

VOL. XXXVIII—NO. 11.

TAFI FINISHES WORK

Secretary of War Ready to Turn Over His Office.

WRIGHT TAKES CHARGE TODAY

New Official Will Be Introduced Bureau Chiefs Today.

EXTENDED TALK WITH BURTON

Letter Says Vorys Will Have Important Place in Campaign.

CHAIRMANSHIP NOT YET SETTLED

Announcement Repeated That Appointment Will Not Be Made Until Subsequent Meets, July Eighth.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—In process of sloughing off my official robes... This was the laconic description of his condition given by Secretary William H. Taft this evening, as he sat at his big desk in an important office at the War department... Fifty seats are to be contested at the democratic convention at Denver...

At the conclusion of the conference, Mr. Burton said that a number of questions were considered by Mr. Taft and himself concerning which he could not talk... Mr. Vorys, who has been mentioned in connection with the national chairmanship of the republican party, will be identified probably with the approaching national convention...

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SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Tuesday, July 1, 1908.

Table with columns for dates (1908, July, 1908) and days (Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat). Numbers are listed in the rows.

THE WEATHER. MAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND Y.—Fair Wednesday. SIBLASKA—Fair Wednesday. OMAHA—Fair Wednesday.

Table with columns for days (Sun, Mon, Tue, Wed, Thu, Fri, Sat) and various weather-related metrics.

DOMESTIC. Fifty seats are to be contested at the democratic convention at Denver...

Secretary Taft yields his office to General Wright, who will become the new secretary of war today.

Alexander Troup of New Haven says the New England states hope to advance his interests by proposing a friendly candidate for vice president.

Dubuge citizens are planning an elaborate home-coming week in August.

W. R. Hearst loses his contest for the mayoralty of New York under direct vote of the people.

Mrs. Phillip N. Moore of St. Louis is elected president of the National Federation of Women's Clubs at Boston.

Illinois Central gives order that men shall resume work.

Prince Zu Eulenburg says the witnesses in his case from Munich are either mad or bribed. He faints in court.

NEBRASKA. J. M. Shively is the first republican to file his petition as a candidate at the primaries for a state office.

SPORT. Results of the ball games: Denver vs. Omaha—2-1; Stock City vs. Des Moines—1-0; Lincoln vs. Pueblo—1-0.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL. Live stock markets. Grain markets. Stocks and bonds.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS. PORTS. Arrived. Departed.

SUFFRAGETTES MAKE TROUBLE. Refused Hearing by Premier Asquith. They Make Demonstration About Parliament.

LONDON, June 30.—Women suffragists assembled in Caxton hall this afternoon sent a deputation to the House of Commons to interview Premier Asquith in the matter of the immediate granting of the franchise to women.

ENGLAND COLLECTS BIG FLEET. Mobilization of All Warships in Home Waters Creates Considerable Comment.

LONDON, June 30.—The mobilization of all British warships in home waters available for immediate service was completed today for the annual naval maneuvers.

MULAI HAFID WANTS MONEY. In Letter Head in Mosque at Tangier, He Asks for Present of Funds.

TANGIER, June 30.—A letter from Mulai Hafid, the insurgent sultan of Morocco, was read in the Moroccan congress today. It thanks the people for preferring him to Abd-el-Aziz, whom he describes as having sold himself to the Christians.

NELSON UNDER INDICTMENT. Nephew of Joseph S. Nelson Held Because of Loss of Part of Bank's Reserve.

SALT LAKE CITY, June 30.—In the federal court this morning, United States Judge John Marshall received from the federal grand jury a report bringing an indictment against A. W. Nelson, in connection with the alleged looting of the reserve vaults of the Utah National bank.

PRESIDENT GOES ON PICNIC. He and Family Enjoy Old-Fashioned Time on North Shore of Long Island Sound.

OSTER BAY, N. Y., June 30.—President Roosevelt and his family today enjoyed a real old-fashioned picnic in the woods at the waters' edge on Lloyd Neck, a peninsula on the north shore of Long Island sound.

