Bell Doug. 618—BOTH PHONES REACH ALL DEPTS.—Ind. A-1941

Afternoon Dresses and Tailor-Made Suits

We show the most pleasing variety of new stylish Afternoon Dresses in Messaline Silk, Prunella Cloth and other fabrics. Prices from $25.00 to $50.00.

High Class Tailor Made Suits

Choice styles, all the newest cloths. Strictly man-tailored garments. Prices from $25.00 to $95.00.

All alterations made free of charge.

Waists

Mendels make—Opera waists, Max Held waists, Lenox waists. All the best fitting waists are represented in our beautiful stock. Prices from $1.00 to $12.50.

The new Spring Sweaters have arrived.

Bargain Square in Basement, Thursday

Remnants of Wash Materials.

25c Ginghams at, per yard 15c
20c Madras at, per yard 11c
15c Percales at, per yard 10c

Thousands of pretty styles to select from.

Thompson Belden & Co.

B-3-3-9.

upon which other legislatures could build. And Graff remarked that the committee had been composed not only of farmers, but there were bankers upon it, though not as many as participated in the last republican state convention.

Some Deposits Not Protected.

The reading and discussion of the various sections of the banking bill which occupied the house from 10 o'clock until noon, when a recess was taken until 2 o'clock, at which time the discussion of the bill as a whole was started, brought out the admission from the majority leaders that they did not expect this bill to guarantee all the deposits in the banks.

This admission came in the discussion of an amendment proposed by Smith, (rep.), of Cass. The amendment provided that instead of limiting the amount of the levy that could be made on the banks in any one year to 1 per cent of the deposits, that the banking board should have the power to make such levy as would be necessary to keep the guaranty fund intact.

In support of his motion Smith said: "We are trying to pass a law here which will guarantee deposits. During the last few years the bank failures in this state have been very few and the losses very little, but we are trying to head of the unforeseen dangers. If a larger levy than 1 per cent of the deposits in one year is not required then it will do no harm to adopt this amendment. I cannot vote for such a bill as this, because it does not really guarantee the deposits."

"I should like to see the guaranty fund so strong it would prevent panics," said Bowman of Nuckolls, a member of the subcommittee which prepared the bill, "but that is an impossibility. The banks at this time think we are working a hardship on them. The assessment which may be levied under this bill will create a fund of at least $1,000,000 in one year. This, no no doubt, will cover the loss in any one year. We do not want to hurt the banks. Should some catastrophe occur the courts will take charge of the failed bank and regulate it and the depositors will be paid. To levy an assessment of 2 per cent on the banks in this state would probably break a number of them."

When Law is Weak.

"You are simply creating a guaranty fund in name and not in fact," interrupted Smith. "Let us make a guaranty fund and not a fake. It is unjust to the people to fool them with this bill."

"This bill is much better than the Oklahoma law," retorted Bowman, "and it will make the best guaranty law of any state in the union."

"I am willing to concede that the committee has worked hard to get up this measure," said Killen of Gage, "but if we had had a guaranty law back in 1892-3 it would have required a levy equal to 16 per cent of the deposits. It is true that during the last eight years the losses from failed banks has amounted to only .046 of 1 per cent. Under such conditions we do not need a guaranty law. This bill will not guarantee one cent. The time we need a guaranty law is during a money stringency."

"Would a 2 per cent levy be a guaranty?" asked Graff of Smith.

"My amendment does not propose a 2 per cent levy," said Smith. "It provides that the levy shall be as large as necessary to keep up the guaranty fund."

"The committee never contemplated a bill that would guaranty every deposit under all circumstances," said Graff. "You seem to think we ought to have a law that would guaranty every dollar. As the years go on under this bill we will have something to apply on losses. We don't want a fund that will impose unnecessary hardships on the banks."

"This bill provides to pay losses," said Wilson, "and not immediate payment of losses. The records of the State Banking board show that the losses in eight years amounted to .046 of 1 per cent of the deposits."

Amendments Voted Down.

