

FOR UNIVERSAL PEACE

Growth of Movement Encourages Delegates to London Conference.

ALL NATIONS REPRESENTED

Attendance and Interest Increases Year by Year.

KING RECEIVES DELEGATES

His Action Given Quasi Official Recognition to Work.

PLAN TO CURB ARMAMENTS

Methods Considered to Prevent Further Increase in Cost of Military and Naval Establishments.

LONDON, July 30.—Many signs of the increasing importance of the peace movement have developed during the progress of the present Universal Peace congress...

Another incident showing the growing importance of the congress was the reception of the delegates by King Edward, a precedent which doubtless will be followed in the future.

Congressman T. E. Burton of Ohio, who is here with the Waterways commission, has registered his name with the delegates to the Universal Peace congress.

A resolution was passed, expressing the opinion that for the moment a practical method to arrest the growth of armaments would be an agreement, for a short term of years, not to exceed the average total expenditure for army and navy made by each country during the period, which had elapsed between the holdings of the first and second Hague peace conferences.

BUILDING STRIKE IN PARIS

Fifty Thousand Laborers Quit Work as Protest Against Killing of Workmen.

PARIS, July 30.—The general strike of twenty-four hours declared by the General Federation of Labor as a demonstration and protest against the killing of workmen by troops at Vigneux, went into operation this morning.

'FRISCO BROKER SUSPENDS

Lack of Patronage, Due to Money Stringency, Given as the Cause.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Frederick Dent, a broker, with offices in this city, Los Angeles, Salt Lake City, Butte, Mont., and Spokane, Wash., a member of the New York Stock exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade, has telegraphed from Chicago to his local manager to suspend business.

POPE COMPANY REORGANIZES

New Corporation Will Operate Entire Property Now in Receiver's Hands.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 30.—A reorganization of the Pope Manufacturing company was effected today. The new capitalization will be \$2,000,000 of preferred stock and \$500,000 of common stock.

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Friday, July 31, 1908.

Table with columns for dates (1908, July, 1908) and numbers (5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31).

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Generally fair today; warmer west portion.

Table showing weather forecast for Nebraska and Iowa, including temperature ranges and conditions.

DOMESTIC

Conference of government lawyers at Lenoix decides to file motion for rehearing in Standard Oil case and go to the supreme court if the motion is denied.

FOREIGN

Fifty thousand men go on strike in Paris as a protest against killing of workmen at Vigneux.

POLITICAL

Judge Taft returns to Hot Springs and denies campaign report as baseless.

NEBRASKA

As a trick to prevent populists filing for electors the circuit is circulated that the filing fee is \$25.

LOCAL

Newspapers hold annual picnic, with many features not heard of in former years.

SPORTS

Scores of yesterday's base ball games: Western League—Omaha vs. Denver—0, 15—Pueblo vs. Dev. Moline—6.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN SHIPS

Table listing ship arrivals and departures, including ship names, companies, and destinations.

STEALS TO MARRY RICH GIRL

Love Affair Back of Peculation of Cashier of Kenosha Bank.

BOSTON, Mass., July 30.—According to the police, Harvey T. Wells, formerly cashier of the First National bank, Kenosha, Wis., who was arrested here last night, confessed today that he had taken about \$4000 from the bank.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR STATE FAIR

HURON, S. D., July 30.—Special Committee on the necessary arrangements for the South Dakota State fair, September 1 to 12, have been appointed by the Commercial club of this city.

STEEL EXCHANGE SAYS GO UP

NEW YORK, July 30.—The sale of a seat on the New York stock exchange for \$3,000, an increase of \$200 over the last previous sale, was announced today.

PROGRAM IN STANDARD CASE

Motion for Rehearing Will Be Filed in Few Days.

MAY GO UP TO SUPREME COURT

If Circuit Court Refuses Rehearing Application Will Be Made to Higher Tribunal for Writ of Certiorari.

LENOX, Mass., July 30.—The conference of government lawyers, who have been prominent in the trial of corporation suits and, especially, that against the Standard Oil company, broke up today with the departure of Frank B. Kellogg for New York and the return of Attorney General Charles J. Bonaparte to his cottage among the hills here.

