

MANY CHANGES IN ALDRICH BILL

Every Paragraph of the Measure
Will Come Up for Amendment
in Senate.

FIRST READING IS FINISHED

Consideration by Paragraphs Will
Begin Next Monday.

LITTLE DEBATE DURING DAY

Mr. Aldrich Postpones Answering
Many Questions Asked Him.

PHILIPPINE SUGAR SCHEDULE

Senators Bacon and Clay Say It Will
Have Effect of Reducing Revenue
Without Lowering
the Price.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The first reading of the tariff bill for consideration of committee amendments was concluded when the senate adjourned today. According to announcement made when the reading was begun that every paragraph of the entire bill will be subject to amendment when it is taken up for final consideration on each paragraph next Monday. While the whole measure is thus subject to further revision, all concede that substantial progress has been made. There will be no return to many of the schedules.

There was comparatively little debate on the measure today, as Senator Aldrich postponed replying to many questions asked of him in order to hasten the conclusion of the reading of the measure, saying he would make full explanations when the various amendments received final consideration. Many provisions, including the wool pulp and wool schedules, were today passed over on specific objection.

The reading of the tariff bill being resumed in the senate today, numerous requests were made by both republicans and democrats for the passing over of various schedules, although an agreement had previously been made that such action was not necessary in order to permit a senator to enter and obtain a vote on any amendment. Nearly every senator was in his place and followed the reading of the bill with interest.

The suggestions of various senators indicated that more than half of the rates under the wood, sugar and molasses, tobacco and agricultural schedules would come in for criticism at a later date.

Senator McLaughlin of Mississippi, requesting that various schedules under the head of agriculture be passed over, Senator Aldrich asked whether he did not wish to make a similar request in respect to rice, the duty on which the finance committee had allowed to stand at 2 cents per pound as passed by the house.

Mr. McLaughlin said he had not referred to that paragraph because no change had been made in it. "So," he added, "there is nothing at which the gentlemen can allow his faculties to rise."

"There is nothing under the agricultural schedules that is so high as the duty on rice," suggested Mr. Aldrich.

"Still, we might amend the schedule," said Mr. McCumber, smiling.

"Let it be passed," interposed Senator Gallinger, with a significant glance toward the democratic side.

Specific Duty on Pearls.
Notice that the amendment would bring into the senate an amendment making duties on pearls, diamonds and other precious stones specific instead of ad valorem was given by Mr. Aldrich today. Replying to Mr. Bacon, Mr. Aldrich said the rate of duty on these articles were as high as had been found practicable for the collection of any revenue. Mr. Bacon suggested that a very high duty would probably encourage some smuggling, to which Mr. Aldrich nodded assent.

When the schedule relating to wool pulp, pig iron and books was reached, Mr. Aldrich said the committee hoped in a very few days to report an amendment for the wool pulp provision of the bill.

Messrs. Clapp, Bristow, Nelson and Piles called attention to the possible effect of the house paragraph in preventing any free importation of wool pulp from the Dominion of Canada because an export duty might be imposed by a single province of the Dominion.

Mr. Aldrich explained that this was one of the matters under consideration by the committee on finance.

"I am sure," said Mr. Aldrich, "that we ought not to deal in the main with Canada, and hold the Dominion government responsible always for what is done in any part of the Dominion."

He added that the power of the provinces of the Dominion to legislate independently made the work of the committee more difficult. On motion of Mr. Hale the schedule was passed over.

Philippine Sugar Schedule.

The reading of the Philippine sugar schedule was the signal for a vigorous criticism on the part of Senators Clay and Bacon of the policy of admitting sugar from the Philippine Islands to the United States free of duty. They declared that the free admission of 250,000 tons of sugar from Porto Rico and 400,000 tons from the Hawaiian Islands has not affected the price of refined sugar and added that while granulated sugar in the United States sells for 2 1/2 cents per pound, it is sold for 2 1/2 cents a pound in London. Mr. Bacon insisted that the introduction of free Philippine sugar would, by replacing an equal amount of dutiable sugar, reduce the revenue without any benefit to the people of this country.

Mr. Lodge said the free sugar production of the Philippines is but 100,000 tons annually, which he declared now goes to China. The paragraph was passed over on objection by Senators Foster and Newlands.

Dolliver on Animal Schedule.

