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### THE - OMAHA DAILY BEE FOUNDED BY EDWARD ROSEWATER.

#### VICTOR ROSEWATER, EDITOR.

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STATEMENT OF CIRCULATION. State of Nebraska, Douglas County, ss. Charles C. Resewater, general manager of The Bee Publishing Company, being duly sworn, says that the actual number of full and complete copies of The Daily. Morning, Evening and Sunday Pee printed during the month of April, 1907, was as follows:

\$0110W&*	
1 33,670	17 35,090
2 34.090	18 35,090
8 34,110	19 34.840
4 34.390	20 35.010
5 34,330	21 33,350
6 34,330	22 35,090
7 31,400	23 85,300
8 34,280	24 35,430
9 34,450	25 35,470
10 34,500	26 30,340
11	27 35,530
12	28 34,600
13	29 35,510
14 32,400	30 35,550
15 34,690	
	Total 1,033,410
	urned coples. 9,864
	C. ROSEWATER.
	Ceneral Manager.

Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me this 30th day of April, 1907, (Seal) M. B. HUNGATE, Notary Public.

WHEN OUT OF TOWN. Subscribers leaving the city temporarily should have The Bee mailed to them. Address will be changed as often as requested.

Perhaps with a little darning, the winter flannels may last until June.

have sat upon the church pew trust.

It is up to Abe Ruef to write a testimonial to the grand jury that cured him an itching palm.

That trusty old agent of peace, "Manana," has postponed the war between Mexico and Guatemala.

"Make San Francisco fireproof," says the Chronicle of that city. Better make it graft proof as a starter.

By the aid of plentiful rains we will trade war and was forced upon the now be given a practical demonstra- executive by the failure of congress to tion of the recuperative power of Ne- give remedial legislation on the sub-

tration program to defer specific ac- how much to development of the inde- vention. tion on the subject until after the next pendent spirit among women who are session of congress, or at least until now self-supporting cannot be easily final action has been taken upon other determined. Both factors have doubtissues which President Roosevelt has less figured in the production of the

made paramount for his administra- existing situation. The importance of commission, some time during the life picturing the result if the 13.000.000 of the Sixtieth congress, with a view clerks, stenographers saleswomen and of bringing the revision question up the congress to be chosen at the presidential election next year. But there

will be disarranged and at least one

phase of the tariff question forced upon the attention of congress at its next session. The standpatters have already sounded an alarm and are matshalling their forces for an assault at the coming session upon the tariff "agreement" made with Germany through the State department.

Provisions of the tariff agreement with Germany are well understood, The United States, by operation of one of the provisions of the Dingley bill, has made tariff concessions on sparkling wines and other products imported from Germany, while Germany, in return, removes the maximum tariff rates from American meats and other foodstuffs. The administration at Washington deemed It necessary to make this agreement in order to avoid South Omaha that probably err in the a tariff war with Germany. The direction of conservatism as much as standpatters take the position that no such agreement should have been made without the sanction of congress. They insist that while the con- credited with a population of 124,167 cessions made are not sufficient to and South Omaha with a population cause worry, they constitute "a breach with principle" and should never have

been made without congressional consent. They assert that congress will not ratify the action of the president sus people probably overestimated and the State department any more South Omaha and underestimated than it will adopt the Kasson reciproc- Omaha, while the directory men unity treaties which have been slumbering in senate pigeonholes for a halfdozen years.

The strategic advantage of the situation, always as important in politics as in other kinds of warfare, rests The federal authorities in Chicago with the revisionists. The standpatters must assume the burden of the attack, instead of having the advantage of being on the defensive, as has heretofore been the case. They have been accustomed to playing the waiting game, but they will now be com-

pelled to take the aggressive, if they are dissatisfied with what has been done. The administration is in position to become a standpatter on its

action by simply urging the fact that the tariff agreement with Germany was necessary to prevent a disastrous

moral support to a movement started act as proposed in the Payne bill, and

DEFERRING TARIFF REVISION. | largely disappeared and woman's right | office holders shall be sent from that While Senator Allison and a few to engage in wage-earning pursuits is state as delegates to the republican other leaders in republican councils now well established. How much of national convention. The republicans assert that tariff revision will be one the changed condition is due to the fact must have been making great gains in of the issues in the coming presiden- that the supply of male wage earners Georgia if there is enough of them tial campaign, it is pretty generally is wholly inadequate to the demands outside the office-holding contingent accepted to be a part of the adminis- of modern business conditions and to form a delegation to a national con-

