Nebraska Association, onvenes for Three Day of son. TALKS INANCES Railroad Magnate Says ney is Due to Wars and

Declares Nebraska is Center of Garden of Eden.

JANSEN SHOUTS FOR

LOCAL BANKERS ON THE LIST

Henry W. Yates, in Address of Welcome, Discusses Panics and Declares Should Stand Together in Time of Need.

Nebraska bankers at the afternoon session of the state convention yesterday listened to addresses by James J. Hill, the railroad magnate; Peter Jansen and others, besides transacting considerable routine business. Mr. Hill was not present, but his address on present financial conditions was read by W. H. Bucholz. At the beginning of the session the fol-

Resolutions-H. W. Yates of Omaha, J. W. Whelpton of Ogalalla, C. F. Bentley of Fremont, E. E. Haisted of Ponca. Nominations-Mr. Burnham of Newman Grove, F. H. Davis of Omaha, T. W. Clark

lowing convention committees were an-

of Harrison, J. G. Lowe of Kearney, H. S. Freeman of Lincoln, Mr. Babcock of Has-Auditing-W. H. McDonald of North

Leslie Hoagland of Gandy. A motion prevailed authorizing the chair to appoint the delegates to the national Pa., for the fourteen individuals conconvention of the Bankers' association to carned in the capitol graft exposures. be held at Atlantic City September 23 to 26. A communication was read from Deputy Labor Commissioner John J. Ryder of Lincoin asking the co-operation of the State Bankers' association in the matter of the labor interests of the state. The communication was placed on file.

Importance of Country Banker.

Fritz Nicklas of Syracuse read an intereating paper upon the subject, "The Country Banker," relating that he was called upon to act as arbiter of most of the affairs of the community, even to assisting patrons in recovering stolen and trayed horses, "The little country bank," he said. "Is like the little red school house, one of the chief educators of the community in which it is located."

E. R. Gurney of Fremont, in a paper on the desirability of such a plan. He questioned the propriety of levying a tax upon prudent and conservative banks to help out the frailities of careless banks. The question the frailities of careless banks. The question the frailities of careless banks and can but should it be done. Nearly all banks frown upon the proposition of deposit insurance. Banks do already insurance and can satisfy the users of their service corporations can render the position. The committee service shall bear a fixed relation to the necessary cost of production. Total the necessary cost of production. The deposition to the necessary cost of production. The first the party in this county. I hope when for some time. It was for the necessary cost of production. The deposition to the necessary cost of production. The first the party in this county. I hope when the form this city, where his father had section to the necessary cost of production.

In the party in this county. I hope when for some time. It was for the necessary cost of production.

It was polydends \$2,902; profits \$20,902.

It was not constructed it may be such as m deposit insurance. Banks do aiready insure the deposits of favored depositors such
as state, county, municipal, railroads and
NEW YORK. Grosser Kurturst.
NEW YORK. Heilig Olav....
NEW YORK. Europs. lodges, but there is a kick against the proppaition of insuring another bank's deposits. The success of all insurance is in the selec- JAIL BREAK PLOT tion of the risk. Only the government can afford to do this, and it alone. The weakness of the national and state banking laws is that the penalties provided for the violations of banking laws are too severe: they are practically the infliction of a death penalty upon the corporation. Most bank failures are the result of irregularities. Insurance for the protection of depositors under the strong arm of the government would be a good thing.

Peter Jansen Lauds Nebraska.

braska is the only state in this great union lived in a cornfield until he could get out of our that depends wholly and entirely of the state. While in jail he was found absolutely all its wealth? I believe Ne- value in his possession. braska stands unique in this respect.

"We have no timber, no mines, no fisherthings by giving us the best soil and greatest agricultural resources in the world. "Take Omaha as the center of a quadr-

angle, not a circle, extend a line 150 miles could be gotten and if they did not work length either way, making the sides of your square 300 miles, and you have a tract of 90,000 square miles, or 57,800,000 acres of land, which for fertility and agricultural productiveness stands unexcelled, not only n the west, the United States or the American continent, but in the whole world. They may have something as good on some of the other planets, but I doubt it very

"And just think of it, half of this modern Garden of Eden comprises eastern Nebrasks, and Omaha is strictly in it in mere SWITCHMAN MEETS senses than one.

Growth of Wheat Culture. "Twenty-five years ago winter wheat was inknown in Nebraska. Today we are classed as a prominent winter wheat state, and this year came very near outclassing even Kansas in the amount raised.

