

INCREASE YOUR WEIGHT

Home Treatment Which Puts on Flesh at a Surprising Rate.

COSTS NOTHING TO TRY IT

We have perfected a remarkable home treatment which puts on flesh at the rate of a pound a day in many instances, rounds out and perfects the figure, makes thin folks plump and attractive, no matter if they have been thin for years. Don't shut your eyes and say, "Impossible," but try us to the test. You say you have tried everything you



ever heard of, and have spent your good money right and left to no purpose. We say, well and good. We will prove our claims without cost to you. Let us send you a free trial treatment, a full fifty-cent package of our new discovery. We are willing to take the chance, and surely the test will tell. So if you wish to get out from the "skin and bones" class, and put on ten, fifteen and even thirty pounds of good solid honest flesh, send us your name and the trial treatment will be sent at once in a plain package. When we send you the free package we will write you fully and will show you why you are thin and why our new discovery will enable you to regain your normal weight in a natural way. The number of trial treatments which will be sent to readers of this paper is limited, and it will be necessary for you to cut out this coupon and pin it to your letter. Give name and address, very plainly and address your letter to The Sargol Co., 274 Herald Bldg., Binghamton, N. Y. Please enclose ten cents to help pay distribution expenses.

COUPON

This certificate and 10 cents to help defray distribution expenses entitles the holder to one fifty-cent package of Sargol Tablets, the home treatment which makes thin folks plump and attractive.

Issued for account of Omaha Bee.

GOOD FOR TEN DAYS
The Sargol Co., Inc., Bldg., Binghamton, N. Y.



MME. YALE'S HAIR TONIC

This well known toilet article is extensively used and highly recommended by men and women everywhere. It is a standard article of toilet necessity. Madame Yale says: "I am conscientiously recommending my Hair Tonic to all who are in need of hair softeners of this kind. I have used it myself for over thirty years, and the perfect condition of my hair and scalp is sufficient proof of its excellent and harmless efficacy. Hundreds of thousands of people all over the civilized world will say as much for me. My Hair Tonic is good for Falling Hair. This is the best of Hair Tonic. It is also recommended for Dandruff Treatment."

A Most Efficient Hair Dressing

For the perfect grooming of the hair nothing equals Yale Hair Tonic. It gives the hair a delightful, natural, wavy, and softness of richness of tint. Everyone can use it with splendid benefit to Hair and Scalp.

Yale's Hair Tonic comes in three sizes. Our special price, 25c a 50c size, special, 45c a 1.00 size, special, 80c

Ask for a free copy of Madame Yale's 16-page Souvenir Book at our Toilet Goods Department, 505 So. 16th Street, Omaha, Neb. Write for a copy.

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A-W-F SPELLS COUGH

There is no better remedy for a cough, cold, sore throat or lung trouble than A-W-F.

HOWELL'S ANTI-KAWF

Try a bottle, 35c and 60c.

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All Rectal Diseases Treated; Positive Guarantees. Write for Free Catalogue and NO MONEY IN ADVANCE. EXAMINATION FREE. Write for Book on Rectal Diseases and Yell's Improved Dr. R. S. Yell, 224 So. 16th St., Omaha, Neb.

ARMY SERVICE FOR WOMEN

In France They Must Fight if They Wish to Vote.

WOMAN DOCTOR'S ODD VIEWS

She Advocates Government Positions for These Patriotic Women Who Respond to Call of Country.

PARIS, Dec. 12.—(Special).—In English speaking countries the only opposition to women's suffrage has been popular tradition and a certain immaturity on the women's part for civic responsibilities. But in France, aside from the usual Gallic conservatism that greets any attempt at feminine emancipation, there is another barrier. That is the compulsory army service which every voter must undergo as a component part of his citizenship.

Dr. Madeleine Pelletier, president of the Women's Solidarity League, who recently attracted considerable attention by hinting in a vague sort of way that she was ready to do military service in exchange for a vote, has followed the statement up by giving her correspondent complete explanation of her views on the interesting subject.

