

JOHNSON IN FIGHT

Friends of Minnesota Executive Are Becoming Active.

HEADQUARTERS IN WINDY CITY

Frank A. Day in Chicago Looking for Suitable Rooms.

NEW YORK AND WASHINGTON ALSO

Probability that Offices Will Be Opened in These Cities.

GOVERNOR'S MAIL IS HEAVY

Letters and Telegrams Are Pouring in on Him by Hundreds Since His Endorsement by State Committee.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 12.—Governor Johnson's presidential headquarters will be established in Chicago, and may be extended to include New York and Washington.

Frank A. Day, secretary to Governor Johnson, and F. B. Lynch, are now in Chicago looking for suitable quarters. Their trip may include New York.

Governor Johnson admitted today that Mr. Day was in Chicago on the headquarters proposition. He was not sure though that such would be opened. He also admitted that if headquarters were opened and an aggressive campaign decided upon, that those in charge would open additional headquarters in New York.

The governor, however, disclaims any connection with what is being done or any knowledge of what line of activity is contemplated. Since the action of the state central committee in endorsing him for president, Governor Johnson's mail has increased to vast proportions, and the telegram has many. Most of these come from the east. Very frequently conferences with eastern visitors, which are of evident importance, are held. Whatever activity is being done in connection with Governor Johnson's presidential boom seems to be chiefly the work of interested friends. The only aid his excellency is giving is in the shape of non-interference.

WILLETT ROASTS ROOSEVELT

New York Congressman Says President Has Been Great Menace to Business.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Democracy was heaped on President Roosevelt in the house of representatives today by Mr. Willett of New York. Mr. Willett insisted that the distressing effects of the panic of 1907 still were being felt. "There seems to be," he said, "a conspiracy of silence on the part of the republican members of the house on the subject of the cause and effect of the panic. Those members, he declared, were afraid to attack the president for fear of his 'big stick.' The president, he said, was 'reaping the reward of his own reckless misconduct.'"

He referred to "the imperialistic methods" of the president as evidenced by the un-American discharge of whole companies of American soldiers without trial, without proof of guilt, and said it constituted "more like the edict of an African chieftain or Russian despot than the command of an American president."

Mr. Willett charged that President Roosevelt had "done more than all other presidents and all other public men in the history of the country to shake the confidence of the people in our form of government and has done more than any one man in our nation's history to destroy legitimate business, shatter confidence among the people and bring utter panic into every counting room, factory, shop, office and home in the land, and has exalted a greater degree of self-conceit, megalomania and egotism which are the natural results of power and flattery, than any president who has occupied the White House."

"Nevertheless," he said, "the clarion tongues of the great republican party are silent, the peacocks of the senate are trampled upon, but party interests must be protected." He characterized the president as "that great central deity," and said that if the usurpations of the president passed unchallenged by the people "they would soon create the force of precedent. 'Now is the time,' he exclaimed, 'and we are the people to watch with jealous suspicion the beginning, indignantly to attack them and if possible to destroy them.'"

INSURGENTS ARE TO JOLLIFY

Propose Big Mass Meeting to Celebrate Victory in the Primaries.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., March 12.—(Special Telegram.)—It was announced today that the insurgent republicans of South Dakota have decided to hold a grand celebration and jollification at Huron on the evening of April 5, in order to properly express their pleasure over their victory at the primaries on Tuesday of this week. The jubilee or rally will take place on the evening before the republican state convention at Huron, at which eight delegates will be elected to represent South Dakota in the national republican convention.

EARLY DATE FOR CONVENTION

Judge Gray of Delaware Will Receive Endorsement of Democrats April 14.

DOVER, Del., March 12.—The democratic state central committee today selected April 14 as the date for the democratic convention for the election of delegates to the democratic national convention. The primaries will be held April 11. This is an unusually early date for a democratic state convention, but it was effected with the object of making more effective, if possible, the endorsement which the state convention is expected to give Judge George Gray for the democratic nomination for president of the United States.

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Saturday, March 14, 1908.

Table with columns for date (1908-MARCH-1908) and various numerical data points.

THE WEATHER

FOR OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND VICINITY—FAIR SATURDAY.