Mr. Dolliver called attention to a provision in the tariff bill permitting cattle, horses, sheep and other domestic animals to be brought back to the United States free of duty within six months after being driven across the boundary lines for temporary pasturage. He declared that under that law as now enforced, treasury officials permit unidentified animals born in Mexico and those that have been kept there for more than a year to be brought into this country without the payment of duty. He insisted that some official should be called to account for such conduct, and upon his motion the entire paragraph was passed over.

Mrs. Scott Wins After Hot Fight in D. A. R. Meeting

Administration Candidate Elected
President by Narrow Margin
of Eight Votes.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—By a vote of 48 to 42 Mrs. Matthew T. Scott of Illinois was today declared elected president general of the Daughters of the American Revolution over Mrs. William Cumming Story of New York. Mrs. Scott's election was a victory for the administration faction. A number of delegates refused to make the election unanimous on Mrs. Story's motion.

Rounds of applause greeted the announcement of the vote. Mrs. Story moved to make the election unanimous, but a chorus of delegates refused to join her. Mrs. Story bespoke for Mrs. Scott the support of all members. The total vote cast at the election was 88, but the total legal vote for president general was 84.

The tellers were unable to report further on the election. Mrs. Donald McLean, the retiring president general, was elected an honorary president general.

Here Mrs. Scott, the president general-elect was escorted to the platform by a corps of pages. The delegates applauded vociferously.

The congress approved the election of the various state regents. They include the following:

Iowa—Miss Harriet Lake.
Kansas—Mrs. George T. Guernsey.
Missouri—Mrs. Samuel O. Green.
Nebraska—Mrs. O. S. Ward.

Bill to Limit Size of Hats

Illinois Legislator Would Also Prohibit
Wearing of Birds, Snakes
and Lizards on Headgear.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 23.—Big hats and those ornamented with the skins or backs of birds, reptiles or insects are prohibited under heavy penalties in a bill introduced in the house today by Representative Hilton.

The bill provides that it shall be unlawful to sell or to expose for sale any hat more than eighteen inches in diameter or with plume, egret, pin or other ornament projecting more than six inches beyond the rim, or bearing the dead body of any animal, reptile or insect subject to decay and likely to become a breeding place for germs.

The bill provides that nothing shall prevent the display of fresh types and models for the purpose of education or amusement. Wearing hats contrary to the statute is prohibitive in public places or thoroughfares. The penalties are from \$10 to \$20. The bill was referred to the committee on miscellaneous subjects.

Pabst Auto Car Kills a Child

Accident Happens While Colonel
Pabst Was Starting on a Trip
to Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 23.—Colonel Gustav Pabst, while driving in an automobile today accidentally ran down and killed Lillie Winkler, a 14-year-old girl. The accident occurred just as the girl alighted from a street car and walked in front of the rapidly moving automobile.

Colonel Pabst was starting on a trip to Chicago.

INJUNCTION TO BE MODIFIED

Order Against Missouri Roads Will
Apply Only to Discriminatory Rates.

ST. LOUIS, April 23.—By a proposition offered by Circuit Attorney S. E. Jones the temporary injunction against the state Missouri railroads will be modified to apply only to discriminatory rates. The change was announced today following a postponement of the hearing of the case to April 28 because of Governor Hadley's illness.

"My proposition to modify the decree was made because I believe that there is merit in the roads' contention that the 5-cent rate is discriminatory," said the circuit attorney.

"Furthermore, I believe that they are willing to adopt a non-discriminatory rate of 2 1/2 cents a mile."

Colonel Fanning Hoists the Big White Flag

Colonel Fanning has surrendered.

After all his talk of the things he intended to do to Governor Shallenberger for signing the 5 o'clock closing bill, the colonel, fearing a court-martial, has taken his pen quietly in hand and written to the governor a complete drawback of it all and a pledge that he is a loyal supporter of his excellency.

The colonel was on his way out when he heard of the action of the governor on the measure that he not only talked, but he fired his resignation to his excellency, to take effect instantly.

But the commander-in-chief of the army and navy of Nebraska knew his man, so instead of accepting the resignation he filed it away and at the same time appointed Colonel Epps, freight agent of the Burlington, a member of his staff. Then he made arrangements to take his staff to the Seattle exposition; later to Crawford for a Fourth of July celebration, and then to Valentine for a week's fishing, with other festivities in prospect.

DOLLIVER IN THE LIMELIGHT

Iowa's Senior Senator Another
Diamond in Field for Tariff
Revision Downward.

STATE ATTITUDE MAY BE CAUSE
Cummins Shies Castor on Income
Tax, Colleague Follows.