"How long, under this bill, would it take to pay off the losses when they amount to 13 per cent of the deposits?" asked Killem.

"Four or five years, I suppose," replied Wilson.

When the vote was taken the Smith amendment was lost, the democrats voting against it.

Bushee of Kimball tried an amendment to allow the banks to pay 5 per cent interest on deposits instead of 4, but this was lost.

Among the committee amendments adopted was one providing that the total liabilities of stockholders to the banks shall in no instance be more than 50 per cent of the capital stock and surplus, and the penalty was reduced from a penitentiary sentence to a fine of not more than $500 for a violation of the section.

Another amendment provided that the banks might hold special meetings to increase the capital stock instead of attending to this only at their annual meetings.

Johnson of Burt asked that the bill be held up and considered with the Myers bill now pending in the senate, but this was voted down.

Senate Rejects Bill for Chairs.

The bill collector came around this morning and carted out of the senate two new chairs which had been bought by the Board of Public Lands and Buildings. Though the secretary of state had o. k'd. the bill the senate refused to stand for it, and the chairs were taken in charge by the collector. Before the legislature convened the state board bought two new chairs for the house and two for the senate to take the place of the old high-back residenters that have graced either side of the presiding officers for years. The house gladly paid for its chairs, but the senate, which had already outraged the state treasury by the number of employes it had on the payroll, got economical and turned back the chairs. The new chairs cost $30 each and are exactly like the chairs bought two years ago. The last demo-pop secretary of state spent $13,000 in equipping the legislative halls for the members, while the present officers spent $600 on this legislature, and of this some $350 went for bill files.

Seven O'clock Closing No Go.

The house for a second time killed the 7 o'clock closing bill this afternoon and as the senate has done that same deed some days ago, it is safe to say this legislature will not pass a 7 o'clock closing law to apply to the saloons. The house indefinitely postponed the bill yesterday and this Taylor of Custer moved to reconsider. Shoemaker moved to table the motion, but the speaker failed to put the Shoemaker motion. On a roll call Mr. Taylor's motion was defeated by a vote of 42 to 53.

Wilson of Polk informed the house that if the Taylor motion carried an amendment would be tacked onto the bill so that it would not apply to Douglas county. The house concluded, however, that what was good for Omaha was good for the state, so refused to gig back on its previous action.

S. F. 209, by Miller, the county option bill, is ten bills down on the general file of the senate and probably will be reached tomorrow or Friday.

Strike Still On.

Jerry Howard handed up to the speaker's desk this morning a motion to have a committee appointed to investigate the scrap between the clerks in the bill room and Speaker Pool and the chief clerk. As the house was just going into committee of the whole to discuss the banking bill the motion was not put and Jerry will get busy tomorrow. The bill clerks are still out. Two of them are sons of members.

Senate Goes Without Lunch.

Officially and of record the senators today had no lunch, though in reality they ate heartily. The cause was a motion made while in committee of the whole at noon, and while considering the Sink bill, that the senate rise and report. On rising, the members stayed "risen" and hurried from the chamber, the presiding officer not even assuming the gavel to accept a formal motion to take a recess until afternoon as usual. This left the senate still in session. When the senators convened in the afternoon, the lieutenant governor ordered the roll called when it was discovered that the senate was of record, still in session, though there had been a two hours' hiatus. Thed ifficulty was gotten over by a whispered tip to the secretary to cut out the roll call and by calling Senator Banning to the chair again, where he had been during the morning.

Governor Not to Appoint—For Once.

Yesterday and today were two busy sessions for the senate, as a host of bills were ground through.

Senator Myers of Rock could not resist the opportunity to get off a joke or two of the democrats and when the Brown bill, to give the county attorney the right to appoint a detective was up, he moved the bill be amended to give the governor the right to appoint, which was met with a rebuff of no small proportions by the democrats. Later when the bill making John Howard's birthday a holiday in penal institutions was considered, Senator Myers moved to amend by including the birthday of W. J. Bryan, which was ruled out of order with a slam of the gavel by Chairman Banning. On this bill a query was raised by Senator Cain whether or not it was not Jerry Howard instead of John Howard, and Senator King responded he was famous as the author of the closed season on Greeks. This did not seem to strike a responsive chord among the democrats and was thrown over the chandelier also.

