

THAW WILL SOON LEARN HIS FATE

Decision in His Insanity Case to Be Handed Down Next Thursday.

HIS MOTHER ATTACKS JEROME

Creates Dramatic Scene While Testifying on Stand.

SAYS HARRY WAS DRAGGED DOWN

Declares "Certain Person" Led Him Into Evil Life.

COURT MAY DO SEVERAL THINGS

Many Courses Open to Him in Determining What Shall Be Done with Slayer of Stanford White.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 6.—Harry K. Thaw's latest struggle to regain his freedom will end tomorrow. The submission of testimony in his hearing before Justice Isaac N. Mills closed this afternoon, and all that remains is the final arguments of the attorneys. Justice Mills will file his decision with the county clerk here on the morning of Thursday, August 12.

Several possibilities confront Thaw. The court may grant his plea and make him absolutely free. It may decide that he has not established his sanity and refuse to interfere, in which case the state authorities will probably send him back to Matteawan hospital for the criminal insane. But Justice Mills has further discretionary powers. He may feel that the young man's mental condition is still in doubt, and for that reason delay a final order, meanwhile paroling Thaw in the custody of some officer, or possibly on his own recognizance in the care of his family. Or he may declare Thaw insane, and remove his mother's complaint regarding his surroundings at Matteawan, send him to some other state hospital not peopled by criminals.

Thaw confident of release. Thaw left the court room this afternoon with jaunty step. The strain of the four weeks during which he has submitted personally to fourteen hours of cross examination was not apparent either in his face or his bearing.

At no time during the proceedings has he expressed anything but satisfaction with the results and confidence in the success of his case. This afternoon he was as hopeful as ever. "I am sure," he said, "that I shall be free."

Mother Flays Jerome. The evidence presented in behalf of Thaw closed with a dramatic outburst by his mother, Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw, who was the final witness. Her last words were a denunciation of District Attorney Jerome. Earlier in the day she had read a list of names distinguished in New York society. They were guests, she said, at a dinner she gave in New York which Harry attended before his marriage. Concluding her testimony, she referred to this list of names.

"I brought in the names of those who attended that dinner to my son," she said, "because of the statements of Mr. Jerome regarding the company Harry was accused to keep. I do not know of any special enmity toward Mr. Jerome, but he certainly has not behaved in this matter in a gentlemanly way nor in a Christian way. Mr. Jerome always talked about Harry's being a frequenter of the tenderloin, when he knows as well as any one that my boy never went to the tenderloin until he met a certain person named Jerome, did he not?" "That," said Attorney Charles Morschauer, "ends our case."

Mother Sobbs on Stand. On the stand today Mrs. Thaw's testimony was again frequently interrupted by sobbing, as she described Harry's surroundings at Matteawan.

"That place seemed to me like the vestibule to the infernal regions," she said solemnly. The principal new witness today was Roger O'Mara, formerly chief of police of Pittsburgh and recently employed by the Thaws as a detective in Harry's case. He testified in corroboration of the stories about Stanford White.

Alienists Examined Again. The greater part of the day was devoted to a re-examination of Thaw's alienist. Jerome attacked these experts with every device of the skilled cross-examiner. He roused the ire of Dr. Britton D. Evans by asking if he was the object of the denunciation of medical expert witnesses delivered yesterday by Governor Franklin Fort of New Jersey. Dr. Evans is superintendent of the New Jersey insane hospital at Morris Plains. The expert replied that he declined to go into personalities.

Dr. Isham G. Harris of the Poughkeepsie state asylum also received a grilling, but both alienists stuck to their assertion that whatever Thaw's mental condition might have been when he shot Stanford White he was now sane. They left the stand unshaken.

Jerome will sum up first tomorrow morning and Mr. Morschauer will follow. Both say their closing speeches will be brief and the case will probably be in Justice Mills' hands by noon.

Belmas Denies Holdings. NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—Delphin M. Delmas, who was Harry K. Thaw's counsel in the first trial for the killing of Stanford White, tonight denied that at any time during the Thaw trial he had demanded the doubling of his fee with the alternative of quitting the case.

Mr. William Thaw testified yesterday that she was told by one of the lawyers on the eve of the opening of the first trial that Mr. Delmas would drop the case unless he was paid a larger fee and, accordingly, she said, \$5,000 before agreed upon.

"Mrs. Thaw's statement is most deplorable and unjust," Mr. Delmas said to-night, and in support of his position he quoted a letter from Clifford W. Hartridge, who, he said, made all the arrangements with the Thaws for his employment in the case.