Table showing temperature at Omaha for various hours from 5 a.m. to 5 p.m.

DOMESTIC

Cipher of the Washington State department has been stolen by a Frenchman.

Captain of sound steamer succeeds in transferring passengers without danger to their lives.

Railroads object to the Culberson car.

Workmen on Baltimore and Ohio construction work are ordered back to their duties after being relieved.

Leaders of labor in the United States are called together Wednesday of next week.

Iowa is leading in scores at the National Buttermakers' convention at St. Paul.

Mrs. W. J. Bryan and the children are at Constantinople.

Five years in the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth is the sentence given Banker John R. Walsh by Judge Anderson at Chicago.

The Pennsylvania capitol fraud case has been given to the jury.

New York policeman captures a burglar in a railroad tunnel.

The American fleet will go to Australia and return to Atlantic waters by way of the Suez canal.

Washington treasury clerk shoots his wife in sleep, mistaking her for a burglar.

POLITICAL

W. J. Bryan to take a hand at meeting of democratic editors and assist in planning campaign.

Friends of Governor Johnson of Minnesota are planning to open headquarters in Chicago and New York to push his candidacy for democratic nomination for president.

FOREIGN

Japanese make plans to colonize Corea.

Labor party's bill has been killed by withdrawal of liberal support in England.

Census officials find it difficult to take the count in Panama canal zone.

BERBERIA

The state loses its pass case against Dr. Martin and the Union Pacific railroad through a decision by Judge Thomas at Columbus.

Indications many will desire to be heard at commission hearing on freight rates.

LOCAL

Travelers' Protective association calls on traveling men to aid in campaign for greater safety on railroads.

Orville C. Ruby, aged 98, supposed to be the oldest man in Omaha, is dead.

Mayor Dahlman not in favor of new Sunday closing crusade until 100 cases already started are finished.

Livermyan from Denver fails to identify Preston as man who shot Brighton, Colo., official in attempted robbery.

Julius Krutzschmitt sees reason for hope in present industrial conditions and expects to see work resumed soon.

Omaha trade excursionists are planning a trip next May into western Nebraska.

Wagoner and Colorado. Evidence Grover Cleveland is in hard financial straits is found in efforts of wife to collect small debt in Omaha.

Several factories are looking for sites in the proposed new addition at 82nd and park.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Live stock markets.

Grain markets.

Stocks and bonds.

Dun's review of trade says sentiment is more cheerful because of good weather for outdoor work.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

Table listing ship arrivals and departures from New York, Hamburg, and other ports.

HEAVY ORDERS FOR NEW COINS

Philadelphia Mint Resumes Work with Full Number of Employees on Hand.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—With the returning wave of prosperity the United States mint in this city has again become a golden beehive of industry. Throughout the week employees who had been laid off have been receiving notification to resume their posts, and yesterday a full force was at work, aggregating about 500 persons. It was stated at the mint that this resumption of activity was due to fresh orders from Washington for immediate delivery. Leading these orders was one for \$10,000,000 more in \$20 gold coins. This, it was said, probably would be followed by still another order for the same pieces. In addition there will be a heavy coinage of silver and copper.

LEADERS CALLED TOGETHER

Labor Planning New Tactics in View of Recent Court Decisions.

NEW YORK, March 12.—Announcement of what it is declared will be the most important conference of national labor leaders ever held was made yesterday by the executive council of the American Federation of Labor. Over 100 national and international union, state and local, delegates are expected to meet in Washington on Wednesday of next week. Planning of new tactics on account of the many court decisions against the unions is said to be the subject for consideration.

PRISON FOR BANKER WALSH

Judge Anderson Sentences Him to Five Years for His Acts.

NEW TRIAL DENIED BY COURT

Charges of Misconduct by Jurors Fall Because Attorneys Were Late in Making Their Objections.

CHICAGO, March 12.—John R. Walsh, former president of the Chicago National bank of this city, who was convicted of illegal use of the funds of the institution, was today sentenced to five years in the federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth.

As soon as the court had announced the refusal to grant a new trial the attorneys for the defendant entered a motion for arrest of judgment, on which they argued for some time. It was generally thought about the court room that they would consume two or more hours stating their reasons for the granting of this motion, but Attorney Hart, who presented it, ceased speaking in about thirty minutes. Judge Anderson then promptly overruled the motion and sentenced the banker to five years in Fort Leavenworth.