Ninety-Nine-Inch Bed Sheets.

Representative Sink may now rest easily at night, for his bed sheet bill has been recommended for passage in the senate and there is no indication of any further fight on the measure. It was brought up in committee of the whole today and disposed of without great difficulty. Senator Raymond of Scott's Bluff proposed an amendment suggested by the hotel men of Lincoln and Omaha that individual towels be supplied to guests only on request, but the senate, after listening to Senators Tibbets and Randall, voted this down, as they did other amendments, and opposition dwindled. Senator Raymond did not oppose the bill.

Now that the Douglas county senators have been good on the bill, Sink and his men are supposed to see a little more good in the Omaha charter measures, but their vision will be clearer if the senate takes a shine to the stock yards bill.

Governor Shallenberger has signed H. R. 129, by Leidigh of Otoe, providing charters for cities of 5,000 to 25,000 inhabitants.

Adjournment April First.

The legislature is figuring on adjourning April 1. W. J. Taylor in the house sounded members today regarding the appointment of a conference committee to fix the date of final adjournment and the mapority of the members interviewed thought April 1 should be the date. Senator Tibbets expressed himself in favor of this date. It is probable the committee on adjournment will be appointed within a short time.

The house has fifteen more days with pay and the senate nineteen, after which the members will have to serve without salary. Because of this it is not thought it will be possible to keep a quorum here after April 1.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS OF SENATE

Sunday Base Ball Bill Amended to Apply Only to Omaha.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, March 3.—(Special.)—The senate passed the following bills today:

S. F. 90, by Howell of Douglas—Repealing the law limiting the number of employes of the senate to forty-nine. Those voting against the measure were Brown of Lancaster, Gammill of Frontier, King of Polk, Raymond of Scott's Bluff, Wiltse of Cedar and Warren of Phelps.

S. F. 252, by Brown of Lancaster—City council in cities containing a sanitary district for straightening beds of streams shall constitute the trustees of the district.

S. F. 253, by Brown of Lancaster—For the election of a nonpartisan school board in the city of Lincoln.

S. F. 254, by Randall of Madison—For reasonable connections of trains where lines of railroads intersect, subject to the order of the railway commission.

S. F. 187, by Cain of Richardson—Reducing the number of members of directors of city library boards from nine to six.

S. F. 57, by Ollis of Valley—For a mechanic's lien on wells and windmills.

The committee on judiciary reported the Henry bill, S. F. 181, repealing the dipsomaniac law, for indefinite postponement, but the action was reconsidered and the bill placed on general file.

A committee report postponing a bill by Volpp, providing that a remonstrant against a saloon license must put up a bond to pay costs in case of defeat, was reported for postponement, but was placed on general file by request of Mr. Volpp.

The Sunday base ball bill, S. F. 46, by Ransom of Douglas, which had been committed for specific amendment, was reported back to the senate amended to apply only to Douglas county, and in this form is now on general file.

The senate indefinitely postponed S. F. 219, by Miller of Lancaster, introduced to permit the operation of a loan business charging 12 per cent a month, a copy of the Michigan law designed to permit the conduct of legitimate loan companies in competition with the chattel mortgage sharks.

S. F. 87, by Buck of Otoe, placing the clerk of the supreme court on a salary, was indefinitely postponed, the object being to put through a bill by Leidigh of Otoe placing this officer on a salary of $2,500 a year.

The senate found need of another clerk in the committee of enrolled and engrossed bills and authority was given to employ one.