"We have not nearly reached the maxinum yield per acre of our land. Intense cultivation, judicious fertilizing and last, out not least, pure seed, will in time louble our crops. The era of large farms and ranches in Nebraska is of the past, never to return, and this for several reasons. The labor question is the most in portant one. I have carried o na 2,000iere farm for thirty years, but it is now getting next to impossible to get reliable farm hands even at double the wages we

used to pay. "This means that our large tracts of land faring and tilled by the owners and their

"Gentlemen of this convention, I am well aware that what I am going to say next is not popular at the present day and will probably be severely criticized; how over, I do not care. I have had to fight all my fife, and only dead men agree. What I mean to state most emphatically that the owner of the lands of Nebrasks, the farmer, is not the one who has been clamoring for, or is in favor of, the hot-headed, destructive policy adopted ostensibly for the benefit of the poor tiller of the soil by the wiley politicians. We have had too much guess work legislation of late, gentlemen, too much canonizing

The address of Mr. Jamen was received

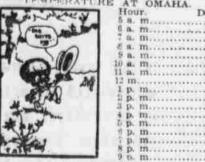
(Continued on Page Two.)

STATE BANKERS HERE SUMMARY OF THE BEE FRANCHISE TAX NOT FAVORED INSURANCE RIVALS AT PEACE HARMONY THE WATCHWORD BONAPARTE ON PUNISHMENT THOUSAND PER CENT

Thursday, September 19, 1907. 1907 SEPTEMBER 1907 THE WED THU FRI. BAT

16 17 18 24 25 22 23 TE 29 30 @ THE WEATHER.

Forecast till 7 p. m. Thursday: For Omaha, Council Bluffs and Vicinity-Fair Thursday: cooler Thursday. For Nebraska-Fatr Thursday; cooler.
For Iowa-Thursday fatr and cooler.
TEMPERATURE AT OMAHA.
Hour.



Attorney General Bonaparte, in an address to the National Prison congress, says society should cease to nourish and protect its enemies.

President A. R. Foote of the National

Platte, C. O. Crosswaite of David City, the subsidiary companies were given by

One hundred persons are reported lost in the burning of a ship near Nanking, Three hundred Chinese are reported lost by the destruction of a ship in Bristol Bay.

Page 1 MEBBASHA. E. J. Hainer visited the members of the "The Guaranty of Deposits," said there is railroad commission yesterday and bediversity of opinion among bankers as to rated them for not putting into effect the desirability of such a plan. He ques- the Rock Island schedule of cream rates

Clever Scheme is Foiled by Omaha

Officers. Who Catch the

Perpetrator.

A clever plot to deliver a prisoner from the county jail at Canon City, Colo., has been unearthed by the Omaha police since the arrest of Frank Farney, who was in that prison awaiting trial on a charge of highway robbery, but escaped and made his way as far as Omaha. Farney was ar-Peter Jansen of Jansen, Neb., read an rested Sunday by Officers Brugman and elaborate paper upon the subject of "The L. A. Smith. He was booked as a sus-Lands of Nebraska." Mr. Jansen said in picious character and it was discovered he had escaped from the county jail at Canon "Have you ever stopped to think that Ne- City by giving his guard the slip and had upon the surface products of its lands for to have had forty-five rings of varying From , ar Omaha florist he had bought a huge box of American Beauties les, no oil, no gas (except that which our and ordered them sent to a fellow prisoner Michigan. "I mention these facts simply politicians spout and which has no com- in the Canon City jail. The package was to mercial nor any other kind of value). How- intercepted by the Omaha authorities and Michigan at least (and I think Michigan ever, a kind Providence has evened up examined. It was found to hold a false bottom and in the space were six finely tempered saws and a note. The note ex-

> Farney would send a lawyer to help get his friend out of jail. A letter was sent ahead to the author ities at the fall and then the box was allowed to go on to its destination. As soon as it arrives the police there will seize the man to whom it is delivered and Mr. Farney's very clever plan will be frustrated. The sheriff has wired Captain Savage of Omaha to hold the prisoner

until they can come for him.

DEATH

George A. McCall of Council Bluffs is Killed in the Omaha

George A. McCall, brakeman on the are concerned, and the federal governmen George A. McCall, brakeman on the illinois Central living at 2104 Avenue D. Council Bluffs, was killed at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning by a freight train at Twelfth and Grace streets. He caught his foot between the rails at a switch and was crushed by the rear cars of the train, which were backing toward him. He was 27 years of age and is survived by his wife. His mother and other relatives are also residents of Council Bluffs.