The letter, dated today, is as follows: "Dear Mr. Delmas: There is absolutely not the slightest foundation for Mrs. Thaw's statements. It is not only untrue, but she must know it is untrue, as I made the arrangements concerning what you were to be paid by her as far back as October, 1906, when we agreed that you should have \$50,000. Harry K. Thaw was to pay \$25,000 and she was to pay the balance. I still have her letter in regard to the subject."

No Strike in Chicago, Says Traction Expert

City Expert Says There Will Be Compromise, Though Men Vote to Walk Out.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—"Positively no strike appeared more probable from the conclusion of the balloting of the Chicago street car employes on the question early today. Unofficial figures at the end of the balloting showed that only 133 employes out of more than 5,000 were opposed to a general walk-out. The result of the vote will not be made known officially before tomorrow. The count of the ballots was started immediately on the closing of the polls, but the final figures will be reserved for presentation to meetings of the divisions of the union.

The Chicago railway employes have appointed three men to serve on a joint committee of nine and the city railway and Calumet divisions of the union will appoint three men each to serve on the committee. It is the plan of the union to have this joint committee conduct negotiations with officials of the traction companies jointly and to refuse to negotiate on any other basis.

The offer of the Illinois Board of Arbitration to endeavor to settle the dispute was declined by the city railway on the grounds that the situation does not call for arbitration at present.

The vote of the men completely today does not call for a strike at once, but rather leaves that as a last resort. They voted to stand by the demands made upon the companies.

Hopes to Convict Black-Handers

Postoffice Inspectors Say They Have Strong Evidence Against Ohio Band.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Reporting that the postoffice inspectors have collected sufficient evidence to convict the eighteen Sicilians arrested in Ohio for black hand operations, Inspector Oldfield today laid before Postmaster General Hitchcock all the evidence. The evidence includes many letters found in the homes of members of the alleged black hand band and other letters which had been sent to intended victims, demanding sums of money. The Sicilians are being held for the December term of the federal grand jury.

Inspector Oldfield, in his report, states that Antonio Marrofi and Collogero Vilaro, both of Dennison, O., who are in jail at Columbus, O., awaiting the action of the grand jury, were in Sicily at the time of the murder of Lieutenant Petrovino. He says the party returned to the United States after the assassination, and furnishes the theory that if the New York police should co-operate with the postal inspectors it is possible that connection can be traced between the Ohio Italians and the band of "black handers" who are believed to have murdered the New York police lieutenant.

Nineteen money orders, each for \$100, and one for \$50, have been traced to Italy for the funds to protect from justice the slayers of Petrovino.

No Hospital for Policy Holders

New York Superintendent of Insurance Denies Request of Metropolitan.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 6.—State Superintendent of Insurance Hitchcock today denied the application of the Metropolitan Life Insurance company for permission to acquire real estate for the purpose of erecting a hospital for its employes and selected policyholders afflicted with tuberculosis.

UNCLE SAM FORCES WEDDING

Unmarried Couple Denied Admission to Country Until They Are "Hitched."

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Emil Mauser and Gretel Seipelt, a young German couple, who were held up by the immigration officials at New York because they were traveling as man and wife, although not married, will be admitted to this country provided they get married at Ellis Island.

The two young people claimed that they had not yet married secretly in Germany and that it was their intention to have the ceremony performed as soon as they arrived in New York. Both were well provided with funds and appeared to be above the average of intelligence among immigrants.

Officer Arrests Woman Who Was His Old Schoolmate

Detective Steve Maloney was called upon Monday to arrest a woman who went to school with him in Omaha many years ago. She is Mrs. Louise Scott of Salt Lake City, wanted on the charge of stealing several thousands dollars worth of goods from the Peoples Cash Store of that city.

For three of four years Mrs. Scott was employed in the store as a clerk. It is charged she managed each day to sneak out dresses and other garments. Detectives went to catch the thief and decided Mrs. Scott was the guilty one.

INDIANS LOSE IN BIG LAND CASE

Oklahoma Federal Court Decides Against Government in Big Suit.

TWO MILLION ACRES INVOLVED

Title Secured from Uncle Sam's Wards is Held Good.

SENATOR OWEN A DEFENDANT

Judge Rules that Indians Have All Rights of Citizenship.

MAY ALIENATE THEIR LANDS

Result is Knockout Blow to Contentions of Federal Authorities—Appeal to Higher Court Will Be Taken.