Judge Anderson, in denying the motion for a new trial, spoke without notes, his decision requiring about one hour in delivery.

Technicians Swept Away

The judge first took up the question of the alleged misconduct on the part of the juror Palmer, reciting the circumstances from the records of the court and declaring:

"It cannot be said for a moment that Palmer dissented from the verdict. To my mind there is but one construction to be placed on the whole matter and that is that he assented to the verdict. If it had appeared to counsel for the defendant that he did not do so they should either have asked that the jury be sent back for further deliberation or that he be discharged. No such request was made and the court is therefore justified in saying that counsel took, at that time, the same view as was held by the court and that was that the verdict was entirely regular."

The court further declared that the charges of misconduct on the part of the juror were not founded on fact, saying that counsel for the defense had stated in open court that they had no objection to open court to whatever degree of liberty the court might allow the jury at times when court was not in session. This being the case, he declared that counsel was barred from claiming that too much liberty had been allowed, particularly when it had not been shown that any improper use had been made of the freedom granted.

Garner Not in Case at All

"It is claimed by the defense that while in a variety theater one of the jurors in this trial removed the garter of an actress. What that has to do with this case I cannot imagine, and why dignified counsel should bring it into this case is beyond my comprehension. It has no logical or possible relation to the deliberations of the jury."

"Much has been said about the inconsistency of the verdict, it being claimed that the defendant was found guilty upon several counts which were in different ways. It seems to me that the verdict covers all the points in the case, and that there has been no inconsistency, as alleged."

On the point of alleged error committed during the trial, Judge Anderson said:

"Generally speaking, I want to say now that the defendant had a fair trial. Nowhere did the court allow evidence to go before this jury which was calculated alone to prejudice the case of the defendant. 'In my opinion, no reasonable man could hear the evidence in this case and have any doubt that the defendant intended to do the things that are charged against him in the indictment. For more than thirty years I have taken part in legal procedure as a lawyer and a judge, and it is my deliberate conviction that a more reckless, utter disregard of law has never been shown in any case within my experience. Feeling thus, it was with considerable misgiving, if I may so speak, that I sat here yesterday for more than three hours and heard counsel for the defendant argue that the government had failed to show the criminal intent."

Walsh Sees Two Masters

"It had occasion to say in ruling upon a motion made by defendant's counsel that a man can serve two masters. To my mind that is the key to this whole situation. The defendant was a banker and president of a national bank. The proof shows that he loaned to himself practically seven-tenths or three-fourths of the entire assets of this national bank—\$7,000,000 or \$8,000,000—which was invested not in properties which had been developed, but in railroads and other properties which he hoped to develop. The banker was lost in the promoter, the speculator, the railroad man. The evidence of the motion for arrest. He owed a duty to the bank, his master. He attempted to serve these other interests, the other masters. To my mind there has been in recent times no clearer demonstration of the statement that a man who is a banker ought to be nothing but a banker, and that until at least those bankers who own and manage national banks understand that when they serve their bank they cannot serve other interests—until that idea prevails cases like this will probably continue to arise."

"Under all the circumstances my duty appears to me to be perfectly plain, and this motion for a new trial is overruled." The defense then entered a motion in arrest of judgment, which was also overruled by the court.

Judgment at Once

It was the general opinion that counsel for the defense would consume considerable time in arguing the motion for arrest of judgment, but after Attorney Hart had spoken for thirty minutes the court interrupted him, saying:

"I think you may place those matters before the court of appeals, Mr. Hart; you are making no showing for arrest of judgment, and the motion for arrest of judgment is overruled."

"Mr. Walsh, have you anything to say why I should not now pronounce judgment upon you?"

"Walsh, without rising, shook his head slightly and the court said:

"The character of the evidence and the character of the crime of which this defendant has been found guilty call for extreme judgment. The facts are, however, that this defendant is 70 years of age and that mere imprisonment in of itself is a heavy punishment in a case of this kind. I have concluded that the law will be satisfied at the early part of her fast."

