

RAILROADS ON RACK

Attorney General Moody Will Prosecute Violations of Safety Appliance Act.

SUITS WILL BE FILED IN OMAHA

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Company Will Be Asked for Seventeen Penalties.

UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY ON LIST

Union Pacific, Northwestern and Missouri Pacific Also to Be Sued Here.

MANY CASES IN OTHER DISTRICTS

Thirty Penalties Will Be Demanded from the Iron Mountain Route—Other Western Lines Accused.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Attorney General Moody, in accordance with heretofore determined upon, has further prosecutions of a number of roads for violations of the federal safety appliance act. The United States attorney, for the various districts wherein the acts were committed, are directed to file and vigorously prosecute suits for the recovery of the statutory penalties. The Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company will be sued for seventeen penalties, and the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway company for thirty penalties.

The roads to be made defendants and the districts where suits will be brought include the following:

- Belt Railway of Chicago, Northern District of Illinois; Chicago & Northwestern Railway company, District of Nebraska; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company, District of Nebraska; Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway company, Southern District of Iowa; Kansas City Southern Railway company, Western District of Missouri; Missouri Pacific Railway company, Western District of Missouri and District of Nebraska; St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad company, Western District of Tennessee; St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway company, Western District of Tennessee; St. Louis Southwestern Railway company, Eastern District of Arkansas; Southern Railway company, Western District of Tennessee; Union Pacific Railway company, District of Nebraska; Union Stock Yards company of South Omaha, District of Nebraska.

NO SENSATION IN THE DEATH

Irregularity Not Developed by Inquiry Into Case of Robert Ayers, Insane Man.

A careful investigation by the authorities failed to reveal anything irregular in the death of Robert Ayers at the County hospital Wednesday night. Despite a sensational rumor, nothing of a criminal nature has been brought out by those making the investigation. Thursday evening Coroner Bralley visited the undertaking rooms of Hoffman & Gentlemen, where the body of Ayers is being kept, made an investigation and declared that the man came to his death in the manner indicated on the death certificate signed by Dr. Frans J. Swoboda of the County hospital. Dr. Swoboda stated that the man died of nephritis and insanity. Ayers was sent to the hospital by the county commissioner. He was afflicted with Bright's disease. Superintendent Fowler of the hospital and Dr. Swoboda stated Friday morning that the patient died from natural causes. Relatives of Ayers are expected from Illinois Friday afternoon.

JOHN LAUGHLAND IS BURIED

Former City Official is Laid at Rest at Forest Lawn Cemetery.

Funeral services for John Laughland, former secretary of the Associated Charities and postmaster, were held Friday afternoon at the Forest Lawn cemetery. Rev. Edwin Hart Jenks officiating. Dr. Jenks paid a pretty tribute to the life, character and memory of Mr. Laughland. The services were largely attended. Members of the local Scottish clan attended in a body. James C. Lindsay, son-in-law, reached the city from Rapid City, S. D., in time to attend the funeral. The pallbearers were: John Douglas, Alfred C. Kennedy, Hugh Murray, Dr. B. R. Ralph and William Kennedy. Burial at Forest Lawn cemetery.

POLICE COURT RECORDS NEXT

Books Will Be Examined by Expert at Dahlman's Command, Despite Loebek.

By order of Mayor Dahlman, J. M. Gilchrist, the expert accountant who is checking over the city's books, is to be set to work on the records of the police court within a few days. Mr. Gilchrist has been going over the accounts of the treasurer's office, but has found nothing wrong up to date. The comptroller's office has been unable to straighten out the police court tangle, and the mayor believes the \$150 a day services of Mr. Gilchrist are most needed where there seems to be the most confusion. The move does not exactly meet with the wishes of the comptroller in the matter.

PARK BOARD VISITS ELMWOOD

Commissioners Inspect Grounds to See if Oval Speedway Would Be Practicable.

