6 PER CENT FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

IF you are willing to do your part to put the criminal Oil trust out of business in seven Central Western States and enable the giant independent company to put forth a winning fight in a score of the largest trade centers in the entire nation and do it with profit to yourself, send in your remittance for fifteen thousand dollars necessary to pay for enough of these bonds to build just one (1) fifty-five thousand barrel storage tank. Special effort will be made to find one hundred and ten individuals in the United States who will take fifteen thousand dollars of these bonds each at par during the next few weeks which will erect that many silent but effective monuments against Oil trust oppression and to commercial freedom in the oil industry on western soil. This will enable Uncle Sam Company to keep continually in storage at least a four years' supply for all three refineries at increased capacities.

BY the most cruel discrimination of the well known commercial oil pirates the price of crude oil in the Kansas-Territory oil fields has been forced to a rediculously low price, while the trust is yearly storing millions of barrels—practically stealing a supply which in a year or so it expects to use to hamper the independent refineries. Producers all over the field have continually offered to deliver their oil to the Uncle Sam Company, so their production, which they are compelled to let go to protect their wells, can at least be used as a weapon against their oil trust oppressor instead of fostering asset. Uncle Sam Company now has three refineries completed and advantageously located within striking distance of every important trade center west of the Mississippi river and with very little cost can manufacture and market at a good profit at least one and a half million barrels of oil yearly.

THE people everywhere are tired and disgusted with the trust's un-American methods. The most effectual way to fight any trust is to refuse to buy their goods wrongfully acquired. Uncle Sam Oil Co. entered the arena of the fight at almost exactly the eight hour. It has met with astonishingly rapid success from the word go. It has an army of over nine thousand loyal stockholders representing every part of the American continent. All this company has to do is to install its distributing stations all over the country and manufacture its oils and make sure of a certain continual supply of crude product for the future. To complete the balance of four hundred main distributing stations, to enlarge capacity of all three refineries to five thousand barrels per day or better; to finish main trunk pipe line to navigation and equip river transportation this company will sell five millions in bonds at par, which will also put in

STORAGE SIX (6) MILLION BARRELS OF 39c KANSAS-TERRITORY OIL

TO INVESTORS:

The Uncle Sam Oil Company has reached the stage of its career where it is no longer a small local concern, but is assuming the proportions of a great national enterprise. It has three great refineries completed and miles of main trunk pipe line and laterals, scores of distributing stations and a great enterprise three-fourths completed, easily large enough to market and manufacture at the very least five thousand barrels of oil per day. At the present time crude oil is selling at the ridiculously low price of 39 cents per barrel for the highest grade, while the plans of the criminal Oil trust are to run it still lower. The Uncle Sam Oil company has been considering this situation in all of its bearings for months, and there is practically but one sane thing to do, and that is to build storage tanks and store at least enough of this cheap oil to operate all three of the Uncle Sam refineries for four years and to keep the storage built up so that a four years' supply will always be on hand. Every barrel of this oil placed in storage, with the pipe line and distributing stations and equipment completed, will bring this company at least $3 per barrel. This will enable the company to bring its oil sales up to four and one-half million dollars per year and will enable it to buy an additional million and a half barrels of oil each year to take the place of the amount manufactured and sold and to retire one million and a half dollars of bonds yearly. For these purposes five million dollars of twenty-year first mortgage 6 per cent bonds will be sold.

The production of crude petroleum in the Pennsylvania, California and Texas oil fields is rapidly decreasing and the only great oil fields in the world to which the people must look for a supply of crude oil are the Kansas-Oklahoma fields. This oil is bound to increase in price and will be worth at least one dollar and a half a barrel in a very short time. The railroads and great manufacturing enterprises in Texas, which have been using and are using oil for fuel are already making purchases in the Kansas-Oklahoma fields. Barring all this, crude oil would never have sold in these western fields for less than one dollar a barrel were it not for the monopolistic grip held by the criminal trust, and, as the Uncle Sam company has always claimed, just as quickly as this grip can be broken the price of crude oil is certain to greatly advance. While, on the other hand, the trust has always played the same cut-throat methods, viz.: They let independent refineries come into an oil field and, of course, it takes considerable time to build up and equip an independent plant for business.