The body was taken to Council Bluffs.

The puestion is a big one, but the demand forty-five miles from Nanking. It is reported that ion lives were lost. The Tafoo Maru is still on fire as this dispatch is forty-five miles from Nanking. It is reported that ion lives were lost. The Tafoo Maru is still on fire as this dispatch is forty-five miles from Nanking. It is reported that ion lives were lost the last few years has been sweeping the

held probably Thursday morning.

will be out up into eighty and 160-acro FIVE CENTS LUMBER RAISE MISSISSIPPI ROADS INDICTED Increase on Freight Rates from West Grand Jury at Jackson Returns True to Omaha Not so Much as Foured.

It is 5 cents increase on lumber from the Pacific coast to Omaha and not 10 cents, after all. The advance copies of the tariff received in Omaha a few days ago were incorrect, as they proclaimed a 10-cent in crease in the rates. Commissioner Guild of the Commercial club has just received an official tartiff sheet and finds the advance is 5 cents, while it is 10 cents to Minneapolis, St. Paul, Chicago and St. Louis. Even at that the rate to Minneapolis is cents lower than it is to Omaha. The tariff on lumber fills a book of 250 pages and it required two carloads of pa-

per for the edition.

Allen R. Foote Delivers Address Before Municipal League.

GOOD SERVICE MAIN ESSENTIAL

Exclusive Privileges, Together with Perpetual, Untaxed Franchises, Said to Be Solution of Problem.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 18.-Allen Ripley Foote, president of the National Tax asso-Deg. Taxation."

"The most useful tax to place on public service corporations," said he, "is to rethus causing them to serve as a factor in and there to call off the strife." habitants and contributing to their com- He expressed himself as in favor of "adefort and prosperity. Investments in public quate rates", and told the history of the the requirements to be provided for, and endeavored to operate on the "current exshould be unobstructed."

Continuing, Mr. Foote said in part:

President A. R. Poote of the National President A. R. Poote of the National League of Municipalities, declared that the franchise tax is not the best policy to pursue with public utilities.

Page 1

Ten million dollars in one year were earned by the Standard Oil company of Indiana, according to figures secured at the hearing in New York. Earnings of the subsidiary companies were given by witnesses.

Page 1

Warrants were issued at Harrisburg.

Page 2

Case of strange resemblance in Chicago between two women has been cleared up.

Page 1

Attorney General Bonaparte says that in the prosecutions by the government the law will know neither rich nor poor.

Members of the Associated Press commend the officers for their course in handling the strike.

One hundred persons are reported lost in the burning of a ship near Nanking.

Continuing, Mr. Foote said in part:

Enhanced Cost of Public Service.

Taxes upon the property of public services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users and alien property owners. All persons are not users of the services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users are alien property owners. All persons are not users of the services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users are alien property owners. All persons are not users of the services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users are alien property owners. All persons are not users of these services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users are alien property owners. All persons are not users of the services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users are alien property owners. All persons are not users of the service property within a property owners. All persons are not users of these services, but they accomplish the property owners. All persons are not users of these services, but they accomplish this for the benefit of non-users are alien property winds a prope Enhanced Cost of Public Service.

Securing Best Results. To secure the best possible public services

requires: First—That a public service corporation organized to supply a perpetual public need shall have the exclusive right to supply

services that they are doing so.

Experience of Michigan. Personally, my experience and observa-tion have taught me that the creatures of the public corporations have not borne their just share of taxation. Their financial strength has given them undue political influence. This influence has been created to the detriment of the people in many cases. Michigan believes in equal oppor-tunities, equal rights and equal taxation equal rights and equal taxation. es, like those of most other states, derive their powers through the legislature The legislature in 1900 on the rec tion of Governor Pingree repealed the char-ter of the Michigan Central railway and compelled the railroad to carry for 2 cents

Events immedidately demonstrated the isdom of this course, for it was not only special to the people, but to the railwisdom of the roads as well.

The former paid less for their transportation, and the latter, through increased traffic, obtained better revenue.

Two-Cent Fare in Michigan. Mayor Todd also related to the movement show that the great corporations in is no exception to the general rule) have received special favors in years gone by and that it only requires an awakened pubplained that the saws were the best that lic conscience to secure the treatment from these public service corporations to which the people are entitled."

