

**POLICE CATCH
LEON'S FRIEND**

But Suspect Arrested at Schenectady
is Not Chinese Slayer of
Elsie Sigel.

CHUN SIN IS IN THE TOILS

Says He is Able to Throw No Light
On Gruesome Tragedy.

MURDER GIRL IS BURIED

Only 1 to Relatives Are Pres-
ence at Burial Service.

SUN LEONG SURRENDERS HIMSELF UP

Restaurant Proprietor of Place
Where Girl Killed, Calmly
Surrenders to Police and is
Held as Witness.

NEW YORK, June 21.—After a bit of police flurry today, an hour or two of unverified reports and telephoning between cities, the murderer of Elsie Sigel, daughter of Paul Sigel and granddaughter of Major General Franz Sigel of civil war fame, revealed itself in an unconvicted crime again tonight.

Chung Sin, who formerly occupied a room adjoining that where the girl's body was found, is held by the police at the little uptown city of Astor, N. Y., but what has been learned from him has served to clear up the case little, if any.

At Schenectady a Chinaman arrested today, at first thought to be Leon Ling, or William L. Leon, who is sought as the girl's murderer, has, according to all indications, pretty well established that he is an unoffending Chinese who formerly worked in a restaurant in New York and whose arrest was brought about merely through a strikingly unfortunate resemblance to Leon Ling.

The disappearance of Chung Sin about the time the murder was discovered here made the police eager for his apprehension, which was considered second in importance to that of Leon, but their interview with him at Amsterdam today seems to have brought out nothing of value to the authorities.

He maintains that he rarely associated with Leon, and while acquainted with Elsie Sigel, knows nothing of the murder. Thus, with his arrest of no great import, the case aside from developments in New York today, is about where it was when Elsie Sigel's body was found in the trunk in a room over the Eighth avenue chop suey restaurant last Friday night.

Sun Leong Surrenders Himself.
While the authorities up-state were putting the two Chinamen through an inquisition, Sun Leong, keeper of the restaurant above which the body was found, was being questioned at all police headquarters here. Sun Leong disappeared on the night the body was found, but calmly surrendered himself early today. He is being detained as a material witness, but his voluntary surrender is taken to mean that he is not implicated in any way in the crime.

This afternoon the New York police had been commencing the investigation, and even before the final decision was reached there tonight that the Chinaman held was innocent, had come to the conclusion that he was not Leon Ling. Detective Forbes, who hurried to Amsterdam, however, telegraphed to headquarters tonight that there was no doubt about the identity of Chung Sin, who is usually referred to as Leon Ling's roommate.

Murdered Girl is Buried.
In the midst of all the police activity the body of Elsie Sigel was quietly buried this afternoon in Woodlawn cemetery. As the father had announced last night that he wished to avoid any more publicity, the coffin containing the mutilated form was taken directly from the morgue to the burying ground in a plain undertaking wagon. The ceremony at the grave was strictly private, and was attended only by her father, two brothers, Reginald and Theodore, and by her uncle, Franz Sigel. Mrs. Sigel, it will be recalled, broke down completely when she learned of her daughter's death, and is now in a sanitarium.

Although the mission in Chinatown, where Elsie Sigel formerly taught, has been closed, a meeting of Chinese who have been converted to Christianity, was held at Doyer Street mission this afternoon to discuss plans for the raising of a fund to be offered as a reward for the capture of Elsie Sigel's slayer. No definite sum was decided upon, but a committee will go through Chinatown today soliciting subscriptions. Rev. Pung Y. Mow, acting as chairman.

In discussing the case the Rev. Mow said that Leon Ling had never been connected with the mission in any way, and as far as he knew had never attended any school in Chinatown. Miss Sigel, he said, had taught him. The scholars, he continued, keenly felt the disgrace that the murder had brought upon the mission schools and stood ready to aid the police in every way to bring about the capture of the murderer.

Elsie Was Intimidated.
Theories as to the motive of the murder all coincide, as was indicated last night on the jealousy of Leon Ling. That he killed her because of her apparent friendship for Chu Gain, who is still detained as a material witness, is still the predominant belief.

