Bell Doug. 616—BOTH PHONES REACH ALL DEPTS.—Ind. A-1241

SPECIAL SALE WHITE CASHINE

Wednesday morning we will place on special sale one case 25c White Cashine Waisting, in lengths from 3½ to 15 yards—at, per yard 5c

Nemo WEEK

NEMO WEEK is devoted to Corset education. It gives our customers Fashion's latest word on the all-important subject of corsets.

NEMO WEEK teaches women how to be fashionably slender without transgressing the laws of health—and *perfectly comfortable.*

SPECIAL DISPLAY AND SALE of the world-famous Nemo Corsets, for slender and medium figures as well as for stout forms.

AN ANNUAL FASHION EVENT of national importance, for which we have made extensive preparations, and to which all our patrons are cordially invited.

Chamoisette Gloves.

A new thing in gloves is always of interest. This time for a small sum, too—you can secure a pair of "Kayser's Chamoisette," in the soft natural tones of chamois. All sizes at 50c per pair.

See display in 16th Street Window.

The Herald Square Linen Waists for Women.

Charming new styles, both hand embroidered and plain tailor made.

Pure Irish Linen Tailor made, at $2.50, $2.75, $3.50, $3.75, $4.00 and $4.50.

Pure Irish Linen hand embroidered at $4.00, $4.75, $5.00, $6.75 and $7.50.

Just received, the New Summer Sweaters for girls and women.

Thompson Belden & Co.

Bee, 5-4-'09.

California streets, on the charge of drunkenness and distribing the peace by fighting.

Joy Among the Jims.

With the presence of Mayor Dahlman at democratic headquarters the rooms were not sufficient last night to permit the full ebulition of democratic enthusiasm and the greater crowd was on the street in front of headquarters cheering for Dahlman, Chairman Tom Flynn and the democratic victory.

The headquarters were fairly full, however, with the crowds coming and going from the moment the first returns began coming in. When it became apparent from the early returns that Dahlman was re-elected by an increased majority over three years ago there were repeated calls for Dahlman and he mounted a chair. His appearance was greeted with tumultuous applause and it was several moments before he could get quiet enough to have himself heard.

His Proudest Moment.

"This is the proudest moment of my life and I want to thank you one and all for this splendid victory," said he. "It is not a personal victory, but a victory of the people. No man has ever been vilified more than I have during this campaign and for the last three years. It shows that the plain, common people will stand by their friends and I am proud to know that I have been endorsed as the friend of the common people. I have made my fight for you and we have won by your help."

Dahlman then held up the late copies of the papers that opposed his election in which his victory was announced in big black letters.

"There is my vindication," said he, "and what man needs a more complete one. I, too, want to thank Tom Flynn, the chairman of the democratic committee, for the splendid work he has done. He is deserving of the fullest credit. He was backed by a splendid committee and fought a magnificent campaign. I thank all of you from the bottom of my heart."

Now Comes Boss Four.

Loud calls were then made for Tom Flynn and he mounted the chair and was given an ovation.

"This is a splendid victory for a splendid man and a splendid cause. No man has been more traduced for the past three years and during this campaign than has our mayor," said he, "but this great victory has been more than a vindication. Three years from now he will be the candidate for governor of Nebraska, and nothing can stop his election. The people of Nebraska look to him for leadership and nthing can prevent his being that leader."

Then there were more cheers for Mayor Dahlman, and then His Honor came in for personal congratulations by hosts of his admirers.

Breen Grateful to Friends.

J. P. Breen was not in evidence at any of the places where returns were being received last night, but was located finally at the Fontanelle club, where he was engaged in a game of billiards.

When asked for a statement he at first refused to say anything, on the ground that he had not heard from enough precincts to form any idea of the result.

When told that the returns showed the re-election of Mayor Dahlman he said:

"I made a clean fight. I expressed my sentiments to the people on every occasion and if the campaign was to be fought over again I would fight it out along exactly the same lines. I am grateful to the friends who stood by me so loyally. Like every defeated candidate, I can only add that we have met the enemy and presumably we are theirs."

Kemper, Hemphill & Buckingham,
All kinds of plating.

How Many Meals Have You Saved?