> He further said: mission to take them into consideration in fixing values as a whole. It is clear to in fixing values as a whole. It is clear to my mind that the real object of any public service corporation, so far as the people are concerned, is to serve the public fairly, impartially and at just and reasonable rates. This cannot be deetly, and I hardly think, indirectly, accomplished by imposing a franchise tax, for while such a proposition may go a long way towards and taxation it fails to accomplish proposition may go a long way towards equitable taxation it falls to accomplish the aforesaid object of these corporations, viz: that of just and reasonable public

service.

The main object of all legislation, it seems to me, should be service to the people at just and reasonable rates.

All Property on Same Basis.

it seems to me, this, the greatest problem now before the American people.

Bills Because of Issuance

JACKSON, Miss., Sept. 15.-Following up charging the Illinois Central and the Yazoo & Mississippi valley railroads with issuing passes to persons not entitled to such under the law, the grand jury of this county has reported true bills against every state for their alleged failure to file statements showing the number of passes issued and to whom, as the law directs.

Brothers Drown at Sloux City.

J. C. Root Says Old-Line Companies

and Fraternals Have Come to Terms.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 18 .- (Special.) -'Members of the Iowa Fraternal congress there is no more war between the old and EVERY VOTE IS UNANIMOUS the new line companies," said Joseph C. Root of Omaha, founder of the Woodmen of the World.

"Representatives of both the old and new line companies met recently and decided to call off the war. There will be no more strife. A gentlemen's agreement was made by the members of the committee and both sides will abide by their decision.

"When the committees were in session we clation, and commissioner of the Ohio told them that if they persisted in making State Board of Commerce, delivered an new exactions," continued Mr. Root, "and address before the eleventh annual meet- adding new requirements to the law, we ing of the League of American Munici- would commence to sell old line insurance palities here today on the subject of "Low and endowment policies, and then they Rates for Public Service vs. Franchise would have all the beneficiary societies as the republican county central committee, service corporations," said he, "is to reposes and to protect the home, and are not suggested by the candidates and every surely died of the maiadies then epidemic
quire them to provide a service capacity competitors in the broader field with the vote taken was unanimous. Addresses in prisons while awaiting trial for his secmuch greater than is sufficient to supply old line companies. The old line men saw, were made by the officers and by all the ond one. I would not have men hanged for present demands, and to extend their ser- where they could be benefited by a de- candidates present, in which each one vice lines beyond present paying limits, claration of peace, and it was decided then piedged himself to work for the entire

improving and building up the ever wid- Mr. Root was on the program to speak that the state insurance department demanded altogether too many inspections on the companies. He stated that he was in favor of frequent examinations, but every twenty minutes was too often for ance office and "examine." He was not in favor of fraternal companies going into politics further than to keep a line on the men who are running for the legislature fraternalism. The members of the insurance departments, he said, were afflicted with the "old line mania," and it had to be worked out of their system by the fraternal men. An explanation of the new line system, he declared, would help the cause of the fraternal societies to name the next auditor. Merely keep tab on the men going to the legislature and then go to them quietly and plead your cause, was, in his opinion, the best way to get the desired results.

SON OF MOSES TAYLOR DEAD

During His Long Life He Received Income on Fortune of Twenty Millions.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.-George C. Taylor, son of Moses Taylor, who was considered one of the wealthiest merchants of his time, such need perpetually.

Second—That all accounts shall be honestly and correctly kept; that economic thrift shall be insisted upon in every department; and that charges for the use of these services shall bear a fixed relation to the persent cost of production.

cumulated by saving a fortune equal if exist. Suggestions for the filling of the (dem.), Fourth district; Scott Ferris (dem.), Mayor W. W. Todd of Jackson, Mich., not superior to that left him by his father, ticket in South Omaha were left to the Fifth district. spoke on "Low Rates for Public Service in President Lincoln's administration, Mr. Against Franchise Taxation," before the Taylor was in the consular service and annual convention of the League of Amer- was stationed in London. There he met ican Municipalities here. He said, in part: Mrs. Betsy Head, an English woman, and engaged her as housekeeper and confidential secretary. She came with him when he returned to this country and she was in charge of his home at Great River until June 13 of this year, when she died, leaving property valued at \$365,000. Mr. Taylor became the guardian of Mrs. Head's daughter, Lena. Five or six years ago this daughter married Frederick William Bodley, Mr. Taylor's gardener. She was disinherited by her mother, whose will left only \$5 to her daughter. It is expected that Mr. Taylor in his will may have made some provision for his ward.

EXCESSIVE DIETING OPPOSED Noted English Physician Declares Craze for Getting Thin is Carried Too Far.

