

BOULEVARD PARK

Nature made it beautiful. The landscape gardener added his touch and lo, an addition has been created containing twelve square blocks, 175 residence lots, bordering graded streets, with shade trees and shrubbery, with gravel and cement walks, with macadamized streets and terraced lots, with city water and sewer, with gas and electric light, with telephone and car service, with 1,000 feet frontage on Twentieth street, Boulevard and the Sherman Avenue car skirting the entire east line making the run from down town in less than 20 minutes WITHOUT TRANSFER, this in a word is BOULEVARD PARK pronounced by old timers altogether the best addition yet.

This Big Deal

The biggest deal for residence property in 20 years. It was not made to hold for higher prices. Present owners compelled to sell part of it at a close margin at once. You have looked upon this beautiful tract of ground with wistful eyes, now you may have a home there. The prices will be within the reach of people of moderate means and on easy payments.

Dr. Miller's Prophetic Eye

Dr. George L. Miller predicted in the columns of his paper, the "Omaha Daily Herald" when this city had about 10,000, population that within the lifetime of young men living Omaha would have a population of 50,000. Dr. Miller has lived to see this city pass the 125,000 mark and now prophecies nothing can stop its reaching 250,000. Omaha is destined to be a Great City.

Your Opportunity

Be sure to attend the opening and secure a lot. This property has a future. It will double in value. Buy a lot at first hands. Several new, modern dwellings, uniform distance from street, now under construction. Every improvement enhances the value of adjoining property.

All improvements are being rapidly completed. The opening day will soon be announced. Watch and wait for it.

YOU CANNOT AFFORD TO BUY ELSEWHERE.

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Ground Floor, 1609 Farnam. Tel. Doug. 3867.

Homes for the Homeless.

CREDITORS STILL IN DARK

Receiver Looks Into Question of Responsibility of Trust Company Officials.

TRUST FUNDS HAVE BEEN TAMPERED WITH

Deeper Investigation Goes Worse the State of the Concern Appears to the Man in Charge.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1.—The creditors of the Real Estate Trust company which failed last Tuesday, are still without any definite knowledge of the true condition of the institution. Up to the present the best information they can obtain from the receiver or the directors is that they believe the depositors will get most of their money back.

For the moment, Mr. Earle is giving considerable attention to the matter of responsibility for the condition of the Trust company. The depositors generally find fault with the directors for their failure to acquaint themselves with the bad condition of the company, and the directors, in turn, want to know why William F. North, the treasurer of the Trust company, and Horace Hill, the auditor, should not have discovered Mr. Hippie's irregular transactions.

The Dr. Rev. William Roberts, stated clerk of the Presbyterian general assembly, has made formal application to the receiver to examine the securities for the trustees of the general assembly. These were in the custody of President Hippie and they amount to nearly \$1,000,000.

The report that certain officers and their relatives withdrew their accounts from the Trust company after they knew it was insolvent are denied by officers of the institution.

Prompted by the discoveries he has made in the investigation thus far, George H. Earle, receiver of the Real Estate Trust company, has engaged Attorney John G. Johnson to render a legal opinion as to the responsibility for the collapse of the bank. Upon Mr. Johnson's findings will depend the question of suing the directors.

"The deeper I probe into the affairs of the company," added Mr. Earle, "the worse I find them. The conditions are simply in a chaotic state. The trust funds which I have heretofore thought were intact have been tampered with and \$5,000 taken. This sum is distributed among the \$24,000,000 the company had in trust and the loss will not be heavy to any of the trusts involved."

Mr. Earle today opened the Hippie safety deposit box, but nothing was found that would aid in clearing up the Hippie-Segal transactions.

ASKING TOO MUCH.

Association of Doctors Want Fourth of July Abolished.

In the course of a year a good many churches in the United States are struck by lightning. During the summer resort season many people are drowned. Numerous children have stomach ache as the result of gustatory excesses at Sunday school picnics.

