

NAVY SCANDAL  
IS BEING AIRD

Board of Inquiry Begins Investigation  
Into Death of Late Lieutenant  
Sutton.

FIRST VERDICT WAS SUICIDE

Relatives Succeed in Causing Case to  
Be Reopened.

EVIDENTLY SHOT IN FIGHT

First Witness Testifies That He Was  
Trying to Kill Him.

SAYS DEAD MAN WAS AGGRESSOR

Judge Advocate Says Case Will Be  
Probed Until All the Facts Sur-  
rounding It Are Laid  
Bare.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., July 19.—The open  
session here today of the court of inquiry,  
which is conducting a second investigation  
into the death of Lieutenant James Nuttle  
Sutton of the United States marine corps,  
was replete with dramatic situations.

Lieutenant Robert F. Adams, Sutton's  
former classmate at the academy and one  
of the principal actors in the midnight  
fight which cost young Sutton his life  
nearly two years ago, occupied the witness  
stand during the entire session, and told  
a graphic story of the incidents leading  
up to the tragedy.

With nervous demeanor, momentarily  
confused at times, and yet almost defiant  
under the severe cross-examination of  
Henry F. Davis, counsel for Mrs. Sutton,  
mother of Lieutenant Adams, Adams sat  
facing Sutton's mother and sister during  
his examination. His brother officers,  
Lieutenants Bevan and Osterman, flanked  
by Adams' two lawyers, sat farther down  
the inquiry table. Major Henry Leonard,  
U. S. M. C., the judge advocate, and the  
three members of the board, completed the  
impressive sitting in their white service  
uniforms. At one point in his testimony,  
Lieutenant Adams and an orderly enacted  
the struggle with Sutton. The witness  
was still under cross-examination when  
the inquiry was adjourned until tomorrow  
morning.

Discrepancies in Story.  
Mr. Davis succeeded in bringing out  
a number of discrepancies in Adams' testi-  
mony today, compared with his version  
of the tragedy at the former investigation,  
when the board of inquiry found that  
Sutton died by his own hand. How important  
they may be, and how they will affect the  
conclusions of the court, it is difficult to  
say. At one point in his testimony, Adams  
admitted that he had fired a shot at  
Sutton, but he insisted that it was not  
intended to kill him.

A ride to the marine camp in an auto-  
mobile with Sutton and two other officers  
of marines, Lieutenants Wiley and Oster-  
man; an altercation between Sutton and  
the witness; and a deferred encounter  
when the senior officer interfered, as the  
automobile was stopped short of the camp  
with the intention of avoiding being caught  
returning after hours; a later accidental  
meeting of the witness and Sutton, on the  
border of the woods near the barracks,  
and the fight between the two men, with  
Sutton, armed with a revolver in either  
hand and firing five shots, the last of  
which he directed into his own head while  
lying on the ground, these were the points  
in Lieutenant Adams' testimony.

The witness said he had risen from the  
prostrate Sutton when he believed to be  
exhausted, and stood a few feet back of  
him when he saw Sutton raise his right  
hand, and fire a bullet into his own head.  
Just previously some one of the officers  
who had come upon the scene had cried  
that Lieutenant Edward P. Roelker had  
been killed, the witness said. Adams had  
made no attempt to take the revolver from  
Sutton's hands when he broke away, or  
was pulled away from him, he said, in  
reply to Lawyer Davis' often repeated  
question. Sutton had previously threatened  
to kill him and was generally avoided by  
the marines, because of his wild talk and  
actions, according to the witness.

Not Looking for Seagoat.  
After the session today Mr. Davis said  
that it was not his intention to fasten the  
responsibility of Sutton's death on any one,  
but that every effort would be made to dis-  
credit and refute the suicide story.