MUSKOGEE, OKLA., Aug. 6.—Federal Judge Ralph E. Campbell this afternoon sustained the assertions of defendants in 2,000 Indian land alienation suits brought by the government. The action by the government was ordered dismissed. The court held that the titles obtained from the Indians before the act removing restrictions went into effect are good.

The alienation suits were brought by the government in the interest of the members of the five civilized tribes. It is estimated that about 2,000,000 acres of land were involved in the suits. The suits have been pending for more than a year against grantees in conveyances involving restricted lands in the old Indian territory section of Oklahoma.

Senator Was Defendant.

The defendants in the suits, who claimed title to the land by reason of purchase from the Indians, are scattered throughout the United States and some reside in Scotland and Mexico. United States Senator Robert L. Owen was a defendant in 450 cases, and Chief Justice Williams of the supreme court of this state was also a defendant.

Judge Campbell in his decision insisted that the act of congress conferring citizenship on Oklahoma, including old Indian Territory, conferred citizenship both state and national upon all members of the civilized tribes.

The court held that the contention of the government that the Indians still occupy the position of wards under the government and that the latter has the right to sue for their protection presents an anomaly. According to the decision the government retained guardianship when congress passed the act conferring citizenship.

Time Given for Appeal. Judge Campbell granted the requisite time for the government attorneys to complete the record for an appeal from his decision to the United States circuit court at St. Louis.

The distinctive difference between these suits and the Muskogee town lot cases is that the lands in the present controversy had been allotted to the Indians in severalty subject to the removal of restrictions, and was purchased by the defendants before such removal. In the town lot cases the lands belonged to the Creek Indians and had never been allotted to individuals.

Capitol Building is Deserted Now

Solons Depart for Their Homes, and Only Tariff Echoes Are Heard.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—With congress adjourned the capitol was deserted today and only echoes were heard of the long-drawn-out tariff debate.

Already most of the senators and representatives are on the way to their homes, while this morning the outgoing trains had aboard many of those who stayed behind only long enough to close up their affairs.

Both the senate and house chambers looked as if a cyclone had struck them. Scattered over the desks and on the floor were tariff schedules, statistics, bills, resolutions and what not, all useful a day or two ago, but now appropriate matter for the waste heap. An army of workmen was on hand to remove the rubbish, take up the carpets, overhaul the draperies and desks and to otherwise make ready for the regular session beginning next December.

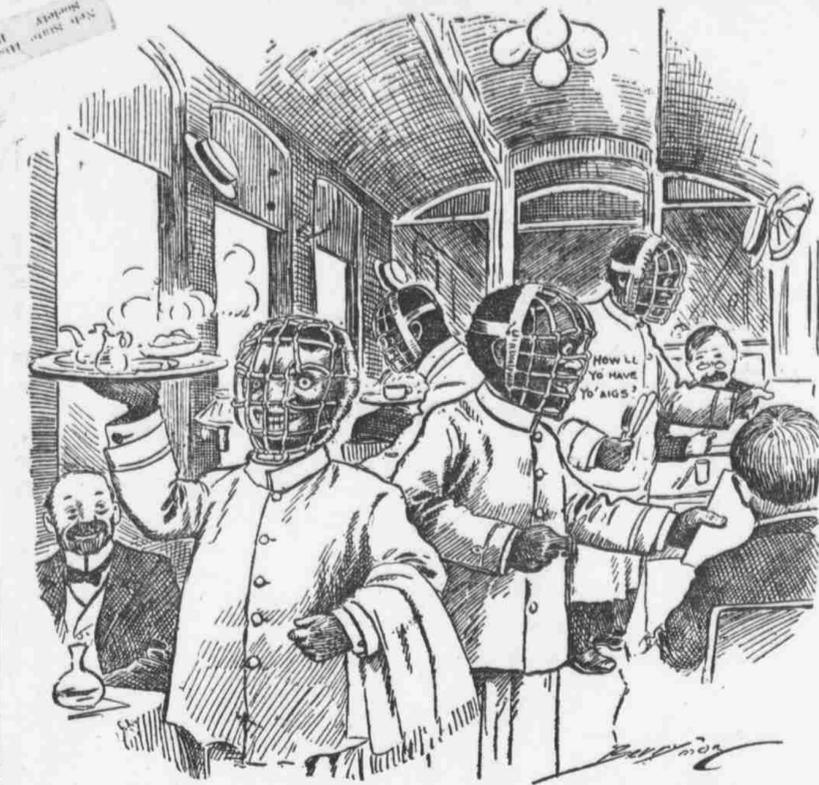
General satisfaction was expressed among the senators and members still remaining in the city that the tariff discussion was a thing of the past. They were thoroughly fagged out and had only the one thought of getting back.