BUFFETS WILL BE CLOSED. Order issued by Pullman Company Will Affect Trains in Illinois.

JUDGES SUSPEND CUT ORDER

Federal Court at St. Paul Enjoins Commerce Commission.

CHICAGO SWITCH CHARGES LOW

Reduction of Terminal Fee for Transportation of Cars to Stock Yards Held to Be Unreasonable.

ST. PAUL, Minn., June 30.—Judges Sanborn, Hook and Adams in the United States circuit court today rendered an interlocutory decree whereby they temporarily suspended and enjoined the enforcement of the order of the Interstate Commerce commission which reduced the charge of certain railroads for the transfer of live stock from their terminals in Chicago to the Union Stock yards from \$2 to \$1 per car.

The court held that the reduction of the charge for the transportation of these cars from the terminals of the railroads to the stock yards of the Union Stock yards company was required by the acts of congress to be separately scheduled by the railroad companies and they complied with these acts and scheduled this charge separately.

This terminal charge of \$2 per car for transferring the cars over the tracks of the Union Stock yards company to the stock yards and returning the same to complainant roads was a reasonable charge. A reduction of it to \$1 per car made it unreasonably low. The Interstate Commerce commission made this charge unreasonably low because the rates of the railroad companies on their own road and the terminal charge of \$2 were, in their opinion, unreasonably high. It was an error of law. Under the acts of congress, which require segregation of the question of the justice and reasonableness of each segregated rate must be determined by itself.

Jurisdiction of Courts. Under the acts of congress the federal courts have jurisdiction to set aside or suspend an order of the Interstate Commerce commission which results from misconception and misapplication of the law to conceded or undisputed facts. It is not indispensable to the correction by the federal court of an error of law into which the commission has fallen, whereby a specific rate is made unreasonably low, that the aggrieved party should prove that the effect of this unreasonably low rate will make its entire business unprofitable. It is enough that the reduced rate is unjust and unreasonable.

The order of the Interstate Commerce commission, whereby the charge for the transfer of live stock from the terminals of the railroad companies in Chicago over the tracks of the Union Stock yards company to the stock yards of the Union Stock yards company was reduced from \$2 per car to \$1 per car must be suspended and its enforcement enjoined until the final direction of the further order of the court.

Parties to Action. The action was brought in the United States circuit court here by Receivers Stickey and Smith of the Chicago Great Western, and the Chicago & North Western, Chicago & Alton, Rock Island and Santa Fe companies were parties to the suit. Receivers Stickey and Smith reside here and the Hepburn and Sherman anti-trust laws, under which the action was brought have optional to bring cases in any district where one of the complainants reside.

Immediately after the action was begun United States Attorney General Bonaparte caused to be filed a certificate requiring the court to speed the case and requiring at least three circuit judges to hear and try it. The case was argued May 28 last.

BOOTH & COMPANY IS GUILTY. Big Fish Concern Admits Accepting Rebates From Railroad Companies.

CHICAGO, June 30.—A. Booth & Co., one of the largest concerns dealing in fish and oysters in the west, pleaded guilty today to having accepted rebates from railroad companies. An indictment against the company was returned a year ago. It contained several counts, all of which, with one exception, were dismissed. Judge Landis will announce his sentence later. The maximum penalty for the offense, according to District Attorney Emma, is \$20,000.

NORMAL WEATHER CONDITIONS. Observer Loveland Reports Temperature, Rainfall and Cloudiness Just as They Should Be.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 30.—(Special.)—The weekly weather bulletin for the week ending June 29 is as follows: The week averaged, for the state as a whole, just about normal for temperature, rainfall and cloudiness.

The daily mean temperature was between 70 degrees and 80 degrees in the central and eastern counties, which is just about the seasonal average. It was between 66 degrees and 68 degrees in the western counties, which is about 3 degrees below the normal. Monday and Saturday were generally the warmest days, with a maximum temperature near 90 degrees.

