

REBATES PAID ON OIL

Federal Grand Jury at Jamestown, N. Y., indicts Standard and Vacuum Cos.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD ALSO ON LIST

Charges in Making Shipments at Less Than Rates Published.

TWENTY-TWO COUNTS IN THE BILLS

Maximum Penalty Under the Elkins Law is \$1,400,000.

NEW EVIDENCE FOUND IN CHICAGO

Manipulated Rate by Which Rockefeller Combine Has Advantage in Entire Southeastern Market.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Aug. 10.—The federal grand jury for the western district of New York today reported indictments against the Standard Oil Company, New York, the Pennsylvania railroad, and the Vacuum Oil company, which is at Oil City, Pa.

One indictment is found against the defendants and in all there are two, two counts. The indictment against the Pennsylvania railroad charges that it granted rebates on oil shipments to the Standard Oil company and the indictment against the Vacuum Oil company charges specifically that it shipped oil from Oil City to Rutland, Va., at a tariff rate lower than any published by the Pennsylvania railroad or on file with the Interstate Commerce commission.

One of the counts in the indictments charges that the Pennsylvania railroad did not file with the Interstate Commerce commission a tariff showing its rates and charges for the transportation of oil.

The indictments were drawn under the direction of Special United States District Attorney G. E. Pugh. Each of the twenty-two counts states a separate offense and the penalties for the offenses were convicted on all counts, would amount to \$1,400,000.

The indictments specify that the shipments were made under a common arrangement between the Pennsylvania, the New York Central and the Rutland railroad companies.

Important Evidence Discovers. CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Evidence of direct rebate arrangements alleged to exist between the Standard Oil company and certain railroads was presented to the federal grand jury today by a witness who in the eyes of the government attorneys is believed to be one of the most important witnesses on this subject. Horace Tucker, chairman of the Chicago & St. Louis Traffic association, was the man who gave this information. Other witnesses heard were C. A. Kennedy of the Chicago Junction Railway company, and Howard, clerk in the auditing department of the Chicago & Alton railroad.

It developed during today's hearing that there is in existence on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois railroad, a tariff on shipments of oil from Dolton, Ill., to points south which is very low. The Standard Oil company has its refinery at Whiting, Ind., a short distance from Dolton, and could easily avail itself of this low rate while other shippers wishing to reach Dolton to participate in the low rate south must pay the switching charges in the Chicago district of 15 cents, which makes the total rate prohibitive. According to the testimony, the Standard Oil shipped its oil from Whiting, Ind., to Dolton, Ill., over the Chicago Terminal Railway company for about 25 cents in switching charges. Although the shipment was between two states it was not subject to the interstate within one shipping district. The same consignment was then shipped south on the Chicago & Eastern Illinois from Dolton on the low rate from that point. This latter road carried the shipment to Otter Creek Junction, where it was transferred to the Evansville Terminal road, which took it to Evansville, Ind. It was then taken to Grand Junction, Tenn., over the Illinois Central road connecting with the Southern railroad at that point and distributed through the south by the latter road. It is declared that by this combination the Standard Oil company is able to reach Grand Junction, Tenn., with its oil on a through rate of 13 cents for a hundred pounds whereas no other shipper was able to take advantage of the same privilege. The city of Grand Junction is thus designated as the gateway to the southeast for the Standard Oil company, giving, it is charged, a monopoly on the oil business in that part of the country.

The witnesses questioned concerning this matter were J. P. Brook, an agent for the Southern Railway, and L. B. Butts, in the auditing department of the Illinois Central railway.

At the conclusion of today's testimony the jury adjourned until August 22, at which time it will probably make its report.

A new grand jury will convene next Tuesday and take up the case subsequent to August 15.

Toledo Ice Trust in Limelight. TOLEDO, O., Aug. 10.—The local ice trust and the railroads alleged to be back of it will be investigated by the federal authorities. Interstate Commerce Commission's Clements and possibly Commissioner Cookwell will be here next Tuesday for that purpose. It is known here that President Roosevelt has watched the ice trust proceedings in Toledo since Prosecutor Wachsmeyer first began his investigation, and he took a lively interest when Judge Kincaid gave the convicted ice men a prison sentence. Three weeks ago Special Agent Walter of the commission appeared in Toledo and began looking up evidence concerning the organization of the ice trust by officials connected with the Ann Arbor and Pere Marquette railroads. The hearings to be held Tuesday is the result.

