

CHINA IS AT PEACE

Victory Says There is No Cause for Fear of Serious Trouble.

LOCAL DISTURBANCES MAY TAKE PLACE

Central Government Will Do All It Can to Protect Foreigners.

PRESENT SITUATION IS NOT LEADEN

Matters Must Change in Reference to Administration of Laws.

BRITISH CARTOONS CAUSE SOME FRICTION

Campaign Arguments Over Chinese in Transvaal Create Excitement When They Are Reproduced in Celestial Empire.

PEKING, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—Ten Chun Shuan, the viceroy, says he can find no reason for the exaggerated fears with which the world has been regarding China for some time past.

In this vast empire, with its crude methods of justice, its national ignorance and the credulity of its people, local disturbances may occur at any time, but there is no reason for apprehension that the position of foreigners in China is more insecure than at any time during the last fifty years. In each of the four disturbances occurring in the last year at Lien Chau, Chai Pu, Shanghai and Nan Chang the causes were purely local. In the first case animosity had existed for years, and the district is notoriously unfriendly and infested with smugglers and bandits. In the second case was an indirect action on the part of two Spanish priests. No lives were lost, and the officials, both military and civil, acted well and have since been thanked by the British authorities, while full reparation has already been made.

Nan Chang case the governor and the provincial judge was suspended immediately on the receipt by the throne of the report of Liang Tun Yen, the customs tatal at Tien Tain, who was sent to investigate the circumstances of the outbreak.

The general condition of the country is not unsatisfactory. In Kwang Si province, which formerly was the seat of perennial rebellion, is more peaceful and prosperous than it has been for many years; trade is satisfactory, the customs revenue last year was by far the largest on record, whether it be estimated in silver or gold, and postal services are working uninterruptedly throughout the entire empire.

European papers condemn the cry of "China for the Chinese," but are by no means so enthusiastic as it does the awakening of a nationality, the movement is one requiring guidance and encouragement and not unmeasured condemnation. One newspaper calls the movement "the foreign power demands that this province in 1900 to bring upon judgment to a more correct balance, and one need only remember the gross injustice of so many of the indemnity claims which China is now paying, especially the outrageous ones, to feel that it is reasonable to consider it not unreasonable that China should desire to purchase its own railways.

There is no point of comparison between the present situation in China and that preceding the Boxer outbreak, for the Chinese government has been able to make any treaty with the anti-foreign movement. China has everything to gain by keeping at peace with foreigners, and this it knows. The slightest disturbance causes it profound embarrassment and alarm. A whole army of missionaries and travelers is on the march, and the foreign powers demand that this province in 1900 to bring upon judgment to a more correct balance, and one need only remember the gross injustice of so many of the indemnity claims which China is now paying, especially the outrageous ones, to feel that it is reasonable to consider it not unreasonable that China should desire to purchase its own railways.

While the attitude of the government shows no sympathy with any anti-foreign movement, it would be idle to deny that some features of the present situation are most unsatisfactory. Foremost is the unbridled nature of the new-born native press, the journals of which are mostly published in the treaty ports and guided largely by the students with a smattering of education from Japan, assisted by irresponsible Japanese. Several of the worst inflammatory papers are registered under Japanese protection. There is an urgent necessity that the powers should concert with Japan to assist China to draft and enforce press laws. Not all the papers, however, are bad. Some of them are good and have had a beneficial effect in contributing to the growth of a reasonable opinion, but the general tone is anti-foreign and even the best are remarkably inaccurate.

The publication in the native papers of the anti-slavery South African election charges has had a deplorable effect, while the publication of English cartoons showing Chinese driven with whips in chains to labor, Englishmen shooting in sport, and Englishmen torturing Chinese at the mines, can only make Englishmen living in China wonder why retaliation is so infrequent. Another unsatisfactory feature, due to the weakness of the central government, is its failure to forbid the holding of inflammatory meetings in the central and southern provinces. Control is enforced by the viceroy in this province. Another failure of the government to punish local notables implicated in prominent such meetings. Yet another is the frequent interference of Catholic missionaries in the interior in native law suits, leading sooner or later to breaches of the peace and attacks upon the innocent.