BUCKET SHOP MAN GUILTY

W. D. Klausman is Convicted as the Result of Two Raids.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 6.—W. D. Klausman, charged with operating a "bucket shop" in this city, was found guilty by a jury in the common pleas court today. Klausman was connected with the Consolidated Stock and Grain company, whose place of business was twice raided on orders of County Prosecutor Hunt.

In buying Omaha real estate, at present prices, you can make five, ten and even fifteen per cent on your investment by holding it for two or three years. The increase may bring your rate on the investment up to twenty or twenty-five per cent. Moreover, you know every minute just how your investment stands.



THE LATEST APPROVED COSTUME FOR DINING CAR WAITERS. From the Washington Star.

STOCKHOLM QUIETS DOWN

Indications Are that Many Strikers Will Resume Work.

GRAVEDIGGERS CALL IT OFF

Troops Detained to Guard Roads So That Produce May Be Brought Into City—Intervention Improbable.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 6.—The tense situation arising from the general strike proclaimed a few days ago tonight seemed to be relaxing. The gravediggers returned to work today and discussion is apparent in the ranks of the other strikers. Employers of some of the largest plants in Stockholm say their men will return to work Monday.

It is said that the Central Federation of Trades Unions has requested the government to mediate in the present crisis, but this is denied by the chairman of the federation, M. Von Sidow, president of the employers' federation, declared that intervention by the government would be without result, as the difference between the men and employers were too great to be settled in such a manner.

The National Labor Union published a statement in this evening's papers disapproving the strike of the electric light and gas workers.

As the strikers have been preventing farmers from bringing provisions into the city, troops have been detailed to patrol the country roads. The military authorities continue to dispense milk from the railroad stations for the use of children.

The authorities have forbidden the sale of methylated spirits, as it has been found out that the workmen, unable to obtain their usual drink, are resorting to drinking this liquor.

Must Abrogate Cuban Treaty

Louisiana Sugar Tariff Congressman Discovers New Wrinkles in Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—President Taft must abrogate the Cuban reciprocity treaty, or, it is said, he will be unable to produce, France, Germany and other sugar-producing countries the advantages of the minimum rates of duty of the Payne tariff law. This is made the subject of a letter today sent to the president by Representative Broussard of Louisiana.

The Cuban treaty contains a clause which stipulates that the Dingley rates on sugar will not be reduced by "treaty or convention" as long as the treaty remains in force, according to Mr. Broussard.

Chinaman Kills White Woman

Jealousy Causes Crime Similar to Sigel Murder—Celestial Then Kills Himself.

FRANKFORT, Germany, Aug. 6.—The murder of a white woman by a Chinaman, somewhat similar to the murder of Elsie Sigel in New York last June, occurred in this city today when Tien Yon, a Chinese merchant of Berlin, actuated by jealousy, shot Hildegard Hoffman, a music hall singer, and then turned his revolver on himself. Both died within a few minutes.

John D. Sells Old Home

Property in Cleveland Valued at One Million Dollars Disposed of by Oil Magnate.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 6.—Mrs. John D. Rockefeller today joined her husband in disposing of their Cleveland property. As in the previous deals, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., had the conveyances recorded in his name. The property transferred today is valued at more than \$1,000,000, and includes the old Rockefeller family home on Euclid avenue.

Editor Kelly Declines to Stay Bought

Sensation at North Platte in Connection with Newspaper and Water Bond Election.

NORTH PLATTE, Neb., Aug. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—The question of voting bonds to build a new water works plant has been exciting people here since the city council called a special election for that purpose to be held August 24. The Daily Telegraph of this city issued a special edition this afternoon, with the entire first page containing an expose of a deal made buying the services of that paper during the campaign. The following is a copy of a receipt issued by A. Muldoon, an attorney of the city, to A. P. Kelly, editor of the Telegraph.

OFFICE OF ALBERT MULDOON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NORTH PLATTE, NEB., Aug. 4, 1909. Received of A. Muldoon three hundred and fifty and no 1-100 dollars to pay for work and labor of Daily and Weekly Telegraph in assisting in defeating the water bonds in North Platte, Neb., August 24, 1909, and in case bonds are defeated \$250 due A. P. Kelly. Said A. P. Kelly and the Telegraph to use best endeavors to defeat said bonds and further the passage of ordinance published in said paper. (Signed) A. P. KELLY.

