day next. It is also hoped at the White House that confress may adjourn by the last of the week.

President Taft, is was learned today, had not receded in any way from his demand for free hides, regarding free hides as underlying the whole principle of downward revision. A compromise of 7 per cent—a reduction from 15 per cent under tthe existing law— would be of no benefit, according to the president's view.

Unless hides are made from there can be no reduction on boots and shoes and other manufactured articles of leather. The president, it is said, has been deeply impressed by the representations made to him by the leather interests to the effect that under the protection fo the prohibited 15 per cent duty leather and the manufacturers are at the mercy of four or five big meat packing concerns of the middle west.

Hide Men Fail to Impress.

The president declares he has not been much impressed by the arguments of western senators that free hides would be followed by a demand for free wool. Hides never were protected until the enactment of the Dingley law.

Just how the boot, shoe and finished leather schedules in the tariff bill are to be revised when there are no differences between house and senate conferees to act upon was one of the puzzling subjects under discussion today.

The president's chief concern now is as to hides. The other schedules are apparently to be worked into acceptable shape, according to his information, and once the free hide and reduced leather goods program has been agreed upon the end of the fight is in view.

Doesn't Expect Lower Prices.

President Taft, according to those who have talked most intimately with him, does not believe that revision of the tariff downward is going to bring reduced prices or would be of immediate benefit to the much talked benefit to the "ultimate consumer." Instead of a reduction, it is declared that there will be actual increases during the coming year on many of the necessities of life, including wearing apparel.

Even the putting of hides on the free list and the accompanying reduction in duty on finished leather products is not expected to work a reduction in the price of boots, shoes, harness or any of the other myriad of things manufactured from leather. As a matter of fact the president's advices are to the effect that hides are rapidly increasing in price and the demand is so great that even the large exportations expected from Argentine under a free entry clause would not suffice to keep the prices at current figures.

An advance of 22 to 25 per cent in the price of woolen goods already has been announced, despite the fact that no change has been made in the woolen schedule. This schedule, the president has been told, will not permit of a reopening at this time. It is a closed incident as regards the conference.

Theory of the President.

In discussing the situation with callers today the president took occasion to explain in some detail his theory of the principle of downward revision from a protectionist point of view. The idea is not to reduce duties to the point of affording home industries, or to admit imports to what, from the republican standpoint, would be unfair competition with the home-made article.

The president is represented as regarding downward revision as a means of protecting people from monopoly and excessively high prices. Each time a schedule which is regarded as having become excessively high as a result of the development of home industries and the progress of manufactures, the president's idea is said to be that the tariff rate should be lowered to the extent of fixing a reasonable limit beyond which prices cannot be raised without inviting imports in just competition.

He summed up the theory of tariff revision as not so much to bring about immediately lower prices to the consumer as to protect the consumer from exorbitant prices, which might be possible behind a tariff wall maintained at an excessive height.

Free Hides Not His Limit.

Even with hides on the free list the president has not admitted in any of his talks that he would be entirely satisfied with the bill. In fact, the president declared that he did not know of anybody who ever had been entirely pleased with any tariff bill.

The president has declared that he believes the just comparison of old and new tariffs to be one based on the actual domestic consumption of goods upon which the duty has been lowered. Even if the duty is not lowered sufficiently to admit of imports upon a large scale, the president is said to feel that in lowering the tariff on articles of eneral use and consumption a great gain has been made.

Frightened Into Fits

by fear of appendicitis, take Dr. King's New Life Pills, and away goes bowel trouble. Guaranteed, 25c. Sold by Beaton Drug Co.

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due to This Famous Remedy.

Camden, N.J.— "It is with pleasure that I add my testimonial to your already long list—hoping that it may induce others to avail themselves of this valuable medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered from terrible headaches, pain in my back and right side, was tired and nervous, and so weak I could hardly stand. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound restored me to health and made me feel like a new person, and it shall always have my praise." —Mrs. W. P. VALENTINE, 902 Lincoln Avenue, Camden, N. J.

Gardiner, Me. — "I was a great sufferer from a female disease. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound completely cured me in three months." — MRS. S. A. WILLIAMS, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 39, Gardiner Me.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing-down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

Nebraska

DECREASE IN WHEAT STOCKS

Returns of County Assessors Show Small Quantity on Hand.

THREE CONVENTIONS TUESDAY

Republicans, Democrats and Populists Will Name Candidate for Supreme Judges and Regents.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, July 25.—(Special.)—One of the surprising items in the returns of the county assessors to the State Board of Equalization is the large decrease in the amount of wheat on hand. Compared with the returns made a year ago, the decrease in the numbers of bushels on hand is over 4,000,000. The total amount of wheat returned last year was 5,786,720 bushels. For this year, with several counties missing, there was returned 1,285,627 bushels. These same counties last year returned a total of 5,659,419 bushels.

