

BIG BOOK MISSILE

Council Chamber Scene of City Democratic Row.

DAVIS HURLS CHARTER AT

Volume Misses Dr. Connell and Lee Bridges.

ZIMMAN AND JOHNSON END FRA

Tackle Bellicose Alderman and Hold for "Down."

CONNELL GETS VOTE OF THANKS

Health Physician Emerges Unscathed Physically and with Endorsement of All Councilmen

The Davis-Connell bomb burst yesterday afternoon in the city council chamber.

Regarding the lion in his den and being compelled to dodge city charters, heavy ordinances and important and bulky official documents sent flying through the air in his direction by Dr. J. C. Davis, democratic councilman from the Eighth ward, Dr. K. W. Connell, the democratic health physician, emerged from the council chamber yesterday afternoon, not only unharmed and unscathed, but with a nice little resolution of recommendation from the council tucked away.

The Eighth ward councilman last Tuesday night challenged the health commissioner to combat and the democratic health commissioner accepted the challenge, the fray being scheduled for the Monday afternoon meeting of the committee of the whole.

Dr. Davis' lengthy report, showing the number of charity cases cared for in private hospitals and paid for by the city, was referred to this committee, and the councilman was there to defend it, and the health commissioner to defend himself.

The councilman entered into a lengthy dissertation in which he contended that the city should not pay for indigent persons ill or injured, that they should be taken to the county hospital or at least within three days, and that the health commissioner should be restricted in his powers.

He closed his address by saying that the health commissioner was "off" when he accused the councilman of embezzlement.

Here They Come.

The trouble began.

"I don't accuse you of embezzlement," replied Dr. Connell. "I just accuse you of being a 3-n tool, that's all."

The words were barely out of his mouth when Dr. Davis grabbed a bound volume of the city charters and ordinances and hurled it at Dr. Connell.

The health commissioner dodged and the big book hit Councilman Bridges, who was sitting behind, on the nose. Then Dr. Davis threw a handful of official documents and was just starting to climb over his desk to get to the health commissioner when Councilman Zimman and Councilman Johnson tackled and held him for a down, though he struggled for a time.

Chairman Bedford raised his hands in the motion of a benediction and said:

"There, there, won't do, gentlemen. Dr. Connell is not to be touched with his arms folded on his manly breast, and a dead calm settled over the combatants and the non-combatants.

Then Connell Talks.

Then Dr. Connell gave his side of the story.

He gave the council the same facts as to the treatment of the sick and lying cases picked out by Dr. Davis (as published in The Bee last Thursday) and followed with statistics to show that he has spent less in caring for indigent persons than his predecessors in office.

According to these official figures, during the fourteen years from 1892 to 1906, \$15,382, or \$1,141 per year, was spent for the care of sick and injured in private hospitals.

From June 1, 1906, to June 1, 1908, \$1,908, or \$503 a year, was spent by Dr. Connell in private hospitals.

The present city physician has spent \$161 a year less, therefore, than his predecessors.

The health commissioner said his instructions to all hospitals in all cases were to collect if possible from the patients, their relatives or friends or their employers, and he read a letter from Dr. B. N. Torrey, superintendent of the Omaha General hospital, substantiating this, the superintendent stating that from 25 to 30 per cent of all city patients paid for their care.

As to Charity Cases.

During 1907, 821 charity cases were cared for in St. Joseph's hospital, the total number of days' care being 2,789, or an average of forty-four and a half days each.

During 1908, 553 charity cases were cared for at St. Joseph's, the total number of days' care being 2,885, or an average of fifty-three and one-third days each.

Full two-thirds of these charity cases came from the city of Omaha, cases which the city rightfully should take care of, the health commissioner said, but cases for which the hospital authorities received no pay for care, treatment, board or clothes.

In return for all this the city of Omaha has paid St. Joseph's hospital but \$1,311 since Dr. Connell has been health commissioner, or \$55.50 per year.

