

CRISIS IN THE DUMA

Criticism of the Army Provokes Ultimatum from the Cabinet.

SOCIALIST DENOUNCES IT AS WORTHLESS

He Says it is Always Beaten in Foreign Wars

MINISTERS AT ONCE LEAVE THE HALL

Threat to Cease All Relations Unless Statement is Retracted.

RADICALS STAND BY THE SOCIALISTS

Offending Member is Suspended by the President—Stolypin Says He Hopes to Avoid Dissolving Duma.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 29.—A savage attack made today on the army and government by the socialist member, M. Zurboroff during the first executive session of the lower house of Parliament caused a rupture between the ministers and the Duma which for a time threatened to precipitate the dissolution of the house.

After M. Zurboroff's harangue, in which he declared that under an autocrat the army was worthless, except against the people and that it was beaten whenever it engaged in a foreign war, the ministers withdrew from the house and served an ultimatum on President Golovin that unless the offensive expressions were retracted by M. Zurboroff and the rule providing for temporary suspension was applied against him they would sever all future relations with the Duma.

M. Golovin, unable to have the demand complied with and the radicals refused to vote. The suspension and formal rebuke of M. Zurboroff, however, brought matters to an issue between the premier and the reactionary members of his ministry.

Premier Hopes for Settlement.

What transpired is not known, but at midnight Premier Stolypin summoned M. Golovin and informed him that the incident had caused serious friction in the cabinet. He hoped, however, a way would be found tomorrow to arrange matters without fatal consequences to the Duma.

The early discussion of the army bill in the Duma today was stormy, but the culmination came at 6:30 p. m., when M. Zurboroff made his speech. President Golovin, when he had restored things to a semblance of order, attempted to explain away Zurboroff's words as a criticism of the old army under the old regime, both of which had passed away. He then suspended the session for ten minutes in order to allow the passions of the members to cool.

The recess was protracted for almost two hours while a series of weighty conferences were being held and reports were telephoned to Stolypin and the emperor. Finally Lieutenant General Rudiger, minister of war, announced the ministerial ultimatum, adding that the emperor would never stand such insults to his faithful army.

Zurboroff is Suspended.

When the house reassembled M. Golovin announced that owing to the tumult he had not clearly understood the purport of M. Zurboroff's remarks, and, after having read the stenographer's report, he found the reflections upon the army unparliamentary and inadmissible in debate. Therefore he deprived Zurboroff of right to the floor.

M. Tseitli, the social democrat from Kutais, immediately claimed recognition. He declared Zurboroff had spoken on behalf of the entire socialist democratic faction and he shared his sentiments. The tumult again broke loose and the members of the right refused to permit him to continue.

President Golovin shouted that unless the uproar ceased he would resign, but when he was not restored until the social democrats with the second revolutionists and other members of the opposition with M. Tseitli at their head, fled out of the hall.

M. Golovin requested the house to express approval of his course, and this was voted by the minority democrats remaining.

At a conference of several democrats tonight the advisability of M. Zurboroff immediately quitting St. Petersburg, owing to the certainty of his being challenged to duels and the danger of his being summarily dealt with in case he declined to fight, was considered.

RANSOM MUST BE PAID

Britain Says Turkey Must Refund Money Paid Bandits for a Prisoner.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 29.—Seventy-five thousand dollars was the ransom paid for the release of Robert Abbott, the son of a prominent British subject, residing at Saloniki, who was kidnaped from his father's garden March 24 and eventually liberated, when the demands of his abductors had been conceded. The brigands originally demanded \$100,000.

The British government will insist that the ransom be repaid by the Turkish government.

Embroidery Art Exhibit.

FERRUGIA, Italy, April 29.—King Victor Emmanuel, who was accompanied by Foreign Minister Tittoni and Education Minister Riva, today inaugurated in the municipal palace here an exposition of ancient Umbrian art arranged chronologically and comprising 1,500 pictures and thousands of other objects, including sculpture, miniatures, jewelry, arms, porcelains, bronzes, etc. Among the most interesting exhibits were the pontifical robes which belonged to Pope Benedict XI (1303-04), which were found buried with him in the historic church of San Dominico here.

Austro-Hungarian Delegates.

VIENNA, April 29.—Privy Councillor Mirey Von Kaporners, General Machio and Prof. Heinrich Lammasch have been appointed principal Austro-Hungarian delegates to the Hague peace conference. The naval delegates of Austro-Hungary will be Rear Admiral Hanz and the military delegate Major General Baron Von Gieseler.