In support of this explanation, Mrs. Florence Todd, one of the most prominent women workers in Chinatown, who knew Elsie Sigel and her mother intimately, said this afternoon:

"I knew Chu Gain, who is under arrest, very well. He is one of the few Chinamen whom I would trust with my life. Mrs. Sigel and Elsie also knew him for many years. They were introduced to him through an uncle of his."

"I believe that Elsie was in love with Chu Gain, and would have married him but that he would not marry her."

Jealousy Was the Motive.
Here Mrs. Todd went into the most significant part of her statement, that bearing on Leon Ling. She said:

**Suit to Test Bank
Deposit Statute**

Filed in Lincoln

Fifty-two State Banks Ask Federal
Court to Enjoin Enforcement
of Law.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
LINCOLN, June 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Representing fifty-two state banks, John L. Webster and W. V. Allen late this afternoon filed a petition in the federal court here asking for an injunction against the State Banking board to prevent the going into effect of the new banking law. This is the law which provides for the guaranty of deposit by an assessment upon the capital stock of the banks.

The petition says the law is unconstitutional because it takes property without due process of law; is confiscatory; it provides for a violation of the contract between the state and banks as expressed in the charters granted; it causes a violation of the contract between the bank and its stockholders.

Judge Munger has not yet set a date for a hearing on the petition.

**Smuggler May
Betray Others**

George E. White, Under Sentence, is
Witness Before New York Federal
Grand Jury.

NEW YORK, June 21.—George E. White, convicted smuggler, was taken before the federal grand jury here today in the expectation that he would give testimony throwing light upon the identity of the principals in the recent attempt to smuggle large quantities of Parisian costumes into the country. White, who conspired with Mr. and Mrs. William H. Kilgannon on another smuggling charge and sentenced to two years in the federal prison at Atlanta.

District Attorney Wise in his argument in the federal court when White and the Kilgannons were sentenced, indicated his belief that there was a connection between the older smuggling charge on which the trio were convicted and the larger plot to get valuable goods unlawfully into the country, recently unearthed.

**Nebraska Finds
Long Lost Brother**

Members of Family Separated Fifty-
Seven Years Ago United at
Foster.

LA PORTE, Ind., June 21.—(Special Telegram.)—D. A. Staley, Young America, Ind., returned last night from Foster, Neb., where he met a brother, Martin V. Staley, whom he had not seen for fifty-seven years.

Fifty-seven years ago at the death of their mother, Martin was taken to Texas and at the outbreak of the civil war became a Confederate soldier, and at the close of the war settled in Foster, Neb. His brother was left in Indiana and the two grew to manhood and old age without hearing from each other for years.

Each trying to discover the other's whereabouts until a few days ago D. A. Staley learned that Martin was living in Foster. Martin is now 72 years old and the brother is 70.

**Hundreds of Sheep
Killed By Hail**

Storm Causes Big Damage on Ranch
Near Chihuahua,
Mexico.

EL PASO, Tex., June 21.—Passengers arriving here today report a devastating hailstorm over the country around Encinas Station, near Chihuahua, on Saturday. Vegetation was laid flat by the pelting hail. On the ranch of General Luis Terrazas, near Encinas, 1,500 sheep were killed by the storm.

ARMY OFFICER IS IN TROUBLE

First Lieutenant Clarence S. Nettles,
Retired, Accused of Financial
Irregularities.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The president has ordered a court-martial to meet at Denver, Colo., July 4, for the trial of First Lieutenant Clarence S. Nettles, U. S. A., on charges of financial irregularities, preferred by General Thomas, commanding the Department of Colorado. Lieutenant Nettles, now retired, lives in Denver. Brigadier General F. A. Smith, commanding Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., is judge advocate of the court.

**Dean Ward is Wanted in
Illinois and New York**

Dr. Henry Baldwin Ward, dean of the
University of Nebraska Medical college,
is a much-sought man. A fortnight ago
he received a generous offer from a New
York medical college and before he had
time to make a decision, he gets another
proposition from the University of Illinois.
He is to give the New York college his
answer this week, meantime he is now at
Champaign, the seat of the Illinois uni-
versity, looking over the field.

