

### BAILEY TALKS ON TARIFF BILL

Texas Senator Says Schedules in Pending Bill Should Be Reduced by One-Third.

### PROPOSES TAX ON WOMEN

This, He Says, Would Partly Offset Burden on Rich.

### WOULD RESTRICT IMMIG.

Mr. Aldrich Asks About Keeping Product of Cheap Labor.

### BAILEY WILL CONCLUDE TODAY

He Will Discuss the Decision of the Supreme Court Declaring Taxes on Income Unconstitutional.

WASHINGTON, April 26.—Denouncing the principle of a protective tariff as unfair in taking money from one man to give it to another in order to encourage him in the pursuit of an otherwise unprofitable business, Senator Bailey of Texas, today delivered a speech on the democratic side in opposition to the pending tariff bill. Both the floor and the galleries were crowded. Mr. Taft occupied a seat in the president's gallery.

After he had proceeded without interruption for over an hour several senators engaged in colloquies with him. Referring to Mr. Bailey's statement that the duties of the pending bill might be lowered 33 1/3 per cent, Mr. Aldrich asked whether he supposed the profits of American industries equalled that amount. Mr. Bailey replied that in the case of the United States Steel Corporation he believed they had and he cited the increased capitalization of that organization as an evidence of enormous profit. He insisted that such a lowering of the rate of duty would not seriously affect importations because he believed American manufacturers would be stimulated by the added foreign competition and would continue to supply the markets.

Protection and Labor. Mr. Bailey discussed his amendment providing for an income tax, which was criticized by Mr. Aldrich as tending to reduce the protection that would be given American labor if it resulted in a proportionate decrease of immigration as a protection to American labor. Mr. Aldrich retorted that while Mr. Bailey was ready to keep the foreign laborer from our shores, he was not averse to allowing the product of this cheap labor to come in competition with the product of American workmen.

Mr. Bailey also became involved in a discussion with Mr. Aldrich with regard to the latter's utterance in the senate in 1904, that the income tax was supported by the socialist, populist and democratic parties. Mr. Bailey said that Mr. Taft, now president, had said that Mr. Aldrich if he considered the president a socialist, populist or democrat, Mr. Aldrich replied that his statement was true at the time it was made.

Mr. Bailey declared that Mr. Aldrich had voted for substantially all large appropriation measures. He said that the Rhode Island senator's recent stand in favor of economy occurred when the burden was about to be placed on the rich.

Would Reduce Duties. "If this bill, as he presented it," said Mr. Bailey, referring to the chairman of the finance committee, "coupled with an income tax will raise too much revenue, let us reduce the rates that we collect on the necessities of life."

Referring to an "expatriated citizen" who, he said, owned \$100,000 of real estate in New York City, he said that the workmen of this country were taxed to protect his property, while he went untaxed during the war with Spain. For more than eighty years, said Mr. Bailey, the action of congress and the decisions of courts had maintained the validity of an income tax law.

Postponing the conclusion of his remarks until tomorrow, when he said he would give some attention to supreme court decisions on an income tax, Mr. Bailey said in closing:

"I do not think that any citizen or senator is precluded from indulging in just and fair criticism of any question relating to any department of this government. The judgment of the supreme court governs me in any particular case and I submit without complaint to that judgment, but I do not subscribe to the doctrine that because the judges have spoken all other men must receive their speech in silence."

Tax on Immigrants Proposed. There was an extended exchange of views of senators concerning the understanding under which amendments to the tariff bill would be considered, it being agreed that all amendments would be subject to further amendments even after, under the present procedure, the senate has adopted committee amendments.

Mr. Overman of North Carolina offered an amendment by which he proposed to place a head tax of \$10 on each immigrant coming into the country. Mr. Overman, discussing his amendment, declared:

"It means not only revenue for the treasury, but also a select class of immigrants and therefore it protects labor."

Mr. Overman estimated that the head tax on aliens which he proposed would bring to the government \$6,000,000 to \$10,000,000 of revenue.

### Hail Storm in Oklahoma

Terrific Downpour Accompanies Storm that Breaks Many Store and Residence Windows.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okl., April 26.—Dozens of window panes were smashed in residence and downtown business houses here last night in one of the most terrific hail and rain storms ever known here. The rain assumed the proportions of a cloudburst.

