NEW PROFESSIONALISM RULE

Nebraska Colleges Discuss Athletics and Bury All Hatchets.

BASE BALL SCHEDULE FOR YEAR

Bellevue-Peru Feud Leads to Some Explanations, but No Hard Feelings Are Shown on Subject.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Representatives of ten colleges, members of the Intercollegiate Athletic association of Nebraska, met at the Lindell hotel this afternoon, discussed their troubles without coming to blows, revised their eligibility rules with a view to eliminating all chance of professionalism and adopted a base ball schedule for the coming season. A new member, Grand Island college, was added to the conference, and the announcement was made that Cotner university, which had withdrawn several months ago, was restored to full membership.

Early in the meeting considerable animosity appeared in the discussion of the Bellevue-Peru feud over the eligibility of Browne, the crack athlete of the former institution, whose participation in last season's foot ball games was subjected to much criticism. The matter was talked over at some length, but was handled carefully and led to no trouble, finally escaping without being officially recognized.

President Wadsworth of Bellevue explained that the authorities of that college were not apprised of the rule of the conference which prohibited the playing of men who registered after October 1, although he acknowledged its presence in the regulations.

Prof. Fuhrer asserted that all the colleges were supposed to know what the rules called for and should not depend on each other to have the provisions enforced.

Prof. Howie of Peru explained that Peru entertained no hard feelings over the matter and that the reason the game scheduled between Peru and Bellevue was never played was that after the postponement of the date for it the Normal team was too badly disorganized to permit a fair contest.

Professionalism Eliminated.

The rule regarding professionalism was changed to read as follows:

No student shall be admitted to any intercollegiate contest who now receives, or who subsequently to January 1, 1908, has received, any gift, remuneration or pay for his services on the college team.

The proposed amendment cutting out the clause in the above beginning "or who has received" was defeated. The change was proposed by Cotner, whose representative confessed to having played base ball men who had received aid in college on account of their athletic proficiency. He claimed that the rule as it stood was discriminating against the men whose seeming professionalism had been countenanced by the university. The conference avoided danger of another split by inserting the date in the rule, which prevents it from becoming retroactive. During the discussion a strong sentiment appeared for letting down the bars entirely in the case of students who desired to play summer ball, but discriminating rules in other conferences prevented the question being submitted to a vote.

Base Ball Schedule.

The conference decided to hold its annual track meet at Wesleyan May 23. The arrangement of other athletic games was left to committees.

The base ball committee announced the following schedule:

Doane—At Cotner, April 27; Wesleyan, April 28; Peru, April 29; Bellevue, April 30; Kearney, May 10.

Kearney—Doane, May 4; Wesleyan, May 5; Cotner, May 6; Peru, May 7; Bellevue, May 8.

Wesleyan—Cotner, May 12; Peru, May 13; Bellevue, May 14; Kearney, May 15; Doane, May 16.

Peru—Bellevue, May 18; Wesleyan, May 19; earney, May 20; Doane, May 21; Cotner, May 22.

Bellevue—Cotner, May 25; Kearney, May 26; Doane, May 27; Wesleyan, May 28; Peru, May 29.

Cotner—Peru, June 1; Bellevue, June 2; Wesleyan, June 6.

Peru's dates at Kearney and Doane are yet to be arranged.

The following were present at the meeting: John M. Howie of Peru, Guy M. Wadsworth of Bellevue, John W. Fuhrer of Doane, G. Z. Clevenger of Wesleyan, T. M. eith of Cotner, Loren G. Atherton of York, A. F. Carpenter of Hastings, S. D. Hockett of Nebraska Central (Central City), A. J. Mercer of Kearney and S. R. Jones of Grand Island.

Prof. Howie was elected president; Prof. Clevenger, vice president, and Prof. Mercer secretary-treasurer for the ensuing year.

Pimples Stopped In 5 Days

Every Possible Skin Eruption Cured In Marvelously Quick Time by the New Calcium Treatment.

Send For Free Sample Package Today.

