

Last Day of the Steinfeldt Stock

We Offer Extraordinary Special Bargains in Every Department In Order to Sell Everything in the Steinfeldt Stock Before Night

This has been the most successful sale ever attempted by a store in the west. The crowds have been enormous and the bargains the most astonishing of any that have ever been offered in this or any other western store. Monday will be the last day and everything in the Steinfeldt stock will be sacrificed. It will be a day of those immense bargains such as can never be found except at Brandeis.

Just Received From the Steinfeldt Stock—Shown Monday the First Time

SILKS

25,000 Yards—Spring Shades Worth Up to 75c Yard. at 29c Yard

All the silk dress taffetas in navies, browns, grays, tans, old rose, glace combinations, all shades of green, Alice, pinks, ciel, cream, white and black. Just at the right time when silks are so much in demand—75c all silk taffetas, yard. **29c**

\$1 Wide Dress Silks 39c

Black and colored taffetas, rough dress silks in all the leading fashionable shades. Two solid window displays of these superb silk values have been much admired—\$1.00 yard-wide dress silks, at, yard. **39c**

Plenty of selling space on bargain squares. Extra salespeople will await you. Greatest of all silk sales.

Newest fancy silk suitings, taffetas, louisines, messaline silks, etc., worth \$1.00 to \$1.50 yard, at per yard **69c and 49c**

36-inch genuine Peau de Cupid dress silks, worth \$1.25, at per yard **69c**

Colored Japanese silks, satins, etc., worth 50c yard, at per yard **25c**

Women's RUBBERIZED SILK COATS from the Steinfeldt stock, worth up to \$15.00—**\$7.50**

10c and 15c Embroideries from the Steinfeldt stock, many to match **5c-7 1/2c YARD**

BRANDEIS "BOSTON STORE" & SONS

Lace Curtains

All the From the Steinfeldt Stock **600-602 Broadway New York**

Which Became Slightly Wet From the Bursting of a Sprinkler Pipe.

Of all the bargains we have offered from the Steinfeldt stock, this is the most extraordinary. The thousands of Omaha women who have seen the window display, all declare that these are absolutely the biggest lace curtain bargains ever offered in Omaha.

118 CASES OF NEW SPRING CURTAINS, ALL IN PAIRS

Only a few are slightly wet. The most of them are entirely sound and perfect. Practically Our Entire Basement Devoted to This Sale. 50 Clerks to Wait on You. Plenty of Room. The Assortments Are Almost Unlimited.

LOT 1. \$6.00 LACE CURTAINS at 98c Each

All the very finest Curtains from the stock—corded Arabian, cable nets, extra fine Nottingham, clungs, etc.—all perfect—not over three pairs to a customer—entire lot at, **98c**

LOT 2. \$2.50 LACE CURTAINS at 49c Each

All the extra fine sound and perfect Lace Curtains, in white and Arab—many 60 inches wide and 3 1/2 yards long. We could sell every pair for \$2.50; but we offer them Monday, pairs or singly at, **49c**

LOT 3—\$2 Lace Curtains, for Ea. 39c

Thousands of pairs of new spring Curtains—white and Arab, plain and figured. We could easily get \$2.50 pair for them, but we offer them tomorrow to our customers for, **39c**

LOT 4—\$1.50 Lace Curtains for, Each 25c

All the full size Lace Curtains—some slightly wet, but thousands of pairs are perfect—would be a big bargain at \$1.50 pair, at, each **25c**

LOT 5—\$1 Lace Curtains for..... 12 1/2c

All the good size Lace Curtains—some slightly wet—all in pairs, worth up to \$1.00 a pair (not more than three pairs to a customer), each, **12 1/2c**

FINAL CLEARANCE of Women's High Grade FUR COATS

All prices reduced in our great Fur Section Monday. Every coat is made of selected furs and is in absolutely perfect condition.

Astrakhan Coats in lengths from 24-inches to 26-inches. The finest of skins that sold for \$50 up to **\$75, at..... \$35**

\$50 and \$75 Krimmer Coats, only the finest of skins used in making, at, each **\$35**

\$100, 27-inch Hudson Seal Coats, at **\$49**

\$125 Hudson Seal Coats, at **\$62.50**

\$45 to \$75 finest Near Seal Coats, various lengths, at **\$22.50-\$35**

\$50, 36-inch Pony Coats, now at **\$25**

\$100, 45-inch Pony Coats, now at **\$49**

One extra fine 50-inch Hudson Seal Coat, worth \$125, at **\$69**

\$275 Swedish Otter Coat, at **\$135**

All the balance of the fine Mink, Black Lynx, Squirrel, etc. Throws, Scarfs and Wraps now at a fraction of their former prices.