Murdered Man's Brother in West. CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 26.—(Special.)—Captain Albert N. Brunzell, United States marine corps, who was murdered in the Philippines several days ago, is a brother of Lieutenant Otto L. Brunzell, Eleventh Infantry, who is stationed at Fort Russell and was a guest of his brother here last

### National Game Declared Nuisance

Fairview, S. D., Prohibits Playing of Base Ball in City Limits—Menace to Public Property.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 26.—(Special.)—Base ball fans at Fairview, a small town south of Sioux Falls in Lincoln county, have been given a severe jolt by the town council of that place, which has enacted an ordinance prohibiting the playing of base ball on any of the streets of that place or upon any of the vacant lots. The members of the town council in the ordinance show their lack of sympathy with the great national game by solemnly declaring that the playing of base ball there "is a menace to the safety of people passing along the streets or sidewalks of the town." The ordinance not only prohibits the playing of base ball upon any of the public streets or on vacant lots, but also at any other place within the corporate limits of the town. Under the ordinance the playing of base ball is declared to be a public nuisance, and anyone violating the provisions of the ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

### Vice Graft Scandal in Chicago

Charge Ring Collects Protection Money from Resorts Will Go Before Grand Jury.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Investigation of an allegation that vice in the tenderloin district of Chicago is protected by a ring composed of two aldermen, two resort keepers and a high police official, who are said to have formed a stock company for the purpose, was begun by State Attorney John W. Wayman here today. Not only has it been reported to the state attorney that the keepers of dives and saloons in the so-called "red light" district pay weekly sums ranging from \$100 to \$200, but that the ring owns groceries, meat markets, dry goods stores, a dress-making establishment, drug store, wholesale liquor house, etc., at which the inmates of places which pay protection money are compelled to trade.

A mass of information collected by the state attorney will be presented to the grand jury.

### Three-Cent Fare Suit Postponed

Injunction Against Three Roads Dismissed, Federal Court Order Hinders Hearing of Others.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 26.—The injunction suit against the Burlington, Chicago & Alton and Kansas City Southern railroads was dismissed in Judge Williams' court today by Circuit Attorney Jones. The injunction suits against the other fifteen roads to restrain them from enforcing an alleged illegal agreement to restore the 3-cent rates were not taken up on account of Federal Judge Phillips' injunction against Governor Hadley and Circuit Attorney Jones.

### Wheat Goes Up and Down Again

Cent Advance Over Saturday is Soon Lost and Slump is the Result.

CHICAGO, April 26.—Wheat, on a market in which there was none of the excitement of last week, dropped a little lower today. The opening was 1 cent over Saturday, but in the absence of support, this was lost, and the decline resumed where it fell off Saturday. July dropped to \$1.05 1/2 and May to \$1.15 1/2.

### EX-GOVERNOR IN POLICE COURT

Former Oklahoma Official and Woman Arrested on Charge of Disturbing the Peace.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 26.—Frank Prantz, ex-governor of Oklahoma and a woman were arrested here early Sunday morning after a quarrel in a motor car. They were taken to the police station and spent the remainder of the night in cells. They were released on bond Sunday and Sunday night charges of disturbing the peace against them were ordered dropped by Chief Creevy.

### KILLED IN PRIMARY FIGHT

Republican Worker Shot Three Times at Election at Pikeville, Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, Ky., April 26.—In a general fight at Pikeville over a primary election in the mountains of Pike county, Anthony Taylor, a republican worker, was shot three times and instantly killed and three other men were clubbed so severely it is believed they will die. Several arrests were made.

### Castro Leaves Fortune in Gold Buried in Caracas

CARACAS, Venezuela, April 26.—(Via Port of Spain, April 26.)—It is persistently reported here that Cipriano Castro left a fortune in gold buried in Caracas. If this is so it explains Castro's alleged lack of funds and his anxiety to get back to Venezuela.

Negotiations have begun between the Venezuelan government and a representative of the Ethelburga syndicate of London for a settlement of the disputes over the match and salt monopolies in Venezuela, held until recently by English companies.

The newspapers and the public generally condemn the suggestion to remove the 20 per cent differential duty on goods coming into Venezuela from the West Indies.

### EVANS AND IJICHI DISCUSS AFFAIRS

American and Japanese Admirals Agree that War Between the Two Nations is Impossible.

### FRIENDSHIP TOO DEEP-SEATED

Yankees of the West and the East Understand Each Other.

### RAISING OF RUSSIAN BOATS

Admiral Says Vessels Sank at Port Arthur Were Little Damaged.