GATHERS BIG LIST OF FIGURES
Believes He Can Show Payne-Aldrich
Bill Increases Duties.

SEEKS DUTY UPON CATTLE
Brown of Nebraska Takes Position
New Measure Will Eventually
Prove Satisfactory—Needed
Protection Given.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, April 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Another Richmond has appeared upon the tariff field in the person of Senator Jonathan P. Dolliver, and this Richmond promises to give Mr. Aldrich and those associated with him a fight the senior senator from Rhode Island will remember for years. There are a dozen Richmonds in the field, but Dolliver is the last to take up the cudgel for revision downward of the tariff.

Yesterday it was 'woolen and cotton schedules, which he attacked and which he asked to have passed over. Today the senior senator from Iowa protested against cattle and sheep, which had been sent into Mexico as calves and lambs and after a year's feeding had them brought in free of duty. He said the cattle people of the western country were beset with disadvantages and the decision of the Treasury department that young animals may be taken into a foreign country and brought back into the state without paying duty, worked a hardship upon native producers, and he proposed to have this paragraph under the free list corrected if possible.

Getting into Line.
Senator Dolliver may not be actuated by the broadest statesmanship in his attacks upon very material paragraphs in the tariff bill, but the fact remains that Iowa is a revision downward state, and Mr. Dolliver will be a candidate for re-election.

Senator Cummins has shot his arrow for the income tax, and in order that the senior senator may hold some one of the boards, Dolliver has taken it upon himself to criticize many of the schedules under the Aldrich-Payne bill, and in this particular he will probably be in the public eye until the senate bill passes that body and goes to conference.

It is rumored that Mr. Dolliver has retained a former expert on customs duties and called at the appraiser's office of New York for the purpose of furnishing him with first-hand comparisons between the Dingley, Payne and Aldrich bills, with a view of showing that instead of being a reduction downward the Aldrich bill marks an increase of duties in the aggregate instead of a decrease, as desired by President Taft and his party.

Senator Dolliver has generally been regular. It is not often he has been found in revolt from the leaders of the senate organization, but in the game of politics Senator Dolliver is not a "spring chicken" and he probably realizes that he must hold his own with Iowa's former governor, Albert B. Cummins, and he is therefore out in the tariff field to meet the doctory warriors who still believe that protection for every commodity is a blessing.

Brown Likes the Bill.
Senator Brown, who has followed tariff debates assiduously since the report of the senate bill, said today he believed the Aldrich bill would pass the senate by a comfortable margin.

Interests were being gradually harmonized. Senator Brown said he would not make a speech on pumice stone if concessions of three-eighths of a cent a pound on pumice and its products would be granted by the finance committee and which he had every reason to believe would be done. He said so-called insurgents in the senate were winning substantial victories and he believed that the Aldrich-Payne bill as finally adopted would prove to be the best tariff bill that has been passed in a third of a century and larger number of people than any similar measure passed. For the primary purpose of raising revenues and at the same time giving protection to American industries where needed.

NEW PERIL TO ARMENIANS

Thousands of Refugees in Danger of
Starvation.

ANTIOCH CHRISTIANS ARE KILLED
Thousands of Widows Left by Massacre
Without Support—Survivors
Are Fleeing to Alexandria.

BEIRUT, April 23.—The Armenian population of Antioch and vicinity has been practically wiped out in the massacres of the last few days by fanatical Moslems. There are thousands of destitute Armenian widows and orphans still in the district, unable to get away. There is no security anywhere in the vicinity of Antioch.

TARSUS, Asiatic Turkey, April 23.—The rioting which originated at Adana broke out here April 18. A few Armenians were killed, the whole Armenian quarter was burned and the churches were sacked. More than 4,000 refugees are still gathered in the yard of the American college. Their condition is pitiable. The missionaries at Tarsus are safe, but they are still apprehensive for the refugees.

Massacres are raging today in the neighboring Armenian villages and instant relief is needed.

ALEXANDRETTA, April 23.—Refugees who arrived yesterday relate that all the Armenian villages and settlements in the Alexandretta district are being destroyed. Nearly every Armenian dwelling has been burned and the Armenians surviving are lying in the open, half starved and in great fear, especially on Friday and Sunday.

The village of Relan, a short distance south of Alexandretta, is holding out with difficulty against the nomad tribesmen.