Do you show your meals do you good, as the saying goes? Have you the product of former good dinners tucked away around your waist line? Do they reproach you? Do they lie heavily on your physical conscience, as it were? Are you anxious to reform?

Well, then contemplate a period of penance. What do you say to a month of unmodified breakfast food diet—made thin; to be followed or accompanied by thirty days of road work or weight lifting. No?

How about a few months' course of some acrid (put your teeth on edge) acid, heartburn-causing, wrinkle-forming, stomach-upsetting, high-priced patent advertised "fat remedy," then—No?

All that remains for you to try, then, if you really wish to reform, is Marmola prescription Tablets. These tablets possess special virtue—the most important of which is: they cause not one ripple of internal uneasiness. Neither do they leave wrinkles behind; nor is dieting and exercise required to help out. Yet, in a reasonable time they are capable of reducing, possibly, any man or woman on this green earth a pound or so daily.

How about your trying this safe and well-ordered plan if you do not care to exercise or diet? The Marmola Company, Dept. 832, of Detroit, Mich., or any druggist, will give you, for as little as 75 cents, one large case, so well stocked that just that one case will show you the problem of reducing safely and quickly on three full meals a day has been solved.

American Rich Too Free, Says Italian Savant

State Lacks Powers to Curb Wealth Because of Fears of Forefathers.

PARIS, May 4.—The observations on the United States of America by Guglielmo Ferrero, the Italian historian, which are appearing in the Figaro, are attracting much attention. Signor Ferrero finds that the immense power wielded by the rich in America is due to their untrammeled activity, particularly as compared to Europe, where the state retains more or less control of all enterprises. The freedom of private initiative in America the distinguished Italian attributes to the fact that fear of the state was the underlying principle of the American constitution.

The founders of the republic, Ferrero says, were imbued with the French philosophy of the eighteenth century, and they could not foresee the formidable forces which would emerge from the development of the gigantic resources of the land. As a result the American millionaire occupies a different position. He assumes responsibilities which in Europe fall upon the state and with responsibility comes power.

"Owing to the weakness of the state in America all the superior intellectual and moral life of the country, scientific as well as religious, is falling gradually under the influence of the wealthy classes." Yet this state of affairs, Signor Ferrero affirms, is not as monstrous as is believed in Europe, where the difference between the state and the forces of capital in America are not understood.

Second Term for Forgery.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 4.—(Special.)—John H. Larkin, formerly a resident of Belle Fourche, who was pardoned out of the Sioux Falls penitentiary after serving part of a term for forgery and who some weeks ago forged the name of a local attorney by whom he had been given employment to a number of checks, when arraigned before Judge Jones of the state circuit court in this city entered a plea of guilty and has been sentenced to a term of five years in the Sioux Falls penitentiary. After passing the forged checks Larkin fled from the state and finally was captured at New Orleans only a few hours before he intended enlisting in the United States army under an assumed name with the object of effectually and permanently concealing his identity.

Sioux Falls Boosters' Trip.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., May 4.—(Special.)—Every ticket has been sold for an excursion of the Sioux Falls business men to Watertown on Wednesday of this week. A special train will be run, which will enable the visitors to spend some time at Watertown and also make brief stops at intervening towns, where the visitors will parade through the streets. At Watertown elaborate preparations have been made for the entertainment of the visiting business men. Committees have been appointed to receive and look after the visitors, who will be given the freedom of the city. The trip is for the purpose of promoting good feeling between the business men of Sioux Falls and those of the towns to be visited.

Yankton Plum Tree Shaken.

YANKTON, S. D., May 4.—In annual session Monday night the city council shook the municipal plum tree quite vigorously and passed around the plums as follows: Henry Luebke, D. E. Lloyd, members Board of Education for four years; Miss Olive F. Pierson, trustee for three years of Carnegie library; E. D. Palmer, city engineer; A. L. Wyman, city attorney; Dr. James Roane, city physician; Charles Wright and William Bailey, policemen; G. B. Freney, aldermanic member board of health; William Higbee, superintendent water works; Frank Schoe, J. W. Smith and Fred Donaldson, city weighmasters. A tie vote resulted when the official paper was voted on and no action was secured. This leaves the Herald still the official paper of the city.