Roelker is an important witness who has  
not yet been located. His mother accepted  
service of a subpoena for him in Wash-  
ington. It is said, but his whereabouts is  
not known. He left the service soon after  
Sutton's tragedy. Mrs. Sutton's counsel  
said tonight that Miss Margaret Stew-  
art of Pittsburg, the young woman who  
was with Sutton most of the evening be-  
fore he met his death, might be called as  
a witness. Her testimony would be material  
in refuting the theory of suicide, he said.

Miss Stewart is now in Canada, but Mr.  
Davis said he had recently gone to see  
her and talk over with her the advisability  
of her returning and testifying.

Omahan Crazy by  
Fear of Pursuers

Christ Johnson Jumps from Moving  
Train, Declaring Black Hand  
is After Him.

ST. LOUIS, July 19.—(Special Telegram.)  
—Christ Johnson, an employee of the Union  
Pacific at Omaha, jumped off a moving  
Pennsylvania train at Liberty, Ill., Sun-  
day afternoon, but was unhurt. He com-  
plained that he was being pursued by a  
Black Hand gang and could not escape.  
He was brought to St. Louis and placed  
in the City hospital observation ward. He  
says he had journeyed from his home to  
Columbus, O.; thence back to Indianapolis  
and as far as Liberty when his imaginary  
pursuers forced him with revolvers to  
jump.

NATIVE OF OMAHA IS DEAD

Miss Marian Carpenter, Daughter of  
Charles Carpenter, Dies in  
Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., July 19.—(Special  
Telegram.)—Marian Carpenter, daughter of  
Charles Carpenter, park superintendent,  
died here yesterday, aged 19. The family  
formerly lived in Omaha, where she was  
born.

Base Ball and  
Railroad Men  
Meet Ak-Sar-Ben

Busy Session At the Den Last Even-  
ing Sees Some Extra Stunts  
Pulled Off.

Jack Pendry put Samson's base ball  
game out of business at the den Monday  
night by knocking down four deuces in  
success. Edmondson, who was sitting at  
perfect control followed and landed on  
three ten cent cigars for a nickel, and the  
entire team showed the classy form it dis-  
played Monday afternoon when Denver  
was beaten in a perfectly played game.  
Harry Welch broke the piano with his  
trifling pluck and was surprised all by  
the remarkable baritone voice he dis-  
played when called upon to sing.

It was railroad and base ball night at  
the den and "ans were out in full  
force to enjoy Samson and his merry  
crew. When that phrase "sing  
with the bunch it was a  
hit and Buckingham was glad he  
sent home.

Each night shows great improvement in  
the rendition of the opera and the lyrics  
and tunes are rendered in such approved  
style and in such a pleasing manner that  
they will soon be in shape for the  
dramatic critic and the musical editor to  
cast their eagle eyes over. Conductor Pat-  
terfield handled the difficult choruses with  
a magic wand and the "oprey" went with  
a swing which was good for sore eyes on  
a hot night.

"For the last twelve years during which  
time I have lived in this city I have  
watched the wonderful good Ak-Sar-Ben  
has done for Omaha," said W. A. Rourke,  
president of the Omaha base ball team.  
"My business takes me all over the coun-  
try and I appreciate it very much to  
hear of Omaha as much good, healthy advertising  
as does Ak-Sar-Ben. We hear of it  
everywhere we go and people ask about it."  
"I believe that Omaha, with the help  
of Ak-Sar-Ben will soon be one of the great  
cities of the country. It has been good to  
me and I appreciate it very much to do  
what I can to return the many good things it  
has done."

"Twenty-eight years of railroad life have  
changed my ideas concerning a railroad,"  
said William T. Denny of the Union Pa-  
cific. "I believe that Hill and Harriman  
and Mohler have high ideals, and if not  
harrassed for the next ten years will work  
wonders for the good of the entire coun-  
try. I believe that the railroads are in  
a large measure responsible for pushing  
the railroad further westward."

John A. Dolan, traveling passenger agent  
of the Erie, spoke of the wonderful ad-  
vertising Ak-Sar-Ben is doing for Omaha  
all over the country.  
Three rousing cheers were given at the  
end of the exercises for J. D. Weaver, one  
of the leading workers in Ak-Sar-Ben,  
who is about to leave Omaha.

