Bell Doug. 318—Both Phones Reach All Depts.—Ind. A-1241

For Friday---Special Dress Goods News Briefly Told---Read carefully

Prices that will delight you, the cost has dropped so low on many beautiful dress goods. **Important**—Only two more shopping days left of the Great January Sale. Never were there such values in really high class dress goods. No trash or shoddy goods here; every piece our standard of quality.

Special—Have your skirt made to order now! The excellency of our tailor work and the elegance of our exclusive styles will appeal to you. Our skirts to order are a wonderful success. Ask your friend who has bought one.

January Linen Sale.

All mussed Table Cloths and Napkins at one-half price, Friday.

Extra Special Sale Friday—All Mussed Hemstitched Damask Lunch Cloths at Just One-Half Price.

H. S. Lunch Cloths.

All $1.50 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, 75c each.
All $2.00 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $1.00 each.
All $2.50 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $1.25 each.
All $3.00 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $1.50 each.
All $3.75 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $1.88 each.
All $4.00 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $2.00 each.
All $5.00 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $2.50 each.
All $6.00 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $3.00 each.
All $7.50 Lunch Cloths, Friday's price, $3.75 each.

Bargain Square in Basement.

Shrunk Bleached Muslins in remnants of 3 to 10 yards, regular 15c quality, Friday, at, yard **5c**

Thompson Belden & Co.

B-1-28-09.

ists have no horns and he thought it was unnecessary to put brands or tags or cowbells upon them, so he moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was seconded by Cain of Richardson.

The motion prevailed, 16 to 13, those senators voting against tabling being Buhrman of Howard, Cox of Hamilton, Diers of York, Donohoe of Holt, Hatfield of Antelope, Ketchum of Thayer, Klein of Gage, Miller of Lancaster, Myers of Rock, Ollis of Valley, Tibbets of Adams, Volpp of Dodge and Warren of Phelps.

Senator Howell thought it a good plan to put Senator King of Polk, who has already become a thorn in the flesh of the majority party, in the chair where he could not make so many speeches, and he made a motion to this effect and Senator King presided during the morning session of the committee.

Two bills were recommended for passage, one, S. F. 3, by Buck of Otoe, permitting a surviving husband or wife to draw money of the deceased partner out of a bank without order of court where the same has been deposited with such a condition, and the other, S. F. 76, by Myers of Rock, authorizing the establishment of three demonstration farms in the district north of the forty-first parallel and west of the ninety-ninth meridian. These farms are to be under the supervision of the Board of Regents and are for the purpose of experimenting with seeds, vegetables and various agricultural processes in order to give practical demonstration to the homesteaders of northwest Nebraska of methods for their advantage. Senator Myers has found by studying the question of experimental farms that where they have been established, the farmers in the locality have benefited immensely in increased crops. He thinks the possibilities of Nebraska's sandhills region have never been fully brought out. The appropriations for the farms will be merely nominal, from $2,000 to $3,000, to be provided for in the general appropriation bill. Each farm will be on a quarter section of land which may be bought or leased as the occasion may require. The regents will have the authority to locate them.

FAVORS CARNEGIE PENSION FUND

One Legislator Gives His Reason for Faith in Plan.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 28.—(Special Telegram.)—"It is not so much where the money came from, as the use to which it is being put," remarked a member of the legislature in discussing the bill which, if passed, will permit the teachers in the state university to participate in the Carnegie pension fund.

"So far as I am concerned," he continued, "I see no reason for refusing the teachers a share in this pension fund. Other states have permitted their educators to become eligible to receive this assistance when they shall have met the requirements of the trustees and Nebraska would be acting against the best interest of the university if it did not follow suit."

The more the members investigate the bill now pending to make eligible the teachers of the university to participate in the Carnegie fund, the less objection there is to it.

It is a well known fact that Nebraska has lost many very prominent educators because of better inducements to go elsewhere or to enter business channels, that would still be giving their time and talent to the education of the youth of the state were they assured of a competency when they reached the age of retirement.