Sugar Rebates Alleged. NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—As a result of investigation of cases of alleged rebating by railroads the United States grand jury today returned six indictments. They are said to be based on rebating sugar.

The federal authorities declined to give out the name of those indicted, but it was reported that they include both individuals and corporations. United States District Attorney Hibson said that the grand jury will return its examinations of the rebate matter about September 1.

Wisconsin Capital Reared. MADISON, Wis., Aug. 10.—The work of clearing down the old capital preparatory to rebuilding was begun today.

ROOT PARTY IN MONTEVIDEO

Secretary of State Given an Enthusiastic Welcome to Capital of Uruguay.

MONTEVIDEO, Aug. 10.—Secretary Root arrived here today on the cruiser Charleston. Never perhaps in the history of the Uruguayan republic has popular feeling been more vividly manifested than by the remarkable demonstrations of affection on the part of all classes with which the visit of the eminent American statesman to this picturesque capital.

As soon as Mr. Root was ashore Dr. Jose Romeu, the minister of foreign affairs, delivered a speech of welcome to which Mr. Root made a brief reply. As the visitors drove away, accompanied by Minister O'Brien, to the splendid residence in the heart of the city, which had been provided for them, the scene of enthusiasm was impressive and striking. Mrs. Root and Miss Root shared the heartiness of the ovation accorded the American secretary of state.

This afternoon there was a reception by the president of the republic at the government house, and a military parade, while tonight there was a gala performance at the theater. The city has abandoned itself wholly to the entertainment of the visitors.

SPANISH MINISTRY FIRM Government Maintains Attitude on the Question of Church and State.

Aug. 10.—The government continues to maintain a firm attitude on the church and state question. The minister today declared that while the government was desirous of avoiding a breach with the Vatican it had determined to defend the supremacy of the state.

At the first sitting of Parliament the government will introduce a bill making the religious orders amenable to the law controlling industrial corporations and will also introduce a bill providing that members of orders expelled from France will be required to become naturalized or leave Spain. The minister said that the cabinet was determined to carry these measures and did not fear papal excommunication.

FUNERAL OF ADMIRAL TRAIN

Impressive Services Held Over Body of Dead Naval Commander on Flagship.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 10.—Impressive services were held today on board the United States cruiser Ohio over the body of the late Rear Admiral Charles J. Train, who died at the Foo Foo Aug. 4. The officers of the cruiser Chattanooga and Raleigh and of the gunboat El Cano represented the navy. Ambassador Wright, Consul Miller of Yokohama, Consul Jones of Port of Spain and Consul Hayward of Seoul represented the diplomatic and consular bodies. The ceremony was directed by Executive Officer Cowles of the Ohio.

The Japanese government was represented by Lieutenant Commander Count Sano.

KING EDWARD IN A RACE

With Prince of Wales He Takes Part in Active Part in Schooner Contest.

COWES, Aug. 10.—King Edward and the prince of Wales were active participants in today's racing, being among those on board the schooner Cetonia in the contest for schooners over the Queen's regatta. The other entrants were the Meteor, Sunshine, Clara and Adela.

The weather on this, the last day of the Cowes regatta, continued bright with a good breeze blowing.

Foreigners Stand By Hart. HONG KONG, Aug. 10.—Great uneasiness is felt here over the increasing evidence indicating that it is the purpose of the new board of Chinese customs commissioners at Peking to override the powers of the foreign inspector general, Sir Robert Hart. The abolition of the new board and the re-establishment of the former powers of Sir Robert are considered by the foreign mercantile community here as necessary to protect the interests of the foreign bondholders and secure fair treatment of traders.

Women to Meet in Holland. COPENHAGEN, Aug. 10.—The conference of the International League of Women Suffragists today decided to hold the next conference in Holland during the year 1908 in connection with which there will be mass meetings at Amsterdam, The Hague and Rotterdam. The conference also decided to publish an official paper in English, in the interest of the suffragist movement.