The rainfall was above normal in most of the state. It exceeded one inch in most of the central and eastern sections, except in some northeastern counties, where it was about one-half an inch. The rain fell mostly in heavy showers Monday night, and Friday and Saturday. In a few localities the rain was accompanied by hail. The total rainfall from April 1 to date is decidedly above the normal, except in a few western counties, where it is slightly below.

Section Director, Lincoln, Neb.

GUARD'S SHOT KILLS WOMAN. Political Prisoner at Kiev Caught Signaling to Fellow Prisoners.

KIEV, June 30.—Mlle. Sherstova, who was confined in the political prison here, was today shot and killed by one of the prison sentinels, who caught her signaling with a mirror to other prisoners. She was standing at a window at the time. The sentinel's first shot killed her.

BUFFETS WILL BE CLOSED. Order issued by Pullman Company Will Affect Trains in Illinois.

CHICAGO, June 30.—On account of the local option laws in so many counties in Illinois buffets in nearly all railroad cars will be closed. An order has been issued by the Pullman company closing the buffets in the parlor cars of the Alton limited between Chicago and St. Louis and abandoning entirely the sale of intoxicating liquors. The order of the Pullman company will affect its buffets on all roads in Illinois.

TROOPS TO BE IN READINESS

Brigadier General A. L. Meyer Disposes of Men to Preserve Neutrality Laws.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Prompt acknowledgment has been made by Brigadier General A. L. Meyer, in command of the Department of Texas, with headquarters at San Antonio, of the orders sent to him last night, requiring the dispatch of a number of troops to Delrio and other points in Texas to assist the civil authorities in enforcing a strict compliance with the neutrality laws, so as to prevent any aid given Mexican revolutionists. General Meyer has been given a reasonably free hand in the matter and will consult freely with the civil authorities of the national government as to the requirements at various places along the border in the way of troops and at any place where there is an apparent necessity for them. He will dispatch them at once. Officials of the administration predict a speedy collapse of the revolutionary movement in Mexico. They base this prediction on their knowledge of previous uprisings against the government and declare that the presence of well organized regular troops will soon dampen their ardor and scatter their bands. In addition to this the free use of the military laws on the American side in stopping violations of the neutrality laws they say, will materially aid in putting down the movement. Senator Godoy, the Mexican charge, called at the State department today.

ST. LOUIS IS HEAD OF JUNTA. Senorita Gonzalez Anxiously Watches Outcome of Struggle.

ST. LOUIS, June 30.—Living in an attic of a ramshackle building at 101 North Tenth street, which neighborhood is populated with negroes, Senorita Andrea Villarreal (Gonzalez), president of the junta, was in the spirit of the Mexican junta, is impatiently watching revolutionary developments in Mexico.

With her family she was exiled from Mexico. Her brother, Antonio, spent four years in a Mexican prison and is now in jail here because of his revolutionary tendencies.

With shingling eyes and her hands clenched because of intense feeling, she declared today: "Tomorrow the real revolution will envelop Mexico in a whirlwind. We have 30,000 liberals armed. Forty thousand more will join us as soon as the money seized from a bank is used to procure arms for them."

"They call us bandits," she exclaimed bitterly, "merely because we robbed a bank. Where else would the poor revolutionists get money for ammunition and guns with which to join us in their fight against themselves and their wives and children?"

"I am a woman," she said, her head softening, "and I hate bloodshed and violence. But if it became necessary I could subdue weak nature and myself use the dagger or the torch."

Five generals will rally to us with their commands for the army is disaffected. The rich are siding us more than the dictator would believe. All the laborers are with us. I receive letters from there every day which make me cry.

Senorita Gonzalez declared she secured \$20 from a wealthy sympathizer, with which she equipped and has dispatched to the insurgents a leader whose name she declined to reveal.

WRIGHTS ABOUT TO REALIZE. Syndicate of French People Offers Them Large Sum if Machine Files.

