# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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## COAL TRUST CAUGHT

Between Fifty and Sixty Members of Combine Indicted by Grand Jury.

CHARGED WITH VIOLATING STATE LAWS

All Parties to Trust and Some Outsiders Said to Be on List.

NAMES NOT PUBLISHED FOR PRESENT

Indictment Follows Searching Inquiry Directed by County Attorney.

PRICES OF COAL ARE JUST ADVANCED

**Clutches of Law Not So Tight that All Tentacles Cannot Wiggle Enough to Boost Market.**

Between fifty and sixty members of the alleged coal combine were indicted by the grand jury on a charge of violating the state anti-trust laws in a bill returned before Judge Sutton at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. The names of those included in the indictment are withheld, but it is said all the members of the Omaha Coal exchange and some independent dealers are in the list. The indictment did not run against the South Omaha dealers, that case being considered separately by the grand jury.

The indictments followed a searching inquiry into the methods of the Omaha exchange by the grand jury. This inquiry reached back fully ten years and while no evidence in the grand jury room is taken in secret, it is known from the depositions taken in the civil suit by County Attorney Slabaugh the exchange has for years maintained a price list and has fined members for cutting prices. Members have also been fined frequently for soliciting business, which is strictly forbidden by the exchange. Both the fact it maintained a price schedule and the fact it disciplined members for using ordinary methods of getting business under competition are said to be foundations for the criminal indictment.

Some dealers who are not members of the exchange are said to have co-operated with the exchange in maintaining prices and these are said to have been included in the indictment. The Sheridan Coal company and the Union Pacific Coal company are reputed to have aided in maintaining price schedules on their coals.

**Trust Still Able to Raise Prices.**

In spite of the fight being made on the trust, it still shows signs of activity, and has just recently raised the price of semi-anthracite coal 50 cents a ton.

The fight on the combination was begun last September, when the grand jury was summoned to make an investigation in its methods of doing business. Shortly afterward County Attorney Slabaugh began a civil suit in which he enjoined the Coal exchange and other coal dealers in Omaha and South Omaha from meeting to fix prices or do anything else in restraint of trade. This case is still pending in Judge Troup's court.

Depositions by former secretaries of the exchange stated the price lists were made up by the secretary from lists furnished by all the dealers, the secretary using the lowest price named by any dealer for each grade of coal. These prices were discussed at the exchange meetings, however, and there is some evidence that firms who had made a very low price were induced to raise them by the other members.

The grand jury is said to have the case of the South Omaha exchange still under consideration.

A session of court was held last night to enable the defendants to give bond. Fred Elsasser was one of the first to appear to give bond.

**Trust No New Thing.**

A business man of Omaha yesterday, on reading in The Bee that the Coal trust had been indicted, remarked:

"Well, you know it has struck me all along that it is strange this Coal trust was not uncovered and brought to law years ago. Why, my father was in the coal business in South Omaha for several years and I know for a certainty, through my father, that as far back as 1886 and perhaps further back, members of the coal combine were fined by the organization for violating the rules of the trust. For instance, I remember once when a certain member solicited trade, which was against the rules, and paid the penalty with a fine. These are facts that can be substantiated. This Coal trust is no new thing. The only thing new about it is that the trust is being brought to time. I cannot say, for sure, that the trust which existed years ago is the one that exists today, but I think it is. At any rate, we had a Coal trust then and we have one now, so the circumstances are against."

## MORE PAY FOR POSTAL CLERKS

**Department Will Ask for Three Millions for Increase in Salaries and for New Men.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock in a statement tonight in connection with his recent announcement that he would recommend a substantial increase of salaries for postal employes, said the sum recommended will effect 75 per cent of the clerks in the grade below $900, about 50 per cent of the clerks receiving $900 and $1,000, about 25 per cent of those receiving from $1,100 to $1,200 and about 10 per cent of those receiving over $1,200. An appropriation of $25,700,000 will be urged for clerks of the first and second class offices, an increase of $3,000,000 over the current year, of which increase $1,570,000 is for employment of additional clerks and the rest for promotions. The estimates provide for the promotion of 16,300 clerks in the first and second class postoffices. The department is also considering an amendment to the present law permitting payment of a higher compensation to letter carriers. Mr. Hitchcock explained tonight that higher salaries were necessary to secure and retain competent men and insure "an efficient conduct of the business."