"Of course the conscript service is a logical necessity if women are granted the right to vote," she explained. "Although I am the first to proclaim my willingness for such service, there are many French women who would do likewise, only they aren't courageous enough to say so.

"I know the idea sounds ridiculous at first, but that is mainly because of its novelty. Naturally, I don't mean to advocate army service without any qualifications. I don't expect women to serve in the rank and file—at least at present. However, only two-thirds of the army is given over to active field work. The other third have much more passive duties. These duties women could perform as well as men. For instance, they could help in the manufacture of army supplies, could make uniforms and shoes. The previous department could be turned over to them and they could work in the stables and kitchens, could act as orderlies, and, of course, serve on the medical staff. Later, when popular opinion had grown more accustomed to the idea women could serve regularly in the infantry, cavalry and artillery. This would mean, of course, a special military education, schools, etc.

Way to Overcome Difficulty.

"Naturally the majority of French women, however great their civic zeal, will prefer to renounce their pretensions to the vote rather than serve. I would overcome that difficulty in this way: The vote would be granted only to those who were willing to do their service and, as a compensation for their public spirit, certain privileges would be granted them after their term of service was over. For example, women who had served would be assured positions in the government with a pension after so many years. They could be postmasters, could be given charge of the tobacco shops which are under state control, or could be employed as government clerks.

"Believe me, there are many women of the lower classes—and, of course, these privileges would hardly appeal to the smart set—who have to work anyway and who would be glad to serve one year with the prospect of an assured income afterward.

"The idea of women serving in the army is not new in France. Certain papers exist showing that similar projects were discussed during the revolution. At that time the cause was further advanced than now and certainly the plans would have been put into operation if Napoleon had not come to the front and focused all attention on his own schemes. Several women during the revolution, such as Madame de Mairtrilles and Mlle. de Poering, disguised themselves as men and took part in the battles that they made excellent officers.

Uniform for Women.

"It seems to me that a uniform for women is of the highest importance. It is like a medal or a title. It confers a certain prestige and dignity. It would give to women that courage of the country which is so hard to come by. They could wear the knickerbockers and short jackets of the Zouaves—of course in the colors of their respective regiments.

"Our first step is to get a parliamentary hearing. This will strengthen the purpose of many who have to work anyway and who will be glad to serve one year with the prospect of an assured income afterward.

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TIED DYNAMITE TO A DOG

Then the Animal Chased the Owner Around the Lot and Both Went Up in the Air.

Tom Buchanan of Bloomington, Ind., has a pet dog. The dog took sick the other day and Tom thought it would be a humane act to relieve the animal by killing it. So placing the dog in a basket he carried it to a field on the outskirts of town and tied it to a tree. Then carefully tying a stick of dynamite closely to the dog's tail he lighted a long fuse and ran to await results from a safe distance.

He had gone only a few yards when he heard a familiar bark close behind him, and turning was horrified to find that his dog had broken loose and was now close at his heels. Tom gave a yell and set out to break all springing records. So did the dog. Apparently recovered, he yelped with joy at the prospect of a race with his master, and as a sort of rudder to guide him his stubby tail stuck straight out with the stick of dynamite still tied snugly to it.

Buchanan hit only the high places, but his dog continued to gain on him. At the end of another fifty yards he glanced back again. The fuse was sputtering dangerously close to the dynamite. Suddenly there was a loud report and Buchanan felt himself hurled into the air. He doesn't remember when he came down, but he vividly remembers awaiting the explosion several hours later with a throbbing headache and a number of painful cuts about his face and arms where rocks torn from the explosion had hit him.—Indianapolis Star.

A Real Conversion.

A member of the Union League of New York was praising the character of the late "Old" Hiram Ferry. He said:

"Here was a man of sincerity. He was talking one day, I remember, of a maid-servant who had not religion, and it seemed to me, as I listened, that his own character was of the same thoroughgoing sort as that which followed the man who was being praised."

