

FUNERAL OF KING

Final Service Over Body of Portuguese Monarch Today.

CEREMONIES BEGIN AT 10 O'CLOCK

Impressive and Elaborate Display of Mourning Pageantry.

ORDER OF THE PROCESSION

Route from Palace to Church to Be Carefully Guarded.

BODIES WILL LIE IN STATE

Interment in the Royal Pantheon Will Be Held Tuesday—Spanish Warship Arrives at Lisbon.

LIBRON, Feb. 5.—The funeral of the late King Carlos and Crown Prince Louis on Saturday will be attended with ceremonies of impressive dignity and with a display of all that mourning pageantry which attends the obsequies of Portuguese monarchs. The ceremonies will begin at 10 o'clock in the morning.

From the chapel at the Neceadades palace, where the bodies have reposed since Saturday 1, stately carriages of the house of Braganza, in the presence of the high officers of the palace and of state, the special ambassadors and representatives of foreign sovereigns and states, will carry the coffins from their resting place to the royal carriages. In front of the coffins will march the high church dignitaries carrying upraised crosses; the royal, civil and military households and the ministers, peers and deputies. Following the coffins will walk the queen-mother and her son, King Manuel, after whom will come the ambassadors.

From the Neceadades palace to the church of San Vincente de Fora, where the services will be held, the funeral cortege will move slowly through streets heavily guarded by troops. The distance is about two miles. A picket of municipal cavalry will precede the cortege. At its head a military band will march, playing dirges. The carriages of the civil government and the ministers will follow, and then will come the state carriages, each drawn by eight horses, covered with black tawny. The first of the state carriages will be occupied by the suzerain of the ambassadors and others will contain the officers of the regiment of the late king and of the regiment of the crown prince. In another following will ride the major domo of the palace and other officials.

At the health of the king will permit, he will ride in the carriage following that of the major domo, probably accompanied by the duke of Oporto or other royal personages. The imperial crown of the dead king, with its covering of crepe and surrounded by flowers, will be carried in the carriage, after which will come a carriage bearing the sword and helmet of King Carlos, which likewise will bear crepe and be decorated with floral tributes. The members of the Roman Catholic hierarchy will ride in the next carriage, after which will be drawn the "carriage of respect," literally buried in wreaths and flowers set as tributes to the memory of the dead king and his son.

The coffin of the king, almost invisible under the burden of wreaths and floral tributes of his beloved kin, will be borne on the following carriage. A guard of honor will ride on either side of the imperial funeral car, as will also be the case with the carriage bearing the coffin of the crown prince, which will follow immediately after that bearing the coffin of King Carlos. A body of troops composed of every branch of the army—cavalry, artillery and infantry—will march behind.

Ceremonies at the church. When the church of San Vincente de Fora has been reached the bodies will be received at the main entrance by the brotherhood of Misericordia, the archbishop and all the bishops of Portugal, with upraised crosses. Following the coffins the new king, the crown prince of the house of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, will walk. The king will proceed to the tribune prepared for him and the queen mother, while the prince will occupy a tribune facing the royal box.

Sao Vincente de Fora, built upon one of the highest points of the city, is one of the most conspicuous objects of the Portuguese capital. The interior, severe in its simplicity, renders it especially adapted for such services as those now to be held in it. The walls at the back of the altar and along the ceiling will be for this occasion draped in black cloth embroidered with gold. The catafalque, also draped in black and gold, will be in front of the altar and on this will rest during the obsequies the coffins of the king and crown prince.

The funeral services will be conducted by the cardinal patriarch of Lisbon. Before granting absolution a short allocution in praise of Don Carlos and Crown Prince Louis will be delivered by him.

Bodies to Lie in State. After the bodies have lain in state for three days in the church of San Vincente de Fora the coffins will be carried through the colonnades to the royal pantheon, where rest the remains of the princes of the illustrious house of Braganza. The queen mother and King Manuel will follow the bodies of their beloved kin to the last resting place.