While the independent plants are building the trust runs the price of oil down and stores millions of barrels at a price which is little less than stealing it. At present there is a production in the Kansas-Territory oil fields of close to eighty thousand barrels a day. There is a movement on foot to build an independent pipe line from the Gulf of Mexico, and there are a number of other conditions which are sure to cause a rapid rise in the price of crude oil during the next two years. The Uncle Sam Oil company is not going to be caught in any such trap, and it's only good generalship and a determination to protect this company and put it where no power on earth can interfere with its onward successful march that bonds will be offered and sold and big tankage built forthwith and at least six million barrels of oil placed in storage.

Oil Trust Power Is Rapidly Waning.

Public sentiment in this country is in a state of determination that will secure results from one side of this nation to the other. The Oil trust and their subsidiary hirelings are secretly scared to death right now. They are trying all kinds of maneuvers to check the oncoming storm of righteous indignation and certain retribution for the crimes they have committed, the men and enterprises they have unjustly attacked and ruined and the same blackflag methods they will continue if they can. But the conservative, well-to-do middle class of the nation is after them and they will be stopped. It is not the cry of the demagogue which is going to halt this brigade of millionaire anarchists, but it is the thousands of men of means who do not believe in abusing the power of wealth and the broad American spirit of justice which, like a giant battering ram, is smashing down their illegal bulwarks and hypocritical defenses. Any man who knows anything at all needs only to place his ear to the ground and see and hear what is coming. Read the report of the Interstate Commerce commission made just a week ago by seven of the ablest and most incorruptible statesmen in America. Read the warning given by the president of the United States in person to two of these millionaire brigands at a dinner in Washington last week. Read the proceedings of the United States court in St. Louis, where the government is applying for the dissolution of the trust and for receivers for its properties. Look at Missouri, which is passing an anti-discrimination law to draw the claws of the trust, and look at Oklahoma, the newest state in the union, reading opposition to the trust into her constitution. Look at the conference of governors of the seven western states which will probably be in session at Topeka, Kan., while you are reading this advertisement to agree on uniform laws to curb the rapacity of the trust and to protect and foster independent competition. The fact is the oil trust of today is very similarly constituted to the Russian government, for any man who is familiar with conditions, especially in the central west, knows that fully 50 per cent of their employes despise their methods and would leave their criminal masters tomorrow if they could earn a decent living in their chosen avocation elsewhere. Say what you please, the Uncle Sam Oil company holds the key to the situation. It has an opportunity which never was and never will be up to another organization like it again probably in the world. The trust is going down hill, and if you have good, red blood in your veins and really want to do something practical to help a good faith, hard working young army of Uncle Sam stockholders at this very opportune time, strike sledge hammer blows for success and keep this trust outfit on the toboggan slide, put your shoulder to the wheel, send your check or draft by return mail for a block of these bonds, ask your neighbor to do the same, and if you live anywhere in Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois or Oklahoma, form an independent oil organization in your locality and subscribe for enough of these bonds to secure the establishment of an independent distributing station in your town, demand that your merchants handle independent oil and see that they do it, and solicit your neighbors to use none other. No one can deny but that the Uncle Sam organization is a movement backed solely by the people. It's your fight as well as ours. Be practical and do your part to help out, and even if these trust criminals should be able to evade some of the laws of the land they will find out that they are up against the real thing—trade competition—on western soil and be shown that they are not the only pebble on the beach after all. Remember, while you are doing this, thousands of others will be doing the same thing. Hence great results, and the oil trust will slip a few more cogs toward deserved punishment for their misdeeds.

Where Tank Farms Will Be Built.