The largest decreases were in the following counties: York, a reduction of 234,000 bushels; Phelps, 153,000 bushels; Fillmore, 183,000 bushels; Nuckolls, 90,000 bushels; Lancaster, 187,000 bushels; Dawson, 122,000 bushels; Clay, 305,000 bushels; Kearney, 245,000 bushels; Butler, 199,000 bushels; Harlan, 299,000 bushels; Hall, 183,000 bushels; Adams, 225,000 bushels; Buffalo, 151,617 bushels. None of the counties showed any material increase in the number of bushels.

The following table shows the number of bushels on hand in 1908 and 1909:

	1908.	1909.
Adams	251,707	26,325
Antelope	10,095	4,085
Banner	600	.....
Blaine	148	500
Boone	25,155	8,000
Box Butte	4,938	1,162
Boyd	7,354	3,159
Brown	16,619	13,029
Buffalo	182,253	32,636
Burt	12,523	10,300
Butler	233,170	34,635
Cass	46,605	10,530
Cedar	10,588	8,985
Chase	14,217	2,935
Cherry	933	815
Cheyenne	13,250	1,000
Clay	366,660	61,713
Colfax	20,155	7,673
Cuming	16,652	18,284
Custer	89,778	21,507
Dakota	1,149	7,400
Dawes	5,776	2,655
Dawson	167,372	45,050
Deuel	1,150	.....
Dixon	7,732	4,839
Dodge	54,675	28,514
Douglas	1,175	465
Dundy	4,718	2,510
Fillmore	207,837	24,288
Franklin	57,355	17,467
Frontier	51,835	8,050
Furnas	107,137	17,168
Gage	276,138	....
Garfield	1,300	1,100
Gosper	32,538	10,162
Greeley	3,450	4,400
Hall	154,622	21,099
Hamilton	329,609	30,931
Harlan	85,690	11,300
Hayes	14,250	2,914
Hitchcock	26,560	2,500
Holt	4,424	4,670
Howard	67,500	28,818
Jefferson	77,893	19,130
Johnson	41,247	15,686
Kearney	275,303	30,411
Keith	690	8,280
Keya Paha	.....	12,638
Kimball	585	610
Knox	4,949	4,965
Lancaster	244,000	57,581
Lincoln	7,445	1,400
Logan	1,410	45
Loup	2,169	385
Madison	16,680	11,943
Merrick	24,287	7,472
Morrill	110	.....
Nance	23,242	2,871
Nemaha	50,298	19,095
Nuckolls	111,384	21,089
Otoe	118,142	16,255
Pawnee	33,635	8,195
Perkins	2,770	382
Phelps	192,295	40,945
Pierce	7,805	9,784
Platte	76,528	.....
Polk	132,251	16,075
Red Willow	69,690	5,117
Rock	512	.....
Saline	294,770	86,355
Sarpy	9,010	9,265
Saunders	69,434	16,041
Scott's Bluff	1,515	.....
Seward	168,571	27,739
Sheridan	5,635	6,565
Sherman	27,545	16,415
Sioux	300	510
Stanton	14,043	.....
Thayer	145,646	28,727
Thomas	150	1,450
Thurston	1,834	4,080
Valley	45,150	116,000
Washington	20,885	5,813
Wayne	11,234	12,556
Webster	102,846	16,755
Wheeler	318	240
York	305,696	71,886
Totals	5,786,720	1,285,627

Three Conventions Tuesday.

The republican, democratic and populist state conventions will be held here next Tuesday afternoon. The republicans will meet in the city auditorium, the democrats in representative hall in the state house and the populists at some place yet to be selected, possibly the consultatian room of the supreme court or in a corner of representative hall.

Attorney General Thompson and Secretary of State Junkin have each been notified that he has been selected to head his delegation and that probably very few delegates will be here from those counties. Merrick and Gosper. Auditor Barton was also notified that he had a place on the Hall county delegation.

It is up to Mayor Dahlman and C. W. Bryan whether there is any trouble in the democratic convention over the platform. The Lancaster county convention refused to mention the liquor question in its platform, while the Dahlman crowd went on record to fight any attempt to inject it into the state platform. Charles Bryan has announced for county option a year from now, but does not want it now. His interview has not set well on a number of prominent democrats who are opposed to county option and it may be that the question will be sprung to test its strength in the party.