(Continued on Second Page.)

RUSSIAN ADVENTRESS IN NET

Woman Who Long Held Authorities at Bay Will Be Returned for Trial.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 12.—The American embassy today certified to the indictment in this city in December Olga Stein, a Russian woman, on charges of swindling and embezzlement.

The documents of the indictment will be forwarded to Washington and be used as the basis for extraditing the woman. The documents in the case make no mention of the betrayal of military or political secrets.

Olga Stein was arrested in New York March 9 at the instance of the Russian government charged with the larceny in Russia of \$50,000.

Mme. Stein's operations in St. Petersburg were sensational and she has been likened to the famous Paris swindler. She moved in good society in St. Petersburg and was reputed to be a millionaire. She obtained large loans on the strength of a pretended French inheritance and the possession of real estate in the Russian capital. She would even sell the houses and grounds and the property swindling upon tradesmen and servants. It is believed that she obtained in all several million dollars. The heavy losses of Mme. Stein's operations in Russia are silent for fear of ridicule. She employed influential political friends, was long in prison and she was successful in intimidating the Russian newspapers.

VESSEL CASE STILL IN AIR

Japanese and Chinese Still Undecided Over Settlement of Tatsu Maru Case.

PEKING, March 12.—There was further conferring in this city today between Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to China, and Na Pung and Yuan Shih Kai, representing the Chinese government, over the Tatsu Maru incident.

No final understanding was reached and the decision of the matter is to be continued.

Baron Hayashi proposed that China pay the purchase price, something over \$100,000 of the arms on board the Tatsu Maru if she insisted upon her retention. No such request was made and the court is therefore justified in saying that counsel took, at that time, the same view as was held by the court and that was that the verdict was entirely regular."

The court further declared that the charges of misconduct on the part of the juror were not founded on fact, saying that counsel for the defense had stated in open court that they had no objection to open court to whatever degree of liberty the court might allow the jury at times when court was not in session. This being the case, he declared that counsel was barred from claiming that too much liberty had been allowed, particularly when it had not been shown that any improper use had been made of the freedom granted.

CONTEST FOR NEXT EMPEROR

Chinese Princely Houses Likely to Have Trouble Agreeing Upon an Emperor.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—A question of great importance now beginning to agitate the Chinese people is the nomination of a successor to the throne. Each of the princely families, according to local advisers, is now making a list of possible candidates of its own and this competition, it is predicted, is almost sure to lead to serious trouble.

BERLIN, March 12.—What is considered to be one of the most sacred documents of China is said to have been discovered recently in the possession of a German family related to one of the soldiers who took part in the expedition of the European contingent against the Boxer insurgents in 1900, and returned by them to the imperial archives at Peking. This paper is the marriage contract of the present emperor, signed in February, 1889.

LABOR PARTY'S BILL KILLED

Liberals, Influenced by Lord Rosebery's Speech, Throw Unemployed Workmen's Bill Over.

LONDON, March 12.—The liberals and the socialists came to a clash in the house today and, undoubtedly influenced to a certain extent by Lord Rosebery's speech in the house yesterday against socialism, the liberals threw overboard the proposed workmen's bill of the labor party. The majority against this bill was 149.

The measure has become known as the "right to work" bill, because a vital clause makes it the duty of the local authorities to provide work for all unemployed persons, and this clause has been the object of the bill. The bill is frankly admitted to be socialistic in character.

AMERICAN CIPHER IS STOLEN

French Employe Secures It at Bucharest and Escapes to Constantinople.

BUCHAREST, March 12.—It was learned here today that a copy of the cipher of the American State department, used in private correspondence between Washington and the various American legations and embassies, was stolen recently from the American legation here by a French employe, who succeeded in escaping to Constantinople.

It is understood that this is the second time the American cipher has been obtained by strangers within the last few years. The previous occasion was at St. Petersburg, where employe secured photographic copies of the cipher from the American embassy.

Customs Officer Out on Bonds

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, March 12.—United States Customs Officer Foulkes, who was indicted Wednesday on a charge of kidnapping farmers, surrendered to the sheriff here yesterday and was released on \$4,000 bail.