Japan Awaits Report. TOKYO, Aug. 10.—(Afternoon.)—All facts received up to this time in connection with the Aleutian Islands incident point to a raid by Japanese poachers. The press is refraining from comment. It is generally believed that it will result in any diplomatic complications. The Japanese government, however, is still awaiting its own report upon the occurrence.

Immigrant Steamer Ashore. PONTA DELGADA, Azores Islands, Aug. 10.—The Letti steamer Brooklyn, from Marseilles August 4 for New York, with 230 immigrants on board, grounded while entering this port today. Efforts are being made to float the steamer.

Turkish Sultan III. CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 10.—Recent reports that the sultan, Abdul Hamid II, is ill, are confirmed by private advice.

DOWIE OBJECTS TO ORDER

Does Not Want Receiver Hately to Borrow Money to Pay Taxes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—John Alexander Dowie today filed an objection in the United States circuit court to the borrowing of \$15,000 by Receiver John C. Hately of Zion City.

When Judge Landis appointed Mr. Hately receiver he ordered him to pay taxes to the Lake county court on Zion City property in the sum of \$1,500 and send \$3,000 to insure the buildings in Zion City. Dowie alleged that he strenuously objects to this order, and does not want it entered on record. He also objects because, on account of the form of Judge Landis' order, he cannot immediately appeal to the United States court of appeals. The matter will not be settled until Judge Landis returns from his vacation.

RADICALISM TO THE REAR

Russian Moderates Start Movement to Defeat All Extremists.

NEW PLAN ORIGINATES IN MOSCOW

Intention is to Secure Reforms by Gradual and Peaceful Methods—Appeal to Voters for Harmony.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 10.—The healthiest symptoms of the situation are the efforts now being made to regenerate the new party of peaceful regeneration, the Octoberists, to secure the active co-operation of the moderate minded constitutional democrats and unite the progressive elements of society which do not believe in a violent revolution and defeat the candidates for the extreme parties in the coming election. The plan of negotiations is successful if it is their intention to issue an appeal to the country, asking all who favor a peaceful solution of the political, economic and ethical problems, to sink individual differences, unite and compel the government to grant the aspirations for a constitutional regime, and at the same time save the country from a violent revolution and anarchy. Later it is the intention to call a convention and begin an active electoral campaign.

The first practical operation of the government since the dissolution of Parliament is the mortgaging of the interior loan of \$12,500,000, bearing 5.5 per cent interest, with a new issue bearing 3.5 per cent interest.

The attempts on the lives of Vice Admiral Douhassoff on May 4 and of General Neplueff, commander of the Sevastopol forces, on May 27, have been traced to the "flying fighting organization" of the social revolutionists, of which Savinkoff, a member of the central committee of the social revolutionists, formerly of the Black Sea fleet, were leaders. Savinkoff was arrested on suspicion of complicity in the attempt on General Neplueff's life, but he escaped two days later.

Douhassoff's assistant, who was killed by the explosion of his own bomb, has been positively identified. A girl student, Mile. Mishchenko, who was involved in the conspiracy, had three of her fingers blown off and was otherwise terribly mutilated while loading a bomb. The daughter of General Mishchenko of St. Petersburg, a member of the military council.

About 400 of the Cronstadt mutineers will be tried by court-martial.

The central prison bureau has sent out a circular warning to the wardens of penitentiaries to be on their guard against a new revolutionary organization formed to release political prisoners with the aid of sympathetic keepers and guards. Many jail deliveries are already attributed to the work of this organization.

Governing Zinovieff of Petersburg has instructed the subordinates officials in the country to explain to the peasants that the emperor dissolved Parliament only because the members wasted time in making inordinate demands, like their insistence on the granting of general amnesty, which would turn loose robbers and murderers, and their urging the abolition of the death penalty, even for a destroyer of the sacred person of the emperor. They had not even presented a solution of the agrarian question, but the result of their work being an appropriation of \$1,500,000 for famine relief where the government asked for \$25,000,000.

French Laud Dema. PARIS, Aug. 10.—The leading senators, deputies, former cabinet ministers and members of the institute and of the academy have united in an address calling the ousted Russian Parliament an bulwark on which Russia's population are dependent. The address says: "History teaches us that a representative government and individual liberty are the only certain means on which a nation can find prosperity. As the friends of Russia we are therefore in favor of the creation of the Russian Parliament and its struggle for existence."