**Gibbons Goes to St. Paul.**

BALTIMORE, Oct. 23.—Cardinal Gibbons, accompanied by Archbishops Farley of New York and Ryan of Philadelphia, left here today for Pittsburg to attend the dedication of the new cathedral of St. Paul. The cardinal and his visitors have been conferring over matters pertaining to the Indian and negro missions.

**Bank Robbers in Oklahoma.**

TULSA, I. T., Oct. 23.—Robbers early today looted the Bank of Sparks, of Sparks, Okl. It is not known how much money they secured. They fled and are reported to be coming this way. Local officers have been requested to assist in their capture.

## FRENCH CABINET COMPLETED

**Clemenceau Holds Portfolio of Interior in Addition to Work of Premier.**

PARIS, Oct. 23.—The new French cabinet has been completed, as follows:

Premier and Minister of the Interior—M. Clemenceau.
Minister of Justice—M. Guyot Dessaigne.
Minister of Foreign Affairs—M. Pichon.
Minister of Education—M. Briand.
Minister of Finance—M. Caillaux.
Minister of War—General Picquart.
Minister of Marine—M. Thomson.
Minister of Public Works—M. Barthou.
Minister of Commerce—M. Doumergue.
Minister of Agriculture—M. Ruau.
Minister of Labor—M. Viviani.

The portfolio of minister of the colonies was offered this afternoon to M. Milles-Lacroix.

M. Millis-Lacroix acceptance of the colonial portfolio is certain. M. Millerand declined to enter the cabinet except as foreign minister. M. Cheron, deputy from Caen, will become civil assistant to General Picquart.

The composition of the cabinet is such that M. Clemenceau is absolute master of the situation. The semi-official Temps, this evening, while not depreciating the diplomatic talents of M. Bichon, regards his selection for the foreign office portfolio as evidence that M. Clemenceau intends to be his own foreign minister. The paper praises the nomination of General Picquart for the war ministry as being a credit to France and scouts the fears of those who imagine that a man of his caliber would seek reprisals among his enemies in the army.

BERLIN, Oct. 23.—The announcement that M. Clemenceau had been selected to form a cabinet for France was badly received by the German press. The new premier, during his journalistic activities, wrote so many things unwelcome to Germans that they have not forgotten it and use the opportunity to call him an "adventurer" and a "menace to the peace of Europe." Even the Foreign office looks with some concern on M. Clemenceau's premiership as likely to further the intimacy between France and Great Britain at the expense of Germany. Most of the diplomats in Berlin appear to think that the attacks of the German press on M. Clemenceau are more likely to strengthen him at home than otherwise.

## BRITISH TRADERS ARE PLEASED

**Stock Exchange Responds to Action of Secretary Shaw Regarding American Circulation.**

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Trading on the Stock exchange this morning opened dull, but immediately after the tenor of Secretary Shaw's plan to relieve the American money market became known prices improved.

The bankers express favorable opinions of Mr. Shaw's arrangement for the acceptance of $18,000,000 in securities other than government bonds in order to stimulate bank-note circulation, regarding this as likely to be a more elastic plan of relieving stringency than is the releasing of treasury funds.

**Isle of Pines Suffers.**

HAVANA, Oct. 23.—Contrary to the statements contained in the report received by the government it now appears that the Isle of Pines suffered considerable damage from the storm. Many houses at Nueva Gerona and Santa Fe and in the intervening country were blown down, much damage was done to the fruit crops and the wireless station was wrecked. The garrison of American volunteers rendered valuable aid in saving lives at Nueva Gerona.

**Spain Enters Complaint.**

TANGIER, Morocco, Oct. 23.—Mohammed el Torres, the representative of the sultan, has not sent any troops to Arzilla, which is still in possession of the Bedaros tribesmen, who are terrorizing the town, pillaging the shops and beating the Jews. The Spanish legation here is protesting energetically against the outrages, as many Spanish subjects have been maltreated.

**King Attends Races.**

LONDON, Oct. 23.—King Edward, evidently aware that the proceedings in Parliament would be devoid of any important features, left Buckingham palace in an automobile at noon, to spend the rest of the week at the Newmarket races. As the king was leaving town his car knocked down a man, but no serious consequences resulted from the accident.

## UNION LABOR CLAUSE INVALID

**Federal Court Knocks Out Section Fixing Penalty for Discharging Union Members.**

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 23.—In the United States district court today Judge Walter Evans in the case of the United States against J. M. Scott, a train dispatcher for the Louisville & Nashville railroad, on trial for alleged violation of the Erdman act, which seeks to prevent interstate carriers from keeping their employes out of labor unions, held that section 10 of the act is void, because it is not a regulation of commerce within the meaning of the commerce clause of the constitution and therefore the power of congress to enact. The judge sustained the demurrer to the indictment against Scott and discharged him from custody. The suit was brought in the lower court on instructions from the attorney general of the United States and an appeal taken. Scott had discharged an operator in the employ of the Louisville & Nashville railroad and the railroad telegraphers' union took the matter to the courts.