The British warship which sailed to relieve Deuryul, an Armenian village on the coast, returned to Alexandretta today without having accomplished anything. The commander of the vessel applied to the governor of the district for permission to land a relief party, but he was refused.

Two more British war vessels are expected here shortly. One of the other foreign warships in port left today for Beirut.

ALEPPO, Asiatic Turkey, April 23.—Many refugees have arrived here from the Alexandretta district. Their condition is miserable. Intense alarm exists among the Armenians still alive of a recurrence of the attacks upon them.

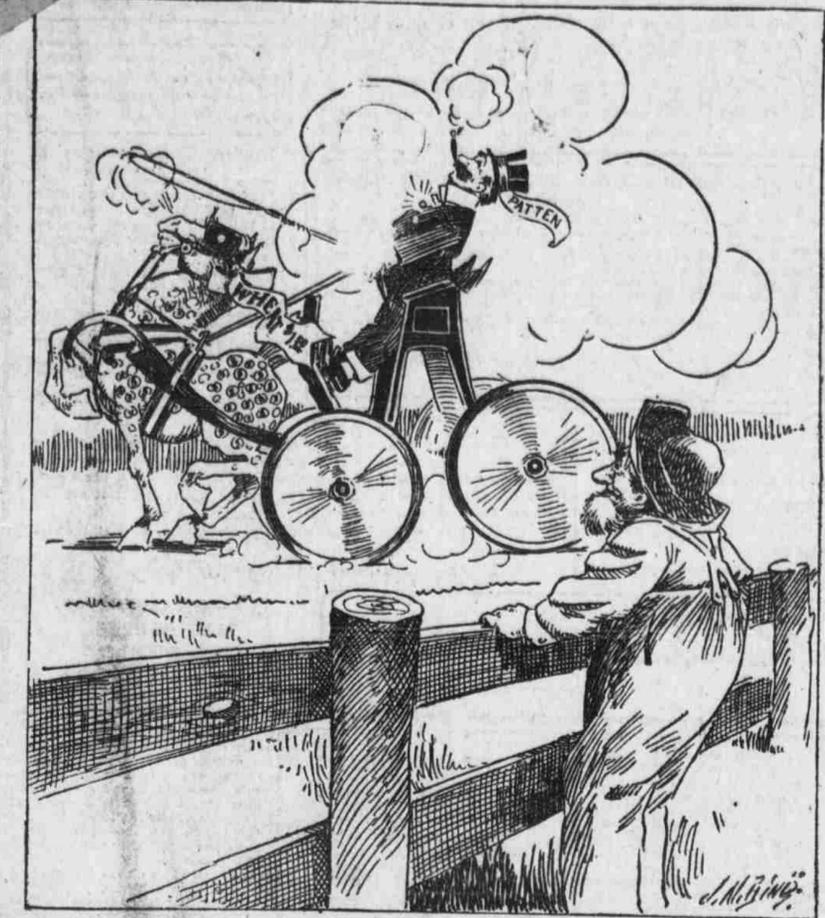
Suffocated in Hotel.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y., April 23.—In a fire early today which only slightly damaged the Little York hotel Byron Allen, an employee, was suffocated to death.

It might be called "The Shopper's Guide", but the heading used is "Everything for Women".

Advertisements are all of interest to our women readers that run together under this heading on the want-ad page. You always know where to find these, and they cover a variety of things not advertised elsewhere.

Have you read the want ads yet today?

The Horse He Sold for a Dollar



The Man Who Raised It—"Queer that hoss never showed any signs of being such a high stepper while I owned him."
From the Des Moines Register and Leader.

Slump in Wheat is Still On at the Chicago Market

Demoralization General in Grain Pits,
Corn Dropping More Than
Four Cents.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Demoralization was general today in the grain pits on the Board of Trade, heavy liquidation, which caused the sensational slump in wheat prices yesterday, having extended to coarse grain. During the first few minutes of trading July wheat sold off to \$1.06, which was 1/2 cent below the low point of the preceding session. Corn for May delivery broke more than 4 cents from the best mark of the previous day, declining early in the day to 67 cents per bushel.

At this point there was a moment's hesitation and a fractional recovery. Then July corn broke further to 62 1/2 cents, May corn, which at the best point yesterday sold at 72 cents, declined today to 67 1/2 cents on early trades.

The recent big slump in wheat prices was checked at least temporarily today by profit-taking by shorts and in the absence of particular pressure. May wheat closed 1 1/2¢ and July 1/2¢ over yesterday. Corn declined heavily early, but regained most of the loss late in the session.