PARIS, June 30.—The Journal Des Debats this afternoon says that the Wright Brothers, of Dayton, O., have signed a contract with Lazare Vellier, who is acting for a syndicate, who offers the Wrights \$100,000 for their patents, provided, first, that the aeroplane, with two persons on board, flies thirty-one miles in an enclosed circuit, and, second, that it repeats this performance within eight days in the presence of a committee. If neither aeronautist accomplishes this same feat within four months of the time that the Wrights make their successful flight, the contract is to become void.

BERLIN, June 30.—A new military steerable airship, designed by Major Gross, of the German army, has today made its first ascent at Tegel today. The ship, which is 29 feet long and 33 feet in diameter, is propelled by two motors of seventy-five horsepower each. The trial trip today lasted for one hour and a half and was highly successful.

HOME COMING AT DUBUQUE. Iowa City Prepares to Entertain Large Number of People in August.

DUBUQUE, Ia., June 30.—Dubuque is preparing to entertain 5,000 guests the last week in August of the present year. It is the diamond jubilee of Dubuque's existence as a town.

The general committee in charge of arrangements has been at work since early in the year preparing for the event. It is to be a home-coming on a larger scale than ever before was attempted in Iowa. Dubuque people are scattered over the nation. Replies to letters of invitation have been received from every state in the union, Colorado, Washington and California in particular, have returned acceptances by the hundreds.

SHOP MEN GO BACK TO WORK. Illinois Central Railroad Puts Number of Them in Service After Short Layoff.

DUBUQUE, Ia., June 30.—Following on the heels of the announcement a few days ago of the Illinois Central road that some 8,000 men on the various divisions would be put back to work, 40 employees of the Dubuque road, particularly men laid off at the shops, were yesterday morning put back into the service. They return to work on a ten-hour a day schedule and six days a week.

These changes are looked upon here as one of the real evidences of a return of prosperity. They mean that the crop outlook over the country, despite the storm area, is first-class.

CLEVELAND, O., June 30.—Congressman James S. Sherman, republican nominee for vice-president, continues to gain strength at Lakeside hospital. His condition was normal this morning and he will probably leave the hospital tomorrow.

FIGHT BETWEEN STRIKERS. FORT SMITH, Ark., June 30.—A pitched battle took place late last night between the Iron Mountain Railroad company and Italian strike breakers at Van Buren, Ark., in which two of the latter were shot and seriously wounded.

HEARST LOSES HIS CONTEST

Recount of Ballots in New York is Completed.

VERDICT IS FOR MCLELLAN

Jury Finds That No Fraud Was Committed and That Mayor Was Legally Elected to Office.

NEW YORK, June 30.—Mayor George B. McClellan's title to the office of mayor of New York City was made clear by the decision of Justice Lambert in the supreme court today, when he ordered a jury to render a verdict that McClellan was duly elected mayor in 1906. W. R. Hearst has been contesting the mayor's right to the office practically ever since the election, and as a result of his charges of fraud in the original count of ballots, the legislature passed a law enabling a recount. Attorney General W. B. Jackson, then appointed grand juror, proceeding on behalf of the people, in which both Mr. Hearst and Mayor McClellan were named as defendants.

Hearst fails to prove charges. The recount left Mayor McClellan with a plurality of 2,965, whereupon Clarence J. Shearn, representing Mr. Jackson, alleged that the ballot boxes had been tampered with and requested the court to throw out the entire vote of 112 election districts in which he charged that the ballots found in the boxes exceeded the number of registered voters. This, however, was based on an incorrect list of voters, and when the correct list was produced today Mr. Shearn said that the registration was greater than the poll in every district disputed. Justice Lambert declined to throw out the contested districts. Mr. Shearn then charged that the inspectors had registered an excessive number of names, but said he could not prove repeating.