Dr. Connell closed by characterizing Dr. Davis' resolution to limit the care of indigent persons in private hospitals to three days as being "a resolution to remove the county hospital, if they are residents of the county, or somewhere else if they are not, as a 'disgrace to the man who introduced the resolution and a disgrace to the city of Omaha.'"

Councilman Bridges then made a motion to place Dr. Davis' resolution and the lengthy accompanying report on file and to commend Dr. Connell for his action.

The motion was adopted, Dr. Davis and Councilman Brucker from the Fifth, casting the only negative votes.

But little other business was transacted by the council in its committee meeting.

Councilman Bridges brought up the city abstracter's report of city property which is occupied by private parties and tried to pass a resolution requiring for the apportionment of all city property.

This was lost and upon motion of Councilman McGovern the report was placed on file.

Councilman Bridges then made a motion, which was carried, instructing the city assessor to enter into contracts with the part of the city with the occupants of all city land, the contracts requiring the payment of rent for the occupancy.

The demand of the S. D. Mercer committee.

(Continued on Second Page.)

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Tuesday, December 1, 1908.

1908—DECEMBER—1908

Table with columns for days of the month (1-31) and corresponding page numbers.

THE WEATHER.

FOR OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND VICINITY—Fair Tuesday, with a cold wave.

FOR NEBRASKA—Fair Tuesday; colder, with cold wave in east portion.

FOR IOWA—Fair Tuesday, with a cold wave in east portion.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday: High 48, low 32.

DOMESTIC.

The Marianna mines continue to yield up bodies of men killed in the explosion.

Counterfeiters at Chicago gave themselves up to secret service men rather than to be hunted longer.

Inhibition of horse and live stock at the Chicago show is proving to be larger than ever before.

An effort through legal proceedings is being made to oust Judge Wallace from the criminal court of Kansas City.

The United States supreme court has upheld an order of the railway commission of Virginia enforcing 2-cent railroad fares in that state.

The Lafayette Trust company of Brooklyn failed to open its doors yesterday.

Flood damage in Oklahoma is larger and the waters have not begun to subside all over the state.

John D. Archbold says Standard Oil trust was formed as a simple and effective method of holding the property.

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General P. V. DeGraw recommends increased usefulness of rural free delivery service by delivery of packages not to exceed eleven pounds between distributing office and patrons.

The situation in Hayti becomes critical and the rebels are making progress against the Nord Alexis government.

Two Japanese vessels collided near Chee Foo and 700 persons drowned.

Four new supreme court judges were appointed yesterday by Governor George L. Sheldon, being Jacob Fawcett of Omaha, W. B. Rose of Lincoln, Jesse L. Root of Plattsmouth and J. Sullivan of Columbus.

Retail clerk sends thanks to The Bee for the early shopping crusade.

L. B. Clure, champion winner of corn show prizes, arrives in Omaha for the National Corn show.

G. W. Covert is successor to O. L. Dickinson as assistant superintendent of transportation of the Burlington lines in Omaha.

Many exhibits for the National Corn exposition are already arriving and work of placing them will commence in short order.

Bank clearings for November show an immense increase as compared with any year ago.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

Stocks and bonds.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Arrived and sailed ships.

DEMAND GENERAL FOR FURTHER HEARING

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Among those who have followed closely the tariff hearing before the ways and means committee of the house, there is an impression that Representative Sereno E. Payne, chairman of the committee, will find it impossible to resist the requests for an extension of time for witnesses to be heard on the proposed revision of the tariff.

It is claimed that not sufficient notice was given by the chairman to permit those interested to gather pertinent facts in regard to the schedules in which they desire changes.

This was emphasized more especially in the hearings and at the hearings last week, nearly all of which required sessions until midnight.

Mr. Payne also has been asked to extend the time in which it will be possible to file briefs, the date originally set as the limit being Friday next; when some witnesses who are not allowed much time to address the committee will be heard again.

The chairman of the committee and those whose sincerity with regard to the revision of the tariff has been questioned are desirous of compelling an extension of the time, inasmuch as they will not be given an equal opportunity to be heard.