Members of the park board, with the exception of Commissioner Cornish, spent Friday morning looking over Elmwood park to find out if an oval speedway can be constructed there for the benefit of horsemen. The commissioners were escorted by C. C. George and others in automobiles and accompanied by Assistant City Engineer Craig.

BELECHER GETS TWENTY YEARS

Paterson, N. J., Aug. 3.—William H. Belechter, who, while mayor of this city, allowed the \$150 a day services of Robert Diefelder on Monday last, was sentenced today to twelve years imprisonment in the state prison at Treason on a charge of embezzlement.

LETTER ON THE SECOND MAIN

Communication Which Woodbury of Water Company Sent to the Water Board.

The Omaha Water company has made public the letter it addressed to the water board regarding the necessity of laying a second supply main to the pumping station at Florence. The president of the board declined to give out the communication or even admit that he had received it. Following is the document, upon which the board has not yet acted:

It has always been the policy of the Omaha Water company not only to keep plant up to the highest degree of efficiency but to keep ahead of the necessities of the community. As you are aware, the city of Omaha is growing rapidly at the present time, and a large number of new buildings, including many residences, are being erected, so that the demand on the water works is increasing and will increase during the next few years.

In order to meet this growing demand and to guard against the danger from any possible break in the large supply main, thereby leaving the city in great danger in case of a fire, it seems advisable that a second supply main be laid between Florence and Omaha.

MONTANA MINES ARE CLOSED

Strike of Smelter Men at Great Falls Throws Many Men Out of Work at Butte.

BUTTE, Mont., Aug. 3.—The five mines of the Boston and Montana company shut down at 6 o'clock this evening, the men being notified that the proposition was to be rejected until the strike of the smeltermen at the Great Falls smelting plant of the company had been settled.

Three thousand men are rendered idle in this city, besides a number of ore train crews which have heretofore been hauling the output of the Boston and Montana mines about 4,000 tons daily, for the Butte properties to the Great Falls smelters.

It develops that one man who was in arrears on his union dues is the cause of the whole trouble, which has been hauled through the courts and employment. Five smeltermen, constituting a committee, became too insistent in demanding the discharge of this one smelterman behind in his union payment, and the quietest were discharged. Their dismissal precipitated the trouble, the union demanding the resignation of the five men, and upon the company's refusal the strike was ordered.

WOMEN MEET IN COPENHAGEN

International League of Suffragists Assembling in the Capital of Denmark.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 3.—The third conference of the International League of Women Suffragists will meet here from August 7 to 11.

A majority of the delegates, among whom are many Americans, have already arrived here and are the guests of leading families of Copenhagen. A brilliant succession of excursions and fetes has been arranged.

The queen of Denmark today granted an audience of one hour to Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt of New York, president of the National American Woman Suffrage association, in the suffragist movement and regretted that the term of mourning for the late king prevented her entertaining the delegates. She expressed her admiration of American women, saying she thought them active and progressive and that the moment of other countries should take them as their model.

READY FOR FOUR DAYS' RACES

Some of the Best Yachts in Union Will Take Part in Contests.

GLEN COVE, L. I., Aug. 3.—Some of the finest and fastest racing yachts in their respective classes in the United States, and many big fast steam yachts were gathered in this harbor today to participate in the annual cruise of the New York Yacht club to New York and Vineyard Haven, which is planned to start this morning. It is planned to occupy four days in making the run from Glen Cove, with a stop-over night at Morris Cove and over Sunday at New London.

In addition to the squadron runs from port to port and the usual races for the Astor cups off Newport, it was planned to sail a race off Newport Wednesday for a cup presented to the New York Yacht club by King Edward. The last named event will be for one class only, including sloops not less than fifty feet in length and schooners not less than sixty feet long.

DEMAND FOR HARVEST HANDS

Fifteen Thousand Men Are Needed to Care for Bumper Wheat Crop in Northwest.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Aug. 3.—A bumper harvest in the northwest and no men to harvest it. The farm labor situation in Minnesota today is the worst in the history of the state. Fifteen thousand men are needed in Minnesota, Iowa, the two Dakotas, and about 1,000 are available. The wages offered by the farmers range from \$15 to \$30 a day and board, but the jobs go begging.