### OFFICIAL CALLS ARE EXCHANGED

Japanese Admiral and Two Captains Call Upon Acting Mayor Mott of Los Angeles—Delighted with Reception.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., April 26.—Admiral H. Ijichi, commander of the Japanese training squadron now at San Pedro, had a long talk today with Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans. The two admirals, who are old friends, and who are now staying at the same hotel, discussed international questions, including the possibility of war between the United States and Japan. They agreed that war between the two nations was impossible. "I see they have been trying to get us in trouble," said Admiral Evans. "Yes," replied Admiral Ijichi, "but such a thing is perfectly impossible. The United States and Japan understand each other too well for anything of that kind. The people of your country and mine have too deep seated a friendship for each other to ever allow any trivial matter to bring about trouble."

"I agree with you," said Admiral Evans. "Such a thought is ridiculous." Admiral Ijichi told Admiral Evans he was delighted with his reception at Los Angeles. He commented upon the apparent friendliness of the officials as well as the press, and public and stated that he and his men would be equally well received at other American ports.

Raising Russian Ships. "I would like to know," inquired Admiral Evans, "how your people succeeded in raising the Russian ships which you sank and in what condition you found them?" Admiral Ijichi replied: "We raised the sunken battleships and cruisers at Port Arthur and Chemulpo without any great difficulty. We found that those at Port Arthur were not sunk by the mortar fire directed upon them from 202-Meter hill. None of the shells penetrated the protected decks, although the superstructure and gun mounings were badly shattered. The ships were sunk by the Russians by opening the sea cocks when they found the port must fall into our hands. After raising the ships we found that the wooden decks had penetrated the water, but had flattened out. It evidently had not been possible to sink the ships by the fire from the heights."

Admiral Evans congratulated Admiral Ijichi upon his fortunate escape from death when the battleship Makasa, which he commanded, was blown up in Yokohama following the war.

During the day Admiral Ijichi returned the official call made yesterday to the flag ship by acting Mayor John Mott, accompanied by Commander Sato of the Aso and Commander Ishii of the Soya and Flag Lieutenant Sakamoto.

### Kansas City Has Bad Fire

Ridge Building Burns and Many Structure in Heart of City Threatened.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 26.—A fire which for a time threatened buildings in the heart of Kansas City's principal business district early this morning resulted in the total destruction of the Ridge building, a four-story brick and stone business and office structure on Walnut street near ninth.

### SENIORS DIVIDE THEIR MONEY

Proceeds of Recent Fall Will Go to Number of Worthy Enterprises.

Seniors of the Omaha High school held a meeting Monday afternoon to consider the disposal of their profits from their recent fair.

The class considered many proposals and finally decided to give \$100 for art, \$100 toward the starting of a trophy room, \$100 toward the senior banquet and \$25 to the Alumni association. There is still over \$50 in the treasury, which will be disposed of soon.

The trophy room will be in the new wing and will be a feature in the athletic and debating field especially. Already the high school has a collection of trophies, which will be arranged in the new room.

The money given to the Alumni association is to be used toward organizing an index system of the high school graduates.

### Relief Given to Shipper

Interstate Commerce Commission Finds Against Milwaukee. Rates Must Be Reasonable.

Commissioner Harlan Holds Publishing of Freight Tariff is No Assurance it is Just.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, April 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Commissioner Harlan of the Interstate Commerce commission in an opinion today in the case of the Arkansas Fuel company against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company held the road must make reparation on the basis that the class rate was excessive and should not have exceeded the commodity rate. The opinion reads: "The act to regulate commerce as amended not only gives a remedy against excessive and unreasonable rates as applied to shipments to be made in the future, but also affords the shipper a means of recovering excessive charges on shipments made by him in the past under rates that were unjust and unreasonable. In dealing with shippers a carrier is required to conform freight charges actually collected to the amount fixed in its published tariff, and in that sense a published rate in effect at the time of movement is the legal rate. But the law declares that every charge for service rendered by a carrier in transportation of passengers or property shall be reasonable and just, and if the carrier promulgates rates in violation of this injunction, it is not a lawful rate when its reasonableness is subsequently questioned upon complaint filed with the published rate is the legal rate, mere publication cannot make a rate lawful that is unreasonable and excessive. No rate can be lawful, in the sense of being immune from attack either with respect to past or future shipments if it be excessive and unreasonable in amount."

Burden of Complaint. The complainant shipped from Kansas City, Mo., to Seymour, Ia., via the defendant's railway, a car load of hay upon which it was compelled to pay a class rate of 1 1/2 cents per 100 pounds. This was one cent higher than the proportional commodity rate which had been in effect between the points in question until a short time prior to the date of shipment and was restored within sixty days thereafter by an amendment to defendant's tariff. Commissioner Harlan ordered reparation made on the basis that the class rate was excessive.