SUMMARY OF THE BEE

Tuesday, April 30, 1907.

Table with columns for date (1907 APRIL) and days of the week (SUN, MON, TUE, WED, THU, FRI, SAT). Numbers are listed for each day, likely representing stock market indicators or similar data.

THE WEATHER

FORECAST FOR NEBRASKA—Fair and warmer Tuesday, Wednesday fair, followed by snow in eastern portions, Wednesday fair and warmer. Temperature at Omaha yesterday: High 52, low 32.

DOMESTIC

Sentence of packers, convicted at Kansas City, is sustained by court of appeals at St. Paul.

Secretary Taft makes three speeches in Cincinnati and confers with friends regarding the political situation in Ohio.

Snowstorm which approaches a blizzard in some parts of Nebraska. Several inches of snow has fallen.

Two Johnson county young men arrested charged with forging the name of father of one of the accused to a check for \$12.

Calum Pacific official in letter to State Railway commission intimates the roads may take the 2-cent fare bill into the courts. George E. Lean may not be appointed state bank examiner, as there is reason to believe another examiner is not needed.

Fate of John Hamlin, tried at Grand Island for the murder of Rachel Engle, is now in the hands of the jury. Court room was packed with people to hear the arguments and charge to the jury.

FOREIGN

German federal council is completing provisional tariff arrangement with United States and French talk of change in trade relations with United States.

Criticism of Russian army by a socialist member during executive session of the Duma provokes an ultimatum from the cabinet.

American artists have largest number of pictures in this year's grand salon in Paris.

WASHINGTON

Inland waterways commission meets to form general organization and consider matters referred to it.

The supreme court of the United States decides that state railway commissions have power to compel railroads to adjust schedules to make trains connect with those of connecting lines.

LOCAL

A street car line on Fortieth from Farmington to Cummins streets is to be built immediately.

Five land locators do big business prior to opening of North Platte irrigation district, according to information received by federal officials.

Women demand man's saddle for riding and habits for cross-saddle wear are the fashion. Other subjects for fair sex.

O. D. Woodward of Kansas City buys W. J. Burgess interest in the business of the Woodward & Burgess Amusement company. Mr. Burgess will retain control of the Burwood theater.

Claus Spreckles, on way to Europe, predicts certain doom of Abe Ruef and other San Francisco grafters.

Park board adopts a resolution asking the mayor and council to acquire land for Cut-Off Lake park.

SPORTS

They're Off with the Duntun stakes at Jamaica.

Result of the base ball games.

Philadelphia vs. Brooklyn—0.

Chicago vs. Cincinnati—1.

New York vs. Boston—1.

Boston vs. New York—1.

Washington vs. Philadelphia—1.

Louisville vs. Milwaukee—4.

Columbus vs. Minneapolis—1.

St. Paul vs. Indianapolis—1.

Kansas City vs. Toledo—1.

COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL

Live stock markets.

Grain markets.

Stocks and bonds.

NINE JURORS IN RUEF BOX

This Number Accepted by Both Sides and Sworn in After Two Months' Work.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 29.—Four more jurors were finally selected and five were sworn in today in the Ruef trial. This leaves three additional jurors to be obtained for the completion of the trial panel—a task begun two months ago. The prosecution is hopeful of beginning the introduction of evidence some time this week. No session of the grand jury was held today.

Before the restoration of the Ruef trial in Duma's court today the case of perjury against Chief of Police Dinan and the case of conspiracy against Dinan and Ruef were set over for three weeks on motion of the defense.

STRIKE BREAKERS IN TEXAS

Fifty Men Sent to Oil Fields and Federation of Labor Active.

BEAUMONT, Tex., April 29.—Fifty strike breakers arrived today from New Orleans to work in the oil fields for the Guffey company. All pumps, plants and pipe lines are working, today and the company claims to have plenty of men. Samuel Gussers, president of the American Federation of Labor, sent a special organizer here to take charge of the strike.

The Guffey company is employing a large number of men to act as guards. These are given authority of deputy sheriff and are stationed about the property.

EIGHT HURT IN TUNNEL

Gas Explosion Said to Have Seriously Injured Men Working in Dayton.