**BROWN IS FOR
HIS RESOLUTION**

Senator Writes in Support of His
Attitude On the Interstate
Question.

TAFT'S PLAN WILL SOLVE ISSUE

Impost on Corporation Incomes a
Certain Solution.

BAILEY IDEA MEANS A LAW SUIT

Court's Decision Referred to in a Letter
By Senator.

HOPE FOR DEFINITE AUTHORITY

States Will Very Likely Endorse the
Proposed Amendment to the Con-
stitution and Doubt Will
Be Ended.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Brown today made public a letter written to Hon. W. H. Pitzer of Nebraska City, regarding the income tax situation, which clearly and succinctly defines the position of the senator and status of those senators favorable to President Taft's recommendation for a tax on earnings of corporations. In his letter to Mr. Pitzer Senator Brown says:

"I am depending upon men of your sense to understand my position with respect to the income tax. No candid man acquainted with conditions in the senate will contend that there is any hope to pass a general income tax provision in the face of the decision of the supreme court in the Pollock case, which held such a law to be unconstitutional. By special message the president proposes a tax on the incomes of corporations, which the supreme court sustained in the preckles case."

"For many weeks, I have had a joint resolution pending in the senate, proposing an amendment to the constitution which will give congress express and undoubted power to pass a general income tax law, covering the incomes of both corporations and individuals. In the meantime, I am firmly convinced that it is my duty to pass the corporation income tax law, such a measure having been sustained by the courts, rather than to pass an individual income tax law, such a law having been condemned by the courts."

Compares His Plan and Bailey's.
"The joint resolution will be adopted by the senate and congress, I think, referred to the several states for ratification. When so referred, it will become a political issue in every state, each political party hastening to be the first to support the proposition, and thereby making its adoption, to my mind, as certain as the coming of day."

"For these and other reasons, I am in favor of the president's policy, and I believe it will receive, as it deserves to receive, the support of all reasonable men."

"The Bailey income tax law means a lawsuit, not an income tax. The president's plan, if adopted, means an income tax from corporations, but not from individuals. We will get the general income tax law, which I favor, as soon as the states ratify my resolution. The president's policy also includes real publicity of corporate affairs and stockholders as well in full possession of all facts. This can be made the basis of corporate control, which will mean much for the welfare of the people interested and the great American public. Publicity will also tend to stop culpable manipulation of stocks and the chaser of stock will then know what he pays his money for, and will get it. From my standpoint, the Taft policy on this proposition commends itself very strongly to me, and I believe it will to you and others in the state who really want an income tax law placed on the statute books."

War Department Wants Land.
That the War department has use for the Fort Nebrara military reservation was the advice given Senator Brown when he applied in the interest of the University of Nebraska for that reservation.

The desire of the university to establish a model farm in that part of the state, one similar to that at North Platte, which has been of great value to people of the western part of the state. Believing that the government had no further use for the reservation, the regents asked Senator Brown to ascertain whether it could be secured for this purpose for the university, but the secretary of war declared the government had other plans for that reservation.

F. H. Abbott, editor of the Aurora Republican, is the second Nebraska to land under the new administration. Mr. Abbott was tendered the position of assistant commissioner of Indian affairs on Saturday by the secretary of the interior and has accepted. It is expected his nomination will be made tomorrow.

Cora E. Small, postmaster at Memphis, Tenn., is the third Nebraska to be named. She is a candidate for the place and more are expected. The office pays \$400 per year.

SENATOR ROOT IS CALLED IN

New York Statesman Will Help Draft
Earnings Tax Bill.

PUBLICITY TO BE ENFORCED

Much Opposition to that Feature, But
President Taft and Members of
Finance Committee Agree It
is Essential.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—President Taft will personally supervise putting the finishing touches upon the proposed amendment to the tariff bill providing for the imposing of a 2 per cent tax upon the net earnings of corporations. This will be done tomorrow night at a conference at the White House.



THE MAROONED CHAUTAUQUANS.
From the Washington Evening Star.

