AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Mayor Vetoes National Construction Company Paving Contract.

COUNCIL OVERRIDES THE VETO

Board of Education Takes an Inventory and Discovers Storm Does Five Hundred Dollars Damage to School Buildings.

Mayor Frank Koutsky vetoed the contract with the National Construction company yesterday evening, returning the same to the council with his objection. These were that Hugh Murphy had the lowest bid, that he was a responsible bidder and that his brick proved better in the test. The mayor descanted on the policy of encouraging competition in contracts for city improvements to insure the work being done for reasonable figures. He asserted he believed that it was illegal to let the contract as proposed. In support of his report on the tests made, he submitted the figures of Andrew Rosewater, the city engineer of Omaha, who personally conducted the test. This report showed the Purington block was the poorer brick, having lost 17.06 per cent in the tumbler while the Coffeyville brick lost only 14 per cent.

The council also had a communication from the Good Government league asking that the contract with the National Construction company be reconsidered.

On the formal motion, "Shall the previous action of the council be sustained notwithstanding the objection and veto of the mayor?" Frank Dworak voted "no," while the other councilmen voted "aye," thus overruling the veto of the mayor.

The contract with the National Construction company was then approved and the mayor and city clerk intsructed to affix their signitures.

Swan Larson explaining his vote, said: "In view of the fact that Mr. Murphy has caused much delay in the city contracts, and whereas he does not employ South Omaha labor to do the work, and since the decision of the court in the recent paving of East Q street makes it discretionary with the council to accept or reject bids of this kind, I shall sustain our previous action and vote to carry the previous action over the veto of the mayor."

The rest of the session was taken up with routine. The building inspector reported to the amount of $7,115 during January. The city treasurer reported obligations falling due in New York to the amount of $1,278.50. These are to be met by warrants on the interest fund. The meat inspector reported the condemnation of thirty cattle, forty-three sheep and three hogs during January. Cheif Briggs reported all the arc lights in the city out since Thursday evening. The English Lutheran society asked that the taxes for the paving of Twenty-fifth street assessed to the lots on which its church stands, be cancelled.

The ordinance was passed changing the grade of Twentieth street from N to S streets.

The contracts and bonds for all the successful bidds in the annual budget of supplies were approved.

The regular bills for the month of January were allowed.

Board of Education.

The session of the Board of Education concerned itself chiefly with affairs of routine. The most important business was the arrangement made to send Superintendent N. M. Graham to the annual meeting of the National Association of Superintendents and Principals, which is to meet in Chicago February 23 to 27. Mr. Graham was allowed five days' leave of absence and $60 for expenses. He attended the convention held in Weshington last year.

The board took a summary of the effects of the recent windstorm on the various school buildings. It is estimated that the losses will approximate $500. The buildings suffered from broken glass, and some roofs were seriously damaged. The tiling on the high school building were seriously disturbed in a number of places. The committee on buildings and grounds was empowered to make the necessary repairs.

A resolution was passed commending all teachers and principals for the plans in progress for the proper observance of Lincoln's and Washington's birthdays.

A sewing department was provided for the West Side school. This will be developed, as one of the features of the manual training department.

The general bills and salaries, amounting to $19,469, were allowed. The teachers' pay roll amounted to $13,117.

Auto Driver Arrested.

Sedrick Cramer, an automobile driver, with J. C. Root in the vehicle, was arrested in South Omaha last night for exceeding the speed limit. The machine went south on Twenty-fourth street past Chief Brigg's at a high rate of speed. When the machine returned the chief was waiting with a revolver in his hand, and commanded the driver to stop and submit to arrest. Briggs afterward said he fully intended to shoot up the machine, if his order had not been obeyed. His aim would have been at a tire and thus cripple the machine. It is understood by the patrolmen that this method of stopping vehicles will be excusable when it becomes the last resort. The automobiles from Omaha often come through the city of South Omaha so fast that only good fortune has prevented many accidents.

After the arrest of these men the driver was released on the recognizance of Mr. Root. The driver will appear at police court at 9 a. m. today.