The work of again setting in motion the legal machinery of the government in its criminal case against the Standard Oil company will be at once taken up. District Attorney Sims of Chicago, with his assistants and all five of the lawyers, who participated in the conference here for the past three days, expressed the utmost confidence of ultimate success.

Should the court of appeals deny the motion the assistance of the United States supreme court will then be sought through a writ of certiorari, in the hope that that court will order a change in the records and an ultimate retrial of the case against the Standard Oil company in the United States circuit court for the seventh district.

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This is the government line of campaign, but the law's necessary delays are expected to drag the case out for six or eight months and it will be well into next year before final action is reached.

Mr. Kellogg said before leaving for New York this morning that he expected to be engaged with his own particular case in behalf of the government in its civil suit against the Standard Oil company for the greater part of the month of August. He hopes that briefs may be ready for the resumption of the trial in September. He thinks that arguments in this suit, which is a bill in equity to dissolve the so-called Standard Oil trust, will not be made before late in the fall. If this work will permit it, Mr. Kellogg will make several campaign speeches in support of Judge Taft.

RAILROAD FIGHT AT CHEYENNE

Rumors Are Burlington Will Run Cars Over Street Railway Tracks.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 30.—(Special.)—There are many rumors in Cheyenne of the ultimate way to which the Cheyenne street railway is to be put. It is certain that a line of electric cars is to be operated between Cheyenne and Fort Russell, touching at old and new Frontier parks, and it is also known that a three-cornered fight is being waged between the Union Pacific and the Colorado & Southern and the Burlington roads over a connection with the electric line, which has been built broad-gauge and of railroad iron and material throughout.

For many years the Burlington railroad has watched the Union Pacific and the Colorado & Southern roads handle exclusively all of the business at Fort D. A. Russell, and this has been something enormous in tonnage. The two roads have been able to haul soldiers, supplies and building material, and what little business the Burlington has handled, has been at heavy expense to them, for the work is hauled over the tracks of the Union Pacific and Colorado & Southern roads.

Now comes the report that the Burlington is dickering for an alliance with the Cheyenne Electric Street Car company, whereby the latter will connect with the Burlington main line at the "C" hotel avenue and haul freight cars over the electric road through the city to Fort Russell.

Another disturbing rumor is to the effect that the Colorado & Southern will connect with the street car line in old Frontier park, and run passenger trains from the Union depot over its line to old Frontier park, thence over the electric to new Frontier park during Frontier days. And if this arrangement is made, in all probability the Union Pacific will ask for permission to run gasoline motor cars or steam trains over the electric line from a connection therewith at the foot of Ferguson street and Fifteenth.

RATE MATTER UP TO BONAPARTE

Complaint of Shippers' Association Has Been Referred to Attorney General.

CINCINNATI, O., July 30.—The Receivers and Shippers association received word from President Roosevelt today that the attorney general is looking into the matter of the protest on the railroad freight advance. It is also stated that the report as to the going astray of the letter sent by the association to the president was incorrect. The letter did not go astray, but reached the president. The Receivers and Shippers association protested against proposed advances in freight rates to Texas territory, and declared that two railroads have apparently already disobeyed a court order on this subject. The letter received from Secretary Loeb is as follows:

"OYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 27, 1908. My Dear Sir: Your letter of the 25th inst., enclosing copy of your letter of the 17th inst., is received. The newspaper dispatch you refer to is not correct. I make no such statement. Your communication of the 17th inst., was duly received here and my direction of the president was referred for the consideration of the attorney general, who today advised the president that he was carefully looking into the matter. Very truly yours,

"WILLIAM LOEB, JR. Secretary to the president."

OMAHA STARTS WATER FACTORY

MITCHELL, S. D., July 30.—(Special.)—D. C. Ward of Omaha has installed a plant for the conversion of steam into water and then have it condensed into pure water. It is a new system for the production of pure water, and they will ship it to all parts of the country. The plant will be enlarged as the business grows.

FOUR STATES AFTER COMPANY

Suits to Oust Combine Filed in Kansas, Missouri, Texas and Oklahoma.