All the railroads have made a special rate of \$3.00 to any point in the harvest belt and farmers are willing to pay the transportation for men they need.

General Greeley to St. Louis. Washington, Aug. 3.—Orders were issued at the War department today assigning Major General A. W. Greeley to the command of the northern division, with headquarters at St. Louis, to take effect September 16.

Belcher Gets Twelve Years. Paterson, N. J., Aug. 3.—William H. Belechter, who, while mayor of this city, allowed the \$150 a day services of Robert Diefelder on Monday last, was sentenced today to twelve years imprisonment in the state prison at Treason on a charge of embezzlement.

LABOR DEBATE IN COMMONS

Trades Disputes Bill Comes Up in the House for Amendment.

GOVERNMENT NARROWLY ESCAPES DEFEAT

Late in Discussion Balfour Accuses Premier of Breach of Faith and Opposition Members Leave Session.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The trades disputes bill, which is a direct outcome of the Taff Vale decision that trades unions funds are liable for the illegal acts of individual members of a union, passed the committee stage in the House of Commons this morning and was reported to the House amid ministerial cheering. Considerable excitement marked the debate, during which several amendments proposed by the government were defeated by narrow majorities. In one case the government being voted from defeat by a few unionist votes.

There was a somewhat extraordinary scene after midnight following Prime Minister Campbell-Bannerman's refusal to accept Lord Robert Cecil's motion to report progress. Lord Robert saying that the prime minister had pledged himself that the debate should not continue after 11 o'clock. When the motion was defeated by a government majority of 212 Mr. Balfour accused the prime minister of deliberately breaking his pledge. He declined to take further part in the proceedings and invited his followers to leave the house. The invitation of the former prime minister was accepted by all of the three scores of members of the opposition present amid ironical ministerial, nationalist and laborite cheering. A few of those who left the chamber returned subsequently, but the front opposition bench remained empty and several liberals and radicals took seats on it amid radical cheering.

The debate then proceeded without intermission to its close. In place of the clause in the ordinary bill in the nature of a union from damages when illegal acts have been committed without the authority of a union, the clause was adopted giving a trade union, whether of workmen or employers, complete immunity from claims for damages for illegal acts committed during a strike.

FIRE AT MILAN EXPOSITION

Hungarian and Italian Decorative Arts Section Are Heavily Damaged by Blaze.

MILAN, Italy, Aug. 3.—Fire which broke out this morning in the international exposition did extensive damage. The sections devoted to the decorative arts of Italy and Hungary were totally destroyed, as also was the pavilion in which were installed the exhibits of Italian and Hungarian architecture. The damage is estimated at \$60,000.

The fire was discovered at 5 o'clock this morning in the Hungarian section and spread rapidly to the art sections situated in an adjoining park. For a time the British, Swiss, Japanese and Netherlands sections were threatened, but by energetic work the firemen succeeded in saving them. The jewelry and fine arts sections also were threatened, but a large force of firemen rescued the pictures, many of them of priceless value, from the gallery of fine arts and the corridors of sections beyond the fire zone.

At noon the fire was considered to be under control. Some of the estimates place the loss as high as \$2,400,000, which probably is excessive. The origin of the fire is attributed to an electric short circuit. The authorities reject the theory that the conflagration was of incendiary origin.

The scene of the conflagration was the center of the most active portion of the exposition. The Palace of Decorative Arts is a mass of ruins. The architecture pavilion, which was also destroyed, contained many exhibits of historic value, including the original model of the dome of the cathedral of Milan, many original documents referring to Milan's famous scientist, Volta, relating to Voltaic electricity, and numerous documents referring to Napoleon I. Although the Fine Arts pavilion was saved, many fine paintings were damaged, being splashed by mud and water while the firemen were hastily carrying them to place of safety.