"So you are converted, Maggie?" this maid's mistress said to her.

"Yes, ma'am," said the maid, seriously, "but I seem to be. A great change has come over me."

"How great a change?" said the woman.

"Well, ma'am," replied the maid, "since that there widdy died, I've been under the same now."—Washington Star.

REFLECTIONS ON MOONSHINE

Weather Prophecies Based on Luna's Varying Shape as Seen as Discs.

A popular notion prevails that the position of the lunar crescent is purely an accidental circumstance, and that upon its appearance depend changes in the weather which may be foretold with accuracy, but no belief is more absurd or unfounded and admits of a more easy scientific explanation. At the time of "new" moon the cusps or "horns" of the crescent sometimes lie in a line which is nearly perpendicular with the horizon and at other times in a line nearly parallel with the horizon. In the former case the moon is commonly described as a "dry" moon, and in the latter case as a "wet" moon, and owing to the changing position of the crescent seen on the western sky after sunset, such expressions as these are frequently heard: "If the moon lies so water cannot run out, we shall have a drouth;" a wet moon lies upon which the Indians can hang as if powder horn," etc. Now, it is a fact not generally known that the crescent moon always appears "upon its back" in spring near the vernal equinox, and "upon its end" in autumn, near the autumnal equinox, and these positions, which occur regularly each year, may be easily understood by a little consideration after the conditions have once been carefully explained.

The change of direction in which the moon's horns are turned is caused by the varying position of the moon, when at its "new" moon, relatively to the sun and the earth depends upon the difference in declination of the sun and moon. If the moon be farther north than the sun soon after the "new" the sunlight strikes under it and it appears with its "horns" up-turned; but if it be farther south the light reaches around its disk to the northward and the "horns" appear up-turned. When the crescent moon is resting upon one of them. We see the moon in varying positions on the sky, and at first sight there appears to be no definite relation between its position and the position of its cusps, or "horns." In fact, the feature of its aspect has been regarded as so capricious that it has even been regarded as a weather token. But in reality there is a simple relation, always fulfilled by the moon's horns, or points of the crescent, the line joining them is always at right angles, or perpendicular to a line drawn from the sun to the moon, the "horns" are always turned directly away from the sun. The exact position in which they will stand at any time is, therefore, easily predicted, and has nothing whatever to do with the weather.

The appearance of the new moon in November is regarded as an unfailing weather sign by the sailors, especially on the Great Lakes, and they are in the habit of using it as an argument for a mild or cold winter. The tradition of the lakes, which is a stronger law than any enacted by the United States weather bureau, says that if the moon comes at this time "standing up" there will be a pleasant winter. The traditional old proverb runs like this: "Stand up moon, lay down sailor; lay down moon, stand up sailor." This somewhat inelegantly expressed law means more than a city ordinance full of "be it enacted" phrases, and, plainly translated, the old marine phrase means that when the moon appears in the west "standing up" the sailor can sleep in his bunk with comfort while his boat glides over a placid lake; but if the moon "lays down," or upon its back, with its "horns" turned upward, the sailor will not only have to stand up, but keep on a continuous jump about the deck, guiding his boat through the rough and disagreeable weather.

As the moon is always near the ecliptic, the line joining the cusps is always nearly at right angles to the ecliptic; and it follows, of course, that as the angle at which the ecliptic is inclined to the horizon is variable, so the position of the "horns" as they appear in the west varies with respect to the horizon. As respects the gibbous moon, or moon more than half full, these variations are not much noticed, but in the case of the "new" or crescent moon, generally observed quite near the horizon, they are very noteworthy, and can hardly fail to attract attention.