The State Board of Assessment should inform itself from all possible sources that may throw light upon the value of the railroad property which tion. The tentative program provides the part played by women in the wage. It is called upon to assess. When for/the possible appointment of a tariff earning field can be imagined only by considering the appeals of the railroad representatives for reductions, however, it should remember that the assessment of 1904 went all the way up women employed in like capacities for final action at an extra session of should suddenly decide that "woman's to the United States supreme court sphere is the home."

> OMAHA'S POPULATION. The publication of a new city direc-

tory furnishes occasion for fresh computations as to Omaha's present population. The directory makers by an arbitrary multiplication of the number of names inserted in their volume draw the conclusion that within the municipal boundaries of Omaha there are living 142,560 men, women and children, and within the municipal boundaries of South Omaha 30,330, making a total for the two cities of

The accuracy of populations esti-

mated upon city directory basis will naturally be questioned, but they may be useful by comparison with other figures obtained in other ways. The federal census bureau in its last bulletin gave estimates for Omaha and the directory estimates go to the op-

172,890.

posite extreme. According to the census computation, Omaha in 1906 was of 36,765, making a total of 160,932. The totals of the census takers and of the directory makers are not so far apart, all things considered. The cen-

derestimated South Omaha and overestimated Omaha. The census bureau

from previous census figures and applied it to the results of the last enumeration of 1900 uniformly year by

growth since that time. It is safe to say that Omaha has grown in population faster since the can save him one journey by telling year 1900 than it did in the decade him all about Salt creek.

between 1890 and 1900, and unless we experience a setback entirely unforeseen this will be conclusively proved by the next census. If before that time Omaha and South Omaha can come to a mutual understanding for consolidation, the 200,000 mark for kind is to move the parks. 1910 will not be an impossibility.

FEDERAL CONTROL OF HEALTH. President Roosevelt has given his

and withstood every attack. If any railroad in Nebraska is worth less today than it was three years 'ago it must be due to some special conditions

or hidden changes, and the burden of proof devolves upon the railroads.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: SATURDAY, MAY 25. 1907.

The democratic World-Herald again rushes editorially to the defense of the hickory-shirted statesman from Nemaha. Once before when it champloned his cause it charged the republican state committee \$75 a day for editorial space. Wonder if the present bouquets are thrown in for good measure or are to be billed at the old rate

Omaha banks show up magnificently in the compilation of returns to the last comptroller's call. The banks could not make such reassuring exhibits except for the healthy and prosperous business conditions prevailing locally and in the whole territory centering commercially around this point. and fortifies the position of the Irish na-

The acquittal of Pat Crowe in Iowa. following his two time acquittals in Nebraska, suggests the propriety of formers entitled "The Crime of Two

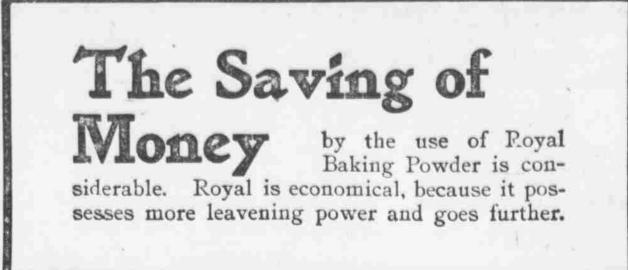
That Kentucky friend who calls the World-Herald "the leading Bryan paper in the country," cannot be a regular subscriber to that paper, or he has missed several numbers, notably those has taken an increase ratio derived issued about the time the "sting of party policies, it is apparent the liberal

ingratitude" got in its work.

year by assuming the same rate of trip down the Mississippi next fall for the purpose of familiarizing himself

> saloons of that city are located within May day demonstrations were handled and White House, 600 feet of the parks in violation of the law. Of course, the only thing governmental affairs, proved effective, for St. Louis to do in a case of that rallying cries for all factions opposed to

breakfast when his house caught fire bles are muliplying. The pending income had the table removed to the yard and tax scheme, unless radically changed, house burned. That holds the record elements which made possible the vote of



talizations increased, with an aggregate

POLITICAL DRIFT.