Boils have been cured in 3 days, and some of the worst cases of skin diseases have been cured in a week, by the wonderful action of Stuart's Calcium Wafers. These wafers contain as their main ingredient, the most thorough, quick and effective blood-cleanser known, calcium sulphide.

Most treatments for the blood and for skin eruptions are miserably slow in their results, and besides, many of them are poisonous. Stuart's Calcium Wafers contain no poison or drug of any kind; they are absolutely harmless, and yet do work which cannot fail to surprise you. They are the most powerful blood purifier and skin clearer ever discovered, and they never derange the system.

No matter what you suffer from, pimples, blackheads, acne, red rash, spots, blotches, rash, tetter or any other skin eruption, you can get rid of them long before other treatments can even begin to show results.

Don't go around with a humiliating, disgusting mass of pimples and blackheads on your face. A face covered over with these disgusting things makes people turn away from you, and breeds failure in your life work. Stop it. Read what an Iowa man said when he woke up one morning and found he had a new face:

"By George, I never saw anything like it. There I've been for three years trying to get rid of pimples and blackheads, and guess I used everything under the sun. I used your Calcium Wafers for just seven days. This morning every blessed pimple is gone and I can't find a blackhead. I could write you a volume of thanks, I am so grateful to you."

You can depend upon the treatment being a never-failing cure."

Just send us your name and address in full, today, and we will send you a trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers, free to test. After you have tried the sample and been convinced that all we say is true, you will go to your nearest druggist and get a 50c box and be cured of your facial trouble. They are in tablet form, and no trouble whatever to take. You go about your work as usual, and there you are,—cured and happy.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package free. Address F. A. Stuart Co., 178 Stuart Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

WALSH FOUND GUILTY

(Continued from First Page.)

replied that he had nothing to say.

"We will be very busy for the next few days preparing our arguments for a new trial. If this is denied, we will appeal the case to the highest court in the land."

The emotion shown by Juror Palmer on the polling of the jury caused a flutter of excitement among the spectators. As the juror sank into his chair, hiding his face in his hands, Attorney Miller rose to his feet and demanded that the juror be further questioned.

"Mr. Palmer, is this your verdict?" asked Judge Anderson. "Answer me."

Palmer nodded his head weakly in the affirmative and made a reply, inaudible to any but the court.

"I suggest," said Attorney Miller, "that Mr. Palmer be required to repeat his answer."

"That is not necessary," replied Judge Anderson. "He has answered 'yes.'"

"One of my associates," said Mr. Miller, "understood him to say something else. It is suggested to me that the juror said he would 'have to say yes.'"

"That is the same thing," replied the court. "Any juror understands that when he signs a verdict and has agreed to it, he has to say that he did so."

The remainder of the jurors were polled and each answered boldly in the affirmative.

Many Ballots Taken.

From four to ten ballots were taken by the jury on each of the 150 counts. The result of the first ballot was ten for conviction, two jurors holding out, influenced chiefly by sentiment. In the end it was finally agreed that Walsh should be held guilty and the question upon what counts he should be convicted on was taken up. Those on which the conviction was based involved nine distinct series of transactions. The misapplication of approximately $1,000,000 was the act of which the jury found the defendant guilty.

The maximum penalty of ten years on each of the fifty-four counts constituting this act would make it possible for Judge Anderson to impose a sentence of 540 years in the penitentiary.

Walsh's Counsel Talks.

Later in the day the following statement was issued by Walsh's council:

"The result of this trial is, of course, a disappointment to us. In our opinion no case was made on the evidence presented against Mr. Walsh and he was entitled to a verdict of not guilty. The jury was made up of intelligent men, but they were farmers and altogether unfamiliar with transactions involving business of the character brought out in this trial. There was in the evidence no clear cut case presented as to the distinct transaction. The jury was overwhelmed with a mass of unconnected transactions extending over a dozen years before as well as during the period of the transactions complained of in the indictment. Under this mass of evidence the issues of the case were buried. So many transactions, each substantially colorless in itself and having no just bearing upon the case, when admitted as tending to prove evil intent in the transaction charged, obviously have, from their very mass, influenced the jury to an unjust conclusion. We ask a suspension of public judgment on this case. We feel sure that the public generally regard Mr. Wash as innocent of these charges. In our judgment there is nothing in this trial or its result to produce any change in that opinion. Mr. Walsh, as heretofore, will continue to attend to his business affairs, and that he will finally be vindicated we have no doubt.