Muffed Hitting Announced that  
Samson reported 875 paid admissions, which  
is seventy-two more than at this time last  
year. Next Monday night will be Fremont  
night at the den and a large number have  
signified their intention of coming from  
that thriving burg.

As a specialty in the "oprey," Captain  
Buck Franck was given a new bat a foot-  
wide and in swinging at the ball which  
was pitched to him he broke the ball.

Black Evidence  
Against Woman

Indications That Mrs. Saylor Held  
Husband Down After Dr. Miller  
Shot Him.

WATSEKA, Ill., July 19.—A woman's  
dress, with the bloody imprint of a watch-  
chain on it, has been discovered, hidden  
under the carpet in the room of Mrs. J.  
B. Saylor, whose husband was shot and  
killed last week by Dr. William Miller.  
The prosecution asserts that Mrs. Saylor  
sat on her husband's chest and held him  
down after Miller was shot.

The sealed packet which Mr. Saylor left  
in his bank has been opened. It contains  
among other things a letter from Miller to  
Mrs. Saylor, couched in endearing terms. It  
also contained his will. The will, however,  
cannot be probated, because it was signed  
by only one witness, while the law requires  
two.

A special grand jury has been impanelled  
to investigate the tragedy. It will begin its  
sittings tomorrow morning.

THIRTEEN MORE ARE HANGED

Leaders of Recent Turkish Revolu-  
tion Are Executed by Court

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 19.—Thirteen  
persons who were concerned in the recent  
revolution were hanged here today. They  
included Cherkessa Mehmed, Yusuf Pasha,  
the former commander of the troops at Er-  
zeron, and Sheik Valadit. The court-  
martial acquitted the proprietor of the  
Idkam.

BUREAU STANDS  
BY ITS REPORT

Detailed Reply is Made to Criticism  
of Estimate of Wheat  
Crop.

SAYS SPECULATORS TO BLAME

They Had Financial Reason for Dis-  
crediting Figures.

PREDICTIONS NOT TOO LARGE

If Anything, It Was Declared, It Was  
Under Estimate.

IS APPROVED BY SECRETARY

Head of Agricultural Department  
Stands Sponsor for Answer to  
Attacks Made on His Ad-  
ministration.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—In answer to  
criticism of the bureau of statistics of the  
Department of Agriculture because of al-  
leged inaccuracy of its report of March 3  
last on the amount of wheat on farms, a  
statement was issued today by the bureau  
in defense of its estimate.

The bureau estimated that there were  
about 144,000,000 bushels of wheat on farms  
on March 1, 1909. This was challenged as  
being much too large. The statement is,  
in part, as follows:

"In considering this question, account  
must be taken of the apparent supply and  
distribution of wheat during the four  
months from March 1 to July 1, 1909. To do  
this it is necessary to assume as approxi-  
mately correct official trade estimates  
which have been generally accepted with-  
out serious question, and to ascertain, first,  
the average monthly domestic consump-  
tion of wheat exclusive of seed require-  
ments; and, second, the approximate total  
quantity of wheat, in all positions, in the  
United States on March 1, 1909.

Supply and Distribution.  
"Assuming that about 40,000,000 bushels  
per month were consumed, exclusive of  
seed, the apparent supply and distribution  
of wheat during the four months from  
March 1 to July 1, 1909, was as follows:  
Domestic consumption, four months, estimated, 160,000,000  
Exports, including flour, estimated, 25,000,000  
Commercial stocks, July 1, 1909, in-  
cluding flour, 23,000,000  
Farm stocks, July 1, 1909, 19,000,000

Total supply and distribution,  
months quantity in United States on March 1, 1909, 244,000,000  
"Of these 244,000,000 bushels about 74,000,000 bushels are accounted for by an accepted commercial statement of reported stocks in second hands (mills and elevators), including the wheat equivalent of flour, on March 1, 1909.