SENATOR ROOT IS CALLED IN

New York Statesman Will Help Draft
Earnings Tax Bill.

PUBLICITY TO BE ENFORCED

Much Opposition to that Feature, But
President Taft and Members of
Finance Committee Agree It
is Essential.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—President Taft will personally supervise putting the finishing touches upon the proposed amendment to the tariff bill providing for the imposing of a 2 per cent tax upon the net earnings of corporations. This will be done tomorrow night at a conference at the White House.

There will be present Attorney General Wickesham and Senator Root, who are drafting the amendment, secretary of State Knox and Senators Aldrich, Burrows, Penrose, Hale, Cullom, Lodge, McCumber, Smoot and Flint, constituting the republican membership of the finance committee. The draft prepared by Messrs. Wickesham and Root will be discussed at the conference. Such changes are agreed upon will be made by the attorney general on Wednesday and it is expected the perfected amendments will be ready in the senate on Thursday.

The attorney general and Mr. Root had a long session at the capital today, and reached an agreement on practically every feature of the corporation tax plan. The portion which is giving them the greatest trouble relates to the government control of corporations necessary to carry the law into successful operation. There has been no little opposition to subjecting the corporations to the amount of publicity that will be required for the enforcement of the law, and to prevent manipulations of stocks and bonds for the purposes of evasion.

Publicity Regarded as Necessary.
Members of the finance committee, as well as Mr. Root and Mr. Wickesham, agree with President Taft that such publicity must be given, and that without it the corporation tax law would be a failure. This feature, it was said today, certainly will be incorporated in the amendment. The authors of the draft, however, are experiencing difficulty in finding an effective way of reaching the situation.

Among the details of the bill determined today are that the tax to be levied will be at the rate of 2 per cent and that it will be collected from all corporations. All banks will come within the range of the tax bill and deductions will be allowed national banks to the amount of taxes paid upon their circulation. An important provision to be included in the bill is a definition of the net earnings. This will follow as nearly as possible the definition of earnings collected in the interstate commerce act relating to railroad corporations.

President is Optimistic.
Mr. Taft was decidedly optimistic over the outlook for the corporation tax, but a number of senators who called at the White House today declared that the proposition would keep the senate in session until long past August 1.

President Taft does not believe that a 2 per cent tax on net earnings is heavy enough to make any of the larger corporations resort to executive measures. As to bonds, it is possible, the president feels, to provide a limit for the issuance of such securities, based on the capital stock, that will prevent corporations from transferring all of their securities into bonds, the inter-

(Continued on Second Page.)

**Calhoun Will
Attack Court
and Heney**

Traction Magnate to Make Strong
Effort to Escape Second
Trial for Bribery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 21.—When the case against Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railroads, charging he offered a bribe of \$4,000 to Supervisor John J. Furey to secure an overhead trolley franchise, is called in Judge Lawlor's court next Monday, counsel for the defense will move that the indictment be set aside.

They will present demurrers alleging that Judge Lawlor, on account of his conduct of the trial just concluded, is not qualified to sit in the new case, and that Francis J. Heney is disqualified from acting as a district attorney because of the alleged fact that he was, at the time of his appointment by District Attorney Langdon, and is now, an assistant to the attorney general of the United States.

Heney declared that he was not and never had been an assistant attorney general of the United States, although he had been offered that office by Attorney General Knox. He denied also the allegation made by Attorney Mr. Moore, that he had drawn large sums of money from Rudolph Spreckels for his services during the prosecution of graft cases. All money paid to him by Spreckels, he said, had been paid out by him in turn to his assistants for salaries and expenses.

IS ACCUSED OF WIFE MURDER

Illinois Man, Suspected on Circum-
stantial Evidence, is Hunted
By His Neighbors.

ROCK ISLAND, Ill., June 21.—Men are searching the country about Rapids City, Ill., for Thomas Adams, 60 years old, who is wanted in connection with the slaying of his wife, 46 years old, who was found dead in the yard of her home today, by her daughter, Mrs. Hazel Cox.