The triumph of Russia, which we hope is near, will permit the Russian and French people to ally to support the Franco-Russian alliance upon the basis of common ideas and interests.

The Russian Parliament is dead; Long live the Russian Parliament!

Senator Pierre Berthelot, ex-minister of foreign affairs, forwarded the address of Prof. Mourmoutseff, who was president of the lower house of the Russian Parliament.

Brigands at Work. MORCOW, Aug. 10.—A band of brigands on bicycles is systematically robbing village churches in this vicinity, avowedly to secure funds for the revolutionists.

VERKHOFYANSK, Siberia, Aug. 10.—A roving band of Circassians rode into a railroad station here yesterday and robbed the cashier of \$5,500.

AUTO ACCIDENT IN NEW YORK

Driver Attempts to Escape Arrest When Machine is Upset and Woman Killed.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—When an automobile, owned and driven by Stewart Elliott, ran into a mounted policeman in the Bronx early today Mrs. T. Noble of Baltimore was thrown out and so severely injured that she died tonight in Pordham hospital. Miss Margaret Johnson of this city, also had a party, is still in the hospital seriously hurt. Mr. Elliott and the policeman, Harry F. Smith, were slightly injured. The mounted officer was riding after the automobile in an attempt to arrest the driver of the machine for an alleged violation of the speed laws. He galloped alongside the car when it swerved toward him. The horse stumbled and fell and the automobile was thrown into a fire plug and wrecked.

Late tonight Elliott gave himself up. Elliott was arraigned before Coroner McDonald and paroled until tomorrow, when the inquest will be held.

SMUGGLERS KILL TWO PEOPLE

American and Porto Rican Meet Death at Hands of Lianass Dominicans.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—A telegram was received at the bureau of insular affairs today from the comptroller and general receiver of customs at Santo Domingo announcing that John Milbourn, a Porto Rican, was killed, and Charles P. Thurston, an American, wounded, by smugglers in the vicinity of Las Matas on August 8, and that Thurston died of his wounds on August 9.

Las Matas is about twelve miles east of the Haytien frontier in Santo Domingo. Thurston had been employed as a deputy receiver of customs at Comandador, on the Haytien frontier, and Milbourn was an inspector in the same territory. Comandador is the nearest customs house to the place where the conflict occurred and was established to prevent smuggling over the Haytien border.

SERIOUS WRECK IN TEXAS

Fifty-Five Persons Injured When Coaches Leave the Track Near Dallas.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 10.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Dallas, Tex., says fifty-five persons were injured today in an accident on the Fort Worth & Denver railroad near Frutland, Tex. A relief train has gone from here carrying physicians.

The wreck occurred about 1 o'clock this morning on a long curve near Frutland, the sleeper and one day coach going down a twenty-foot embankment. Injured: Coleman, Alayord, serious; Joe Davis, Longview, serious; P. Carron, Amarillo, serious; One Chinaman, seriously; Pullman conductor, slight; A. Korman, Dallas, arm broken and shoulder dislocated; Mr. number 8, R. N. Miller, New Boston, scalp wounds and hurts in chest and back; Mrs. Miller, injuries serious; W. W. Turner, shoulder hurt; T. Boudin, Matador, scalp wounds; W. H. Myers, Henrietta; internal injuries; very serious; J. E. Rymer, Walnut Springs; scalp and shoulder hurt; P. W. Cole, Temple, Tex.; internal injuries; slight; J. F. Smith, postoffice; slight; J. B. Rymer, Walnut Springs; scalp and shoulder hurt; Mrs. R. M. Hensley, son and daughter, Prosper; all hurt about heads; Webb and father, Jew; back and shoulder; Miss Ray Saunders, Fort Worth; nose cut; Miss Jennie Edwards, Cleburne; slight; M. E. Clemens and wife, Fort Worth; slight; J. G. Blanke and wife, San Marcos; slight; E. J. Evans, Wichita Falls; arm and shoulder hurt; A. number 8, Oklahoma; shoulder hurt; Henry Coleman, Elwood; back and hip bruised; Davis, Longview; back, head and neck; Miss E. J. Moore, Llano, Tex.; head bruised and back wrenched; J. W. Vinson, Sherman; bruised back; Miss Anna Burkeholder, Shreveport, La.; wrenched and bruised back; J. D. Robinson, Springfield; leg amputated; very serious; Miss Anderson, Fairfield, Tex.; sprained back; Miss Lizzie Anderson, Fairfield, Tex.; bruised arm; Miss R. Gray, Llano; head bruised; Miss R. K. Board, San Antonio; head bruised and nearly smothered in berth; loading a bomb; others suffered minor hurts. The majority of the injured were taken to Bowie for medical attention and a number were taken into Fort Worth.