Suicide on Railway Platform.

PIERRE, S. D., May 4.—(Special.)—At Midland yesterday Alfred Hammon, a settler near Nowlin, committed suicide by drinking a bottle of carbolic acid on the railway platform just as passengers for the west were boarding the train. Despondency is given as the cause of the act. Hammon leaves a wife and several children. The remains were shipped to his old home in Schleswig, Ia., for burial.

New Buildings at Ansley.

ANSLEY, Neb., May 4.—(Special.)—The Roman Catholic church has begun the erection of a $4,000 church building in Ansley. The First National bank has commenced a $20,000 bank building, to be built of granite. A new school building for the high school is being planned, to cost $20,000, to be built this year. The outlook is for twenty-five new residences to be built in Ansley this spring and summer.

HEALTH NEGLECT CRIMINAL

Dr. L. M. Shaw Scores Congress in Address.

BUT SOME LIGHT IS DAWNING

Physicians and Surgeons Applaud Their Leader at Dinner Held Last Evening, When He Pleads for Needed Legislation.

Physicians and surgeons of Nebraska attended a dinner at the Hotel Rome last evening, following the first session of a three days' meeting of the Nebraska State Medical association, which opened at the Hotel Rome Tuesday afternoon.

Dr. L. M. Shaw of Osceola, president of the state association, was the speaker of the evening. He declared the United States government has been criminally negligent in legislation to preserve the health of its people.

"Our life-saving stations that dot the shores of our great lakes and ocean coast lines are monuments to a government's care for those who go down into the sea in boats, but where are the life-saving stations of our government for saving people from the rocks, reefs and shoals of ill health on the land?" said Dr. Shaw, whose address stirred physicians and surgeons of Nebraska. Continuing, the president said:

In my discourse this evening, I have not thought it best to discuss any scientific subject, but to give briefly a resume of the various movements which are today creating so much interest both in the minds of the profession and the public. Movements, which, through education, will bring about not only prevention, relief and cure of disease, but will serve to bring the public to recognize the attitude of the medical profession in its recommendations of sanitary legislation and medical practice acts.

For a National Health Bureau.

That the government and people of the United States are at last awakening to the necessity of definite and comprehensive health legislation is quite apparent, as witnessed by the adoption of a plank in the platforms of the two great national political parties endorsing the organization of all existing national public health agencies into a national bureau of health. With both of these political parties committed by their platform declarations to advance sanitation, there should be no difficulty in securing a bill in congress in the near future to that effect.

The committee of one hundred, composed largely of the political economists of our great universities, tell us that in the last five years 750,000 people in the United States have died of tuberculosis and 250,000 more from typhoid fever, both preventable diseases.

It is a disgrace to our civilization that up to the present time our government has no department of public health.

The Department of Agriculture at Washington spends $7,000,00 annually on plant and animal health in our country, but with the exception of that which it has spent for the splendid work done by Drs. Wiley, Atwater and Benedict, our government does not spend one cent directly for the health of our innocent babies. In the last ten years this department has spent $46,000,000, but not a single wheel of official action has turned to help the 6,000,000 of our present population who will die of kidney and heart disease or the 8,000,000 who will die from the white scourge.

While this movement does not mean an independent health department with a physician in the cabinet, it does mean a bureau whose chief function will be to guard the health of the people, including all it involves. Hence it will be a decided advance and a step in the right direction.

The Emmanuel Movement.

Psychotherapy is the word adopted by those who have developed this movement to distinguish them from Christian Scientists, the new thought people, the faith healers and the thousand and one other schools which have in common the disregard of medical science and of all its accumulative knowledge in the past.

Psychotherapy is as old as the beginning of medicine. It began to be systematically practiced in Europe about twenty-five years ago with the investigations of Charcot and his school. In America it has been advanced by Drs. Wier Mitchell, Morton Prince, James J. Putnam and a few others. Americans physicians, generally, have fought shy of scientific psychotherapy for a long time. One of the most important reasons is the fact that Christian science exists and we have watched the antics and extravagances of Mrs. Eddy and her schools with disgust, but without any consistent attempt to find out the truth behind their fallacies and absurdities. That Eddyism contains some truth, no man will deny. It was Thomas Carlyle, that rugged old Scotchman and orginal thinker who said, and without being questioned, that, "No system of philosophy, ism or pathy ever existed but that it had some truth in it or men would have not taken it up. Aside from a few gifted men like Dr. Wier Mitchell the physicians of this country have practiced psychotheraphy without any system or study. It is not until the translation of Prof. Dubois' book in 1906, that we became aware of scientific mind cure.