The editor of the Telegraph says that he was approached on the proposition as to how much money it would take to get out of the water bonds a deal made according to receipt above, the reference to ordinance being one drawn to give the water works company a new franchise for twenty years.

Editor Kelly says that the deal was made entirely to trap the water works company and find out if bonds were being used. In exposing the entire matter the Telegraph gives its support and urges that water bonds be carried and says that the \$250 paid him will be returned.

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Western Solon Hadn't Heard of Administration Change

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Ding-a-ling-a-ling. (Telephone at the Department of Commerce and Labor.) "Hello! What is it?" (Telephone at the capitol.) "I want to speak to Secretary Straus."

"What?" "Secretary Straus, I told you once." (The man at the capitol telephone was apparently becoming somewhat impatient.) "Secretary Straus! Why, he is not secretary of commerce and labor. He is probably at Constantinople now."

"Well, who is in charge up there?" "Mr. Nagel is secretary of commerce and labor."

Jewelers Go to Detroit

Select That City by Big Vote for Convention Next Year.

RAP THE CATALOGUE HOUSES

Fix Minimum Price on Goods, to Which All Members Must Agree, and Thus Save Off the Other Fellows.

DETROIT won the next convention of the National Retail Jewelers' association by a large majority, defeating Cedar Point, O., 22 to 22. The Michigan town was greatly helped by the report of the special committee, which declared for the Wolverine metropolis.

The selection of the 1910 convention city concluded the local convention. While the fight over the convention city was the feature of the Friday morning session, the report of the resolutions committee was really more important.

The jewelers voted by the terms of one resolution to compel every manufacturer of watch movements and cases in the land to submit an official minimum fixed price which a special committee of the jewelers will publish to the trade.

The hope of the jewelers is thereby to help knock out mail order business, which has disturbed them seriously since its inauguration by catalogue houses. The jewelers are also going to have an official code of ethics for the conduct of their business and the national president and secretary are instructed to draw this up.

Boost for the River. Another important resolution passed was an indorsement of the work of the National River and Harbor congress. Max Huribut of Fort Dodge offered the resolution, which was written by John L. Fox, special director for the congress.

It was determined that hereafter no convention city shall be allowed to ask manufacturers and wholesalers for funds to help entertain the National Retailers' association at its convention, as has been the custom of the past.

After the committee report favoring Detroit had been read there was half an hour of lively debate on the floor of the convention. A. B. Hull of Belding, Mich., for Detroit and Franklin Thompson of Milwaukee, which he referred to as "Beer-town," took a prominent part. Mr. Thompson was in a delicate position. The mayor and Commercial Exchange of Milwaukee invited the jewelers to come there, but the brewery city jewelers felt themselves not ready. So Thompson did not appear to plead before the special committee and when the debate on the floor came off, he boosted for Detroit. "The town," he said, "I was born in, and a 4-6-gowd city it is."

Thompson demanded of J. R. Stebbins, a Cedar Point supporter, if the hotel at Cedar Point was fireproof.

Stebbins was forced to admit that it was not, "but," said he, "is the one we are now in fireproof."

President Barker of the Minnesota delegation read the last paper of the day at the morning session. He argued for a federation of all people in the jewelry trade, manufacturers, jobbers and retailers.

The resolutions adopted thanked the Omaha jewelers' club, the Commercial club, the Elks, the Equality club, the mayor, chief of police and the women's committee.

"Oh! He is. Well, then, I want to talk to him." "The secretary is busy. Can't I take your message?" "Yes, all right."

"This in substance was the introductory conversation which yesterday passed between a well known western congressman and the private secretary to Mr. Nagel. Mr. Stevens, the private secretary, reminded the congressman that Mr. Nagel was at the head of commerce and labor and then obtained the information desired by the western member. Mr. Nagel, too, chuckled heartily over the incident."

PLANS MADE FOR LONG TAFT TRIP

President Will Cover 13,000 Miles Through West and South Sections of Country.

TO SPEND EVENING IN OMAHA

Will Arrive Here Late in Afternoon of September 20.

TAKES NIGHT TRAIN FOR DENVER

Will Put in Two Days "Doing" Exposition at Seattle.

TO VISIT YOSEMITE VALLEY

Travels of Chief Executive Will Be Extensive—Is to Meet President Diaz of Mexico—His Schedule.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—President Taft left Washington late this afternoon for the summer capital at Beverly, Mass., and will not return to Washington until the middle of November next. Remaining at Beverly with his family until September 13 he will start west on that day on a tour that will embrace all but eight or ten states of the union and both of the territories in the far southwest.

