

USE OF PUBLIC LAND

Convention to Consider Public Domain Begins in Denver.

COLORADO MEN SOUND KEYNOTE

Administration Regulations Are to Be Opposed.

POSITION OF THE PRESIDENT

Harsh Rules Will Be Modified, but Policy Will Not Be Changed.

FEDERAL OFFICERS PRESENT

Secretary Garfield, Gifford Pinchot, F. H. Newell and R. A. Ballinger of Interior Department in Attendance.

DENVER, June 18.—Called together for discussion of public land questions, with a view to formulating a policy and urging legislation in accordance therewith, nearly 5,000 representative citizens, representing all the transmissourian states, met in convention at the Broadway theater in this city today.

The badge worn by the Colorado delegates was designed to furnish the keynote to the convention. It is inscribed as follows: "Public lands were intended for home builders. We oppose interference by government agencies under autocratic rules and regulations."

United States Senator Thomas H. Carter of Montana, who was chosen as temporary chairman in caucus last night, made the following statement today before the convention assembled regarding the position of President Roosevelt on public land questions:

"The president is opposed, it seems, to the continuance of the free and unregulated range, but is not absolutely committed to any particular scheme for the accomplishment of this purpose. This is what I am informed by him, is the regulation of the public ranges of the west by the government."

DISASTER PROVES MYSTERY

Investigation by Steamboat Inspectors at Norfolk Fails to Clear Launch Cause.

NORFOLK, Va., June 18.—The investigation by local steamboat inspectors today of the sinking of the battleship Minnesota's launch was barren of results save that the witnesses, all of whom were members of the crew of the tug Crisfield and car float No. 30 of the New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk railway, testified to their lack of knowledge of any collision between their vessels and another through which the loss of the launch might have resulted.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18.—General Under, supervising inspector general of steam vessels, before leaving for Norfolk to attend the official investigation into the Minnesota launch disaster told Secretary McCall that no tug with a tow had left Hampton Roads on the night the launch disappeared. His statement has only added to the mystery which surrounds the catastrophe.

FORT MONROE, Va., June 18.—With his arms stretched out as though he had been swimming, and barefooted, the body thought to be that of Seaman Harry L. Van Dorn of the Rapids, Ia., who was a member of the crew of the ill-fated Minnesota's launch, was found floating near the riprap today by the passenger steamer Emma Gouldman, plying between Old Point and Pine Beach. The steamer towed it to Old Point, where a launch from the Minnesota took it to the shore.

Identification was difficult because of the mutilated condition of the body. Funeral services will be held at the naval hospital unless the family of the deceased should claim the body.

Experienced seamen say that the outstretched condition of the arms indicate conclusively that Van Dorn left the launch alive and must have swam some distance before he succumbed to the heavy seas the night of the accident. Six bodies have now been recovered, leaving only five missing.

WILL KNOW OF STRIKE TODAY

Executive Committee of Commercial Telegraphers' Union Says Statement Will Be Made.

NEW YORK, June 18.—Whether a strike will be ordered to enforce the demands of the telegraphers employed by the Western Union for increased wages will be made known tomorrow, according to an announcement made today at the headquarters of the executive committee of the Commercial Telegraphers' union. S. J. Koenekamp, who is acting as the head of the union in the absence of President Small, who is out of the city, said today:

"We will be able to announce positively tomorrow whether the union will order a strike or not. We will be in a position then to make our plans public."

Mr. Koenekamp said he had heard nothing from Labor Commissioner Nell, who had been requested by President Roosevelt to look into the differences between the telegraph companies and their employes.

FIVE KILLED BY EXPLOSION

Gelatine Department of Powder Plant at Williamsport Blows Up with Deadly Result.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., June 18.—Five men were killed in an explosion in the gelatine department of the Sinesmahoning Powder company at Sinesmahoning, Pa., today. The dead:

BILLIARD SUMMERSON, EDWARD COLE, H. NELSON, HARRY COLE, SAMUEL SHADMAN.

Only fragments of the bodies were found. As all the men in the building were killed it is not possible to ascertain the cause of the explosion. Two men at work nearby were injured.

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Wednesday, June 19, 1907.

Table with columns for dates from 1907 to 1907, listing days of the week and corresponding numbers.