New Carriers and Postmasters.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Rural carriers appointed: Nebraska, Bayard, route 1, Earl C. Duncan, carrier; substitute, South Dakota, Amherst, route 1, John W. Sprouse, carrier; Iowa, postmasters appointed: Barney, Madison county, Milton Stephenson, vice S. Bonarsky, resigned; Morrison, Grundy county, Miss Marie Jensen, vice R. F. Jensen, resigned.

Castro Says He's Still Sick; Captain Disagrees With Him

ST. NAZAIRE, April 23.—The steamship Versailles, with Cipriano Castro, the deposed president of Venezuela, aboard, arrived here at daylight. An intimate friend of Castro and a number of Venezuelans and journalists boarded the vessel as soon as possible. Castro had not emerged from his cabin and his friends were the first to reach him. When the friends appeared after fifteen minutes he announced that Senator Castro still complained of being ill and that he had suffered severely from the rolling of the ship. The captain of the Versailles took a contrary view, however, saying Castro appeared to be in fairly good condition and during the voyage had appeared frequently on deck, talking with his compatriots and gesticulating with them.

Before Senator Castro left his cabin he sent for a newspaper correspondent, and delivered a long and rambling harangue. His remarks were directed principally against the United States for "playing into the hands of his enemies in Venezuela and sending warships to follow his movements." He declared Venezuela was lost if the people submitted like slaves to foreign meddling.

In spite of his assertion that he did not know what he was going to do he later became clear that had planned to go to Paris. His baggage was taken ashore and placed on a train and he left at once for the capital.

As the train was leaving for Paris, Castro addressed the assembled newspaper men as follows:

"I was expelled from Martinique under pressure exerted by the United States. Europe soon will repeat of the action taken against me. The United States already has taken Cuba and Panama, and the American government has now committed its first act against the sovereignty of Venezuela."

COMMITTEE ON TOUR OF LAKES TO GULF WATERWAY

Twenty-Five Members Inspect
Chicago Drainage Canal in Automobiles
and Launches.

JOLIET, Ill., April 23.—Twenty-five members of the various committees interested in the construction of a Lake-to-the-Gulf deep waterway began the inspection here today of the Chicago drainage canal, which is intended as the first link in the all-water route to the gulf. The trip along the canal will be made in automobiles and launches.

DECREASE IN WHEAT ACREAGE

Secretary Coburn Says Falling Off
Will Amount to 400,000 Acres
in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., April 23.—Secretary F. D. Coburn of the State Board of Agriculture, in a statement issued today, says there has been a decrease of 400,000 acres in wheat in Kansas, compared with last year. He places the acreage at 6,900,000 and the average condition at 85 per cent. There are few insect pests and conditions are poorest in the eastern and southeastern sections.

ROOSEVELT REACHES CAMP

Former President Spends First Night
Under Canvas in Africa.

BIG HUNT WILL BEGIN TODAY
Caravan Consists of 260 Persons,
with Seventy-Three Tents and
Nine Horses—Lions Prowl
About Camp.

KAPITI PLAINS, British East Africa, April 23.—Theodore Roosevelt has reached the hunting grounds and tonight he will spend his first night in Africa under canvas. A big camp has been established near the railroad station here for the Roosevelt expedition and last night lions were prowling around in the vicinity of the tents. The country is green owing to the recent rains and there is every prospect of good sport. The commoner varieties of game are plentiful and the hunters will not lose time in getting started on their shooting trips. The special train bearing the Roosevelt party from Mombasa arrived here at half past one o'clock this afternoon. Only one member of the party got off at Kapiti Plains, F. J. Jackson, the acting governor of the protectorate, and the other officials who came up from Mombasa continued on to Nairobi. The camp established for Mr. Roosevelt is most elaborate. The caravan will have a total of 300 followers. There are thirteen tents for the Europeans and their horses and sixty tents for the porters. An American flag is flying over the tent to be occupied by Mr. Roosevelt.

All the nation's porters of the expedition were lined up on the platform when Mr. Roosevelt stepped down from the train. They shouted a salute in his honor. In response Mr. Roosevelt raised his hat. Mr. Roosevelt was welcomed at the station.

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

VOTE TO DEPOSE ABDUL HAMID

Hundred and Fifty Deputies Favor
Removal of Sultan from the
Throne.

HIS MAJESTY AT SELAMLIK
First Appearance in Public Since
Beginning of Revolution.