Under Estimate Probable.  
"The remainder, 170,000,000 bushels, must  
have been on farms and in unreported  
stocks in second hands on the date named.  
The estimate of wheat on farms on March 1  
(about 144,000,000 bushels) would leave  
about 26,000,000 bushels as the unreported  
amount in second hands on that date.  
But this is more than the amount esti-  
mated as having been so held, such amount  
being approximately 20 per cent of the total  
quantity, reported and unreported, then  
in second hands—the reported stocks  
being regarded as embracing about 80 per  
cent of the total.

"Twenty per cent of the total stocks  
would have been about 15,000,000 bushels  
unreported, which indicates that the quan-  
tity of wheat on farms on March 1, 1909,  
was more likely to have been under esti-  
mated than over estimated by the bureau  
of statistics."  
The statement, which has the approval  
of Secretary Wilson, says in conclusion  
that the widely published attack on the  
estimate was inspired solely by the desire  
of speculators to gain personal financial  
profit at the expense of the general  
public.

NEW TRIAL FOR CHINAMAN

Bob Leung, Convicted of Smuggling,  
Allowed Another Chance for  
Liberty.

CHICAGO, July 19.—Motion for a new  
trial for Bob Leung, the Chinese merchant  
at El Paso, Tex., found guilty of conspiracy  
in connection with the smuggling of China-  
men across the Mexican border, was  
granted today by Judge Landis in the  
United States district court. The court  
declared several of the counts in the indict-  
ment under which Leung was convicted  
were faulty. The date for the new  
hearing was set for September 20.

PURVIS FREED BY COURT

Non-Union Engineer Who Killed Two  
Strikers Acted in Self-  
Defense.

CLEVELAND, July 19.—James G. Purvis,  
the nonunion marine engineer who killed  
two strikers, injured another and was  
menaced by strike sympathizers last Sat-  
urday night, was discharged by both the  
police and county coroner today. It was  
shown that he acted in self defense.



From the Washington Star.

SIXTEEN MILLS FOR SCHOOLS

Board of Education Asks for Higher  
Tax Levy.

OFFSET FOR LOSS IN LICENSES

Effect of Eight O'Clock Law Causes  
An Increase in Assessment  
to Be Made by Direct  
Taxation.

The Board of Education in session last  
night decided upon a levy of 16 mills to  
raise the amount required for school pur-  
poses for 1910. Last year the levy was 14  
mills.

This makes the proposed levy in Omaha,  
exclusive of the levy yet to be made for  
county, state and national taxes, 76 mills.  
Last year the total city and school levy  
was 67.3 mills. The increase this year  
comes in adding a levy of 8.8 mills for  
general purposes, the estimated levy of 13.5  
mills for the water board, and the 3 mills  
added to the school levy.

The 16 mill levy ordered by the Board  
of Education is expected to bring in  
\$441,140. This is based on a valuation of  
\$7,571,771. Other estimated receipts will  
make a total of \$700,000, the amount deemed  
necessary by the board to run the schools  
during the year. Receipts of \$250,000 above  
the tax collections is expected to come  
from liquor and miscellaneous licenses,  
state and normal training opportunities,  
the sale of supplies and junk and other  
items.

Estimate of Receipts.  
The estimated receipts figured by the  
finance committee of the board are as follows:  
Interest on funds, 2,000  
Liquor licenses, 200,000  
Miscellaneous licenses, 10,000  
Non-resident tuition, 5,000  
Normal training opportunities, 1,500  
Police court fines, 2,500  
Rentals, 1,500  
State appropriation, 25,000  
Tax collections, 441,140  
Loaned books not returned, 100  
Loss and damage, 200  
Sale of junk, etc., 200  
Sale of high school supplies, 1,500  
Total, 700,000

Estimate of expenditures.  
In these miscellaneous receipts the com-  
mittee figured the board would lose \$50,000  
in liquor license money, or about 25 per  
cent. This is due to the operation of the  
8 o'clock closing law, as explained by John  
L. McCague, chairman of the finance com-  
mittee, making the report. Mr. McCague  
said that the committee had gone over the  
situation carefully and some had even es-  
timated the falling off in saloon business  
would be 50 per cent, others 25 per cent and  
still others estimated it as low as 10 or  
15 per cent.