Owing to the value of some of the exhibits destroyed the loss is now estimated at \$2,900,000 to \$3,000,000.

SECRETARY ROOT RECEIVES

Head of State Department Bids Farewell to President of Brazil.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Aug. 2.—Prefect Passes today took Secretary and Mrs. Root on an automobile trip to Tijuca, a mountain resort. Later, Mr. Root paid his farewell visit to President Alves, which he went on board the United States steamer Charleston, where the secretary held a reception.

Mr. Root's reception on the Charleston was well attended and the utmost cordiality was displayed. President Alves, aboard the American cruiser at 4 p. m. and was saluted by the Brazilian, Argentine and German warships in the harbor. He went ashore at 5.30.

In the name of the nation, President Alves presented Mr. Root with a large and beautiful Brazilian diamond and the minister of finance, Senor de Bulhoes, gave him a golden casket lined with a watch. Secretary Root was made an honorary member of the institute of Brazilian lawyers.

The Brazilian cruiser Barroso and the Argentine cruiser Buenos Ayres will convey the Charleston to Montevideo.

King and Emperor to Meet. LONDON, Aug. 3.—It was officially announced today that King Edward and Emperor William will meet at Friedrichsruh castle, near Hamburg, Germany, August 15.

DAHLMAN PICKS HIS TEN MEN

Mayor Selects Companions to Go to New York to Meet Colonel Bryan.

Mayor Dahlman is busy picking out ten Nebraskaans to represent the Democratic party from this state in the Bryan campaign at New York August 20, gaining the task by reason of the fact that he is national committee man from Nebraska. So far he has selected the following, who desire to make the trip: Robert Diefelder of Sidney, W. R. Bennett, Frank Dunlop, D. J. O'Brien, J. M. Gilchrist and T. R. Porter. The last named is a newspaper correspondent.

LEW GOLDIE FATALLY SHOT

Assailant Runs Him Into House and Then Fires Through Window.

LEW GOLDIE, Twenty-seventh and Harrison streets, South Omaha, was fatally shot through the window of his own house last night just at dark. The bullet was fired from a 44-caliber rifle in the hands of Fritz Clements, a neighbor living across the street, and the shooting was the result of a neighborhood feud. The quarrel began early in the evening before Goldie arrived on the scene, but he later got mixed up in it. A whole fusillade of shots of all kinds, from a revolver to a double-barreled shotgun, rained on the neighbor, but Goldie was restored to life by the fact that he had been hit twice, one shot in the leg and the other in the abdomen, the last being the rifle shot and fatal. He was taken to the South Omaha hospital by the Brewer ambulance, and there attended to by Dr. Slightfoot, with little hope of saving his life.

Early in the evening J. Baehus, a young married man living just over the county line, was warned by his mother, Mrs. Baehus, who was leaving his house to go to another son, Roy, that the neighbor, Fritz Clements, was watching his house on the garden. Resenting this young Baehus went out and ordered the neighbor off his premises. Clements dropped the rope which he was holding, and called to his three strapping sons living with him and together they gave young Baehus a sound beating. Later the old man went to the house and brought out a shot-gun which he pointed threateningly at Baehus, uttering imprecations. Then as another son came out from Clements' home he drew a revolver saying what he would do with Baehus.

Baehus, being unarmed, made his way to the police station to report the affair. In the meantime, however, Lew Goldie, a neighbor, is said to have driven up on his own team, leading of the right one, the cow from the older Mrs. Baehus and the wife of young Baehus, he took sides with them apparently, and probably said something as he passed the Clements' place. As he got out of the rig, it is stated by the eyes witnesses, the whole family, using two double-barreled rifles and several revolvers, opened fire on Goldie, wounding him in the calf of the leg. Goldie ran into the house, pursued by the elder Clements with the rifle. As Goldie seized his own revolver and turned to defend himself, Clements is said to have run around the corner to a window through which he fired with fatal effect. None of the cartridges in Goldie's gun were discharged.

