Tel. Douglas 618. Bee, January 21, 1907.

The Best Results From a January Sale we Ever Had

Partly due to the splendid assortments of goods offered, largely due to the great reductions in prices, and yet another important fact is quality. That goes with our low prices—the two have been linked inseparably in this great sale—and then, all goods are plainly marked. No guessing as to value. No uncertainty as to price. "It's all made plain."

Watch our ads every day. They always match our goods.

Thompson, Belden & Co.'s Great January Sale of Sheetings, Muslins, Etc., Continues.

These last few days of this great sale will be busy ones, for present prices will not hold good after Jan. 31. Better buy now and share the great savings.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS

35c 10-4 Sheetings, now 30c yard.
32c 10-4 Sheeting, now 27c yard.
30c 10-4 Sheeting, now 26c yard.
32c 9-4 Sheeting, now 27c yard.
30c 9-4 Sheeting, now 25c yard.
28c 9-4 Sheeting, now 24c yard.
29c 8-4 Sheeting, now 24c yard.
27c 8-4 Sheeting, now 23c yard.
26c 8-4 Sheeting, now 22c yard.
26c 7-4 Sheeting, now 21c yard.
24c 7-4 Sheeting, now 20c yard.
23c 7-4 Sheeting, now 19c yard.
24c 6-4 Sheeting, now 19c yard.
22c 6-4 Sheeting, now 18c yard.
21c 6-4 Sheeting, now 17c yard.
21½c 50-in. Sheeting, now 17c yard.
20c 50-in. Sheeting, now 16c yard.
19c 50-in. Sheeting, now 15c yard.
19½c 45-in. Sheeting, now 15c yard.
18½c 45-in. Sheeting, now 14c yard.
16½c 45-in. Sheeting, now 13c yard.
17½c 42-in. Sheeting, now 13½c.
16½c 42-in. Sheeting, now 12½c.
15c 42-in. Sheeting, now 11½c yard.

Special Sale of Women's Outing Gowns Tuesday.

Commencing Tuesday we shall sell every woman's outing flannel gown in the house at reduced price, all good qualities, well made, nicely trimmed and full, liberal sizes. These are the reductions for Tuesday:

All 50c Gowns, in assorted stripes, at, each, 39c.
All 75c Gowns, in assorted stripes, at, each, 59c.
All $1.00 Gowns, either high or V neck, at, each, 75c.
All $1.50 Gowns, in plain colors, at, each, 98c.
All $2.00 Gowns, pretty assortment of patterns, at, each, $1.50.
All $2.50 Gowns, either plain or assorted stripes, at, each, $1.75.

It will pay you to buy for next season at these low prices.

This is the Bargain Season in Ready-to-Wear Clothes for Women.

What a woman buys at Thompson, Belden & Co.'s is always good, even when it is sold at half price. The garments are always stylish, always new. We know no other store can sell as cheap as we do, as we do a strictly cash business, and these prices are only possible in a cash store.

Lovely Dresses, in Crepe de Chine, Radium Silk, China Silk, Albatross, Cashmere and French Challis, all at half the regular prices.

These are not old, faded, shop-worn goods, such as is offered at Special Sales in some stores, but new dresses made this season.

SUITS AT HALF PRICE

$40.00 Suits for $20.00.
$35.00 Suits for $17.50.
$30.00 Suits for $15.00.

About 50 very pretty Silk Waists, in fancy plaids and stripes, some sold at $10.00, some at $15.00.

TUESDAY, $5.00 EACH

All the Coats at half price.
All the Children's and Misses' Coats at half price.
Second Floor.

A Clearing Sale of Many Broken Lines of Colored and Black Dress Goods Tuesday.

Dress Goods of superb quality, texture and beauty, that have made friends wherever they have gone, are still farther reduced. The balance of these beautiful fabrics must go. Cleaning up time is here. We do this every year. Every piece must go at some price. Be sure and come Tuesday.