LONDON, Sept. 18.-Sir James Crichton-Browne, in delivering the presidential address at the annual meeting of the Sanitary Inspectors' association at Llandunc referred to the English meat supply and urged the addition of private slaughter houses and the providing of abbatoirs and a central office for meat inspection. Then people no longer would find "prize Christ-The Michigan law forbids the taxation of franchises as such, but allows the commission to take them into consideration in fixing values as a whole. It is clear to swamp." In another part of his address swamp." In another part of his address swamp." the eminent physician denounced what he described as the prevalent craze for getting thin. On all hands, he said, the cry is that we eat too much. So flerce in some quarters is the propaganda of dietetic ascetism that in dread of being suspected of gluttony, people only indulge their healthy appetite in secret. This craze, Sir James declared, was producing a debility which sufferers therefrom were seeking to combat by indulgence in alcohol and narcotics.

HUNDRED REPORTED BURNED

warded and the loss of life or extent of the mated that 100 lives were lost.

Maru, is of 1,758 tons register and is 300 a serious condition by the police. feet long. It was built in Japan in 1900 and belongs to the Osaka Shosen Kabushiki company at Osaka.

the indictments returned several days ago CANADIAN ENGINEER ARRESTED Authorities Censure Dominion Railroad for Putting Inexperi-

enced Men on Trains. TORONTO, Out., Sept. 18 .- The coroner's railroad in the state, both intra and inter- jury investigating the recent wreck on the Canadian Pacific railway at Calendonia.

Republican County Central Committee

Organizes for Campaign.

Committeemen Select Victor Rosewater as Douglas County Delegate to State Platform Con-

vention at Lincoln.

Chairman MYRON L LEARNED Vice Chairman N P SWANSON Scoretary O E T. BIEPEN Treasurer W. E. BHOADES VICTOR ROSEWATER

These officers were selected yesterday afternoon at an enthusiastic meeting of competitors, whereas now the beneficiary at which harmony was the watchword. societies are intended for fraternal pur- There was no opposition to the officers

The committee was called to order by ening limits of the municipality, increasing on the subject, "Legislation on Fraternal A. J. Donahoe of the old committee and and diversifying the industries of its in- Bates-What Attitude Shall We Assume?" the roll of delegates was called by Frank magazine article some years ago that an at-Woodland, the retiring secretary. Mr. service utilities should be limited only by Ancient Order of United Workmen, which the new committee to stand as a man with the chairman for the election of the the right of way for their service lines pense" basis. Furthermore, he declared entire ticket and this sentiment was vig- the court of the death penalty. orously applauded. Mr. Learned was not present, being out of the city, and Mr. and explained that coming as often as the Swanson took the chair as soon as he state demands they work a great hardship was elected. Mr. Riepen also took the The wishes and interests of the culprit or Standard Oil company of Indiana last year addresses in which they urged all members of the committee to stand by the officers by working for the success of congressman who indignantly resented the ceedings against the Standard Oil company every man on the ticket.

Senator B. F. Thomas nominated Victor Rosewater for delegate.

"Action by the other countles," he said, men to Lincoln. Governor Sheldon, Congressman Boyd, Senator Aldrich and exand Douglas county should send as its delegate the representative of the leading republican paper of the west."

Victor Rosewater Speaks. The election of Mr. Rosewater was unanimous and he was called for an ad-

"I thank you very much for this vote," OKLAHOMA CONTEST IS CLOSE "It is seldom that we find a meeting as large as this so unanimous, and it angurs well for the success of the ticket this fall. I believe with the chairman that every man on the ticket can be supported by all republicans and I believe every man will be elected. At the same time we should see that the entire vote of the party is registered and polled.

"So far as the state convention is concerned, it is only to formulate the platform. At the same time this is very important and it may have an important bearing on the result. I will try to see

son never engaged in active business, it is candidates for precinct officers in their delegates from that city.

Thanks Donahoe and Woodland. tion of William Kennedy, extended its thanks to A. J. Donahoe as chairman and Frank H. Woodland as secretary of the now seems probable, means the election old committee and both responded with of T. P. Gore, the blind orator, and R. L. brief addresses.

Senator B. F. Thomas was called on for remarks and in response pointed out that though the republican platform of last fall contained some radical planks which were opposed by the corporations, the party had fulfilled every pledge and could go into this campaign with the confidence of the people back of it.

At the close of business the candidates present made their bows and brief re-Smith, E. F. Brailey, Frank Furay, E. G. federal court today, on the motion for a Solomon, P. J. Trainer, Bryce Crawford and Harry B Davis. The committee adjourned to meet again at the call of the chairman.