FUR LINED COATS—Steinfeldt Stock

\$17.50 Squirrel lined Coats.....**\$7.50**

\$25.00 Sable Conic lined Coats.....**\$10.00**

\$30.00 Martin lined Coats.....**\$12.50**

Women's Fine Winter Coats—in blacks, mixtures, etc., broadcloths and kerseys, striped coverts, worth from \$15 to \$35, in one big lot, at **\$10.00**

Women's Coats—That sold up to \$12.00, all in one big group, at **\$3.98**

Women's Suits—2 and 3-piece Suits, broadcloths, chevots, etc., black and colors, worth to \$25, in one big lot at **\$10.00 and \$12.50**



Balance of Steinfeldt Stock at Still Greater Reductions for Monday

Dress Goods

15,000 yards of 44-inch Wale suitings sold by jobbers at 37 1/2c yd.—navies, browns, greys, cardinals, resedas and blacks—regular price 59c, at, yard..... **15c**

60-inch grey mixed suitings, fine mohairs, fancy serges, henriettes, all perfect goods, at per yard **39c-49c**

Waists from the Steinfeldt Stock

\$2.50 Fine Lingerie Waists for 69c

Tomorrow we place on sale all of the finest white lawn, lace-trimmed lingerie waists from the Steinfeldt purchase, all of the very best waists in the lot, some of them showing very slight imperfections. The waists will be placed tomorrow, on large bargain squares on the main floor, and are going to be sold, as long as they last, at **69c** each, which is one of the greatest waist bargains ever offered by any store.

LINGERIE WAISTS at 35c EACH

In this lot are all the waists that are in every way equally as good a quality as the above lot, but they show more imperfections. These will be on sale on large bargain squares in the basement, at **35c** each. This is a phenomenal bargain, and we advise you to come early.

BRANDEIS

Special Notice—All the lace curtains in this sale are in pairs, from three to fifty pairs of a kind, but they will be sold singly if desired.

Kid Gloves

Women's Cape Gloves—One-clasp, English walking gloves, pique and out seam—new tans in all sizes. Fitted if desired. Monday, per pair **98c**

Cashmere and GOLF Gloves For women and children—black and colors, Monday, pair **15c**

VALENTINES

Also articles for Valentine Day for decorations, parties, etc., such as crepe tissue paper, plain, red hearts, all sizes, arrows, dinner and tally cards, writing paper for invitations, etc.—Stationery Dept.

Valentine Novelties Heart shape candy boxes, etc., at, each, 5c up to 50c. Sweetland—Brandeis East Arcade

NEW SPRING SHOWING OF RUGS

A new lot of beautiful Velvet Rugs—9x12 size, bright new designs, shown for the first time this spring—easily worth \$22.50, at..... **\$14.98**

Axminster Rugs—in fine floral and oriental patterns—all new styles—regu- lar \$30.00 qualities—Monday at..... **\$22.50**

Famous English Wilton Rugs, strictly high grade, 9x12 seamless Wilton Rugs, in soft Persian designs—the most beautiful rugs in Omaha at..... **\$39**

Ours is the most attractive and complete rug department in the west. Plenty of room—plenty of daylight.

BRANDEIS

Fine French Batiste Hand Loom Embroideries and Waist Frontings

Combination effects in English eyelet, crochet, hexagon, Grecian, etc.—worth up to \$2.00, at, a yard..... **98c**

\$1.25 Embroideries at 69c

22 1/2 and 27-inch fine French Batiste hand loom embroidered, flouncings, English eyelet, Madeira, crochet, hexagon, Japanese, Grecian, shadow, etc.—per yard, **69c** at.....

WIDE EMBROIDERIES

18 and 22-inch fine Swiss, nainsook and cambric embroidered flouncings, skirtings and corset cover widths—worth up to 60c a yard, at..... **19c-29c**

12c Laces at 5c Yard

Fine French and German Val. laces and insertions—all new designs, many to match—worth up to 12 1/2c a yard, at, **5c**

BRANDEIS

BIG BATTLESHIP LAUNCHED

Delaware Surpasses Any Boat of Any Navy in the World.

COST ALMOST FOUR MILLIONS

Engines and Boilers Protected by Eleven-Inch Armor and Coal Capacity Enables It to Run Twenty-Eight Days.

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Feb. 6.—The great battleship Delaware was successfully launched from the yards of its builders, the Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry-dock company, today. The launching was witnessed by 8,000 people.

Completed with the battleships, completed or under construction, of the navy of any other foreign country, the Delaware surpasses all. It is one of four sister ships authorized by congress which will form an indomitable squadron. The other vessels are the North Dakota, being built at Quincy, Mass.; the Florida, which will be built at the New York Navy yard, and the Utah, to be built at Camden, N. J.