Magic City Gossip.

C. W. Night recently returned from a trip to Sioux City.

Samuel Myerson and Miss May Wolfson of Council Bluffs were married at the Danish Brotherhood hall Sunday at 2 p. m. Rabbi S. Groginsky performed the ceremony. The couple will live at 104 South Fortieth street.

N. E. Carter is spending a vacation of several weeks in Oklahoma.

Jetter's Gold Top Beer delivered to any part of the city. Telephone No. 8.

Mrs. A. L. Lott, 109 North Twenty-second street, will entertain St. Martin's auxiliary Wednesday afternoon.

The body of Albert Tighe is expected to arrive from Kansas City today.

COAL! Try Howland's celebrated Silver Creek. Office, 428 N. 24th St. Tel. South 7.

The vital statistics show fifty-seven births and twenty-four deaths in South Omaha for the month of January.

For Rent—February 1, store room now occupied by A. DeLanney, the florist, 628 North 24th St. A. L. Berguist.

Miss Jeane MacDowell entertained in honor of Miss Adelene Dimock last evening. It was a shower in honor of her approaching marriage.

The death of Mrs. Dr. Mary Newton, aged 82, occurred yesterday. The funeral will be from Lefler Memorial church at 2:30 p. m. Wednesday.

Ed Miller caused the arrest of Harry Cohn yesterday on a charge of petit larceny. He charged that Cohn had short changed him Sunday evening.

Men's silk finish hose, regular 25c article, come in 14 different plain colors, sale price 2 pairs for 25c. Nebraska Shoe and Clothing House, South Omaha.

Magic City King's Daughters will give a tea Thursday afternoon, February 4, at the home of Mrs. E. L. Howe, Twenty-fourth and B streets. All are cordially invited.

The South Omaha police received a letter from Hutchinson, Kan., giving the full details of the finding of Chris Bean. The detectives are working on a good clue in the case.

The Ladies Aid society of the Presbyterian church will be entertained at the home of Mrs. R. L. Wheeler, 906 North Twenty-second street, Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Florence Jewell, Miss Lulu Case and Miss Pauline Sayer of Newman Grove will arrive in South Omaha this morning to visit Miss Adelene Dimock. They will remain for several days.

HOPE OF SUFFRAGISTS DASHED

Lower House of South Dakota Legislature Kills Proposed Amendment.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The house sent the hopes of the equal suffrage contingent soaring today when it cut the property qualification from the senate resolution granting suffrage, only to drop them into the slough of despoda a few minutes later when they killed the resolution by a vote of 54 against 47 for the submission of the question to the voters at the next general election.

While the house refused to accept the senats amendments to the two-cent rate bill, it did not call out the expected hot contest on the proposition. Bartine, chairman of the house railway committee, opposed concurrence and was backed by Taylor of Brown, and the matter was brought to a vote, in which the concurrence was refused, and Bartine, McDonnell and Newell were appointed house conferees on the bill. The senate conferees selected were Norbeck, Byrne and McCullen.

After keeping quiet since the opening of the session, the bill to allow attorneys and physicians to crawl under the fence so far as the anti-pass law is concerned, it was presented in the senate this afternoon by Curtis of Brown county and will be a factor in legislation for a few days until it is disposed of.

The senate passed railroad bills requiring railroad companies to report fatal wrecks to the railway commission, and authorizing the railroad commission to appear in cases in which the state is interested; requiring railroads to report to the commission the number of elevators along their lines; and requiring railroads to maintain toilet rooms at all of their stations.

The house passed the appropriation bill for the completion of the state capital; and tangled up on the bill providing for hotel licenses, which was ended by an adjournment in the middle of the mixup.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

John W. Battin has returned from a business trip to New York.

J. O. Clifford, freight auditor of the Northwestern, was in Omaha Tuesday.

A. P. Akerlund of Valley is home from a trip to Europe which extended over several weeks.

Dave Shankland of Los Angeles, S. P. Weeks of Hastings, M. Sweeney of Lincoln, H. W. Moore of Auburn and C. L. Atherton of Shoshoni are at the Murray.