The senate considered the following bills in committee of the whole:

H. R. 47, by Young of Madison—Giving police courts and justices of the peace jurisdiction in truancy cases in places other than county seats. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 222, by Ollis—Amending the anti-pass law to permit railroads to give free transportation to widows and dependent children of employes of roads who die in the service, as well as those who are killed. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 223, by Ollis of Valley—Where two or more shippers send a car of stock each and send one man in charge, the railroad must give return transportation to the man in charge in the form of a ticket permitting the shipper to retain the shipping contract which was originally the voucher for the ticket and was given up. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 255, by Randall of Madison—Compelling railroads to furnish transfer facilities between railroads where the lines meet. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 284, by Brown of Lancaster—Giving the county attorney of Lancaster the right to employ a detective at $900 a year. Recommended to pass.

H. R. 201, by Cace of Frontier—One mill levy for the State university. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 185, by Ransom of Douglas—Lowering the rate of interest on school warrants in Omaha, South Omaha and Lincoln from 7 per cent to 5 per cent. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 264, by Cain of Richardson—Completes the law for drainage districts under which Nemaha county districts were organized. Drafted by Judge Kelligar. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 115, by Myers of Rock—To prohibit the lowering or drainage of natural lakes. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 263, by Cain of Richardson—Adding to certain sections of the drainage law under which Richardson county districts were organized, to legalize the bonds of those districts. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 161, by Laverty of Saunders—To prohibit the wearing of uniforms of the army, navy or national guard by persons not authorized. Recommended to pass.

S. F. 82, by Ollis of Valley—Providing for the payment by the county of the expense of the county superintendent in visiting every school in the district. Recommended to pass.

H. R. 170, by Moore of Red Willow—Fixing the standard weights, per bshel, of various grains and farm products. Recommended to pass.

H. R. 187, by Wilson of Polk—Making September 2, the anniversary of the birth of John Howard, the author of prison reform, a holiday in every penal institution in the state. Recommended to pass.

SENATE AND HOUSE FINISHING WORK

(Continued from First Page.)

tried to be a decent president for a decent people."

At 6 o'clock this evening he received his old friends from Oyster Bay and at the same time he received the friends and neighbors of Vice President Sherman. After this he shook hands with the famous Hamilton club of Chicago. The last Roosevelt dinner in the White House was served at 8 o'clock tonight, with fourteen persons present, including members of the families of the retiring and incoming presidents. Mr. and Mrs. Taft were the principal guests. None of the Roosevelt children were present and the Taft children spent the night at the Boardman residence.

Miss Ethel Roosevelt left Washington today for Oyster Bay. Quentin Roosevelt will remain at school at Alexandria, Va., until the close of the school year.

Two Presents for Fairbanks.

Behind closed doors the senate today paid to Vice President Fairbanks one of the most remarkable tributes ever given to a presiding officer. He was presented with a magnificent silver service costing $1,185 as the gift of the entire body of senators and with a loving cup as the present of the democratic members. The presentation speeches made were filled with pith and humor and Mr. Fairbanks, in replying, exhibited deep feeling.

The presentation of the silver service was made by Senator McCumber, who spoke of the vice president's ability and his devotion to work and the interest of the members of the senate regardless of party affiliations.

Senator Daniel spoke for the minority, dilating upon Mr. Fairbanks' uniform fairness. He suggested that if at any time Mr. Fairbanks should tire of the monotonous service in the republican party the democrats would be glad to welcome him. He facetiously suggested that it would not be well for Mr. Fairbanks to take more than one draught from the flagon before breakfast if he should happen to get it filled with other than buttermilk.

TEN PERISH IN FIRETRAP

(Continued from First Page.)

reached to the fourth and fifth floors. Firemen say that the fire escape in the rear was clogged with refuse which had to be cleared off before the firemen could mount.

Whole Family Trapped.