FATHER OF GOVERNOR DEAD

Major James M. Hadley Succumbs to
Stroke of Apoplexy After Ill-
ness of Weeks.

DESOTA, Kan., June 21.—Major James M. Hadley, father of Governor Herbert S. Hadley of Missouri, died at his home here today. Governor Hadley was with his father when the end came.

Major Hadley suffered a stroke of apoplexy while attending a base ball game at Kansas City several weeks ago.

BAPTIST CLERGY TO WRANGLE

Prof. Foster, Alleged Heretic, is Ex-
pelled Amid Bedlam.

GOOD DIVINES JEER AND YELL

One Preacher Declares That Another
is Careless of the Truth—Son of
Accused Man Leaves Meet-
ing in Wrath.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 21.—Professor George Burman Foster of the University of Chicago, whose denial of the divinity of Christ in a recent book written by him, has stirred Chicago Baptists to a high pitch of resentment, was dropped from the Baptist ministers' conference of Chicago today.

Hisses, yells and general confusion made the meeting one of the stormiest ever held by churches in Chicago, and it was referred to by one preacher as resembling a political meeting in a rowdy yard. Speakers who had been howled or hissed down, sat with flushed indignation faces, while the chairman pounded for order.

The young son of Professor Foster was present. "It is a shame and unfair," he shouted as he left the hall.

The insistence of Rev. Dr. A. C. Dixon of the Moody church, that Professor Foster be dropped, for a time brought the fight around to himself, the real object of the meeting being disregarded.

Start of the Trouble.
Rev. Dr. D. D. McLaurin started trouble by asking for a committee to investigate Dr. Dixon's right to membership in the conference. This motion was hissed down, and Dr. Dixon explained that he joined the Baptist church in New York.

Dr. M. P. Boynton came in for a hissing when he said: "We are not going at this matter right. Foster is as good as Myers or any one here, and—"

His voice was drowned in a storm of disapproval. The Myers referred to is Rev. Dr. Johnston Myers, one of the chief assistants of Professor Foster. Some of the ministers tried to check the hissing. Dr. Myers shouted above the din:

"It is no worse to him than to have those present denounced as Dr. Boynton is doing. The hisses should not be stopped unless Dr. Boynton is stopped."

Dr. Myers attempted to introduce a resolution to drop Professor Foster, whereas his veracity was assailed by Rev. Dr. A. H. Harnley.

**DUTY ON HIDES
MUCH DEBATED**

Montana and Wyoming Senators Lead
Fight for Present Rate of 15
Per Cent.

NEW ENGLAND IN OPPOSITION

Page of Vermont Says Beef Trust is
Sole Beneficiary.

PLEA OF THE MANUFACTURERS

It is Denied that Free Hides Would
Benefit Cattle Trust.

SECTION AGAINST SECTION

Western Cattle Representatives Urge
Duty, While Eastern Manufac-
turing Crowd Insists Upon Its
Removal.

WASHINGTON, June 21.—The amendment of the senate committee on finance, taking hides from the free list and restoring the Dingley law rate of 15 per cent ad valorem, was before the senate all day, and it probably will not be disposed of before late tomorrow. If that happens, the amendment Senator Warren of Wyoming and Senator Carter of Montana supported the provision, and in vigorous language attacked the attitude of the free hide advocates, while Senator Page of Vermont defended the action of the house in placing hides on the free list.

Thinks Senate Insulted.
Mr. Warren declared that the senate had been insulted by the charge that the Dingley provision had been inserted as the result of a midnight conference, and he declared that free raw material would be the death-knell of the protective policy. If it should be adopted, while Mr. Carter asserted that if the farmers were to be compelled to sell their products in the open market they would demand the right to buy manufactured articles in the same kind of market.

In support of free hides, Mr. Page contended that the adoption of such a policy would not injure the farmer, while at the same time it would be of vast benefit to the leather manufacturers. He said the beef trust covered all the profits on hides from whatever source.

Carter Says "Bunco Game."
"If a confidence man at a circus ever presented a less plausible proposition to the farmer than that," declared Mr. Carter, referring to the attitude of the senators who favor free hides, "he certainly was wanting in wit."