From the sale of these bonds the Uncle Sam company will be enabled to complete pipe lines, enlarge all three refineries, build the balance of four hundred main distributing stations, also build large paraffine plant at Atchison, by the river refinery, and lubricating works at the Tulsa Uncle Sam refinery, and build one hundred and ten (110) fifty-five thousand barrel steel storage tanks and secure necessary tank farm locations. One of these tank farms will be near the Tulsa Uncle Sam refinery, accessible to the very highest grades of oil containing valuable lubricants, and within a few miles of the Glenn oil pool, which is now producing over twenty-five thousand barrels of oil per day. Another of the Uncle Sam tank farms will be near one of the large producing properties of the company, viz.: Eleven-hundred-acre lot 43, Osage, near Bartlesville, I. T. Another of these tank farms will be at the Uncle Sam Cherryvale refinery; another one on the main trunk Uncle Same pipe line, near the Piqua pumping station, accessible to the Chanute and Humboldt oil fields, and a very large Uncle Sam tank farm will be established on the main trunk pipe line, just south of the Kaw river, in Shawnee county, Kansas, within eyesight of the dome of the capitol building of Kansas, where the world-wide oil fight was successfully inaugurated over two years ago. This tank farm will be used to store Kansas oil principally, where it will be accessible for distribution for fuel purposes to all of northern, western and central Kansas, as Uncle Sam burners are installed and the demand increases. Also by laying a pipe line less than ten miles the company will be in reach of the great fuel market of the two Kansas Citys by simply tapping its main trunk line down the Kaw river from Lawrence. In the event this company was ever hard pressed for funds it could very easily unload a half million barrels of crude oil for fuel purposes to the big packers and other heavy fuel users in the two Kansas Citys on very short notice. So when you buy these bonds you will know that this company will not only keep a large cash surplus on hand to meet interest promptly and create a sinking fund, but it will also have several million dollars' worth of absolutely marketable and merchantable property almost within a stone's throw of a ready market all the time. Another one of the tank farms will be established in Atchison. Uncle Sam refinery on the banks of the Missouri river. Likewise this oil in storage will be accessible to the great fuel-using manufacturers that for thousands of miles line the banks of the Missouri and Mississippi rivers. Oil is just like so much cash when in storage and accessible to such outlets as these. It may be return mail for a block of these bonds, ask your neighbor to do the same, and if you live anywhere in Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Illinois or Oklahoma, form an independent oil organization in your locality and subscribe for enough of these bonds to secure the establishment of an independent distributing station in your town, demand that your merchants handle independent oil and see that they do it, and solicit your neighbors to use none other. No one can deny but that the Uncle Sam organization is a movement backed solely by the people. It's your fight as well as ours. Be practical and do your part to help out, and even if these trust criminals should be able to evade some of the laws of the land they will find out that they are up against the real thing—trade competition—on western soil and be shown that they are not the only pebble on the beach after all. Remember, while you are doing this, thousands of others will be doing the same thing. Hence great results, and the oil trust will slip a few more cogs toward deserved punishment for their misdeeds.

Cost of a Single Fifty-Five Thousand Barrel Tank.

It is very hard to carry through any large moneyed transaction in the United States without running up against some dummy tool director of the trust or one of its subsidiary corporations. One of the reasons why the trust has maintained the monopoly it has enjoyed is that capital has been afraid to enter into competition with it. In fact, we think there are very few men of large means who would individually care to call down on their heads the ridicule, abuse, annoyance and blackmailing methods of the trust and its hirelings. But by appealing to the general public, as the Uncle Sam Oil company has done from its beginning, and banding together nearly ten thousand loyal shareholders from every part of the country, it has been able thus far to raise the necessary funds to build up this enterprise to its present height of success. In other words, by combining the thousands of free and independent citizens who believe in a free market and fair play and who consider the boast brazenly made by the Oil trust gang that they are even bigger than the government as a personal affront this company can, by securing a thousand dollars here and another thousand somewhere else, very easily raise all of the money needed to build up a giant independent enterprise, capable of securing and maintaining the oil trade of the central west and under the present conditions and the feeling of the people can practically drive the trust out of the home western central states. Uncle Sam company should have at least a four years' supply of crude oil ahead all the time. It is only good, practical business sense to build these storage tanks, which will last a lifetime and will be worth more in fifteen years from now than at most cost today to build. There are tens of thousands of individuals in the United States who can very easily mail their check or draft for fifteen thousand dollars and secure fifteen thousand dollars' worth of bonds at par, and in so doing enable the Uncle Sam company to erect one fifty-five thousand-barrel steel storage tank for every remittance that arrives. Why not send in your draft for fifteen thousand dollars and secure these gilt-edged bonds and the bonus in the stock and help push this good work along. If this company was one of the subsidiaries of the trust or was managed by men in league with the stockholders who were not fighting the unfair methods of the trust we would not offer these bonds to the general public in this way. The company reserves the right to reject any remittance by returning the same to the sender. We do not want anybody, either as a stockholder or a bondholder, who is not an independent citizen heart and soul. The company is in touch with over twenty thousand investors by special letter reports, while there will be a large majority of nine thousand stockholders working to place these bonds long before you read this announcement, and the chances are that more than half of these bonds will be taken by this band of loyal stockholders, a large majority of whom joined this company as much out of principle as they did for financial gain. This announcement will appear in nearly two hundred of the principal newspapers of the United States and Canada and will be read by over twenty million people. The rate of interest on these bonds is high, but the company can use the money where it can make from three to five hundred per cent. If you buy the bonds you will not only get your interest promptly, but you will get your money back for the entire principle probably within four years, and the stock which you will have left by that time will not be worth less than two dollars per share, or double your original investment after back for the entire principal probably with interest. Can you afford to turn down such and investment? While you are hesitating what to do hundreds of investors will be telegraphing their reservations for bonds, while remittances by mail will run into the thousands of dollars every day. And every dollar will be honestly invested immediately in steel equipment and for oil to make the company just that much stronger. If you cannot spare the funds to subscribe enough money to build one of these big storage tanks why not raise a club among your friends and a number of you subscribe together for such an amount? Or you can send in your check or draft for from $50 to $1,000 and together with the hundreds of others which will be coming in, added together will answer the same purpose.