Tuesday's Offerings in the Great January Linen Sale.

Fringed Bed Spreads, Cut Corners

All our $2.25 Fringed Bed Spreads, January price, $1.59 each.

Hemmed Bed Spreads

All our $1.85 Hemmed Bed Spreads, January price, $1.39 each.

Turkish Towel Sale

All our 15c Unbleached Heavy Turkish Towels, January price, 10c each.
All our 16⅔c Unbleached Heavy Turkish Towels, January price, 12½c each.
All our 20c Unbleached Heavy Turkish Towels, January price, 15c each.

Brown Linen Crash

1 case 10c Brown Linen Crash, January price, 5c yard.

Bleached Table Cloths

50 $2.25 Table Cloths, size 2x2½ yds January price, $1.25 each.

Bleached Napkins

Special, $3.25 Bleached Napkins, January Sale price, $1.89 dozen.

Bleached Heavy Toweling

1 case 16⅔c Bleached Heavy Crash, January Sale price, 12½c yard.

Check Glass Toweling

1 case 15c Checked Glass Toweling, January Sale price, 11c yard.

Hemstitched Lunch Cloths and Scarfs

All 35c Hemstitched Scarfs, 18x54 size, January Sale price, 19c each.
All 35c Hemstitched Lunch Cloths, January Sale price, 19c each.
All 15c Hemstitched Squares, size 12x12, January Sale price, 5c each.

Silk, Silks, for Tuesday

SPECIAL NOTICE—The reduction pencil of the Great January Sales has sent the prices away down on pretty dress silks for Tuesday. Plenty of variety for satisfactory choosing. Our regular $1.00 Black Swiss Taffeta, 27-in., at 64c a yard. This has been a great success. Ask to see it.

THOMPSON BELDEN & CO.

HOWARD, CORNER SIXTEENTH STREET. OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

ODONOHOE REDMOND AND NORMILE CO. 16th HOWARD

Phone 981 Douglas

PRE INVENTORY SALE

Great selling and great values characterizes the virtues of the "Daylight Store" in its entirety. Such values that were offered Monday were greedily snapped up, because they were "snappy" values, and that kind of snap will prevail every day of this pre-inventory sale. You can realize every bargain we offer. Investigation will prove every statement we make to you through this great sale.

Linen Specials Tuesday

Heavy weight Scotch Damask, two yards wide, silver bleached, Tuesday's price, per yard...49c
A turkey red Renfrew Damask, fast color, pretty designs, Tuesday's price, per yard 24c
A good size Cream Turkish Bath Towel, colored borders; Tuesday's price, each 4½c
A fine sheer India Dimity, comes in hair line stripes and checks, Tuesday's price, per yard 9c
A soiled lot of fancy linens, including trays and doilies, round, square and oblong, Tuesday's price, each 15c

Women's Winter Shawls

A great opportunity to get a reversible Beaver Shawl at about half price.
Beaver Shawls, marked $2.00, Tuesday at $1.25
Beaver Shawls, marked $3.25, $3.50, $3.75—Tuesday.. .$1.98
Beaver Shawls, marked $4, $4.95, $5.50—Tuesday at $2.98
Beaver Shawls, marked $5.95, $6.50—Tuesday at $3.98
Misses' Fur Sets at startling prices:
Sets marked $8.95 for $4.48
Sets marked $7.95 for $3.98
Sets marked $4.95 for $2.48
Navajo Blanket Robes:
Robes marked $5.95, $6.95 will go at $3.95
Robes marked $7.95, $8.95 and $9.90 for $4.95

Broken Lot Sale of Val Laces

French and German valenciennes lace edges, and insertions, narrow, medium and wide widths, worth to 25c yard—unmatched sets, odds and ends, excellent values, at, per yard 5c

Embroidered Handkerchief Sale

Never before so cheap. New and better values added to our great sale of hemstitched embroidery handkerchiefs. Those who have already invested know what they are; to those who have not we can only say they consist of 25c to 75c, values, slightly imperfect from misstitching and a great many perfect ones, your choice at ....15c, 10c and 5c

Winter Comforts and Blankets

At Midsummer Prices.