However, the position of affairs in the interior, the reconstruction of which since the December riots has been in the hands of the diplomatic body at Peking, is gradually becoming unseemly, and the administration of the settlement is seriously prejudiced. The only satisfactory solution, in accordance with precedence, is that the powers concerned should entrust the question to the first instance to a committee of the consuls, who are familiar with the local news in practice. In the existing conditions the Chinese officials are

MONUMENT FOR FONTENOY

Half of Necessary Money Raised for Memorial on Old Battle Field.

ZULUS ARE FAITHLESS

British in South Africa Find Native Allies Take Part of Insurrections.

FRIEND OF OLD CETEWAYO TO THE FORE

Chief Who Followed Old Warriors Now Goes Over to Enemy.

"AFRICA FOR AFRICANS" IS THE CRY

Native Preachers Ouil for the Extermination of the Europeans.

LONDON, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The Zionism movement is by no means dead. A letter from Mr. Chamberlain promising to help any practical scheme to establish a Jewish "colony of refuge" was read at the inaugural meeting of the Jewish territorial organization at the Strandway hall.

Mr. Lucien Wolf presided and Mr. Israel Zangwill, Sir A. Conan Doyle, Lord Kinnaird, General Sir Alfred Turner and Mr. Holman Hunt were among those present. Mr. Zangwill, who presided, resolution pledging the branch to extend the work of the organization, said that the necessity of a Jewish land of refuge was so glaring, written as it has been in letters of blood across half a continent, that all Christians should have combined with all Jews to push forward their political negotiations under the aegis of Zionism and territorialism the Jewish masses have awakened to the notion of self-regeneration, he declared. In Russia the Jewish territorial organization counted among its adherents an organized group of 30,000 young men, who would lay down their lives for a Jewish land, and the Russian middle classes were planning their exodus. It only remained to find a suitable territory and to arrange the political conditions with a favorable government. Although the negotiation had not yet reached a decisive stage, he remained unshaken in the belief that British naval preparations had kept pace with its diplomatic demands. Sir Nicholas R. O'Connor, the British ambassador at Constantinople, in his earlier dispatches had prepared the British government for Turkey's compliance with its demand and little attention need be paid to the reports of conditional surrender, that phrase being probably intended to satisfy the Turkish people.

No Conditional Surrender. At the foreign office tonight the Associated Press learned that it was quite unlikely that Great Britain would accept anything in the nature of a mixed or international commission to examine into the frontier question, and the foreign office declined to believe that Ambassador O'Connor had accepted any "conditional surrender."

RELIGION IN IRISH SCHOOLS

Protestant and Catholic Stand Together Against Purely Secular Education of Pupils.

DUBLIN, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The proceedings at the opening of the Carnegie library at Drogheda had many elements of special interest. Cardinal Logue performed the opening ceremony, having previously had presented to him an address by the corporation, which was supported in very warm words of welcome by the Protestant rector of St. Peter's. Cardinal and rector found themselves in agreement as to the necessity of the school, and the usefulness of a public library to the people generally, and especially to the young people of Drogheda; not alone in admiration of the public spirit and generosity of Mr. Carnegie's practical presentation of his gift of books of wealth, but also upon a subject of burning general interest.

From the topic of the public library to that of the public school the transition is natural and easy. With no fear of disturbing the harmony of the occasion, the corporation of Drogheda had included in its address a reference to the cardinal's recent pronouncement upon the subject of religious education. Rev. Mr. Ledoux availed himself of the reference to declare that Protestant Episcopalians and Catholics should be alike in their views on the subject of religious and secular education and would insist with all their power that, while their children must be given an education as good as that of the English board schools, regard must be had to vital religious convictions.

Will Fortify Frontier. When the delimitation of the boundary is settled it is understood the British government will take measures to render Egypt strategically secure against any similar aggression by establishing a strong Egyptian garrison and fortifying El Arish and, if the water difficulty at the desert frontier can be solved, by placing Egyptian garrisons at points on the desert routes from Tabah and Giza along which an invading army might threaten the Suez canal. It is also not unlikely that Great Britain will demand the withdrawal of the Turkish frontier force in Cairo, Chariel Ahmet Mouskhar Pasha, who is credited with fostering anti-British agitation.

DEADLOCK ON CANAL TYPE

Senators Stand Five to Five on Lock or Sea Level Plan of Waterway.

MISSIONARIES AFTER CANNIBAL

British Will Attempt to Reform the Ferocious Inhabitants of New Guinea.

