

TAFT IN ST. LOUIS

Republican Candidate Ends Western Tour at Mound City.

TRIP AN UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS

Judge Visits Twelve States and Two Millions See Him.

GREATEST CROWDS

Conflicting Elements in Several Line Up for National Ticket.

WILL CONTINUE ROAD CAMPAIGN

Judge Taft Has Requested Committee to Arrange Itinerary that Will Occupy Every Day Until Election.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—William H. Taft's tour of the west ended tonight. His last stop was in Chicago and Cleveland, but his address in those cities will be non-political. It will be two weeks tomorrow since the Taft special left Cincinnati. In that time twelve states have been visited, and fully 2,000,000 persons have seen and heard the republican candidate for the presidency.

All misgivings of the success of the trip were abandoned before Mr. Taft had been away from home two days, but the most optimistic members of his party were surprised at the remarkable ovations given him as he penetrated in the west and visited states which had been listed in the doubtful column. Having seen with his own eyes, heard with his own ears, and discussed face to face with the local leaders the political problems of Wisconsin, Minnesota, Iowa, Nebraska, Kansas, South Dakota, North Dakota and Colorado, Mr. Taft is firmly convinced that these states will return republican majorities in November. In more than half the states visited by the Taft party there are factional differences among the republicans on state matters. Mr. Taft realized the impossibility of harmonizing these differences, but in every instance he was able to bring together the conflicting elements and line them up solidly and enthusiastically for the national ticket.

Will Stay on Road.

Probably the largest average crowds of the trip were encountered in Kansas, but in every state visited the size and temper of those who gathered at the railway stations to see and cheer the republican nominee was a revelation to the local committees. This is Mr. Taft's first experience of a political campaign, and his success has been so pronounced that he desires to stay on the road every day until election. Accordingly, when he reaches Chicago, he will use Chairman Hitchcock and Senator Dixon to make up an itinerary that will occupy every day for the next four weeks. No member of the party is a better traveler than Mr. Taft himself. He hasn't missed a meal since leaving Cincinnati and though his hours have been long and his work arduous, he has rested well and apparently is as vigorous as when he started. He has enjoyed every moment with the people and hearing their point of view on public questions. The fact is Mr. Taft is convinced that he will be elected president, and as he has said more than once, he desires to know the temper of the people respecting the great economic problem which will be before congress during his administration.

It is Mr. Taft's wish to go south on his next trip. He has visions of Kentucky, Tennessee, North Carolina and even Georgia being carried by the republicans this year. He will urge the campaign managers to include these states in his itinerary. In the two weeks of his tour Mr. Taft has made 190 speeches. His voice, which gave him considerable trouble for the first few days, has improved with practice, and is now in good condition. Judge Taft's St. Louis reception was a fitting climax to his tour. He had heard crowds here which he had heard nowhere else. He struck this city on the day of the festival of the veiled prophet, and found more than 1,000,000 people here, including visitors from all the adjoining states. There was a reception committee of 20 first voters at the railway station, and the streets were blocked with cheering Taft enthusiasts. It was a fitting climax of a wonderful trip, and corroborates Mr. Taft's belief that Missouri may cease being "a stranger in a republican family of states."

Three Speeches in St. Louis.

The candidate spoke to an immense audience in the nearly finished Coliseum, from which many were turned away as not in. He followed this with an open air address at Clayton, a suburb and county seat of St. Louis county, and then rushed to East St. Louis, where he addressed a large gathering of employees of the stock yards. The local afternoon papers estimated that fully 50,000 strangers came to the city just to say "Hello Bill" to the Ohioan. Certain it was that wherever he went on his tour, Judge Taft was the center of immense crowds. The line of march from the station to the Planters hotel was through two crowds of people who blocked either side of the streets. The local reception committee of 40 in white caps and badges, headed by a detail of mounted police, and a band, preceded the carriage of the candidate. He was compelled to stand with his hat in his hand the entire distance of more than a mile, acknowledging the salutations of his admirers.

Great Crush at Hotel.

The plans for an orderly reception to the public at the Planters hotel were upset by the crush of men and women, who swept aside the guards at the door and pushed their way into the lobby and up the big staircase. Taft was to have stood at the head of the stairs and received in single file those who wished to shake his hand. But as soon as he stepped into the corridor he was beset by the throng and despite his weight and the effort of his personal assistants he was swept down the outside a hundred feet. It was seen at once that nothing could be done with the crowd and a passageway was cleared for the candidate to get away. On the first landing he said with a smile:

"As I remember mythology, there was a gentleman named Hercules who had 100 hands. I wish I had them today for my friends, the people of St. Louis."