Lesson on High Finance.

Assistant District Attorney Dobyns said: "The prosecution was directed against Mr. Walsh's illegal acts and not toward the man. The government had no animus in the matter, but was simply performing its duty by enforcing the law. I do not believe there is an error in the case and I am confident that the verdict will stand. In my opinion the verdict will have a far reaching and wholesome effect. It will be a lesson to men in high positions who use sacred trust funds for their own personal benefit. In these days of high finance some such substantial warning is needed. The result shows that the government enforces the law against the powerful and rich as well as against the poor man who violates the statutes.

William B. Ridgely, comptroller of the currency, who reached Chicago today, said of the verdict:

At least one of this kind of bankers has been found guilty. The result will have a very beneficial effect on the entire country and the banking practice of the entire country.

Of course we are very sorry for Mr. Walsh, sorry that he should be the victim of conditions, but we cannot be moved by such considerations as that. He was guilty and the jury so found.

I congratulate the government on the work of the district attorney's office.

Sixteen Millions Involved.

The charge against Walsh grew out of the closing in 1905 of the Chicago National bank, of which Walsh was president, and its allied institutions, the Home Savings bank and the Equitable Trust company. Walsh was accused of having loaned funds of these institutions, aggregating some $16,000,000, on fictitious and insufficiently secured notes to nearly a score of struggling enterprises, which he himself had founded and practically owned. Many of the notes, it developed at the trial, were signed, without authority, in the names of various employes of Walsh.

The directors of the bank took the stand and testified that they were not consulted by Walsh as to the making of the loans and that they knew nothing of them. Twenty-six of the notes were described as "memorandum" notes and they formed one of the chief features of the trial. They represented more than $2,000,000. Methods of concealment employed in carrying the transactions on the books of the bank and alleged misrepresentations made in reports to the National bank examiners kept the latter in ignorance of the true condition of the bank's finances and the nature of their securities.

Effort to Shift the Blame.

The defence took the ground that of all of the Walsh enterprises were built up in order to save and protect original loans made by Walsh in good faith. The claim was also made that Walsh did not hold the controlling interest in the corporations, which profited by the loans, but that the Chicago National bank held it. Walsh being only a trustee and a conservator of the bank's interest. Walsh was on the witness stand for two days. He admitted nearly all of the transactions charged against him, but clung to the defense that all he did was for the good of the banks he headed and that all of the loans proved good and that no one lost anything in consequence of them. In substantiation of the latter claim the defense offered evidence to show that since the closing of the banks Walsh had bought back the collateral taken from him by the clearing house banks amounting to $7,000,000, giving in payment a note for the same amount, payable in five years. The collateral released, Walsh was able to go ahead with the building of his railroads. Another fact brought out was that the associated banks of Chicago took a pro rata share of the $7,000,000 loan negotiated by Walsh for the redemption of his securities and that those banks today hold the stocks and bonds, which Walsh was prosecuted for making loans upon. This circumstance was made the basis of Walsh's claim throughout the trial that the value of the securities had been established.

The trial covered a period of nine weeks and was twice interrupted by illness of jurors.

Stickney Back from Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—A. B. Stickney, president of the Chicago & Great Western company, who went to Europe to finance $8,000,000 of the corporation's notes, returned today on the steamer Mauretania.

Telephone Douglas 618 Reaches All Departments

Extra—Beautiful $1.50 Black Imported Dress Voiles, Monday $1.19 yard.

This celebrated dress voile is from Roubaix, France. Yes! See it. $1.19 is the lowest price named for a fabric of such superior quality. Of greatest importance in buying is to make sure of getting the right quality. Right here is where the danger lies. We ask the closest inspection. Bring your friends with you. Fine, even weave, crisp to the touch, deep, rich black. Paris says voiles are to be one of the next season's popular fabrics. Better investigate this unusual value Monday.