EMPORIA, Kan., July 30.—In the district court of Lyon county here today Attorney General Jackson of the state of Kansas filed a suit against the Yellow Pine association of St. Louis. At the same hour, it is stated, the attorneys general of Missouri, Texas and Oklahoma filed similar suits in their respective states, in a concerted effort to break up what is alleged to be an illegal combine to raise the price of lumber to a figure said to be unreasonable and fictitious. The proceedings here seek to drive the association from Kansas and to prevent the formation of a holding company to take over the property of the alleged combine, which latter movement, it was reported, was about to be consummated at St. Louis.

Attorney General Jackson recently had agents of the lumber companies in Sherman county brought before the district court and in addition to receiving much information from them regarding the existence of an alleged trust, seized correspondence bearing on the subject. He also secured the sworn testimony of a man until recently employed by one of the companies to the effect that lumber concerns in that section of the state were in a close combination; that all prices were fixed from headquarters and that relating was practiced by certain railroads by allowing for overcharges.

EMPORIA, Kan., July 30.—Attorney General Jackson failed to secure expected service in Emporia today on his ouster suit against the Yellow Pine association of St. Louis. He telegraphed the assistant attorney general here, who at once filed the suit in the district court of Shawnee county. Judge Dana granted the injunction.

For some time the lumber companies of Omaha and the sales agencies of southern companies have anticipated trouble for the association, commonly known as the "combine."

The Lon-Bell Lumber company, said to be intimately associated with the "combine" and in a measure responsible for its organization, no longer maintains a sales agency in Omaha. The salesman of the company in this territory is W. M. Simpson of Lincoln. Mr. Simpson is said to have anticipated the injunctive suits and mentioned them to friends who in Omaha a few days ago.

Lumbermen, as a general thing, justify the yellow pine association and claim that lumber has been sold at an actual loss since last fall. Mr. Simpson anticipates that the injunctive suits will force mills and prices of lumber will be forced up.

POLES WEEP AT NATIONAL SONG

Remarkable Patriotic Demonstration Ends Festivities Attending Election of Polish Priest.

CHICAGO, July 30.—With a parade of 30,000 men in uniform, the glare of bands, the thrill of fireworks, the glare of light, the gayety of flags and bunting and gala attire, the pealing of church bells, the joy of feasting, the excitement of oratory and bursts of song, nearly 100,000 men, women and children revelled last night in one of the most remarkable festivals that Chicago ever has seen.

Practically every one of the thousands of Chicago people of Polish descent was actively, vociferously, hilariously celebrating through the streets.

Uniformed societies from every one of the thirty-two parishes in the city formed a great parade and marched from one to another of the four churches of the principal Polish district the cause of the demonstration, the Rt. Rev. Paul Peter Rhode, the new auxiliary bishop of Chicago, and first Polish-American elevated to the episcopacy of the Roman Catholic church. A dramatic incident which marked his consecration was the raising of the Polish flag, which was eagerly discussed last night by the celebrators.

When the clergy at the cathedral, formed in an impressive procession, rich with the color of the vestments, crucifixes and croziers, to leave the church the choir, through with the sacred ritual of the consecration, sang enthusiastically and prayerfully into the strains of "God Save Poland," the national hymn of the Polish people.

Every Polish speaking person in the cathedral, men and women, priests and the bishop elect, took up the song. All of them were deeply touched and many wept.

TAFT BACK IN HOT SPRINGS

Presidential Candidate Arrives at Summer Resort and Goes into Conference.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., July 30.—Judge Taft and party reached Hot Springs from Cincinnati at 10:30 o'clock today. General and Mrs. Henry C. Canby were among the companions and Senator Scott of West Virginia, who boarded the train this morning, had an extended talk with the candidate regarding national committee affairs.

Frank H. Hitchcock and Arthur I. Vorys are to be the first important visitors, but they will not be here for several days. Judge Taft will address the Virginia Bar association, which meets here next week. His speech will be nonpolitical.

F. W. Carpenter, private secretary to Judge Taft, this afternoon issued the following statement: "Friends of Mr. Taft, on returning here Judge Taft will address the Virginia Bar association, which meets here next week. His speech will be nonpolitical."

LABEL INJUNCTION STANDS

Distillers Win Point Against Government in Case at Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The restraining order issued by Judge Thompson, Sevens and Humphrey in the federal court at Cincinnati preventing the government from enforcing that portion of the pure food law, ordering distillers to label their product "alcohol," instead of "spirits," as was the practice, stands, according to a ruling by Judge Kohlsaat in the United States circuit court here today.