SYDNEY, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The ferocious tribe of cannibals who inhabit the Purari Delta, New Guinea, are to be visited by delegates from the London Missionary society with a view to their moral and moral reformation. They are known to be alert and daring men hunters and, when on the warpath, savage and ferocious beyond description. They are cannibals of the most daring type, but not merely for the sake of procuring human flesh as animal food. Often they will be allies in the coming struggle for power, and on such occasions, when victims from an alien tribe cannot be got, they find them among their own kin. This phase of cannibalism is the most difficult to deal with from a missionary standpoint. The deeply ingrained idea that human blood is essential in their ceremonial rites has to be uprooted.

The London Missionary society has organized a company to develop, industrially, the more civilized portions of New Guinea.

MORE GOLD IS NECESSARY

Production of Mines Must Be Increased to Meet Demands of Trade.

LONDON, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—In moving the adoption of the report at the forty-second general meeting of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Sir Montagu C. Turner discussed the world's gold production.

He said that without a supply of gold sufficient to meet the requirements of the world's commerce the great banking centers could not increase their reserves, and without such reserves bankers could not accommodate their customers. That led him to remark how the probable effect of the London conference would be to encourage in every way the gold production of the Transvaal, which last year amounted in value to over \$100,000,000, more than a third of the total gold production of the world. It was not, therefore, a question of consulting or considering the interests of mine managers, or of unfortunate shareholders, but it practically concerned the property of the whole world.

TROUBLE IN SAN DOMINGO

Washington Hears that New Revolutionary Movement Has Been Started Against Caeceres.

WILL TRY TO OPEN MINES

Indian Operators Will Make an Effort to Use Sanction Men.

MORE BISHOPS ARE NEEDED

Southern Methodist Church Devotes Time to Considering Report of Episcopal Committee.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 12.—At today's session of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, the committee on episcopacy made a report recommending the election of three new bishops.

The salaries of active bishops were fixed at \$4,000, supernumerary bishops at \$3,000 each and widows of deceased bishops at \$1,000 each.

Fairs Defeat Gold.

LONDON, May 12.—In an exhibition game of court tennis at the Prince's club the British players, beat Jay Gould of Lakewood, N. J., by 2-1.

ZIONISTS LOOKING FOR LAND

Movement Awaits Selection of Territory for Colony for Jews Wishing to Move.

SULTAN BACKS DOWN

Abdul Hamid Agrees to Withdraw Troops from Egyptian Territory.

CHARACTERISTIC OF TURKISH DIPLOMACY

Porte Follows Usual Custom of Making Eleventh Hour Surrender.

BRITISH FLEET AT PHALERUM BAY

Squadron Will Be Kept There Pending Determination of Boundary.

LONDON, May 12.—In a manner characteristic of Turkish diplomacy the Porte made an eleventh-hour surrender to the British demand concerning the Tabah boundary. It had been believed in many quarters that the sultan would not yield until actual force was displayed, but his decision probably was hastened by the knowledge that some of the powers supported his attitude and the combined fact that British naval preparations had kept pace with its diplomatic demands. Sir Nicholas R. O'Connor, the British ambassador at Constantinople, in his earlier dispatches had prepared the British government for Turkey's compliance with its demand and little attention need be paid to the reports of conditional surrender, that phrase being probably intended to satisfy the Turkish people.

At the foreign office tonight the Associated Press learned that it was quite unlikely that Great Britain would accept anything in the nature of a mixed or international commission to examine into the frontier question, and the foreign office declined to believe that Ambassador O'Connor had accepted any "conditional surrender."

RELIGION IN IRISH SCHOOLS

Protestant and Catholic Stand Together Against Purely Secular Education of Pupils.

DUBLIN, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The proceedings at the opening of the Carnegie library at Drogheda had many elements of special interest. Cardinal Logue performed the opening ceremony, having previously had presented to him an address by the corporation, which was supported in very warm words of welcome by the Protestant rector of St. Peter's. Cardinal and rector found themselves in agreement as to the necessity of the school, and the usefulness of a public library to the people generally, and especially to the young people of Drogheda; not alone in admiration of the public spirit and generosity of Mr. Carnegie's practical presentation of his gift of books of wealth, but also upon a subject of burning general interest.