The fact that Mr. Bryan helped to secure for Lincoln its Carnegie library and the further fact that instead of operating for the worse it has proven a blessing to the city has demonstrated to the legislators who have investigated that no harm could come to the state were the teachers in the university permitted to receive a Carnegie pension when they become unable to earn a living by following their profession.

HOUSE COMMITTEES JEALOUS

Activity of One Body Leads Other to Make Remarks.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 28.—(Special.)—Like a blighting disease, jealousy has broken out among the various committees of the house, due to the fact that no one is responsible for their selection, the speaker having no authority to straighten out tangles or offer suggestions, thanks to Mr. Bryan's interference. By reason of this intense jealousy at least an hour was used this morning in a discussion as to whether it was right and proper for the finance committee to make a report on an appropriation bill for a state institution previous to a report on the needs of the institution from the committee on public lands and buildings.

The bill which caused the waste of time was that by Begole of Gage county appropriating $100,000 for three buildings at the Institute for Feeble Minded at Beatrice. The finance committee reported the bill back to the house amended so that only two buildings should be erected and the appropriation cut down to $70,000.

It developed that the finance committee in order to get specific information regarding the needs of the institution sent a special committee to Beatrice to investigate and as a result the committee recommended cutting $30,000 out of the appropriation.

This started Kelley of Furnas on the warpath. He insisted that his committee on public lands and buildings should be wiped off the map if the other committees were to do its work. Then McColl of Gage made a long speech about it being due the fathers and mothers of feeble-minded children to keep the institution in good shape. Killen thought the finance committee had done very well, though he regretted the lopping off of the $30,000. Then a half dozen others took a shot at the finance committee while both Clark of Richardson, its chairman, and Begole of Gage, the introducer of the bill, were trying to get in a word.

e All of the criticism was aimed at Clark because Clark has demonstrated that he is a hard-working member and has some idea of how to get work done in an orderly way. When he finally got to talk he explained that the rules made it necessary for bills coming to a committee to be reported back in five days, so it was necessary to send a committee to Beatrice in order to get first-hand information regarding the needs of the institution. Then Begole finally got the floor and said he was perfectly willing that the bill should go to the general file and then come up in the committee of the whole after the committee on public lands and buildings had made its report. Clark made the motion and this was done.

During the debate on the bill Graff of Cuming, who favored the report of the finance committee, mentioned that some $95,000 had been appropriated for this institution two years ago, and, turning to McColl, "your governor vetoed it."

"I rise to a question of personal privilege," said McColl. "George L. Sheldon was no more my governor than he was yours, and he was defeated for a second term, too."

Bowman of Nuckolls tried to clip off a section of the constitution by a resolution providing that no bills should be introduced after the thirtieth day of the session. He lost, but not before he had given the house some good argument in favor of his proposition, which he insisted would be to the best interest of the state if adopted.

The committee oppointed to act with a like committee from the senate and arrange for a joint session to listen to Mr. Bryan, reported back that it had decided to hold the joint session February 17, and on that date "Mr. Bryan would be requested to address the legislature."

Gerdes of Richardson introduced a resolution requiring the clerk of the supreme court to file with the clerk of the house a certified copy of the amount of fees he has collected during the year 1908. Upon objections by Killen of Gage the resolution went over one day.

The following bills were introduced in the house:

H. R. 201, by Cass of Frontier—Appropriating for the use of the state university 95 per cent of the one mill university tax levy for the years 1909 and 1910 and $30,000 of the delinquent taxes collected under university levies prior to the year 1909.

H. R. 202, by McVicker of Dodge—Provides for the issue and sale of bonds for drainage purposes.

H. R. 203, by Killen of Gage—Amends the oil inspection law by providing the gravity test instead of the flash test.

H. R. 204, by Lawrence of Dodge—Providing an open season for squirrels from September 1 to December 31 each year.

H. R. 205, by Swan of Fillmore—Provides that any city council or village board may contract for libraries with any library company for a period not to exceed three years.