We all practice psychotherapy in an amateur way. The simple giving of drugs in certain instances without the kind assurance of the physician amounts to but little. The personality of the attendant, in face, manner, words, action and tactful sympathy must enter actually as factors in the therapeutic role of every case. Few persons afflicted with chronic diseases are cured without strong confidence in the ability, skill and knowledge of their physician and the realization of the special efforts made in their behalf after a thorough examination. A physician is weighed in the balance as is no other man. Suggestion is a potent means of influencing the sick. For them it is constantly though inadvertently utilized. There is not a case which will not be influenced for better or worse by the attitude, the cheering words and the smile or the wrinkled brow or brusque manner of his physician. Legitimate use ought to be made of such means—it is not charlantanry. It concerns us in our daily practice of medicine and surgery and is a practical study. We need to search further in our ministration not simply for the material, but for the mental and moral cause of disease. I believe there is a great deal to be gained by study and system in these aids. Aids, the average physician has never called in.

Enthusiasts Do Harm.

However, I do not believe that psychotherapy is a cureall, and when practiced by an enthusiast is more or less dangerous, for it is bound to be applied to cases where an organic disease is overlooked. This criticism applies with special force to devotees of so-called religious cults and non-medical philanthropists who cannot recognize its limitations. That its field of usefulness is limited and is becoming more so has been pointed out by Dr. Hutchinson. The thoughtful and well trained physician is the only one who can and will recognize these limitations. I believe that psychology should be taught in all our medical schools and utilized where practical in sickness.

Several states have moved along the line of revision and change in their marriage laws, such as recommended by Governor Sheldon to our last legislature, making it necessary for every man and woman to present a certificate from a licensed physician showing them to be capable of producing healthy offspring. This is a matter which should receive the earnest consideration of the public and is a political matter which should interest us and will perforce interest those who come after us, for the tendency is, by promiscuous marrying and intermarrying, toward a degeneracy of our race which in time must seriously affect our state.

President Shaw predicts that from 900 to 700 members will attend the session, which will offer during the sessions a series of addresses by members rarely equaled for timeliness and importance.

Some important affairs relative to the national association and some of the publications of the society, are also to come before the Nebraska association.

In a report presented to the afternoon session, Dr. E. J. C. Sward, secretary of the Nebraska State Board of Health, reviewed the work of the board and the progress made in Nebraska through legislation and otherwise for the good of the public health.

Such a Legislature.

"We seriously regret that the last legislature did not appropriate funds, as asked by the board, to erect a bacteriological laboratory," said Dr. Sward. "It is difficult to understand why so little attention should be paid to our requests, realizing that such a laboratory would cost each citizen of the state about ¼ of 1 cent each year. We can but hope that our requests will be heeded some day, as thirty-six states in our union now have such laboratories and Minnesota alone has five.

"Something of the necessity of more work in Nebraska may be realized from the fact that tuberculosis causes the death of 600 people in Nebraska every year and shows a financial loss of more than $5,000,000 in wage earning capacity, loss of time and expenses to our citizens.

"Dr. Ward of the medical department of the University of Nebraska, says unless conditions are changed in Nebraska before 1925, the city of Lincoln alone will sacrifice 2,000 school children because of tuberculosis and the state of Nebraska 75,000 young people."

Dr. Sward charges that many of the state institutions are the homes of people with tuberculosis, who are giving it to others because the legislature has not appropriated sufficient funds properly to care for the unfortunates and segregate them from other patients and inmates.

Dr. Frank L. Loveland, pastor of First Methodist church, welcomed the members of the medical society to Omaha, the response being made by Ex-President A. S. Von Mansfelde of the association. Dr. H. B. Lemere, chairman of the committee on arrangements, introduced President L. M. Shaw of the association, who then took charge of the meeting.

