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 12.—The sheriff of Allegheny county late today flatly refused to continue the work of evicting the strikers and the families from houses owned by the Pressed Steel Car company at McKees Rocks.  
Acting under court orders, the sheriff and his deputies early in the afternoon began the work of conveying the goods from the strikers' homes to the streets. The sheriff asked the Pressed Steel Car company to give him men to carry out (Continued on Second Page.)



NOW LET THE PROCESSION MOVE.  
From the Philadelphia Record.

**Five Burned in Dwelling House in Michigan Town**

Mother Escapes, but Returns for Her Babe and Both Perish.  
HANCOCK, Mich., Aug. 12.—Five lives were lost in a fire in a dwelling house here last night.  
The dead are Mrs. John Dionne, Edward Dionne, aged 8 years; Peter Dionne, an infant; Amina Dionne, aged 12, and a girl named Racine.  
The fire broke out when the family was asleep. The charred bodies of the victims were found in the ruins today. Mrs. Dionne got out of the house, but returning to rescue a child, perished.  
Her body was found with the infant clasped in her arms.

**Lone Bandit Robs Illinois Bank**

Twenty-Five Hundred Dollars Taken from Cashier at Franklin at Point of Gun.  
JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Aug. 12.—A lone bandit today secured \$2,500 in currency from the cashier of the Farmers' and Merchants' bank at Franklin, Ill. One suspect has been arrested, but his identity has not been proven. This afternoon a man clad like a farmer appeared at the cashier's desk and asked to exchange some bills of small denominations for larger ones. The cashier went to the vault to get the bills. When he emerged the robber was inside the railing and covered him with a revolver, demanding the bank's cash. The cashier handed over the box in his hand containing \$1,600 in currency and the robber, after hurriedly rifling the money drawer of \$1,000 more, escaped through an alley. The alarm was given by the cashier's brother, who was in the bank at the time of the robbery, but was powerless to interfere, as he was held under threat of death by the bandit, until the moment the cashier came from the vault. A posse was organized by the sheriff at 4 o'clock and is searching the surrounding country for the criminal. The bank is insured against robbery.

**WU ORDERED BACK HOME**

Chinese Minister Recalled from Washington for New Assignment.  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The Chinese minister, Wu Tingfang, has been recalled from Washington and ordered to Peking for further assignment. His successor will be Chang Yin Tang, formerly charge d'affaires at Madrid, and now deputy vice president of foreign affairs.  
Mr. Wu is now in Peru, to which country he has been credited along with the United States.

**PLEADS GUILTY AND APPEALS**

Dinuzzo Admits Violating Law and Goes Over Board's Action.  
CASE AWAITS SUPREME COURT  
FINE OF ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS IS SUSPENDED PENDING THE ULTIMATE TEST OF THE LAW'S CONSTITUTIONALITY.  
Frank Dinuzzo pleaded guilty before Judge Sutton in district court to the charge of violating the daylight closing law. His fine of \$100 was suspended pending an appeal to the supreme court on the question of the law's constitutionality.  
Before Judge Troup application has been made by Weaver & Giller asking that the revoking of the license by the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners be suspended until the appeal from the board's decision may be tried.  
The legal status of the Dinuzzo case at present is as follows:  
Dinuzzo was arrested, tried and found guilty in police court of selling liquor after 9 o'clock, contrary to the daylight law. Two different punishments were provided by the law; he was to pay a fine of \$100 and lose his license immediately upon conviction.  
An appeal was taken to the district court and the fine was suspended until the trial could be held there. A demurrer was filed by the attorneys for Dinuzzo asking that the trial be dismissed because the law was unconstitutional. This demurrer was overruled by Judge Sutton Tuesday, and the order made for the trial to continue. Thursday morning Dinuzzo pleaded guilty before Judge Sutton, and the sentence, which was understood to be the fine of \$100 still unpaid, was suspended until the case could be fought out in the state supreme court on the question of the law's validity.  
License is Revoked.  
The other part of the saloon keeper's punishment, the revoking of the license, was taken up, and after some deliberation the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners put it into effect and the license was revoked Tuesday. His attorneys have filed an appeal from this action which will be tried in district court probably in October. They have applied to Judge Troup for an order superseding the board's action in the meantime.  
Dinuzzo's attorneys have now three actions pending. Before the supreme court is the appeal from the decision of Judge Sutton declaring the law unconstitutional, in the district court on Judge Redick's docket is an appeal asking that his license be given back and in the district court before Judge Troup is a petition to have him permitted to continue his business until the license is returned.  
Appeals from Board.  
In the appeal from the action of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners in revoking this license Dinuzzo sets forth in the petition that because the license should not be revoked upon conviction in the court of an examining magistrate such as the police judge and the law is declared to be unconstitutional for four reasons. The argument already offered in district court to prove it unconstitutional, to the effect that it is not (Continued on Second Page.)