THE WEATHER

FORECAST FOR NEBRASKA—Fair and cooler. Temperature at Omaha yesterday:

Table showing temperature at Omaha for various times of the day (8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., 6 p.m., 8 p.m., 10 p.m., 12 m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., 6 p.m., 8 p.m., 10 p.m.)

DOMES

Letters written by Or... his wife giving false information...

Lands for builders of homes... the motto of the delegates to the land convention held at Denver...

Four road hogs... Columbus, O., killing the Greman, but no one else.

Five men are killed by explosion in powder factory at Williamsport, Pa.

Investigation into the mystery of the slaying of Miss... launch brings no clue as to the cause.

Epidemic of typhoid fever at Pittsburgh becomes more general.

Bryan speaks to the democrats of Oklahoma, praising their new constitution as better than the constitution of the United States.

Mayor Eugene Schmitz of San Francisco secures liberation from jail for a short time to attend to private business only.

President Koenekamp of the Commercial Telegraphers' union at New York says that whether a strike will be ordered will be known definitely today.

W. J. Bryan, in letter to New York traveling man, declares that the next governor of New York will not veto a 2-cent fare law.

King Edward and many prominent persons of royalty and English and American society attend the Ascot race meeting.

French government wins vote of confidence from Chamber of Deputies by large majority over decision to suppress wine growers' revolt.

Bumors in Japan give credence to report that Ambassador Aoki will be recalled.

General Passenger Agent Lomax of Union Pacific, at the second annual meeting of the operating officials of that road, reads paper on harmony and says officials and employes are one happy family.

County board defeats Brunning resolution providing for remodeling the present courthouse and lays over Trainer's calling for joint action of city and county on court house plans.

Secretary Taft and party are given ovation on arrival in Omaha, where the secretary of war is principal orator at the Young Men's Christian association and guest at dinner at Omaha club.

Will of George W. Lintinger, signed on deathbed, is filed for probate and widow files petition for Marion P. Devolan as executor.

Burlington reports show crops in Nebraska are reaping the benefits from reasonable rain and sunshine and promise excellent harvests.

Society—Whist clubs getting under cover for the warm season and giving way to Cupid and the altar.

Nicholas was allowed to go without any cross-examination and Harry Orchard was called. The notorious prisoner witness entered the court room through the door leading to the judge's room. His appearance created no particular interest. He came in with his customary brisk step and preceded and followed by deputies and "gun men."

E. P. Richardson at once commenced the cross-examination. It became evident that the defense proposed to bring a number of witnesses to prove that Orchard had for years nursed a vengeful spite against Steunenberg and had repeatedly made threats against him.

"Do you know Max Malich of Denver?" asked Richardson.

"Did you in June or July of 1906 say to Max Malich, you and he being alone, that you were going to kill Steunenberg even if you had to swing for it?"

"No, sir, I never had any such conversation with him."

Senator Borah asked if he could not place the time closer than June or July, 1906.

"No man can fix the exact day of such an occurrence," said Mr. Richardson, somewhat hotly.

"We will have Max Malich here and he may fix it for you, but it is not likely he can give you the day of the conversation."

"Did you say that Steunenberg was mean and that had it not been for Steunenberg you would have been a millionaire and you had owned a sixteenth share of the Hercules mine and that Steunenberg had driven you out of the state?"

"No, sir, I never said any such thing."

Orchard Does Not Hesitate. Orchard was very positive in his replies and showed no hesitation. Mr. Richardson asked him if he knew Lottie Day of Denver and meeting her in a room at the Belmont hotel told her that he intended to kill Steunenberg. This also Orchard denied.

Orchard was asked if he had not made similar threats in the hearing and presence of "Kid" Watson of Crystal Creek and others. He was asked if he had not told Dr. J. S. McGee, formerly of Wallace, that he was a spy and that he was going to "get even" with Steunenberg. He positively denied he had had any conversation with Dr. C. Coates or had any conversation with the latter, formerly lieutenant governor of Colorado, was repeated by Richardson.

In this Orchard is alleged to have said: "The more I see of my old partners in the Hercules the more bitter I feel. They are all as rich and I am a wandering pauper. I'll get even with Steunenberg yet."

Orchard said quietly: "I never made any such statement, either then or elsewhere."