ACCLAIMED BY THE PEOPLE
He is Given Ovation on Way to
Weekly Service.

COAT LINED WITH CHAIN MAIL
Avenue Over Which Sultan Walks is
Freshly Coated with White Sand
and Lined with Troops
Four Deep.

CONSTANTINOPLE—April 23.—It is reported here today that at the secret session of national assembly held at San Stefano yesterday 150 deputies voted in favor of the deposition of the sultan.

The sultan appeared upon the streets of Constantinople today and was greeted by the people with cries of adoration. With a mask-like countenance and his head sunk between his stooped shoulders he acknowledged the salutations of the throng by curt nods.

The occasion of his majesty's appearance was his regular Friday visit to the White mosque outside the walls of Yildiz Kiosk, a ceremony known as the Selamluk. It was the first time the sultan had been seen in public since the revolutionary outbreak of April 13.

On the word that the Selamluk would occur today the people in great numbers made their way to greet the sultan. From the gate of the palace enclosure to the mosque the broad driveway was lined on either side by the picked regiments of the army. Every point of vantage was occupied by the soldiery and the mosque was completely surrounded by them. Regiments of cavalry filled a nearby open field.

Walks Over White Sand.
The avenue leading from the mosque to the palace gate, freshly sprinkled with white sand, that the sultan might have an unobstructed path to his place of worship, was lined four and six feet deep by the troops of the empire. Back of the soldiers the people gathered in a dense throng. At noon the gates were thrown open and the sultan appeared in his customary victoria. He drove the short distance to the mosque and at once entered to say his prayers. After the completion of his devotions he returned by the same way he came and disappeared through the broad portal into the guarded precincts of his palace.

As the sultan drove by the terraces of White Stone used by distinguished visitors to watch his passage to and from the mosque, he looked carefully to see if any of the ambassadors were present. None was there, however, as they had, by common consent, agreed to remain away. The terrace was practically a large gathering of foreign visitors and junior members of the various diplomatic missions.

His majesty's customary uniform, that of a field marshal, was covered today by an old gray overcoat that he has not worn for years. This garment is commonly believed to have a lining of fine steel mail, and his movements were looked thicker through the body today than he does when he is receiving in the palace.

Victory for Young Turks.
The Young Turks have won another victory over Sultan Abdul Hamid, but whether the sultan will accept of sovereignty of the empire is yet to be decided, although he has offered to place the affairs of government entirely in the hands of the ministers responsible to Parliament.

Tewfik Pasha, the grand vizier, today arranged a compromise with certain liberal constitutionalists, and this was approved by the sultan personally, but doubts exist whether this agreement will be accepted by the majority of the committee of union and progress or by enough of the military group to carry it into effect.

In addition to promising to withdraw himself from administrative activities the sultan agrees to a change in the personnel of the troops guarding the palace and the replacing of the Constantinople garrison by troops from the corps which has been practically been investing the city for four days.

Patten Fishes as Wheat Drops

Chicago Operator Arms Himself with
Trout Tackle and Lunch Basket
for Day's Relaxation.

TRINIDAD, Colo., April 23.—Clad in a khaki suit and armed with a reel and trout line, James A. Patten, Chicago wheat king, and for the present the sphinx of the Rockies, set forth today to catch trout. He seemed unconcerned about the affairs of the Chicago wheat pit as the Mexican herders on the ranch. The nearest he came to discussing the wheat situation was when he directed that a liberal supply be packed in his fishing trip. He was accompanied on his fishing trip by H. W. Adams and Clarence Colvin of Denver, the latter a guest at the Bartlett ranch. Mr. Adams said that Mr. Patten proposed to spend the next few days fishing.

According to the men at the ranch the broker has not been in a newspaper or received a message from Chicago since Tuesday. Mr. Patten slept thirteen hours last night and set about enacting the role of hermit with apparently as great determination as he would plan a coup in wheat.

AMERICAN IN RUSSIAN PLOT

Naturalized Citizen Charged with
Attempt to Incite Mutiny
in Army.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 23.—Stefan Dubrovsky, a naturalized American citizen, was arrested here today for complicity in a plot to incite mutiny in a local garrison. Incriminating literature was found in his lodgings. The man explained he was keeping this for a friend. Dubrovsky some time ago, on a similar charge, spent four months in prison.

Dubrovsky was born in Warsaw. When in America he lived at Newark, N. J., but he has been in Europe since 1906.