From the Minneapolis Journal.

### RELIEF GIVEN TO SHIPPER

Interstate Commerce Commission Finds Against Milwaukee. Rates Must Be Reasonable.

Commissioner Harlan Holds Publishing of Freight Tariff is No Assurance it is Just.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, April 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Commissioner Harlan of the Interstate Commerce commission in an opinion today in the case of the Arkansas Fuel company against the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway company held the road must make reparation on the basis that the class rate was excessive and should not have exceeded the commodity rate. The opinion reads: "The act to regulate commerce as amended not only gives a remedy against excessive and unreasonable rates as applied to shipments to be made in the future, but also affords the shipper a means of recovering excessive charges on shipments made by him in the past under rates that were unjust and unreasonable. In dealing with shippers a carrier is required to conform freight charges actually collected to the amount fixed in its published tariff, and in that sense a published rate in effect at the time of movement is the legal rate. But the law declares that every charge for service rendered by a carrier in transportation of passengers or property shall be reasonable and just, and if the carrier promulgates rates in violation of this injunction, it is not a lawful rate when its reasonableness is subsequently questioned upon complaint filed with the published rate is the legal rate, mere publication cannot make a rate lawful that is unreasonable and excessive. No rate can be lawful, in the sense of being immune from attack either with respect to past or future shipments if it be excessive and unreasonable in amount."

### Missing Girl is Found on Train

Adele Boas Located on a New England Passenger and Taken Home.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Miss Adele Boas of this city, was found on board a train arriving from New England this afternoon and was taken to the home of her father in this city.

### Boyle Almost Nervous Wreck

Whitie Kidnaped on Verge of Breakdown, but Still Refuses to Talk.

### GERMAN CROP IS SHORT

Condition of Wheat and Rye Much Worse Than for Same Period Last Year.

BERLIN, April 26.—The imperial crop report for April 26 shows the condition of wheat and rye to be considerably worse this year than for the corresponding period of 1908. The dry autumn and the severe winter are assigned as the cause, but the recent warmer weather, with occasional rainfalls, are expected to improve prospects.

### Lions and Buffalo Thick on McMillan's Ju Ja Ranch

NAIROBI, British East Africa, April 26.—Theodore Roosevelt left Kapiti Plains yesterday and went to the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease, on the Athi river.

Major Mearns, Edmund Heller and J. Alden Loring, members of the Roosevelt party went over to Sir Alfred's Athi river. George McMillan and F. C. Selous are going to Machakos via the Pease ranch on Wednesday.

Lions are reported numerous on Mr. McMillan's Ju Ja ranch and there is a herd of 150 buffalo on Mr. Heatley's ranch where Mr. Roosevelt will hunt. The weather here and at the Pease ranch today is cloudy and heavy rains fell last night. The prospects of sport on the plains are exceptionally good, owing to the rainfall. There have been no more cases of smallpox in the Roosevelt caravan. Colonel Roosevelt's first hunt was favored with fine weather, and he enjoyed the experience immensely. He bagged two wildbeasts and a Thompson's gazelle. In one

### Missing Girl is Found on Train

Adele Boas Located on a New England Passenger and Taken Home.

NEW YORK, April 26.—Miss Adele Boas of this city, was found on board a train arriving from New England this afternoon and was taken to the home of her father in this city.

Fifty people gathered about the Boas residence when the carriage drove up with Adele Boas and two detectives, who had found her on board a train at Stamford, Conn. The girl rushed out of the carriage into her uncle's arms. She appeared in good health. The girl went away voluntarily, she says, under the impression that she would like to earn her own living, but seeing the newspapers and learning that the police were looking for her, decided to come from Boston, without notifying the police.

### Boyle Almost Nervous Wreck

Whitie Kidnaped on Verge of Breakdown, but Still Refuses to Talk.

MERCER, Pa., April 26.—On the eve of his trial for the kidnaping of Willie Whitie, James H. Boyle is on the verge of a nervous breakdown.

This morning detectives visited the jail and told Boyle he was "all in" and might as well tell who his accomplices were. He refused to talk and the detectives then went to Mrs. Boyle. They told her they had just had a talk with "Jimmy" and that she might as well tell her story. "Well, if 'Jimmy' has told you everything I guess there is not much use of me talking," was the comment of Mrs. Boyle.