John Eyler, general live stock agent of the Burlington, who has been confined to his home, 2116 Binney street, for several weeks with tonsilitis, is improving.

Miss Hattie Goff, infant wear buyer at the Lilliputian, has just returned from the New York markets and reports many attractive departures for the spring season.

E. E. Acton, J. H. Haskell, Adam Ickes, J. E. Vogel of Lincoln; Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Witse and daughter of Pender and J. W. Lusk of Greeley, Colo., are at the Hotel Loyal.

T. V. Golden of O'Neill, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Grayton of Deadwood, Mr. and Mrs. H. Ross of Tacoma and Jack Whip of Lincoln are at the Schlitz.

W. E. Randall of Lincoln, D. W. Thayer of Washington, J. H. Fairchild of Minot, J. R. Hanna of Greeley and L. Little of Clarks are at the Iler Grand.

T. P. Reed of Weeping Water, O. A. Brown of Kansas City, V. G. Langtry of Cody, Wyo.; C. E. Smith of Lincoln, M. A. LaFleiche of Belle Fourche and A. T. Young of Cheyenne are at the Henshaw.

United States District Judge W. H. Munger is rapidly improving at the Wise Memorial hospital. He spent a very comfortable night Monday night and his condition is reported most encouraging.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex E. Bissing of Hays, Kan.; E. H. Miller of Sioux City, George P. Thoman of Kansas City, G. M. Thorp of Hastings, W. J. Albrecht of Friend and W. J. Niernan of York are at the Millard.

Mrs. W. Armers of San Francisco, Mrs. D. C. Congdon of North Platte, Mr. and Mrs. S. B. Parker of Tampa, G. B. Jackson of Dallas, S. D.; F. Brasny of Humboldt, E. B. Stephenson of Lincoln and J. Nevels of Albion are at the Rome.

L. G. Comstock of Central City, J. C. Berzins, Mrs. Berzins of Whitman, Mrs. C. S. Fogg of Tacoma, C. A. Dunlap of Tecumseh, J. E. Becker of Gordon, W. A. Hard of Sioux Falls, A. F. Harsh of Lowell, Mrs. J. Johnson and daughter of Hastings, T. B. Huston of Denver and L. R. Foote of Lincoln are at the Paxton.

W. F. Young of Oxford, J. F. Foys of Hastings, Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Keenan of Spaulding, J. D. Horton of Grand Island, G. S. Harris of Hooper, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Bean of Lincoln, J. T. Shimpton of Fremont, A. A. Etewart of Oakland, H. Morton and C. A. Morton of Valentine are at the Merchants.

TWO DRAINAGE DISTRICTS

Such is Result of Conference of County Representatives.

LAND OWNERS ASSESSED FOR COST

Dodge County Men Object to Linking Their Interests in One, So Two Divisions Are to Be Created.

Douglas county commissioners, after a conference at the board rooms Tuesday morning, with a delegation interested in drainage, adopted a resolution to form a district taking in a large section of Douglas county and a portion of Sarpy.

An election of three directors to have charge of the work contemplated will be held at the office of County Clerk Haverly on Tuesday, March 2. These directors will give bond in the sum of $3,000 each. All property owners to be assessed for the ditches will be eligible to participate and to vote, according to their holdings; for instance, a man owning a quarter section will cast 160 votes.

The proposed district will take in all of the Elkhorn valley in Douglas county, from the Platte river to the bluff, and south to the county line, and all of Sarpy county east of the river. This means that, instead of one large drainage district, taking in Dodge, Washington, Douglas and Sarpy, there will be two districts, with Douglas and Sarpy pulling together and Dodge and Washington coupled up. The Dodge county drainage advocates were apparently unwilling to link their county in a general scheme with the others, despite the fact that in such an event the national government would have made the surveys and had a sort of general supervision of the work.