Once in his room, Mr. Taft was furnished with two pitchers of milk and allowed to rest. He was next escorted to the Coliseum by a committee in a long line of carriages.

Speech in Coliseum.

The speech he delivered there was comprehensive, but the position of the candidate

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Wednesday, October 7, 1908.

1908 - OCTOBER - 1908

Table with columns for days of the month and corresponding page numbers.

THE WEATHER

FOR OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND LINCOLN—Fair, cooler Wednesday.

FOR NEBRASKA AND IOWA—Fair Wednesday.

Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Table showing temperature and degree for various times of day.

Judge Taft was given a royal reception in St. Louis yesterday, going through a strenuous program of speaking and attending the ball of the Veiled Prophet in the evening.

Governor Hughes talked to large audiences in his trip through South Dakota and was given an ovation in Omaha.

Treasurer Sheldon of the republican party spent the afternoon at the White House and announced that the president was satisfied with the progress of the campaign.

Congressman Sherman made a number of speeches in Ohio.

The democratic forces are preparing to conduct a whirlwind campaign during the remainder of the time before election, devoting much attention to the states of the middle west.

W. J. Bryan returned to Iowa yesterday for more campaign speeches.

Mat Bozarth stabbed his benefactor, James Dyer, to death at Greenwood yesterday.

The Milwaukee railroad is now open from Butte to Chicago.

Men of the western states convene at San Francisco for the annual transmississippi congress.

The example of the printers in their fight against tuberculosis at the national home at Colorado Springs was presented to the tuberculosis congress.

The Turks appealed to the powers to prevent a violation of their rights by the declaration of freedom in Bulgaria.

President Castro is reported to be so ill that the government will be taken in charge by the vice president.

Governor Charles E. Hughes of New York addressed a large audience at the Auditorium and declared Bryan's views are visionary and impracticable and the safety of the country depends on election of Taft.

International Harvester company will erect a new seven-story building between Eighth and Ninth on Capitol avenue.

Letter from President Roosevelt to letter carriers endorsing movement is read at national convention in session here.

Evidence in land case in federal court shows Chicago Ranch company erected shanties on lands that were never occupied and that entrymen were required to make wells.

Heirs of Joseph A. Connor issue statement declaring the will provide fund to carry out wish of Connor to establish parochial school.

Results of the ball games: New York vs. Boston—1; Philadelphia vs. Brooklyn—4.

Base on Politics.

A unanimous sentiment prevails among the delegates that politics shall not be permitted to interfere with the good of the nation and that any more bitter development over the contest will be withdrawn.

Kansas delegates approached the pretty Miss Funcher of Indiana and asked her to run for the same office.

Five hundred delegates heard President Lindsay call the convention to order.

As the representative of a city which we think one of the greatest in the west, I am always glad to have the opportunity to welcome the delegates to a convention.

PRESIDENT WRITES CARRIERS

Expresses Appreciation of Faithful Services of Mail Men.

RURAL POSTMEN IN CONVENTION

Delegates Are Welcomed by Mayor Dahlman and President Wright of Commercial Club at the Home.

TODAY'S PROGRAM

9 a. m.—Convention called to order.

10 a. m.—Address, W. R. Spilman, superintendent rural delivery division, Washington, D. C.

11 a. m.—Subject, "Good Roads," by C. M. Adams, president Iowa association; E. B. Massey, Jeffersonville, Ill.

12 m.—Adjournment.

Welcomed to Omaha by Mayor Dahlman and W. S. Wright, president of the Commercial club, the delegates to the sixth annual convention of the Rural Free Delivery Carriers' association held a lively, but entirely harmonious meeting at Hotel Rome yesterday.

A letter from President Roosevelt to the delegates was read at the afternoon session. The delegates had much amusement over where to spend their evening—at a theater where "The Devil" is being played, or at the Auditorium to hear Governor Hughes speak.

The first session was exclusively devoted to addresses of welcome and responses. Mayor Dahlman speaking in behalf of the Commercial club. Acknowledgment was made by H. H. Windsor, editor of the Rural Free Delivery News, and by W. R. Spilman, D. C. G. O. superintendent of the rural delivery of the Post-office department.

The convention was not called to order until 11 o'clock and previous to this hour delegates thronged the lobby of the hotel exchanging greetings, posing for photographs and talking politics of the organization.

The invocation was delivered by Rev. John Everett Hummon, preceding Mayor Dahlman's address.