The Travisano family evidently were trapped in their rooms on the top floor and made no effort to escape. The bodies of the parents were found lying on a couch while the son and daughter were kneeling on the floor with their faces in their mother's lap and seemed to have been suffocated while praying. The members of the Filiberti, Cruppi and Placia families were found in their beds on the fifth floor where they had become overcome with smoke while asleep. The belief that the fire was the work of a group of blackmailers arose from the statement of Antonio Urso, the barber, who said he had received a blackhand letter about two months ago, demanding the payment of about $300 to a man whom he was to meet in the street. Urso said he paid no attention to the letter, expecting that others would follow. Firemen said that the fire seemed to have originated in a storeroom of the undertaker's establishment which contained much inflammable matter.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
NEW YORK	Carmania	K. Wilhelm II.
NEW YORK		Campania.
HALIFAX		Sicilian.
QUEENSTOWN	Mauretania	
COPENHAGEN	Hellig Olav	
FIUME		Atlanta.
CHERBOURG		K. A. Victoria.
PALERMO		Pannonia.
BOSTON		Sylvania.
NAPLES	Hamburg	
GIBRALTAR	Cedric	

Attempt to Prove Eighteen Cent Oil Rate Legal

Government, in Retrial of Famous Case, Presents Evidence Along This Line.

CHICAGO, March 3.—The government in the retrial of the Standard Oil company of Indiana today attempted without definite success to prove that the 18-cent tariff which the officials of the oil company claim they knew nothing about was published legally in Tariff No. 24 and classified with Illinois freight rates.

Frederick A. Mann of Los Angeles, formerly general freight agent of the Chicago & Alton railroad, Edward B. Casey, present general agent of the road and Horace B. Tucker of New Rochelle, N. Y., former chairman of the Chicago and St. Louis traffic committee were the witnesses through whom the government tried to establish the publication.

Mr. Casey identified a rate which hung in the Chicago freight office when he was local agent. Attorney Miller, for the defense, contended that publication must be proven at the points where the alleged crimes were charged—Whiting, Ind., and Chappell, Ill.

"The publication was in the main office where the shippers went," said Attorney Wilkerson for the government. "This is proper."

The Elkins' act was dug up and discussed until adjournment. William Kilpatrick, secretary of the Illinois Railroad and Warehouse commission, will be placed on the stand tomorrow morning by the government.

Many Buried in Ruins of Village Leveled by Quake

Unconfirmed Rumor Reaches London that Town Near Jerusalem Has Been Entirely Destroyed.

LONDON, March 3.—A telegram received here from Smyrna, Asiatic Turkey, says that the village of Masran, near Jerusalem, has been destroyed by an earthquake. One hundred and fifty persons are buried in the ruins.

No confirmation is obtainable here of the reported destruction of this village, nor can the place itself be located. A dispatch similar to this has heretofore appeared in Paris and it is believed that the present report grows out of this publication, which also the first time lacked confirmation.

COLIMA, Mexico, March 3.—The volcano of Colima is smoking again and throwing out sparks actively. People living in the vicinity of the moutain are in terror.

Wheat Makes Highest Record

Actual wheat—No. 2 hard—sold on the Omaha market for $1.11½ Wednesday, which is the highest point reached this year and only a little under the highest price ever quoted in Omaha. Grain dealers say wheat never actually sold for so much, though the option price has been higher and closed Wednesday at $1.12⅛, being ⅛ of a cent higher than the previous record.

The record was broken for cash prices of No. 3 hard wheat, when several carloads sold for $1.09.

CHICAGO, March 3.—New high records for the season were established by wheat, corn and oats on the Board of Trade today. May wheat, the supply of which is concentrated in the hands of a prominent trader, led the advance by touching $1.19⅛, which is within ⅛ cent of the price predicted by the speculator mentioned some months ago and only 2 cents under the highest price of the Gates campaign four years ago. July advanced to $1.07, based on damage reports from the principal winter wheat states. Expert gossip had it that July would prove to be an "old crop" month, that is, a month in which deliveries on contracts would have to be made from the previous harvest.

The record-breaking rise in corn and oats was due to sympathy with wheat. May corn sold at 67⅝ cents and May oats at 56½ cents.

REAL BLIZZARD IN BERLIN

Fifty People Hurt and Traffic Blocked by Heavy Snow Storm at German Capital.