Attorney Courtright of Fremont opened the discussion by an elaborate explanation of the law, also outlining the feeling of his home people as indicated above. J. C. Robinson of Waterloo and others were also heard in advocacy of the scheme as now agreed on, and the general sentiment of a large delegation present was shown to be favorable on a standing vote. One man owning land in the district protested because of the inclusion of a certain tract of land near the junction of the Rawhide with the Elkhorn, but he was alone in his protest.

Our Letter Box

Contributions on timely topics invited. Write legibly on one side of the paper only, with name and address appended. Unused contributions will not be returned. Letters exceeding 200 words will be subject to being cut down at the discretion of the editor. Publication of views of correspondents does not commit The Bee to their endorsement.

Sink's Sheet Bill.

HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. 30.—To the Editor of The Bee: In your morning issue of January 29 under the heading, "Hotel Man Has Nightmare" you take another shot at the Sink bill for sanitary measures regulating hotels. The Bee has not treated this measure with the fairness it deserves. The bill does not specify nine-foot sheets, but does specify that the top sheet shall be three feet longer than the bottom sheet and fold back over the top clothes. There have been many inquiries as to why this provision was asked for, and here is the reason: At this time of year the hotels provide an extra comforter, which the guest usually finds rolled up on the foot of the bed. Upon unrolling it he finds that all four of the edges are rotten filthy. He must either sleep with this filthy coverlet under his nose and mouth or sleep cold. The long top sheet folds back over this, thus keeping the dirty comforter from coming in contact with the face.

We have many laws to protect the health of our people and why this one should antagonize anyone is beyond our ken. Public sentiment was enough to put long top sheets on Pullman cars, but it requires a law to protect the poor devil whose home from five to seven days a week is the hotel "catering to commercial trade."

In the Sink hotel measure the 4,000 traveling men of Nebraska are asking for nothing beyond the bounds of reason, and in the asking deserve to be treated with fairness and not with ridicule.

H. A. MOSS,
Chairman Legislative Committee Nebraska Division Travelers' Protective Association.

HASTINGS, Neb., Jan. 30.—To the Editor of The Bee: In your paper of January 29 you ridicule Mr. John Sink's bill. Now this bill was gotten up by the traveling men of Nebraska and is not the drummer's dream. In the first place the bill does not call for a nine-foot sheet, but calls for the bottom sheet to be of sufficient length to cover the mattress, the top sheet to cover the bed and turn back three feet. Now here is where the hotel man gets off: The three feet extra sheeting covers the bedding so that the top bedding will last three times as long and insure the person who sleeps in the bed that his face is not coming in contact with the bedding used by everybody.

The traveling salesmen are in great demand about election time, but when they want a little legislation for their own benefit or comfort the press of the state take it up and ridicule the salesman who introduces our bill.

Very few of the hotel men are kicking on the bill, as they say it will save them money in the long run.

If a few of the editors in the state would get out on the road for one week and go up against what we do year after year the press would all be for us.

W. C. ALEXANDER,
President Nebraska Travelers' Protective Association.

Most Wonderful Healing.

After suffering many years with a sore, Amos King, Port Byron, N. Y., was cured by Bucklen's Arnica Salve. 25c. For sale by Beaton Drug Co.

STREET DUEL IN CHICKASHA

Chief of Police Killed and Joe Earl Wounded by Night Assistant Chief.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Feb. 2.—As a result of a street duel at Chickasha, Okl., tonight, Emmet Goodwin, chief of police, is dead, Joe Earl is seriously wounded and William Thomas, night chief of police, is in jail, charged with the double shooting. The trouble occurred over a dispute regarding the crusade against "bootleggers."

THE BEST Advertising POSTUM has received.

is the voluntary testimony of those who have found it the easy way out of coffee aches and ails.

"There's a Reason."