## TAFT'S DATES CONFLICTING

**Secretary of War May Be Compelled to Drop Denver from List.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—Secretary Taft announced today that he probably will be compelled to abandon his speaking engagement in Denver on November 1, as it would be practically impossible for him to speak at Omaha on the evening of October 31, then stop in Denver and make his Idaho engagements. It is not known positively just what days he will be in Pocatello and Boise.


**Register Friday.**

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## INTERSTATE HEARING TODAY

**Commerce Commission Will Begin Inquiry Into Grain Business.**

LARGE NUMBER OF SUBPOENAS SERVED

**Deputy United States Marshals Have Busy Day Serving the Papers on Witnesses in Various Cities.**

Deputy United States marshals were scarce about the federal building Tuesday for the reason they were all out serving subpoenas on grain men and railroad men to serve as witnesses in the investigation which is to be prosecuted Wednesday and Thursday by the Inter State Commerce commission in the federal court rooms. One of the deputies went to the Grain exchange and on his first visit served papers on A. B. Jaquith, J. E. Von Dorn, Rudolf Beal and George C. Thompson. It is said that nearly all the small grain dealers, the heads of all the elevator companies and a number of railroad officials have been subpoenaed. Tom Worrall is in Omaha and it is supposed he will be among the witnesses.

The commission has gone outside of Omaha for witnesses and has sent subpoenas to Waterloo, Fremont, Lincoln and other grain shipping points.

Commissioners Clark of Iowa and Lane of California will be assisted in the investigation by Attorney John H. Marble and by Mr. McKenzie, the commission's special agent, who has spent much time in Nebraska in the last few months.

**Acts Under LaFollette Bill.**

The commission is acting under the LaFollette resolution, passed by congress instructing the commission to investigate the condition of the grain trade in various states. It will look into the matter of the relation of the grain men with the railroads, will inquire as to whether the roads make rates favoring some companies as against others, whether there is an elevator trust and whether grain men fix prices by agreement.

The result of the anti-railroad demonstration Monday among the grain commission men was the appointment of a committee to wait on the board of directors of the Grain exchange and ask the board to seek redress for their wrongs at the hands of the roads.

"They may rest assured that the exchange will look to their interests in every possible manner," said Vice President McWhorter. "We will be glad to consider complaints from any members of the exchange."

Secretary McVann said the complaints voiced in the meeting had already come to him from the individual members.

**McVann Glad of Meeting.**

"I am glad they have taken up the matter collectively," he said, "for it gives the directors a better idea than individual complaints, and they will have more strength to go after the railroads."

Several elevator men held a meeting Tuesday morning to decide how far they would yield to the demands of the commission men in the matter of helping to stand the expense of the inspection department. The commission men have to pay for inspection and weighing on every car of grain they sell, though they say the elevator men do not ask inspection on more than one car in twenty, but send their grain through Omaha to be inspected at some other point. An agitation has been started to compel the elevators to have all their grain inspected on the local exchange. The result of the meeting is kept quiet, but will probably be made known at the next meeting of the board of directors of the exchange.

Among those present were Nels Updike, Nathan Merriam, Rudolf Beal and C. F. Davis.

## EVIDENCES OF RANK FAVORITISM

**Sensational Disclosures Made in Grain Hearing in Kansas City.**

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 23.—Evidence of favoritism shown to the manager of the Kansas City elevators of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in the matter of granting reduced grain rates to shippers; the existence of a rule in the Kansas City Board of Trade threatening its members with suspension if they dealt with irregular grain men, so-called; a combine of members of that organization to fix prices, and threats by grain dealers' associations to boycott Board of Trade members who might buy from farmers and others against whom the associations had issued orders were some of the things brought out here today at the grain hearing begun yesterday by the Interstate Commerce commission.

A score of grain dealers, elevator men and railway officials were examined. Commissioners Lane and Clarke will go to Omaha tonight and resume their hearing in that city.

**Shields Has Inside Information.**

E. W. Shields, elevator agent for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway and active manager of the Simonds-Shields Grain company of Kansas City, who was instructed by the commissioners yesterday to return here from St. Louis, proved an important witness.