So great was the crush of congressional callers and others who called to say good-bye that the usual cabinet meeting was delayed more than an hour.

Before his departure from Washington President Taft made public a tentative outline of his trip through the west and south this fall. It will embrace a journey approximating 13,000 miles and will be one of the most notable ever made by a president. It will be as diverse as could well be imagined and no "Seeing-All-America" tour could be devised in so brief a space of time as President Taft will give to his jaunt to the Pacific coast and back through the south.

The president, accompanied by Secretary Fred W. Carpenter, Captain Archibald W. Brett, his military aide, several White House attaches, and perhaps a guest or two for various parts of the trip, will travel in a private car, attached for the greater part of the trip to regular trains.

During his tour the president will traverse the Royal Gorge of the Rocky mountains, will visit the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition at Seattle, will spend three days in the famed Yosemite valley, will stop at the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, will greet the president of Mexico on the International bridge over the Rio Grande at El Paso, October 15, will take a four days' sail down the Mississippi river, from St. Louis to New Orleans, with various stops enroute, and will spend four days on the ranch of his brother, Charles P. Taft, near Corpus Christi, Tex.

The president will motor into Boston the morning of September 15—his fifty-second birthday—and there board the car which practically will be a roving White House for two months.

At Omaha September 20. The president's first stop will be at Chicago, where he arrives shortly before noon on the morning of September 14, and spends the afternoon and evening, leaving at 3 a. m., Friday, September 17, for Madison, Wis. The president will spend all of Saturday and Sunday in Minneapolis, leaving Sunday night at 8 p. m. in order to reach Des Moines, Ia., the morning of September 20. Five hours will be spent in Des Moines, and then the president moves on to Omaha, where he will spend the late afternoon and evening.

Denver, Colo., will be reached the afternoon of September 21, and the president will go almost direct from his train to the state capitol for a reception to be tendered by state officials, by the Chamber of Commerce, civic organizations, etc. At 8 p. m. the president will make an address in the Denver Auditorium. The president and his party will breakfast with Thomas F. Walsh, at Wollhurst, near Denver, the morning of Wednesday, September 22, and then return to the city for the Chamber of Commerce banquet at noon. Leaving Denver at 8 p. m., September 22, the president and his party will stop for an hour's visit at Colorado Springs and then go on to Pueblo, where in the evening they will be guests at the State fair.

The morning of September 23 will find the president at Glenwood Springs for a brief visit, and that afternoon he will visit Montrose to have a look at the great Gunnison tunnel of the western Colorado irrigation project.

Two Days at Salt Lake. Returning to Grand Junction to resume the journey westward, the president will arrive at Salt Lake City Friday afternoon, September 24, to remain there until Sunday afternoon, when the party leaves for Pocatello, Idaho, and Butte, Mont. The latter city being reached Monday at 6:40 a. m. After spending half a day in Butte, there will be a brief excursion into Helena, Spokane, Wash., will be reached early Thursday morning, the 25th, and the entire day will be spent in the city. The forenoon of the 25th will be spent at North Yakima, and the party will arrive at Seattle at 8:45 that evening. President Taft will spend two days, September 30 and October 1, "doing" the Alaska-Yukon exposition, leaving Seattle late the evening of the second day and arriving in Portland, Ore., October 2 at 7 a. m. Two days will be spent in Portland, the party leaving there at 4 p. m., Sunday, for a trip down the famous Siesta route, through the Siskiyou mountains to San Francisco.

The president will stop the evening of October 4 in Sacramento, reaching Oakland, Cal., early on the morning of October 5. He will spend four or five hours in and around Oakland and Berkeley, before taking the ferry at 12:30 o'clock for San Francisco. After spending the afternoon and evening of the 5th in San Francisco, the president will leave early the morning of the 6th for the Yosemite valley. He will spend the 7th, 8th and 9th in the valley, and coming out the morning of Sunday, October 10, will go to Los Angeles, stopping for three hours in Fresno Sunday afternoon. The president will spend Monday and Tuesday, October 11 and 12, in Los Angeles, visiting his sister. He will arrive at the Grand canyon the morning of October 14 and will leave again that night for Albuquerque, N. M., where he will spend the evening of the 15th, reaching El Paso early the following morning for the meeting with President Diaz of Mexico. This meeting, it is said, may take place in the