

BRYAN FOR HEARST

Nebraskan Writes Letter Asking Friends to Vote for the Newspaper Man.

CAMPAIGN NOW AT FEVER HEAT

Secretary Root's Speech and Croker's Cablegram Topics of Discussion.

BOTH CANDIDATES RETURN TO CITY

Each Addresses a Dozen Audiences During the Evening.

BOTH SIDES PROFESS CONFIDENCE

Mr. Hughes Says Nothing Now Remains Except Getting Out the Vote—Murphy Unflinching by the Outlook.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Echoes of yesterday's developments in the state were heard on every side today in the comment of political leaders on the Richard Croker interview and the speech of Secretary of State Root at Utica last night. Fresh interest was aroused by the publication of a letter from William J. Bryan to Bird S. Coler, borough president of Brooklyn, in which the writer expressed the hope that all democrats would support William R. Hughes for governor. These things and the further fact that both Charles E. Hughes and William R. Hearst, the candidates for governor on the republican and democratic-independence league tickets, respectively, were once more on the stubbornly contested ground of New York, brought political interest to a high pitch.

Mr. Hughes and Mr. Hearst gave their attention to Kings and Queens counties tonight, both making whirlwind dashes from place to place in order to carry out the details of the long program mapped for them by their respective campaign managers. Mr. Hearst was slated to speak at thirteen different meetings in Brooklyn, Long Island City and Queens county, while Mr. Hughes' night's campaign called for equally as strenuous work. Besides formal meetings, both parties held numerous rallies throughout Manhattan in the interests of candidates for less important offices. Everywhere there were crowds to listen to the various speakers and political enthusiasm reached the highest pitch.

Many Speeches by Hughes.
Mr. Hughes left Utica at 10 o'clock for New York. He spoke at Schenectady, Catskill and Newburgh. At the former place he made three speeches, in two of which he spoke directly to many thousands of workmen, appealing to them to support his party in the coming election. His last speech of the evening was made at Catskill in the forenoon, where he addressed an enthusiastic meeting at the town theater. Immediately afterward he started for New York. Reaching this city at 8 o'clock he took but a brief rest before entering upon the long list of meetings scheduled for tonight. He spoke at the Lyceum, the Hotel and the Lyceum. It was late in the night before he concluded.

Reviewing his upstate campaign tonight, Mr. Hughes expressed satisfaction at the prospect of republican success and declared he was gratified by the support of the republican organization throughout the state. He added that the support of old-line democrats was perhaps the most significant feature of the campaign and that it was now a simple question of getting out the vote.

Mr. Hearst was forced to rest during the day because of the serious condition of his throat after last night's speechmaking. He resumed his labors tonight and was whirled about Brooklyn and Long Island in an automobile for speeches at many places. His last speech of the evening was made at the Lyceum, where an enthusiastic crowd awaited him. Mr. Hearst's voice showed the effects of his vigorous campaign upstate and when he commenced his first address tonight he found difficulty in making himself heard by those in the rear of the theater.

Anti-Trust League Against Hearst.
Henry B. Martin, secretary of the American Anti-Trust league, tonight gave out a statement in which he declares the anti-trust men of New York are using every effort to rid the party at this election of the Hearst-Murphy crew, who are trying to turn the honored organization of Jefferson and Jackson into a political corporation for the profit of one millionaire and his partners and henchmen.

Leaders of both parties tonight renewed the contest of absolute confidence in the outcome of Tuesday's balloting. Timothy Woodruff, chairman of the republican state committee, declared he was perfectly satisfied with the prospects and predicted for other hands a sweeping victory. On the other hand, Charles F. Murphy, leader of the Hearst-Murphy crew, who are trying to turn the honored organization of Jefferson and Jackson into a political corporation for the profit of one millionaire and his partners and henchmen.