Mr. Shields said he was in Chicago last fall, when he was called upon to advise about a special export rate on corn. He helped make a rate, effective several days later, then came home and bought corn right and left. He shipped 2,500,000 bushels of corn under the special rate. He had bought more than 1,000,000 bushels before other dealers learned that the reduced rate would be made.

Again this summer, he said, he happened to be waiting around the office of the vice president of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway when the railroads agreed on a cut of 2½ cents a hundred on wheat. He went out and sold 700,000 bushels for delivery under the rate.

**Fight Between Local Boards.**

B. R. Beall of Kansas City of the National Grain and Elevator company, which is affiliated with the National Board of Trade of Kansas City, a rival of the Kansas City Board of Trade, testified in effect that farmers who dealt with the National board and its members likewise were blacklisted by the Kansas City Board of Trade. He also stated that the rules of the Kansas City Board of Trade provided that any member of that organization dealing with members of the National Board of Trade were liable to suspension.

Mr. Beall said his company in its existence had sold probably 500,000 bushels of grain, none of which he would like to sell in Kansas City because of these restrictions.

**Restrictions on Trade.**

Asked if his company had experienced any trouble from the Kansas City Board of Trade or from any railway in moving its grain outside of Kansas City, Mr. Beall said:

"Yes. We experienced interruptions when we attempted an export shipment of wheat


(Continued on Second Page.)


## NEW YORK CAMPAIGN SCANDAL

**Grand Jury Busy Looking Into Story Told by Leader of Tammany.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The grand jury today continued its investigation of the charges made last week by Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany hall, to the effect that the Independence league candidates were demanding money from Tammany candidates to withdraw from the field and that money had been demanded of democratic candidates for Independence league nominations.

The witnesses summoned for the day's inquiry included Charles V. Fornes, formerly president of the board of aldermen and candidate for congress; Congressman Joseph A. Goulden; Joseph Prendergast, clerk of the Water board; Alderman Reginald Doull and John A. Allen, Independence league candidate for congress against Mr. Fornes. Congressman Goulden was the first witness to be called. He was with the inquisitors about fifteen minutes. After Mr. Goulden left the grand jury room he said he had been shown a letter which he admitted he had written to Francis E. Shoebel, also a candidate for congress, agreeing to pay $500 for the expenses of gathering endorsements of his name to a petition to be presented in the name of the league. Mr. Goulden said he considered it no more than right and proper that he should make such an offer to cover what he deemed legitimate expenses.

On leaving the grand jury room Alderman Doull said that he, as manager for Mr. Fornes, had never been approached with an offer of money, nor had Mr. Fornes.

John H. Allen said that he did not know any one acting in behalf of the Independence league had told Charles V. Fornes that Allen would withdraw as a candidate for congress against Fornes in consideration of a payment reported to be from $200 to $25,000. Mr. Allen said he did not believe any such offer had ever been made, and that, if so, it was without his authority.

Mr. Allen declared that he had never been nominated for congress; that some petitions for his nomination were circulated, but he ordered them stopped. He offered a reward of $1,000 for the arrest and conviction of the person who made a proposition to withdraw his name for money.

At the conclusion of an investigation by the grand jury it was announced today that the charges had fallen through completely. The official announcement to this fact, declared that the charges were merely campaign gossip, and the grand jury would not dignify the proceedings by making a presentment as a result of its inquiry. The grand jury announced that, in its opinion, there was nothing wrong in an offer made by Congressman Goulden to pay the expenses incurred in getting signatures to the independence league petition in his behalf. William Astor Chandler who had been subpoenaed to appear before the grand jury was not called upon to testify.

## AMERICAN JEWS ORGANIZE

**Committee Selected by Judge Sulzberger of Philadelphia Announces Appointments.**

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—The committee of fifteen appointed by Judge Mayer Sulzberger of Philadelphia to select thirty-five other members so as to form with them a committee of American Jews, it was announced today, has divided the country into twelve districts and selected representative Israelites from these districts in numbers corresponding, roughly, with the Jewish population. It is expected that the committee will find it necessary to increase its membership or adopt some means by which an advisory council may co-operate with them. A meeting of the committee will be held Sunday, November 25. Following is a list of members:

Moses H. Cone, Greensboro, N. C.; Rev. D. Phillipson, Cincinnati; Isidor Newmann, New Orleans; Isaac H. Kempner, Galveston, N. Ansenger, Denver; Elias Michael, St. Louis; J. Trieber, Little Rock; Sigmund Sichel, Portland, Ore.; M. C. Sloss and Rev. J. Vorsanger, San Francisco; Henry M. Butzel, Detroit; Ambrose Gutigman, St. Paul; Victor Rosewater, Omaha; Dr. Emil G. Hirsch, B. Horwisch, Adolph Kraus, J. J. Mack, J. Rosenwald and Rev. Joseph Stoltz, Chicago; Dr. L. N. Dembitz, Louisville; Martin A. Marks, Cleveland; Max Senior, Cincinnati; Dr. Cyrus Wiler, Washington, D. C.; Nathan Barnet, Paterson, N. J.; Rev. Dr. Levinthal, M. Rosenbaum and M. Sulzberger, Philadelphia; Hon. Isador Sobel, Erie, Pa.; A. Lee Weil, Pittsburg; Dr. H. Friedenwald, Prof. J. H. Hollander, Baltimore; Simon Wolf, Washington, D. C.; Godfrey M. Hyamms and Ferdinand Strauss, Boston; Henry Cutler, Providence; Nathan Bijur, Joseph H. Cohen, Daniel Guggenheim, L. Kamalky, D. H. Liberman, E. Lauterbach, E. H. Lewinstein, Prof. M. Mielziner, Adolph Lewisohn, Dr. J. L. Magnes, Louis Marshall, Jacob H. Schiff, Oscar S. Straus, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, New York City; S. W. Rosendale, Albany, N. Y.

## BRIEF RESPITE FOR BURTON

**Jailer of Former United States Senator Allows Him Half Hour of Liberty.**

IRONTON, Mo., Oct. 23.—A half hour of liberty and a stroll to his wife's boarding house and back to the Iron county jail varied the monotony of former United States Senator Joseph R. Burton's first day in jail today. Pleading that he wished to get some books and papers from his trunk, Burton was permitted by Sheriff Marshall to take a brief recess from confinement. As Burton reached the street he saw his wife and niece just returning from a drive. They accompanied him to the home of Dr. Smith, where Mrs. Burton is boarding.

Mrs. Burton prepared breakfast for her husband this morning and brought it to the jail, where he improvised a chair as a table in his cell and enjoyed the viands. Mrs. Burton asserts she will prepare all the meals he eats in order that he may not have to subsist on prison fare.

Burton shares a cell with James Wise, convicted of having embezzled from a postoffice. A separate cell will soon be given him and Burton asserts that as soon as he has a cell to himself and can place therein a small writing desk he will devote much time to writing. He said that as soon as he has served his sentence he intends to return to Abilene, Kan., and resume his law practice.


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## CHANGES IN THE CABINET

George B. Cortelyou to Be Secretary of Treasury on Retirement of Shaw.

BONAPARTE TO BE ATTORNEY GENERAL

**Meyer Becomes Postmaster General, Metcalfe Secretary of Navy and Straus Secretary of Commerce and Labor.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 23.—The following statement regarding prospective changes in President Roosevelt's cabinet was made public at the White House tonight:

On the retirement of Secretary Shaw and Attorney General Moody from the cabinet the following changes will be made:

Secretary of the Treasurery—Hon. Geo. B. Cortelyou.

Postmaster General—Hon. George von L. Meyer.

Attorney General—Hon. Charles L. Bonaparte.

Secretary of Navy—Hon. Victor H. Metcalfe.

Secretary of Commerce and Labor—Hon. Oscar S. Straus.

The general understanding for some time has been that Attorney General Moody will retire on January 1, and that Secretary Shaw will follow him March 4 next. On the first day of the year, therefore, Mr. Bonaparte, who is now secretary of the navy, will succeed Mr. Moody as attorney general and he will in turn be succeeded by Mr. Metcalfe, the secretary of commerce and labor, the latter's place being filled by Mr. Straus. Mr. Cortelyou, now postmaster general, will take Secretary Shaw's place on March 4, at which time Mr. Meyer is to become postmaster general.

**Two New Faces.**

The announcement of the prospective change in the cabinet was made late in the afternoon, following a protracted cabinet meeting earlier in the day, at which it is understood the whole matter was considered fully. The changes contemplate the introduction of two new men in the cabinet, Mr. Meyer, who is to be postmaster general, and Mr. Straus, who is to be the secretary of commerce and labor.