The forcible bounce of a majority of the

school board of Chicago is said to be due

The legislature of Hilnols passed appro

priation bills aggregating \$21,091,299, though

Isaac Stephenson, senator-elect of Wis-

onsin, will be 78 years of age on June 18.

Tom Taggart, chairman of the demo-

in Indiana-so quietly that democrats have

A Pennsylvania man died in a fit of un-

controllable laughter, provoked, it is

claimed, by the report that the state house

Two John F. Fitzgeralds are scheduled

stopped tossing bricks at him.

Resides his years he has accumulated sev-

#### OTHER LANDS THAN OURS.

capital of \$197,151,514 gold. This is nearly The unanimous decision of the Irish naone-third the total capitalized industry of tional convention at Dublin in favor of rethe country previous to the war. The enjecting the "installment of home rule" emterprises represented in this enormous capibodied in the Birrell bill , materially strengthens the position of the Irish natalization cover a wide field, but they nearly all belong in the category of what tionalist party at home and correspondingly may be termed modern industries, in the mennees the life of the liberal ministry. Had the home rule members of Parliament compromised the aspirations of their an aggregate capital of \$55,000.000 gold; ten more mixed than that, surely those people ountrymen by accepting the proposed measure, there is no doubt the decision would have caused dissensions in the home rule ranks as disheartening as those following the downfall of Charles Steward Parnell. A formidable section of radical Ireland represented by the Sinn Fein movement vigorously oppose the pollcy of Irish Parliamentary politics in London, contending that no good comes from Westminster, and urging instead the Hungarian policy of combatting English misrule by Irish public opinion directed by Irish representative conventions. The action of the Dublin conby indirect methods." vention spikes the guns of the Sinn Feiners

tionalist. It remains to be seen whether

they will immediately antagonize the liberal ministry. Good pollcy will prompt support of various reform measures deto "too much Kuflewskiacking." manded by sections of the liberal party another repetition of that famous lec- friendly to home rule. At the same time ture by one of our distinguished re- It is unlikely that John Redmond and his the revenue of the state is only \$8,250,000 followers will let pass an opportunity to per annum. take a fall out of the three members of the ministry who are held responsible for the makeshift Irish bill, While the ministry has a majoriy independent of the home rule vote, it is not sufficiently large or certain to warrant a challenge to the Irish. With the House of Lords opposed to the liberal party program, the Irish members dissat isfied, and the ministry divided on essential party, unable to secure results, cannot long endure. grafters would refund the money.

France are decidedly volcanic.

virtue of serf emancipation. From some

data just purchased by the Ministry of

by noble proprietors. In 1877 the whole

landed properties of the nobles aggregated

182,750,000 acres; at the end of last year

(1996) the aggregate was 71,500,000 acres.

The Nobles' bank was created by Alexan-

der III for the special purpose of redeem-

ing the heavily mortgaged estates of the

nobles, but, in the result, and to nobody's

surprise, that institution has completed, or

is completing, the bankruptcy of the class

it was intended to save. It enabled the

on exceptionally easy terms and, as a rule,

the money thus raised was, instead of be-

No less than forty-aix states will be rep-

ommodations for the diplomatists and

train, will be a hard one for the little

Dutch capital. -Several of the delegates

have arranged to stop at Scheveningen.

which is only a quarter of an hour's run

by electric train from the seat of the con-

Incidentally he says: "The tre-

ing put into the soil, wasted foolishly,

nobles further to mortgage their estates

With characteristic shrewdness the Clemenceau ministry played the leading

as candidates for mayor of Boston. One party factions of France one against the holds the job at present, the other is a with the inland waterways. Mr. Bryan other and secured a vote of confidence by roofer anxious to get in on the ground a substantial majority. The courageous floor, opposition of the premier to the program Governor Hughes of New York is pur-

of the socialists brought to the support of suing reform policies and securing results the ministry conservatives of all sections. on the lines followed by his predecessors, St. Louis has discovered that 200 The rigorous manner in which the menacing Cleveland and Roosevelt, which led to the the expressed determination of the govern-

eral million dollars.