It will be obvious, from the extreme cases we have described, that the line joining the cusps may have every possible inclination to the horizon, from being nearly vertical to a horizontal position, and even that the northern cusp may be below the southern one, according to the season of the year, and the moon's position in her orbit, "so that," as the late Prof. Proctor well remarked, "to assert that there will be such and such weather when the line joining the cusps is seen (for instance) nearly horizontal, the moon being in the west," is asserting that there must be such and such weather at the time of the new moon in February and March, if the moon is then nearly at her maximum distance from the ecliptic.

The tradition that the crescent of the "new" moon, when nearly horizontal, foretells a "dry" month is, in fact, a very old one, and is without any foundation whatever. Like most other so-called "signs," those who accept them do so from coincidences observed. Cases which prove the "signs" are noted; but those which do not, because we wish to be convinced. The nearly horizontal crescent always happens whenever the plane of the moon's orbit is in such a position as to carry the moon past her conjunction above the sun, and the vertical crescent in the opposite case. The changes from one to another are slow and gradual, and there can be nothing in either to affect temperature or moisture—that is, to cause or prevent rain.

A gentleman residing in the northern part of Michigan, who is interested in astronomy, and desiring an explanation of the "wet" and "dry" moon, in a letter inquires: "If I may hope for a reply, perhaps you will also inform me why the new moon at times represents the appearance of having her horns up-turned and at others as though resting upon one of them, thus making what is called the wet or dry moon. This is the only moon sign that has ever seemed to me at all to be depended upon, but if there is nothing in it I should like to kick it away. A number of similar inquiries have been addressed, both verbally and by letter, and they afford a fair illustration of the misapprehension regarding the subject which prevails throughout the country, even among persons of education and general intelligence upon most branches of learning, except physical science, and especially astronomy, which is sadly neglected in this age of the world.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

London's Traffic Problem

Dangerous Overcrowding of Streets in Many Places.

COMPETITION IS RUNNING RIOT

Traffic Board Proposed Which Shall Have Absolute Control of All Questions Affecting Local Traffic.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—(Special).—Four years ago there was not an electric car in London nor a motor-omnibus; the first "tubes" or underground electric railways were being built, and the only means of getting about London were the slow horse-omnibuses and the "underground"—a shallow roofed cut in which steam trains ran, and which was always clogged with smoke and steam. Today the streets are full of swift motor-omnibuses, there are 61 miles of tramways, which may be set down as all worked by electricity, for the last few miles are being transformed this winter; and there is a network of tubes, by which are meant deep tunnels under the streets.

What all this means in figures is shown by a report issued by the Board of Trade, and while the figures show a great advance in London's local travel facilities they also show, to an American at least, what a stay-at-home creature the average Londoner is. First of all let us consider the number of passengers carried by the various agencies in London in 1903 and 1907. The figures are as follows:

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Totals.....	972,465,542	1,203,149,289

The total estimated population of greater London in 1902 was 4,900,595 and in 1907 it was 7,217,225. This means that in 1907 the average number of journeys per head of the population was 142.9 and in 1907 it was 177.5.

Traveling Habit Grows.

Now these figures show a great growth of the traveling habit in Londoners, but let Americans stop for a minute and think what it means. The 1907 figures mean that if the total number of rides in omnibuses, street cars, electric railways and local trams were divided equally among the total population of greater London, each Londoner would be entitled to less than one ride every two days. When we remember the vast number of people who have at least two rides every day, going and coming from work, we can realize what an enormous number never use a car or omnibus or a train from one year's end to the other.

This fact draws attention to one of the peculiarities of London. It is not a homogeneous city such as you are accustomed to in America. It is rather a vast, loosely connected mass of villages, each with its own local life and each almost oblivious of the existence of the others. There are thousands of people living within three or four miles of St. Paul's cathedral who have never seen it, and who never will see it. They live above their shops or next door to their factories and they go and come to their work every day without getting outside one or two streets. Their nights are spent at the local theater or music hall and their Sundays and holidays in the local park.