NOTE—Other reductions on Black Roubaix Dress Voiles are as follows: $1.00 quality, 79c; $1.25 quality, 83c; $1.35 quality, $1.05; $1.75 quality, $1.29; $1.85 quality, $1.39 a yard.

Think of This for Monday.

$1.25 Pretty Colored Dress Goods, 44-in. Wide for One Day Only, 37½c a yard.

The most beautiful fabric and greatest value we have ever shown at anything near this price. Remember, Monday only, strictly high class. We took the entire stock on hand of a large manufacturer after all orders were filled. The value is truly extraordinary.

Now Comes the Hipless Corset.

Being Omaha's high class exclusive Dry Goods Store, naturally we show the newest styles first. Now it is the hipless Corsets. The Corsets have taken it upon themselves to make the figure hipless. The long Corsets with extended hips and straight back have taken hold completely, for by no other cut can the human form divine be molded so that a woman, like a candle, appears to have been poured into a mold, coming out as if she and her corset were a part of her.

We have a complete line of the hipless straight back Corsets. We fit corsets in our cozy fitting rooms without extra charge. Expert fitters in attendance.

Second Floor.

OUR ANNUAL JANUARY LINEN SALE

January Sale Table Cloths.

All $1.65 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $1.00 each.
All $2.25 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $1.69 each.
All $3.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $2.00 each.
All $4.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $2.89 each.
All $5.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $3.89 each.
All $7.50 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $5.00 each.
All $10.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $6.89 each.
All $12.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $8.89 each.
All $15.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $10.89 each.
All $20.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $15.00 each.
All $25.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $17.50 each.
All $30.00 Table Cloths, January Sale Price $22.89 each.

Towel Sale Monday.

All 15c Huck Towels, January Sale Price 9c each.
All 16⅔c Huck Towels, January Sale Price 12½c each.
All 25c Huck Towels, January Sale Price 19c each.
All 45c Huck Towels, January Sale Price 25c each.
All 50c Huck Towels, January Sale Price 35c each.
All 75c Huck Towels, January Sale Price 59c each.
All $1.25 Huck Towels, January Sale Price 89c each.
All $1.50 Huck Towels, January Sale Price $1.00 each.

Sale of Bedspreads.

All $1.50 Bedspreads, January Sale Price $1.00 each.
All $1.75 Bedspreads, January Sale Price $1.39 each.
All $2.25 Bedspreads, January Sale Price $1.89 each.

Bath Towels.

All 18c Bath Towels, January Sale Price 12½c each.
All 20c Bath Towels, January Sale Price 15c each.
All 25c Bath Towels, January Sale Price 19c each.
All 45c Bath Towels, January Sale Price 25c each.
All 50c Bath Towels, January Sale Price 29c each.
All 75c Bath Towels, January Sale Price 50c each.

Table Damask By the Yard.

All our 85c Bleached Damask, January Sale Price 69c yard.
All our $1.25 Bleached Damask, January Sale Price 89c yard.
All our $1.50 Bleached Damask, January Sale Price $1.10 yard.
All our $1.65 Silver Bleached Damask, January Sale Price $1.10 yard.
All our $1.25 Silver Bleached Damask, January Sale Price 89c yard.
All our 65c Silver Bleached Damask, January Sale Price 49c yard.

Napkins.

All $2.50 Napkins, January Sale Price $1.89 a dozen.
All $3.00 Napkins, January Sale Price $2.00 a dozen.
All $4.50 Napkins, January Sale Price $3.00 a dozen.
All $6.00 Napkins, January Sale Price $4.38 a dozen.
All $7.50 Napkins, January Sale Price $5.89 a dozen.
All $10.00 Napkins, January Sale Price $6.89 a dozen.
All $12.00 Napkins, January Sale Price $8.89 a dozen.

January Linen Sale In Our Economy Basement.

50 pieces 75c Mercerized Table Damask, January Sale Price 49c yard.
Renaissance Scarfs and Center Pieces.
All $2.00 and $2.25 Renaissance Scarfs and Center Pieces, January Sale Price $1.00 each.