Letter Without Signatures. At this point the state took Orchard over for the redirect examination. J. H. Hawley asked as to his interest in the

(Continued on Second Page.)

ORCHARD RECEIVED HIS WIFE

Letters Produced Showing Collusion with Haywood.

STAR WITNESS AGAIN TESTIFIES

Orchard Recalled by Attorney Richardson and Questioned as to Whether He Had Vengeful Spite.

BOISE, Idaho, June 18.—With Harry Orchard recalled to the stand, first by prepared formally by the defense for impeachment and then to be directly examined, the state produced this morning a number of letters written by the witness and one of the prisoner Haywood, the purpose of which was to show that there had been a conspiracy to deceive Mrs. Orchard of Cripple Creek as to the whereabouts of Orchard in the spring and summer of 1906.

The defense vigorously protested against the introduction of the matter on redirect examination, but the court ruled that if it was improper on redirect he would permit the state to re-open its examination.

Orchard swore that Haywood said in the spring of 1906 that Mrs. Orchard was repeatedly writing to him as to Orchard's whereabouts and Orchard suggested that he write her a series of letters, dated at San Francisco and have them delivered through agents of the Western Federation of Miners. Two were thus written and the state, producing them, secured their admission. Then one was written, dated at Nome, Alaska, and given to Marion Moore, then an organizer for the Western Federation of Miners, to take to Alaska and mail.

The state produced the letter and over objections secured its admission. Next the state produced a letter written by Haywood himself to Mrs. Orchard showing that the prisoner had knowledge of the Alaskan story and this, too, was admitted in evidence. Orchard also testified that the copies of Mrs. Orchard were sent to him through Haywood.

Seek to Show Revenge. The impeaching questions propounded by the defense all indicated a purpose by the defense to show that at various times Orchard threatened to kill Steunenberg because of a desire to be revenged for the loss of his interest in the Hercules mine.

All the members of the Haywood family were in the seats near the prisoner when the case against William D. Haywood was resumed at 9:30 this morning in the Ada county district court.

During the intermission since the adjournment on Saturday a large number of witnesses have arrived in Boise. The court room was only about half filled, however, at the time court opened. J. T. Nicholas, who was deputy sheriff of Canyon county and in charge of the jail at Caldwell at the time of Orchard's arrest after the murder of former Governor Steunenberg was here, Orchard, in his statement from the stand, said that while in the jail at Caldwell he received a letter from Pettibone. The original of the letter was destroyed by Orchard, but Nicholas had told him that money was to be sent to Orchard. The copy of the letter was produced and identified by Nicholas. A section of the original envelope was also produced and identified. The letter was not read. The witness said that it was not signed.

Miller Called Upon Orchard. Nicholas testified that Fred Miller, a lawyer of Salt Lake City, called upon Orchard shortly after he was placed in the Caldwell jail. Miller is now one of the attorneys for the defense of Haywood. Nicholas said that Orchard had not sent a telegram summoning Miller, but that he had received a telegram signed "M."

The copy of the telegram was produced and identified by the witness. Nicholas was proceeding to tell of a conversation with Miller when the defense raised objection after objection and after argument the testimony was admitted. Nicholas said that Miller had told him that money was to be sent to Orchard should be turned over to Miller as his attorney.

Nicholas was allowed to go without any cross-examination and Harry Orchard was called. The notorious prisoner witness entered the court room through the door leading to the judge's room. His appearance created no particular interest. He came in with his customary brisk step and preceded and followed by deputies and "gun men."

E. P. Richardson at once commenced the cross-examination. It became evident that the defense proposed to bring a number of witnesses to prove that Orchard had for years nursed a vengeful spite against Steunenberg and had repeatedly made threats against him.

"Do you know Max Malich of Denver?" asked Richardson.

"Did you in June or July of 1906 say to Max Malich, you and he being alone, that you were going to kill Steunenberg even if you had to swing for it?"

"No, sir, I never had any such conversation with him."

Senator Borah asked if he could not place the time closer than June or July, 1906.

"No man can fix the exact day of such an occurrence," said Mr. Richardson, somewhat hotly.

"We will have Max Malich here and he may fix it for you, but it is not likely he can give you the day of the conversation."

"Did you say that Steunenberg was mean and that had it not been for Steunenberg you would have been a millionaire and you had owned a sixteenth share of the Hercules mine and that Steunenberg had driven you out of the state?"