H. R. 206, by Swan of Fillmore—Provides for a reduction of public library boards in villages and cities from nine to five members.

H. R. 207, by Groves of Lancaster—Provides that county boards shall let by contract to lowest bidder all bridge and road work exceeding in cost $100.

H. R. 208, by Thomas of Douglas—Creating an armory commission for the state guard and providing for the expenses of building and maintaining armories, and appropiating for each company of said guard not more than $12,500 for this purpose and limiting the total for the biennium to $50,000.

H. R. 209, by Bates of Cass—Amending procedure in justice courts.

H. R. 210, by Holmes of Douglas—Prohibiting telegraph and telephone companies from furnishing quotations to bucket shops.

H. R. 211, by Armstrong of Buffalo—To regulate stockyards by declaring them public markets and fixing the prices for yardage, feed and handling.

H. R. 212, by Thomas of Douglas—Amending section 5856 Cobbey's, providing for an amendment to the law prescribing officers to be elected at the general election.

H. R. 213, by Baker of York—An amendment to the school law providing for changes in the boundaries in school districts.

H. R. 214, by Skeen of Nemaha—An amendment to the election law allowing precincts to elect their own assessors.

H. R. 215, by Skeen of Nemaha—An amendment to the revenue law providing for the election of precinct assesors at the general election.

STATE FINANCES ARE SOUND

Settlement with County Treasurers Adds Much to Strong Box.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 28.—(Special.)—For years the financial condition of the state has not been in as good condition as at the present time, when the first appropriation bill reached the office of the state auditor.

State Treasurer Brian has on deposit at the close of business today $600,000 and there is outstanding against the state a debt of $591,000. To offset this there is in the general fund $108,000 and in the redemption fund $67,000, which will cut the debt down to $416,000 just as soon as the interest on the warrants has been figured. In the permanent school fund there is now $153,000.

The treasurer is just now having his annual settlement with county treasurers, which accounts for the immense amount of money he has on deposit and each day for a time will increase the amount. Out of this, however, he has to take care of all outstanding warrants, pay for school bonds purchased under the new constitutional amendment and be in readiness to take up university warrants should the supreme court decide adversely to the treasurer in the friendly suit now pending.

This is the splendid condition of affairs at the time the democratic legislature makes its first rap against the door of the state treasury. Should history fail to repeat itself Nebraska will shortly be out of debt.

SULLIVAN ACCEPTS THE PLACE

Omaha Lawyer Takes Oath as Judge of Putative Court.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 28.—(Special.)—Judge John J. Sullivan has formally accepted the appointment by Governor Shallenberger to be a member of the Ransom supreme court. The letter of Judge Sullivan received by the governor this morning is as follows:

OMAHA, Jan. 27.—Hon. A. C. Shallenberger: Dear Sir—I beg to acknowledge receipts on the 22d of your commission appointing me judge of the supreme court. Under existing conditions I think it proper to now formally accept the appointment.

Sincerely thanking you for the implication of confidence which the appointment carries, I remain, with much esteem, yours very truly, JOHN J. SULLIVAN.

Judge Sullivan's oath was taken before Frank Shotwell of Omaha and filed with the secretary of state today.

The Shoe Sale at the Lilliputian Store Continues

Friday and Saturday we will have an interesting lot of Ladies Finest Shoes in newest high and low styles; patent leather, tan leather, dull calf and suede leather; on bargain tables.

$5.00 and $6.00 Shoes at . . . $3.50

Misses' Startright Shoes, $3.00 quality, at... **$2.29**
Child's Startright Shoes, $2.50 quality, at... **$1.79**
Child's Startright Shoes, $2.00 quality, at... **$1.39**
Baby's Startright Shoes, $1.50 and $1.35 quality, at **89c**

Boys' Shoes, in all leathers, $3.50 quality, at... **$2.69**
Boys' Shoes, in all leathers, $3.00 quality, at... **$2.39**
Boys' Educator Shoes, $2.75 quality, at **$2.19**
Little Gent's Educator Shoes, $2.25 quality, at **$1.69**

Extra Salespeople. Careful Service.