From the topic of the public library to that of the public school the transition is natural and easy. With no fear of disturbing the harmony of the occasion, the corporation of Drogheda had included in its address a reference to the cardinal's recent pronouncement upon the subject of religious education. Rev. Mr. Ledoux availed himself of the reference to declare that Protestant Episcopalians and Catholics should be alike in their views on the subject of religious and secular education and would insist with all their power that, while their children must be given an education as good as that of the English board schools, regard must be had to vital religious convictions.

Will Fortify Frontier. When the delimitation of the boundary is settled it is understood the British government will take measures to render Egypt strategically secure against any similar aggression by establishing a strong Egyptian garrison and fortifying El Arish and, if the water difficulty at the desert frontier can be solved, by placing Egyptian garrisons at points on the desert routes from Tabah and Giza along which an invading army might threaten the Suez canal. It is also not unlikely that Great Britain will demand the withdrawal of the Turkish frontier force in Cairo, Chariel Ahmet Mouskhar Pasha, who is credited with fostering anti-British agitation.

DEADLOCK ON CANAL TYPE

Senators Stand Five to Five on Lock or Sea Level Plan of Waterway.

MISSIONARIES AFTER CANNIBAL

British Will Attempt to Reform the Ferocious Inhabitants of New Guinea.

SYDNEY, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The ferocious tribe of cannibals who inhabit the Purari Delta, New Guinea, are to be visited by delegates from the London Missionary society with a view to their moral and moral reformation. They are known to be alert and daring men hunters and, when on the warpath, savage and ferocious beyond description. They are cannibals of the most daring type, but not merely for the sake of procuring human flesh as animal food. Often they will be allies in the coming struggle for power, and on such occasions, when victims from an alien tribe cannot be got, they find them among their own kin. This phase of cannibalism is the most difficult to deal with from a missionary standpoint. The deeply ingrained idea that human blood is essential in their ceremonial rites has to be uprooted.

TROUBLE IN SAN DOMINGO

Washington Hears that New Revolutionary Movement Has Been Started Against Caeceres.

WILL TRY TO OPEN MINES

Indian Operators Will Make an Effort to Use Sanction Men.

MORE BISHOPS ARE NEEDED

Southern Methodist Church Devotes Time to Considering Report of Episcopal Committee.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 12.—At today's session of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, the committee on episcopacy made a report recommending the election of three new bishops.

The salaries of active bishops were fixed at \$4,000, supernumerary bishops at \$3,000 each and widows of deceased bishops at \$1,000 each.

Fairs Defeat Gold.

LONDON, May 12.—In an exhibition game of court tennis at the Prince's club the British players, beat Jay Gould of Lakewood, N. J., by 2-1.

ZIONISTS LOOKING FOR LAND

Movement Awaits Selection of Territory for Colony for Jews Wishing to Move.

SULTAN BACKS DOWN

Abdul Hamid Agrees to Withdraw Troops from Egyptian Territory.

CHARACTERISTIC OF TURKISH DIPLOMACY

Porte Follows Usual Custom of Making Eleventh Hour Surrender.

BRITISH FLEET AT PHALERUM BAY

Squadron Will Be Kept There Pending Determination of Boundary.

LONDON, May 12.—In a manner characteristic of Turkish diplomacy the Porte made an eleventh-hour surrender to the British demand concerning the Tabah boundary. It had been believed in many quarters that the sultan would not yield until actual force was displayed, but his decision probably was hastened by the knowledge that some of the powers supported his attitude and the combined fact that British naval preparations had kept pace with its diplomatic demands. Sir Nicholas R. O'Connor, the British ambassador at Constantinople, in his earlier dispatches had prepared the British government for Turkey's compliance with its demand and little attention need be paid to the reports of conditional surrender, that phrase being probably intended to satisfy the Turkish people.

At the foreign office tonight the Associated Press learned that it was quite unlikely that Great Britain would accept anything in the nature of a mixed or international commission to examine into the frontier question, and the foreign office declined to believe that Ambassador O'Connor had accepted any "conditional surrender."

RELIGION IN IRISH SCHOOLS

Protestant and Catholic Stand Together Against Purely Secular Education of Pupils.

DUBLIN, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The proceedings at the opening of the Carnegie library at Drogheda had many elements of special interest. Cardinal Logue performed the opening ceremony, having previously had presented to him an address by the corporation, which was supported in very warm words of welcome by the Protestant rector of St. Peter's. Cardinal and rector found themselves in agreement as to the necessity of the school, and the usefulness of a public library to the people generally, and especially to the young people of Drogheda; not alone in admiration of the public spirit and generosity of Mr. Carnegie's practical presentation of his gift of books of wealth, but also upon a subject of burning general interest.