Candidates who are to be on the ticket this fall are expected to be on hand, while prospective candidates for state offices next year in both parties will be here to do a little campaigning.

Young Traveling Man.

Harold Banks, aged 10 years, took the prize at the traveling men's picnic yesterday for being the smallest traveling man on the road. The young man lives at Lexington, but was born in Cozad, where his father was in the general merchandise business until a short time ago. He has been on the road for three years and has made a success of his business. He travels for a Chicago firm and has just returned from that city.

Drunken Man Disappears.

An unidentified stranger, supposed to be a Lincolnite, fell from the "drunk" special from Havelock last night, but so far as known he was not seriously hurt. The car kept on going and the second section of the drunk special stopped and he was picked up by the train crew. As he showed no disposition to continue his journey into the business section of the town he was left in meditation in the tall green grass which adorns some of the view between here and Havelock. The crowd to Have-

Nebraska

lock yesterday afternoon was reported unusually heavy.

BIG CROP IN CENTRAL NEBRASKA

Record Yield of Wheat, Both in Quantity and Quality.

HASTINGS, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—A record yield of wheat in both quantity and quality, an oats crop that will be the best for the last five years and a corn crop that will be up to or above normal are predicted by E. A. Twidale, a Hastings grain man, who bases his estimate on personal investigation throughout the central and south central parts of Nebraska. The only qualification of this prediction concerns corn, whose yield is yet dependent on rainfall, but liberal showers fell throughout this section last night, and with fair moisture from now on the crop will come up to all reasonable expectations.

Accompanied by C. G. Williams of Minneapolis, Mr. Twidale put in five days collecting first hand information. They made the trip with C. H. Hansel in his six-cylinder automobile, and from the start to the finish the tour was one of the most remarkable ever made in Nebraska. They covered over 700 miles of the finest agricultural land in the country at a rate of from 140 to over 200 miles a day, and for long stretches Mr. Hansel kept the indicator on his speedometer up to the fifty-mile mark and seldom on good roads was it below forty-five. They went as far west as Oxford and east as far as Wahoo, and from the north of Kansas to a considerable distance north of the Platte river.

This is the territory in which is confined the production of the great bulk of the state's winter wheat. Last year the yield in this area put Nebraska into third place in the winter wheat column and almost into second, for Indiana, which ranked next to Kansas, was only about 1,000,000 bushels ahead. This year Nebraska has a good prospect of creeping up next to Kansas.

The government crop reporting service estimates the acreage of winter wheat in Nebraska this year at 7 per cent less than that of last year, when the yield, according to the same authority, averaged 17.2 bushels per acre in the state. Mr. Twidale believes the yield this year is in excess of twenty bushels per acre. Last year's acreage of 2,571,000 produced 44,296,000 bushels. The reduced acreage this year, on a basis of twenty-one bushels per acre, has produced 50,211,000 bushels. The present prevailing cash price in this section is 91 cents per bushel, but at 85 cents the total value of the crop is $50,211,000, or $5,528,000 more than the value of last year's crop. The average yield per acre over the winter wheat belt last year was about fourteen bushels.

Johnson County Assessment Roll.

TECUMSEH, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The assessor of Johnson county makes the following showing for this year: Total valuation of all property in the county, excepting railroads, $19,345,175. This is based upon the assessed valuation being one-fifth of its real value, as the total valuation assessed for taxation foots up $3,869,034. The farming land is assessed at $2,754,421 and the town lots at $282,440. Stock in national banks is assessed at $24,616; in state banks, $32,182; in telephone companies, $23,177. The assessed valuation of bonds is $3,345; notes secured by mortgages, $115,073; all other notes, $60,023. The assessors found in the county 15,686 bushels of wheat, 349,528 bushels of corn, 65,813 bushels of oats and 3,482 tons of hay. They found that in the county there are 360 pianos, 594 organs, 20 automobiles, 32 threshing machines, 57 corn shellers, 1,509 dogs, 1,491 sewing machines, 1,831 gold watches, 3,104 wagons, carriages and buggies, 7,914 horses, 1,204 mules, 16,681 cattle, 3,389 sheep and 17,881 hogs.

Auditorium for Grand Island.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—If the plans of the committee appointed to propose them are adopted by the Liederkranz society, Grand Island will in another year have a fine auditorium, seating nearly 3,000 people. The society has an entire block of real estate, free from all indebtedness and centrally located, only one-half of which it is occupying with its own exclusive hall and garden. It is proposed to issue bonds for the construction of the auditorium on the other half of the block, secured by mortgage on the same, the bonds carrying 5 per cent and running fifteen years, but payable at the option of the society, beginning with bond No. 1. The structure is to be of brick, stone, steel and cement and to be practically fireproof. The stage is to accommodate 500 people. The main body of the society is to act upon the proposition at the next monthly meeting.