The major dome of the palace will then swear that the bodies in the coffins are those of King Carlos and Crown Prince Louis, and they then will be placed in niches prepared for them. When this has been done the infantry stationed outside the Pantheon will fire volleys, and a salvo of 30 guns from the forts and salutes from the harbor-of-war in the harbor will announce to the people of Lisbon that the solemn ceremonies are at an end.

Spanish Cruiser at Lisbon. MADRID, Feb. 5.—The Spanish cruiser Principe de Asturias has arrived at Lisbon.

Many Portuguese republicans residing in Madrid have left the city, fearing arrest by the Spanish police.

Several Portuguese suspects have been arrested at Saragossa.

General Amnesty Proclaimed. LONDON, Feb. 5.—The Madrid correspondent of the Evening Standard says in a dispatch that a decree declaring general amnesty, abolishing previous dictatorial enactments, was issued in Lisbon today.

Continuing, the correspondent says that the duke of Oporto, brother of the late King Carlos, and ex-Premier Franco both

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Thursday, February 6, 1908.

Calendar for February 1908 showing days of the week and dates.

THE WEATHER

FOR OMAHA, COUNCIL BLUFFS AND VICINITY—Fair Thursday.

FOR IOWA—Generally fair Thursday. Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Hourly temperature table for Omaha, Feb. 5, 1908.

DOMESTIC

Heavy steeltown causes much delay of transportation and communication in the central states. Severe cold again grips the north.

President Roosevelt declines temporarily Public Printer Stillings to assist in investigation of his office.

Haldin locomotive works have laid off 16,000 men since December.

Imports during January \$7,000,000 less than year ago.

Demand for structural steel develops and workmen are being given places in Pennsylvania.

Declaration made in Colorado that homestead entries are fraudulent.

Status of M. S. Quay is not wanted in the Pennsylvania capital.

Foraker-club in Cleveland has declared for Taft.

Affidavit in the Fish-illinois Central case before ownership of stock to an ad man.

FOREIGN

Countess of Yarmouth is granted a divorce from the earl in the London divorce court, the suit being undefended.

Torpedo destroyer fleet arrives at Punta Arenas and will probably leave with the fleet.

Conflicting reports received concerning the engagement of Moors in Morocco.

Pan-American congress to be held in Buenos Ayres in 1910.

LOCAL

Mercury plunges up and down with unusual agility and gives Omaha all conceivable brands of weather.

W. H. Hunter, in address before Real Estate exchange, advises members to invite eastern friends to Ak-Sar-Ben festivities.

Breach between Jacksonians and Dahlmanties continues to widen, and both factions prepare for war.

The Querein minister declares that inability of patrons at small stations to buy tickets is due entirely to grouchy agents.

J. C. Lincoln of the Industrial Traffic league expresses disgust at the demands of Lincoln shippers in rate matters.

Thirty-four former patients at Emergency hospital defend conditions there in signed statement.

Railroads are encouraged by the report that fewer cars are idle now than a few weeks ago.

SPORTS

President O'Neil of Western league announces at Sioux City that circuit will be expanded to eight teams next season.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Live stock markets.

Grain markets.

Stock markets.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMERS

YORK, N. Y., Feb. 5.—The foreign office is without confirmation of the statement published in the London news agency that there has been a battle between the French and the Moors near Settat, Morocco, in which 10,000 Moors were killed or wounded, the French losses amounting to 150 men, including four officers. It is believed that this report refers to the recent engagement near Kashi Ber Behid, in which eight Frenchmen were killed and fifty wounded.

Further reports of this fight show that not less than 500 Arabs were killed by the French. On their march toward Kashi Ber Behid the column under Colonel Boutegeud, which was engaged in punishing the Chianoua tribesmen, raised and burned all the villages in its path. This aroused the tribesmen, who descended on the French in great numbers. The French artillery was employed with disastrous result. General Amade, the French commander-in-chief, has sent a column from the coast to reinforce Colonel Boutegeud, who is understood to be continuing his punitive expedition.