List of Orations.

The following orations on medical subjectes were given:

Medicine—The Function of the Laboratory in Clinical Medicine, A. D. Dunn, Omaha.

Surgery—A True Conservatism, J. P. Lord, Omaha.

Gylecology and Obstetrics—Centennial Anniversary of the First Ovariotomy, Palmer Finley, Omaha.

A Case of Necrosis of Occipital Bone Following Middle Ear Suppuration, J. S. Blanchard, Kearney.

Fractures of the Thigh with Special Reference to the Upper Third; Diagnosis; Management; Treatment, A. P. Fitzsimmons, Tecumseh.

Acute Anterior Poliomyelitis, F. E. Coulter, Omaha.

Obstetric Anesthesia, F. A. Butler, Harvard.

Extra Gastric Lesions Simulating Gastric Ulcer, A. F. Jonas, Omaha.

Helpful Hints to the Busy Practitioner, F. A. Wells, Kenesaw.

The Debt the Public Owes to the Medical Profession, Rein K. Hartzell, Omaha.

Hay Fever; Exciting Causes; Treatment, W. R. Hobbs, Omaha.

While the house of delegates is holding a session this morning an automobile ride about the city will be given by Omaha physicians and surgeons for the women visitors. In the afternoon a matinee party will be given for them.

DOLLIVER AND ALDRICH TILT

(Continued from First Page.)

I would not be diverted if some wayfarer in this wilderness should be shown to have happened to strike some of the same things."

"I only say," replied Mr. Aldrich, "that the men trying to destroy this tariff are still doing business at the old stand."

"I am not trying to destroy this tariff," retorted Mr. Dolliver. "I hope to leave it a republican tariff that can be defended in the United States."

Saying the senator from Rhode Island had hurt his feelings by this criticism, Mr. Dolliver added: "He desired apparently to put me outside the breastworks, where so many good people have perished, for want of ventilation; but," he said, "despite criticism he proposed to perpetuate the work of others who had formerly attempted to revise these schedules." Mr. Dolliver declared he was for the Dingley cotton schedule and inquired of Mr. Aldrich whether the cotton manufacturers when before the house committee had not said they did not want these rates increased.

Mr. Aldrich said he did not know what had taken place before that committee.

When Mr. Dolliver had spoken for three hours, Mr. Tillman (South Carolina) requested that he suspend until tomorrow and permit the senate to adjourn. Mr. Tillman declared that he was not fatigued, for, he said, he never had enjoyed anything more in his life, but the session had run for six hours. Mr. Dolliver agreed, but Mr. Aldrich added that discussion of the bill would go on nevertheless. After numerous appeals from the South Carolinan, Mr. Aldrich yielded, but he gave notice that the country was waiting for the final passage of the bill and said that better progress must be made and therefore the sessions hereafter would be longer.

Reply of Mr. Aldrich.

Briefly answering some of Mr. Dolliver's criticisms regarding the cotton schedule, Mr. Aldrich charged that some of the samples of goods held up as exhibits had been furnished by importers who had destroyed the cotton schedules by obtaining decisions by the Board of eGneral Appraisers until the protection of sixty per cent had been reduced to five and six per cent. He denied that the cotton schedule of the senate bill was different in any respect from the Dingley bill except that the specific rates were substituted for the ad valorem rates.

To that response Mr. Dolliver replied that he did not intend to conceal from the senate the identity of those who had advised him. So far as the sample pieces of goods referred to was concerned he said "it was given to me by as bright a merchant as there is in America, who is none the less entitled to my respect because he marched at the head of a column 18,000 strong the day before the election in support of the candidacy of President Taft."

Mr. Aldrich sarcastically remarked that he had no doubt that "these good men, these respectable men, have interests in this matter which are entirely antagonistic to the people of this country."

When Mr. Dolliver took his seat his colleague, Mr. Cummins, warmly congratulated him.

Following a brief executive session the senate adofurned.

Kemper, Hemphill & Buckingham,
All Kinds of Plating.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK	Mar. Washington	
NEW YORK	La Gascogne	
NEW YORK	Zealand	
NAPLES		Verona.
NAPLES		Lombardia.
CHERBOURG	K. W. DerGrosse	
GIBRALTAR	Koenig Albert	Koenigen Louise.
QUEENSTOWN	Lusitania	

Stomach Trouble.