Nebraska Travelers to Meet.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The second annual convention of the Nebraska Travelers' association will be called to order in this city on August 6 and a big attendance is expected. The morning program of that day will consist of the opening exercises, with an address of welcome by Mayor Schuff and a response by W. D. Wilhoit. The afternoon session will be devoted to the business of the organization and an address by W. M. Maupin, deputy state labor commissioner. In the evening, at the chautauqua tent, S. S. English will address the convention on "The Travelers' Protective Association," and W. Brooks on "The United Commercial Travelers." Governor A. C. Shallenberger will also be a feature of this program and will speak to the convention on "The Relation of Traveling Men to the State of Nebraska."

Traction Engine Through Bridge.

FREMONT, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—A traction engine and thresher went through a bridge in Webster township last evening, fatally injuring John Head, who was on the thresher. Frederick Dunker, who was also on the machine, escaped unhurt. Head was caught in the machine as it went through and it took a half hour's work to get him out of the wreckage. He is 30 years old and lives near North Bend. The threshing outfit was one belonging to an association of farmers and was unusually heavy.

Good Rain in Central Nebraska.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—A fine rain ranging from .85 of an inch to one and a quarter inches fell over this section last night in such gentle precipitation that most of it soaked in where it fell. While the crops of the vicinity were not suffering, the rain was a very beneficial one, for the reason that the last fall was a severe one and baked the top soil of many cornfields after the corn was so large that farmers could not get in to break the crust.

New Train for Beatrice.

BEATRICE, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—It is stated upon good authority that the Union Pacific will put on a new passenger train soon between Beatrice and Marysville, Kan., instead of a motor car, which the Beatrice Commercial club has been urging the company to install. The new train, it is understood, will be given a trial by the company, and if it does not receive the patronage it should it will be taken off.

Nebraska

CUSTER REPUBLICANS MEET

Text of Resolutions Passed by Mass Meeting Saturday Afternoon.

PRESIDENT TAFT COMMENDED

Governor Shallenberger's Administration of State Affairs and Campaign Methods of Democratic Party Are Condemned.

BROKEN BOW, Neb., July 24.—(Special.)—At a big mass meeting held by the republicans of Custer county this afternoon, the following stirring resolutions presented by a committie consisting of Joe Halfe, H. B. Glover and A. R. Humphrey were adopted:

The republicans of Custer county, in mass convention assembled, congratulate the country upon the election of William H. Taft to the presidency, in him we recognize a brainy and fearless statesman, a man whose judicial mind and training will understand conditions and apply remedies, and we confidently look to him to bring about such conservative legislation now pending in congress as will vindicate time-honored republican principles and time-proven correct application of principles to conditions so that the pending tariff legislation will express to the country a tariff bill in keeping with platform pledges and along the lines of true Americanism for which the republican party has always stood.

On the question of tariff insofar that it affects schedules, we express ourselves for and in sympathy with the reductions in the impending bill advocated by the senators from the middle western states, viz.; La Follette, Nelson, Doliver, Cummings, Crawford, Bristol and our own senators, Burkett and Brown. We believe with them that a tariff should be devised in such a way that the burden of taxation should fall equally on all, and to that end we favor a high rate of taxation on life's luxuries and a corresponding low rate on life's necessities. And we especially congratulate our senators, Burkett and Brown, and our congressman, Judge Kincaid, for their effort to insert the western idea of tariff into the pending tariff bill.

We congratulate the people of the state of Nebraska through the foresight of George L. Sheldon and the republican legislatures of 1905 and 1907, the state is now out of debt. The indebtedness of about $2,000,000 has been liquidated, paid in full; and we favor such legislation in the future as will prevent the accumulation of a floating debt and provide sufficient revenue to make each biennium take care of its own expenses.

We condemn the trickery, deceit and fraud practiced by democratic candidates and committeemen in sending false, spurious and forged communications, representing them to have emanated from the temperance organizations of the state; for the purpose of unfairly influencing voters by the practice of fraud and deceit to cast democratic ballots; and we charge that any political organization that will countenance and encourage the work of such cowardly assassins of character and political independence as was heaped upon Governor Sheldon in the campaign of 1908 by the Carr and Thomas letters, by recognizing their acts of perfidy and appointing such cowards to office, are no better than the individuals who engage in such low down, dastardly work.