Government attorneys made a motion before Judge Kohlsaat that the injunction against the government be set aside. The court ruled, with specific reference to distillers of Peoria, in whose behalf today motion was opposed that the restraining order shall stand until passed upon by the court of appeals.

Tomorrow similar motion will be made against the government by the distillers at Gothen, Ind., to set aside the injunction as it applies to the Terre Haute distillers.

HITCHCOCK TALKS OF PLANS

National Chairman Soon to Begin Work in Earnest.

DISCUSSES SITUATION IN WEST

Appointment of Mr. Rosewater on Executive Committee Due to His Thorough Acquaintance with Conditions.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, July 30.—(Special Telegram.)—F. H. Hitchcock, chairman of the national republican committee, left tonight for New York, where he goes to open headquarters in the east. Mr. Hitchcock will return to Washington in the middle of next week, and will immediately make a tour on August 15 will open headquarters in the Harvester building in Chicago.

In his audience with newspaper men late this afternoon the national chairman stated that at least half his time would be spent at the Chicago headquarters, as he realizes the necessity of making a tour of the fight in the middle west and he wanted to be in close touch with leaders in all states west as well as east.

Speaking of the appointment of Mr. Rosewater as a member of the executive committee, he stated it was because of Mr. Rosewater's intimate knowledge of political conditions in his section and because the candidate of the opposition came from Nebraska. "Mr. Rosewater's clearness on political affairs impressed me," said Mr. Hitchcock, "and his carefulness in outlining conditions carried great weight with all of us in conference."

Mr. Rosewater will be charged with looking after publicity in his section and will be in constant touch with his chief.

National Chairman Hitchcock spoke in enthusiastic terms of Chairman Hayward and of the detail system of canvassing the state which he has inaugurated.

"Nebraskaans," said Mr. Hitchcock, "were most active, always logical and full of resources, and they made a hit with all of us."

"Of course, Mr. Bryan will do everything to carry his home state. In fact, he will carry his state and will put forth every effort to prevent him."

Mr. Hitchcock stated that the names of the advisory committee would not be given out until after his return to New York, and that it would be made up from members of the national committee and those of members of the republican platform.

For instance, it demands the election of senators by the direct vote of the people, as the democratic platform does; its tariff plank is quite like our tariff plank, its plank on the trusts, while opposing private monopoly, is not as specific as ours; its plank on the Asiatic immigration is quite similar, and its labor plank, like ours, contains a declaration in favor of trial by jury and in regard to the exemption of labor organizations from the operation of anti-trust laws. Like our platform, it demands the extrajurisdiction of the republican party and demands greater economy. It does not advocate, however, the establishment of a department of labor, with a secretary in the cabinet; it does not oppose imperialism, which has been used to justify the increase in our standing army.

Among the notable visitors who will be present on the day of notification will be John W. Kern of Indiana, the democratic vice presidential nominee. At the conclusion of exercises Mr. Bryan will receive the notification committee and several distinguished guests at Fairview, where supper will be served on the lawn.

BOY SHOT NEAR ISLAND QUEEN

Second Shooting Adds Mystery to Incident.

CINCINNATI, July 30.—Charles Hawkins, 15 years old, was shot by an unknown person late yesterday as the steamer Island Queen was going up the river near the same place where the shots were fired that struck Mrs. Russell while on the steamer on Thursday night.

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MORE CHICAGO HEAT VICTIMS

Two Deaths in Addition to Those of Yesterday Are Reported.

CHICAGO, July 30.—The toll of death and suffering due to heat and humidity was augmented today by numerous prostrations, while up to 11 o'clock this morning, two deaths had been reported. Ferdinand Brien, an instructor in physical culture, dropped dead, while directing a class in his exercise and Gustave Bergren, a laborer, was found dead in the street. At 10:30 a. m., the temperature was 87 degrees and the humidity 98 per cent.

The official forecast of cooler weather tonight, Monday welcome respite throughout the city.