The police, learning of the shooting, held Baehus when he arrived and went out after the Clements family. All of the large boys and the father and disappeared. It was thought that the man started for Papillion and the authorities there were warned. It was also reported that he was seen driving toward Omaha, and the officers there were put on the alert.

Later in the night the Clements boys and their father were seen driving toward Omaha, and the officers there were put on the alert.

Goldie is a well digger by profession and a man of family. He was accompanied by a neighbor, who was not hurt in the shooting, but Mrs. Baehus, his sister, was hit by a splinter which was driven into the wall of the Goldie residence. This passed through her shoulder, inflicting a painful flesh wound. Most of the Clements are packing house employees and are said to be of a quarrelsome disposition. Nothing of the facts of the story was heard, however, by those who were present, and they disappeared. Only the mother and some of the younger children were in the house when the officers arrived.

TEST OF NEW PRIMARY LAW

Voters of Illinois Will Select Candidates Under Act of Special Session.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—The first test of the new Illinois law, passed at a special session of the legislature this year, enabling voters to name party nominees, will be given tomorrow after one of the liveliest primary campaigns ever waged in this state. Every voter in three parties—Republican, Democrat and Socialist—will be called upon to vote directly for candidates for office and delegates to the convention.

Prohibitionists will not participate in tomorrow's election, the voters of that party are barred from the polls by the provisions of the old law prior to July 3, when the new law went into effect. Candidates to be voted upon are representatives in congress, members of the legislature, state treasurer and superintendent of public instruction.

Prohibitionists will not participate in tomorrow's election, the voters of that party are barred from the polls by the provisions of the old law prior to July 3, when the new law went into effect. Candidates to be voted upon are representatives in congress, members of the legislature, state treasurer and superintendent of public instruction.

JUDGE KINKAID SUSTAINED

Toledo Ice Men Lose Case, but Law's Delay Keeps Them from Jail.

TOLEDO, Aug. 3.—Judge Babcock, in common pleas court today handed down his decision in the ice case, sustaining Judge Kinkaid in every particular. He held that the ice men were not liable for the loss of the ice men to the legislative, county, sanitary district and municipal conventions. The vote tomorrow will also establish party sentiment on United States senator. The Democratic party has no candidate for United States senator.

BIG DEFICIT IN TREASURY

Ohio County, More Than Eight Hundred Thousand Behind, Gets Some Cash.

AKRON, O., Aug. 3.—Examiners Paulson and Haley filed their report of the examination of the Summit county treasury with Probate Judge Farlee today. It shows that there is a deficit in the treasury of \$274,454.

The examiner says this deficit was \$82,314 at the time the examination was begun, but that since then a large amount of borrowed money has been returned. The report says that a large part of the loans are unsecured and that a considerable part of the securities representing loans of the public funds are renewals of obligations taken by former treasurers and carried by the present treasurer, Fred K. Smith.

Treasurer Smith declares that the vault in the court house is unsafe to keep public funds in and that the cost of his bonds, \$300,000 in all, is so high and his salary so low that he had to loan money to keep ahead.

TOM JOHNSON NOT GUILTY

Cleveland Judge Decides that Mayor is Not in Contempt of Court.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 3.—Judge Kennedy of the common pleas court today decided that Mayor Johnson was not guilty of contempt of court as charged, in connection with the tearing up of the tracks of the Cleveland Electric company last week in Fulton street. The court held that W. J. Springborn, director of public service, had violated the temporary injunction issued by Judge Ford in the case. Springborn was fined \$50 and costs.

An application for a new trial was at once filed by the attorneys for Springborn.

Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Today's statement of treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$20,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance, \$17,178,172; gold coin and bullion, \$49,921,186; gold certificates, \$1,050,000.

LABOR LAW UNCONSTITUTIONAL

New York Women and Children May Work Over Ten Hours a Day.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—The state law of New York restricting labor by women and children to ten hours a day and sixty hours a week in a factory was declared today by Justice Gimstead, in a decision handed down in the court of special sessions, to be an unwarranted invasion of common law rights. The ruling was concurred in by Justices McKean and Deuel.