Yet we hardly believe that the American Medical association would favor the abolition of churches, summer resorts and Sunday school picnics because of the mishaps incident to these institutions. There is hardly anything connected with the life of humanity which has not some drawback or disadvantage. Only in heaven—and perhaps not even there—shall we find roses without thorns.

The American Medical association, following the lead and accepting the statistics of certain pseudo-American newspapers which evidently desire to destroy the Fourth of July as a national anniversary, demands that everything possible shall be done "in the way of legal restrictions to prevent the celebration of the Fourth of July as a national anniversary." In other words, the association wants to stop the commemoration of Independence day.

The excuse for this demand is to be found in the casualties reported by the newspapers from which the association takes its cue. Because a certain number of people—a number never yet positively ascertained—hurt themselves on the Fourth of July, therefore the celebration of that anniversary must be abandoned. As we have pointed out in the beginning, this reasoning, if applied generally, would put an end to religious worship, to summer outings and to other forms of recreation.

It would also stop railroad travel, because people are killed on railroad trains; it would mean stagnation for almost all forms of amusement and industry, since some peril is incident to all of them.

We doubt whether the American Medical association would care to accept the logical results of its own reasoning, because it would put the medical profession out of business. Many people die under the hands of doctors; ergo, abolish doctors. The conclusion is as far in this case as it is in the Fourth of July matter.

But the association probably did not investigate the case thoroughly before pronouncing judgment. It was deceived by the Anglicized newspapers and instead of coming to its recommendations to the treatment of tetanus resulting from Fourth of July wounds it undertook to condemn the Fourth of July itself.

This demonstrates the truth of the old adage about the shoemaker and his last. So long as medical associations stick to medical matters they are upon safe ground; when they venture farther afield they are likely to make themselves ridiculous.

CONDITION OF OMAHA'S TRADE

Wholesalers and Retailers Alike Enjoy Era of Prosperity.

DRY GOODS HOUSE TRADE BREAKS RECORD

Implement Men Do Not Get Money from Country Readily—Other Jobbers Report Collections Good—Some Changes in Prices.

Nothing out of the ordinary happened in Omaha's jobbing circles last week, except that the dry goods houses had the largest house trade in their history. Grocery, drug and hardware houses have good business going for the time of year. Collections are reported fair by the majority of jobbers, but the implement houses find money hard to get. This is due to the fact that farmers are not disposing of their crops, and consequently have not settled with the retail dealers. Some implement jobbers reported in the price of hardware and groceries.

The dry goods trade, say Omaha jobbers, was very good last week; in fact, the house trade of the last two weeks has been the largest ever known in the market. The price of dress goods, cloaks, underwear, and in fact, all descriptions of fall goods, have been on a very free scale, and many large western buyers who have not heretofore depended on Omaha for their supplies, have visited the local jobbers. Cotton goods continue strong and in short supply, though there is a noticeable lower tendency on raw material. No notable changes have been made in the price of leading goods, but manufacturers continue to sell out, and will make no concessions.

Advance in Hardware Line.

Several changes of importance, mostly in the line of advances, have been made in hardware in the last week. Clevises went up $\frac{1}{2}$ cent a pound, and predictions are for an increase on all similar lines of goods. Owing to the scarcity of material, spades and fork handles advanced about the same cent. Picks and mattocks have scored a $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent advance, and shovels and spades are expected to advance about the same point to a heavy demand for poultry netting next spring, and the chances are an advance will be made. All iron, steel and tin articles are enjoying a heavier demand than ever before, and hence it is not strange that prices should be higher than they have been. House trade has been fair, and salesmen are sending in a nice business.

Sugar is practically in the same position as last week, except that the price is a firmer feeling on raws. The American Sugar Refining company of New Orleans, advanced the price of its refined sugar on all grades, but the other refiners did not follow, and the price here is unchanged. It is the general impression, however, that prices will be higher next week. There is no market Saturday and will be some Monday in New York, an advance on all grades, but the other refiners are still several days behind on filling their orders, and trade will be heavy for four or five weeks yet.

Cheese is a trifle easier, twins being quoted $\frac{1}{2}$ cent less than last week. The decline was doubtless brought about by buyers holding off on account of present high prices, thinking that lower prices may rule before long.