The justice then declared that the original count was quite as complete as the one made in court and that the evidence showed no fraud so far as the election inspectors were concerned. He said that if legal voters could be disfranchised so readily as had been attempted in this case, this form of government would not endure long. If the jury were to return a verdict against Mayor McClellan, Justice Lambert said, he would not allow it to stand, and he ordered a verdict in favor of the mayor, which was rendered. The jurors were allowed \$30 each, having sat fifty-one days.

Statement by McClellan. Mayor McClellan issued a statement tonight, in which, after denying his attitude in regard to the recount, he states that he has been forced to pay out \$60,000 to defend his title, not including counsel fees, which are still unpaid. The mayor directs attention to the fact that "the result of this enormous expense and this protracted litigation has been to increase my total vote and my official plurality by about 500 disputed ballots."

Mayor McClellan says that he has no regrets as to the course he pursued, and that he feels that the controversy will discourage the brigging of election contests of this sort in the future. He said that had he suspected that his election was the result of fraud he would have acted differently.

THOMPSON LEADS FOR OFFICE. President of Ohio State University May Head National Teachers' Association.

CLEVELAND, O., June 30.—The technical side of the educational problem, or rather the science of teaching in its various phases, was taken in by different groups of the delegates today who are attending the annual convention of the National Educational association.

The matter of selecting the next president and the place for holding the next annual convention are topics of generous discussion. While these points will not be officially reached by the convention until next Thursday, the campaigning is becoming lively. Among those prominently mentioned for the presidency are: Dr. V. O. Thompson, president of the Ohio State university; Columbus J. H. Phillips, Birmingham, Ala.; and L. D. Harvey of Menomonee Falls, Wis., an eastern states, which have the largest representation at the convention, are said to favor the selection of Dr. Thompson.

Denver and Atlantic City are the two candidates for the next convention.

STANDARD'S PENSION SYSTEM. Details of Methods Employed Made Known in Hearing of Suit of Government.

NEW YORK, June 30.—The pension system of the Standard Oil company of New York was described today at the hearing of the government's suit to dissolve the corporation. William R. King, general sales agent of the company, testified that few of the employees ever leave, because this system provides that any of them may retire at the age of 45 on 25 per cent of their average salary for the past ten years for life. It also provides that any employee of twenty years' service may retire when 60, receiving for ten years half of his average salary for the preceding ten years. From then until death he will be paid 25 per cent of this average.

CLEVELAND GO TO TAMWORTH. Widow of Late Ex-President and Children to Spend Summer in Country.

PRINCETON, N. J., June 30.—Mrs. Frances Cleveland, widow of former President Grover Cleveland, left here today for her summer home at Tamworth, N. H., where she will remain with her children until September. Mrs. Cleveland was accompanied by two of her children, Esther and Richard.

SHERMAN GAINING STRENGTH. Vice Presidential Candidate Will Probably Leave Lakeside Hospital Wednesday.

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PITCHED BATTLE WITH STRIKERS. FORT SMITH, Ark., June 30.—A pitched battle took place late last night between the Iron Mountain Railroad company and Italian strike breakers at Van Buren, Ark., in which two of the latter were shot and seriously wounded.

DEMAND FOR TICKETS. The question of tickets continues to divide the members of the committee on convention arrangements and the committee of Denver citizens which is looking

MRS. MOORE BEATS MRS. WARD

St. Louis Woman Gets Many More Votes Than Selection of Nominating Committee.

GRAY BOOM GROWS

Delaware Man Pushed for Second Place on Bryan Ticket.

HIS CLOSE FRIENDS SAY NAY

Belief That He is Willing to Make the Race.

FIFTY SEATS ARE IN DISPUTE

Entire Idaho Delegation Must Go Through Contest.

CHAIRMANSHIP BEING DISCUSSED

Urey Woodson and Mayor Dahlman Mentioned for Control of Campaign—Few Delegates on Hand.