Under the new Chicago charter, to be ment to prevent labor union domination in submitted to the voters in September, aldermen elected in 1909 and thereafter are to receive \$3,500 a year. The Chicago counsocialistic demands. By one clever stroke cil at present ranks among the highestthe ministry cut loose from radicalism and salaried bodies of the kind in the world. A Pittsburg man who was eating secured a free hand firmly to deal with its The charter also increases the term of former dominering allies. But other trou-aldermen to four years.

There is a rumor in inner circles in New finished his meal there while the promises to autagonize the conservative York that Whitelaw Reid is to soon resign his office as ambassador to England and return to America because of bu

PROBLEM OF RAILROAD VALUES.

Task of Great Magnitude and Diffculty.

Wall Street Journal. When Henry C. Adams, statistician of the Interstate Commerce commission, who has been studying the problem of railroad sense applied in Japan. For instance, there valuation for years, says that he knows are fifty-one new electrical companies, with of no subject in which a man can become new navigation and dock companies, with who are deciding the question offhand as if a total capital of \$20,000,000; fine new in- it was the easiest thing in the world, are surance companies, with a total capital of opening themselves to ridicule. Mr. Adams' \$7,500,000. New banking concerns aggregate study of the subject has led him to the a capital of \$11,000,000. There are eleven conclusion that if there is to be a fruitful new steam railway companies, with \$10,- valuation, it must be a federal valuation 000,000 capital; fourteen new mining com- in order to make the results uniform panies, with \$6,500,000 capital; while old throughout the country. There can be no corporations have increased their capital doubt that Mr. Adams is right in this. That \$34,000,000. To many of them direct govern- is the reason why President Roosevelt is ment assistance is being given, while considering federal valuation of railroads. nearly all of them have had or hope to Perhaps he may say something on the subsecure stimulation through the government ject in his Memorial day address.

#### BREEZY TRIFLES.

"Everybody has more or less trouble." "Yes," answered the observant woman, "If a man can't find anything else to worry him he goes to a ball game and gets highly indignant at the umpire."-Washington Star.

"If the telegraphers do strike, they ought "If the telegraphers do arrive, they ought to find it an easy matter to get along while they are idle." "How is that?" "Why, aren't they used to living on "tick""-Baltimore American.

President Lincoln laid down the news-President Lincoin laid down the news-paper he was reading and took a turn about the room. "I reckon," he said, with his whimsteal smile, "they call me 'Honest Abe' to dis-tinguish me from the other Abes."-Chicratic national committee, is living quietly,

cago Tribune.

Hondurans were still fighting, "What's the row about?" saked an ob-server. "Hasn't peace been declared?" "Belleve it has "replied a solidier, reach-ing for a cartridge; "but we thought then we were out of ammunition."--Philadelphia Ledger. Ledger

"Well," said Cassidy, "'the too bad that none av us kin iver be as good as some people think we sh'u'd be." "'Ayet" replied Casey, "but 'the consolin' to think that none av us kin ever be an bad as some people think we are."-Phil-adelphia Press

A RHAPSODY OF THE ROCKIES.

I. Twilight on the mountains-far distant bells a-twinkling. Where straying herds haste, seeking homeward trails;

homeward trails; Far o'er the snowy crests the little stars come twinkling, As fast the glow of crimson sunset pales. And as the dusk on piney slopes fast falleth, The mountains creep more closes, fold-

Till we pillow tired heads on the vastness of her bosom, And the creatures of the night their prowis begin.

II. Midnight on the mountains-all ominous in

silence. Far-reaching slopes lead up to Star-lit

heights; The watch fires on the ledges bespeak a

where the yeip of vandal mountain beast affrights;
And the camper on his cot draws yet more close the blankets
And shivers as the fitful night winds rise
And chase mysterious phantoms round blacking windows of his cabin,
"Till sleep brings his benediction to his over

III.

BAYOLL NE TRELE.