Americans are liable to regard London and other European cities as models of

FURS... Genuine Bargains

At just the time when you need furs. The most acceptable of all Xmas presents. This sale commences Monday and will continue until every garment is sold. We must reduce this enormous stock and have concluded to give you the benefit before the Holidays.

We have in stock about 200 ladies' Jackets and Blouses, made in our own factory during the summer months and early fall. The latest style and best of material and workmanship. These garments will be sacrificed 33 1/3% to 50% off regular price. Included in this lot are Siberian Squirrel, Blended Squirrel, River Mink, Astrakhan, Krimmer, Near Seal, Electric Seal, Illusion Seal, Persian Lamb, Sable Coney and Broadcloth fur lined Coats.

Never before have the people of Omaha been offered such an opportunity to buy desirable Furs at such prices.

Over 1,000 Matched Sets in this Sale at Bargain Prices

Canadian Marten Sets, up from.....	\$4.75	Sable Coney Scarfs, up from.....	75c
Belgian Lynx Sets, up from.....	\$4.75	Canadian Marten Scarfs, up from.....	\$1.50
Australian Lynx Sets, up from.....	\$7.50	Belgian Lynx Scarfs, up from.....	\$2.00
Black Wolf Sets, up from.....	\$13.50	Black Wolf Scarfs, up from.....	\$4.75
Isabella Fox Sets, up from.....	\$12.50	Isabella Fox Scarfs, up from.....	\$4.75
Blended Fox Sets, up from.....	\$12.50	Sable Fox Scarfs, up from.....	\$4.75
Siberian Squirrel Sets, up from.....	\$6.75	Siberian Squirrel Scarfs, up from.....	\$3.50
Blended Squirrel Sets, up from.....	\$9.50	Blended Squirrel Scarfs, up from.....	\$4.75
Jap Mink Sets, up from.....	\$12.50	Jap Mink Scarfs, up from.....	\$4.00
American Mink Sets, up from.....	\$35.00	American Mink Scarfs, up from.....	\$7.50
Black Lynx Sets, up from.....	\$27.50	Black Lynx Scarfs, up from.....	\$15.00
Genuine Ermine Sets, up from.....	\$22.50	Genuine Ermine Scarfs, up from.....	\$7.50
White Arctic Sets, up from.....	\$39.50	Sable Coney Sets, up from.....	\$3.50

Misses' and Children's Sets, in lamb's wool, thibet, imitation chinchilla, beaver, river mink, etc., etc., in this sale up from 50c per set.

Visitors to the National Corn Exhibition will find it to their advantage to spend part of their time visiting the greatest display of furs in the west.

Omaha Fur Emporium

G. E. SHUKERT, Prop.
401-403 South Fifteenth Street

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This brave fellow broke the force of the falling earth by throwing himself forward and with his shoulder diverting it slightly in its course.—W. W. Lord in Harper's Magazine.

LIVE FOREVER CLUB STARTED

Body Renewal in Seven Years the Basis of a Novel Organization.

Science has long maintained that nature renews the human body at a period roughly computed at every seven years. Now comes Harry Gaze, of London, Eng., and Boston, and his associates of the "Live Forever" club, who assert that it is possible to effect this body renewal approximately every seven years. Mr. Gaze is no dreamer, neither is he a fool, he says, and Sunday gave a lecture before the Hartford (Conn.) Metaphysical Club on the topic, "How to Live Forever." Mr. Gaze organized the Hartford Live Forever club about twenty prospective Methuselahs being admitted to charter membership among the immortals.

"There is no suggestion of a new propaganda in our belief," he said, "it is but the intensity of practical application of a very old and practical idea. We do not offer any 'luna' creeds or beliefs, unless our belief in nature itself can be classed as an 'em,' or a belief.

"We, of course, find the basic principle of our idea in the proposition that mind controls matter. From this point we work forward along purely practical lines. We do not banish drugs, medicine, nor the surgeon's knife as a tenet of our plan. Some of us—in fact, most of us—believe that it is unnecessary, but we accord absolute individuality of action, freedom of idea and plan to our members.