COST OF RUSSIAN REVOLUTION

Fifteen Thousand People Lose Lives in Recent Uprising in Country.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—That in the years 1905 and 1906 50,000 revolutionists were killed by soldiers of the czar and 25,000 were sent to Siberia, was asserted by Longor Gerus, a member of the second Duma, when he took the witness stand today to testify in behalf of Christian Rudowicz, whom the Russian government is seeking to extradite on a charge of murder.

He declared that 7,000 of the government's forces were killed during the same period, 5,000 spies were "executed" by revolutionists and that in all it cost the czar 15,000 lives in seeking to suppress the uprising.

WATERING STANDARD OIL

John D. Archbold Tells How Process Was Achieved in Big Corporation.

REASON FOR FORMING TRUST

He Asserts that It Was Done as Simple and Effective Form of Holding the Property.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.—Resuming his testimony today in the government's suit to dissolve the Standard Oil company, John D. Archbold, vice president of the company, told of the trust agreement of 1882 and said that all the shareholders of the Standard and the beneficiaries of the Vitas, Keith and Chester agreement signed the agreement. Mr. Archbold said that twenty trust certificates were issued for each single share of Standard Oil company stock.

"The capital stock of the Standard was \$20,000," said Mr. Archbold, "but the plants and property were valued at \$70,000,000."

Mr. Archbold described in detail the inventory of the Standard's plants, property and all assets at the time of the agreement. All plants, generally speaking, after 1875, said Mr. Archbold, were acquired for cash. He then gave the reason for the formation of the Standard Oil trust, saying:

"It was done as a simple and effective form of holding the property. We were advised by counsel that neither the Standard Oil company of Ohio nor any other corporation could effectively or safely, perhaps, hold the property, which was widespread in many states whose laws were restrictive of the rights of corporations. The trusteeship was suggested as a simple method of bringing together the property and form a token of ownership which would have a market value and enable the owners to have a more effective administration."

Properties in the Trust.

Mr. Archbold testified that the Acme Oil company of Pennsylvania was organized to take over the properties of the Acme Oil company of New York. The Pennsylvania company was later liquidated when the plants in Titusville were destroyed by fire.

The president of the Standard told in detail the organization and purposes of many subsidiary companies, which were parties to the 1882 agreement, and of the subsequent disposition of these plants.

The various properties of the Standard Oil company of Ohio that were turned into the trust were enumerated by Mr. Archbold. Other minor companies, whose stock was controlled by Standard interests, were parties to the agreement of 1882, were described by Mr. Archbold. Reces was then taken.

Mr. Archbold said that the trustees of the Standard Oil trust after its organization formed the Standard Oil company of New York and New Jersey, which held properties which had previously been held by Standard interests. The witness said the Standard company of New York and New Jersey were still the same companies as those formed in 1882. The capital stock of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey was \$10,000,000 and in 1898 to \$10,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was preferred.

The vice president of the Standard said that the trustees of the Standard Oil trust organized and developed many companies with money obtained from the trust. Some of the companies mentioned were Solar Refining company, the Standard Oil companies of Kansas and Indiana, and the Union Tank line.

Through the National Transit company the Standard interests constructed the Buckeye, Cumberland and other pipe line companies, which were owned and controlled by the Standard in 1899 were submitted in evidence.

Standard Has Competition.

Mr. Archbold said the Standard met with competition in the oil markets in the world and submitted in evidence a statement showing the names of competitors outside the United States. There were 400 companies competing with the Standard for the world's market, said Mr. Archbold and of these the capital of 253 companies was not known. The total capitalization of 147 foreign companies was \$274,915,182.

Of the total amount of illuminating oil refined in 1906 by the Standard, Mr. Archbold said that 62 per cent was sold abroad and 37 per cent at home. Mr. Archbold told of the difficulties in the introduction of refined oil from interests of the Dutch Indies, said Mr. Archbold, and the task of maintaining the business in the orient was very difficult.

"Our state department has helped us much," said Mr. Archbold. "In fact, we have been better treated with reference to our foreign business than with our business at home."