Financial Condition of Company—Property Back of These Bonds to Date.

The following schedule of values represents very closely a conservative estimated value of the present holdings of the Uncle Sam Oil company:

Cherryvale, Uncle Sam Refinery No. 1 (twenty acres)	$ 90,000.00
Atchison, Uncle Sam Refinery No. 2 (fifty acres)	145,000.00
Tulsa Refinery, Uncle Same No. 3 (twelve acres)	110,000.00
1,100 acre lot 43, oil rights	250,000.00
171 miles main trunk pipe line and materials	365,000.00
All other oil holdings and leases	165,000.00
Sixty-eight distributing stations and equipment thus far completed	135,000.00
Manufactured and crude oil in storage and in transit	120,000.00
Thirty-two tank cars	20,000.00
Fifty-seven acres land, Wyandotte county, Kan.	6,000.00
Money subscribed on contract stock already allotted from treasury, approximately	35,000.00
Office furniture and fixtures at Tulsa, Bartlesville, Cherryvale, Kansas City, Atchison	6,000.00
Cash on hand	12,000.00
Total	$1,469,000.00

Of the above properties, with the exception of approximately $18,000, including pipe line notes and temporary loans and other items not due, these bonds are a first lien. Out of the first fifty thousand dollars received for these bonds pipe line notes and all other claims will be paid promptly. The fifty-seven acres of land mentioned in the above statement is excepted in the mortgage for the reason that the company is offering this land for sale at six thousand dollars. It was purchased for $4,900 to build Refinery No. 2, but the plant was afterward built at Atchison, where a location was secured for the building of the plant. The company has had no use for this land in its operating business, hence will sell the same and turn the proceeds into the treasury, and it is excepted from the mortgage backing the bonds for that reason. Eleven hundred acre lot 43 is also excepted in the mortgage for the reason that these oil rights are under the supervision of the Interior department of the United States, and when certain restrictions, which are sure to be removed within the next few years, are removed, this property will also be a pledge for the payment of the bonds. Even under the present restriction all oil from this property when it gets into the pipe lines of the company, as soon as the royalty due the Indians is paid, is covered by the bonds. The mortgage covers all property hereafter to be acquired by the company.

Everything in this transaction is being done legally and right and for the full and perfect protection of every bondholder and stockholder in the company. Statements will be issued regularly showing the money received and where it is placed, as there is no speculation about buying pipe lines and building steel storage tanks and purchasing oil.

What Will Be Back of Bonds and Stock When Bonds Are Sold.

A mortgage on any property for 40 per cent of its value is considered good. As a rule such loans are made from 4 to 5 per cent. These bonds bear 6 per cent, and when they are sold and the property for which they will enable this company to own and operate and which will be pledged as a first lien to pay off these bonds and pay dividends on the stock, based on a conservative estimated value, will be as follows:

Pipe lines, lateral pipe lines, all three refineries increased in capacities, parafine plant, lubricating works, 400 distributing stations, 150 tank cars, river boats and barge equipment, oil wells, leases and all oil and gas rights, office fixtures and all properties excepting storage tanks and oil	$ 3,500,000.00
Tank farms and connections and (110) one hundred and ten fifty-five thousand barrel steel storage tanks	2,000,000.00
Six million barrels of oil, with the company in a position and with facilities to manufacture and market the same	18,000,000.00
Cash reserve which will soon be built up and always maintained after all bonds are sold	300,000.00
Total	$23,800,000.00

By the time these properties are all completed and the oil storage built up to six million barrels and the whole properties of the Uncle Sam Oil company up to the estimated value as above set out, nearly TWENTY-FOUR MILLION DOLLARS, there will not be more than from six to eight million shares of Uncle Sam stock outstanding, but even if there were ten million shares of stock outstanding and the values as above set out were cut just half in two the stock would then be worth more than one dollar per share, while the chances are a thousand to one that there will not be a share of this stock on the market under two dollars and a half per share by the time the properties are completed as before explained.