Your tongue is coated.
Your breath is foul.
Headaches come and go.

These symptoms show that your stomach is the trouble. To remove the cause is the first thing, and Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will do that. Easy to take and most effective.

"Goodyear Raincoats Reign Supreme"

Continuation of Our End-of-Season Clearance

RAINCOAT SALE

Entire Stock of the World Famous "Goodyear" Cravenettes, Top Coats, Silk Coats

Now Selling at 40 Cents on the Dollar

MEN'S AND WOMEN'S RAINCOATS

Your choice at these prices of the biggest Raincoat stock in town. New fabrics and in the newest spring models. Ideal garments for these balmy, rainy spring days.

$15.00 RAINCOAT—CLEARANCE PRICE	$6.00
$20.00 RAINCOAT—CLEARANCE PRICE	$8.00
$30.00 RAINCOATS—CLEARANCE PRICE	$10.00
$0.00 RAINCOATS—CLEARANCE PRICE	$12.00

We carry a full and complete line of Cravenettes, Raincoats, Ladies' Silk Rubberized Coats for evening and opera wear; Waterproof Automatic Wearing Apparel, Rubber Coats, Mackintoshes and Dusters for men, women and children. From maker to wearer at one single profit.

WOMEN'S SILK COATS

These spring days are Raincoat days, and a silk waterproof garment is the ideal spring over-garment. Our's is the biggest stock of silk coats in town. New styles in the latest and most popular colorings—various makes. The variety is big enough and prices low enough to insure satisfactory selection.

$15.00 SILK COATS—CLEARANCE PRICE	$8 0
$20.00 SILK COATS—CLEARANCE PRICE	$10.00
$30.00 SILK COATS—CLEARANCE PRICE	$12.00
$35.00 SILK COATS—CLEARANCE PRICE	$14.00

GOODYEAR RAICOAT CO., The Raincoat Specialty Store

CORNER 16TH AND DAVENPORT STREETS

All Mail Orders must be accompanied by Check or Money Order

MANY VILLAGES BLOTTEDOUT

Loss of Life in Armenian Massacress Placed at 25,000.

WOMEN SOLD INTO SLAVERY

Turks Around Tarsus Bartering Girls for Horses and Rifles—Some Shot Down to Please Crowd.

BULLETIN.

ADANA, Monday, May 3.—Via Larnaca, Cyprus, May 4.—Adana is still lawless. More people were killed in the city yesterday. There are 30,000 dead in Adana province as a result of the massacres and 35,000 homeless and penniless refugees are wandering into the villayet.

TARSUS, Asiatic Turkey, Saturday, April 24.—Via Constantinople, May 4.—Authentic details of the atrocities committed by the fanatical Mohammedans in the villages and farms in this district are now coming into Tarsus with sickening abundance. The worst particulars of these narratives cannot be mentioned, but they set forth without doubt that at least 10,000 persons lost their lives in this province and some estimates place the total casualties at 25,000. Villages like Osmanieh, Bazsiche, Hamadieh, Kara, Kristan, Keoy and Kezoiook were actually wiped out. Each of these places had populations of from 500 to 800 people. In one town of 4,000 people there are less than 100 left, nearly all women and children. It was the same thing with the hundreds of chiftlikes, or farms, that dot this wide and fertile plain. The slaughter was unsparing. Even Greeks and Syrians were struck down with the Armenians. Entire families were burned to death in their homes. Hundreds of girls and women were maltreated and carried off to the harems.

The correspondent was informed that at one place a party of 300 Armenians surrendered to the soldiers. The prisoners were taken to an open field, where the women were ordered to stand apart from the men. Every one of the men were then shot. In many cases they were done to death with their women clinging to them, trying to save their lives. A large number of women were wounded because of their persistence.

Sixty men who were brought down into this district from Hadjin are now held as slaves.

Young Turks around Tarsus are trading today Armenian girls for horses and modern repeating rifles. The entire ten days seem to have been an insensate orgy of lust and violence in the name of race and religion. In the massacres of fourteen years ago there was no such desire to kill women and children as has been evidenced in the last ten days. There have been numerous instances of the murdering of women and children with deliberation and there are other instances where women were brought out and shot down one by one, the bystanders clapping their hands at each fresh execution.