We charge the democratic governor and the democratic legislature of 1909 for their unfaithfulness to the pledges made by them in their platforms and their failure to keep the pledges by them made, after a campaign wherein they charged extravagance to the legislature of 1907 and the administration of state affairs under the management of Governor George L. Sheldon, the democratic management of the state has spent in appropriations more than $500,000 more than the republican legislature of 1907, while promising strict economy in the management of state affairs; in other matters of legislation the democratic party has shown its incompetency and that it is and has been dominated entirely by corporation influences, the boss of the legislature being the paid attorney for the Stock Yards company, elected as a democrat to prevent the very legislation the party had pledged, and that all legislation attempted was brought about by the consent of the corporations that dominated the majority party of the last legislature.

We announce that we believe the day is at hand to eliminate the open saloon from doing business in Nebraska and express ourselves as in sympathy with and ready to support any legislation that will restrict saloon influences and make it harder for saloons to acquire a legal right to sell liquors in our state.

We believe in strict economy in national, state and county affairs and pledge the nominees of the republican party to conduct the affairs of the office, if elected, in a businesslike manner, keeping the records of the office to which they may be elected at all times open to public inspection and the greatest publicity.

We believe in the redemption of all party platform pledges by the party making them when given power so to do; and we arraign the democratic party for its insincerity and its failure to make good its promises when vested with power to do so, showing conclusively that its promises were made for the purpose of influencing elections and not in good faith and for the common good.

We invite all persons who believe in the doctrine of republicanism, announced by Abraham Lincoln, taught by James G. Blaine, extolled by James A. Garfield, demonstrated by William McKinley, intensified by Theodore Roosevelt and now being pounded home by Bill Taft, to join with us in the perpetuation of the reign of prosperity and good times that we now enjoy, and for the further advancement of the progress of the age and the general glory of our country and humanity in general.

Norris' Course Commended.

M'COOK, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The republicans of Red Willow county met in convention here today. Sylvester Cordeal was chairman and C. W. Barnes secretary. The following delegates to the state convention were chosen: H. I. Peterson, Charles Skalla, U. G. Etherton, J. W. Spencer, Lon Cone, S. R. Messner, J. R. McCarl, J. C. Moore and W. C. Allison. A new county central committee was chosen, with John F. Cordeal as chairman and H. W. Conover as secretary. The following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The whole nation is deeply interested in the tariff bill now pending in Washington,

Be It Resolved, By us, his friends, neighbors and fellow citizens, and by the republicans of Red Willow county in convention assembled, that we most heartily commend and congratulate our congressman, Hon. George W. Norris, for his courageous and unselfish stand as leader in the anti-Cannon fight in the matter of the organization of the present house, and in leading the fight which resulted in greatly reducing the duty on pretroleum. And as Mr. Norris was engaged in this fight two years before it really began, we have further cause to be proud of him in so magnificently representing the constituency of his district for the revision of the tariff downward. We are more than pleased—we are proud of the man and his efforts for the people.

Be It Further Resolved, That we commend our state senator, Hon. John C. Gammell, and our state representative, Hon. Frank Moore, for their good work in the last legislature.

Frontier Chooses Delegates.

STOCKVILLE, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The following were elected yesterday to attend the republican state convention to be held at Lincoln, July 27: John C. Gammill, Thomas Scott, F. C. Schroeder, W. W. Keith, E. W. Towne, Charles S. Kirby, M. Wasley and L. H. Cheney.

Dodge Endorses Burkett.

FREMONT, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The republican county convention met in the district court room yesterday afternoon. E. R. Gurney was chairman and S. F. Stiles secretary. In his opening speech Mr. Gurney made a vigorous argument in favor of standing pat on the tariff and opposing any reductions. Ross Hammond was called on and talked on the same subject. A committee appointed by the convention selected the following named delegates to the state convention: R. L. Hammond, R. B. Schneider, F. E. Calkins, Joe C. Cook, W. Gericke, Ed Uehling, W. Nickol, S. B. Dunbar, L. H. Westerhoff, William Saunders, John Edelmaier, M. H. Wolsleger, H. M. Kidder, E. Rector, Ole Oleson, S. Benner and B. Walker. A reso-

Nebraska

lution was adopted favoring Senator Burkett for re-election.

Ex-Governor Sheldon Presides.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., July 25.—(Special Telegram.)—Ex-Governor George L. Sheldon was chosen chairman and H. A. Schneider secretary of the Cass county republican convention. George L. Sheldon, Dr. M. M. Butler, R. B. Windham, Byron Clark, W. E. Dull, R. O. Watters and eleven others were elected delegates to attend the state republican convention in Lincoln Tuesday.