$1.25 Soft Silkoline Comforts—Tuesday, each 98c
Large size $1.50 gray and white Blankets—Tuesday $1.17
Special line $6 Comforts, strictly high grade, at 4.75
Splendid assortment beautiful sateen covered Comforts, double sides, filled with finest French lining, worth $4.00. Your choice Tuesday, at, only $2.75

Housefurnishing Dept.

Japanned dust pans, 10c value, at, each 5c
Wooden spice cabinet, with eight drawers, regular 65c value, at, each 48c
5c rolls of toilet paper, each ..3c
Bread knives, good quality steel, 39c value, at 25c
No. 9 large copper nickle plated tea kettles, $1.48 value, at $1.09

China Dept.

All our fine cut glass. All fine fancy hand painted china ..... All our fancy oil lamp } ⅓ Off Regular Price.

tried to impress the committee it was wrong on general principles.

The committee finally appointed Chairman Harrison of Otoe and Quackenbush of Nemaha to see whether the constitution provided such companies should connect up their lines as is required of railroads, and no other action was taken.

Incidentally, it remained for this house committee on railroads to set a precedent of action which the organization of the house indicated would never be taken in this legislature. The committee went into executive session to discuss the measure after the speeches. Walsh of Douglas made the motion and the room was cleared instantly. It gave those who opposed the open ballot at the caucus something to talk about.

Sensation in the House.

It was very evident that members of the house got up crosswise this morning, based on the time they took to settle disputed questions and the vigorous whack they took at the lawyers on the judiciary committee and the big scare they gave members of the committee on medical societies and sundry laws. Ned Brown was responsible for the drubbing given the judiciary committee and instigated the debate in which various members took a poke at lawyers in general, while Davis of Cass county caused the doctors to pass in review when he called up his resolution to compel the committee to which had been referred the anti-Christian Science bill to give the Scientists a week's notice of the meeting of the committee at which the bill is to be discussed. Members of the committee assured the house there was no intention to deprive the Scientists of this courtesy, and after considerable wrangling Davis withdrew his resolution, with the understanding due notice would be given, so the Scientists could secure a man from Chicago to present their side of the case.

Ned Brown overrode the judiciary committee when it reported to indefinitely postpone his two bills, H. R. 47 and H. R. 48, to prevent new trials of cases on mere technicalities where no injustice had been done the defendants and secured the bill for the general file. The laymen united in standing by Brown, and Walsh of Douglas received applause when he said "such a measure should be a Godsend to the common people, and I make my bow to the gentleman from Lancaster who refused to join with the other members of the committee, but who had an opinion of his own and expressed it." The other members of the judiciary committee opposed Brown. McMullen of Gage said in his several talks on the bill that the house had already showed too much of a disposition to adopt resolutions just because they had been endorsed by persons in higher authority.

Wolf Bounty Bill.

Another big debate came on the bill by Armstrong of Nemaha, H. R. 45, which repealed the wolf bounty law, and which the committee reported for indefinite postponement. Armstrong wanted it placed on general file, but he was voted down. The members from the west end of the state were united for the statute to remain as it is and they were joined by Walsh of Douglas, who claimed to speak for the rural districts. Armstrong told the house the $15,000 appropriated to pay the wolf bounty had been exhausted and that claims amounting to $20,000 were now on file in the auditor's office. The state auditor, he said, favored the repeal of the statute. He told of an incident where one man brought in nine scalps and three months later brought in nine more. In conversation with the county clerk the man said he had an old wolf which he would not take $25 for.