The local authorities are giving today 4 cents a day for each refugee in Tarsus. The government allotment is being supplemented from funds of the American mission. The local officials say they are soon going to discontinue their contributions, and if this is done there will be a famine.

The yard of the American mission house looks like a prison pen. When the captain of a French man-of-war at Mersina came up to Tarsus with a number of officers on a visit he called at the mission house. "My God," he said, "this is terrible. Where do all these people sleep?

The men wander around all night trying to keep warm. The women and children sleep at night on the floors of the school rooms. Few of them have beds.

In the meantime the Moslems, in the wasted country round about, are pasturing their horses and cattle on the green crops of their Armenian victims.

FORECAST OF THE NEW CABINET

Turkish Ministry Will Be in Harmony with Progressives.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 4.—The new cabinet probably will be organized as follows:

Grand Vizier—Hilmi Pasha.
Minister of Interior—Ferid Pasha.
Minister of Justice—Kakki Pasha.
Minister of Public Instruction—Azmi Bey.
Minister of Mines and Forests—Aristidi Pasha.

The other ministries will be retained by the last incumbents. Both Kakki Pasha and Azmi Bey are members of the committee of union and progress and it is expected that this cabinet, being thus brought into harmony with the present political situation, will have a long lease of power.

DEFENSE BY M'PHERSON

(Continued from First Page.)

entirely separate from counsel and expert fees amounts to the enormous sum of $18,000. I thought the equities of the situation were such as to warrant me in dividing the costs, compelling the railroads to pay $9,000 and the state of Missouri $9,000. The railroad companies have complained most earnestly and in some instances bitterly of this.

"Mr. Murphy says in his resolution that he wants a committee appointed to make an investigation. I very much doubt whether he wants such a committee, because, if he knows anything about the cases, that he cannot substantiate one word of recital of his resolution. The records of the United States court at Kansas City are an absolute refutation of every disparaging recital he makes, but, of course I shall not object to a committee and if one member of congress aside from Mr. Murphy thinks there should be such a committee I will gladly see it appointed.

"You ask me as to the so-called conflict of jurisdiction between the state and the United States courts. No one on either side of the case questions the fact but that the cases were first brought in the United States courts in Kansas City in the spring or summer of 1905.

"Right or wrong—I believe, right—I held in June, 1907, that the entire subject matter was still pending in the United States courts at Kansas City, whereupon I allowed supplemental bills to be filed carrying forward the statutes of 1907 both as to freight and passenger rates.

"It is an elementary rule of law that the court which had taken jurisdiction of a subject matter retains that jurisdiction until the final end and that other courts cannot intervene."

DEATH RECORD.

John W. Jackson.

BEATRICE, Neb., May 4.—(Special.)—John Wesley Jackson, for the last twenty-five years a resident of Beatrice, died last night, after an illness of three weeks, of spinal meningitis. Mr. Jackson was born in Illinois in 1860 and after coming to Beatrice was married to Miss Nannie Burroughs, who, with her two daughters, Miss Sarah and Corinne Jackson, survive the deceased. Mr. Jackson served as councilman from the First ward for eight years. He was a republican and two years ago ran for sheriff against Lon Trude, but was defeated. He was employed for twenty years in the furniture and undertaking establishment of Cook & Scott, and at the time of his death was in the employ of the Palmer-Wheelock Enterprise company of this city.

Michael Lahaff.

FORT DODGE, Ia., May 4.—(Special.)—Michael Lahaff, aged 91, who came to Webster county fifty-eight years ago, died at Mercy hospital, Dubuque this morning. He was born in Dublin, Ireland, and lived forty-three years on a farm here before retiring from active life with a comportable competence. His wife of the same age survives him.

Miss Mary E. Robertson.

Miss Mary E. Robertson died Monday night at her home, 1029 South Thirty-sixth street, aged 71 years. The funeral of Miss Robertson, who was a native of West Virginia, will be held at the residence Wednesday at 10 a. m. Interment in Forest Lawn.

Clarence R. Hale.