Manchurian Customs Stations. PEKING, Feb. 5.—A customs agreement with regard to Manchuria has been concluded between China and Russia, and China has notified Japan that it today opened stations for the collection of customs on the western Manchurian frontier, and that similar stations on the eastern frontier will be opened February 7.

Reception to Diplomats. PEKING, Feb. 5.—The emperor and the dowager empress of China today held their formal reception to the members of the diplomatic corps in Peking.

Aoki Privy Council. TOKYO, Feb. 5.—The appointment of Viscount Sano Aoki, ambassador to Washington, as privy councillor will be officially announced tomorrow.

COUNTESS SECURES DIVORCE

Harry Thaw's Sister Gets Separation from Earl of Yarmouth.

PROCEEDINGS ARE KEPT SECRET

Titled Husband Gave One and His Manner of Living Made Good Grounds for Wife to Secure Decree.

LONDON, Feb. 5.—Sir Birrell Barnes, president of the divorce court, today granted the countess of Yarmouth, who was Miss Alice Thaw of Pittsburgh, a decree nullifying her marriage to the earl of Yarmouth.

The case was heard in private. At the time fixed for the commencement of the proceedings everyone not actually engaged in the case was excluded from the court room. The case was practically undefended and the hearing lasted for only half an hour. The countess, attired in a fashionable black gown, was present, but the earl of Yarmouth was absent.

The papers in the case are being kept secret and all information regarding the nature of the charges has been carefully withheld. The statement was made, however, that the character of the medical evidence to be given made a public hearing inadvisable.

Only four witnesses were examined. They were the countess of Yarmouth, herself, her maid, a doctor appointed by the court and an American lawyer who proved the marriage to be fraudulent.

The doctor's evidence in support of her allegation that the marriage had never been consummated and the maid testified that the earl and the countess had been living as man and wife. According to the evidence of the doctor the earl of Yarmouth was capable of consummating the marriage, but the countess contended that this did not affect the allegation that the marriage had not been consummated and he pointed out to the judge that it was within the discretion of the court to annul the marriage if it had not been consummated.

The earl of Yarmouth did not defend the case, his lawyer satisfying himself with pointing out that the evidence of the doctor removed any stigma placed on the earl by the evidence of the plaintiff and that there was no ground on which the countess could have a divorce.

The judge pronounced his decree, annulling the marriage without comment. In the ordinary course of events it will be made absolute in six months.

Alimony Not Discussed. No mention was made of a marriage settlement and it was learned from an authoritative source that, contrary to certain published statements, the question of revising the settlement has not been discussed by the principals or their solicitors, and that it is not likely to be discussed.

The brevity of the proceedings was a surprise to everybody except those engaged in the case.

That the hearing should be short was arranged when the application was made last week and the trial set for today, counsel undertaking not to occupy more than one hour of the judge's time.

That at a council of the family of the earl of Yarmouth it was decided not to defend the action of the countess made this possible. This change from the previous intention to contest the case is said to have been induced by the evidence given recently in New York at the trial of Harry K. Thaw, brother of the countess, for the murder of Stanford White, with regard to insanity in the Thaw family, as well as the verdict of the jury that Harry Thaw was insane when he committed this crime.

Earl Is a High Lifer. It has been well known for two years past that the domestic affairs of the Yarmouths were unhappy. The earl's companions and his manner of living, it was said, were such that he could not give his wife the attention and society which she had a right to expect. She supplied large sums of money to defray her husband's extravagances and her friends say that she has conducted herself with dignity throughout the troubles resulting from this unhappy union and the diffidence of her brother, Harry K. Thaw.

Information that the countess had decided definitely to seek an annulment of her marriage was made known here January 2, when she applied to the divorce court for a decree.

The Hertford family, the head of which is the marquis of Hertford, whose heir is the earl of Yarmouth is, one of the oldest and proudest of the British nobility. The marriage of the countess to her husband, which took place in 1884, was a match of high rank and she has since that time been a devoted and devoted wife.

REPORT OF CONFLICT UNTRUE

Statement Ten Thousand Moors Were Killed Believed to Refer to Other Engagements.