### GERMAN CROP IS SHORT

Condition of Wheat and Rye Much Worse Than for Same Period Last Year.

BERLIN, April 26.—The imperial crop report for April 26 shows the condition of wheat and rye to be considerably worse this year than for the corresponding period of 1908. The dry autumn and the severe winter are assigned as the cause, but the recent warmer weather, with occasional rainfalls, are expected to improve prospects.

### Lions and Buffalo Thick on McMillan's Ju Ja Ranch

NAIROBI, British East Africa, April 26.—Theodore Roosevelt left Kapiti Plains yesterday and went to the ranch of Sir Alfred Pease, on the Athi river.

Major Mearns, Edmund Heller and J. Alden Loring, members of the Roosevelt party went over to Sir Alfred's Athi river. George McMillan and F. C. Selous are going to Machakos via the Pease ranch on Wednesday.

Lions are reported numerous on Mr. McMillan's Ju Ja ranch and there is a herd of 150 buffalo on Mr. Heatley's ranch where Mr. Roosevelt will hunt. The weather here and at the Pease ranch today is cloudy and heavy rains fell last night. The prospects of sport on the plains are exceptionally good, owing to the rainfall. There have been no more cases of smallpox in the Roosevelt caravan. Colonel Roosevelt's first hunt was favored with fine weather, and he enjoyed the experience immensely. He bagged two wildbeasts and a Thompson's gazelle. In one

### WYOMING STIRRED BY DEED

Reported Confession of Cowboy Drives Ranchers from State.

GRAND JURY REPORT WEDNESDAY Evidence Furnished by Herman Brink May Result in Indictments Against Eighteen Prominent Men.

BASIN, Wyo., April 26.—(Special.)—Consternation has been created in the Tensee district by the report that Herman Brink, a cowboy arrested for complicity in the Tensee sheep camp raid, in which Allenward, Buzzy and Bazler were murdered, has made a complete confession, naming eight or ten other men who were participants in the raid and the assassination of the three shepherds. As a result of this report two prominent ranchmen of the Tensee country are reported to have hurriedly fled the state and others it is said would go had not Sheriff Alston placed a watch on them which will result in an attempt at flight affording incriminating evidence.

The confession of Brink, it is understood, is to be the most important evidence which will be laid before the district court grand jury ordered to report next Wednesday. It is anticipated that this evidence will result in indictments against all of the eighteen men named and a resulting sensation which will astonish the state.

Ed. Eaton, the first man arrested for complicity in the raid, refuses to discuss the matter.

### Stabbed Girl Who Refused to Elope

Mexican Then Pins a Threatening Note to Body with Bloody Knife.

TOLUCA, Mexico, April 26.—Furious because his sweetheart, Modesta Fuentes, refused to elope with him, Pedro Becunino stabbed her to death. Becunino then wrote a note saying he would do the same to his pursuers, which he pinned to the girl by plunging his knife through it into her breast, and fled. He was captured and placed in prison. Near the scene of the crime the murderer had written with his fingers on the leaf of a Magnolia plant, with the blood of the girl: "On April 26 there was an execution here for jealousy." Becunino stabbed the girl sixty-two times.

### WYOMING STIRRED BY DEED

Reported Confession of Cowboy Drives Ranchers from State.

GRAND JURY REPORT WEDNESDAY Evidence Furnished by Herman Brink May Result in Indictments Against Eighteen Prominent Men.

BASIN, Wyo., April 26.—(Special.)—Consternation has been created in the Tensee district by the report that Herman Brink, a cowboy arrested for complicity in the Tensee sheep camp raid, in which Allenward, Buzzy and Bazler were murdered, has made a complete confession, naming eight or ten other men who were participants in the raid and the assassination of the three shepherds. As a result of this report two prominent ranchmen of the Tensee country are reported to have hurriedly fled the state and others it is said would go had not Sheriff Alston placed a watch on them which will result in an attempt at flight affording incriminating evidence.

The confession of Brink, it is understood, is to be the most important evidence which will be laid before the district court grand jury ordered to report next Wednesday. It is anticipated that this evidence will result in indictments against all of the eighteen men named and a resulting sensation which will astonish the state.

### SULTAN'S POWER GREATLY CURBED

Abdul Hamid Will Be Permitted to Remain Nominal Sovereign Under Certain Conditions.

### WALLS OF PALACE TO BE RAZED

Personal Guard to Be Reduced to Hundred Men.