The outlook is now that President P. L. Lindsay of Tucker, Ga., will be re-elected without opposition and the whole present set of officers may go in with him.

But if sentiment develops favorably to the launching of candidates, P. E. Call of Concord, Mass., secretary of the association, will have a fight on his hands. Two men are mentioned by their fellow state delegates, B. B. Boyd of Nevada, Ia., and W. McMahon of Texas.

Whether the names of these will be given the convention depends, however, on the result of the reports to the quiet advances of their friends.

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No man has been named as a seeker of President Lindsay's berth, and this is partly because none thinks he can beat the incumbent.

There is some quiet criticism of President Lindsay because of his speech at Tyler, Tex., last month, when he is said to have recited a vitriolic attack on congress.

It is held by the opponents of President Lindsay that his address was injudicious and that it might have hurt the free delivery service in a number of ways.

It is barely possible that Nebraska will have a candidate of its own.

Members of the delegation are considering bringing out for vice president Mrs. Ruth Lynch Kenyon of Monroe, who has a record career not only as a woman carrier, but as a carrier of either sex.

The Nebraskans championing her candidacy argue that the women who deliver mail should be recognized and that Mrs. Kenyon is conspicuously successful among them.

Her position in regard to the proposition is not known, for the matter has not progressed to the extent of gaining her consent.

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As the representative of a city which we think one of the greatest in the west, I am always glad to have the opportunity to welcome the delegates to a convention.

This is a community which greets the stranger with cordial and hospitable hand. Like other Omaha men, I am glad to meet the people face to face, heart to heart and hand to hand.

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TURKS SEEK AID OF POWERS

Effort Made to Have Them Enforce Berlin Treaty.

BULGARIA DOES NOT DESIRE WAR

Prince Ferdinand, in Dispatch to Turkish Government, Says He Follows Sentiment of Nation.

BULLETIN

PARIS, Oct. 6.—It was announced this afternoon that France and Great Britain are in complete accord on the principle of an immediate international conference to consider the Bulgarian situation.

Russia and Italy also are in favor of such a conference, and even Germany is expected to adhere to the proposal.

The Yekat Gazette, the organ of the grand vizier, says today:

"We are ready to defend our rights with all our strength. As the action of Bulgaria is not only directed against us, but against all the powers, we should ask the powers to defend their interests and protect the provisions of the treaty of Berlin."

According to this same journal Austria-Hungary has informed the powers of its intention of withdrawing its troops from the Banjak of Novipazar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 6.—The intention of Russia to convolve a congress of the powers to discuss the violation of the treaty of Berlin was the subject of lengthy conferences yesterday between Acting Minister of Foreign Affairs Tsharykoff and the diplomatic representatives of the powers interested.

These include the Turkish, British and Austro-Hungarian ambassadors. No statement of the attitude of the Russian government is obtainable today and the diplomats are unwilling to commit themselves regarding the possibility of a Turkish-Bulgarian war as a result of Bulgaria's declaration of independence, but the general impression is that Turkey will not regard Bulgaria's action, which was taken in the face of emphatic Russian protests, as a cause for war.

THREE STABS BRING DEATH

Mat Bozarth of Greenwood Murders James Dyer, His Benefactor, on Street.

GREENWOOD, Neb., Oct. 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Apparently without cause, Mat Bozarth this morning overtook James Dyer, who is thought to be his cousin, on the street and stabbed him three times. One wound reached the heart and Dyer died instantly.

Dyer is a pioneer of this locality and Bozarth, while he has lived here for some time, has been a laborer, being first employed as a section hand on the Burlington and more recently as a farm hand.

The killing was witnessed by H. H. Wiedeman, who saw Bozarth following Dyer, but had no suspicion of his intention. Bozarth tracked Dyer along the street for a considerable distance and suddenly leaped upon him, using a knife repeatedly. Wiedeman rushed to the scene, but the man had placed him under arrest. He was unable to give any explanation or motive for the crime and it is believed he is demented.

Bozarth has a wife and two children, while Dyer, who was highly respected, leaves a wife and nine children. Recently Bozarth was in the city of Marshall and at numerous times in the past he assisted him, getting him the position on the railroad. It is said that not long ago Dyer took up a subscription to pay Bozarth's house rent.

Bozarth was taken to Plattsmouth this afternoon by City Marshal Andrews and Deputy William Doud for safe keeping, as the feeling against him ran high.

NEBRASKA BAPTIST MEETING

Annual Session of This Denomination Held This Week at Pawnee City.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., Oct. 6.—(Special)—The Nebraska Baptist state convention is in session in this city, having begun Saturday evening with the meeting of the Baptist Young Peoples Union, with delegates present from all over the state.