FAST LASTS THIRTY-ONE DAYS

Chicago School Teacher Abstains from Food and Keeps Strength Surprisingly Well.

LONG BEACH, Cal., March 12.—Miss Etta Priscilla Groch, school teacher of Chicago, now staying here, who has fasted for thirty-one days, thinks that she will be able to continue her fasting for at least a week and possibly two weeks longer.

Miss Groch retains her strength surprisingly well, but does not now walk along the beach in the sun when she takes her daily five-mile walk, but seeks the shady streets. Miss Groch admits that she now becomes tired quicker than she did at the early part of her fast.

GRAFTERS ARE FOUND GUILTY

All Defendants in Pennsylvania Cases Convicted.

TRIAL IN STATE COURT

Gent of Five Million Dollars Alleged to Have Been Uncovered by Investigation at Harrisburg.

BULLETIN

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 12.—At 8:53 tonight the jury in the capitol graft case returned a verdict of guilty as to all defendants in the capitol trial. The verdict was given two minutes after the jury came in. It had been out since 12:13.

The verdict was received in silence and when announced Judge Kunkel thanked the jurors for their patience and the care given.

Motions for retrials were made for Sanderson, Snyder, Mathews and Shumaker at once.

HARRISBURG, Pa., March 12.—The capitol conspiracy case, in which John H. Sanderson, a Philadelphia furniture dealer and contractor; former Auditor General W. P. Snyder, former State Treasurer W. L. Mathews, and James M. Shumaker, former superintendent of the board of grounds and buildings, are charged with defrauding the state in furnishing the capitol, was given to the jury today.

The arguments were concluded yesterday and today Judge Kunkel gave final instructions to the jurors, who have patiently listened to testimony and speeches since January 21.

The present case constituted one of the longest jury trials in the history of Pennsylvania courts and it attracted much attention throughout the state. The prosecution of the alleged capitol fraud in the North American, of the great political upheaval in Philadelphia in 1906 which resulted in the fall of that year in the election of W. H. Berry, a democrat, to the office of state treasurer. After Berry took office he started the people of the state at \$100,000. The claims of Pringle and Shotwell are for thirty shares each of the stock of the National Bank of North America.

The petition charges that Morse made certain preferred payments while he was insolvent. Judge Holt, in the United States circuit court this afternoon refused to appoint a receiver for Charles W. Morse in the bankruptcy proceedings begun against him today until the issue as to whether the petitioners in the bankruptcy matter are creditors of Morse is settled. Attorney James M. Gifford, representing Morse, maintained that they are not creditors and that their claims are nonliquidatable because they concern stock transactions.

MINERS HAVING HARD TASK

Hour's Session Friday in Endeavor to Find Common Ground with Operators.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 12.—The convention of the United Mine Workers of America was in session on hour today and adjourned until tomorrow to await the report of the scale committee to which has been referred the decision as to the course of the organization in the impending wage troubles with the operators.

T. D. Nichols of the Wilkes-Barre-Scranton, Pa., district reported to the convention that the scale committee had not reported an agreement. The scale committee has been at work since yesterday. It is understood that it has voted down two propositions in order to get to the real question of wage demands. While all the members of the committee are secretive, it is reported indirectly that the committee has refused the proposition to refuse to sign a scale except by competitive districts and has refused to entertain a motion that the miners continue work after April 1 under present conditions pending the settlement of a new wage scale. The two propositions now being considered, it is understood, are to adopt wage demands and then issue a call to the operators for a joint conference, inviting any and all operators to sign and keep their mines open, or to issue a call for joint conferences by districts.

There is a possibility that the whole matter of policy or the making of contracts may be left by the convention in the hands of the national executive board, giving it full discretion as to the course to be pursued. The movement would be to make it possible for the committee to enter into such arrangements April 1 as are thought advisable. This probably would permit the committee to grant privilege to operate mines in districts where the operators indicate that they are willing to proceed very soon to a wage settlement.

CLOSER TIES AMONG NATIONS

Ways and Means to Develop Them in South America Subject of Conference.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Ways and means for the development of closer ties of commerce and comity between the twenty-one American republics is the subject of a conference to be held at the State department next Tuesday. The conferees who have been appointed by Secretary Root are Andrew Carnegie, Senator Elkins, Representative James L. Rhydon, Assistant Secretary of State Robert Bacon, General Alfred E. Bates, Benjamin Ide Wheeler, Edmund J. James, Paul Reinsch, L. S. Rowe, William I. Buchanan, John Barrett and William E. Curtis.