Filings in Dawes County.

CHADRON, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The filings for candidates for office in Dawes county are as follows: For sheriff, W. A. Birdsall, John J. Fowler, J. E. Hartman, O. B. Unthank and Ren L. Clark (reps.); J. M. Cain, J. J. Harvey, John R. Chisek, James Hartzell and O. U. Lennington (dems.). For treasurer, T. S. Smith, present incumbent, and Charles H. Chase, present member legislature, (reps.); Harry Adams (dem.). For clerk, J. E. Hasburg (rep.), Charles Naylor (dem.). For judge, C. Dana Sayers (rep.). For superintendent, Jennie Ellis Gorton, present incumbent, and J. E. Schutt, principal Crawford High school, (reps.). For coroner, C. G. Elmore, present incumbent, (rep.); H. C. Gibson (dem.). For surveyor, Manley F. Baird (rep.). For commissioner, Martin J. Weber (rep.).

Painter Breaks His Arm.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—Falling from a ladder to a cement walk fifteen feet below, B. Smart, a painter, had his left arm broken in two places and his right one badly sprained. He was at work on the residence of Wesley Raser when he made a misstep.

Filings in Cuming County.

WEST POINT, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The full list of filings for county offices are: For judge, Louis Dewald (D), Frank Flenniken (R); for clerk, W. H. Harstick (D); for treasurer, Fred Wiggers (D), F. Koch (D), Conrad Gerken (D), Paul Kase (D), Herman Zeplin (R); for sheriff, Matt Feehan (D), F. F. Heller (D), B. G. Hermann (D), C. A. Neels (D), William Malchow, jr. (D), Milton Knight (R); for surveyor, G. A. Heller (D); for coroner, Dr. H. L. Wells (D), Dr. Irwin L. Thompson (R); for superintendent, Miss Emma R. Miller (R). The chief interest centers on the offices of sheriff and treasurer, which will be keenly contested at the primaries.

Little Girl Burned to Death.

BLAIR, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—Nina, the 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Gillem of this city, was burned to death by the explosion of gasoline last Friday morning. In the absence of the mother, who was attending a sick daughter at Coleridge, Neb., the little girl and a younger brother endeavored to clean a room, using a bowl of gasoline. The little boy lighted a match in the closed room and the explosion followed, resulting in the death of the little girl. The accident happened at 9 o'clock and she died at 4 in the afternoon. Although badly burned, she had the presence of mind to wrap herself in clothing that hung on the wall and ran out in the yard and rolled in the grass, and afterwards walked half way around the block to the emergency hospital, where she died a few hours later. The mother was summoned by telephone, but did not arrive until after the death of her daughter. The house was badly damaged and almost the entire clothing of the family was burned. The funeral services were held this afternoon from the Presbyterian church.

Will Straighten Logan Creek.

FREMONT, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—The directors of the Logan Drainage district yesterday decided to advertise for bids for straightening Logan creek. The cost, as estimated by Engineer A. H. Norris, is $30,000. Plans will soon be ready for bids on the Elkhorn district, which is practically a part of the same project as the Logan district and the district in Douglas and Sarpy counties.

Four Runaways for One Man.

CENTRAL CITY, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—Four runaways, each occurring exactly three weeks apart, makes up a package of ill fortune for George Wolcott of this city. In the latest one his buggy was upset and his daughter, Miss Calista, sustained a broken arm, while Wolcott and another daughter were considerably bruised. In a former runaway Miss Vella, another daughter, had a bone in her foot broken.

Nebraska News Notes.

ANSLEY—During the last twelve hours an inch of rain has fallen. This puts our very large and favorable corn crop in the very best condition. Estimates are that Custer county will produce 7,000,000 bushels of corn this year.

TABLE ROCK—Francis M. Hinkle has filed with the village clerk a petition for a saloon license, signed by the requisite thirty freeholders. This is the third effort made to secure a license, both the others failing. The hearing is set for August 1 and it is claimed a remonstrance will be filed by the Anti-Saloon league.

HARVARD—Horace Hunter, a man some 65 years of age, while raking stubble ground met with a serious accident. In fighting flies one of the horses stepped on the tongue of the hayrake, breaking it, when the team started to run, throwing Mr. Hunter off and dislocating his shoulder, breaking two or three ribs and otherwise injuring him.

ROBERTS IS WANTED IN IOWA

Arrested in Omaha He Will Be Returned to Des Moines on Serious Charge.