SAMUEL GOMPERS INDIGNANT

Labor Leader Says He Has Not Agreed to Deliver Vote of His Organization to Anyone.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—"The report that I have said that I would or would not deliver the labor vote to any political party is an infamous lie," said Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor today. "Organized labor is not only honest, but intelligent enough to choose the party for its support which will best represent its interests."

"It is possible that by lies and misrepresentations the enemies of organized labor may be successful in accomplishing my removal as president of the American Federation of Labor," said Mr. Gompers, "but that will never change my course in battling for the principles for which I stand."

"It is not a question of politics with me. I have no politics, or if I have they are the politics of the people."

"I fully expected when I took the stand which I have," said Mr. Gompers, "that some would disagree with me. I regard the labor vote as sacred, and my conclusions in every instance, I expect to be criticized, too, in many quarters, but I did not think the criticism would be so unjust as to be contemptible. I stand for the right of individual opinion."

"I regard my position as president of the American Federation of Labor as the most exalted and honorable in this world to which I could ever wish to aspire. It is a sacred trust with which my fellow laborers have honored me because of my convictions and the principles which I advocate. They have put their trust in me because they like me and I will bow to their will. But it will not prevent me from fighting for the cause which is my life's work, just as I have in the past and as I propose to do in the future."

"I want no political office or honor. I have nothing for sale and don't propose to begin at this late date by selling my honor."

"What I think and what I say is from conscientious conviction that it is the truth. No one can make me sacrifice my honest conviction."

"My editorial in the American Federationist plainly and forcibly sets forth my position. He who runs may read and understand. Those who have taken issue with the position therein set forth as political renegades and discredited outcasts of labor. I don't mean that those who differ from my opinion are such, but those who have denounced me and claim that I have not set forth the facts as they are."

Frank H. Hitchcock, republican national chairman, when asked as to the truth of the report that a personal campaign was to be waged against Mr. Gompers, replied:

"Nothing of the kind has been arranged."

MRS. GUNNESS WAS POISONED

Chicago Specialist Completes Analysis of Stomach of La Porte Woman and Children.

LAPORTE, Ind., July 30.—Coroner Mack announced today that Dr. Walter Haines of Rush Medical college, Chicago, who analyzed the stomach of Andrew Helkelien of Aberdeen, S. D., the last victim of Mrs. Belle Gunness, finding strychnine and arsenic in fatal doses, has also found in the stomach of Mrs. Gunness and in the stomach of the children arsenic and strychnine in quantities sufficient to have caused death.

Attorney Worden, who represented Lamphere, charged with the Gunness murders and with being an accomplice of Mrs. Gunness in the Helkelien death, declares that the report of Dr. Haines that his clients have had nothing to do with the death of the woman and her children.

FIRES ROUSE WEALTHY COLONY

Millionaires Talk of Forming Vigilance Committee to Run Down Incendiaries.

NEW YORK, July 30.—So many fires, clearly of incendiary origin, have occurred within the last two weeks up to and including today in what are known as the "millionaire colonies" of Great Neck, Manhasset, Port Washington and other towns in the North Hempstead district of Long Island, that radical measures have been determined upon and there is earnest talk of the formation of a vigilance committee to run down and inflict summary punishment upon the offenders.

Among some of the elaborate and costly estates in the section affected are those of William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., at Great Neck; Clarence H. Mackay, at Roslyn; Bourke Cochrane and Howard Gould, at Port Washington, and Martin Hall, the beautiful residence of Mrs. Satterthwaite, who until her marriage a few days ago, was Mrs. James E. Martin.

No great alarm was felt by the owners of these and other fine places until the fires became of almost daily occurrence. A lookout for the incendiaries was kept at the Bay Ridge Yacht clubhouse where a fire was destroyed, one man was captured, convicted and sent to prison for a year. Apparently, however, this did not discourage what is now believed to be an organized band bent on destruction and the situation has become serious in the district.

At least one fire has occurred in the district every day in the last fortnight, and on several occasions the volunteer companies have been called out to subdue as many as three within the space of a few hours.

LANDSLIDE WIPES OUT VILLAGE

Sixteen Persons Are Reported Killed in Catastrophe in Austria.

INNERBRICK, Austria, July 30.—The village of Mernitz in Styria has been destroyed by a landslide. Sixteen persons are reported to have been killed.