BENSON & THORNE CO.
Lilliputian Bazaar
1515-1517 DOUGLAS STREET

FIFTEEN HURT IN WRECK

One Passenger May Die as Result of Wreck Near Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 28.—Fifteen persons were seriously injured and a score of other passengers more or less bruised by the derailment of a portion of train No. 9 on the Southern Railway, bound from Evansville, Ind., to Louisville, where it was due at noon. Pierce Waltz of Milltown, Ind., is believed to be fatally injured, he having sustained serious internal injuries. The train had just emerged from a long tunnel west of New Albany when it struck a defective rail. The smoking car was turned completely over. The seriously injured are:

Pierce Waltz, treasurer of Crawford county, Milltown, Ind.; probably fatally.
E. E. Kunkell, Detroit, Mich.
L. M. O'Bannon, editor of the Democrat, Corydon, Ind.; back wrecked.
Jesse B. Harmon, Georgetown, Ind.; back wrenched and cut.
C. C. Adams, Corydon, Ind.; right shoulder injured.
N. S. Hendrick, traveling salesman, Indianapolis; back sprained, cuts on body.
George Soulman, traveling man, Chicago; head cut and hurt internally.
Benjamin Henkebein, New Albany, Ind.; back bruised, head cut.
Jesse Jones, an aged farmer, aVliey City, Ind.; badly bruised.
William Hanafee, fireman on engine; bruised and cut.
Jesse Davis, conductor; hands cut, body bruised.
C. M. Rosenberger, New Albany; bruised.

SOCIALISTS HOLD BALANCE

Mine Workers Declare for Public Ownership of Public Utilities.

DEMAND RELEASE OF POUREN

Convention Objects to Return of Political Refugee from Russia—Vote Indicates Election of Lewis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 28.—After a ten years struggle the socialists among the membership of the United Mine Workers of Amercia have at last obtained the balance of power in the annual national convention, now in session here. It is estimated that 300 of the 1,400 delegates are either active socialists or have engaged to support measures of socialistic tendency in the convention.

A resolution for the "public ownership of public utilities," was adopted by the convention without a dissenting vote. In the past the leaders have been able to prevent the national organization from committing itself to socialistic doctrines, but that time is past, and President Lewis finds a rival for his office in John Walker of Illinois, who is a professed socialist. Mr. Lewis and his supporters, the conservative party in the convention, on the eve of factional strife that threatens their regime, seem to have decided that it now would be "bad politics" to antaganize so strong an influence as the socialists now wield.

Demand Release of Pouren.

A resolution was adopted demanding release of Jan Pouren, in addition to Christian Rudowicz, Russian refugees in this country, whose cases have been considered lately, on extradition proceedings on the part of the Russian government. The miners demand the release of such prisoners "because political refugees of all other countries cast their eyes upon this as an asylum for the oppressed."

The resolutions further "demand the abrogation of the treaty which provides for the extradition of persons charged with offenses against a nation where persons so charged are not to be tried by a jury of their peers."

While care is taken by the miners' leaders that the organization shall not take definitely a socialistic course, and a resolution for government ownership of coal mines has been defeated, nevertheless the socialists have been successful in putting through a resolution recommending public ownership of the "wealth producing agencies" of the country, "which are now in control of the predatory rich," and that there should be a social reorganization to the effect that each man should receive the equivalent of the labor that he gives to the community. This resolution was adopted without a dissenting vote.

It is authoritatively announced by friends of Thomas L. Lewis, president of the United Mine Workers of America, that the count of the ballots has proceeded far enough to show that he has been reelected by a majority of between 15,000 and 20,000 over his opponent, John Walker of Illinois.

Jury for Contempt Case.

After hours of dissension the convention adopted a resolution recomending a modification of court procedure in regard to injunctions.