Arrested on the charge of drunkenness and begging on the street Saturday night, W. E. Roberts proved to be a prisoner of much more importance. He is now held on the charge of being a fugitive from justice and Des Moines officers are expected here to take him to the Iowa city on a warrant alleging wife abandonment.

Detective Ferris effected Roberts' identification, declaring he was wanted at Des Moines on the abandonment charge. Telegraphic communication with the Des Moines police established the fact that the detective was right, so the charge against Roberts was changed to the more serious one and he is being held pending the arrival of an officer to take him back to answer to the charge alleged to have been preferred by his wife.

Delay in taking Foley's Kidney Remedy if you have backache, kidney or bladder trouble, fastens the disease upon you and makes a cure more difficult. Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy today and you will soon be well. Why risk a serious malady?

DEATH RECORD.

George Roderick.

BEATRICE, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—George Roderick, a pioneer resident of the Blue Springs neighborhood, died Friday. He had been in failing health for the last few years. Mr. Roderick was a brother of E. F. Roderick, formerly treasurer of Gage county.

Mrs. Uriah Bruner.

WEST POINT, Neb., July 25.—(Special.)—Mrs. Uriah Bruner, the widow of the late Hon. Uriah Bruner of this place, died Saturday at an advanced age. Mrs. Bruner had been in failing health for some time and her demise was not unexpected. She is the mother of a large family of grown children among whom is Prof. Lawrence Bruner of the State university, state entomologist. Mrs. Bruner was very highly esteemed in the community.

BOOSTS OMAHA AND NEBRASKA

(Continued from First Page.)

migrant" who gets up at 5 o'clock in the morning to milk his cows, works in the field until dark, milks by the light of a lantern and gets 24 cents a pound for the butter fat he sends to the creamery. I have not found any John D. Rockefellers or Vanderbilts on the farms of Nebraska thus far, but the germs of great fortunes are here, and it is within the bounds of possibility that congress will some day be compelled to pass laws to restrain the farmers in this section from charging high prices for the food we eat, and to compel them to publish their profits like the trusts.

Growth of a Few Years.

Not very long ago Omaha was a struggling little frontier town and the prairies of Nebraska were merely pastures for cattle. But the ranches are gradually being cut up into farms and instead of raising steers for the packing houses the farmers are keeping milch cows and sending their cream to the dairies; raising corn and fattening hogs; and Red Turkey wheat, which a few years ago they were glad to sell for 40 and 50 cents a bushel, but now they demand twice that amount of money for. The scientific processes of dry farming have made it possible to produce good crops upon the semi-arid lands, and in the extreme western end of the state, where the clouds refuse to furnish the necessary moisture, irrigation systems are making their way rapidly and are making the farmers rich. I met a Mr. Rushton here the other day, who said:

"I came to Nebraska thirty years ago and could then have bought the best land in the state for $7 an acre. The same land today sells for $75 and $100 an acre and produces as much profit for the investment and the labor as any other agricultural land in the world."

The farmers are rapidly giving up the steer and keeping cows. The number of range cattle in the state is constantly decreasing and the number and value of dairy cows are constantly increasing. In 1907, for example, the total value of the range cattle in the state was $11,502,876, while in 1908 it was $10,258,741. And the production of pork is increasing as fast as the volume of dairy products. When corn can be mixed with skimmed milk it makes the best hog foods known, and farmers are learning that fact. They are also learning that the best breeds of milk cows and the best breeds of hogs are the most economical. It doesn't cost any more to feed a good cow or a good hog than it costs to feed a poor one, and instead of raising a long time hog and feeding him for eighteen months or two years our farmers are now raising hogs that mature in eight or nine months upon a corn and milk diet and make sweeter and better pork.

Beet Sugar Abandoned.

The sugar beet business is practically abandoned in Nebraska, which is due to an incompatibility between the farmers and the business and to the fact that irrigated land in Utah and California can produce a higher percentage of saccharine than ordinary farming. There were three beet sugar factories in this state—at Grand Island, Norfolk and Ames, but last year the total product was valued at only $309,400 and the factories paid out only $220,000 for beets. The factory at Ames, I understand, is to be removed to an irrigation district in Idaho; that at Norfolk is closed and abandoned; and that at Grand Island is the only one running now.

These factories were originally established upon a misapprehension. The people of the towns furnished the sites for nothing and subscribed for a bonus in cash, which practically paid for the building, under the delusion that they would get their sugar cheaper, that the farmers would get rich raising beets, and that the new industry would bring a large amount of labor and money to the town; but it soon developed that the factories could not afford to pay enough for the beets to justify the farmers in raising them and one experiment was usually enough to satisfy most farmers that they did not like the business. Beet raising is back breaking work. It requires the independent North Aemrican farmer to get down on his prayer-bones and pull weeds with his fingers, which most of them decline to do. They prefer to do their farming on horse back or in a sulky and that is incompatible with the production of sugar beets.