COULD NOT CURE WEEPING ECZEMA

Disease Began over Ear and Spread till Face and Neck were Raw—Itching, Inflammation and Soreness were Terrible—Lasted Over a Year and All Treatments Failed

UNTIL CUTICURA AGAIN PROVED GREAT SUCCESS

"Eczema began over the top of my ear. It cracked and then began to spread. I had three different doctors and tried several things, but they did me no good. At last one side of my face and my neck clear up to my hair were raw. The water ran out of it so that I had to wear medicated cotton, and it was so inflamed and sore that I had to put a piece of cloth over my pillow to keep the water from it, and it would stain the cloth a sort of yellow. The eczema itched so that it seemed as though I could tear my face all to pieces. The disease began in the fall and I did everything for it until the next winter. Then I began to use the Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and it was not more than three months before it was all healed up. I still use the Cuticura Resolvent Pills once in a while to cleanse the blood. I am very thankful that I tried Cuticura, and I can recommend it to any one. Miss Ana Pearsons, Northfield, Vt., Dec. 19, '07."

GROWS HAIR

Cuticura Removes Dandruff and Soothes Itching Scalps.

Warm shampoos with Cuticura Soap, and light dressings with Cuticura, prevent dry, thin and falling hair, remove crusts, scales and dandruff, destroy hair parasites, soothe irritated, itching surfaces, stimulate the hair follicles, loosen the scalp skin, supply the roots with energy and nourishment, and make the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all other treatment fails.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor of Infants, Children and Adults consists of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin and Cuticura Resolvent Pills (25c.), for in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, the per vial of 60, to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

Mailed Free, Cuticura Book on Skin Diseases

A heating harmony

Cold is discord. Warmth is harmony. Cold is brutal—it exposes moods and often opens the way for discontent. Warmth is a homemaker; it puts *heart* in the home. Cupid wears no clothing—he shuns icy blasts. That is why lovers are always given the most comfortable room in the house. So, too, a harmonious and happy household depends very largely upon bodily comfort. And comfort depends upon the heat question.

AMERICAN RADIATORS & IDEAL BOILERS for Hot-Water, Low-Pressure Steam, or Vacuum heating give out nothing but pure, clean heat, making every nook and corner of the home livable and enjoyable. High winds cannot arrest nor chilling cold offset their ample flow of warmth, which floods the whole house like a melody.

IDEAL Boilers and AMERICAN Radiators are made in sizes to fit cottages, mansions, churches, schools, stores, and larger structures. They will put new life into old buildings, and add a *permanent* selling value to any property. House-cleaning work is reduced one-half and expensive damage to furnishings is avoided. Savings in fuel, labor, and absence of repairs will soon repay cost of the outfit.

A No. 3-25-W IDEAL Boiler and 700 ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $315, were used to Hot-Water heat this cottage.

A No. 1-22-W IDEAL Boiler and 422 ft. of 38-in. AMERICAN Radiators, costing the owner $205, were used to Hot-Water heat this cottage.

At these prices the goods can be bought of any reputable, competent Fitter. This did not include cost of labor, pipe, valves, freight, etc., which installation is extra and varies according to climatic and other conditions.

Four cold months still ahead! These outfits can be put in without any tearing up, annoyance to occupants, or disturbing old heating methods until ready to start fire in the new. Tell us the kind of building you wish to heat. *Prices now most favorable,* and you get the services of the most skillful fitters. Buy now and "Home, Sweet Home" will become a harmony in praise of good heating. Ask for book (free) "Ideal Heating."

AMERICAN RADIATOR COMPANY

Write to Dept. N-80 — 413-417 South Tenth Street, Omaha, Nebraska

Public Showrooms and Warehouses located at Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Atlanta, Indianapolis, Milwaukee, Minneapolis St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha, Denver, Seattle, San Francisco, Brantford (Ontario), London, Paris, Berlin

WHAT THE WOMEN ARE DOING

Omaha Women's Christian Temperance Union Offer Prizes for Essays.

CHILD LABOR AT WOMAN'S CLUB

Delegates to Recent Conference at Chicago and Washington Report Sessions and Their Impressions of Meetings.

Omaha Women's Christian Temperence union has established a definite campaign of scientific temperence instruction through the essay plan, which with the permission of the school authorities has lead to much effective work in the city schools. Several weeks ago three cash prizes were offered for the best essays on scientific temperence instruction written by pupils of the seventh and eighth grades. Fifty-eight essays were turned in this week and will be passed upon by a committee including Mrs. George Rice, Mrs. I. S. Leavitt and Mrs. D. C. John, the three prizes being $10, $5 and $2.50. In addition to these prizes the union has offered a state prize of $10 for essays from pupils in the tenth grade and a national prize of $50 for the same class of essays.