TELLER COMMITS SUICIDE

Employs of Wrecked Chicago Bank Shoots Himself Through the Head.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Frank Kowalski, paying teller of the Chicago Bank, shot himself through the head Monday, and for some time assistant receiving teller in addition to his other duties, shot and killed himself tonight at his home, 349 North Carpenter street. Criticism by neighbors and life long friends who accused him of a share in the downfall of the bank is believed to have driven Kowalski to his death.

Kowalski had complained bitterly of the suspicion of his friends and declared that unless his character was speedily cleared he would take his own life.

Kowalski's relatives assert that his firm belief that he was innocent, and his knowledge of the bankruptcy of the bank by President Stensland. When the bank failed Kowalski had \$700 of his own money on deposit in the institution and his immediate relatives nearly \$2,000. Had the teller known of Stensland's default, they assert, he would at least have withdrawn his money out of the institution.

The dead teller, who was thirty years old, had been with the bank for thirteen years.

Half Million in Forged Notes. While the search for Paul O. Stensland, the missing president, is being extended to all parts of the country, Cashier Hering was created yesterday, spent today with the state representatives and Bank Examiner Jones in examining the bank's collateral in an effort to determine how much the president is short in his accounts. After an all day's search forged notes aggregating more than \$500,000 were found and are now in the possession of the state's attorney, who will use them in the prosecution of the officials responsible for their utterance. From a statement issued today by Hering regarding loans made by Stensland as banker, to himself, and the mortgages found by him, he has stated that it is asserted tonight that when a final adjustment of the affairs of the bank is made, it will be found that President Stensland's defaultations will aggregate nearly \$2,000,000.

TEAMSTERS START NEW UNION

Insurgents Who Object to Shea Form a Rival Society at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—A new labor union, to be known as the United Teamsters of America, formally launched today at the rival of the International Brotherhood of Teamsters. While C. P. Shea, the re-elected president, and other officers of his staff were winding up the affairs of the convention of the old organization, the new one was in process of formation. After a number of resolutions were adopted, the name had been fixed upon the delegates who had held Shea's meeting last Tuesday took up the task of working out a constitution. It was decided that the one governing the regular organization would do, if remodeled in some particulars. It is the purpose of the new organization to hold an election until after the Shea convention shall have adjourned, and thus it is hoped to secure reinforcements to their ranks, inasmuch as many would-be officers of the brotherhood who were defeated in the election yesterday are expected to seek office in the new organization. Meantime, Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, is hurrying to Chicago with a message from Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor. The message is an appeal to the anti-Shea contingent to discontinue the secession movement. Secretary Morrison will arrive in Chicago tomorrow and address the seceders.

Opposition to Receiver. Application for the appointment of a receiver for the Milwaukee Avenue store met with strong opposition. An attorney for receiver J. C. Fetter declared that the Milwaukee Avenue State bank had a large interest in the concern and that Receiver Fetter desired to complete his investigation before any action which would tie up the assets of the store be taken. The case was continued until next Tuesday.

Chinese Labor for Canal. WORKERS OF OTHER NATIONALITIES. WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Chinese labor will be given a thorough test on the Panama canal. Contracts calling for 2,500 Chinamen for canal work have been prepared and advertisements will be issued in a few days asking for proposals from labor agents.

If the initial 2,500 Chinamen prove a success, it is likely that many more will be taken to the isthmus to do the work, which is too hard for the Americans now employed in the last numbers.

Organized labor has offered much opposition to the use of contract Chinese labor, but the Jamaican workmen have proven inadequate, sufficient Spaniards cannot be had immediately to rush the work and the Chinese are the last hope of the commission.