### MUST MAKE GIFT TO NATION

Two Hundred Fifty Millions from Private Fortune for Government.

### SCHEFKET IS MAN OF HOUR

Leader of the Army May Head New Cabinet—Sultan's Brother Favorite Candidate for Succession to Throne.

BERLIN, April 26.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Lokal Anzeiger telegraphs he learns the sultan of Turkey will be allowed to remain upon the throne, but on condition that he give guarantees against a relapse to absolutism. These conditions are as follows:

The walls of Yildiz palace to be razed; the barracks at Yildiz, quartering 20,000 men under the immediate orders of the sultan, also are to be razed; in the future there will be stationed at the palace a guard of 100 men only to be changed daily and supplies from the different regiments of the garrison alternately, in order to make it impossible for the sultan to bribe them; the sultan must pay the expenses of the expedition from Salonki from his private fortune, and, furthermore, the sultan, whose property is largely invested abroad, must make a gift to the nation of £250,000 as the basis of the financial regeneration of the empire.

The correspondent sends also an interview with Enver Bey, one of the military leaders of the constitutionalists, who said:

"Our satisfaction with our victory is overclouded by the loss we have sustained. About 100 men have fallen, including eight officers."

"After fighting for hours, we reached the long desired goal. The Yildiz garrison gave up its arms voluntarily. We have decided to leave these troops at their posts, as they are now perfectly harmless. There will be no further disturbances, as we are masters of the situation."

Asked what would be done with the sultan, Enver Bey replied: "That does not concern us soldiers, but now that our work is done, the government must conduct negotiations with him. We are wholly at the disposal of the government and will follow its directions. I am convinced everything will be moving normally within two or three weeks."

Schefket Man of Hour. CONSTANTINOPLE, April 26.—The city is quiet this morning and is gradually resuming its normal aspect. The declaration of martial law and the fact that the constitutionalists are in full control promise for the maintenance of order.

The question of what is to be done to the sultan is all probability will be determined by Parliament.

Schefket, commander of the constitutional army, is the man of the hour. The leading civil members of the committee of union and progress desire him to be grand vizier in succession to Tewfik Pasha, and he has been assured that a majority of Parliament would gladly support a ministry under his leadership in a succession to the Tewfik ministry which resigned today.

In reply to these proposals Schefket Pasha said the premiership afforded such splendid opportunity to ascertain the political developments of the country that he would have refused to accept the honor had it come to him under any other circumstances, but that he would not accept it while still leader of the army. To do so would not accord with his ideas of civil and political liberty of action.

Schefket Pasha is an Arab, and comes from Bagdad. He has lived for eleven years in Europe and received his military training in Germany.

A court martial today sentenced five men to death and they will be shot this afternoon.

Strong Feeling Against Sultan. A major of the guard at the imperial palace of Yildiz has confessed he was paid \$5,000 to act with the palace conspirators. The feeling among the members of Parliament against the sultan remaining on the throne is strong. Mohammed Reschad Effendi, the sultan's brother, is the favorite candidate for the succession.

The parliamentary leaders have decided to act as if there had been no interruption to the parliamentary system. They will support the cabinet precisely as it was before the meeting of April 13, the day of the notorious outbreak on the part of the local garrison. There will be a public session of Parliament this afternoon in the palace of justice.

The committee of union and progress has issued a statement denying the allegations attributing the recent occurrences to controversies between the political parties, and saying the march of the constitutionalists on the capital was undertaken under the influence of the committee. The statement sets forth that the tragic events of the last fortnight were provoked by "wretches and vile personages, who were injured by the proclamation of the constitution. Soldiers were corrupted with money and incited to commit acts of savagery. The holy mission of the army is above personalities. The committee wishes to work for the general interest and serve the fatherland."

The arrests of reactionaries and religious students continue, and it is estimated that up to last night 4,000 such persons had been apprehended.

The last burial of men who fell in the fighting of last night took place last night. The dead number about 30 and the men in hospitals do not reach the total of 300. Five thousand troops were taken prisoners.

Yildiz Guard Gives Up. The Yildiz garrison surrendered yesterday to the constitutionalists. The commanders of these battalions began sending in their submission to Mahmud Schefket. Pasha last night and the whole of the troops protecting the palace gave their formal and unconditional surrender shortly after dawn. Niad Bey, who was called the hero of the July revolution, is now in command of the garrison.

Sultan Abdul Hamid has been permitted to stay within the walls of Yildiz Kiosk, where yesterday, in company with his