Denominations of Bonds.

These bonds are of the denominations of $50.00, $100.00, $200.00, $500.00 and $1,000.00, with interest at 6 per cent, payable annually. You are especially requested to positively bear in mind that these denominations cannot be cut up, and in sending in your remittance remit for one of the exact denominations specified above.

Price of Bonds.

You can secure these bonds by sending in your check or draft for the par value of the bond, and for each thousand dollar bond purchased you will secure stock of the par value of $500.00. For a larger or a smaller amount of bonds the same proportion will prevail. Make check or draft or money order payable to THE UNCLE SAM OIL COMPANY and the bonds will be sent to you after they are properly signed and the seal of the company attached and registered with the trustee, and will be sent to you by registered mail as quickly as the clerks can reach your turn. Make remittance as per following schedule:

$ 50.00 bond	$ 50.00
100.00 bond	100.00
200.00 bond	200.00
500.00 bond	500.00
1,000.00 bond	1,000.00
2,000.00 bond	2,000.00
5,000.00 bond	5,000.00
10,000.00 bond	10,000.00
15,000.00 bond	15,000.00
20,000.00 bond	20,000.00

Monthly Payment Offer.

The company, in maintaining its former record in making it possible for investors of limited means to join our company, offers these bonds in monthly payments as designated below. In sending in remittances to secure these bonds on monthly payments the company will send you receipt for the payments as you send them in. These payments must be met promptly, as the bonds reserved for you are bearing interest continually, and on receipt of last payment bonds will be promptly sent you. Remit on following schedule:

Bond.	First payment.	Four monthly payments each.
$ 50.00	$ 11.00	$ 11.00
100.00	22.00	22.00
200.00	44.00	44.00
500.00	110.00	110.00
1,000.00	220.00	220.00

In Conclusion.

This company is under the same management today that it was at the beginning, nearly two years ago. Practical men are at the head of every department and everything is on a systematical, economical basis. The refineries are in operation. The oil wells are being pumped, the pipe lines are delivering oil for the refineries and the scores of distributers are delivering oil daily to thousands of customers. The company is putting up a winning fight and growing stronger every hour. The men who subscribed the first money to start the Uncle Sam Oil Company were native Kansans and pioneer developers in the Kansas oil fields, who, when the Oil trust boycotted the Kansas oil fields two years ago either had to sit idly down and see their properties confiscated and their little savings practically stolen, or make a fight. Like the majority of people, they accepted the latter, and have been putting up the best they have had in store since they commenced. This effort is being carried forward in the best of faith, and in selling these bonds they will be sold at par, and every dollar received will go to build up this company and to place it where it can handle its great enterprise and secure and maintain an independent outlet for Kansas-Territory oil and place it on the market by honorable methods, satisfactory to both producer and consumer, and make good returns for every stockholder and at the same time respect and obey the laws of the land. If you want to help a worthy cause and encourage an honorable effort, help us now, not next month or next year, but today, so this company can rush to completion these big storage tanks and other construction and make it possible for Uncle Sam company to place in storage these six million barrels of oil, which will be like powder in the dry to protect the interests of the stockholders in the future. The quicker these bonds are sold the quicker this great work will be completed, and the quicker an aggressive fight can be carried on in every state in the central west against the trust. The company solicits the most searching investigation, either by visiting the properties or calling at the main offices, where all the personal information available the officers of the company will be glad to furnish to every investor who seeks the same in good faith. You can mail remittance at once or write for further particulars.

Address,

The Uncle Sam Oil Co.

or H. H. TUCKER, Jr., Sec'y,
Wyandotte Building
Kansas City, Kas.

AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Council Has a Meeting Largely Devoted to Routine Matters.

SCHOOL BOARD ALSO QUITS IN A HURRY

P. M. Campbell Makes it Plain Where the East Side People Stand on Question of Parks and Annexation.

One of the chief items of interest before the city council last night was a communication from W. A. Smith of the Omaha & Council Bluffs Street Railway company stating that the company was ready to build a car line on West L street to Thirty-sixth as soon as the L street viaduct could be made strong enough to bear the weight of the cars.