Omaha is booming with prosperity. The biggest business of the town is selling merchandise to a wide area of country east and west. The jobbing trade last year amounted to $215,615,000, and $145,377,000 of the goods were made in this city.

The packing houses turned out products to the value of $105,000,000 last year and which represented 1,032,000 cattle and 2,426,000 hogs. The business is conducted very much as it is in Chicago and practically by the same men. There are four great establishments owned by the Armours, Swift and Company, the Cudahys and the Omaha Packing company. The only difference is that more range cattle are killed here because of the convenience and the saving in transportation, while Chicago gets a larger proportion of "feed lots" from the neighboring states and farm cattle.

Omaha'h Prosperity.

Omaha is becoming quite a wool market also. More than 130,000,000 pounds of wool has been passing through the city every summer from the ranches of Wyoming, Montana, Utah and other mountain states, being sold directly by the ranchmen to buyers for New England and Philadelphia mills and paid for at the shipping point, which is usually the railway station nearest to the ranch. But warehouses capable of holding millions of pounds of wool have recently been erected in Omaha, so that the wool growers in the west can store their clip at a point convenient to the market and hold it for better prices than they can get at shearing time. The warehouse receipts will be as good as cash and storage rates are low.

Omaha has the largest smelter in the world. It belongs to the Guggenheim trust, and handles all the different kinds of metals produced in our western mines, gold, silver, copper, zinc and everything else. The output was valued at $40,000,000 last year.

The Union Pacific Railway company has spent $2,500,000 for new shops, car factories and terminal facilities here during the last three years and has purchased a site and made plans for a $1,000,000 office building, which everybody expects will be erected this summer. E. H. Harriman is the president of a company organized for the manufacture of a gasoline motor car which was invented by W. R. McKeen while superintendent of motor power on the Union Pacific railroad. It has been remarkably successful and a large shop has been erected in which it is proposed to manufacture gasoline cars to do local business, hauling passengers, cream, vegetables, express packages and other light freight upon the various lines of the Union Pacific system in place of the heavy freight and passenger trains that are now used. On some of the branch lines there is scarcely enough traffic to justify the operation of regular passenger trains, and on others there is a demand for more frequent communication between local points which these motor cars are expected to supply. They will be about the size of an ordinary passenger coach, divided so as to accommodate both freight and passengers and can be operated by gasoline at a nominal expense.

Notwithstanding the panic, new industries were established in Omaha last year that give employment to 2,200 people. The largest number were mercantile establishments. Chief among the others were the motor car factory just mentioned, an asbestos factory, an electrical supply works, a scale factory and boot and shoe factories.

The new buildings erected were 1,215 in number, representing a value of $4,590,650, and this year it is expected that the total will reach $7,000,000, including a million-dollar court house, a million-dollar office building for the Union Pacific railroad, a $400,000 office building, a $150,000 warehouse, a $500,000 Catholic church and a $75,000 church for the Christian Scientists.

SIX KILLED ON WABASH ROAD

(Continued from First Page.)

top of the car and swim for the shore. None escaped injury.

In the Des Moines sleeper E. T. King was holding his little son when the crash came. The child was instantly killed and Mr. King was unconscious when found.

Woman Heroine of Wreck.

Dr. Turner Lohveck, a woman physician of St. Louis, was the heroine of the wreck. In thirty minutes she gave temporary treatment to twenty-seven injured persons, several women passengers assisting her by preparing bandages.

"It seemed to me every woman there tore up her skirts for dressings," said Dr. Lohveck. "Clothing was freely given by the uninjured and many emptied their baggage of wearing apparel. The eight mail clerks refused treatment until all the passengers were attended to. Soon after all the injured had been given temporary attention relief came."

The engine of a local freight train, which was just behind the wrecked passenger train, was attached to the three intact cars of the ill fated train and all the passengers hurried to Kansas City. Thirty-one of the injured are now in a hospital here.

This afternoon almost an acre of ground surrounding the scene of the wreck crumbled into the river and tonight a large part of the big stream is flowing over the ground formerly covered by the roadbed. It will be necessary to build almost a quarter of a mile of track around the washout.

MURDER AT BEAUMONT, TEX.

Patrick J. Lynch, Steward of the Elks' Club, Was Beaten to Death. —Several Deaths.

BEAUMONT, Tex., July 25.— Patrick J.