**WARM DISCUSSION OF POWER SITES**

Messrs. Wilson and Farson Defend Acts of Secretary Ballinger in Irrigation Congress.  
ATTACK UPON POWER COMPANY  
Delegate Says Spokane Corporation is Ruining Farms of Settlers.  
FARM OWNER ONLY THE AGENT  
Prof. Bailey Says He is Under Obligation to Care for Soil.  
DIRECTOR TRUE EXPLAINS WORK  
He Says Greatest Need of Arid Region is Information Regarding Use of Water Supplies.  
SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 12.—John Wilson, former United States senator from Washington, and John Farson, millionaire banker of Chicago, today came to the defense of Secretary Ballinger before the National Irrigation congress and succeeded in keeping the so-called "Ballinger-Pinchoff" in the public eye.  
Discussion about the hotels last night seemed to indicate that both sides of the reclamation controversy were content to let matters rest, notwithstanding the rumors that the Ballinger supporters intended to make a detailed reply to the charges offered by former Governor George C. Pardee of California.  
Dr. Pardee started today's controversy by questioning a statement by a speaker. He again accused Secretary Ballinger of permitting the opening of entry of valuable water power sites.  
This brought Mr. Farson to his feet, asking Dr. Pardee if he meant to insinuate that the secretary was dishonest. With Dr. Pardee's reply that he meant no such accusation the incident was dropped.  
Attack on Power Company.  
W. W. Ferrell of Ferrell, Idaho, attacked the Washington Power company, which supplies power to Spokane.  
"I have been a settler in Idaho for twenty-five years," he shouted, "and there are many who have worked hard to make homes. And now, after a quarter of a century, the Washington Power company, one of the many which threatens our very lives, has damed up our valley, overflowed our lands, drowned out our crops and are about to lose their means of livelihood. There are in my town men who will smash that dam with dynamite and send a wall of water down this valley, and what will happen to Spokane will make the Johnstown flood look like a common shedding of tears, if something is not done."  
Wilson Praises Ballinger.  
Former Senator Wilson replied:  
"There may be those who do wrong in this land," he said, "but I am a settler. I want to say here that I stand for Richard A. Ballinger and I shall hear no man say he is dishonest."  
"It is necessary, I am here to defend Ballinger's superior—President Taft. What they have done they have done under the law. It is the duty of the people, the government and not the government the people, and for this reason I say that private enterprises should reclaim these deserts."  
One of the interesting addresses of the day was that by Mrs. Edmona Crocker, a delegate from the Federation of Women's Clubs. She said that women first came on a par with men when President Roosevelt invited Mrs. Sarah Platt Decker to attend the gathering of governors to discuss national conservation.  
Farmer Only Agent.  
"That no man owns his farm, but only is an agent under obligation to conserve his soil, was the doctrine promulgated at National Irrigation congress this morning by L. H. Bailey, director of New York College of Agriculture, who spoke on farm community. He said it is not true that a young man must go west to take up a new farm. He asserted that the west is in danger of being made less fertile, and that the east is less liable to this danger, and quoted from the reports of the Country Life commission to sustain this statement.  
Prof. Samuel Fortier of the Department of Agriculture, delivered an address on the proper use of water.  
H. W. Campbell and O. L. Walker of the Department of Agriculture also spoke.  
Scope of Experiment Work.  
Dr. A. C. True, director of the office of experiment stations of the Department of Agriculture, spoke next, explaining the scope and purpose of the irrigation investigation carried on by his department. The scope, he said, is the use of water in irrigation, and the purpose is the utilization of the best methods for the utilization of the best waters in their use.  
"At present the greatest need of the arid region, judged by the calls upon us for help, is along the second line of work committed to us by congress—the use of irrigation waters, with special suggestions of the best methods for the utilization of irrigation waters in agriculture."  
"Throughout the arid region the increase in the area under ditch has outrun the natural increase in population, and as a consequence you must look to the humid region for the farmers who will give value to the ditches built and the lands covered. These prospective farmers are uninformed as to the general conditions under which they will have to live, and also as to the methods of using water in the production of crops. The ditch promoters do much to supply the first deficiency, but the people of the east are suspicious of advertisements and they write by hundreds to our bureau for information about the scheme, whether it is legitimate, and whether the claims as to crops grown are true. It has been impossible to answer these in detail, but we have, during the last year, had prepared and issued a series of bulletins on irrigation in different states and territories, the central idea of which is to present the information needed by a person who is considering settlement on irrigated lands anywhere in the west."  
Needs of New Settlers.  
"These bulletins contain the information the settler needs in deciding whether he wishes to take up irrigated lands and where he shall settle. But he is in greater need when he goes on the land, he does not know what nor how to apply the water to his soil. Much of this he must learn by experience, but we are doing what we can to meet his needs by

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Mr. Wu is now in Peru, to which country he has been credited along with the United States.

**Union Pacific Soars to 210 on Rumor of Big Dividend**

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—A lively speculative movement in the stock market today followed the brisk upward movement at the close last night. During the first hour Union Pacific sold above 200, and Southern Pacific, Louisville & Nashville, United States Steel and Pennsylvania were prominent. Prices were advanced in London as a preliminary to the opening here.  
Rumors that an increase in the Union Pacific dividend had been determined on, that Louisville & Nashville was to distribute a stock bonus to stockholders, and that arrangements for the placing a large stock issue abroad had been made, accompanied the activity. Profit taking sales were so heavy on the advance as to stagger the market and induced reactions within an hour of the opening.  
The speculation continued with great animation and varying fortunes throughout the day. Union Pacific was lifted above 210. Reading touched 166, Southern Pacific 157, United States Steel 73, and Illinois Central was run up six points to 12 1/2.  
The feverish character of some of the later advances aroused suspicion and made the professional traders watchful for signs of reaction. There also was heavy realizing on the advances and the prices were forced back 1 to 2 points in the active issues late in the day. Rumors were circulated that Union Pacific was about to announce a plan for a distribution of certificates of participation in profits on its investments amongst the stockholders. There were revived rumors also of an intended increase in dividends on the Harri-man Pacific and on Illinois Central.

**Please bring your Sunday Want-Ads in as early as possible Saturday.**

They are received for Sunday as late as 8:30 p. m. Saturday, but it is best to get them in early to insure proper classification.  
If you cannot come down town use the telephone.  
Call Douglas 238 and ask for the Want-Ad Department.