Carlin of Rock, Schoettger of Washington and Wilson of Custer took exceptions to this and Carlin recited how they had wolf hunts up in his country and 2,000 people from a country eighty miles in area congregated and killed the animals for mutual protection and not a cent of bounty was asked. He told of depredations committed by the wolves and the necessity for the bounty to aid in the extinction of the animals.

Committee only reported on these three bills and it required the entire afternoon to settle these reports and the Christian Science resolution.

Gibson's Saloon Bill.

Senator Gibson's bill prohibiting brewers and distillers from having any interest in any saloon or saloon license or renting buildings for saloon purposes and limiting the number of saloons to not more than one to 1,000 inhabitants may become one of the most important liquor bills of the session, rivaling even the county option bill in importance. Some of the senators are inclined to think the bill would remedy many evils connected with saloons all over the state, and it has found supporters from the senators from the country districts.

The bill as now drawn applies only to Omaha, South Omaha and Lincoln. But one influential senator said today he intended to offer an amendment removing this limitation and providing the law shall apply to the entire state, and after this is done, he said, he believed it would pass the senate. He said many of the smaller towns have experienced evil results from the fact that saloons are owned by brewers and are placed in charge of irresponsible saloonkeepers, who make no pretense to obeying the laws.

The bill as it now reads would reduce the number of saloons in Omaha about 100 and in South Omaha about fifty. It would make little change in Lincoln, except to drive out the saloons owned by the brewers.

Other Liquor Bills.

Those who are in touch with the members of the legislature look for some radical action this year on the saloon question. While the big fight will be on the county option bill, there are a number of smaller measures that will cut considerable figure in the liquor traffic over the state. The judiciary committee has decided to recommend for passage two of Senator Root's bills, which, if passed, will practically prevent the shipping of liquor by express and the transportation companies into "dry" towns. A number of other bills will, if passed, have the tendency to restrict the number of saloons and make it easier for the prohibition element to prevent the legal sale of liquor.

Along this line are two bills introduced into the senate today by Root of Cass. The two measures provide that the conviction in any district court of a saloonkeeper for violating the liquor laws of the state shall operate to invalidate his license without any further action by the licensing board. Under the present law the license may be revoked after conviction, but the fact of conviction it is held does not necessarily invalidate the license. Senator Root also introduced a bill authorizing the holding of an election every five years in any city or village, or the county outside of any incorporated village or city to determine whether saloons may be licensed in such territory for the next five years. The law makes provision that the majority vote shall control for five years, doing away with annual elections.

Penalties Under Revenue Law.

One of the bills introduced into the senate today by McKesson of Lancaster provides for a reduction of the penalty for making false returns to the assessor and for swearing falsely to tax lists. The present law provides imprisonment penalties for the offense and Senator McKesson declares that no assessor would prosecute under it except for the most flagrant abuse. With the penalty reduced to a fine which may be heavy in flagrant cases, he believes the law would be much more effective. His bill provides a fine of from $50 to $500 for making false return of taxable property and one of from $100 to $1,000 for making false oath to the same.

One case cited by Senator McKesson occurred in Lancaster county, where one of the most prominent business men in Lincoln had his taxable property boosted several hundred thousand dollars by the assessor. No prosecution was had in his case because it would have been necessary to send him to prison if he had been convicted.

Senator King of Polk has introduced a bill which provides for an appeal to the district court from the levy made by the County Board of Equalization. The levy may be taken to the court by any taxpayer whether he appeared before the Board of Equalization or not, provided he believes the levy is unlawful or in excess of the needs of the county. The case shall be heard by the district court in equity.

Phillips of Holt has come forward with a new law for the regulation of the pass evil. He proposes in a bill introduced into the senate today to require all railroads to keep a list of persons to whom free transportation is issued and file the list annually with the county clerk, giving the reason for the issuance of the favor. The purpose of the bill is to provide full publicity for all pass holders. A penalty of from $100 to $1,000 is attached for failure to file the list as required.