DENVER, Colo., June 30.—Although candidates for the nomination for vice president on the democratic ticket are numerous, and despite the fact that their number is likely to be largely increased before a choice is actually made, it is the general opinion among such leaders of the party who are now here that if George Gray of Delaware will declare his willingness to accept the second place on the ticket he can have it. Josiah Marvel of Wilmington, Del., the manager of the Gray presidential campaign, who arrived in Denver tonight, will not, however, give his consent. He insists that the Delaware man is a candidate for first place, and that it is settled that he cannot have first place. It will be ample time to place him in running for the secondary position, provided he cares to take it. Mr. Marvel denies, however, that Judge Gray will be satisfied with anything less than the head of the ticket.

It is well known that Mr. Bryan would be pleased to have Judge Gray for the vice presidential candidate, and the only thing that prevents the latter from becoming a leading candidate for that position is the simple but all-powerful fact that he will not declare himself to be a candidate at all.

Gray Headquarters Opened. The Gray presidential boom was formally launched today and headquarters were opened in the navy hotel. They were arranged some hours in advance of the arrival of Mr. Marvel, and during the early part of the afternoon a corps of expert bill stickers were going about the hotels putting up lithographs of the Delaware candidate. No other pictures are being placed as yet, and the Gray man is in the most prominent places in the lobbies of all of the leading hotels. The headquarters were thrown open after the arrival of Manager Marvel, but because of the late hour at which he arrived, they were not in active operation. By tomorrow, however, it is expected to be in full swing.

The Johnson headquarters will not be opened for several days and the date on which the Bryan banners will be placed on the city has not yet been determined, but it will be on Saturday or Sunday after the arrival of the Nebraska delegation.

FIGHT ON INJECTION PLANK. It is certain that there will be a stiff fight in the committee on resolutions, especially on the floor of the convention itself, over the anti-injection plank. He has come indirectly from Lincoln (Iowa) by train, and it is certain that he will be in the city before the arrival of the national committee. Mr. Sullivan gave out yesterday a statement in which he favored "equal rights before the law" and "equal expression of a similar character, which were construed to mean that he was opposed to a strong anti-injection plank. Mr. Sullivan believed that he intended to convey the impression that he planned to fight the anti-injection plank, but it is generally believed that he is against extreme language in this part of his resolutions. It is well known that between Mr. Bryan and Mr. Sullivan and other influential members of the Illinois delegation no particular amount of love is lost, and reports have been circulated that if an anti-injection plank is adopted more radical in its character than the Illinois people feel that they can approve that the state, when it comes to balloting for president, will break away from its Bryan instructions.

Sullivan denied this emphatically today. He said: "We were told to stick for Bryan, and we are going to stick. I do not believe that any platform fight can change our present program. Illinois has no idea of breaking away from its instructions."

Conservatives in Evidence. The forces opposed to a radical labor plank were strengthened today by the arrival of Charles G. Helfner of Washington state, who has the proxy of John Y. Terry, the national committeeman from that state. Mr. Helfner announced emphatically that the Pacific coast, and particularly the state of Washington, was opposed to the adoption of such a plank as was presented at Chicago by Samuel Gompers and other officials of the American Federation of Labor. "The adoption by our party of such a plank would be transparent sop to union labor which would be repugnant to voters in all sections of the country. It would be a promise that no law-making body would be willing to fulfill. It could not help but induce the democratic party at the polls."

Mr. Helfner believed that the vice presidency will go to the east, but he was not ready to say how his delegation will vote. The coming of Mr. Helfner with his statement of the sentiment of the Pacific coast against the proposed anti-injection plank, and the announcement in the east that Martin W. Littleton of New York will come here to make a fight against the injection plank, makes this question the most important under discussion. New England is said to be opposed to the plank, and New Jersey and Pennsylvania also are accredited with pronounced antagonism to such a resolution. If the New York delegation and the Pacific coast delegations should by their vote determine a stand in the platform, the light would assume formidable proportions. It is not believed here that the opposition of Sullivan of Illinois and Taggart of Indiana means that the entire delegations from these states would oppose Mr. Bryan's wishes. Most of the central and western and southern states, it is said, will be lined up to support whatever program Mr. Bryan's friends present.

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