"We believe that a healthy mind, directed along healthy channels, leads to a healthy body. Death, old age, disease, are all the concomitants of unhealthy conditions. We believe in the molecular theory of life in its fullest sense, and we believe that in the mind is the creator of the molecules of the body. If the mind—the brain—be healthy, it will create healthy molecules, and healthy molecules mean healthy tissues, vigorous blood, and no wasting of vitality."—New York Press.

It is an easy matter to do business through The Bee Want Ad. columns.

Gold Fillers Doomed.

"The use of gold for teeth filling is doomed," according to a salesman for a large dental supply house. "Most of us can remember when nearly every one carried about in his mouth more or less precious metal," says this authority. "No one was ashamed of displaying gleaming yellow when he smiled. We formerly sold thousands of dollars worth of specially prepared gold to dentists. But that is all changed. The new porcelain fillings have been so far perfected that nearly all dentists, them, to the almost total exclusion of gold."—Philadelphia Record.

See Want Ads. Are Business Boosters.

VICKSBURG'S CAVE DWELLERS

One Who Was There During the Famous Siege Recalls Its Novel Features.

To me, at first, before the novelty of it all wore off this grotesque life was the Arabian Nights made real. All Babab's fiery thrones and the gent of the ring and lamp lurked in the unexplored regions of the dimly lighted caves; and the sound of a guitar here, a hymn there, and a negro melody somewhere else, all coming to us from among swaying oriental draperies, sent me off at night to fairyland on the magic rug of Bagdad, which is a part of every well-trained boy's dream equipment. But squalling infants, family quarrels, and the noise of general discord were heard at intervals with equal distinctness.

These discomforts, supplemented by the odor of stale food in the heavy, earth-laden atmosphere of the overworked caves, so offended my mother's sensibility that, persuaded by her, my father caused a private cave for the exclusive use of his own family to be constructed in one of the hills behind the military hospital. Here, under the shadow of the yellow hospital flag which, antedating that of the Red Cross society, was held sacred by our gunnery and mortar warfare, it was believed we should be comparatively safe.

There were matters even more serious than my mother's sensibilities to impel my father to remove his family to new and safer quarters. From the mortar guns of the besieging force were thrown bomb shells weighing 30 pounds and as large around as the head of a flour barrel, which in exploding often tore open a hole in the ground as deep and wide as the cellar of a cottage.

One of these bomb shells, falling upon the summit of the hill containing our group of caves, detached a great mass of crumbling earth from one side of the roof of the main gallery at its central point. In its fall this mass crushed a young woman to the floor of the cave and she would undoubtedly have been killed had it not been for the heroism of a visiting artilleryman.

Hillier's

1309 Farnam Street

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies

All the Standard Brands at

CUT PRICES

FREE UNTIL CHRISTMAS

A bottle of fine Port Wine with every purchase of a quart or more.

Hillier's Straight Whiskey—full quart, 50c—half gallon.....	\$1.50
Hillier's Old Scotch Rye—full quart, 50c—half gallon.....	\$1.75
Guckelmeier Rye—full quart, 50c—half gallon.....	\$1.75
Cedar Brook Bourbon, full quart, 50c—half gallon.....	\$1.75

Fine Holiday Wines 35c, 50c, 75c Per Quart

Three Star French Cognac, \$1.50 bottles.....	\$1.15
Fine Corn Whiskey, \$1.90 bottles.....	79c
Fine Prepared Cocktail, \$1.25 bottles.....	88c
Fine Apricot Cordial, \$1.00 bottles.....	84c
Rock and Rye, \$1.00 bottles.....	89c

We Deliver Promptly. Both Phones. Open Evenings. Trading Stamps.

FROM HILLIER'S—MUST BE GOOD

1309 Farnam Street