The convention declared no injunction should be issued until the employes were notified and that contempt charges should be heard by a jury before another judge. The Mitchell-Gompers-Morrison case, carrying a jail sentence in the Bucks Stove company injunction, was discussed today by the miners' convention. Speeches were made by Congressmen Wilson and Nichols, President Lewis and others.

Text of Resolutions.

The resolutions on the injunction matter which caused the speeches follow:

The United Mine Workers of America most emphatically and unreservedly protest against the sentences and threatened imprisonment of Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell and Frank Morrison, officers of the American Federation of Labor.

The action of Justice Wright in these cases can never be regarded as giving any degree of justice by the mine workers of America. We maintain that there was no violation of the law of the land by our fellow workmen, and that all their acts complained of were directly within the rights as guaranteed to every citizen of this country by our constitution and other laws. We hold that the anti-trust law was never intended by congress to apply to labor unions, and the construction placed thereon by the federal courts is destructive of the usefulness and only power of organized labor for its protection and advancement.

We further protest against the uncalled for and extreme bitterness of the arraignment of the defendants by Justice Wright as unparalleled in judicial proceedings in the courts of our land. We regard his action as a direct blow against our individual liberties as workmen and against our labor unions. We condemn the penalties imposed as unjust, unreasonable and shockingly excessive.

Notwithstanding Justice Wright's denunciatory opinion, we maintain that the trade unions have been, and are, based on loyalty to the laws of our courts, and we are now, as we have been in the past, determined to resent any encroachments on our rights as guaranteed by the constitution of our republic. We denounce government by injunction, as sought to be enforced by some courts, as unamerican, unconstitutional and void. We deny the right of courts to issue injunction against officers or members of labor organizations while contending for their rights for alleged offenses not committed in the presence of the court, without notice to the parties concerned. In seeking to bring about a condition in the injunction laws as interpreted by the courts, we have no desire to attack property rights. They must be safeguarded, but there are other rights that should be regarded—the rights of man.

We can never agree that labor organizations are trusts. They are voluntary in character and formed for the protection, advancement and general welfare of the land. We concede the rights of judges to punish for contempt offenses committed in the presence of the court. But we most emphatically deny the right of any court to punish for offenses committed not in the presence or hearing of the court, unless the accused is afforded a trial by a jury of his peers. This right of trial by jury is guaranteed to the humblest citizen by the constitution of our fathers and we insist on our full rights thereunder at all times and places.

We demand of congress a speedy enactment of a law commanding federal courts to change their procedure in contempt and injunction cases so that notice shall be served on defendants in labor disputes and a jury trial afforded before punishment is inflicted.

We also demand that all cases of contempt shall be heard and determined by a judge other than the one issuing the writ except when committed in the presence or hearing of the court. We maintain that the labor organizations are for the betterment of workers, and that men have a constitutional right to assemble together in a peaceable manner to consult and take action for their common good.

NO VERDICT IN MARSHALL CASE

Night Rider Jury at Union City Discharged After Sixteen Hours Session.

UNION CITY, Tenn., Jan. 28.—After being out for sixteen hours the jury in the case of Ed Marshall, night rider, reported this morning that they could not agree on a verdict.

"Do you think you could agree in two days, or six months?" asked Judge Jones.

"No, sir," was the reply of the foreman and the jury was at once discharged. They stood ten for acquittal and two for verdict of murder in the second degree.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c

Reasons Why You Should Choose This Bank in Which to Deposit Your Money

First—Because it is strictly a Savings Bank.
Second—Because its facilities are arranged for your convenience.
Third—Because its line of securities is absolutely the best—farm mortgages and municipal bonds.
Fourth—Because its long experience through all sorts of conditions insures conservatism.
Because it is the oldest, largest and strongest Savings Bank in Nebraska.
Because it respectfully solicits your business.

CITY SAVINGS BANK
S. E. Corner 16th and Douglas Sts., Omaha.

NORD GRAFTER FROM WOMEN

Man Arrested in Omaha Proven Wholesale Heart Breaker.