From the topic of the public library to that of the public school the transition is natural and easy. With no fear of disturbing the harmony of the occasion, the corporation of Drogheda had included in its address a reference to the cardinal's recent pronouncement upon the subject of religious education. Rev. Mr. Ledoux availed himself of the reference to declare that Protestant Episcopalians and Catholics should be alike in their views on the subject of religious and secular education and would insist with all their power that, while their children must be given an education as good as that of the English board schools, regard must be had to vital religious convictions.

Will Fortify Frontier. When the delimitation of the boundary is settled it is understood the British government will take measures to render Egypt strategically secure against any similar aggression by establishing a strong Egyptian garrison and fortifying El Arish and, if the water difficulty at the desert frontier can be solved, by placing Egyptian garrisons at points on the desert routes from Tabah and Giza along which an invading army might threaten the Suez canal. It is also not unlikely that Great Britain will demand the withdrawal of the Turkish frontier force in Cairo, Chariel Ahmet Mouskhar Pasha, who is credited with fostering anti-British agitation.

DEADLOCK ON CANAL TYPE

Senators Stand Five to Five on Lock or Sea Level Plan of Waterway.

MISSIONARIES AFTER CANNIBAL

British Will Attempt to Reform the Ferocious Inhabitants of New Guinea.

SYDNEY, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The ferocious tribe of cannibals who inhabit the Purari Delta, New Guinea, are to be visited by delegates from the London Missionary society with a view to their moral and moral reformation. They are known to be alert and daring men hunters and, when on the warpath, savage and ferocious beyond description. They are cannibals of the most daring type, but not merely for the sake of procuring human flesh as animal food. Often they will be allies in the coming struggle for power, and on such occasions, when victims from an alien tribe cannot be got, they find them among their own kin. This phase of cannibalism is the most difficult to deal with from a missionary standpoint. The deeply ingrained idea that human blood is essential in their ceremonial rites has to be uprooted.

TROUBLE IN SAN DOMINGO

Washington Hears that New Revolutionary Movement Has Been Started Against Caeceres.

WILL TRY TO OPEN MINES

Indian Operators Will Make an Effort to Use Sanction Men.

MORE BISHOPS ARE NEEDED

Southern Methodist Church Devotes Time to Considering Report of Episcopal Committee.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 12.—At today's session of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, the committee on episcopacy made a report recommending the election of three new bishops.

The salaries of active bishops were fixed at \$4,000, supernumerary bishops at \$3,000 each and widows of deceased bishops at \$1,000 each.

Fairs Defeat Gold.

LONDON, May 12.—In an exhibition game of court tennis at the Prince's club the British players, beat Jay Gould of Lakewood, N. J., by 2-1.

ZIONISTS LOOKING FOR LAND

Movement Awaits Selection of Territory for Colony for Jews Wishing to Move.

SULTAN BACKS DOWN

Abdul Hamid Agrees to Withdraw Troops from Egyptian Territory.

CHARACTERISTIC OF TURKISH DIPLOMACY

Porte Follows Usual Custom of Making Eleventh Hour Surrender.

BRITISH FLEET AT PHALERUM BAY

Squadron Will Be Kept There Pending Determination of Boundary.

LONDON, May 12.—In a manner characteristic of Turkish diplomacy the Porte made an eleventh-hour surrender to the British demand concerning the Tabah boundary. It had been believed in many quarters that the sultan would not yield until actual force was displayed, but his decision probably was hastened by the knowledge that some of the powers supported his attitude and the combined fact that British naval preparations had kept pace with its diplomatic demands. Sir Nicholas R. O'Connor, the British ambassador at Constantinople, in his earlier dispatches had prepared the British government for Turkey's compliance with its demand and little attention need be paid to the reports of conditional surrender, that phrase being probably intended to satisfy the Turkish people.

At the foreign office tonight the Associated Press learned that it was quite unlikely that Great Britain would accept anything in the nature of a mixed or international commission to examine into the frontier question, and the foreign office declined to believe that Ambassador O'Connor had accepted any "conditional surrender."

RELIGION IN IRISH SCHOOLS

Protestant and Catholic Stand Together Against Purely Secular Education of Pupils.