The Delaware is to carry as heavy armor and as powerful armament as any known vessel of its class; will have a speed of twenty-one knots, which is believed to be the highest practicable for a vessel of this type and class, and will have the highest practicable radius of action. The arrangement of its main battery guns is such as to permit a broadside fire 35 per cent greater than that of the broadside fire of any battleship now built, or so far as is known, under construction. Its defensive qualities, other than those dependent upon armor protection, are such as to give the maximum degree of protection to all the vital portions by means of unusually effective compartmental subdivision, so that in conjunction with its armor protection, the defensive qualities of this vessel are believed to be distinctly superior to those of any battleship hitherto designed. The hull is protected by a water line belt of armor 8 feet in width, whose maximum thickness is 11 inches. This armor belt gives effective protection to the boilers, machinery and magazine spaces. The side above the main armor belt is protected by armor 7 feet 3 inches wide and of a maximum thickness of 10 inches. Above the main casemate armor anti-aircraft the side is protected by armor of 5 inches thickness, which affords protection to the smoke pipes, the major portion of the secondary batteries of 5-inch guns, and the hull structure.

The plans for the Delaware were prepared by the board of construction in competition with plans submitted by various naval architects and shipbuilding companies and submitted to a special board under the presidency of the former assistant secretary of the navy, T. H. Newberry, and later approved by congress. The contract for the Delaware was placed August 5, 1907, at a price of \$3,987,000, to be built in accordance with the department's design for both hull and reciprocating machinery. Its keel was laid November 11, 1907. The Delaware is 310 feet in length on load water line, 85 feet 2 inches in breadth and its mean draft to bottom of keel at trial displacement about 27 feet. Its coal bunker capacity is 2,500 tons, which is sufficient to send it a 10-knot speed a distance of 6,730 knots, or 28 days' steaming. Provision is also made for the stowage of a large amount of oil fuel without in any degree reducing the capacity of the coal bunkers. It will have triple expansion reciprocating engines and will require over 300 men to man it.

Its armament will consist of a main battery of ten 12-inch breech-loading rifles, and its secondary battery will be fourteen 6-inch rapid-fire guns, four 2-pounder anti-aircraft guns, four 1-pounder semi-automatic guns, two 3-inch field pieces and two machine guns of 30 caliber. It has two submerged torpedo tubes.

The Delaware will have a displacement on trial of 20,000 tons, or 2,100 tons greater than the British Dreadnought and 750 tons greater than Great Britain's latest vessel of that type, the Vanguard.

GERMAN VILLAGES IN DANGER

Larger Rivers Still Rising, Though Small Ones Fall.

HURRICANE ADDS TO TERROR

Storm Demolishes Buildings in Rhine Valley and Many Towns Are Cut Off from Outside World.

BERLIN, Feb. 6.—Many cases of loss of life continue to be reported from various parts of Germany as a result of the floods. The waters of the smaller streams are now subsiding, but the larger rivers like the Elbe, the Main, the Rhine and the Oder still are rising. The lower sections of Frankfurt-on-the-Main are flooded. A terrific hurricane raged in the Rhine valley last night and demolished the Wiesbaden machinery hall and other buildings in course of erection for an exhibition this summer. The heavy rains along the Rhine valley, however, ceased early this morning and today the confluents of the Rhine are falling and the immense havoc wrought in many towns is becoming visible. The river police of Cologne have stationed steamers at various points along the Rhine to give assistance as required. The dike commission yesterday decided to take measures to strengthen the Rhine dikes. The Danube still is rising at Regensburg. Several villages are cut off from communication from the outside world and are threatened with partial destruction. The Elbe is carrying down great masses of ice which have partly destroyed the scaffolding of the new bridge being erected at Dresden. The Mulde, a confluent of the Elbe, has flooded the country around Dessau. The forest forests are under water and a number of deer have been destroyed. The Oder is rising rapidly and many barges frozen into the ice several weeks ago are threatened with destruction.

Active Germanen—See Want Ads.

OLD GATEWAY IS THREATENED

London Likely to Lose One of Its Ancient Relics of Mediaeval Times.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—(Special.)—London is in danger of losing one of its most valuable relics of mediæval times—the old gateway in Smithfield, which belongs to St. Bartholomew's church. Besides being one of the oldest Norman structures in Europe, this gateway has associations which make it both romantic and gruesome. Opposite the gateway in the early days was a famous battleground, where many great tournaments were held, several of which figure in legendary lore. Many a knight after a hard-fought battle was brought in through this gateway to receive the last sacraments in the ancient church.