BORROWED MONEY FROM VICTIMS

Search of Trunk in Kansas City Discloses Several Hundred Letters from Women He Had Duped.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 28.—Charles E. Nord, arrested in Omaha and brought here today on a charge of passing a fraudulent check, and whose trunk was found filled with good clothes and love letters, denied tonight that any woman whatever had any claim on him and insisted he was heart-whole and fancy free.

Two of the letters were from Chicago, where Nord says he was in the real estate business at 115 Dearborn street four years ago.

When questioned regarding the letters somoe of which were signed "Miss Anna Heerhold, 2488 North Forty-fourth street, Chicago," and "Mrs. Ida M. Stern, 5519 Madison avenue, Chicago," Nord refused to say anything except that they were personal letters and money matters mentioned in them were simply business transactions.

Asked regarding the letters from a woman in Sweden, who addressed him as her husband and alluded to their marriage, he replied a mistake had been made in the transmission. Nord is about 40 years old and is not of prepossessing appearance.

Following his return to Kansas City the police seized Nord's trunk and in it found several hundred letters from women in various parts of the country. These letters, which were made public last night, invariably refer to Nord in terms of endearment, generally speak of a coming marriage and in each case mention loans of money alleged to have been made by the writers to Nord.

The letters disclosed bear the following signatures, among others:

"Jean Ida Bell, Haileybury, Ont.;" "Jane, 1223 Irwin street, Pittsburg, Pa.;" "Mrs. Ida M. Stern, 5519 Madison avenue, Chicago;" "Miss Anna Heerhold, 2488 North Forty-fourth street, Irving Park, Chicago," and "Mary L. Berry, Savannah, Ill."

One writer pleaded with the man to sell his office furniture in Buffalo and come to her and marry her. Another letter read: "We will be happy when we are married, but, Charles, if you expect to keep my confidence you must square yourself in regard to that check." The same writer in another letter said: "I just received a notice from the First National bank saying that the note for $1,000 was due April 13, and must be paid."

Still another writer says:

"Fortunately, dear boy, I have the loan at hand that you ask. Of course, you hate to ask me for it, but I am only too glad to do you the favor." "My own dear C.," writes another, "I was so sorry that my brokers told me that money was so hard to get they could not accommodate me with the $200 you asked me for. We could live," she added, "on the $100 a month of mine until you get on your feet." Later the same writer penned this: "You will please send the $10 at once or I shall be obliged to bring suit."

BIG PETITION FOR SUFFRAGE

Women Distributing Slips Which Will Form Plea to Congress.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—Slips for signatures distributed by the National Suffrage association which will be pasted together to form a monster petition in behalf of the votes for women are being returned by the signers and will be recorded at national headquarters in Washington. Each of the smaller petitions or slips contains twenty-one names and the suffragists hope to get 1,000,000 of these signatures. Judging from the returns received so far it is predicted that several mission will be procured. The petition when completed will be presented to congress.

STRICT RULE FOR LOBBYISTS

New York Judge Declares it Unlawful to Ask Alderman to Favor Contractor.

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—In his charge to the jury that has been hearing evidence in the suit of Edward R. Dunham to recover $113,000 from the Hastings Pavement company, Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum today laid down the law that even a private talk with an alderman requesting him to vote for a resolution in favor of a contractor is unlawful "lobbying" and opposed to public policy. Dunham sued for commissions on city paving contracts that he claimed to have obtained for the defendant company.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE

Day Spent in Discussing Omnibus Claims Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—The omnibus claims bill was before the senate during most of the session today. Various amendments were offered to the measure and acted upon, the vote on an amendment to repeal the Tucker act, under which war claims are sent to the court of claims, being postponed until tomorrow.

Senator Foraker gave notice that tomorrow he would call up his bill for reinstatement of the discharged soldiers of the Twenty-fifth regiment, who were discharged without honor on account of the Brownsville, Tex., "shooting up," August 13-14, 1906.