Justice Gimstead declared the law class legislation.

HILL WARS ON MILWAUKEE

Great Northern Mainstay is Behind the New Dakota Midland Road.

MORGAN INTERESTS ALLIED WITH HILL

Union and Southern Pacific Interests Line Up Against the Hill-Morgan Crowd.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 3.—The Journal today says: The three-cornered war among the Harriman, Hill and Milwaukee railway interests in the northwest is reaching an acute stage. It developed yesterday that James J. Hill is behind the Dakota Midland railway, which is about to invade the Milwaukee territory between Sioux City, Ia., and Pierre, S. D. The new road is to run through part of the great corn belt of Iowa in competition with the Milwaukee. Having failed to get control of the Milwaukee in 1901, Mr. Hill has now started to parallel the system wherever possible in retaliation for the Milwaukee's construction of an extension to the Pacific coast. J. P. Morgan and his interests are allied with the Hill and Harriman interests are believed to be in close alliance with the Milwaukee.

LITHOGRAPHERS STRIKE GROWS

Twenty-Six Houses in Philadelphia Tied Up by Men Quitting Work.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 3.—Pursuant to instructions from headquarters at New York, the lithographers in this city who are members of the Lithographers' International Protective and Benefit association, today went on strike to enforce their demands for an eight-hour working day.

Twenty-six establishments are affected by the strike, which involves several hundred workmen.

DES MOINES, Aug. 3.—Fifty lithographers went on a strike today in accordance with the order of the National Lithographers' association. The eight-hour day has already been granted in Des Moines and the local strike is centered on the question of closed or open shop.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—Practically all of the lithographers in this city, in number about 160, are now out on a strike for an eight-hour day with nine hours' pay.

Omaha Men Go Out. Four lithographers employed by the Rees Printing company quit work last night, and will not resume their labors until the outcome of the strike for the forty-eight hours is settled. The men left off work in response to a telegram from headquarters in the east. The men at the Klapp & Bartlett plant have not yet had word from the east, but are expecting an order today. As soon as the official word is received they will join the others in the strike for the eight-hour day.

The officials of the printers' union say this strike is entirely independent of the printers' strike, which has been on since January 1 of the present year.

MILLER AND SHANKS OUT

President Agrin Tells Public Printer that He Will Not Interfere with Disciplinary Measures.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—W. A. Miller, assistant foreman of the bindery of the government printing office, who was suspended by the president on July 21 for insubordination and insolence, was discharged from the government service yesterday. Miller's former suspension in 1903 was the cause of President Roosevelt's order directing the government printing office and all offices where workmen are employed by the government to be open shops.

The public printer also dismissed Milo Shanks, foreman of the second typesetting division. Shanks furnished the president another opportunity to express himself again regarding the conduct of the government printer. Shanks had complained to the president that he had not received fair treatment and Secretary Loeb wrote Mr. Stillings that inasmuch as he is charged with the administrative details of the office, the president would not interfere with him in his efforts to put the government printer on an economical and efficient basis and in securing proper discipline among the employees.

"What the president expects," says Secretary Loeb, "is results and he will hold you responsible therefor. In the gaining of the results you will not be interfered with."

BIG DEFICIT IN TREASURY

Ohio County, More Than Eight Hundred Thousand Behind, Gets Some Cash.

AKRON, O., Aug. 3.—Examiners Paulson and Haley filed their report of the examination of the Summit county treasury with Probate Judge Farlee today. It shows that there is a deficit in the treasury of \$274,454.

The examiner says this deficit was \$82,314 at the time the examination was begun, but that since then a large amount of borrowed money has been returned. The report says that a large part of the loans are unsecured and that a considerable part of the securities representing loans of the public funds are renewals of obligations taken by former treasurers and carried by the present treasurer, Fred K. Smith.