Wh

eyes.

We long for you, yet, but soon. Omaha.

grim surveillance, here the yelp of vandal mountain beast

Mr. Roosevelt has agreed to take a

States."

interview in which "Uncle Joe" Can- the standpatters to accept the German non says he is still a standpatter has reciprocity agreement and thus allow a queer idea of news.

May Irwin is to marry again. While May is 54 and weighs almost as much vision measures at least two years beas Secretary Taft, her bank account is fore the scheduled time. remarkably handsome.

The purchasing agent of the Panama Canal commission is going to resign. The resignation green bug is still working overtime at Panama.

"Is it a sin to sell soda water on Sunday?" asks the Baltimore Sun. It is not only a sin, but almost a crime, to sell some kinds of it on any day.

Never mind. If Lincoln will organize a trade excursion to Mexico or Panama, Omaha will enter no objections to Governor Sheldon going along.

"Boss" Cox of Ohio has recanted and says he will not endorse Taft, ers, 328,935 laundresses, 146,928 There is a suspicion now that Cox housekeepers and 456,405 domestic really wants to help the secretary of servants-as these occupations are acwar.

Sheriff "Shad" Hodgin of Boise will be in position to make an accurate estimate of the male population of Idaho.

Japan has placed \$12,000,000 in orders for steel rails with American Five of them are employed as pilots, firms and now wants \$2,000,000 worth of American locomotives right away. Banzal.

"We want immigrants from Missouri with long ears and lively heels." rays Tom Watson's Weekly Jefferson-Ian. Mr. Watson ought to know there are only a few live democrats left in Missouri.

A Washington clergyman asserts that the residents of the capital pay little attention to Sunday. All days are like Sunday in Washington when congress is not in session.

The excursion traffic on the Missouri river at Omaha is about to open. The date for opening the Missouri river freight traffic in and out of the port of Omaha has not yet been definitely fixed.

Colonel Watterson says his sole political ambition is to produce harmony generally exhibited strong opposition among the warring factions of to the employment of women in any democracy. Should he succeed he of the trades or occupation, in comshould get the Nobel peace prize with- petition with men. Much of the opout a contest.

Another Nebraska land office appointce has resigned. The event is worth noting because most of the official exits from Nebraska land offices of late have been without the oppor- shatter that long cherished notion was tunity to resign,

provided for in the pending reciprocity That correspondent who reports an treaties. The situation will compel the first break in the tariff wall or by opposing the measure to force upon congress a consideration of tariff re-

WOMEN AS BREADWINNERS. A wide field for study and speculation is opened by the Census bureau's bulletin showing the number of women

breadwinners in America. According to the figures furnished more than one-half of the 23,485,599 women in continental America, as shown by the census of 1900, are at work in wageearning avocations. The deduction of 361,840 negro women who are employed on the farms in southern states still leaves a total of more than 14.

500,000 women engaged in gainful pursuits. Making a further deduction of 338,144 dressmakers, 327,206 teachcepted as logical and natural for

women-there remain, in round num-By the time he gets his jury ready bers, 13,000,000 women engaged in other pursuits, for the most part in competition with men.

Women have invaded the breadwinning field in all but nine of the 303 occupations in which the wageearners of the country are engaged eighty-eight in different capacities in the train service, forty-three as cab drivers, six as ship carpenters, two as roofers, 185 as blacksmiths, 508 machinists, thirty-one as coke burners and eleven as well borers. The census bulletin does not enumerate the nine occupations in which women have not engaged and the average person

will have some difficulty in picking them out, after looking over the list of positions held by the so-called weaker wex. Grave diggers, brewers and chimney sweepers seem to have escaped this form of competition in their work.