"No, sir, I never said any such thing."

Orchard Does Not Hesitate. Orchard was very positive in his replies and showed no hesitation. Mr. Richardson asked him if he knew Lottie Day of Denver and meeting her in a room at the Belmont hotel told her that he intended to kill Steunenberg. This also Orchard denied.

Orchard was asked if he had not made similar threats in the hearing and presence of "Kid" Watson of Crystal Creek and others. He was asked if he had not told Dr. J. S. McGee, formerly of Wallace, that he was a spy and that he was going to "get even" with Steunenberg. He positively denied he had had any conversation with Dr. C. Coates or had any conversation with the latter, formerly lieutenant governor of Colorado, was repeated by Richardson.

In this Orchard is alleged to have said: "The more I see of my old partners in the Hercules the more bitter I feel. They are all as rich and I am a wandering pauper. I'll get even with Steunenberg yet."

Orchard said quietly: "I never made any such statement, either then or elsewhere."

Letter Without Signatures. At this point the state took Orchard over for the redirect examination. J. H. Hawley asked as to his interest in the

(Continued on Second Page.)

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

Nebraska and Iowa Postoffice Clerks Given Increase in Salaries.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, June 18.—(Special Telegram)—First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock today announced increases in salaries of postal clerks, effective July 1 next, as follows:

Nebraska—Alliance, one clerk, \$500 to \$600; one, \$500 to \$600; Aurora, two, \$500 to \$600; Blair, one, \$500 to \$600, one, \$500 to \$600.

Iowa—Council Bluffs, two, \$500 to \$600; one, \$700 to \$800; two, \$500 to \$600; two, \$1,000 to \$1,100; Albia, two, \$400 to \$500; one, \$700 to \$800; Algona, one, \$600 to \$700; one, \$700 to \$800; Cedar Falls, one, \$600 to \$700; two, \$800 to \$900; Centerville, two, \$600 to \$700; one, \$600 to \$700; Chariton, one, \$700 to \$800; two, \$800 to \$900; Clinton, four, \$700 to \$800; one, \$800 to \$900; one, \$800 to \$900; Creston, one, \$600 to \$700; one, \$700 to \$800; one, \$800 to \$900; Des Moines, one, \$800 to \$900; Fort Madison, four, increased \$100 each; Harlan, one, \$100 increase; Iowa City, two, \$600 to \$700; one, \$700 to \$800; two, \$800 to \$900; one, \$900 to \$1,000; one, \$1,000 to \$1,100; Jefferson, one, \$700 to \$800.

The secretary of the Interior has reserved the following described lands in the Black Hills, South Dakota, for town site purposes in connection with Belle Fourche irrigation project: Township 9 north, range 8 east, southeast quarter of southeast quarter, section 19, north half of southwest quarter, section 20, east half section 20, east half of northeast quarter, section 41, east at Abbott, Hall county, Neb., vice D. Broadwood, resigned.

LAND ATTACK ON NEW YORK

General Murray, Chief of Artillery, Says Much Danger Exists in the Rear.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18.—General Murray, chief of artillery, has returned from New York, where he was an observer of the joint operations of the regular coast artillery and the New York state militia in repelling the sham naval attack upon the defenses of New York. Having planned these joint drills with the special force of trained volunteers to make an extensive test of the regular coast artillery, he is extremely gratified with the exhibition of interest and enthusiasm shown by the New York national guardmen in the successful work of last week. It is now proposed to extend the plans for joint drills, based upon the plan, developed by the experience of last week, that the real weakness of New York's defenses lies in the danger of an attack by a land force in the rear of the fortifications.

HEAVIER LOADS FOR CARS

Plan to Relieve Congestion in Properly by Freight Agents from Toledo.

NEW ORLEANS, La., June 18.—Internal inquiries into the means of relieving the congestion of freight cars at Toledo, which began here today, the delegation from Toledo has made the following proposition:

"My shippers show a disposition to load the cars to the minimum governing the commodity shipped, whereas loading to full capacity of the car would greatly relieve the existing car shortage. As a remedy the Toledo agents propose 'the changing of the classification minimum on car loads to the visible capacity of the car.' The New York agents will bring up a general discussion of the new rate law.

Today's sessions were confined to a welcome and to pleasure trips.