Low Prices on Salmon.

Prices on Alaska salmon for fall delivery were named last week by the association. Although they have reported there was a shortage in the Alaskan pack, and a very marked shortage in the pack of Sockeyes, yet they have named a price which is lower than any other pack, and, with the exception of the low prices named last season, the price this year is the highest on red Alaska than the low price of last season, and pink salmon is so high that it cannot be sold at retail under 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents. The medium red is only slightly lower than the blood red. The consumption of salmon is heavy and it looks as though the red salmon would all be absorbed on the basis of present prices or higher.

The past week seems to have shown no better results in the east with reference to the pack of tomatoes. The feeling is unchanged, it is the general impression that the pack is not at all promising, and while it may be some time before the pack is impossible to make anything like a large pack of tomatoes in the east. Reports from nearby markets continue to indicate that the fruit has been sun cooked, some packers indicating that their output will be about one-third of what they anticipated three or four weeks ago.

There is no change in the situation on canned corn, except that some of the packers report that the late corn has not filled well and they will pack about two-

thirds of what they anticipated three weeks ago.

Deliveries are being made on canned peas on future contracts and the quality in Wisconsin shows up remarkably good for an unfavorable season. The market is sustained at the ruling prices, with no appearance of weakness from any source.

Prices have not yet been made on oysters by the packers, and it would seem as if they are unable to come to terms with their shuckers and laborers. Stocks are clearing up rapidly and there will be very few left in the hands of jobbers when new goods are ready.

The situation is strengthening on one-quarter oil sardines. New mustards are just beginning to move. The whole tone of the situation is strong, with higher prices still possible.

Evaporated apples for immediate shipment are slightly lower. The quality is not of the best, and cannot be until fruit is evaporated from the late fall or winter varieties.

Dried Fruits Are Higher.

There has been a movement on the Pacific coast of large proportions, which has caused an advance of 1 cent per pound on this item. Packers have been holding off, hoping to depress the market to a point where it was safe to buy. One of the packers determined to take in his own net at the price that was ruling about two weeks ago, and this has caused all the packers to set their buyers to work, with the result above noted.

Standard and choice apricots have also advanced $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 cent per pound. Prunes are more firmly held and raisins—new goods for September shipment—have been marked up 1 cent per pound by some of the best shippers.

There is very little cheap rice left in the mill. Head rice is also cleaned up well and new rice are beginning to appear in the market. Information at hand would seem to indicate a fair crop of rice only, perhaps less than last season.

No prices have yet been named on these goods. There is a rumor that prices will be named Monday. The situation so far is shipments are concerned, is so unsatisfactory on the coast that in all probability imported wools will be depended upon largely for the trade up to the first of December.

Best and Shoe Conditions.

Jobbers report no change in the price of leather, although they look for an advance at a not far distant date. Road salesmen are sending in good orders, notwithstanding the fact that the price of leather merchants have ordered their fall and winter goods and have the new stuff in their stores. It is expected that the road with spring goods for 1907. Collections among shoe jobbers have been very satisfactory.

Paints, Glass and Oils.

The glass situation shows firmness. The demand is good. The chilly weather of the past few days has stimulated dealers to buy, and as a result business in the glass line has been very brisk. Lined oil remains quoted last week, bottled being 20 cents and raw 21 cents. Turpentine is up a trifle, being 10 cents. Linseed oil remains the same as last week. Carter's being 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents, while Southern is 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ cents. Paint business is very quiet, but there is an especially heavy run in the barn paint line.

Employees of railroads is an important step in the right direction. It is gratifying to be assured that the railroads themselves welcome this regulation and propose to enforce it strictly.

The railroads doubtless will make special rates for special occasions, where the volume of traffic warrants reductions. But the lower rates in such cases should be made on that basis, and not simply because politicians desire to travel at a cheaper price than is accorded to other patrons of the transportation lines.

Abolition of special privileges is a necessary preliminary to securing fair treatment for the people as a whole.