DATON, O., April 29.—Eight men who were working in a new tunnel at the National Cash Register plant this morning were painfully burned in an explosion of natural gas. It is said all will recover. The men were shot twenty feet out of the tunnel by the force of the explosion. The property loss is slight.

THREE SPEECHES BY TAFT

Secretary of War Addresses Cincinnati Law Students and Business Men.

TALKS OF CANAL AND INSULAR AFFAIRS

In the Afternoon He Confers with N. C. Wright of Cleveland on the Political Situation in Northern Ohio.

CINCINNATI, O., April 29.—If the Panama canal is not completed within eight years from now I shall be greatly disappointed. If it is completed in less time than that I shall not be greatly surprised.

This statement, made tonight by Secretary of War Taft before the Business Men's club of this city was loudly cheered by the 600 members of the club gathered inside the banquet hall.

The banquet tendered the secretary by the Business Men's club was the climax to the last of the three days of his western trip and it was a fitting culmination to the flattering reception that has been extended to him on every side by his Ohio friends. The hall was packed to its utmost capacity and more than 400 applications for admission to the banquet were performed declined because there was no room for the late applicants.

The last official day of the secretary's trip was full of work for him and crowded with receptions flattering to him both as an official and as a man. In the morning he delivered an address to the students of the law school of Cincinnati university, where he still holds his position as dean of the law school. Later he appeared on the floor of the Chamber of Commerce and made a brief address.

This afternoon Mr. Taft conferred with N. C. Wright of Cleveland regarding the Ohio political situation. Mr. Wright told him of the position of the republicans in the northern part of the state.

Orator for speaker.

Tonight's banquet was one of the most pretentious affairs of the kind ever seen in the city. The appearance of the secretary was the signal for an outburst of cheers that lasted for several minutes.

Judge Horace H. Luntz of Nashville, a former colleague of Secretary Taft on the federal bench, introduced him.

Secretary Taft said he would speak on "The Panama Canal," and particularly on the improvements and rapid progress in the work.

It is only by a comparison of the condition existing at this time of the canal, he said, that I can give an adequate idea of the work that has been accomplished and of the present condition of the work. I would like to pass to you a tribute of justice to the French people who are so greatly appreciated by the American people. The great danger of any work of this character under the auspices of the American people is that the work of construction will be undertaken before the work of preparation is completed. I do not think the preparatory work of the last two years has been productive of anything but the most beneficial results.

How the Diet Files.

"My visit this year was to settle the question of the location of the locks, the completion of which will require the completion of the canal. It is possible, however, that the finish of the work in the Culberta cut will be the end of our labors. In this cut there are yet to be excavated 1,000,000 cubic yards of earth, exclusive of the digging of the approaches to the cut proper. In the nine miles of cut there are now fifty-eight steam shovels at work and they will take out on the average 1,000,000 cubic yards a month. This rate may be increased until we have ninety shovels at work, and then it will gradually decline until it probably will be somewhat below the 1,000,000 cubic yards per month.

"We will not be able to work as many shovels as we get down in the cut, where the space is more narrow.

"We are advertising for bids on the canal work and they decline them for the reason, that we found that it would be necessary for the contractors to have the help of capitalists and we would be compelled to allow the contractors 7 per cent interest on the money they would be compelled to borrow from capitalists. As we could borrow money at 2 per cent, this 7 per cent proposition did not appeal greatly to us.

"To us in responsibility it is a great comfort to be able to introduce the army engineers upon the work. We have three of them here and if one of them falls out the continuity of the work will be unimpaired. It is only fair to say of the army engineers that there will be no graft that we can suppress and there will be no bad work accepted that they can supervise. No doubt engineers from civil life would act in a similar manner. But if any of you gentlemen have any objection of a work of magnitude where a body had the right to poke in his nose and insist upon this and that, you would know how great is the relief to have that done away with. The record of the army is a guarantee that the work will be capably and honestly performed."

Cuban Promise to Be Kept.

As to Cuba, he declared that the Teller resolution had established our policy there. Change by insurrection was about to be attempted, he warned, and he said that he suggested means of preventing it.

"We suggested means of preventing it after conference with moderates and liberals the matter was brought to an end. But when we took charge we promised to stay only until tranquility had been restored and a stable government established. It may be all right to talk about annexation and a protectorate, but we made a solemn promise and cannot afford to carry it out."