DEPRECATES HUGHES' VETO

W. J. Bryan Writes to Traveling Man Saying Next Governor Will Do Differently.

NORFOLK, Va., June 18.—William Hoge, traveling New York in the National Travelers' Protective association convention here, today received from William J. Bryan a letter, dated Lincoln, Neb., June 15, in which Mr. Bryan secured the veto of the 2-cent rate bill. He simply gives the benefit of the doubt to the railroads in their plan to increase the rate on goods where the roads were protected by an appeal to the courts, whereas the people are not so protected.

His veto shows how difficult regulation is when the reformer have such an enormous majority in the legislature.

But the traveling man ought not to be discouraged. He takes time to secure reforms that reforms come—the next governor of New York will not veto a 2-cent rate bill.

RAINFALL BELOW NORMAL

Record for Week Shows Lack of Moisture Over Considerable Area.

LINCOLN, Neb., June 18.—(Special.)—Following is the weekly weather bulletin for the week ending June 18:

The week was warm and clear, with a few showers of rain on June 12. The daily mean temperature averaged 4 degrees above the normal. It is the first time since the beginning of the season that the maximum temperatures were about 50 degrees in the last three days of the week.

The rain was confined to scattered showers and was generally much below the normal. In considerable areas no rain fell after Monday, the 11th, while in most places where rain fell the amount was less than half an inch. The total rainfall from April to date is about 2.50 inches below the normal.

The weather was mostly clear during the week, with some clouds occurring especially the first part of the week, and in the northern and western counties. C. A. LOVELAND, Section Director.

WEBSTER CITY MAN DEAD

J. P. Clagg, Wealthy Iowa, Beaten and Robbed, Has Succumbed to Injuries.

WEBSTER CITY, Ia., June 18.—(Special Telegram)—J. P. Clagg, who was found unconscious in the woods near here Sunday night, is dying. He did not regain consciousness. It is believed he had been assaulted and robbed. He is a very wealthy man. Clagg died at noon without regaining consciousness.

Cloudburst Tears Out Line. PONCA, Neb., June 18.—(Special Telegram.)—A cloudburst between this station and Newcastle did considerable damage, especially to the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railroad, where two and a half miles of track were washed out and several bridges as well. The trains are being sent around the washout and are being put through. It is thought it will require at least three days to repair the damage to the railroad.

LIMITED TRAIN FLIES TRACK

One of Swiftest on Big Four Strikes Switch Near Columbus.

FIREMAN WHO JUMPED WILL DIE

Engineer Stuck to Throttle and is Uninjured—Passengers Thrown in All Directions, but None Killed.

COLUMBUS, O., June 18.—Big Four passenger train No. 18, one of the fastest trains on the New York Central lines, went through an open switch today in the northbound direction, and is now lying on its side along the track while all the passengers are wondering they were not killed. The train is the fastest that runs between this city and Cleveland and was rushing along, according to one of the passengers, at fifty miles an hour when it struck a switch opening in its side along the track. The passengers were thrown in every direction.

The tender of the engine ran along the side of the track for some distance and then plunged its nose into the ground about twenty-five feet, the engine continuing along the side of the track for 200 feet and then coming to rest over its side. Engineer William T. Smith stuck to his post and was uninjured. His fireman, Joe Mahaffey of Cleveland jumped and is probably fatally injured. He was taken to the Protestant hospital. The rest of the train lying on its side along the track. The train, which is a mate of the Twentieth Century Limited, carries through passengers from New York. The sleepers were wrecked but a report that the wreck caught fire is an error. The list of seriously injured follows:

Elizabeth Mowrey, aged 93, Cleveland, Ill. injured; back sprained. Dr. Hindman, New York; back hurt and body bruised.

The wreck occurred in a portion of the city which is almost inaccessible and it was some time before aid reached the passengers. All the ambulances in the city were rushed to the scene and the seriously injured were hurried to the hospitals.

Many of the passengers in the sleepers who were only scratched and slightly bruised were able to walk to a street car or other conveyance and came into the city. Many refused to give their names. It is not believed any of the injured except the fireman will die. The wrecked train leaves Cleveland at 1:25 a. m. daily and is known among railroad men as the Lake Shore Limited.