AMNESTY FOR TURKS

Sultan Offers Freedom to All Political Refugees from His Realm.

PROCLAMATION IN NEW YORK

Consul General Says it Affects 50,000 Armenians in United States.

MANY ARE EXPECTED TO RETURN

Action Believed to Mark New Era in Turkish History.

UNREST IN CONSTANTINOPLE

Delay in Reconstituting the Cabinet Causes Disaffection—Minister of Mines and Forests Flees.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The sultan of Turkey, through the Turkish consul general in this city, Muntzil Bey, today proclaimed general amnesty to all political refugees, regardless of race, in this country. This relates to about 50,000 Armenians and others in the United States.

Referring further to amnesty, the Turkish consul general, Muntzil Bey, said: "The amnesty applies to political, not criminal, offenses. I am sure that those who have offended politically and have sought an asylum in this country will not return and help in the work of constructing a united nation. Turkey will now be as free as the United States. Shortly, if I mistake not, there will be a Turkish ambassador at Washington. Our aim will be to maintain the opportunity to go home without fear of further persecution."

"The proclamation is made in good faith and there will be no repetition of the czar's fiasco in regard to the Russian drama. Turkey will now take its former place with the nations of the world."

"Many Turks to Return." The consul general said he would be surprised if at least 10,000 Turkish subjects did not return to their native land within the next month or so. Of the fifty thousand Armenians, Syrians and the like in this country, he estimated that five thousand at least would depart within a very short time. Of Turkish refugees he said there were none here, but a large colony had settled in Providence, R. I.

The proclamation and its results were freely discussed in the Armenian and Syrian quarters of the city after the statement of the consul general was made known.

Mihram Bostan, an authority among the Armenians, said:

"I feel absolutely certain that the sultan is acting in good faith and trust implicitly in the proclamation. The Armenians have suffered much, but not at the hands of the Turk. The former, or at least a very large number of them, will take early advantage of the opportunity to go home without fear of further persecution."

Belle Ararat, an Armenian merchant, said he was inclined to believe that most Armenians would accept the proclamation in good faith. He said he had suffered a great deal at the hands of the Moslem agents and had been obliged to flee from Turkey after several members of the family had been killed. He stated that he had possessed a good deal of property in Turkey, by inheritance, but had never gone back to inquire about it because of the fate that might possibly befall him.

Syrians Are Pleased. F. M. Farid, a Syrian Jeweler, said: "We Syrians of course are greatly pleased at what his majesty the sultan has done. However, we Syrians in this country, with few exceptions, are not political refugees. 'The Armenian is a political refugee where the Syrian is not. The Armenian had to flee in terror of his life. The Syrian has come to America because his conditions of life, business and industry there do not offer the possibility for progress as America does. The advance in the cause of freedom may mean a new era for Syria. I should suppose that the Armenians would be most deeply affected by the proclamation. It has been the people of that race whom the Turkish authorities have watched closest for political plots."

Unrest in Constantinople. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 30.—Although the demonstrations in the streets of Constantinople over the granting of a constitution have practically ceased, there are signs of much dissatisfaction among the public at the delay in the reconstruction of the ministry by the introduction of liberal elements. Scenes of the wildest description continue in the cafes, where officers and civilians embrace each other and express their delight at the ending of the tyrannical regime.

The situation still lacks clearness, and it is impossible at present to forecast the next development with any degree of certainty. The young Turks are masters of Constantinople and the European provinces, and except in the capital the feeling is anything but favorable to the sultan. Even in Constantinople disloyal circles are heard crying the loudest against the sultan. At a banquet given in Pera to celebrate the re-establishment of the constitution the name of the sultan was hoisted, while the Christians at this place are beginning to entertain misgivings as to the sincerity of the professions of the young Turks.

Hardly any news has been received from the Asiatic provinces and this is regarded as disquieting. The yall and the military commandant at Smyrna have been dismissed by the young Turks, owing to their hostile attitude towards the constitution.

Students Held by Troops

A noteworthy incident in the popular manifestations of last Sunday, which at the time escaped notice, is the fact that the military college was surrounded by troops in order to prevent the students from leaving that institution. The people manifested their resentment at this precaution, whereupon the troops were