The fact that Mr. Meyer was to have a place in the cabinet has been known for some time, but the name of Mr. Straus has been mentioned only incidentally if at all in connection with the circle of the president's advisers. The transfers of Messrs. Cortelyou to the treasury, Bonaparte to the attorney generalship and Metcalfe to the navy have generally been accepted as among the probabilities for some time, although it has been known that both Mr. Bonaparte and Mr. Metcalfe were for a time loath to leave their present positions because they had become so fully identified with the work of their respective departments.

Mr. Meyer, who will become postmaster general, is ambassador to Russia, to which place he was appointed on March 6, 1905, having been promoted to that office following his service as the ambassador to Italy from 1900 to 1905. He is a native of Massachusetts and has been well known as a business man.

**First Hebrew in Cabinet.**

The appointment of Mr. Straus caused considerable surprise, as it will be the first case of a citizen of the Hebrew faith having been made a member of the president's cabinet. He was born December 6, 1850, and is well known as a merchant, diplomat and author. He represented the United States as minister to Turkey on two different occasions and was appointed by President Roosevelt to fill the vacancy caused by the death of former President Harrison as a member of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague.

## FARMERS' COMBINE IN SESSION

**President Drayton Explains Methods by Which Prices of Grain Are to Be Kept Stable.**

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Oct. 23.—The first national convention of the American Society of Equity, composed of farmers, began here today with over 500 delegates present from Illinois, Kentucky, New York, North Carolina, Utah, Wisconsin, Ohio and Indiana. The convention seeks to regulate values of grain and farm produce by regulating the supply in relation to the demand.

President C. O. Drayton of Greenville, Ill., called the convention to order and addresses of welcome were made by Congressman W. A. Rodenburg and Mayor Silas Cook.

In his annual address, President Drayton said:

This is not a trust, nor a combine to force extortionate prices, but rather an organization to get profitable prices for farm products. It is composed of local unions of farmers established at shipping points. The union from these points form the state association. These combined form the national association. Our idea is to establish granaries in the grain country to store all sorts of farm products.

If the market is low, the society will hold the product until the demand forces up profitable prices, when the goods may be sold. The poor farmer who cannot afford to hold his grain will be given a warehouse receipt, good for two-thirds the face value of the grain represented.

The farmers hope by this regulation of supply and demand to establish the market values. In this connection we will issue daily price bulletins. Telephones in farm houses will be advocated that the farmer may quickly be advised of a rise. This will give him an opportunity to sell at a profitable figure.

The convention will be in session three more days.

## PERSHING READY FOR WORK

**New Brigadier General Will Assume Command of Department of California Thursday.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 23.—Brigadier General John H. Pershing will formally take command of the Department of California on Thursday, on which date General Frederick Funston will arrive from Washington to turn over to him the affairs of that office. General Pershing has arrived in town from Tokio via Vancouver, where he has been military attache at the United States embassy to Japan.

Brigadier General Funston will go to St. Louis to command the southwestern division.

## PASSENGER TRAIN WRECKED

**Collision on St. Paul Road Kills a Fireman and Wounds One Brakeman.**

CHICAGO, Oct. 23.—Passenger train No. 22 on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, which left Milwaukee today at 11 a. m. and was due in Chicago at 12:55, collided with a freight train at Roudbout, thirty-two miles from this city, just before noon. L. Cramer, the fireman of the passenger train, was killed and C. Wilmart, a brakeman on the passenger, was seriously injured. Seven others sustained slight injuries.

The accident was caused by an open switch.

## NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

**Rain Wednesday and in East Portion Thursday.**

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

| Hour. | Deg. | Hour. | Deg. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 a. m. | 49 | 1 p. m. | 46 |
| 6 a. m. | 48 | 2 p. m. | 46 |
| 7 a. m. | 48 | 3 p. m. | 46 |
| 8 a. m. | 47 | 4 p. m. | 47 |
| 9 a. m. | 46 | 5 p. m. | 48 |
| 10 a. m. | 46 | 6 p. m. | 48 |
| 11 a. m. | 43 | 7 p. m. | 46 |
| 12 m. | 46 | 8 p. m. | 45 |
| | | 9 p. m. | 45 |

## LEONARD SUCCEEDS HORTON

**Assistant Superintendent at Denver Becomes Superintendent at Omaha.**

Speculation has been rife for several days as to who would be chosen to fill the vacancy of superintendent for the Western Union in this city caused by the death of Mr. C. B. Horton last week. General Superintendent T. P. Cook of Chicago, accompanied by a number of other officials of the company, came in Monday to attend the funeral of Mr. Horton and before leaving the city last evening Mr. Cook announced that he had appointed Assistant Superintendent S. E. Leonard of Denver, Colo., to fill the vacancy.