At 4:42 p. m. the senate adjourned.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE HOUSE

Conference Report on the Census Bill Passed After Discussion.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—Almost the entire session of the house was taken up today with a discussion of the conference report on the bill providing for the taking of the next census.

A lively debate ensued over a provision granting to the director of the census the right to have the printing of the reports done by private concerns in case such action should be deemed advisable, with the result that the supporters of the proposition were successful and the report was agreed to.

The army appropriation bill was called up and had been but briefly discussed when the house, at 4.46 p. m., adjourned.

THE BEE'S WORK APPRECIATED

Advocacy of Postoffice Advertising Commended by Stamp Department Clerk.

"The Bee is doing a great service in urging the postoffice department to take up the matter o advertising the postoffice and its facilities for public convenience," said C. C. Westerdahl, in charge of the stamp department of the Omaha postoffice. "It was only yesterday that a well-informed busines man came into the office to buy twenty-five cents' worth of stamps for his private convenience. I asked him if he wanted a book of stamps. He was surprised that stamps were sold in books and asked to see one. It at once struck him as the very thing he needed. 'Why hasn't the government sold stamps this way long ago. It must be a new thing,' said he. When I told him that stamps had been sold in this form for over ten years he was astounded, being the first that he had ever heard of it."

NEW DIVISION OF POLAND

Province of Chelm to Be Formed to Become Part of Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 28.—A bill for the so-called "fourth partition" of Poland, which separates from the kingdom of Poland about one-third of the provinces of Lublin and Siedlce to form the new province of Chelm, which is to be attached to Russia proper, has been approved by the cabinet and will be submitted to the Duma after the present recess. The proposed province will have a population of 725,000 and contains a large proportion of members of the Russian orthodox church which have long chafed under Polish domination.

DEATH RECORD.

Mrs. Ida Robb.

Mrs. Ida Robb, wife of David Robb, 1613 Corby street, died at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon of a complication of diseases. Mrs. Robb, who was 33 years of age, had lived in Omaha seventeen years. Arrangements for the funeral had not been made last night.

Rufus Henry Tiler.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 28.—Rufus Henry Tiler, an Indian scout on the plains of Kansas and Nebraska in the early '70s, died at his home in Kansas City, Kan., today, aged 70 years. Tiler's parents were among the earliest settlers of Beverley, Kan.

Palace Clothing Company Cor. 16th & Douglas

Three Great Sales For Friday

Friday Underwear Sale

Men's $1.50 Wool Underwear... **49c**
Men's $1.00 Lambs' Wool Underwear at **49c**
Men's 50c Ribbed Underwear... **35c**
Men's 50c Fleeced Underwear... **23c**

Friday Pants Sale

Men's $1.50 Pants..... **75c**
Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Pants.. **$1.45**
Men's $4.00 and $4.50 Pants.. **$2.45**
Men's $6, $7 and $8 Pants.... **$3.95**

Friday Shoe Sale

Men's Patent Leather Vici and Velour Shoes, worth to $3.00; Friday price,

$1.95

Men's Fine Shoes, worth up to $5.00; clearance price,

$2.45

SEE OUR SHOW WINDOW.

Cor. 14th and Douglas Sts.

Where to eat.

Meal Tickets Free at Hansons

Every person who takes a meal at Toll Hanson's basement restaurant may guess the number who visit there during the day. Every day the nearest guess wins a meal book.

Toll Hanson's Lunch Room

The most attractive, brightest, airiest and most economical lunch room in Omaha.

Meal Book Free at ROBERTSON CAFE

GUESS NUMBER SERVED EACH DAY

Table d'Hote Dinner
Every Sunday and Holiday

Friday IS Fish Day ....AT.... The Calumet
1411-13 Douglas St.

FOLLOW THE CROWDS!

The Big Sale at 1316-1318 Farnam Street Is the Talk of Farnam Street.

CROWDS THRONG THE STORE AT ALL HOURS.

Unprecedented Values in Merchandise Distributed to the Buying Public.

Look and See for Yourself. In Many Instances Goods Going at 20 Cents on the Dollar.