Bryan's Letter to Coler.
W. J. Bryan has written a letter to Bird S. Coler, borough president of Brooklyn, endorsing the candidacy of William R. Hearst for governor.
Mr. Bryan's letter follows:
My Dear Mr. Coler: I am very anxious to see Hearst elected and would have come to New York to help him if I thought an outside speaker in of great benefit to the cause. From indications, however, he is going to win, as he ought to. If I have any friends there I want them to vote for him.
(Signed) BRYAN.

Mr. Bryan wrote as quoted in a personal letter to Mr. Coler dated at Madison, Ill., and received on October 31. The contents of the letter not given out was of a personal nature. Mr. Coler telegraphed Mr. Bryan and secured his authority to make a portion of the letter public.

Mr. Coler in giving out the letter said: Mr. Bryan's letter should be enough for all democrats in this state. As for independents, I cannot imagine that they are going to take the side of the old proslavery system. They

(Continued on Second Page.)

Register Today.

In order to vote at the coming election and at subsequent primaries every elector in Omaha and South Omaha must appear personally before the registration board for his voting district and have his name properly enrolled. No previous registration holds good this year. Saturday, November 3, is the last registration day. In order to vote

You Must Register.

HEARING ON IN SAN FRANCISCO

Ruef and Board of Supervisors Deny Allegations in Complaint by Henry.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The argument on the restraining order brought by District Attorney Langdon to prevent Ruef from taking possession of the office of the district attorney and the action of the Board of Supervisors in ousting Langdon and appointing Ruef to that office, was begun before Judge Seawell today.

Two separate answers to the complaint were presented, one on behalf of Ruef and the other on behalf of the Board of Supervisors. Each answer was accompanied by affidavits denying the allegations in Henry's original complaint, which charged felonies to Ruef and the seven supervisors.

The court room was crowded. District Attorney Langdon was present and with him were his assistants, Francis J. Henry, Charles W. Cobb and Elmer Johnson, who conducted the examination for Langdon. Ruef was represented by Samuel Shortridge and Henry Ach, and the members of the Board of Supervisors were represented by William T. Haggitt and Jack Williams of the city attorney's office. Ruef arrived after the proceedings had begun. He was accompanied by his bodyguard.

Attorney Johnson, addressing Judge Seawell, said:
"One reason that Ruef and the supervisors were restrained is because they were engaged in a conspiracy to obstruct the administration of justice. The district attorney was engaged in an investigation of certain crimes of Abraham Ruef, who was the party seeking to inject himself into the district attorney's office. If Langdon were put on the stand he would consent to answer only as to that matter—not as to evidence he had in his possession."

This was agreed to, and Ach stated that he would make the issue on two points: Whether the Board of Supervisors had the right to remove Langdon and whether Langdon had the right to enjoin the new appointee from taking office.

District Attorney Langdon was then placed on the stand and stated that he had been in charge of the office since January 8; that he had issued orders to all his deputies and knew that these orders were carried out. He had performed the duties of district attorney in Judge Ours' court room and before Judge Graham in the empanelling of the grand jury. Ach asked him to name his deputies. He did so, among them Francis J. Henry. Ach asked what instructions he had given to Henry regarding Henry's appointment. To this question Johnson entered vigorous objections, declaring that such questions had caused Langdon to ignore the proceedings before Notary Pulmon. Judge Seawell suggested to Johnson that the proper procedure was to move that the discussion be struck out. He had no objection at this point announced that as official city attorney he represented the Board of Supervisors as a whole. He had no objection to the other attorneys representing them as individuals. He filed an answer to Langdon's complaint.

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Arguments by the opposing counsel of legal points involved in the controversy occupied the greater part of the afternoon session.
Judge Seawell adjourned court until Monday.