WATKINS IS POET IN HOUSE

Representative from Louisiana Grows Facetious While Talking Politics Before Members.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Representative Watkins of Louisiana, today convulsed the house by reciting an original poem entitled "What is to Come." It was in eight stanzas, the first six of which referred to the promises of the republicans to revise the tariff and do other things. Before these would come to pass, he said: A Cannon must be first shot off. Fairbanks must then be unseated through. The skies must change their azure hues. And Billy Taft put up the dough.

The people must all go to sleep. Until Gabriel blows his horn. Americans must sure forget. That William J. was ever born.

POLICEMAN RESCUES BURGLAR

Officer Detects Him at Work and Overhauls Him in Time to Save Life.

NEW YORK, March 12.—A burglar hunt which began with a policeman shooting at a fleeing robber in the fashionable district in the vicinity of Sixty-fifth street and Park avenue early today ended with the officer risking his own life on the tracks in the New York Central tunnel to save that of the hunted man. The alleged robber narrowly escaped death under a rapidly moving train, but he had been so severely hurt by jumping into the tunnel in an effort to escape his pursuers that he was taken to a hospital instead of to a prison cell.

A policeman who was passing the Palazzo apartments at Park avenue and Sixty-fifth street early this morning heard suspicious sounds in the area way and went down to investigate. As he reached the bottom of the stairway a figure darted past him and started down the tunnel. The policeman followed the fugitive down the tunnel opening in Park avenue and plunged through to the tracks, thirty feet below. An automobile with a powerful searchlight came upon the avenue. It was halted by the policeman.

The searchlight was turned down through the opening and the man was seen lying across the tracks in the bottom of the pit. The automobile towing rope was lowered through the opening and a policeman clambered down just in time to drag the man from the track before a train whizzed past. The man was lying on his back, out of the tunnel and taken to a hospital, where it was said he was not dangerously injured.

In the area way where the man was first seen the police found a shopping bag containing eighty-five pieces of silver which had been taken from an apartment.

HANNA FILES AGAINST MORSE

Receiver of National Bank of North America Seeks to Prove Him Bankrupt.

NEW YORK, March 12.—A petition asking that Charles W. Morse, the former banker and steamship promoter, be declared a bankrupt was filed in the federal court today. The petitioners are Charles A. Hanna, receiver of the National Bank of North America, of which Morse was at one time vice president; Frank C. Pringle and Edward B. Shotwell. Mr. Hanna, as receiver, has a claim of \$203,321 against Morse. He says that against this claim there have been deposited securities valued at \$100,000. The claims of Pringle and Shotwell are for thirty shares each of the stock of the National Bank of North America.

The petition charges that Morse made certain preferred payments while he was insolvent. Judge Holt, in the United States circuit court this afternoon refused to appoint a receiver for Charles W. Morse in the bankruptcy proceedings begun against him today until the issue as to whether the petitioners in the bankruptcy matter are creditors of Morse is settled.

Attorney James M. Gifford, representing Morse, maintained that they are not creditors and that their claims are nonliquidatable because they concern stock transactions.

DOUBLE CRIME IN OSKALOOSA

Lee Grubb Kills His Girl Wife on Crowded Street and Commits Suicide.

OSKALOOSA, Ia., March 12.—Lee Grubb, aged 24, shot and killed his girl wife, aged 17, on a crowded business street at 8:30 o'clock last evening. Another wife, intended for their 6-month-old babe entered the body of the wife as she fell to the sidewalk. The husband then put the gun to his own head and sent a bullet crashing through his brain. Both bodies fell within three feet of each other. A young woman companion of the murdered wife picked her life in snatching the infant and saved it. The tragedy occurred on a business corner near the opera house. Half a hundred people were within fifty feet of the scene and witnessed the shooting. The tragedy was caused by jealousy of the husband. The couple had attempted reconciliation time after time.

JAPS WILL COLONIZE COREA