While Mr. Leonard is comparatively a very young man, being only 31 years of age, he is said to have shown wonderful ability in handling the company's affairs on the Mexican border, where he was located for several years before Mr. Horton called him to Denver to assist him in handling the western portion of his large territory. While Mr. Leonard's rise is one of the most rapid ever known in telegraphic circles his superiors, who have watched his successful business career, say he is only getting what he deserves by hard work. Mr. Leonard's wife, who is a very distinguished southern woman, will add much to Omaha's society circles and probably will join him here in the course of a week or two.

## FAIRBANKS IN TERRITORY

**Vice President Makes Speeches at Number of Places and Goes to Arkansas.**

MUSKOGEE, I. T., Oct. 23.—In a drizzling rain Vice President Fairbanks spoke to 7,000 people here this afternoon. Mr. Fairbanks was met at the railroad station and escorted to the platform in the business district by a reception committee, a troop of militia acting as bodyguard, and 2,000 school children were lined up to greet him. He did not touch on political issues, but talked on patriotism. Following his address he shook hands with many. There was a stampede to reach him and he was greeted with cheers. In Ada Vice President Fairbanks was greeted by 5,000 people.

In South McAlester he got off the train and walked five blocks to shake hands with school children. He spoke from the rear end of the train at Canadian and Eufaula and from a platform at Checotah. In all the towns he was greeted by large crowds.

From Muskogee Vice President Fairbanks went to Tulsa, I. T., where he spoke to 5,000 people for half an hour. Afterward he shook hands with the audience. Mr. Fairbanks spoke at Vinita, I. T., tonight, completing his tour of the territories. His next engagements are in Arkansas.

## POSTMASTER MISSING A MONTH

**Inspector Finds Office in Best of Condition and Disappearance of Official a Mystery.**

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Ira Hollingworth was today temporarily appointed postmaster at Brocksburg, Keya Paha county, in place of E. H. Wauker, who has mysteriously disappeared. For a month the office at Brocksburg has been without a postmaster. During this time the postoffice department has been repeatedly advised of the situation and finally an inspector was sent to investigate conditions at the Brocksburg office. The report of the inspector only increases the mystery. The inspector reported that the office is in first class condition and that there is no evidence of a shortage as intimated in some of the letters received.

In consequence of the report First Assistant Postmaster General Hitchcock made the above appointment today pending a permanent appointment on recommendation of Congressman Kinkaid.

Wauker abandoned his office more than a month ago and has not been heard from since.

## CLANSMAN IS SUPPRESSED

**Philadelphia Mayor Stops Production of Play to Prevent Another Demonstration.**

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23.—Mayor Weaver today issued an order suppressing the further production here of the drama, "The Clansman," which began last night, and was to have a week's engagement at the Walnut Street theater. The mayor's action was prompted by the demonstration last night at the theater by several thousand colored citizens.

A delegation of representative colored men, consisting of clergymen, doctors, lawyers and business men, called upon the mayor today and protested against the continuance of the play, because of its alleged tendency to arouse racial prejudice and to incite to riot.

The management of the play will tomorrow go into court and apply for an injunction restraining the mayor from interfering with the production.

**Japanese Midshipman Resigns.**

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 23.—At the request of the Japanese embassy at Washington Ashi Kitigaki of the third class at the naval academy, has submitted his resignation, which will be accepted. It is understood. Pending the department's action on his case, however, he has been granted an extended leave of absence. Kitigaki is a son of Baron Kitigaki of the imperial privy council. He entered the American naval academy in September, 1904. No reason is assigned here for his resignation.


**Register Friday.**

**In order to vote at the coming election and at subsequent primaries every elector in Omaha and South Omaha must appear personally before the registration board for his voting district and have his name properly enrolled. No previous registration holds good this year. Friday, October 26, is the next registration day. In order to vote**