The convention will close Thursday evening. The program rendered thus far is as follows:

Saturday evening, Praise service. D. A. Tindler, Exeter; Address, O. A. Williams, D. D., Lincoln.

Sunday morning, Devotional service, C. W. Simon, Pawnee City; Bible school, D. W. Nell, Superintendent, Pawnee City; Possibilities of Christian Manhood, Rev. W. M. Martin, Pawnee City.

Sunday afternoon, Report of Corresponding Secretary, Mrs. Mary Mann, Omaha; Address, Miss Mary Denny, Council Bluffs, Iowa; Program by Juniors of Pawnee City, R. Huntley, Pawnee City; Roll call of associations with responses. What we need.

Following committees were appointed: Nominations—G. L. Sharp, Holbrook; D. W. Nell, Pawnee City; D. M. Tindler, Exeter; E. L. Wright, Tobias; I. W. Corey, Fremont.

Resolutions—Mrs. J. H. Clay, Holdrege; Mrs. Richard Omara, H. A. Olsen, Omaha; R. Davis, Holdrege.

The new officers-elect are: President, Miss Mary Mann, South Omaha; first vice-president, L. M. Denton, Lincoln; second vice-president, A. G. Wray, York; Correspondence secretary, Miss Grace Stephenson, Fremont; treasurer, Miss Carrie Bliss, Pawnee City; transportation, J. B. Baker, Lincoln; junior leader, Mrs. R. A. Huntley, Pawnee City.

TYPHOON DOES MUCH DAMAGE

Nearly Fifty Thousand Dollars Loss to Camp Stensburg in Philippines.

MANILA, Oct. 6.—Restored communication with the northern part of Luzon discloses the fact that the typhoon which wide here last Sunday extended over a large area. The artillery barracks at camp Stensburg were destroyed and the troops are now camping in tents. The cavalry barracks were also badly damaged and the total loss is estimated at \$50,000.

CASTRO IS REPORTED SICK

Republic of Venezuela May Soon Be Turned Over to Vice President.

NEBRASKA'S INSPIRING WELCOME.

From the Washington Evening Star.



HUGHES FLAYS BRYAN

New York Governor Chided by a Large Audience at Auditorium.

NEBRASKAN A NATIONAL DANGER

Declares Safety of Country Lies in Taft's Election.

REVOLUTION IN BRYAN'S PLANS

Says Voters Will Repudiate Them as They Did 16 to 1.

TEARS TRUST POLICY INTO BITS

A. W. Jeffers, Candidate for Congress, and Governor Sheldon Precede New Yorker and are Given Cordial Reception.

Before a cheering audience that filled the big Auditorium last night, Governor Charles E. Hughes of New York, flayed William J. Bryan as a proposer of unworkable fancies and dreams and declared the welfare of the country demanded the defeat of Bryan and the election of William H. Taft as president.

He designated Bryan's policies as dangerous and declared the American people were not given to his revolutionary schemes. Governor Hughes was given a rousing reception and his address was frequently interrupted by applause.

The Hughes' train reached the Union depot over the Northwestern about 5:30 last night and was met by a large crowd of republicans who applauded the New Yorker leader as he alighted. He was taken at once to Bryan's headquarters and began his address about 9 o'clock. He was preceded there by A. W. Jeffers, republican nominee for congress and Governor Sheldon, who were both given a cordial reception by the audience.

Governor Hughes said in part: "Perhaps you have wondered why I have left my own state temporarily to come out here to speak in behalf of the republican candidate for president. It is because I think that the welfare of the country demands the defeat of Mr. Bryan. To say that Mr. Bryan's policies are a danger is not an extravagant statement. They have been a danger before and the country has repudiated them without there being any exigency that requires a change from the republican to the democratic administration. He comes out now as previously and says the country requires him. I ask you, to examine his proposals and whether you think them other than unworkable fancies and dreams, a return to the vice of the 16 to 1 ratio under a new form.

"We are not a people given to revolutionary changes. The average American believes in American institutions. He wants no experiments, with visionary schemes, but a stable, solid form of government. Now when I speak of raising you will remember, Mr. Bryan has a great love for percentages. He has abandoned his 16 to 1 ratio and has now got a new one.