Street Railway Bill Reported.

The senate judiciary committee this afternoon decided to report favorably upon the bill to enable street railway companies to hold stock in interurban companies. G. W. Wattles of Omaha appeared before the committee in behalf of the bill. The committee amended the bill to make it apply only to domestic corporations. Its purpose is to enable the Omaha & Council Bluffs Street Railway company to operate interurban lines out of Omaha.

PRINTERS DELAYING THE SENATE

Copies of Amendments to Bills Not Furnished Promptly.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 21.—(Special.)—The senate convened after a two days' recess at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the session being opened by prayer by Rev. S. Z. Batten.

Senator Root of Cass county introduced a resolution providing the state railway commission require the railroads to furnish schedules showing their classification of freight and the rates on the same January 1 and that the schedule conform as nearly as possible to the classification in the present law. The resolution was adopted.

An investigation of the reason the senate and house are not furnished with printed copies of amendments to bills will be had under a resolution offered by Senator Epperson of Clay. The resolution requested the attorney general to begin proceedings against the State Journal company, which has the contract for printing the amendments, to collect the penalty for failure to deliver the printed amendments on time. The resolution was referred to the judiciary committee. Delay in considering bills in committee of the whole has been caused because the printed amendments have not been received from the printer. There is a penalty of $25 for each failure to return the printed amendment three days after the copy was turned over to the printer.

The first bills were passed by the senate this afternoon in each case practically without opposition. The bills passed were S. F. 12, by Root, relating to the offense of adultery and decreasing the maximum penalty to one year in jail; S. F. 20, by Thomas of Douglas, providing the state shall have the same number of peremptory challenges as the defense in criminal cases; S. F. 28, by Root, giving the governor power to remove the superintendent of the hospital for the insane at will. The only negative vote was cast by McKesson against the bill relating to the offense of adultery. The votes showed seven members of the senate were absent; most of them were on the committee which left Monday morning to visit the Norfolk asylum.

The following bills were introduced into the senate today:

S. F. 163—By Hanna of Cherry. A joint resolution to propose an amendment to section 9, article 8 of the constitution of the state of Nebraska to permit investment of school funds in school district bonds and other securities.

S. F. 164—By Patrick of Sarpy. To provide for the construction and maintenance of bridges, culverts and approaches thereto on public highways.

S. F. 165—By Sibley of Lincoln. Prohibiting deduction of indebtedness from amount of taxable property.

S. F. 166—By Thomson of Buffalo. Providing penalty of from one to five years in penitentiary for having control or custody of burglar's tools.

S. F. 167—By King of Polk. Providing for an appeal by taxpayer from action of county board of equalization fixing annual levy.

S. F. 168—By King of Polk. Requiring foreign corporations, except insurance companies and except railroad companies which have and maintain an agent or agents in this state, to appoint an agent or agents in this state upon whom service of process and notice of the commencement of any legal proceedings may be served.

S. F. 169—By McKesson of Lancaster. Reducing penalty for making false returns to county assessor and for false swearing in relation to the same; providing for fine instead of personal sentence.

S. F. 170—By Jones of Cass. To prohibit issuance of saloon licenses to corporations and providing licenses shall become void upon conviction in district court.

S. F. 171—By Root. Giving county board power to license saloons under provisions of county option bill.

S. F. 172—By Root. To authorize the electors of any city or village, or those resident in any county and without the limits of any incorporated village of city to vote once in five years upon the question of whether or not license shall be issued for the sale or giving away within said village or city or that part of the county without the limits of any incorporated village or city, of malt, spirituous, vinous, mixed or fermented liquors; providing that a majority vote upon said proposition at said selection shall control the issuance of licenses within said territory for the space of five years, except as otherwise provided by law; to provide the procedure in such assec; to repeal all acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith and to declare an emergency.

S. F. 173—Providing conviction in district court of violation of liquor law shall in itself invalidate licenses granted by any city.