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HUSTON TAKES STATE'S SIDE

Architect of Pennsylvania Capitol Furnishes Evidence that is Requested of Him.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 5.—All doubt as to the attitude of Architect Joseph M. Huston toward his co-defendants in the capitol conspiracy suit was dispelled today by the testimony of his assistant, Stanford R. Lewis, who gave damaging testimony against the defendants, Contractor J. H. Sanderson, former Auditor General Snyder, former State Treasurer Mathews, and former Building Superintendent Shumaker.

While not admitting that there was any conspiracy of which he had knowledge, Lewis told everything the commonwealth asked. Huston remained in the seclusion of his room at the hotel. The architect was indicted jointly with these four defendants, but secured a separate trial.

Lewis gave testimony to show that while the original form of the certificates of Architect Huston was the same as those of all architects, the firm of Huston's certificates were so changed by direction of Snyder as to specifically include weights and measurements. The prosecution claims that the change in the certificates was the responsibility for checking up the furnishings would be shifting the architect instead of being on Snyder and Shumaker, who were by law required to certify to all furnishings delivered to the capitol.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—Ten thousand men have been laid off since December by the Baldwin Locomotive works of this city because of a lack of orders for engines. Samuel M. Vauclain, a member of the firm, in speaking of the conditions at the works, said:

"I have received orders for engines since December; whereas, as we were turning out about sixty locomotives a week, we are now turning out only twenty, and we will have finished up all our work in a short time. Thus, unless we receive some substantial orders in the meantime, we will have to close."

"Our full working force is about 12,000, but the lack of orders has compelled us to lay off 10,000 workmen since December."

"What has been responsible for this?" was asked.

"Lack of orders, not only from American, but European sources. Japan is in financial trouble and is sending us no orders at all. It is the same everywhere, not only in America, but the countries from which we have formerly received orders."

MURDER ENACTED IN COURT

Realistic Representation of Guerin Shooting in Trial of Mrs. McDonald.

CHICAGO, Feb. 5.—A realistic representation of the shooting of Webster R. Guerin, according to the theory of the tragedy held by the defense, was enacted in the court room today in the trial of Mrs. Dora McDonald.

The attorneys for the prisoner were endeavoring to prove that during a struggle between Guerin and Mrs. McDonald she turned the revolver against him and that he pulled the trigger, firing a shot into his own chest. Dr. M. L. Harris, an expert in gunshot wounds, enacted the part of Guerin, and Dr. J. W. Hall, Mrs. McDonald's physician, filled the role said to have been enacted by his patient. The state claimed that if the revolver had been held at the angle claimed by the defense the bullet would have entered the body of Guerin in a different direction from that which it actually took.

LIMITED LEAVES THE TRACK

Entire Train Goes into Ditch, but None of Passengers is Seriously Injured.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Feb. 5.—The westbound Los Angeles limited on the San Pedro, Los Angeles & Salt Lake railroad was wrecked last night at Peley station, seven miles from Riverside, and is lying in the ditch at an angle of 45 degrees from the track. All the cars have left the track.

No one was killed, but a number of passengers were injured, as follows: J. P. Murray, Los Angeles, right side injured.

Mr. J. P. Murray, collar bone broken and leg hurt.

Mrs. B. H. Irish, Santa Ana, ankle injured and face lacerated.

Miss F. L. Ferguson, Chamaleda, bruised about head and shoulders.

Some of the injured is in a serious condition.

QUAY'S STATUE NOT WANTED

Suggestion People Vote Whether it Be Placed in the State Capitol.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—Because of opposition to the placing of a statue of the late Senator M. S. Quay in the rotunda of the new state capitol of Harrisburg, David H. Lane of this city, chairman of the republican city commission, has suggested that the question be put to a vote of the people of the state. The legislature appropriated \$20,000 for the erection of a statue of the late senator in Capitol park and there has been more or less criticism of the action of the legislature.