LAW KNOWS NO PARTIALITY Attorney General Honaparte Says Wrongdoers of Whatever Station Must Suffer.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18 .- Attorney General Bonaparte held a three hours' conference today with District Attorney Sims, in which the attitude of the government in the Chicago & Alton immunity question was one of the matters considered. After the conference Mr. Bonaparte said: "I do not feel at liberty to give any information on that subject prior to such action as will be taken when the grand jury recon-

venes." . The attorney general denied that there is any friction or discord in connection with the proposed immunity. Mr. Bonaparte said that the government has not yet decided whether action against the harvester combine will be prosecuted under the civil or criminal law. Asked as to the policy of the Department of Justice in enforcement of the new anti-trust laws, the attorney general replied: "The penal statutes will be enforced against all wrongdoers. rich or poor, trust magnates or counter-

steamer, said to be the Tafoo Maru, has RALPH M. CLOUGHAN STABBED Man Claiming to Be Omaha Dentist Seriously Injured at Des

Moines.

DES MOINES, Sept. 18 .- (Special Teledamage done have not been ascertained, gram.)-Ralph M. Cloughan, who says he but it is known that many of the passen- is a dentist of Omaha, was slugged and gers and crew are missing and it is esti- stabbed, while walking with Ina Guran, Unusual Experience of Woman Who also of Omaha. He has disappeared and The Tafoo Maru, formerly the Tahung cannot be found. He is believed to be in

> The Omaha directory does not give the name of either person mentioned in the above dispatch.

SHIP IS REPORTED AS LOST Report that Three Hundred Chinese Met Death in Bristol Bay,

Alaska.

Attorney General Says Society Should Cease to Nourish and Protect

Its Enemies.

CHICAGO, Sept. 18 .- Today's session of he National Prison congress was held at Chicago university and the principal feature was an address by Attorney General TEN MILLIONS IN ONE YEAR Benaparte on "Punishment and Pardon. Mr. Bonaparte spoke of the value of

to radically change human nature," and of the necessity of insuring obedience to the sovereign will by punishment of disobe dience. The efficacy of any form of punishment, however, said the attorney gen eral, must be judged by its results to the community in diminution of crime. Its effects on the law breakers themselves, while worthy of note, are, he said, of vastly less moment.

"The habitual criminal," said he, "is a product of modern civilization. Our ancestors would have hanged him for his first felony, or he would have almost in prisons while awaiting trial for his sectriffing thefts, but I would have modern society cease to nourish and shelter its proved and inveterate enemies."

Mr. Bonaparte said he had seen no reason to repent of his suggestion, made in a tempt to commit capital crime ought to Donahoe opened with a statement asking be made itself capital, and that a fourth 240,000 by Judge Landis in Chicago. The commission of a major crime should render the offender liable, in discretion of

As to the power of pardon, "this," said Mr. Bonaparte, "exists and can be right- stock. The Indiana company is capitalized fully exercised only for the public benefit. at \$1,000,000. The dividends paid by the secretary's desk and both made short of his family or of his friends are imma- aggregated \$4,485,500, or a little more than terial.

failure of the Department of Justice to of New Jersey. The dividends and profits recommend clemency towards one of his of sixteen other subsidiary corporations constituents because he understood a rep- were given. resentative 'was entitled to three pardons show they are sending their strongest each session, and this was the first he had asked. "If I ever advised the president to ex-

Senator Currie have already been chosen, ercise elemency for no better reason than because I felt sorry for the prisoner or those interested in him, I should feel that my conduct had differed, indeed, in degree, but not in kind, from what it would have had I given such advice for a bribe in money.

that it is made up so as not to alienate majority, but the result of the vote on

McGuire (rep.), First district; Frank Hubthought that before he died he had ac- respective precincts where vacancies bard (rep.), Third district; C. D. Carter

> Both sides claim the election of governor. with Charles N. Haskell, democrat, ap-By a rising vote the committee, on mo- parently leading by a safe majority over Governor Frank Frantz, republican. The Capital. \$1,000,009; dividends, \$997,200; election of a democrat legislature, which \$1,772,173. 1206—Dividends. \$1,994,400; \$1,307,750. election of a democrat legislature, which Owen, nominated at the primultes in June, to the United States senate.

OMAHA ROAD HAS WEAK CASE

Unusual Request Made of Federal Court in Fight on Minnesota Rate Law.