Sheridan May Be Saved.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.—The quartermaster general of the army has received a dispatch from the quartermaster at Honolulu which indicates that the transport Sheridan may be saved. It says that the ship is held on the reef, amidst and it is hoped it will slide off. It was going astern when the main steam pipe burst. Strict order and discipline was maintained.

One Prisoner a Real Trusty.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 1.—Emmet Turpin, the only prisoner in the jail at Nashville, Brown county, since last fall, is serving a sentence of 30 days for selling liquor illegally. He carries the key to the jail and acts in the triple capacity of jailer, janitor and prisoner. When he wants anything he unlocks the door, goes out and gets it and, returning, again locks himself in. He is threatening to sue the county for service as janitor.

For a Good Complexion, Health and Beauty.

FOR Clear Eyes
—Pure Complexion
—Sweet Breath
—Clean Tongue
—Calm Nerves
—Good Temper

Eat a Cascaret whenever you suspect you need it. Carry a little 10c Emergency box constantly with you, in your Purse or Pocket.

When do you need one?
—When your Tongue is coated
—When you have Heartburn, Belching, Acid Ripples in Throat
—When Pimples begin to peep out.
—When your stomach Gnaws and Burns.

That's the time to check coming Constipation, Indigestion and Dyspepsia.
That's the time to take a Cascaret.

One tablet taken whenever you suspect you need it will insure you against 90 per cent of all other ills likely to attack you.

Cascarets don't purge, don't weaken, don't irritate, nor upset your stomach. They stimulate the Bowel Muscles to contract and propel the Food naturally past the little valves that mix Digestive juices with Food.

This stronger action produces greater nutrition from food and perfect elimination of useless materials.

It makes the blood purer, healthier and more reconstructive, insuring a fine, clear color and complexion.

Then carry the little ten-cent box constantly with you in your purse, and take a Cascaret whenever you suspect you need it.

All Druggists sell them—over ten million boxes a year, for six years.

Be very careful to get the genuine, made only by the Sterling Remedy Company and never sold in bulk. Every tablet stamped "CCC."

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Is an innovation. Unique and original. All exposed cooking. Sea food of all varieties a specialty. Our combination Breakfasts are a popular feature.

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is Broadway's greatest attraction for special food dishes and popular meals. EUROPEAN PLAN.
400 rooms, 200 baths. Rates for rooms \$1.50 and upward; \$2.00 and upward with bath. Parlor, bedroom and bath \$3.00, \$4.00 and \$5.00 per day; parlor, two bedrooms and bath, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$8.00 per day. \$1.00 extra where two persons occupy single room.
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Take your pick among these: Rooms 607, 609 and 620 for \$15.00.

Room 546 has 287 square feet of floor space, a vault and good east light. We can rent you this for \$28.00.

This is the finest office building in the city. Everything convenient, with heat, electric light and janitor service.

The Bee Building Co.

See R. W. Baker, Supt.

S.S.S. RIDS THE SYSTEM OF MALARIA

The healthy color of the skin is given to it by the millions of little red corpuscles in the blood. These are the carriers of nourishment, health and strength to all parts of the body—in other words the very life of the blood. When the germs of Malaria get into this vital fluid they destroy these corpuscles and rob the blood of its rich, life-sustaining qualities, rendering it thin, weak and watery and unable to supply the system with the needed strength to resist disease. Then the symptoms of Malaria such as pale, sallow complexions, weak vitality, poor appetite, deranged digestion, a general "let down" condition of the system, and perhaps chills and slight fever, show that this insidious disease is gradually affecting the entire health. Malaria must be removed from the system through the circulation, and the medicine to accomplish this is S. S. S. It not only cleanses the blood of all impure, unhealthy matter, but rids the system of Malaria, and restores the blood to a strong, healthy condition. S. S. S., besides removing the germs of Malaria, builds up and gives tone and vigor to the entire system by its fine tonic effects. Malaria is a blood disease, and S. S. S. cures it because it is a perfect blood purifier. Book on the blood and any medical advice without charge.

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