Treasurer Smith declares that the vault in the court house is unsafe to keep public funds in and that the cost of his bonds, \$300,000 in all, is so high and his salary so low that he had to loan money to keep ahead.

TOM JOHNSON NOT GUILTY

Cleveland Judge Decides that Mayor is Not in Contempt of Court.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 3.—Judge Kennedy of the common pleas court today decided that Mayor Johnson was not guilty of contempt of court as charged, in connection with the tearing up of the tracks of the Cleveland Electric company last week in Fulton street. The court held that W. J. Springborn, director of public service, had violated the temporary injunction issued by Judge Ford in the case. Springborn was fined \$50 and costs.

An application for a new trial was at once filed by the attorneys for Springborn.

Treasury Statement. WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Today's statement of treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the \$20,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance, \$17,178,172; gold coin and bullion, \$49,921,186; gold certificates, \$1,050,000.

LABOR LAW UNCONSTITUTIONAL

New York Women and Children May Work Over Ten Hours a Day.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—The state law of New York restricting labor by women and children to ten hours a day and sixty hours a week in a factory was declared today by Justice Gimstead, in a decision handed down in the court of special sessions, to be an unwarranted invasion of common law rights. The ruling was concurred in by Justices McKean and Deuel.

Justice Gimstead declared the law class legislation.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Showers and Cooler Saturday, Fair Sunday.

Table with 4 columns: Temperature at Omaha Yesterday, Hour, Day, Degree. Rows for 5 a.m., 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., 6 p.m., 8 p.m.

AFFIDAVITS ON CAR BURNING

United States Attorney Lane Completes His Investigation at Greeley.

GREELEY CENTER, Neb., Aug. 3.—(Special Telegram.)—The federal authorities spent the day in looking up evidence relative to the burning of the cars at Belfast, returning at 7.30 tonight. Papers were obtained from Henry Lund, George Vangstad, Eli Carstensen and Charles Lee. Affidavits were made by O. T. Lund, his wife and daughter, Fred Berg and his two sisters, who were present at the burning of the cars. Some of the new things developed in this investigation was the statement of Mrs. Lund, who saw the big man take the long iron poker and pull a grip out of the burning papers, tear it open and stir up the papers in it so they would all burn up, and that two girls were lying near the cars that had been used to throw the papers on the cars and that the big man further statement of O. T. Lund when he asked the big man what they had in the cars he replied papers to mix with the cement to build the Ericson dam. He also saw the rails on the ground and the oil barrels in the cars.

The three girls stated that the two barrels were apparently guarding the burning papers to see that none escaped, as they continually walked around the cars and kept the people back, but the little girl, who was continually looking at the big one. They saw boxes and piles of papers burning up in the cars.

All of the parties interviewed said that the railroad men seemed to want the cars to burn and were not trying to save any of their contents, but trying to burn it all up.

A photograph was taken of the siding where the cars stood, the remains having been moved last yesterday by Roadmaster Taylor. Section Foreman Campbell was helping the men to get the cars ready to talk about the burning and objected to being photographed.

J. F. Donivan told how he met Reed, the section hand, going to Greeley on foot and that Reed told him he run off because of the papers recovered and will leave tomorrow morning with his party for Omaha, stating that his investigation had been thorough and that he had in his possession every scrap of paper and all evidence to be obtained in the vicinity.

Deputy United States Attorney Lane has expressed no opinion as to the contents of the papers recovered and will leave tomorrow morning with his party for Omaha, stating that his investigation had been thorough and that he had in his possession every scrap of paper and all evidence to be obtained in the vicinity.

UNCLE SAM AFTER COMBINE

Government Takes Steps to Break Up Pool Between Bidders on Supplies in Canal Zone.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Provision "trusts" and combinations in the isthmian canal zone succeeded in increasing the price of meats, vegetables and fruits more than 100 per cent and forced the isthmian canal commission to pass a resolution at a recent meeting enabling its agents to buy supplies in the open market and without advertising for bids.