It is the intention of the commission to ask for bids from labor agents, who will arrange with the Chinese government for the exportation of labor, transport the Chinese to the isthmus under contract to work for a fixed wage, and ship them back to China, thus relieving the commission of all detail work and all responsibility. A bond will be required for all contractors for satisfactory fulfillment of any contract they may enter into with the commission.

WOMAN WRITER SUES LOEB

Secretary of President Asked for Fifty Thousand Dollars Damages for False Arrest.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 10.—William Loeb Jr., secretary to President Roosevelt, was made defendant in a \$50,000 damage suit today, in which he is charged with having caused the false arrest of Nadage Dorce, a Jewish writer.

The arrest was made last winter in Washington, when Miss Dorce was distributing leaflets advertising her work in the defense of Russian Jews at St. John's Episcopal church. The papers were served on Mr. Loeb today by a New York firm of lawyers. They require him to make answer within twenty days in New York. Mr. Loeb will be defended by the Department of Justice. The arrest, he says, was made by the Washington police force without his knowledge. Miss Dorce made an unsuccessful effort to sue President Roosevelt at Oyster Bay last summer.

Mr. Peabody had heretofore insisted that the only note he was concerned in was one for \$10,000. The Herpold forged note was for \$10,000. Receiver Fetter made the following statement this afternoon: "There are \$150,000 worth of mortgages, the value of which we know nothing about. Considering the developments of the day in regard to the other securities it is doubtful if these mortgages will prove good."

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fair and Warmer Saturday and Sunday.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. .... 97 1 p. m. .... 85 7 a. m. .... 97 3 p. m. .... 83 8 a. m. .... 71 4 p. m. .... 84 9 a. m. .... 76 5 p. m. .... 83 11 a. m. .... 79 6 p. m. .... 82 12 m. .... 81 8 p. m. .... 78 9 p. m. .... 75

IRRIGATION CONTRACTORS FAIL

Government Takes Possession of Two Outlets Working in Wyoming.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Acting under authority of the secretary of the interior, the director of the geological survey today ordered the confiscation of the whole of the contractors' outfit for work on the Corbett tunnel on the irrigation project in northern Wyoming. It was ascertained by the secretary that the contractor not only abandoned the work but was about to remove all his appliances from the premises.

This contract was awarded to Charles Spear, cashier of the Billings state bank. He, in turn, made arrangements for carrying out the work under the supervision of the contractor. The difficulties of securing labor and the high cost of material resulted in such delays to the work that it apparently became impossible to finance the operations, and August 3 the company was unable to pay the four hundred or more men then employed.

The government officers also took possession of the work and outfit of Frederick Clark, cashier of the Shoshone dam, one of the largest structures in the west on the ground that the firm had not been able to secure necessary men and financial backing to carry them through the work.

The bids for the work were opened September 8, 1905, and awarded on an estimated basis of \$15,700. The next lowest bid was made by J. G. White & Company of New York at \$26,700.

Another Fire Insurance Company Declines to Take No More California Risks.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 10.—In announcing that the New Hampshire Fire Insurance company has suspended business in California, the statement says that the company gave out a statement today, saying that the suspension is due to the fact that the company desires to permit the unsettled conditions in San Francisco and the Pacific coast slope generally to adjust themselves before taking on further liability.

"The company," the statement says, "has not withdrawn from the several states which were operated under its Pacific coast department, but has instructed its manager at San Francisco to suspend writing business for the present, preferring to await the results of the period of reconstruction and to publish further information as to the possible results of legislation in California. The company's losses at San Francisco, the statement says, will be settled for about \$500,000.

The company's statement of January 1 showed a capital of \$1,000,000 and a net surplus of \$1,200,000.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

New National Bank Authorized to Open for Business at Washington, S. D.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—(Special Telegram.)—Irving W. Spaulding has been appointed postmaster at Beverly, Hitchcock county, Nebraska, vice W. T. Todd, resigned.

Rural carriers appointed: Nebraska—Dorchester route 3, Victor M. Stanton carrier; John L. Troyer substitute. Iowa—Britt route 1, Freeman Wagner carrier, Phoebe A. Wagner substitute; Oakland route 2, Elmer E. Bird carrier, Lucy Whitley substitute.

The First National bank of Washington, S. D., has been authorized to begin business with \$25,000 capital. H. A. Pierce is president, E. H. Vance vice president and Ed Schollhan cashier.