BERLIN, March 3.—Berlin is in the grip of a blizzard. Snow fell heavily throughout the night and this morning traffic was almost at a standstill. No less than fifty people have been seriously hurt by falling on the streets and a large number have sustained slight injuries from the same cause. It has been necessary to put a great many of the city cabs on runners. Over 15,000 of the unemployed of Berlin are today engaged in clearing the roadways. Empty trains were run over the elevated railroad all night long in order to keep the tracks open. Trains from the suburbs are many hours late this morning and the mail trains from Russia and the eastern provinces are snowed up.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.

LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world-wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature, E. W. GROVE. 25c.

DEATH RECORD.

Lester Webster.

Harvard, Neb., March 3—(Special)—Lester Webster, died here yesterday from causes incident to his age of 77 years. Mr. Webster came to Harvard, in the spring of 1873, and has continuously resided here since, having been engaged in various lines of business. He followed that of auctioneer for many years and until his health prevented, and has ever been an active participant in the development of the city.

Water and Sewer Bonds Carry.

AUBURN, Neb., March 3.—(Special.)—At the city election which was held yesterday for the purpose of voting on bonds for the establishment of water works and a sewer system, both questions carried, the vote standing 524 for the proposition and 81 against. The bonds will be issued at once, and as soon as disposed of the work will commence without delay. The amount of bonds which will be issued will be $75,000.

Pope is Improving.

ROME, March 3.—The pope is better of his cold and hoarseness, but he has not yet been permitted to resume his audiences, which probably will be suspended until next week. He is, however, transacting business and receives the papal secretary, Cardinal Merry Del Val, and other Vatican officials every day.

Quick Action for Your Money—You get that by using The Bee advertising columns.

HOME MONEY TO LOAN

On Business or Residence Properties

No commissions to pay.
No renewals required.
Interest rates reasonable.
Loans repayable in whole or in part any day.
Prompt attention in all cases.
Building loans a specialty.

The Conservative Savings & Loan Ass'n

1614 Harney St., Omaha.

Geo. F. Gilmore, Pres't — Paul W. Kuhns, Sec'y

A Triumph in Hat Displays

Never has there been another such display of clever hat Fashions as our brilliant exposition of the famous "Stetson," "Crofutt & Knapp" and "Asbury" productions.

In Stetsons alone we show over 100 different shapes and shades—including the new and striking innovations—the new platinum grays, buff browns and soft greens.

The only display of its kind in the West.

Nebraska Clothing Co.

JOHN B. STETSON, CROFUTT & KNAPP, "ASBURY" HATS,
$3.50 $3.00 $2.50

HOTEL ROME

Table d'Hote Dinner $1.00, every evening 6 to 8
GOOD MUSIC

Meal Tickets Free at Hanson's

Every person who takes a meal at Toll Hanson's basement restaurant may guess the number who visit there during the day. Every day the nearest guess wins a meal book.

Toll Hanson's Lunch Room

The most attractive, brightest, airiest and most economical lunch room in Omaha

HAND SAPOLIO

FOR TOILET AND BATH

It makes the toilet something to be enjoyed. It removes all stains and roughness, prevents prickly heat and chafing, and leaves the skin white, soft, healthy. In the bath it brings a glow and exhilaration which no common soap can equal, imparting the vigor and life sensation of a mild Turkish bath. ALL GROCERS AND DRUGGISTS.

Hundreds of Popular Hits

in our 10c MUSIC DEPARTMENT

A. HOSPE CO.

1513 Douglas Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S

SUNDAY, MONDAY, EVENINGS
H. H. Frazee's Musical Sensation
"A KNIGHT FOR A DAY"

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9-10
The International Live Forever Success
MRS. WIGGS OF THE CABBAGE PATCH.
5th Year in America.
300 Times in London.
Original Cast and Production.
A Dramatization of Alice Hegan Rice's Charming Stories Made by Anne Crawford Flexner.
Management Liebler & Co.
SEAT SALE THURSDAY.

CRIGHTON Orpheum PHONES DOUG. 494 IND. A1494

ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE
Matinee Every Day 2:15. Every Night 8:15
George Primrose, Mosher Hros., Morrow & Schellberg, Ernest Van Pelt & Co., Kleiv & Clifton, Bob & Little Tip, Russell & Church, Kinodrome. Prices 10c, 25c, 50c. Seats now on sale for The Orpheum Road Show.
Next Week—Starting March 7th
THE GREAT ORPHEUM SHOW
DIRECTION MARTIN BECK
Seats now on sale.