Last year the board received \$256,000 from  
liquor licenses, and the 3 mills added to  
the levy will raise the exact amount esti-  
mated loss in liquor licenses, said Mr. Mc-  
Cague.

The committee also figures \$20,000 loss about  
\$2,000 in police court fines.

Increase of salaries of school teachers  
amounting to nearly 15 per cent will make  
the expenses of the school district higher  
than the year than heretofore.

Estimate of Expenditures.  
In figuring the expenditures for the  
year the committee has assumed that the  
following items will be paid for:

Changes Made  
in Faculty of  
State University

Board of Regents Makes Six Ap-  
pointments, Three Promotions and  
Accepts Four Resignations.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)  
LINCOLN, July 19.—(Special Telegram.)—  
At a meeting of the Board of Regents of  
the State university tonight the following  
resignations were accepted: T. R. Sears,  
assistant professor of civil engineering;  
Edna M. Barkley, dean of the women's  
college; H. B. Ward, dean of the medical  
college, and R. E. Stone, assistant pro-  
fessor of agricultural botany.

The following appointments were made:  
J. F. Stevens, lecturer in charge materia  
medica; David A. Hilton, quiz master in  
anatomy; J. Stanley Welch, quiz master in  
pathology; E. W. Howe, quiz master ma-  
teria medica; C. A. Robbins, professor of  
law, at a salary of \$3,000 a year; S. J. Tut-  
tle, professor of law, one-fourth time, \$200  
a year. Dr. H. W. Orr was raised to as-  
sistant professor, as was Dr. W. M.  
Poynter. W. L. French was made assist-  
ant professor of dairy husbandry at a sal-  
ary of \$1,300 annually.

The following committee was appointed  
to secure a deed to the land upon which  
the medical college will be built and to  
make a contract with the Boston archi-  
tects: Dr. Griffith, Allen, Whitmore, New-  
branch. The committee has full power to  
act.

COLORED MAN IS MURDERED

James Rollins, 1609 Nicholas Street  
Shot By Jess Smith.

J. F. M'GINNITY IS WOUNDED

Murderer, Who Says He is from  
Colorado Springs, Enters Divis  
Saloon on Twelfth Street and  
Began Shooting.

James Rollins, colored, 1609 Nicholas  
street, was killed and J. F. M'Ginnity,  
Seventeenth and Center streets, white, was  
wounded when a white man who gives  
his name as Jess Smith and his home as  
Trinidad, Col., ran amuck about 5:30  
o'clock Monday afternoon in Frank Divis  
saloon, Tenth and Capitol avenues.

Smith, who so far as is now known, is  
a stranger in Omaha, entered Divis' sa-  
loon about 5 o'clock and is said to have  
become so noisy and quarrelsome that he  
had to be thrown out.

About half an hour afterward he re-  
turned and, entering the place through a  
back door, commenced shooting at Rol-  
lins and two other colored men who were  
members of a small orchestra which fur-  
nished music for the place.

Rollins was struck in the right hip, the  
bullet ranging upward. M'Ginnity re-  
ceived one of the bullets in his right leg,  
just above the knee. It passed entirely  
through the limb, but made only a flesh  
wound. It is thought that M'Ginnity was  
hit by accident as it is believed Smith was  
after the colored men.

Smith Captured.  
After he had emptied his revolver, Smith  
started to run but was followed by Davis  
who was formerly a member of the police  
force, and overpowered and he was taken  
to the police station by officer Frank  
Murphy who heard the shooting and ran  
to the place.