PITTSBURG MURDER MYSTERY

James A. McMillen, a Wealthy Citizen, Stuffed and Robbed Near His Residence.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 2.—Developments tonight in the murder and robbery of James A. McMillen, aged 66 years, a wealthy business man, who was found dead and his pockets rifled at 7:30 this morning near his residence in the West End, have assumed a mysterious phase that baffles the police. The authorities stated tonight they are absolutely without a clue and announced at 6:30 this evening another highway robbery occurred within a block of this morning's mysterious assault. Edward Young, a driver, was held up by three men, who, after beating him into unconsciousness, took \$50. The entire detective force and a number of special officers are at work on the case. They are working on the theory that the three men who attacked Young were probably McMillen's assailants.

The mystery surrounding the murder was increased when the detectives learned tonight that two well dressed men had called at the morgue to examine McMillen's effects. They said they were attorneys and asked if any legal papers had been found on the body, adding that they were needed in important litigation. They refused to give their names and the authorities are now trying to locate them.

A post-mortem examination has shown that McMillen was knocked unconscious with some blunt instrument and died from exposure.

LUMBER TRUST ON COAST

Combination is Interstate in Extent and Evidence Will Be Sent to Washington.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—United States District Attorney Robert T. Devlin has decided to forward to Washington the evidence presented before the federal grand jury during the investigation into the acts of the alleged San Francisco Lumber Trust. This evidence, according to Devlin, implicates Oregon and Washington lumber men, as well as local members of the alleged unlawful combination. The trust is therefore an interstate organization and further investigation will be conducted from Washington.

JAPAN IN BATTLESHIP RACE

Mikado Will Build Fighting Machine 3,000 Tons Larger Than the Dreadnaught.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The Daily Telegraph says it is reported that Japan has decided to begin the construction of a battleship exceeding the displacement of the Dreadnaught by 3,000 tons.

CANAL PROJECT IS VAST

Circular to Prospective Bidders Presents Staggering Figures.

LIONS OF YARDS OF EXCAVATION

Thousands of Tons of Structural Steel Needed for Gates and Sillings—More Detailed Estimate Coming.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Some idea of the vastness of the Panama canal project is conveyed in a circular issued by the commission today for the information of prospective bidders for constructing the canal. It is estimated that the quantities of material to be removed and to be applied to the work of construction are only approximate, and even the location and character of structures may be changed by the contract. That exact information will be collected by the committee of five engineers who are charged to estimate a reasonable cost and time for completing the canal. The circular states under separate heads the character of the work to be done. The amount of excavation is staggering in extent. The estimated excavation and structural material in these sections are approximately as follows:
Colon section, 9,450,000 cubic yards; Mindi section, 11,000,000 yards; Gatun locks, excavation, 3,600,000 yards; concrete, 1,827,900 yards; steel gates, 2,330,000 pounds; Gatun dam, earth filled, 2,330,000 yards; Gatun regulating works, excavation, 1,800,000 yards; concrete, 180,000 yards; steel sluices, 5,000,000 pounds; Lake section, excavation, 24,000,000 yards; Culebra, excavation, 20,000,000 yards; Pedro Miguel, excavation, 6,325,000 yards; Pedro Miguel lock, excavation, 1,170,000 yards; embankment, 1,100,000 yards; lock III, 200,000 yards; concrete, 514,612 yards; cut iron, 72,000 pounds; steel gates, 19,500,000 pounds; Lake Soosa section, excavation, 1,600,000 yards; Soosa locks, excavation, 1,600,000 yards; back fill, 900,000 yards; concrete, 252,800 yards; cut stone, 900,000 yards; 1 1/2 inch iron, 1,000 yards; cast iron, 1,200,000 pounds; steel, 37,100,000 pounds; Lo Soosa dam, 8,300,000 yards; Corozal-Sosa dam, 3,307,000 yards; Panama bay excavation, 8,233,000 yards.

Federal of Congressman Hear.

The committee on the part of the house of representatives to attend the funeral of Representative Rockwood Hoar at Worcester, Mass., next Monday was announced here today. It is composed of Messrs. Lawrence, Gillette, Tiersell, Ames, Gardner, Roberts, McCall, Keithley, McNary, Sullivan, Meeks, Greene and Laverne of the Massachusetts delegation, Foster of Vermont, Burleigh of Maine, Currier of New Hampshire, Capron of Rhode Island, Olmsted of Pennsylvania and Talbot of Maryland.