S. F. 174—By Thomas of Douglas. Providing surety companies must deposit with state auditor $25,000 worth of approved securities.

S. F. 175—By Thomas. Increasing pay of county commissioners in counties of over 60,000 population from $1.80 to $2.500 and charging pay in other counties.

S. F. 176—By Phillips of Holt. To make public the names and addresses and for what purpose issued of all free transportation of persons or property furnished by any railroad company or corporation over its lines within the state of Nebraska.

S. F 177—By Phillips. Changing maximum passenger rate to 2¾ cents a mile.

S. F. 178—By Wilson of Frontier. Renewing 5 per cent limit on districts having more than 150 school children and reducing interest in school bonds from 7 to 6 per cent.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS OF HOUSE

Lawyers Oppose Bill Eliminating Technical Reversals.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 21.—(Special.)—In the absence of Speaker Nettleton, Ned Brown, chairman of the judiciary committee, called the house to order at 2 o'clock. House rolls Nos. 47 and 48, companion bills, removing certain technicalities from legal practices, involving appeals and new trials, were reported for indefinite postponement by the judiciary committee. Ned Brown of Lancaster, the author of the bills, called Hamer of Buffalo to the chair and moved the adoption of a minority report that the bills go on general file. This carried. E. W. Brown of Lancaster and McMullen of Gage spoke for the committee report, holding the bills, if enacted into law, would deprive a defendant the right of a trial by jury, and would be, therefore, unconstitutional. Ned Brown answered this argument and explained his bills did no such thing, but merely wiped out technical reasons for a new trial when no injustice had been done. Wilson of Custer, Walsh of Douglas and Lee of Douglas talked for the minority report, and each took a dig at the lawyers. The minority report carried.

Davis of Cass brought up his resolution to compel the committee on medical societies to give a week's notice to the members of the Christian Science church when the anti-Christian Science bill is to be considered. In the absence of the chairman of the committee, and with the assurance that the committee would give due notice, Davis withdrew his resolution.

Clarke of Douglas moved that when five members of the house signed a petition a week's notice would be given of a committee hearing. Harrison of Otoe objected and the motion was lost.

Weems of Nance introduced a resolution that a committee be appointed by the speaker to find out why it is Nebraska farmers get less for their grain than farmers in the neighboring states. It went over for one day.

Theissen of Jefferson introduced a resolution to memoralize congress to oppose a ship subsidy, even though it be under the guise of furnishing ships to carry mails to South America. It went over one day.

The following bills were introduced:

H. R. 130—By Knowles of Dodge. To require the appointment of a guardian ad litem in cases where a minor or an incompetent person is interested.

H. R. 131—By Knowles of Dodge. To prohibit the making or publishing of false or exaggerated statements or publications of or concerning the affairs, pecuniary condition or property of any corporation, joint stock association, copartnership or individual, which said statements or publications are intended to give or shall have a tendency to give a less or greater apparent value to the shares, bonds or property, or any part thereof of said corporation, joint stock association, copartnership or individual, than the said shares, bonds or property shall really and in fact possess, and providing a penalty therefor.

H. R. 132—By E. A. Brown of Sherman—Making a double column ballot when matter exceeds thirty-six inches in length.

H. R. 133—By Quackenbush of Nemaha—Providing for the levy of a special road district tax upon petition to county board by electors of road district.

H. R. No. 134—By Cone of Saunders. To provide for state ownership, control, construction and repair of all bridges of 500 feet or more in length within the state and located on or as a part of public roads.

H. R. 135—By Quackenbush of Nemaha. One-half of road tax to be paid in cash and one-half in work, the money to go into a special road fund.

H. R. 136—By Cuddee of Saline. Mechanics' lien law to apply to work done in digging wells.

H. R. 137—By E. W. Brown of Lancaster. Mutual fire companies can insure outside the state when they have a reserve fund of $100,000.