Rollins and M'Ginnity were taken to the  
police station where Police Surgeon Harris  
gave them emergency treatment and placed  
them in the police automobile and took  
them to St. Joseph's hospital where Rollins  
died just as he was being placed on the  
operating table. M'Ginnity's injuries are  
not thought to be serious unless infection  
should develop.

Coroner Healey took charge of the body  
and at once commenced an investigation  
of the circumstances. An examination of  
the body will be made, and an inquest will  
be held as soon as possible.

Among the witnesses to the shooting  
were E. F. Droz, 3421 Dodge street, and  
A. H. Holz, 222 North Twenty-third street.  
The other men are said to have seen  
Smith load his revolver a few blocks from  
the scene of the shooting and to have  
heard him make threats against the col-  
ored men, but the names of these wit-  
nesses had not been learned last night.

Smith is said to have had a companion  
with him, but he has not been found.

Another Shooting Scrape.  
The police are inclined to believe that  
Smith and his companion are the same  
men who engaged in the trouble on  
Twelfth street earlier in the day, when  
Douglas street earlier in the day, when  
S. Jordan of Hutchinson, Kan., was set  
upon by two men, beaten about the head  
with the butt of a revolver and shot  
through the cheek.

The gunshot wound itself is not serious,  
but it is feared that it will be fatal.

CHEAP CLERK ADMITS THEFT

Employee of Adams Express Company  
Confesses Stealing Package Con-  
taining \$10,000.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 19.—Clayton T. Zim-  
merman, the 29-year-old son of a street  
car conductor, who was employed in the  
"out money" department of the Adams  
Express company, confessed tonight that  
he stole the package containing \$10,000,  
which disappeared July 12, while being  
shipped through the express company from  
the National Bank of the Republic of the  
Second National bank at Mon-  
mouth, Ill.

All but \$10 of the stolen money was dis-  
covered by the detectives. It was found  
wrapped in a newspaper, concealed behind  
the moulding in the bathroom in the Zim-  
merman home. Zimmerman put it there  
a few hours after he took it. Zimmerman,  
man, who was arrested yesterday, at first  
denied that he knew anything about the  
money. After being questioned for more  
than an hour the young man broke down.  
He said that he took the money on the  
spur of the moment because he was dis-  
tressed by the thought of having so much  
to spend. His salary, he said, was only  
\$9 a month.

DIFFICULT TASK  
CONFRONTS TAFT

Many Signs of Revolt Against His  
Tariff Program in Both  
Houses.

MUCH KICKING FROM FAR WEST

"Raw Material Senators" May Com-  
bine Against Him.

INSURGENTS NOT SATISFIED

Cummins and Bristow Voice Their  
Objection to Plans.

CANNON MAY MAKE TROUBLE

Speaker Intimates that No Special  
Rule Will Be Reported in House  
for Adoption of Con-  
ference's Report.

WASHINGTON, July 19.—All of the re-  
publican members of the tariff confer-  
ence have been invited by President Taft  
to take dinner with him on Wednesday  
night at the White House. The invitations  
did not say whether there was any pur-  
pose in the gathering, other than sociabil-  
ity, but it is assumed that he expects to  
be ready to report progress in getting  
votes for the abolition or reduction of  
duties on raw materials.

Senator Crane spent an hour with the  
president today and later talked with  
Senator Aldrich. He endorsed the atti-  
tude of the president on the question of  
reducing duties on raw materials. Speaker  
Cannon visited the tariff conference cham-  
ber immediately after the adjournment  
of today's session and he had a long talk  
with Senators Aldrich and Crane. The  
speaker had been at the White House  
earlier in the day in company with Re-  
presentative Dwight (rep., N. Y.), the re-  
publican whip.

Dark Hint from Cannon.  
When Speaker Cannon left Senator Ald-  
rich's room tonight he said that the con-  
ference must frame the program for pass-  
ing the conference report through the  
house and the senate, and that the repre-  
sentatives of the two branches would have  
to assume responsibility for their actions.  
"This was understood to signify that a  
binding rule could not be looked for to  
carry an unpopular report through the  
house. When pressed for an explanation  
the speaker merely smiled.