A protest was sent in by residents in the vicinity of Twenty-fifth and W streets objecting to the erection of tanks by the Standard Oil company. The ground of the objection was that the tanks would close Twenty-fifth street and the smell of the oil would be offensive.

A petition was presented asking for the paving of G street from Twenty-fourth to Twenty-fifth. This paving will accommodate the South Omaha hospital. It will require the issuance of district paving bonds.

The city attorney made a report to the effect that there were now pending before the district court claims against the city to the amount of $175,000. These are nearly ready for trial. Settlement of the case of Sadie Long was recommended. The finance committee reported that the cases of Lena Extrom and Anna Ford had been adjudicated. Mrs. Katzberg offered to settle her claim for damages for a fall on Madison street.

An ordinance relating to female dogs was recommended for passage. It will be unlawful for this sex of dogs to be allowed on the streets during certain seasons.

The live stock inspector made his monthly report for the month of January. Fourteen cattle, four horses, three hogs and seventeen sheep were condemned.

Ordinance No. 1514, defining the duties of the city engineer with relation to sewer connections, was recommended for final passage.

Balthas Jetter was refunded $68.31, which was the amount of a special tax which was declared illegal.

A motion was made to allow additional help for the clerks of registration in preparing the voting lists for the primary election.

The mayor was presented with a gavel at the beginning of the meeting, a gift from E. E. E. Ridgeway.

The council adjourned until February 11.

Board of Education Willing.

The Board of Education met last night at the high school building, with all members present. On a motion by Mr. Morrill an order was issued for the return of certain text books to the publishing houses. Superintendent McLean was granted leave of absence, with salary, that he might attend the convention of city superintendents to be held in Chicago at an early date. He was also granted $50 for expenses. Several bills of importance were allowed, but most of the general bills for the month of January will be examined and passed upon in an adjourned session which is to be held Thursday night.

Family in Destitute Condition.

The probation officers yesterday investigated the condition of the family of Joseph Kneeper, Seventeenth and I streets, and found the family destitute and living on charity and the assistance of kindly neighbors. The mother was bedridden from the effects of a fall which had broken one of the bones of her leg. A little child died but a few days ago. A subscription was taken to give it a proper burial. The father and grandfather of the several children are said to be a worthless pair. Kneeper has had assistance from the city charity fund, but it is said he got drunk on the proceeds. Mrs. E. B. Towl and other members of the force of probation officers looked into the case, and Mayor Hoctor promised to secure enough from the city charity funds to permit the removal of the mother to the South Omaha hospital for treatment. As soon as the mother is cared for the children will be taken to the detention home. The father and grandfather will be left decidedly alone, as it is claimed that they are able to earn their own living. While the family had not suffered actual want, it was only the timely attention of neighbors which prevented this state of affairs.

Fined for Raising the Lid.

All of the offenders against the Slocumb law were brought before Judge King yesterday morning, under the charge of treating in a public place. All agreed to plead guilty to the charge and the judge imposed a fine of $10 and costs against each one. The ones subjected to a fine were Mike Flaherty, Mike Wewes, Hans Lindberg and John Ganghan. It is thought that this will be the usual way of disposing of this class of offenders in the future.

East Siders Up in Arms.

The following communication from P. M. Campbell speaks for itself, and, while showing that the east side improvers have ideas as to the selection of sites for a park, it also shows that there is not the universal unanimity of sentiment claimed by the anti-annexation forces. South Omaha is restless on many topics and openly dissatisfied and disagreeing on not a few.

I notice with considerable surprise, a few remarks from Dr. McCrann in the South Omaha items of the World-Herald of Sunday, February, 3, and one that is not alive to the square issues of our present administration would think that the East Side club had done enough to persuade our city fathers (who have it in their power) to grant us a favor in the matter of buying a site for a park. Every member of this East Side club wants the Cassidy tract and not Syndicate park. We, as members, are a unit in this matter and we have told this before the council meetings, and talked it to the councilmen. This Cassidy tract is surrounded by a good class of South Omaha working people and can with small expense be made a beautiful park, while Syndicate park has Omaha on the north and northeast, and South Omaha on the west and south, and the people will be taxed heavily for years to make Syndicate park at all presentable to the citizens of the city.