"Trust Schemes Impracticable. "You have already met a man, an interstate commerce man, who proposes to trust, he proposes to limit to 20 per cent the production by any one corporation, of any one commodity; that if you owned a patent or made an invention you could not manufacture more than 50 per cent of the demand for that invention. I ask you, if you own a business in business to put it on the market for the first time you would first have to wait until somebody else produced 50 per cent in order not to violate the law. What form of bureaucratic government would we have to have to regulate such a complicated scheme. He has more questions about this scheme, but apparently he has been too busy to answer them.

"We want for president not a champion of radicalism and discontent, but one who realizes that the prosperity of the nation and that one branch of commerce is interdependent on the other. Mr. Taft, I believe, understands and has practiced these virtues."

Jeffers Leads Sheldon.

In introducing Governor Sheldon, A. W. Jeffers said: "It is the aim of a true booster to see his city and state grow and to enjoy prosperity and to know that the workman is getting a good wage, and to see the merchants sell their goods at a low profit, great or small for after all it is not fate, but 'get up and get it' that makes a city great. It was an inspiring sight yesterday morning to see the leading citizen of the state take up the banner of Omaha and Nebraska and carry it to distant states advocating the cause of Omaha and the state, he first time we ever had a governor who recognized that Douglas county had one-eighth of the population of Omaha and Nebraska and that it is in high place by reason of the young Hercules. His advice and counsel is that of an upright and able man, and we are glad to welcome George L. Sheldon tonight.

Sheldon Contrasts Parties.

"We realize as citizens of Nebraska that our interests are mutual and that if I am doing anything which makes us proud that we are Nebraskans, I am thankful," said George L. Sheldon, governor of Nebraska, and candidate for re-election.

"I will place the records of deeds done by the republican party beside the promises of the other parties. Two years ago we pointed out specific remedies for the abuses which had crept into our government, and I am glad to be able to stand here and say they are now not only written on the statute books, but are in force at this time. Do you think there would have been a terminal tax bill passed if it had not been for the republican party? All cities are reaping the benefit. Those remedial laws have accomplished something for the people of this state without destroying any just property interests. The people never derived any benefit from the old maximum freight laws because the railroads beat them to the courts. Place that beside the 15 per cent common freight bill, the 2-cent passenger fare bill, the Shibley express bill and the terminal tax bill, which have saved the people between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000. Every one of those laws are in force and effect at the present time. Compare that record with the record of the democratic party and you will see there is quite a difference. Let the democrats give you the record of what they have done and not talk so much.

Bucanaba in Democratic Talk.

"I think there is considerable buncombe in the attitude of some of the democratic candidates. You might think that after the failure of 1896 some democrat would have introduced a bank guaranty bill, but

Johnston the Latest Victim.

The mailed list of Mr. Bryan's chief lieutenant, Tom Allen, has again fallen awhirl the populist party and standing under no name is Walter Johnston, populist nominee for congress in the Sixth district. Mr. Johnston swore to abide by the result of the primary should he be nominated, but when he took that oath he did not have in mind the wishes of Mr. Bryan. Since it would divide the vote in the Sixth district and indirectly perhaps cut down the Bryan vote, Mr. Johnston had to violate his oath. Judge Westover becomes the populist nominee.

Dr. Fitzsimmons populist nominee for congress in the First district filed his declaration today and the populist committee filed the name of John Maguire to fill the vacancy. Fitzsimmons violated his oath and got out of the way in order to help Mr. Bryan at the command of Tom Allen.

E. B. Quackenbush, the defender of all good causes, lawyer and lawmaker announced today that he also would decline the populist nomination and get out of the way of Harry Plimhart, who wants to be populist general.

Quackenbush was a surprise to many of his friends, who are familiar with his record in the last legislature, when he defied Tom Allen and his gang and voted with the republicans for many of the reforms advocated by Governor Sheldon and the republican party. Friends of Quackenbush believed he would not violate an oath even technically to help out the Bryan-

Another Upon Gov. Haskell.

Kansas Paper Shows Foster Blanket Lease Was Given by Democrats.

INDEPENDENCE, Kan., Oct. 6.—The Daily Reporter here today will publish the following:

"Governor C. N. Haskell of Oklahoma has demanded of President Roosevelt that the Foster Blanket oil lease of the Osage nation be revoked, holding it to be a republican grant. Governor Haskell will, no doubt, be surprised to learn that the original Foster lease, comprising the entire Osage nation, was approved by Secretary Heke Smith of Georgia, under the democratic administration of Grover Cleveland and was questioned until Secretary Harry Hitchcock, a republican, characterized it 'the most scandalous act the interior department ever perpetrated. Under Secretary Hitchcock the lease was reduced to cover only those lands upon which expenditures had been made in the search for oil'

(Continued on Second Page.)