The number of women at work more than doubled in the twenty years from 1880 to 1900, and in that time a marked change has taken place in the attitude of men toward the invasion of the wage-carning field by women. For many years the labor organizations and men wage earners

position was based on the fact that women usually received less wage than was given men for like employ-

ment, but back of that was a general sentiment that "woman's place is in the home," and her every attempt to

a year or more ago looking to the establishment by congress of a national department of health, to have general control and regulation of quarantine, contagious diseases and all matters affecting the public health. In a letter to Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale, one of

the promoters of the movement, President Roosevelt declares, "The aid of the federal government is necessary to

supplement the work of local and state boards of health. Federal activity in these matters has already developed greatly, until it now includes quaran-

tine, meat inspection, pure food administration and the investigation of the condition of child labor. It is my own hope that these important activities may still be further developed." While declining to commit himself to the approval of any specific form of legislation, the president heartily commends

the endeavors of the committee. hence. The national health is physically the greatest national asset and its pre-

servation and improvement is greatly to be desired. But attempt at farreaching legislation on the subject will be certain to arouse opposition from all those already in arms against what they term the tendency toward centralization in our government. However, the advocates of the new departure have some cogent arguments to

support their views. They cite the fact that while the government, through its Department of Agriculture, spends \$7,-000,000 annually on plant health and animal health, it does not directly appropriate one cent to promote the physical well-being of babies. In ten years the

Department of Agriculture has spent ACTIVITIES OF THE GREEN BUG. \$46,000,000 in saving plants from ex-

terminating pests, but not a dollar has gone out of the national treasury to alleviate or cure diseases of the heart

or kidneys, which cause the death of 2,000,000 persons annually. Thou sands have been spent by the government to stamp out cholera among swine, but nothing to stamp out tuberculosis or pneumonia.

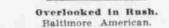
The more advanced scientists and physicians of the country contend that of the diseases which cause so many March.

deaths each year are preventable. The advocates of the new departure want the government to become as concerned over means of protecting and improving human life as it has been over plant and animal life. They ask appropriations for investigations into the causes and remedies for human diseases and to place the results within the reach of all medical practitioners: this to be supplemented by a campaign of public education in sanitation, hygiene and better modes of living. Bills will be presented to congress at the next session which will at least serve

attention of the people. The republican state league of

revolutionary. Such opposition has Georgia has decided that no federal insect Goths and Vandals?

as a compliment to home cooking.



It has been called to public attention that Adulterated wine is now so common in among the overflow of names of the young France and so much cheaper than the Prince Alfonso of Spain was not included that of Gastonio.

> A Thundering Solute. Chicago Inter Ocean.

The Cannon boom reverberates throughout the land, but, fortunately, it is a Cannon boom that makes for concord, peace and brotherly love in G. O. P. and overwholming majorities later on.

Campaigus Long Drawn Out. Philadelphia Record.

The longest presidential compaign in the history of the country began its saturnalia of hard cider and raccoon skins with the nomination of the elder Harrison at Harrisburg in November, 1839. But the campaign of 1905 has already begun and will proceed without interruption until the eve of the election, nearly eighteen months compensatory payments made to them in

#### Scoring on the Corporations. Springfield Republican.

Agriculture and Imperial Domains, it appears that during the last twenty-eight It is to be noted that Mr. Roosevelt's ad. years the nobles in fifty governments of ministration is scoring point upon point in European Russia have lost, by voluntary or the prosecution of the railroads and trusts obligatory sale, through forecleaures of the under the rebate and anti-trust laws. Sev-Nobles' bank, 30 per cent of their landed eral railroads have lately admitted their holdings, the chief purchasers being the guilt in connection with the Sugar trust land, or peasants' banks. In the course of rebate cases and have been paying fines last year alone the peasants' banks acranging from \$33,000 to \$120,000 each, the quired no fewer than 30,145,358 acres, of latest company to plead guilty being the which 18,990,813 acres were formerly owned

Rock Island. A dozen concerns making up the school furniture trust have also been forced into a plea of guilty of violating the federal anti-trust law and paid fines. The fines are rather small, to be sure, ranging from \$500 to \$5,000, but they may have an exemplary effect. It is all quite helpful to the public revenue and no doubt also helpful in breaking up rebate and other monopolistic practices.

Beats the Gold Bug as a Money Maker in the Wheat Pit.