H. R. 138—By Renkel. Compelling railroads to attach a passenger coach to any train carrying live stock, for benefit of shipper.

H. R. 139—By Renkel. Trains carrying live stock must travel at least sixteen miles an hour; violation punishable by a fine of $200 to $500.

H. R. 140—By Buckley of Polk. Judicial appointment bill the same as was introduced in the senate by King of Polk.

H. R. 141—By Quackenbush of Nemaha. Regulating the receiving, transportation and discharge and delivery of freight by railroad companies; to prohibit discriminations between shippers in the furnishing of cars; to provide for notice to consignees and others to be notified of the arrival of freights, and to provide for the demurrage, forfeiture and penalties and damages arising from the violation of the provisions of this act.

H. R. 142—By Clarke of Douglas (by request). Authorizing justices of the peace to enter a judgment for costs, when an action is dismissed by the plaintiff, and prescribing that a second action shall not be instituted until the costs of the action dismissed are paid.

H. R. 143—By Hamer of Buffalo. To give a right of action against an employer for injuries or death resulting to an agent, servant or employe through the negligence of other employes, agents or servants of the employer, and to provide that all contracts waiving or setting aside the benefits of this act shall be void.

REGRET IN ENGLAND

(Continued from First Page.)

national law, as it was apparent there was no design to exert American authority."

Governor Expresses Thanks.

Shortly after 5 o'clock this afternoon the Colonial office received a dispatch from Governor Swettenham asking the British government to convey to the government of the United States the thanks of Jamaica for the American assistance rendered by Admiral Davis.

The telegram contained no mention of the incident involving the departure of the American warships.

The dispatch of Governor Swettenham asking the British government to convey to the government of the United States the thanks of Jamaica for the services rendered has been forwarded to the State department at Washington, with the thanks of the government of Great Britain for the aid rendered by the American admiral.

Haldane Thanks Root.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 21.—The State department late this afternoon received the following telegram from London under today's date:

Hon. Elihu Root, secretary of State Washington: Have read in newspapers this morning what purports to be a letter from governor of Jamaica. Can only say that on materials before me I entertain, as responsible for troops in island, feeling of deep gratitude to American admiral for generous assistance tendered at most critical time.

(Signed) HALDANE,
Secretary of State for War, London.

To this the following reply was sent:

Haldane, secretary of state for war, London: The president greatly appreciates your cordial telegram and is glad if the proximity of this country has made it possible to be of the slightest assistance to the stricken people of Jamaica in this crisis. If, because of this proximity, and pending the arrival of your own warships and transports we can render any further aid whatever, the president earnestly hopes you will call on him without hesitation. We know how cheerfully you would render such aid to us were the circumstances reversed.

(Signed) BACON,
Acting Secretary of State.

From official sources it is learned that no attention will be paid by this government to the action of Governor Swettenham of Jamaica, in asking Admiral Davis to withdraw his forces from Kingston. It is held here that the act of the government is that of a single individual for which the British government is in no manner to be held responsible.

Davis Reports by Mail.

Admiral Evans' cablegram informed the Navy department that Admiral Davis' report would be forwarded by mail.

Neither the State nor the Navy departments have any official advice as to the reason for the abrupt departure from Kingston of Admiral Davis and his relief squadron, which returned to Guantanamo yesterday. In official circles the episode forms the main topic of conversation. Acting Secretary of State Bacon, who last night denied that any unpleasantness had occurred between Rear Admiral Davis and Governor Swettenham, today was inclined to believe there was foundation for the stories. He thought that, however, that when both sides are heard from the case will present a different aspect. He had a conference today with the president.

While the British embassy is in the dark so far as official advices regarding the Jamaican incident are concerned, the affair is regarded there as most unfortunate from every point of view.

Mr. Esme-Howard, charge d'affaires of the British embassy, has made an appointment to meet Acting Secretary of State Bacon to discuss the incident.