ST. PAUL, Sept. 18 -Judge Thomas Wil. son, attorney for the Omaha railroad, in narks. Those who spoke were Robert the hearing before Judge Lochren in the temporary injunction to restrain the state from putting the new freight rates into effect, requested the court that if any order was made not to disturb the status quo in the matter of rates until the case could finally be determined on its merits. If the court heeds Judge Wilson's request the present 2-cent passenger rate recently put into effect will not be disturbed, even if Judge Lochren grants a temporary re-

straining order. Judge Wilson did not explain why made this request, but it is surmised that it indicated a weakness in the railroad's contentions that the state has no right to regulate rates which are interstate in

AUTO LAWS TO BE PUSHED

nature.

American Association Will Agree on pany of Texas for the Standard company Uniform Legislation for Several States.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18 .- President W. H. Hotchkiss of the American Automobile association will arrive here today from Buffalo to meet a number of officers and others interested to discuss several questions of as an asset. In 1890 the latter company's importance preparatory to the regular meeting of the American Automobile association directors tomorrow.

The bill of Charles T. Terry, chairman of the American Automobile association legislative committee, for equal state auto mobile laws, which has been revised dur. Standard Oil company between 1899 and 1904. ing the summer, will be discussed, as it is the intention to lay this bill before the legislatures of several states this coming year and secure its adoption. The federal automobile act, introduced into the last session of congress, is also to be pushed

NURSE. BRIDE AND A WIDOW cent bonds of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Has Long Been Fiance of

Wealthy Man.

rigorously in the next congress.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.-To have been a nurse, bride and a widow all within a few Fay and an accountant for the government hours is the unusual experience of Mrs. should retire and check up the income ac-Affred Adler of this city. Mr. Adler was counts from the various subsidiary coma wealthy Broadway glove manufacturer. panies. The partial list submitted contained He was taken with typhoid fever on his the names of seventeen subsidiary comway back from a trip through Yellowstone panies. Mr. Fay said that practically at Park with his flance, who was Miss Jo- the stock of the original nineteen subhanna M. D. Hartung of this city, and a sidiary companies was obtained by the party of friends. On his being taken to Standard Oli company of New Jersey be-Mount Sinai hospital Miss Hartung, to tween 1839 and 1900. SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 18.-An uncon- whom he had been engaged eight years, be Mr. Kellogg then asked Mr. Fay if he known ship was lost in Bristol Baye leave his bedsid-

Extraordinary Earnings of Standart Oil Company of Indiana.

discipline as having "a miraculous power Profits of Company Capitalized at One Million Dollars.

DIVIDENDS OF OTHER COMPANIES

Statements of Sixteen Subsidiary Rockefeller Corporations.

EVIDENCE IN NEW YORK HEARING

More Details of Conduct of Rock efeller Companies Brought Out Before Special Master.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.-Profits of morthan 1,000 per cent per year are made by the Standard Oil company of Indiana, the corporation sentenced to pay a fine of \$29, company's profits for 1908 were \$10,516,0%

and in 1903 they were \$5,753,410. The Standard Oil company of New Jerse; owns 3,990 shares of the Indiana company's \$6,000,000 less than the profits. The figures "A story is current in Washington of a were presented today in the federal pro-

> Statements of Profits. The statement of dividends and profits of the subsidiary corporations of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, as presented in the federal proceedings now in progress in this city, follow:

> Atlantic Refining Company-1903: Capital, \$5,000,000; dividends, \$8,490,830; profits, \$9,794. 190. 1906; Dividends, \$8,499,830; profits, \$9,794, \$5,606,237. Buckeye Pipe Line Company—1903: Capi-tal, \$10,000,000: dividends, \$1,499,983; profits, \$4,582,147, 1906: Dividends, \$5,799,798; profits, \$7,023,382

OKLAHOMA CONTEST IS CLOSE

Both Sides Claim Governor, but Result on Prohibition is in Doubt.

OKLAHOMA CITY., Okl., Sept. 18,—Up to noon today but few returns from yesterday's election additional to those received last night had come in and neither republican nor democratic party managers were in a position to make fresh estimates on the result.

The reports so far received indicate that the constitution was adopted by a large majority, but the result of the vote on state-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution was adopted that the constitution is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution of the constitution was adopted by a large majority, but the result of the vote on state-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution of the constitution was adopted by a large majority but the result of the vote on state-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution of the constitution was adopted by a large majority but the result of the vote on state-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution of the constitution was adopted by a large majority. But the result of the vote on state-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution was adopted by a large majority. But the result of the vote on state-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was not considered the constitution was adopted by a large majority. But the result of the vote on the constitution was adopted by a large majority. But the result of the vote on the constitution was adopted by a large majority. But the result of the vote on the constitution was adopted by a large majority. But the constitution was adopted by a large majority and the content of the constitution was adopted by a large content of the c

in strict retirement at Great River for nearly twenty years, having moved there from this city, where his father had accumulated his fortune. The Taylor place it is formulated it may be such as may be subscribed to by every republican in the county."