During the coming fortnight the union will go still further and will offer a prize of $50 for essays from high school students and a prize of $100 for essays from college students, the offer to be open to students of Bellevue and Creighton colleges.

J. G. Wooley, one of the national speakers in the temperence work, has been engaged by the union to speak in Omaha in the near future, the time and the place being as yet indefinite.

Club Considers Child Labor.

It was child labor day with the Woman's club at Monday afternoon's open meeting, the program being provided by the social science department. J. J. Ryder, ex-deputy state labor commissioner and secretary of the Nebraska Child Labor committee; Rev. James Wise, chairman of the State Board of Inspectors and E. D. Gepson, attendande officer of the city schools, all of whom represented Nebraska at the recent conference of the National Child Labor committee at Chicago, reported that conference, while Rev. A. W. Clark of the Child Saving institue told of the recent conference called at the White House by President Roosevelt in the interest of dependent childrn.

Mr. Ryder, while recognizing the full value of the conference, made the criticism that there was not time for discussion of the practical work; that there was too many papers instead of time for discussion of the problems that have been met and overcome by some and that others still have to meet, and regarding which they need information. Recognizing this defect Owen Lovejoy, chairman of the National committee, has promised that there shall be time for sectional conferences of workers in the future. Mr. Ryder also advocated that these conferences in future be held in smaller cities where there will be fewer things to distract the delegates.

He spoke of the evidence that public sentiment has been aroused against child labor and that the public will stay awake, being now willing to fight against the evil. The Nebraska child labor law he esteems above the average and from experience as state labor commissioner he said that Nebraska employers of children fully recognize that it would be futile to try to over turn this law or attempt to make more than minor amendments to it.

Nebraska Law Not Secure.

Mr. Wise took issue with Mr. Ryder that the Nebraska law is in no danger and held that only through the recognition of individual responsibility in its enforcement will it be retained safe and efficient. He spoke of the necessity of some feasible legislation prohibiting child labor in occupations unsafe to the life and limbs of children, citing the statistics of one state where serious accidents to children were 400 per cent greater than to adults, and another state where they were 1,100 per cent greater. He urged the need of a children's bureau such as congress is now being asked to provide, where official statistics may be gotten regarding working children. He also urged industrial training in the schools and the scholarship system, whereby children whose income is absolutely necessary to the maintenance of a famly may be allowed to go to school and the state or county pay the family the equivalent of what their earnings would be if they were employed.

Mr. Gepson emphasized the need of cooperation among all workers along these lines that their efforts might supplement rather than duplicate.

Mr. Clark said he was especially impressed with President Roosevelt's evident intimate knowledge of the conditions and needs of dependent children and his direct and practical ideas for the alleviation of these conditions.

During the business hour of the meeting the club voted to invite Governor and Mrs. Shallenberger to be its guests at the next open meeting, February 15, the governor to be the principal speaker of the afternoon. A luncheon will be given in their honor at 12:30 at Hanson's cafe, which all members of the club will be privileged to attend.

A resolution was passed condemning the indiscriminate cartooning of public men, officials and things, as demoralizing and conducive to disrespect.

WOULD KEEP GENERAL OFFICES

Bill Introduced at Denver to Prevent Removal of Colorado & Southern Headquarters.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 2.—To prevent the removal of the general offices of the Colorado and Southern railroad, distinctively a Colorado institution, is the purpose of a bill introduced in the senate today by Senator Irby. The Colorado and Southern was recently acquired by the James J. Hill interests, and rumors have been current that headquarters were to be removed from Colorado and consolidated with the general offices of the Burlington road, which is a part of the Hill system.

Pneumonia often follows la grippe, but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar, for la grippe coughs and deep seated colds. Refuse any but the genuine in the yellow package. Sold by all druggists.