There is hardly a part of the world, said Mr. Archbold, that the Standard Oil does not reach with its products. He said that the Standard was putting in every effort to reach the consumer direct in the orient. There are 123 independent competitive refiners of oil in the country, he declared. An adjournment was taken until tomorrow.

GOVERNOR HADLEY SPEAKS

Many Notable Men Attend Regular Dinner of Knife and Fork Club at Kansas City.

KANSAS CITY, Nov. 30.—Herbert S. Hadley, governor-elect of Missouri, and Willard, mayor of Toledo, O., and Judge Seiden P. Spencer of St. Louis, were the principal speakers at the regular dinner of the Knife and Fork club in this city tonight.

Mr. Hadley spoke in part as follows: "The Missouri has been the pioneer of the west. The two great highways of western commerce and travel in pioneer days began where we are tonight—one ending in the northwest on the shores of the Pacific, the other in the southwest in the land of the Mexican and the Spaniard."

"And in the great moral awakening that has swept across the country, creating an increased interest in the duties of citizenship, causing patriotism to be placed above partisanship, Missouri has been the something of a pioneer. And in the work which has become the labor of the hour, Missouri should again blaze the pathway along which our sister states must travel."

SEVEN HUNDRED DROWNED

Two Japanese Steamboats Collide Off Chefoo and Great Loss of Life Results.

CHEFOO, China, Nov. 30.—Two Japanese steamships collided off this port today. Details of the accident are lacking, but it is reported that a total of 700 persons have been drowned.

WORK OF RESCUE CONTINUES

Men Penetrate Nearly All Workings of Marianna Mine.

Eighty-two Bodies Brought to the Surface and Thirty More Located—Pitiful Scenes at the Shaft.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 30.—Marianna mines are yielding up their toll of dead. At 1 o'clock today 110 bodies had been recovered and of these 109 were removed to the temporary morgue. More than sixty have been identified.

John H. Jones, president of the Pittsburgh-Buffalo corps, said that all of the corpses found thus far would be hoisted from the shaft before night. The list of victims, he declares, will not exceed his first estimate of 130. A number of bodies are buried under the fallen workings and will not be recovered for several days. Others have been blown to fragments and are being picked up in piecemeal.

Many women and children gathered at the temporary morgue in the village during the day and their lamentations at times could be heard several blocks distant.

While the officials at the mine assert that they do not know what caused the explosion, many of the rescuers who had been at work on another shift in the mine profess to have reached a satisfactory conclusion. They assert that while the hydraulic drill was at work on the second section of gas and while the gas was escaping into the mine the drill struck a piece of rock, caused a spark and the explosion followed.

Fred Ellinger, 29 years old, the only man who escaped alive, is rapidly recovering from his injuries. He was able today to talk a little and narrate his experiences.

The work of rescue continued throughout last night. Miners forming the rescue party to bring the bodies to the surface remained in the mine all night working in four-hour shifts to facilitate the work.

All the headings, with the exception of two local headings, were obliterated, and it is said that little difficulty was experienced as a result of falls of slate and coal.

All danger from further explosion is past, it was said today, and the work of bringing the thirty additional bodies which had been located will proceed at once.

Coroner W. H. Biggs of Washington county remained at work all night with his assistants. He said that no time had been set for an inquest, but the jury in an effort to secure data would descend into the mine shortly that the jurors might be familiar with the conditions.

John H. Jones, president of the Pittsburgh-Buffalo Coal company, today stated that the company representatives had checked of the names of 120 miners whom they knew were in the mine at the time of the explosion and he does not believe the list of dead will exceed that number.

One hundred and twelve bodies have been located and Mr. Jones believes the number will total between 115 and 120.

The work of identifying the victims is going on steadily. Between 150 and 200 weeping men, women and children were lined up in front of the morgue this morning awaiting their turn to identify their dead. A few of the twenty-two undertakers are preparing the bodies as fast as they are brought to the surface.

Investigate Corporal Punishment.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 30.—The state commission for the investigation of crime and dependency appointed by Governor Fort met at the state house today to investigate charges that corporal punishment is being inflicted at the state home for girls.