He estimated that it will require until September, 1908, to arrange for again allowing the Cubans to show what they can carry on a stable government. It will be then necessary to give them time to show that the conditions are complied with Porto Rico he spoke, in conclusion, telling of its natural advantages and its improvements and ambitions. The people of that island want statehood and citizenship. They now have the protection of the flag and most of the privileges of citizens. He suggested that great care and consideration should be given to the statehood was extended beyond the state.

Secretary Taft will leave for Washington at noon tomorrow.

Rejected Sator His Wife's Woman.

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.—Because she said she would rather die than marry him, Martha Coriak, a German servant girl, was shot and killed almost instantly here today by Franz Andreyewsky, the man who wanted to make her his wife. The murderer then turned the revolver upon himself and inflicted a wound which probably will prove fatal. The young woman had left the home of her employer to purchase bread. Andreyewsky followed her into a bakery where a conversation ensued, which ended with the shooting.

NEW TARIFF ARRANGEMENT

German Federal Council Will Dispose of Provisional Agreement in Short Time.

BERLIN, April 29.—The provisional tariff arrangement between the United States and Germany will be disposed of by the federal council in a few days, it is believed. The matter will take up the matter and pass the bill prior to its adjournment, which has now definitely been fixed for the week before, which is Sunday.

The Lokal Anzeiger says it hears that there is considerable opposition developing among the conservative parties to the feature of the arrangement prolonging it tacitly. Neither party denounces it. The conservatives profess to fear this will mean an indefinite continuance of the provisional arrangement, giving the United States all the advantages of a good commercial treaty without giving any of the equivalents which it should have to give in order to get a treaty. The conservatives add that this feature may postpone the conclusion of a treaty to the distant future.

PARIS, April 29.—Ambassador White has joined the American government in recommending that the American government propose the appointment of a joint tariff committee, similar to the one which has been in session at Berlin, with the hope of reaching a basis for the avoidance of future tariff complications with France.

The American Chamber of Commerce of Paris has forwarded similar recommendations to Secretary Root. The chamber is convinced that unless a reciprocity treaty is negotiated as the French government will not be able to meet the demands of the manufacturers and that a tariff war against the United States will be inaugurated.

WOODWARD BUYS BURGESS

Well Known Theatrical Firm Dissolves Its Successful Partnership.

KANSAS CITY MAN CONTROLS BUSINESS

W. J. Burgess Disposes of His Interests to O. D. Woodward and Retires from All But the Burwood.

KANSAS CITY, April 29.—(Special Telegram.)—Negotiations are pending between O. D. Woodward and W. J. Burgess, members of the theatrical firm of Woodward & Burgess, for a dissolution of interests. Whether the deal succeeds or not, Mr. Woodward will remain in Kansas City, he said today. This is taken in local theatrical circles to mean that the business will be divided. Woodward taking the local interests and Burgess those controlled in Omaha. The disposition of the theater in St. Louis City is not known.

The firm controls and manages the Willis Wood and Auditorium theaters here, a company at St. Louis City and the Burwood and Boyd theaters in Omaha.

Up until the present season the firm had thrived pretty much their own way in Kansas City. The Willis Wood, one of the most costly play houses in the west, housed practically all of the best attractions on the road, while the Auditorium was fortunate in having a stock company of great drawing ability. The present season, however, is said to have been rather disappointing. The new Shubert has been making serious inroads in profits at the Willis Wood and Auditorium theaters in the person of the stock company has done much toward destroying the popularity once enjoyed by the Auditorium.

Woodward Buys Burgess Holdings.

Word was received in Omaha last night to the effect that Mr. Woodward had purchased all the interests of Mr. Burgess in the Woodward & Burgess Amusement company and would continue to manage it in control of all the theaters managed by that firm. After July 1 Mr. Burgess will have control of the Burwood theater in Omaha. The engagements booked at the theaters will be filled under the management of Woodward & Burgess for the rest of the present season.

The partnership between Messrs. O. D. Woodward and W. J. Burgess was formed in 1893, the first venture being in ownership of the Woodward stock company, which was installed at the Creighton theater. The managerial firm at that time was Paxton & Burgess. Mr. W. A. Paxton, Jr., being the senior member of the firm. In 1897 Paxton & Burgess secured control of the Boyd theater and the Woodward stock company was merged with the permanent feature at the Creighton. Later ventures took the firm to Denver and to Kansas City. Mr. Paxton soon retired and the Woodward & Burgess Amusement company was formed. It has operated in Iowa, Kansas, Colorado, Missouri, Minnesota, North Dakota and Nebraska. At the time of dissolution it controlled the Willis Wood and Auditorium theaters in Kansas City, the Boyd and Burwood in Omaha, the New Grand in St. Louis City, the Overland theater at Nebraska City, the New Grand theater at Sioux Falls, S. D., the Marko drama theater at St. Peter (Minn.) opera house, the Wisconsin opera house in Carrollton, Mo., and the DeWarg opera house in Brookfield, Mo.