Crash Towelings.

All 10c Brown Linen Crash, January Sale Price 8½c yard.
All 12½c Brown Linen Crash, January Sale Price 10c yard.
All 15c Brown Linen Crash, January Sale Price 12½c yard.
All 17c Bleached Linen Crash, January Sale Price 13c yard.
All 16⅔c Bleached Linen Crash, January Sale Price 12½c yard.

Great January Special Sale of Ready Made Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Sheets With Plain Hem, Size 63x90.
Our 95c quality at 75c each.
Our 85c quality at 68c each.
Our $1 quality at 85c each.

Size 72x90, Plain Hem.
Our 90c quality at 72c each.
Our $1 quality at 85c each.
Our $1.50 quality at $1.28 each.

Size 81x90, Plain Hem.
Our 90c quality at 59c each.
Our $1.00 quality at 78c each.
Our $1.20 quality at 98c each.
Same sizes with double hemstitch, about 10c per sheet more.

Pillow Cases.
Size 42x36, plain hem, reduced to 10c, 16⅔c, 17c, 20c, and 22c each.
Size 45x36-in, plain hem, reduced to 11c, 14⅔c, 18c, 22c, 27c each.
Size 50x36-in. plain hem, reduced to 16c, 20c, 29c.
Same sizes hemstitched Pillow Cases 5c more.

Special Sale of Pillow Tubing.

Our 23c Tubing, 42-in. wide at 18½c yard.
Our 24c Tubing, 45-in. wide at 19½c yard.
Our 25c Tubing, 50-in. wide at 20c yard.
Our 41c Bleached 9-4 Sheeting at 36c yard.
Our 35c Bleached 9-4 Sheeting at 30c yard.
Our 25c Bleached 45-in. Casing at 21c yard.
Our 20½c Bleached 45-in. Casing at 17½c yard.
Our 10c Bleached Shrunk Muslin at 8c yard.
Cut prices on 4-4 wide Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.

Special Sale of Women's Street Gloves.

One-clasp Mocha Gloves in black, brown, red and grey, one of the best makes, very durable for street or knockabout. On Special Sale Monday, per pair..... **98c**

Black Gauntlets.

Worth up to $1.75, on sale Monday, per pair..... **98c**

Embroidered Lunch Cloths.

All $2.25 Embroidered Lunch Cloths, January Sale Price $1.12½ each.
All $2.50 Embroidered Lunch Cloths, January Sale Price $1.25 each.
All $3.00 Embroidered Lunch Cloths, January Sale Price $1.50 each.

Wash Cloths. Monday

All 5c Knit Wash Cloths, January Sale Price 2c each.

Embroidered Scarfs.

All $2.50 Embroidered Scarfs, January Sale Price $1.25 each.
All $2.75 Embroidered Scarfs, January Sale Price $1.38 each.

January Clearing Sale of Bed Comforters.

All our Comforters are filled with absolutely pure and sanitary materials, be it cotton, wool or down. Therefore, ours are the best.
All our $1.50 Cotton Comforts 98c each.
All our $2.00 Cotton Comforts $1.69 each.
All our $2.25 Cotton Comforts $1.89 each.
All our $2.50 Coton Comforts $1.98 each.
All our $8.00 Down Quilts $5.78 each.
All our $5.50 Down Quilts $3.78 each.
A few fine silk covered Down Quilts at great reductions.
All our $5.00 wool filled Sateen Comforts $3.69 each.
West Basement.

A Trip To Paris.

Means much toward the success of a high class Millinery Department, to gain the world's best styles, new ideas, etc. As is our usual custom each season, we have again sent our Millinery buyer, Miss Alice Fenner, to the foreign markets to secure the latest Parisian creations for our Spring Millinery Opening.

Very Special For Monday—More of Our "Famous" 35-in. Wide, $1.50 Black Taffeta at 98c a yard.

Just such remarkable value as this is what makes the Great January Sale the talk of all Omaha. Yes! And for miles north, south, east, and west. Back of it are genuine values. That's what counts. Shop all you like; compare all you like; then come to the Great Special Sale of "Famous" Black Taffetas Monday. They are 35-in. wide, regular $1.50 quality, good weight, deep, rich black, high lustre, soft finish, for entire gowns, skirts, coats, waists and petticoats, Monday 98c.