The supply ship Celtic, which sailed from Havana for Kingston, arrived at that place yesterday. It is thought at the Navy department that it missed Admiral Davis' returning squadron. Whether it has been ordered to return to Guantanamo is not known here.

Jamaicans Resent Governor's Act.

GUANTANAMO, Jan. 21.—Admiral Davis, with the Missouri and the Indiana, arrived here yesterday at 10 o'clock. The Yankton appeared a short time before. There is deeply felt indignation at Kingston against the local government on account of its refusal of American aid. The American doctors treated sixty cases the first day and forty the second day at the solicitation of the Jesuit and other Catholic fathers. This was done after the governor had declined aid.

The United States battleship Missouri has arrived from Kingston. It was stated today that Governor Swettenham held up Saturday night's dispatches from Kingston regarding his letter to Rear Admiral Davis requesting to re-embark the American marines who had been landed to assist in the relief work ashore.

Just previous to the departure of the American warships the mayor and city council of Kingston sent a petition to the admiral begging him to remain, and the relief committee headed by Archbishop Hubball threatened to resign. When the American surgeons left the hospital the patients wept and begged them and the American warships to stay, and the Red Cross nurses declared that the governor's action in causing the Americans to withdraw was nothing short of criminal.

Mayor of Kingston Asks Aid.

NEW YORK, Jan. 21.—The mayor of Kingston, Jamaica, in his official capacity today appealed to the generosity of the American people on behalf of the earthquake sufferers.

In a cablegram to Mayor McClellan of this city Mayor Tait of Kingston asked for money and building materials, which, he added, were urgently needed.

The cablegram received late in the day follows:

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Jan. 21.—Mayor, New York: On behalf of stricken people I appeal through you to generosity of American people for help. Every house destroyed. Money, lumber and building materials most urgently needed.

TAIT, Mayor.

Acting upon the suggestion of Mayor Tait, Mayor McClellan tonight announced through the press that he would be glad to receive contributions which would be forwarded to the proper Kingston authorities.

Piles Cure in 6 to 14 Days.

Pazo Ointment is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded—50c.

SOUTH DAKOTA DEBATING TEAM

Men Who Will Represent University in Forensic Contests Chosen.

VERMILION, S. D., Jan. 21.—(Special.)—As a result of the preliminaries held in the chapel Friday and Saturday evenings, Richard Lyons, Arthur Sherron, Harry Ilsly, Sherman Duggan, J. A. Lyons and E. B. Ball will represent the state university in the two debates to be pulled off in the spring—one with the university of Iowa, the other with Dakota Wesleyan, Mitchell.

The preliminary debates were spirited, and about fifteen entered. The judges were Rev. Mr. Randall, State's Attorney Nichols and Attorney McInerny, all of Elk Point.

The makeup of the teams to debate with Iowa and Dakota Wesleyan will be determined later. The question for the Iowa debate is: "Resolved, that the general welfare of the American people demands the open shop principle in our industries." For the Wesleyan debate the question reads, "Resolved, that American cities should find the solution of their street railway problems in municipal ownership and operation."

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Arizona Legislature Meets.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Jan. 21.—The Arizona legislature convened today. It consists of twelve members of the upper house and twenty-four members of the lower house. The upper house is composed of eight republicans and four democrats and the president will be W. J. Doran of Prescott. The lower house is composed of seventeen democrats and seven republicans. There are three candidates for speaker.

DIAMONDS—Frenzer, 15th and Dodge.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

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ALBERTA GALLATIN, in Dorothy Vernon of Haddon Hall.

Coming—LAND OF NOD; MME. SCHUMANN HEINK.

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Matinees, Thursday, Saturday, Sun. Next week: Lady Windemere's Fan

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Prices—10c, 25c, 50c.

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Big Race and Wild Rabbit Chase on Tuesday Night

Masquerade—Wednesday Night

Admission : : 10 Cents

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