New York World. As an agency which has done much to

make dollar wheat possible, the "green resented at the coming peace conference bug" will deserve some of the respect at The Hague. The problem of finding acgiven the gold bug. Where this insect destroyer originally came from seems their staffs, together with the crowd of not to be known. It is not strictly a newjournalists, international busybodies, and comer, having first been seen in this counmere sightseers who will follow in their try in 1888. In 1890 it did damage in the

winter wheat fields of Texas, Oklahoma, Indian Territory, Kansas, Nebraska and southern Indiana and Illinois. Its present tuberculosis is curable and that most activity followed the warm weather of

ference. Indeed, Scheveningen should profit Will the "green bug" invade the east, as richly by the influx of visitors. Its pleasthe potato bug did? That insect, first disant sea breezes and other delights may do covered in the Rocky mountains, reached something toward promoting the cause of a point 100 miles west of Omaha in 1859. peace. Visitors from the old world are Two years later it invaded lows and in nowadays greatly disappointed, however, 1864 crossed the Mississippi. From that to find this great watering place of Queen base of operations it consumed ten years Wilhelmina's domain so modernized and in reaching the Atlantic seaboard. The transformed that it is sometimes called of insects present many migrations the Atlantic City of northern Europe parallels to those of the races of man. Board walks, sun parlors, iron plers and The gypsy moth, introduced into Med-Ferris wheels abound and are pointed out ford. Mass., in 1869 for laboratory experito the American visitor by the proud Dutch ments with silkworms, has since become as marks of their energy and enterprise widely distributed. The blacktail moth was recently reported to have arrived in In the course of a remarkable article in Nova Scotia. Appleton's magazine for June, Thomas F.

Against the invasion of the green bug Millard tells some strange truths about science has an ally in the parasite bees Japan. which prey upon it. Two thousand boxes mendous impulse given to commercial and to bring this important subject to the of these defenders have been distributed industrial activities in Japan since the war by the Entomological department of the has attracted much attention and been the Kansas State university with good recause of much comment, usually optimis-

sults. But are these tiny legionaries equal tic. Since peace was declared (taking the to the task of staying the advance of the latest official statement) there have been 1 214 new enterprises capitalized or old capi-

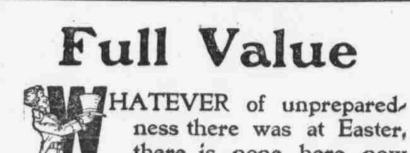
dence. More menacing, however, is the reasons demanding his presence here. Mr. outbreak of vine growers of southern Reid, it will be remembered, married a France, whose industry is threatened with daughter of D. O. Mills, who has immense extinction by reason of the great increase business interests in America and who is of chemical wine with a beet sugar basis. getting to be an old man. Mayor Busse of Chicago, after listening to appeals for municipal regulation of genuine wine that vine growers are forced out of the market and ruin Impends. Be-

children, handed the delegation this impressive suggestion: "On the subject of tween 60,000 and 80,000 people of the vine reform, I'll tell you, gentlemen, my ideas, districts assembled at Perpignan last Sunday to demonstrate peacefully that they I was born in North Clark street and must have relief or starve. Such a demor reared there. And when I became unruly and wouldn't mind my mother she told stration of rural workers cannot be ignored father and he took a bed slat to me. That's with safety by the government. When to the thing-the bed slat, more bed slat by this we add the exasperation of federated labor it must be admitted that conditions in

A letter from Odessa, published in London, comments upon the manner in which Although Dr. Osler has declared that the ownership of the land in Russia is only four drugs are of any benefit to manpassing out of the hands of the nobility. kind, most members of the profession will The writer remarks that the process of expropriation has continued since the early kinds into us at a time in the hope that

III. Morning on the mountains—the soft gray mists a-lifting From velvet slopes atouch with rosy glow, With ever-stretching sunbeams a-filtering and sifting. Until they reach the farthest fair pinna-cles of snow. Again the tinkle-tinkle of bells from ver-dont values the parents and less reform by law." Experimental Variety. Washington Post dant valleys Strikes latent chords and sets the heart a-tune; Oh, morning in the mountains-what balm for sordid wrotches! We long for you, will wake for you-not we long for you.

continue to fire from six to eight different seventies, when the improvident nobles had at least one will take effect. already squandered the greater part of the



ness there was at Easter, there is none here now that the spring has really reached this latitude, And every garment that bears

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