New Waists for 1908.

The Herald Square Linen Waists.
The Lenox Lingerie Waists.
The Bon Ton Lace and Net Waists.
The above lines will be shown Monday for the first time this season. It will be a grand exhibition of lovely creations for Spring.

New Spring Suits.

The first new styles are here like early Spring flowers. They are very choice. The Madam Butterfly Suit has now made her appearance in Omaha at our store.

Closing Out

Closing out all the Coats.
Closing out all the Furs.
Closing out all the Fall and Winter Ready-to-wear Clothes, at fabulous reductions.

New Separate Skirts For Spring.

The new models by Bonwit are here.

Quality and Satisfaction.

Wherever quality is, satisfaction is, and that is the safest place to buy. Trade here and you get both.

THOMPSON BELDEN & CO.

Bee 1—19—'08.

When Waiting for Cars

On Howard and 16th Streets, step into our warm 16th Street vestibule. It is heated especially for this purpose.

BASE BALL LAW EXPLAINED

National Commission Comments on Its Recent Rulings.

TERRITORIAL RIGHTS VALID

Any Waiving of Principle Would Strike at Organization of the Game—Draft Ruling for Benefit of Players.

CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 18.—Although the decision of the National Base Ball commission on the various resolutions presented by the American association was announced at the time of the annual meeting last week, the full explanation of the reasons for its action was not given until today, when the finding was formally promulgated. Regarding the request for endorsement in the attempt to place an American association club in Chicago, after stating that the subject was not within the jurisdiction of the commission, the report says:

"The commission, however, is prepared at this time to go on record as opposed without qualification to a territorial infringement of this kind and will strongly recommend that the petition be denied. The foundation upon which organized base ball rests today is the respecting of territorial rights, the enforcement of all contracts, the reservation of players and the opportunity provided for players to advance in their profession and receive adequate compensation for their services. To encroach upon any of these provisions would be like pulling the corner-stone from its foundation. If one league would have the right to encroach upon the territory of another, then all leagues must have the same right. If such a condition existed nothing but chaos and disaster would follow.

Draft Ruling Is Explained.

"The proposition to draft players only from the substitutes in the next lower league is disapproved, "because it is in violation of that object of the national agreement which provides for the promotion of the welfare of ballplayers as a class by developing them and perfecting them in their profession and enabling them to secure adequate compensation for their expertness. A player in Class D could advance to a major league only at the end of three years, which the commission believes to be wrong.

"The national commission expressed approval of the suggestion that the major league clubs be limited to twenty-five players at any time and that only eighteen players be carried during the playing season.

"The reason given for opposing the change in classification of the Pacific Coast league and others is that when the Pacific Coast league was admitted to organized base ball it was distinctly agreed that it should be a Class A league. So far as the other leagues mentioned—the Southern and Western—are concerned the League of Minor Leagues is said to have full authority.

Resolution Against Farming.

"The resolution aimed against the 'farming' of players is approved in principle, the commission states it had already adopted measures to the same end.

"Disagreeing with the request for reinstatement of certain ineligible players it is stated that 'where applications for reinstatement have been refused by the commission that action was only taken because the facts in each case warranted such refusals, and this applies particularly to those players whom the American association has asked the commission to reinstate, viz: Sebring, Reisling, Owens, Wiggs and others. The commission has also gone on record as holding that it would not consider an application for the reinstatement of a minor league player unless such application has been first heard by the proper officers of the national association."

LARNED LEADS TENNIS PLAYERS

Ranking Committee of National Association Makes Its Report.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—The ranking committee of the United States National Lawn Tennis association today gave out the official ranking of players for 1907. W. A. Larned leads the list in singles and Alexander and Hackett in doubles.

Woman Stops Wrestling Match.