BURWOOD

Phones: Doug. 1506; Ind., A-1506
Mats: Tues., Thurs., & Sat.
MAUD LEONE
In the Colonial Story of Love and Romance
"JANICE MEREDITH"
Sunday—"When We Were Twenty-One"

AUDITORIUM

.....Roller Skating.....
Afternoon and Evening All This Week

KRUG Theater

MATINEE TODAY—TONIGHT
"SHORE ACRES"
—with—
ARCHIE BOYD
Thurs.—"THE COWBOY & THE SQUAW

"Startright" Shoes for '09

IF you would learn what makes "Startright" shoes cost a LITTLE more than other brands, then use our present spring exhibit as an object lesson.

LEATHERS welcomed by OTHER makers are NOT good enough for "Startright" dealers—styles tony enough for MOST stores will not suffice here.

THE cleverest, soundest footgear ever turned out for misses and children finds expression in the new line we have placed on view for '09.

New "Startrights" for Misses

NO material, effect or idea has been overlooked. Misses' "Startrights" are to be had in vici kid, tan calf, patent leather with brown suede tops, patent leather with white calf tops, French patent calf with mat kid tops and white canvas sorts, at pair $3.50, $3 and $2.50

Newest Children's "Startrights"

IN Children's "Startright" shoes one finds all the leathers enumerated above, together with novel red colorings, white buckskins, etc., ranging at, per pair ..... $3.00, $2.50 and $2.00

Benson & Thorne Co.

1515-1517 Douglas Street

S.S.S. REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CATARRH

No remedy that does not entirely remove the cause of Catarrh from the blood will ever make a permanent cure of the trouble. Just as long as the circulation remains contaminated with the impurities and catarrhal matters which produce the trouble, the mucous membranes or inner linings of the body will be kept in a state of irritation and disease. Sprays, lotions and other local applications will sometimes temporarily relieve the tight, full feeling in the head, buzzing noises in the ears, uncomfortable, stuffy feeling of the nostrils, and help to loosen the mucus in the throat; but Catarrh is a constitutional blood disorder and until it has been entirely driven from the system there can be no permanent cure. S. S. S. cures Catarrh by removing the cause from the blood. It attacks the disease at its head and by thoroughly purifying and cleansing the circulation, and ridding it of every particle of impurity, and at the same time enriching the blood, allows the inflamed and irritated membranes to heal, improves the general health, and stops every disagreeable symptom. S. S. S. reaches down to the very bottom and leaves no trace of the disease in the system. Book on Catarrh and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SALE CONTINUES AT THE SHOE MARKET

We are offering our stock of high grade Ladies', Misses' and Children's shoes in this sale at big discount. We must make room for spring stock. An opportunity for you to get the very latest styles at very lowest prices:

WOMEN'S SHOES

Russia Lace Button, pick $5 value, for $3.75
Patent Button Trixy, $5 value, for $3.75
Patent Colt, Button, Osborne, regular $3.50 value $2.65
Russia Button, Ooze Top Essex, $3.50 value $2.65
Gun Metal, Button, Berry, regular $3 value $2.45
Gun Metal Blucher, Gem, a $2.50 value for $1.95
Russia Button, Perfecto, regular $4 value $2.75
Patent, Button, Redfern, regular $3.50 value $2.65
Patent Blucher, Ito, regular $3 value $2.45
Tan Blucher, Queen, regular $2.50 value $1.95

MISSES' SHOES

High Cut Gun Metal, Button, regular $3 value $2.25
Demi Glazed Blucher, regular $2.50 value $1.95

BOYS' SHOES

Youths' High Cut Blucher, regular $3.25 value $2.50
Boys' Waterproof Tan for spring, $3.50 value $2.75

SHOE MARKET

322 SO. 16TH—NEAR HARNEY