The funeral of Clarence R. Hale, the 14-year-old High school boy who died Monday in a local hospital was held Tuesday afternoon from the Cole-McKay undertaking rooms.

MR. BROWN ARRESTS BROWN

Latter is Accused of Being Too Jolly for the Neighbors on Sunday.

A study in brown was painted on the police record book Monday evening when J. G. Brown, who lives at 1937 North Nineteenth street, was booked and Patrolman Brown's name was entered as that of the arresting officer.

It is said that Brown was disturbing the peace and quiet of the city by loitering on the sidewalk at Thirteenth and Douglas streets, and that he further annoyed the neighborhood by refusing to perambulate to other regions when politely requested to do so by Officer Brown.

Such naughty conduct would not be countenanced by the public at large or the policeman at small.

When Brown was arraigned in court and charged with disturbing the peace by loitering, he was told never to do such a thing again and then released.

Steel on Grand Trunk Extension.

WINNIPEG, Man., May 4.—A gang of 200 men started laying steel today on the Grand Trunk Pacific railway from Superior Junction, 140 miles east of here, to Winnipeg. The work will be completed by July.

It is worth a great deal to know that your linen is washed with the linen of those as particular as you, of sanitation and finish.

THE PURITAN-HUB LAUNDRY

CLARK'S CRUISE OF THE "ARABIC"
16,000 tons, fine, large, unusually steady

ROUND the WORLD

From New York, Oct. 16, 1909, nearly four months, costing only $650 AND UP, including all expenses afloat and ashore.

SPECIAL FEATURES—Madeira, Egypt, India, Ceylon, Burma, Java, Borneo, Philippines, Japan. An unusual chance to visit unusually attractive places.

12th An'l Orient Cruise, Feb. 5,'10, $400 up. Spring & Summer Tours to Europe $270 up.

FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., N. Y.

Weighing up to $55.00 expectations for $40.00 "is a way we have."

This is a condition brought about by the "lately lamented" panic. Men accustomed to $65.00 and $75.00 suit-quality, feeling the pinch of circumstances, came to us with $40.00 in their hands and $65.00 quality-hopes and ideals in their minds.

We saw our opportunity. Gave 'em $65.00 tailoring for $40.00. The result is that our business has steadily—surely increased every month since the flurry in finances started over 1½ years ago.

The moral is—why aren't you getting some of this $65.00 quality for $40.00.

MacCarthy-Wilson Tailoring Co.
304-306 So. 16th St.
Near 16th and Farnam.

MAY SALE WAISTS
Saturday, May 8.
Brandeis Stores

When you buy Gold Medal Flour be sure it is Washburn-Crosby's Gold Medal Flour. This is important.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S
FRIDAY, SATURDAY—SAT. MATINEE
CHARLES FROHMAN PRESENTS
JOHN DREW
IN HIS LATEST COMEDY SUCCESS
"JACK STRAW"

SUNDAY AND MONDAY
Edwin A. Relkin's All Star Yiddish Co.
With
MME. KENNY LIPZIN
Sunday Eve. ..... "Her Past"
Mon. Eve. "The Power of Love"

BURWOOD
Phones: Doug. 1506; Ind. A-1506
Mats. Tues. Thurs. Sat.
The Pastoral Drama
"BLUE JEANS"
Laughs and Tears Blended
Next—"Girl From Out Yonder"
May 17-18-19-Mrs. Fiske in Salvation Nell.
May 20-21-22-Shubert's Co. The Blue Mouse

CREIGHTON
Orpheum PHONES DOUG. 494
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE
Election Returns TONIGHT

PIANO RECITAL
by
JOSEPH GAHM
at the
FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
Thursday Evening, May 6.
Under the Auspices of the Teachers Annuity and Aid Association.
Tickets $1.00—For Sale at Myers-Dillon Drug Co.

Ever hear of a
Dutch d'Hote
Better Still, Have You ever Tried One at
Hanson's Cafe
It's a Pleasing Assortment of Appetizing Delicacies that you Cannot Help Enjoying.

Your appetite may not crave any particular dish order simply a
PLATE DINNER
and a most appetizing assortment will be brought and you will be more than pleased.
original at THE CALUMET