HUDSON, Wis., Jan. 18.—Before a crowd of 500 sports here today Mrs. Frank Singleman stopped the wrestling match between her son Frank and young Miller of St. Paul. The men had wrestled fifty minutes with honors even, when Miller worked the strangle hold. With Singleman helpless, Mrs. Singleman, who witnessed the bout and coached her son, rushed into the ring and compelled Miller to break his hold. Singleman left the ring and did not return.

Basket Ball at Geneva.

GENEVA, Neb., Jan. 18.—(Special.)—Alexandria and Geneva High school basket ball teams played last night in the gymnasium. A good, fast game resulted in a victory for the visitors. Score, 39 to 25.

Donovan Shoe Company Assigns.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 18.—The James Donovan Shoe Manufacturing company of Everett has made an assignment. The assets are placed at $300,000, the amount for which it was incorporated, and the liabilities at $180,000. The factories of the company have an average annual output of between 2,000,000 and 3,000,000 pairs of shoes.

REVIVED AT LAST

Emaciated Woman Restored By Proper Food.

The amount of harm done from eating food which lacks the nourishing elements or is in such form that the system can't absorb it, is much greater than many persons even suspect.

The harm can't be corrected by drugs either. There must be a complete change in the dietary—the cause of the trouble must be removed.

"I have been a constant sufferer from stomach trouble, constipation and neuralgia, for the past 14 years" writes a Michigan lady, "and the past year became tired of life, of everybody and everything.

"The best doctors and several weeks at a Sanitarium afforded me only temporary relief. Finally an attack of the grippe caused me to give up hope of ever being well again. I was growing weaker and more emaciated every day.

"At last, a doctor advised me to try some predigested food, as nothing would stay on my stomach. My husband sent for some Grape-Nuts, of which I ate a little with milk, and then awaited the usual result.

"My stomach did not reject this food, and from that time on for several weeks, I lived on Grape-Nuts and milk. I felt no pain whatever in my stomach, my health gradually came back and in five weeks I gained 25 pounds. I derived more strength from Grape-Nuts than I ever did from a meat and potato diet." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

VICTORY FOR CIVIC BEAUTY

New York Supreme Court Decides that Ordinance Regulating Signs is Valid.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Municipal efforts to develop a city beautiful and prevent commercialism from offending the artistic sense were given an uplift today, when Justice Leventritt, in the supreme court, decided that the suit brought against the city by the Fifth Avenue Coach company to enjoin municipal interference with the advertising signs displayed on the exterior of its busses must be dismissed on its merits.

The busses, plying up and down fashionable Fifth avenue, succeeded a year ago the old stage coaches which were regarded as relics of old New York. The new double-deck electric busses were plastered from top to bottom with garish advertising signs. The Board of Aldermen passed an ordinance giving the city the power to remove the advertising signs.

Justice Leventritt today held the ordinance to be constitutional and, after describing the beauty of Fifth avenue, declared: "It is the scheme of beauty which is not to be sacrificed to the demands of modern commercialism."

MINERS ARE NEAR RESCUE

Men Imprisoned Forty-Five Days in Nevada Mine May Be Reached Today.

ELY, Nev., Jan. 18.—Last night solid ground was reached in the Alpha shaft in the 1,000-foot level in which three miners have been entombed since December 4. Rescuers descended on a ladder to a point 750 feet below the mouth of the shaft. The opening extended farther, but just how far is not known. The ladder broke and this prevented further exploration. It is now believed the men will be released within thirty-six hours. It is rumored that one of the entombed men lost his mind, the cause being the receipt of a letter announcing the death of his wife.

BOATS MAY MISS ARGENTINA

Flotilla to Make Direct Run to Straits in Order to Make Up Time.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—It seems probable now that the torpedo boat flotilla on its way to the Pacific will not pay a visit to Buenos Ayres, as was intended. As the flotilla is said to be three days behind time, it is probable that the entire cruise up the river Plate will be cut out and, without stopping at either Montevideo or Buenos Ayres, the little vessels will try to make the long run from Rio Janeiro to Sandy Point, in the straits of Magellan. The torpedo boats will thus be given a thorough test of their ability to make a long distance run.

Attempt to Commit Suicide.

MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Jan. 18.—(Special Telegram).—Following a family quarrel late last night, James Benge, a laborer in this city, slashed his throat with a razor in an attempt to commit suicide. Neighbors intervened to protect Mrs. Benge. Her husband had been drinking. He will live.

PHOTOGRAPHING IN COLORS

Description of the Lumiere Autochrome Plate and Process of Development.

The Lumiere autochrome plain photographs color with as great ease and directness as the Marconi wireless transmits its aerial message through space, and is no less wonderful as a revelation of the only half-guessed possibilities inherent in the natural forces of the universe. Briefly stated, the composition of the plate and the general procedure of exposure and development are as follows. A glass plate is covered with an adhesive matter which receives a coating of potato-starch grains—about 5,000,000 to the square inch.

These grains are impregnated with a dye. In a certain sense it is a variation of the three-color process; only the colors used are not the ordinarily considered primaries, red, yellow and blue, but light green, red-orange and blue-violet, which are distributed throughout the particles in equal proportions.

After isolation with water-proof varnish, this granulated surface is coated with a panchromatic collodion emulsion. The exposure, which varies according to the intensity of light, and may roughly be said to be twenty times as long as one on a fast plate, is made in an ordinary camera without any extra apparatus, the plate having its glass side turned toward the lens. The light passes through the colored grains and then strikes the light-sensitive film. To prevent any white light from passing through the plate, at first it was found necessary to fill up the infinitesimal intertestices with black. This was finally overcome by a roller that spread over the plate with great evenness the granules composing the color surface. A special yellow filter or screen was placed before or behind the lens to retard the action of blue rays.

After developing, the plate, without fixing, is treated with acidified permanganate of potash, which acts as a reducer. This and the further process is undertaken in broad daylight. After reduction the plate is rinsed and redeveloped, the result bing a positive transparency, in natural colors, which, to be seen, must be held up to white light. At present no duplicates are possible, each plate being unique, in this respect resembling the first daguerreotypes. Nor is it possible to remedy any faults by means of retouching; all hand work is out of the question, no brush or pencil-point being fine enough to match the microscopically minute particles constituting the color surface of the plate.—Century Magazine.

Stanhope Farmer Injured.

BOONE, Ia., Jan. 18.—(Special Telegram.)—Frank Olsen, a prominent farmer of Stanhope, came to Boone yesterday to meet his son, who was coming from Dakota. Returning home the automobile of A. R. Creary caused a runaway and Oleson was seriously injured. He was brought to the Eleanor Moore hospital at Boone.

Tobacco Warehouse.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Jan. 18.—Fire today destroyed the Julius Marquesse warehouse, causing a loss of between $60,000 and $90,000 on tobacco stored. The fire was of mysterious origin.

Two Killed by Auto Crash.

BALTIMORE, Md., Jan. 18.—George L. Billups, proprietor of Billups' hotel, Park Heights and Heyward avenues, and his wife were instantly killed early today by being thrown from an automobile at Park Heights avenue and the Pimlico road entrance to Druid Hill park.

Root Favors an Appropriation.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Secretary Root has strongly urged upon congress an appropriation of $50,000 to enable the government to be represented in the exposition to be opened at Quito August 10 next to celebrate the 100th anniversary of the independence of Ecuador.

WILLOW SPRINGS

STARS AND STRIPES BEER

As Pure as the BUBBLING SPRING

It is a superior beer, because of its absolute purity—and the skillful brewing of its wholesome materials makes it an appetizer of delightful flavor.

It is made from the best Bohemian hops, pure barley malt and water from the famous Willow Springs.

Order A Trial Case for the Home

Thirty—$3.00—Green Trading Stamps with every case—2 dozen large bottles—price.....$2.25
Fifteen—$1.50—Green Trading Stamps with every case—2 dozen small bottles—price.....$1.25
Out-of-town customers add $1.25 for case and bottles, which will be refunded on the return.

Willow Springs Brewing Company

WALTER MOISE, Pres. H. V. HAYWARD, Treas.
Office 1407 Harney St., Phone D. 1206.
Brewery Third and Hickory Streets. Phone D. 1625.