STRUCTURAL STEEL DEMANDED

One Thousand Men Are Called Back to Work by Pennsylvania Company.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 5.—One thousand men formerly employed by the Pennsylvania Steel company at Steelton, Pa., have been called back to work after an enforced idleness of more than a month. Run orders from New York for structural material for municipal buildings and an order for rails from the New York City Railway company, warranted the company in increasing its present force.

PAN AMERICAN CONGRESS

Governing Board Decides to Hold Next Meeting in Buenos Ayres in 1910.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—At a meeting of the governing board of the Bureau of American Republics, presided over by Secretary Root and attended by nearly all of the members in this city, it was decided that the fourth Pan-American conference should be held in the city of Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, May 25, 1910. The date was selected to commemorate the achievement of independence by the South American republics.

PUBLIC PRINTER SUSPENDED

President Roosevelt Temporarily Relieves Stillings of Place.

INVESTIGATION TO GO SWIFTLY

Change that Fullest Opportunity May Be Given to Look into Conduct of Department.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—President Roosevelt today temporarily suspended as public printer Charles A. Stillings and appointed William S. Rosser temporarily to fill the duties of that office. The action, as explained officially, is to facilitate the investigation now being made of the government printing office by congress.

Mr. Rosser is now chief clerk of the census office.

The following correspondence relative to the change in the government printing office today was made public by the president, the first letter being addressed to Chairman Landis of the house committee on printing.

"The information you have given me this morning is so important that I deem best that there should be a written record thereof. I had already begun some weeks ago an investigation into the printing office under Mr. Stillings; this investigation originated because of information which reached me as to the increased cost of printing to the departments. I accordingly directed Mr. Haywood of the Department of Commerce to investigate and report upon this matter. His report on this subject was very commendable. Mr. Stillings was severely commended for his copy and requested an answer from him, which I received yesterday. I enclose you a copy of Mr. Haywood's report, and as soon as I receive the answer I shall also forward you your information, and will let you know what action I have taken on the report.

"I am glad to find that your committee has discovered circumstances in connection with the printing office, notably in connection with the expenditure for furniture in the printing office and in the purchase of supplies, which indicate to me that there is great irregularity therein.

"You also inform me that you believe that the present audit system of the office itself serves to shield these irregularities and that the persons in charge of this system exert an undue and improper influence, not merely on the purchase of supplies for the government printing office, but also on the conduct of the office itself. You also say that the subcommittee feels that the present audit system is inadequate and that the person in charge of the audit system should be removed from the office. I am accordingly temporarily suspending Mr. Stillings, and shall put Mr. Rosser in charge of the audit system until such time as you have had time to make an exhaustive report to me on conditions in the office.

Letter to Mr. Stillings. The letter to Mr. Stillings from the president:

"The enclosed copy of letters to Congress and the public will explain to you the reasons in accordance therewith, pending the investigation, I hereby temporarily suspend you from the duties of your office, and have appointed Mr. William S. Rosser temporarily to fill the duties thereof.

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Mr. Landis made the following statement, in which Senator Payne and Representative Perkins concurred.

There was referred by the joint committee on printing to the subcommittee authorized to inquire into the matter of printing and binding, composed of Senator Fletcher, Justice A. Brandeis, and myself, a proposal submitted to the committee by the Suffolk Distributing company of New York, which requested the joint government printing office to install an account, audit and inventory system.

The subcommittee, especially in view of the fact that the Suffolk Distributing company, an officer of the Audit System and President of the Suffolk Distributing company, Frederick Alfred, an officer of the Audit System and the Audit System Supply company, and J. P. Murray, an officer of the Audit System and the Audit System Supply company, were all members of the committee on printing, and in view of the fact that the Suffolk Distributing company, an officer of the Audit System and President of the Suffolk Distributing company, Frederick Alfred, an officer of the Audit System and the Audit System Supply company, and J. P. Murray, an officer of the Audit System and the Audit System Supply company, were all members of the committee on printing, and in view of the fact that the Suffolk Distributing company, an officer of the Audit System and President of the Suffolk Distributing company, Frederick Alfred, an officer of the Audit System and the Audit System Supply company, and J. P. 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