Design for New Battleship.

Secretary Bonaparte today appointed a board consisting of the assistant secretary of the navy, the engineer-in-chief of the navy, the chief of the bureau of ordnance, the chief constructor of the navy, Captain John P. Merrill, Captain Raymond P. Rodgers and Captain Richard Wainwright to consider the designs and plans submitted to the navy department for a new battleship. The board is to report its decision to the department not later than November 20.

Fairbanks in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 2.—The special train bearing Vice President Charles W. Fairbanks on his speaking tour of the state started today from South Bend. The day was spent in northwestern Indiana, ending with a meeting tonight at Terre Haute.

ARGUMENT IN ELEVATOR CASE

Attorney Greene Completes His Talk and Starts Home to Vote.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)
WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The argument before the Interstate Commerce commission in the Peavey elevator case was concluded today. Charles J. Greene of Omaha made the closing argument, and at its conclusion left for Omaha so that he might vote for John L. Kennedy and the republican ticket.

Major T. E. Clarkson, formerly of Omaha, but now a resident of Seattle, is in Washington. Major Clarkson is here as special commissioner of the proposed Alaska-Yukon-Pacific exposition, which is to be held in Seattle in 1909. This exposition is marking the government for a single dollar, only being desirous that the government shall assemble an appropriate exhibit.

Rural carriers appointed: Nebraska—Campbell, route 2; Walter L. Gay carrier, Rosetta A. Guy substitute; Fremont, route 4; Jess F. Lapse carrier, John P. Hanson substitute; Lindsay, route 1; Peter Bettinger carrier, John Bettinger substitute; York, route 2; Allen Nellis carrier, Dexter King substitute. Iowa—Boudanant, route 2; James G. Markey carrier, Porter Long substitute; Williamsburg, route 5; William T. Ellis carrier, John Spang substitute.

Rural route No. 2 has been ordered established January 2 at Norway, Benton county, Iowa, serving 25 people and sixty-five families.

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Two supporting parties were driven on the north coast of Greenland. One reached the north coast in winter quarters. The other was stranded, completing north coast of Greenland, reaching the north coast of Greenland in winter quarters. Incessant battle with ice storms and head winds. Roosevelt, magnificent ice lighter and sea boat. No deaths or illness on expedition. PEARY.

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Expedition, However, Makes New Record for Most Northerly Point Reached.

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NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The United States now holds the record of "farthest north" 87 degrees, 4 minutes. This feat was accomplished by Commander Robert E. Peary of the United States navy. The intrepid Arctic explorer failed to reach the north pole, as he had confidently hoped to do with his specially constructed vessel, the Roosevelt, but he penetrated deeper to the pole than the duke of the Abruzzi's expedition, which had held the Arctic record, 86 degrees, 24 minutes. What Commander Peary did and his experiences during the past year in the frozen north are rather briefly but certainly vividly summarized in a communication received tonight by Herbert L. Bridgeman, secretary of the Peary Arctic club.

Commander Peary's Message.
This communication follows:
HOPKINS, Labrador, via Twillingate, N. F., Nov. 2.—Herbert L. Bridgeman, Roosevelt wintered on north coast of Greenland, returned to the United States in winter quarters. Went north with sledges in February, via Hecla and Columbia. Arrived at the north coast of Greenland in winter quarters. Beyond 85 degrees six days. Gale disrupted ice and destroyed caches, cut communication with supporting party and drifted due east. Reached 87 degrees, 4 minutes, north latitude over ice, drifting rapidly eastward. Returning, six sled dogs. Drifted eastward, delayed by open water, reached north coast of Greenland in winter quarters. Killed muskoxen and returned along Greenland coast to ship.

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