"Never before has the farmers' intelligence been so discounted," he continued. "He is told, Carter declared, that hides are no good, and therefore it will be taken off. Then he is told the duty will be left on leather, on shoes and on harness, for the benefit of the manufacturer. He is further told he is to buy in the protected market and sell in open markets of the world the things he has to sell."

"If Mr. Carter declared with vehemence, 'the farmer is to sell in the open market, he will demand that he be allowed to buy in the cheapest market.'"

Senator Page defended the house provision for free hides. He discussed at length the influence of the Central Leather company, generally referred to as the leather trust, and claimed that the duty does him no good, and therefore it will be taken off. Then he is told the duty will be left on leather, on shoes and on harness, for the benefit of the manufacturer. He is further told he is to buy in the protected market and sell in open markets of the world the things he has to sell."

"If Mr. Carter declared with vehemence, 'the farmer is to sell in the open market, he will demand that he be allowed to buy in the cheapest market.'"

Free hides were advocated by Senator Daniel. The hide tax, he said, was not what it puts into the treasury.

Daniel a Free Trader.
After speaking at some length to the hide provision the Virginia senator entered upon the more general subject of tariff legislation and eulogized the exercise of independence in legislation. Referring to his purpose to vote for free hides Mr. Daniel declared: "I am not going to vote for free hides because it is a raw material or a finished product."

In closing he said he was as firmly convinced that the world was tending toward free trade, as he was that it was tending toward the brotherhood of man.

HOUSE IS ALSO IN SESSION

Civil Service Amendment to Census
Bill is Concurred In.
WASHINGTON, June 21.—Availing themselves of the presence of a quorum, the house leaders today obtained action on several important matters. First in order among these was a conference report on the bill providing for the taking of the census.

With respect to that measure, the debate hinged on the senate amendment requiring that applicants for appointment take the examination in the states or territories in which they profess to live, and that they have at least one year's actual domicile therein previous to such examination. The amendment was concurred in, but all other amendments were disagreed to and the bill again was sent to conference.

**Rumor of Harriman's Death
Causes Flurry in Stocks**

NEW YORK, June 21.—Rumors that E. H. Harriman was critically ill in Vienna, a report that at times was exaggerated to the extent of saying that he was dead, all met with prompt denial by his associates, and at the Union Pacific offices this afternoon. But notwithstanding this the reports, coupled with a sharp bear raid, caused a decided break in the stock market, and the decline in the so-called Harriman stocks had not been checked when trading closed.

Union Pacific dropped four points, recovered a quarter, leaving a net loss of 3 1/2 per cent. Southern Pacific showed a net loss of 2 1/2. Reading 1/4 and Amalgamated Copper 3/4. Losses as high as 12 points from the high water mark of a few days ago were recorded.

One of Mr. Harriman's closest associates said this afternoon that he felt convinced any report purporting to indicate that Mr. Harriman was seriously ill was utterly false.

"We have received several cable messages from Mr. Harriman today," he said. "One of these was addressed to a member of his family and gave no hint of any change in Mr. Harriman's condition."

Robert S. Lovett, vice president and general counsel of the Union Pacific Railroad company, made this statement:

"I have no doubt that the rumors are false. I had a cablegram from Mr. Harriman this morning upon a matter of business. I have been called upon almost every day since Mr. Harriman sailed to deny false reports about his health. I am tired of it, and shall pay no further attention to them."

VIENNA, June 21.—There is no truth whatever in the reports which seem to have been current in many parts of the world that E. H. Harriman is seriously ill. Mr. Harriman's health, on the whole, is considered satisfactory. Certainly there have been no serious complications of any kind since he arrived here. He has been driving daily and has shown a lively interest in all Viennese social events. Saturday Mr. Harriman was among the guests of the emperor at the Neue Handels Akademie, and Sunday afternoon he witnessed the trotting races, and took a drive through the principal streets.

Mr. Harriman, accompanied by his family, will leave here tomorrow for Semmering, in the eastern Alps of Austria-Hungary where he intends to stay for several weeks.