The track followed by the wrecked flyer was a spur leading to a factory. It has been determined whether the switch was left open by a switching crew or whether the engine followed the side track on account of a defect in the switch. Officials are of the opinion that the switch was either tampered with or carelessly left open.

LOOKING FOR AOKI'S RECALL

Strong Indications in Tokio that Ambassador at Washington is to Return.

TOKIO, June 18.—There are strong indications that Ambassador Aoki will be recalled. There is an inclination to connect the rumor of his reported coming recall with Premier Salomon's audience with the mikado this morning after the cabinet council.

MUKDEN, June 18.—Viscount Hayashi, foreign minister of Japan who regards the new administration in Manchuria which is the outcome of Baron Komura's mission to China in December, 1906, as the medium of a settlement of existing differences between China and Japan followed the viceroys of Mukden here and the two held a long consultation at Hauehlohng today.

President Clemenceau refused to agree to the immediate discussion of an interpellation on the subject of the government's plans and demanded that the motion be postponed until June 26. In a speech which was frequently interrupted by noisy protests he declared that all means of conciliation were now exhausted and that as chief of the government he was bound to enforce respect for the law. The committee at Argelliers had set itself up in place of the central government. If the chamber defeated the postponement of the interpellation he would immediately countermand the prosecutions and the chamber would be responsible for the grave consequences. The government's motion was finally adopted amid wild excitement by 421 to 158 votes.

WILL NOT WED MRS. PALMER

Earl of Munster Denies Report He is Engaged to Chicago Woman.

LONDON, June 18.—The Earl of Munster, when questioned today regarding the report that he was engaged to Mrs. Potter Palmer, replied: "The report is absolutely untrue!"

All the afternoon papers here printed dispatches from Chicago reporting the engagement, with photographs and biographies of the parties.

COURT REFUSES INJUNCTION

District Judge at Denver Denies Motion in Woodmen of the World Case.

DENVER, June 18.—District Judge Allen yesterday denied the motion for a temporary injunction in the suit of Mrs. Jessie Falkenberg Falls against the head of the Woodmen of the World to prevent the erection of a monument to the memory of President Grant at Pueblo, Colo. Judge Allen took occasion to rebuke the local lodge that supported the suit, declaring that it should never have been brought, but that the dispute should have been settled within the order.

COLLECTS MEXICAN SUBSIDY

Panamerican Railroad Completed to Within Short Distance of Guatemala.

MEXICO CITY, June 18.—J. M. Neeland, general manager of the Panamerican railroad, today collected from the Mexican government \$1,200,000 as the third payment of the subsidy which it granted, making the total paid to date \$5,000,000 and leaving a balance of \$2,000,000 which will be paid when the railroad reaches the Guatemalan border.

The road is now within 140 miles of the Guatemalan border and construction in Salvador and Spanish Honduras will commence before the close of the present year.

MARK TWAIN MEETS SHAW

LONDON, June 18.—A number of friends and admirers met Mark Twain (Samuel L. Clemens) on his arrival here this morning from New York. Among those introduced to the American humorist was George Bernard Shaw, the author, with whom Twain engaged in conversation for some time.

TABOR COLLEGE HOLDS JUBILEE

Week's Commencement Festivities Are Held With Due Ceremony.

TABOR, Ia., June 18.—(Special.)—The Tabor college jubilee has opened with a fair attendance. The senior class gave some amusing stunts, and an excellent farewell address was given by Miss Stevens of Adams hall Saturday evening. The other classes also were largely and loudly in evidence, the freshmen exploding a fine exhibit of fireworks.

Sunday President Ellis delivered the baccalaureate address to a full house, many of the campus friends and alumni being present. Prof. Walter Wright of Olivet college, Michigan, gave a missionary address Sunday evening. Monday afternoon the interclass oratorical contest was held. Royal Barnes of the junior class winning the \$25 Harlow prize as the best orator. He will represent the college at the county contest. Willard Wyant of the freshmen class was second. Miss Myrtle of the sophomore class secured the \$10 prize in her class and Miss Jessie Winchell the junior class prize of \$10.

Monday evening a large audience assembled on the campus to witness Shakespeare's "Midsummer Night's Dream," as rendered by the Phi Kappa Literary society.

Today was historical day, with flag raising and other interesting events. The regular college trustees' meeting was held today.

COMM