There was no indication of a lack of  
understanding between the leaders of the  
senate and house. The speaker exhibited  
his usual good nature, and talked freely  
with the newspaper men about every sub-  
ject except that which they desired to hear  
him discuss. Senator Aldrich left the office  
building with Senator Crane for the pur-  
pose of considering the possibility of put-  
ting through the senate a conference report  
providing for free iron ore and free oil  
and reduced duties on coal, lumber and  
hides.

Hard Task in Senate.  
If the mutterings of dissatisfaction heard  
about the senate offices today may be  
taken as a criterion, the senate leaders are  
confronted with a very hard task. Strangely  
enough, many of the protests against the  
free raw material program are coming  
from the progressive republican faction,  
who fought hardest for downward revision.

Many of the progressives come from  
states interested in cattle raising and they  
are opposed to free hides, or even to a  
reduction in the duty. Other insurgents,  
notably Senators Bristow and Cummins,  
who are not particularly interested in the  
question of free hides, iron, oil or coal,  
expressed their opinion that the president  
should bring his influence to bear in a  
movement looking to reductions in the  
duties on wool and woolen goods, cotton  
goods and other articles which enter into  
wearing apparel.

Borah Inclined to Revolt.  
Senator Borah stated today that if the  
free raw material program was adopted  
some of the western senators would be  
afraid to go home, and could not expect  
to continue representing their states in  
Washington. He is thoroughly in sym-  
pathy with President Taft's attitude on  
the question of downward revision, but  
declares that it should not be confined to  
raw material. The Idaho senator is au-  
thority for a report that there is pro-  
gress of organization a combination of sen-  
ators who will be pledged to defeat the  
conference report if it should provide for  
free coal and free hides. The western  
are not concerned over the proposition to  
place oil and iron ore on the free list.

Circulating about the capitol today was  
a persistent rumor that the president would  
not be satisfied with free iron ore and oil  
and reduced duties on coal, hides and lum-  
ber. Many senators appeared to believe  
this report, and it is thought that he  
would insist upon hides and coal being  
placed upon the free list. Senators who  
visited the White House did not confirm  
the report upon their return to the capitol,  
but at the same time they were unable  
to contradict it.

Canvassing Taft's Intentions.  
The more conservative senators pointed  
to President Taft's statement issued fol-  
lowing a visit paid to him a few days ago  
as further evidence that he would not de-  
mand all of these articles should be made  
free. In this statement the president de-  
clared at the outset that he was not com-  
mitted to the policy of free raw materials,  
but that he was for a revision of the tariff  
downward. The conservatives argued that  
the compromise program that has been  
under informal discussion since Saturday  
was directly in line with the statement.  
No report suggesting the possibility of a veto  
in the conflicting views of the president's  
position exchanged at the capitol today.

Among the older members of the senate  
and house who have had long experience  
in harmonizing differences between the  
two branches of congress, or between con-  
gress and the executive, it was predicted  
that the president would demand every  
concession possible to obtain without en-  
dangering the adoption of the report.  
These conservative members asserted that  
the president realizes now how difficult  
it would be to get an agreement in the  
senate if all of the principal raw materi-  
als are made free. When the conference  
meet about the White House board on  
Wednesday night it is probable that the  
president will be informed just what con-  
cessions can be made without jeopardizing  
the passage of the conference report.

Corporation Tax Adopted.  
Today the conference devoted their atten-  
tion mainly to the revised suggestion tax

Jurors Free Ella Gingles  
But Discredit Her Story

Chicago, July 19.—Ella Gingles was  
cleared tonight from the charge of stealing  
lairs, but the story she told on the witness  
stand of being a "white slave" victim was  
denounced as untrue by the jury that  
freed her. This was the form as read by  
the clerk.

"We, the jury, find the defendant not  
guilty, and we, the jury, further find that  
the charges made against Miss Gingles Bar-  
rette were unfounded and are untrue."