By his father's will Mr. Taylor received.

The committee gave the chairman power over R. L. Fulton (dem.), whose election.

State-wide prohibition is in doubt and may not be known for some time. It was claimed here today that Thomas B. Ferguson, republican ex-governor, had been elected to congress in the Second district.

The committee gave the chairman power over R. L. Fulton (dem.), whose election of the first over R. L. Fulton (dem.), whose election (dem.), who

Standard Oil Company of Iowa—1906; capi-tal, \$1,000,000; dividends, \$6,000,000; profits, \$1,809.418. 1900; dividends, \$3,904,096; profits, Standard Oil Company of Indiana—1908; capital, \$1,000,000; dividenda. \$8,491,500; profits. \$8,753.410. 1906; dividend. \$4,495,500; profits. \$10,516.682.

Standard Oil Company of Kentucky, 1908-Standard Oil Company of New York, 1908— Capital, \$15,000,000; dividends, \$10,489,650; profits, \$14,591.046, 1996—Dividends, \$1,149,090; profits, \$9,556,031.

profits, \$3,556,631.

Standard Oll Company of Ohio, 1908—Capital. \$3,500,000; dividends, \$174,970; profits, 4960,184. 1976—Dividends, \$174,970; profits, Vacuum Oll Company. 1908—Capital. \$2,500. 000; dividends, not given; profits, \$1.314.46 1906—Dividends, not given; profits, \$1.446.60 Records Asked For.

Purther efforts to obtain records of the quidating trustees of the Standard Oil trust, which effected the dissolution of the trust and formed the present Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, were made by Frank I. Kellogg, who is conducting the government's suit against the company, when the hearing before Special Master Ferriss was resumed today. Mr. Kelloga issued a subpoena six weeks ago for these ecords. By them he expected to show the formative process of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and prove the government's charge that the company is an ille-

gal combination. Clarence G. Fay, assistant comptroller of the Standard, was recalled to the stand and questioned about the income of the C. M. Pratt Investment company. He said that the income from this source in 1902 was \$137,400 and that the money was paid over to the Standard Oil company by C. M. Pratt, who yesterday testified that he held stock of the Waters-Pierce Oil comand that the Standard company held the stock of the C. M. Pratt company in lieu of the Waters-Pierce Oll company stocks, Mr. Fay testified that between 1898 and 1906 the stock of the Waters-Pierce Oil company did not appear upon the books of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey balance sheet showed ownership of 2,747

Exchange of Secarities. Mr. Fay was questioned about certain trust company certificates held by the A statement from the company showed that stock of the National Storage company was held in exchange for the Lehigh Valley railroad bonds and deposited with the Central Trust company, which issued certificates in exchange. In 1905 these Central Trust certificates were exchanged for \$100,000 in cash and \$500,000 worth of 4 per

shares of the Waters-Pierce stock, valued

#1 \$3,007,802.

company. Mr. Kellogg asked Mr. Pay to produce a statement showing the capitalization of all the companies in which the Standard Oil company was interested. Mr. Fay said he would if possible. It was agreed that Mr.

in which seven people were killed and oth- firmed report reached Scattle at 2 o'clock came his nurse. He succumbed to the dis had searched for the records of the liquidaters injured, made its report today and this morning to the effect that 300 Chinese case, but before his death he and Miss Har- ing trustees during the period between 1802 directed the arrest of Engineer Hodge and have been drowned in Bristol Bay, Alaska tung were married. The wedding took place and 1809. Mr. Fay said he hunted last night Conductor Grimes. The Canadian Pacific Up to roon no confirmation had been re- at 5:30 o'clock in the morning and he ex- and found several Standard Oil trust ledg-ST. JOSEPH. Ms., Sept. 18.—Edward and the hunted last night at \$100 clock in the morning and he exThomas Johnson, brothers of Sieux City, putting inexperienced men in charge of connection with the rumor that an unloapsizing of a skiff in the Missouri river.

The Canadian Pacific Up to room no confirmation had been rethe canadian p the putting inexperienced men in charge of connection with the rumor that an un- vious to his death Miss Hartung did not amined and did not know whether they contained it or not. The company only keet