Also it was through this entrance that the Smithfield martyrs were led to the stake to be burned to death. Their execution took place almost opposite the portals of the ancient St. Bartholomew archway, and citizens crowded on top of the structure to witness the event. Before the burning took place the martyrs were brought into the church and their faith was tested. If they did not answer certain questions of dogma correctly they were condemned to be burned at the stake.

When in 1544 the property of the monasteries in England was seized by Henry VIII he gave the St. Bartholomew priory and church to Lord Rich. Two hundred years previous to this time the old priory was celebrated throughout Europe and in Henry's time it was one of the wealthiest of church establishments. Today St. Bartholomew's is considered the finest specimen of Norman church architecture in England. Though the church is a huge, rambling structure, which might well be called a cathedral, it has been literally buried by modern buildings which have encircled it on all sides.

By the side of the church runs one of the quietest streets in London. It is called Cloth Fair, and is not much wider than the breadth of a man's arm. It

ENGLAND LOOKS TO FORESTS

Royal Commission Proposes to Timber Nine Million Acres of New Barren Land.

LONDON, Feb. 6.—(Special.)—It is characteristic of the way in which English governmental affairs are "muddled through" that the most important series of recommendations produced for many years by a royal commission should be the work of a commission appointed to deal with a subject which has no relation to the subject reported on.

The report puts forward a series of well considered proposals for the afforestation of the United Kingdom, which, if carried out, as they probably will be, promise to change not only the face of the country, but the character of the people, and to provide an immense new industry, which it is hoped will go far towards solving the problem of unemployment. It is the work of a commission appointed in 1906 under a royal warrant to inquire into and report on coast erosion and to suggest some organized plan for the reclamation of land that has been devoured by the sea. The commission held many sittings and examined witnesses, but the conclusions on coast erosion are still to be learned. In 1908 it occurred to some that the question of afforestation should be considered and after a little perfunctory discussion the Coast Erosion commission was told that it might look into that question as well. The report which has just been produced is the result. But as briefly as possible the commis-

was in this little passage in the early days that the beautiful fabrics and cloths that went to make up the picturesque costumes of the Elizabethan times were sold. The neighborhood has interesting associations for Americans, for it was around the corner from the old archway to a firm of printers.

An effort is being made to raise \$10,000 with which to buy the land on which the old gateway stands, in order to retain it as a relic. Already about half of the sum has been subscribed. If the money is not raised a modern office building will be built around the arch.

was discovered that there are 9,000,000 acres of land in the United Kingdom available for afforestation without encroaching on the land devoted to profitable agriculture. In other words this land is either derelict or unprofitably used and is eminently suited for the scheme which is proposed.

The plan is that all this land should be acquired by the state and an elaborate system of state forests created. The land is to be purchased compulsorily. If the owners object to sell, and the money is to be provided by a public loan, the interest on which will be met, at first, out of the taxes. It is stated that the most profitable plan to secure a proper rotation of the timber crop is that 100,000 acres should be acquired and planted each year, and the approximate cost of this is placed at about \$10,000,000 a year. The average cost of the land is placed at \$25 an acre and the cost of planting at the same amount, with an allowance of about \$1 an acre for extra or incidental expenses. The net deficit will be \$450,000 in the first year and will rise progressively to \$1,556,550 in the fortieth year, after which the forests will become increasingly profitable to the state. At the end of eighty years the forests should pay to the state an annual revenue of \$77,500,000, reckoning timber at the present prices, which ought, however, to be materially enhanced. This revenue should be perpetual, as the scheme, of course, provides for planting to take the place of the trees cut down.

Looked at from another point of view the state will then be in possession of property worth \$2,810,000,000, or about \$28,000,000 more than the outlay, reckoning the cost of its creation on the basis of 3 per cent per annum compound interest.

The most interesting feature of the scheme from the American viewpoint is its probable effect on the timber trade of the world. Great Britain now imports \$500,000,000 loads of timber a year, of the kinds that can profitably be grown in this country. The value of this timber is about \$100,000,000 and on the basis of one load to the acre, which is that accepted by scientific foresters, the country could produce every stick of the timber that it is now importing and spend at home the \$100,000,000 that it is now paying every year to foreigners.

Yellow Fever in Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Feb. 6.—Two additional cases of yellow fever were reported from Marida, Yucatan, today, making three cases in all. Quarantine has been established against boats arriving at Mexican ports from Quintana Roo, Mexico, where smallpox is raging.

A Shooting Scrape

with both parties wounded, demands Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Heals wounds, sores, burns or injuries. 25c. For sale by Beaton Drug Co.



GOOCH'S BEST FLOUR

PURE FOOD Best in the World AT GOOD GROCERS