Civil service examinations will be held August 25 at Centerville, Ia., in positions of clerk and carrier in the postoffice service. H. Kountz and wife, C. A. Gimmel and Miss Brandt of Omaha are at the New Willard.

FIFTEEN YEARS FOR LYNCHER

Leader of Mob That Hanged Three Negroes at Salisbury, N. C., Speedily Convicted.

SALISBURY, N. C., Aug. 10.—What is said to be the first instance of the conviction of a lyncher in the history of the state was furnished here tonight when George Hall, a white ex-convict of Montgomery county, North Carolina, who was one of the party that Monday night lynched three negroes in jail here for the murder of the Lyric family, was found guilty of conspiracy in connection with that crime and was sentenced to fifteen years at hard labor in the penitentiary, the maximum sentence provided by law. Hall's trial ended this evening at 7 o'clock. The jury was out but thirty-five minutes. Hall counsel has appealed on the ground that Governor Glenn was in Atlantic City when the special term at which Hall was tried was ordered and that being out of the state's bounds he had no jurisdiction.

SHAM BATTLE IN PROGRESS

Troops at Fort Riley Receive Blank Ammunition and Begin the Fight.

FORT RILEY, Kan., Aug. 10.—Today all troops were issued blank ammunition and the first sham battle of the maneuvers took place. The regular force at the camp was increased today by the addition of the Eleventh battery of field artillery, which marched overland from Fort Leavenworth.

The brigade headquarters of the Nebraska National Guard was notified that Governor Miley of Nebraska would arrive at the camp today.

The headquarters of the camp of instruction received information from the adjutant of the South Dakota National Guard troops instead of a regiment, would be sent here for instruction August 16. The Arkansas regiment was expected some time during the day.

CROP OUTLOOK FINE

Corn Gains Over Half Point During the Month of July.

FOUR POINTS ABOVE TEN-YEAR AVERAGE

Nebraska One Point Below Average and Iowa Nine Points Above.

WINTER WHEAT MAKES BIG SHOWING

Increase of 4.3 Bushels Per Acre Indicated by Preliminary Report.

YIELD NEARLY HALF BILLION BUSHELS

Spring Wheat and Oats Show Falling Off Compared with Conditions of One Month Ago—Statistics of Smaller Crops.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—The crop reporting board of the bureau of statistics of the Department of Agriculture finds from the reports from the correspondents and agents of the bureau as follows: The condition of corn on August 1, was 88.1, as compared with 87.5 last month, 89 on August 1, 1905; 87.3 at the corresponding date in 1904 and a ten-year average of 84.

The following table shows for each of the states having 1,000,000 acres or upward in corn, the condition on August 1, 1906, with the ten-year August average:

Table with 2 columns: State, 1906, 10-Year Average. Illinois 88.2, 85; Nebraska 88.4, 84; Kansas 88.5, 83; Texas 88.6, 82; Missouri 88.7, 81; Indiana 88.8, 80; Georgia 88.9, 79; Kentucky 89.0, 78; Tennessee 89.1, 77; Ohio 89.2, 76; Alabama 89.3, 75; North Carolina 89.4, 74; Arkansas 89.5, 73; Mississippi 89.6, 72; Louisiana 89.7, 71; Oklahoma 89.8, 70; South Carolina 89.9, 69; Virginia 90.0, 68; West Virginia 90.1, 67; Minnesota 90.2, 66; Wisconsin 90.3, 65; Pennsylvania 90.4, 64; Maryland 90.5, 63; Delaware 90.6, 62; New York 90.7, 61; Connecticut 90.8, 60; Massachusetts 90.9, 59; Vermont 91.0, 58; New Hampshire 91.1, 57; Maine 91.2, 56; Rhode Island 91.3, 55; Massachusetts 91.4, 54; Connecticut 91.5, 53; Vermont 91.6, 52; New Hampshire 91.7, 51; Maine 91.8, 50; Rhode Island 91.9, 49; Massachusetts 92.0, 48; Connecticut 92.1, 47; Vermont 92.2, 46; New Hampshire 92.3, 45; Maine 92.4, 44; Rhode Island 92.5, 43; Massachusetts 92.6, 42; Connecticut 92.7, 41; Vermont 92.8, 40