We wish to apologize to the public for not being able to wait on the trade that visited this large store during the past forty-eight hours. Notwithstanding the many extra salespeople, there were hundreds that were not waited upon at all. We did the best we could; we were not to blame. No establishment in the city of Omaha ever had the crowds that visited this place in the last two days.

BARGAINS GALORE.

Positively the greatest sale ever held by any Omaha retail store. The goods in many instances are marked less than one-half their cost. We have thousands of dollars of goods left, and we want to say in all sincerity that you do yourself a great injustice if you do not at least call and see what we have to offer, no matter whether you wish to purchase or not. It is a good idea to keep in touch with sales of this kind, so you may know the best places to buy. Very often a person gets in the rut, trades at one stand, and very often others undersell the same institution.

A FEW PRICES:

Here are some great eye openers. Lucky were the people that got here on the opening day; on all sides were expressions that were gratifying. People never realized such good values would be distributed. To give you a few instances, we are showing men's all wool suits, although mainly small sizes in fine woolens, worth $15.00, in many instances $17.50, all at one price, $2.98; men's beaver overcoats, $17.50 values, 52 inches long, for $4.98; men's $22.50 suits, all sizes, in hard and soft weaves, elegantly made, only $6.98; all our Lion brand shirts that sold up to $2.00, coat style and cuffs attached, 89c; men's fine dress trousers, all worsteds, $2.98; $2.00 shirts, 69c; $1.00 dress shirts, cuffs attached, 59c; $1.00 suspenders, silk woven, these we sold during the holidays for one dollar, now 29c; all we ask is for you to call. The sale will end on Feb. 6th, those that get here early reap the harvest. Now all we ask is for you to call.

LADIES' GOODS.

These goods comprise of Long Coats, Fur Lined Coats, Covert Jackets, Voiles, Silk Underskirts, etc. They are all going at less than twenty cents on the dollar, in other words, one-fifth their real value.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

The sale is at 1316-1318 Farnam St. Look for the large red signs.

$30 SUITS TO ORDER $15

This sale is sending from our store hundreds of satisfied customers—Satisfied with the goods, the fit, the workmanship and satisfied they get just the value we advertise.

This is a general "clean up" sale to make room for Spring goods. And it enables us to keep our workmen busy during what is usually a tailor's dull season.

The goods we offer are fine in quality; absolutely fast in color; all wool and comprise the newest shades of browns, grays, olives and greens.

$50 Suits and Overcoats to Order **$30.00**
$40 Suits and Overcoats to order **$25.00**
$35 Suits and Overcoats to order **$20.00**
$30 Suits and Overcoats to order **$15.00**

We guarantee a perfect fit.

MacCarthy-Wilson Tailoring Co.
304-306 South 16th Street.
Near 16th & Farnam Sts.

TWENTIETH CENTURY FARMER
Best of All Farm Papers.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S THEATER
TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK
MATINEE SATURDAY
—The Henry Miller Associate Players in—
"The Servant in the House."
CRESTON CLARKE, CLAY CLEMENT AND GREAT CAST.

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Matinee Wednesday.
The Eminent Comedian
TIM MURPHY
In His Comedy,
"OLD INNOCENCE."

KRUG Theater
TONIGHT—BALANCE OF WEEK
Romance of the Southern Plains
TEXAS
SUNDAY: A MILLIONAIRE TRAMP

CREIGHTON
Orpheum
PHONES DOUG. 494 IND. A1494
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE
Matinee every day, 2:15. Every night, 8:15.
Franklyn Underwood & Co., "The Millionaire Man." Trio, Joly Violetta, Lee Filler, Emerin Campbell, DeHaven and Sidney, Keeley Brothers, Kinodrome. Prices 10c, 25c, 50c.

BURWOOD
Mats.—Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Phones: Doug. 3506; Ind. A-1506
The Charming Comedy
—LADY—
HUNTWORTH'S EXPERIMENT
Next Sunday—"LOVER'S LANE."