I bring this park question as a reminder when Dr. McCrann says that our city officers are our neighbors and our friends, and we can go to them and talk to them. We have gone to them and talked to them and had our friends talk to them for us, but they still do not seem inclined to favor our humble petition. Now I am right here to tell the Doctor or any other anti-annexationist that if the Syndicate park is bought by our city council and foisted onto South Omaha for a park, this part of the city of South Omaha will vote nearly as a unit for annexation to Omaha. While we are all for South Omaha we believe that we should not be taxed to keep up a park that Omaha would have one-half interest in.

We are for Cassidy tract for a park, and South Omaha. We want no other. If they buy Syndicate park, annexation will be our battle cry, and I am sure that the Doctor will not carry the vote almost unanimously against annexation, as he says it would be.

Magic City Gossip.

Mrs. Sherman Cox is said to be lying in a dangerously low condition.

Jetter's Gold Top Beer delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 8.

Peter Wands, 333 North Twenty-sixth street, reports the birth of a daughter.

William Lehmer has gone to Chicago for the purpose of attending a sale of stock.

The receipts of the South Omaha postoffice for the month of January amounted to $7,690.85.

Frank Kemp was fined in police court yesterday morning for building a fire in a freight car.

The case against John Heinowski, Thirty-third and L streets, for dispensing liquor on Sunday was dismissed.

The Board of Fire and Police Commissioners will hold its regular meeting this evening at the council chamber.

The friends of Fred Heflinger and his wife made them a pleasant surprise last Saturday night. About twenty were present.

The wagon for the South Omaha fire department is now in process of construction, but it will be ninety days before it is completed.

The city attorney goes to Lincoln this morning to attend the supreme court. His business concerns the Nicholson and Warren cases.

The degree team of South Omaha camp No. 211, Woodmen of the World, will give its first annual ball February 6, 1907, at Masonic hall.

Emil Hansen, who has been confined to his bed for several weeks, is somewhat improved. His leg will not permit him to be out for a week or two yet.

Joe Hoffmann, who has been confined at the South Omaha hospital for some time owing to an operation for appendicitis, has recovered sufficiently to be taken home.

Henry Rupp, who was accidentally hurt on the streets in Omaha yesterday, is the son of Fred Rupp, 427 North Twenty-sixth street. The father is driver for B. E. Wilcox.

"Blessings Brighten as They Take Their Flight."

Health is never so much prized as when illness interferes with pleasure or work. When the stomach is sick, the digestion weak, the nerves unstrung, the head heavy with pain, nothing seems so desirable as a sound mind in a healthy body. Keep stomach, liver and bowels in good order with

BEECHAM'S PILLS

and you will rarely lose a day's work or an evening's pleasure through sickness. These pills are a safe corrective and a general tonic, the good effects of which are felt throughout the entire body. Whenever you are not feeling at your best, take Beecham's Pills. They relieve constipation, remove bilious conditions, improve the digestion,

Create Appetite, Restore Sleep and Bring Back Health

In boxes with full directions, 10c. and 25c.

SNOW BOTHERS THE CATTLE

Covers Ranges Up About Valentine and Makes It Hard Picking for Stock.

Judge F. M. Walcott of Valentine, who is an Omaha visitor, says: "We have been having some very cold weather up about Valentine and the live stock industry is beginning to feel the effects of it. There was so much rain during the late summer and early fall season that the grass grew very rank and with the snow and cold coming on the ranges have been beaten down and it is next to impossible for the stock to feed on the ranges. As a result the ranchmen have to feed almost altogether. Feed is getting scarce, and while the condition is not particularly serious it is putting the stockmen to big expense. The ground is frozen so hard and then with the snow covering the most of the range the cattle are having a hard time of it."

Mangum & Co., LETTER SPECIALISTS.

LETTERS FROM BEE READERS

Fusion Members of the Legislature Taken to Task for Course on Primary.

PLATFORM NOT TO BE MISUNDERSTOOD

Men Who Are Afraid to Trust the People in a Direct Primary Are Not Fit to Represent Party in Any Capacity Whatever.

Contributions on timely topics are invited from readers of The Bee. Communications should be written legibly on one side of the paper only and accompanied by the name and address of the writer. The name will not be used if the writer asks that it be withheld. Unused communications will not be returned. Correspondents are advised to limit their letters to 300 words or they will be subject to being cut down to that limit at the discretion of the editor. Publications of views of correspondents must not be taken to commit The Bee to their endorsement.