AMERICAN ARTISTS IN LEAD

They Have Largest Number of Pictures in This Year's Salon in Paris.

PARIS, April 29.—President Fallieres, accompanied by the representatives in France of the American Chamber of Commerce, the American ambassador, this afternoon inaugurated the spring salon of the Society of French Artists in the Grand Palais.

It is the unanimous verdict of the critics that the exhibition of paintings and sculpture surpasses any of its kind in years. America, for the first time leads all foreign countries, both in the number and in the excellence of works displayed. This is recognized and a prominent place has been accorded the American canvases. England secures second place.

The entire exhibition is remarkable for the uniformly high standard of the works. Only 150 pictures are shown, the jury having ruthlessly rejected those of over 4,100 aspirants. All paintings of the decadent or the impressionist schools have been rigorously excluded.

The present exhibition is a huge canvas by William Lamparra, who won the Prix de Rome last year. The painting originally was entitled "Grandeur Militaire," but this subsequently was changed to "Le Piedestal."

The most artistic bit of canvas is that of Joseph Bait, which shows two nuns in a convent. Marquis de Wentworth's portrait of President Roosevelt ranks among the best portraits, while Herbert Ward's "Idol" and E. E. Fry's "Indian Chief," executed for the City of Oklahoma, are among the best pieces of sculpture.

YANKEES AT ST. PETERSBURG

Wellman Secures Dogs for Trip to Pole—Ambassador Riddle Is Alone.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 29.—Through the agency of the American Consul General Mr. Watts, a train of twenty-nine Siberian sled dogs has been provided for the Wellman expedition. They were secured in the remote interior of Siberia and are now at Tobolsk. The dogs will be shipped via Archangel to Wellman's base in Norway.

Ethelbert Watts, the American consul general here, is only awaiting the receipt of instructions from the State department before departing to his new post at Brussels, where he will succeed the late George W. Roosevelt as consul general.

Nelson O'Shaughnessy, ex-territory secretary of the American embassy at Berlin and former ambassador to the city of Vienna, has been appointed to accept a similar post at Vienna, as first Secretary Schuyler, is unable to leave Roumania before the arrival of Minister Knowles, and Third Secretary Miles, is in America on a four months sick leave.

FRANCIS JOSEPH FOR PEACE

Emperor of Austro-Hungary Tells Bohemians He Desires Better Feeling Among People.

PRAGUE, Bohemia, April 29.—Emperor Francis Joseph left Prague for Vienna today after a fortnight's stay at the Bohemian capital. His majesty signified his departure by addressing a rescript to the governor of the province, earnestly appealing for reconciliation between the Czech and German nationalities. He pointed out that a start had been made in this direction by the introduction of universal suffrage and concluded:

"I would consider it the greatest happiness if I, who have shared all the sorrows and struggles, should now at least share the joys of peace."

COMPETITION FOR GOLD

LONDON, April 29.—There was keen competition from Paris today for the large supplies of gold in the market, totalling \$2,000,000. The bank of England, however, outbid its French competitors and secured \$2,500,000 at a half penny advance. India took \$1,000,000 and Paris obtained the balance \$1,500,000.

HILL ROAD INJUNCTION SUIT

Stockholders Will Seek to Restrict Officials from Obeying Minnesota Two-Cent Law.

NEW YORK, April 29.—The Tribune tomorrow will carry a story to the effect that the Northern Pacific Railroad company is understood, will bring a friendly suit against the officers of the company for an injunction to restrain them from accepting the 2-cent fare law in Minnesota. As they could not bring action against the sovereign state their only alternative was to bring it against the officials of the company. The latter are compelled, unless restrained by the courts, to comply with the provisions of the law. Those who are familiar with this proposed legal action attach great importance to it, as if the injunction is granted it will serve as a stay to the enforcement of the law as far as the Northern Pacific is concerned, for perhaps two years. The Great Northern company doubtless will become a party to the proposed suit.

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