KIERAN GOES ON THE STAND

Head of Defunct Financial Concern Describes His Methods.

LIBEL HEARING TO BE RESUMED

Employes of World Will Appear Before Federal Grand Jury in New York Today—Pulitzer Returns to City.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Business methods followed by the Fidelity Funding company were described today by Patrick J. Kieran, former president of the now bankrupt concern, at a hearing before Referee Peter B. Olney to determine whether the company is amenable to the federal bankruptcy law.

Mr. Kieran told of the application of the St. Joseph's congregation of Milwaukee for a loan of $150,000.

"We gave them immediately $75,000, for which we took their notes,' he testified. "These notes we immediately sold to the Wisconsin National bank of Milwaukee. Later we took a mortgage on the property, called in the notes and issued our own bonds on the mortgage, which we deposited with the Western Trust and Savings bank of Chicago as trustee."

Interest was charged at from 4 to 4½ per cent on the mortgages, the witness said, but at 8 to 8½ on the notes.

Asked as to the company's working capital, Mr. Kieran stated that when he went with the company in 1905 its original working capital of $20,000 had been lost in the business. "Inside of a year," said the witness, "we had $60,000 working capital."

At the conclusion of the examination of Kieran the case was closed.

Transfusion of Blood.

What is believed to be the first case of blood transfusion from a white man to a colored person was made here tonight at Bellevue hospital. The patient, Julia Herring, a 27-year-old negro woman, was brought to the hospital suffering from internal hemorrhage. The surgeons decided that the only hope of saving her life lay in the transfusion of new blood. The situation was explained to the orderlies of the hospital by Dr. Geiser, and several offered their blood. Gustav Labrink, a messenger, was chosen for the operation. About a pint of his blood was transfused. The woman, the surgeons report, railied, but afterward she sank rapidly and died in a few minutes.

Will Examine Steamer.

Permission to dry dock the St. Louis at the Brooklyn navy yard, if necessary, was received by the American line officials today. The vessel, it was stated, would be examined by a diver when it reached its pier.

It is an easy matter to do business through The Bee Want Ad columns.

Common Sense

Leads the most intelligent people to use only medicines of known composition. Therefore it is that Dr. Pierce's medicines, the makers of which print every ingredient entering into them upon the bottle-wrappers and attest its correctness under oath, are daily growing in favor. No Secrets. No Deception.

The composition of Dr. Pierce's medicines is open to everybody, Dr. Pierce being desirous of having the search light of investigation turned fully upon his formulæ, being confident that the better the composition of these medicines is known the more will their great curative merits be recognized.

Being wholly made of the active medicinal principles extracted from native forest roots, by exact processes original with Dr. Pierce, and without the use of a drop of alcohol, triple-refined and chemically pure glycerine being used instead in extracting and preserving the curative virtues residing in the roots employed, these medicines are entirely free from the objection of doing harm by creating an appetite for either alcoholic beverages or habit-forming drugs.

Examine the formula on their bottle-wrappers—the same as sworn to by Dr. Pierce, and you will find that his "Golden Medical Discovery," the great blood-purifier, stomach tonic and bowel regulator—the medicine which, while not recommended to cure consumption in its advanced stages (no medicine will do that) yet *does cure* all those catarrhal conditions of head and throat, weak stomach, torpid liver and bronchial troubles, weak lungs and hang-on-coughs, which, if neglected or badly treated lead up to and finally terminate in consumption.

Take the "Golden Medical Discovery" *in time* and it is not likely to disappoint you if only you give it a *thorough* and *fair* trial. Don't expect miracles. It won't do supernatural things. You must exercise your patience and persevere in its use for a reasonable length of time to get its full benefits. The ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed have the unqualified endorsement of scores of medical leaders—better than any amount of lay, or non-professional, testimonials although the latter are received by thousands.

Don't accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this time-proven remedy of known composition. Ask your neighbors. They must know of many cures made by it during past 40 years, right in your own neighborhood.

World's Dispensary Medical Association, Dr. R. V. Pierce, Pres., Buffalo, N. Y.