DAVID CITY, Neb., Feb. 4.—To the Editor of The Bee: Allow me to address an open letter to the fusion members of the legislature.

It is a little surprising to not a few of the rank and file of the democratic and populist parties that the members of the legislature should hold an open meeting for the purpose of "debating" the question as to whether or not there should be enacted a "state wide primary law." But it is still more surprising to learn that some of the so-called leaders of our parties should appear at said meeting and oppose such legislation.

All agree, no doubt, that our government is a representative government; that men are elected to the legislature to make our laws for the reason that it is impracticable for all of us to meet and vote directly for the laws we wish to govern us. All, no doubt, subscribe to the doctrine of the majority rule in government from road overseer to president.

With these elementary principles of government in mind, therefore it seems to me to be pertinent to inquire whether or not party platforms and specific instructions from a majority of the voters are binding upon our own representatives. I do not believe that any of our distinguished leaders will contend to the contrary, so that we will not argue this question.

The only remaining question, therefore, is what, if any, instructions did the voters give their representatives on the question of a "state wide primary law?" The plank in the democratic platform adopted at the last democratic state convention without a single dissenting vote says: "We will pass a comprehensive direct primary law for the whole state, under which party candidates for all offices shall be nominated by the direct vote of the people." The populist party adopted a similar plank, and, in addition, wherever there was fusion the candidate indorsed the democratic plank. Every fusion member of the legislature, therefore, who did not openly and publicly state that he repudiated this plank in his platform is specifically and unqualifiedly instructed and pledged to vote for a primary law under which candidate for all offices shall be nominated—a state wide primary law.

The democrat and populist parties for years have charged that the republican party platforms were made to hoodwink the people; we have charged them with insincerity, hypocrisy and bad faith; that after election they repudiated and ignored their platforms and promises. Is it possible that some of our own leaders differ in party name only?

The question of whether or not the present legislature shall enact a state wide primary law is not even debatable at this time. The debate was closed at 6 o'clock p. m. on November 6 last, when the sovereign people of this state through the ballot box instructed every member of the legislature who had not repudiated that part of his platform to go to Lincoln and vote for a primary bill which would include candidates for "all offices." If the principle of a state wide primary law is impracticable or wrong, the people are responsible and not the members of the legislature.

The leaders of our parties who favor keeping the pledges of the party need have no fear of a primary law; those who do not believe in the party platforms should not masquerade as democrats. If one plank of the platform can be repudiated then all planks can be ignored. Why not have some of our distinguished leaders come before the legislature and argue against a 2-cent passenger fare or against freight reduction? These planks are certainly no more binding upon the people's chosen representatives than the state wide primary plank.

Gentlemen of the legislature, the people of this state have moved the previous question on the state wide primary bill. Of this you will take due notice and govern yourselves accordingly.

C. M. SKILES.

MAN HAS CASH, BUT WIFE NOT

H. V. Beavers, Charged with Neglect of Family, Has Money When Arrested.

Charged with abandoning his wife and two minor children, forcing the wife to support herself and children by taking in washing, Herschel V. Beavers, a traveling salesman who resides at 1206 North Twenty-sixth street, was arrested at the Union Station Tuesday morning by Detectives Drummy and Maloney just as he was about to take a train for Auburn. He was arraigned in police court Tuesday morning, and, after entering a plea of not guilty, the case was continued until Wednesday.

It is alleged Beavers abandoned his wife and two children, Averill, aged 12 years, and Vesta, aged 5, last June and has since failed to contribute toward their support, although earning a good salary. When Beavers was arrested he appeared to be in most prosperous circumstances and carried a roll of bills, while his wife, who appeared against him, was poorly, but neatly dressed and plainly showed the effects of her struggle with adversity.

Resort is Raided.

Nell Stirling pleaded guilty in police court Tuesday morning to charge of keeping a disorderly house at 1823 Leavenworth street and was fined $35 and costs, while Maude Kirk and Bob Johnson pleaded guilty to being inmates of the place and were assessed fines of $5 and costs each. The house in question has had a most unsavory reputation and Officer Waters was denied admittance by the trio until assistance was summoned early Tuesday morning.

LOST—a lame back

Continuous desk work, a cold, or an overstrain of the muscles causes much suffering with back-aches. As a help to nature, as a remedy for the stiffness of the muscles, and as a cure for the pain and aches—even without cessation of labor—there is nothing that can be compared

with an

Allcock's PLASTER