Comptroller's Call Issued.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 30.—Comptroller of the Currency Murray today issued a call on national banks for a statement of the condition at the close of business November 27.

Why Not "Tackle" It Now?



The "game" will soon be going fast and furious. The wise shopper Avoi ds the "rush."

From the Atlanta Journal.

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DEATH LIST NOT FULLY KNOWN

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NORRIS GIVEN A TRANSFER

Goes from Philippine Service to the Department of Justice.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 30.—(Special Telegram.)—Judge W. F. Norris, who was connected with the Philippine government, has been transferred to the Department of Justice, and is now in Washington.

The First National bank of McIntosh, S. D., has been authorized to begin business with \$25,000 capital. W. Harris is president; Neils Jacobs, vice-president, and J. E. Davies, cashier.

Guy B. Butts has been appointed regular and Harold Stevenson, substitute rural carrier, for route 1 at Britt, Ia.

Iowa postmasters appointed: Linn Junction, Linn county, Lewis C. O'Kelley, vice C. A. Bailey, resigned; Struble, Plymouth county, J. A. Sayer, vice C. E. Perdue, resigned.

Ernest F. Norman of Rapid City, S. D., has been appointed stenographer at the land office at Rapid City and Gene Adams of Centerville, Ia., to the same position at Pierre, S. D.

Raymond B. Morgan of Greeley, Neb., secretary to Senator Burkett, with his wife, returned to Washington today.

Senator Burkett will introduce at the coming session of the senate, the bill appropriating \$15,000 for the purchase of additional land for an extension of the postoffice at Beatrice, Neb. Mr. Burkett at the last session secured an appropriation of \$50,000 for an addition to the present postoffice. It is now found additional ground will have to be obtained to construct the necessary extension.

LONG FREIGHT TRAIN BREAKS

One Killed and Several Injured on Branch of Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 30.—One man was killed, five others were seriously injured and many passengers shaken up when train No. 5, known as the Chicago limited, on the Pittsburgh & Western branch of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, crashed into a "buckled" freight train near Valencia, Pa., about twenty miles north of here early today.

The dead: G. E. SPIDELL, fireman of passenger train, caught under boiler.

The injured: O. B. Stewart of Chicago, left arm broken, scalp and other wounds.

F. C. Zastman, Chilton, Pa., left hip broken, face and head cut.

C. J. Anderson, Philadelphia, cut about head.

W. Williams, engineer of passenger train, Chicago Junction, left arm bruised.

H. S. Fout, conductor passenger train, Pittsburgh, cut about head.

The injured were taken to the Butler County General hospital at Butler, Pa.

The wreck was due to the breaking of a long freight train on the grade near the scene of the accident. One of the cars on the end of the rear part of the derailed freight lurched out over the north-bound tracks just as the limited came along.

CLASSY HORSES AND STOCK

Show at Chicago Proves One of the Largest and Best Ever Held.

CHICAGO, Nov. 30.—Steers weighing 2,500 pounds each, and horses which have paraded before King Edward, were some of the arrivals at the International Live Stock exposition at the stock yards today. One of the fattest animals at the show is a bull weighing 489 pounds. The horses include five Shires, almost all of which have been admired by English royalty.

With the arrival today of almost every exhibit entered, the exposition was at its zenith. Crowds of farmers, stock breeders and spectators came from all parts of the country. It is expected that before the week is ended the attendance will prove to be greater than at any previous exhibit.

FOUR NEW SUPREME JUDGES

Governor Sheldon May Name Judge Jacob Fawcett of Omaha as One.

SULLIVAN DEMOCRATIC MEMBER

Two Others Are Jesse L. Root of Plattsmouth and William B. Rose of Lincoln, Making Seven in Court.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Nov. 30.—(Special.)—John J. Sullivan of Columbus, Jacob Fawcett of Omaha, W. B. Rose of Lincoln and Jesse L. Root of Plattsmouth have been appointed supreme judges by Governor Sheldon. The appointments were made late this afternoon, though all day it was generally supposed around the state house these would