**You Must Register.**


## HORSE CROWNED KING

**Attendance at Horse Show Much Larger Than on Opening Night.**

LARGER THAN IN THE PREVIOUS YEARS

**Enthusiasm Grows with the Attendance and Applause is Hearty.**

SOCIETY SHOWS SIGNS OF UNBINDING

**Number of Events on the Card of a Most Thrilling Character.**

PATRONS IMPARTIAL IN THEIR APPLAUSE

**Give the Glad Hand Equally to the Big Draft Animals and Daintily Gaited High School Animals**

**Park Horse—**
First ..... Lawrence Jones
Second ..... Crow & Murray
Third ..... W. R. McCord

**Saddle Horses—**
First ..... E. L. Heydan
Second ..... Ball Bros.
Third ..... George Pepper

**Pair Park Horses—**
First ..... Lawrence Jones
Second ..... W. R. McCord
Third ..... Crow & Murray

**Roadsters—**
First ..... T. C. Byrne
Second ..... F. A. Nash
Third ..... A. D. Brandeis

**Horse Driven by Lady—**
First ..... Mrs. Thomas Milton
Second ..... W. R. McCord
Third ..... Joseph M. Cudahy

**Local Harness Pair—**
First ..... W. R. McCord
Second ..... W. M. Burgess
Third ..... E. F. Peck

**High School Horse—**
First ..... D. L. Parish
Second ..... Mrs. O. J. Morse
Third ..... E. L. Heydan

**Four-In-Hands—**
First ..... Crow & Murray
Second ..... George Pepper

**Potato Race—**
First ..... Arthur Tagg
Second ..... Ira Jacobs
Third ..... John Boles

**Hunters—**
First ..... E. M. Weatherbee
Second ..... Crow & Murray
Third ..... E. M. Weatherbee

Bearing his royal head high and with stately tread King Horse demanded and received obeisance from the multitudes of Omaha society people last night, the second of the big shows, dedicated to the sister city, South Omaha. With the clearing of the skies came a crowd that almost entirely filled the Auditorium upstairs and below, and reflecting the cheering mood of the weather man everybody was in his merriest condition of mind.

With an exhibition that merited the best an Omaha audience could give it, it is not strange every event drew liberal applause from boxes and balcony alike. The crowd was in an attitude to grow enthusiastic over the good things in the tan bark ring and time after time the rafters of the building reverberated with the cheers of gloved hands. There were events of the blood stirring kind, that made men and women hold their breath and naturally at these times the crowd thundered its applause in a little more boisterous manner than in the quieter numbers where grace of step, beauty of carriage or skill of driver were the attractive features. But through it all with event following event so rapidly as to be almost confusing, the crowd voiced its approval in no uncertain way.

It is not strange, therefore, that the box office receipts for the first and second nights should show a larger attendance than any first and second night since the horse show was introduced in Omaha. The figures made public after the close of the show last night show this to be true. It is an indication of the growth of interest in the display. People who have been attending the successive performances have come to know many of the beautiful animals and they come to take a personal interest in them.

**Society Warming Up.**

The promenade was also patronized better than at any previous show, and this one fact indicates the deep personal interest taken by the spectators in the exhibition. When in one of the three harness classes three prominent society women of Omaha, Mrs. Charles T. Kountze, Mrs. Joseph M. Cudahy and Mrs. Joseph Barker, jr., exhibited their ability as whips, the boxes were almost entirely deserted and the occupants crowded to the promenade for a closer view. After that event the promenade was the popular viewpoint. The social aspect of the exhibition was also brought to the front and box calls were very popular.

More than ever before the Omaha Horse Show proved it has been accepted as the popular social event of Omaha's season.

The gathering crowds early in the evening foretold the large attendance, though the greater part of the crowd was late in arriving. Long before 8 o'clock the carriage entrance was thronged and the street doors were filled with people. When the bugle sounded the first event on the program many of the boxes and a large number of the seats were still untenanted, but only for a short time. The constant stream of gaily bedecked humanity from the front entrance increased and gradually diffused itself over the house until the boxes and balcony alike were a solid mass of faces and color.

As the social elect came in, stunningly gowned, attention was directed for a few minutes away from the prancing steeds in the ring, but only for a moment. For while many were out to be seen, it was apparent from the very first that Horse was king and he had no difficulty in securing ample recognition of his claims. The noble animals appeared to know the admiration they were receiving and were proud of it. They showed it in the arch of the neck and the swing of the body.

**Spectators Impatient.**

The crowd was not partial to any of the numerous classes on display last night. The first spontaneous outburst of enthusiasm and approval came when the magnificent Swift and Company's six-horse team of grays swung into the ring in the first event. The magnificence of these powerful animals and the masterful way in which they were handled kept the spectators spellbound. The admirations for the draft animals were shifted with no loss to the beautiful and graceful harness class that followed it. Then came the saddle horses, with smooth and even gait, that drew cheer after cheer. So it was through the program.

The special feature of the evening from the standpoint of the ordinary observer was the high school class, and as three animals entered, and with almost human intelligence executed the many fancy steps, gaits and cakewalks, the spectators glued their attention to the ring and spectrum.