DUBLIN, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The proceedings at the opening of the Carnegie library at Drogheda had many elements of special interest. Cardinal Logue performed the opening ceremony, having previously had presented to him an address by the corporation, which was supported in very warm words of welcome by the Protestant rector of St. Peter's. Cardinal and rector found themselves in agreement as to the necessity of the school, and the usefulness of a public library to the people generally, and especially to the young people of Drogheda; not alone in admiration of the public spirit and generosity of Mr. Carnegie's practical presentation of his gift of books of wealth, but also upon a subject of burning general interest.

From the topic of the public library to that of the public school the transition is natural and easy. With no fear of disturbing the harmony of the occasion, the corporation of Drogheda had included in its address a reference to the cardinal's recent pronouncement upon the subject of religious education. Rev. Mr. Ledoux availed himself of the reference to declare that Protestant Episcopalians and Catholics should be alike in their views on the subject of religious and secular education and would insist with all their power that, while their children must be given an education as good as that of the English board schools, regard must be had to vital religious convictions.

Will Fortify Frontier. When the delimitation of the boundary is settled it is understood the British government will take measures to render Egypt strategically secure against any similar aggression by establishing a strong Egyptian garrison and fortifying El Arish and, if the water difficulty at the desert frontier can be solved, by placing Egyptian garrisons at points on the desert routes from Tabah and Giza along which an invading army might threaten the Suez canal. It is also not unlikely that Great Britain will demand the withdrawal of the Turkish frontier force in Cairo, Chariel Ahmet Mouskhar Pasha, who is credited with fostering anti-British agitation.

DEADLOCK ON CANAL TYPE

Senators Stand Five to Five on Lock or Sea Level Plan of Waterway.

MISSIONARIES AFTER CANNIBAL

British Will Attempt to Reform the Ferocious Inhabitants of New Guinea.

SYDNEY, May 12.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The ferocious tribe of cannibals who inhabit the Purari Delta, New Guinea, are to be visited by delegates from the London Missionary society with a view to their moral and moral reformation. They are known to be alert and daring men hunters and, when on the warpath, savage and ferocious beyond description. They are cannibals of the most daring type, but not merely for the sake of procuring human flesh as animal food. Often they will be allies in the coming struggle for power, and on such occasions, when victims from an alien tribe cannot be got, they find them among their own kin. This phase of cannibalism is the most difficult to deal with from a missionary standpoint. The deeply ingrained idea that human blood is essential in their ceremonial rites has to be uprooted.

TROUBLE IN SAN DOMINGO

Washington Hears that New Revolutionary Movement Has Been Started Against Caeceres.

WILL TRY TO OPEN MINES

Indian Operators Will Make an Effort to Use Sanction Men.

MORE BISHOPS ARE NEEDED

Southern Methodist Church Devotes Time to Considering Report of Episcopal Committee.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 12.—At today's session of the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, south, the committee on episcopacy made a report recommending the election of three new bishops.

The salaries of active bishops were fixed at \$4,000, supernumerary bishops at \$3,000 each and widows of deceased bishops at \$1,000 each.

Fairs Defeat Gold.

LONDON, May 12.—In an exhibition game of court tennis at the Prince's club the British players, beat Jay Gould of Lakewood, N. J., by 2-1.

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Forecast for Nebraska—Showers and Cooler Sunday, Monday Fair.

NEW SECTION—EIGHT PAGES.

- 1 China in Peaceful Condition.
2 News from North Sea.
3 Sultan Will Withdraw Troops.
4 Senator Tillman Tells of Deal.
5 Hoppe Leads the Billiard Players.
6 News from All Parts of Nebraska.
7 Presbyterian Meet in Des Moines.
8 Trucks of Standard Oil Salesmen.
9 Woman Thief Swallows Diamond.
10 Affairs at South Omaha.
11 Pioneer of the Chug Wagon.
12 Sporting Events of the Day.

EDITORIAL SECTION—EIGHT PAGES.

- 1 Past Week in Omaha Society.
2 Henry Plays Bad Hand on Wife.
3 Victims Before the People's Bar.
4 Editorial.
5 Sunday Services at Churches.
6 Daring Work Done by Surveyors.
7 Council Bluffs and Iowa News.
8 Democrats Balk at J. G. Dunn.

WANT ADD SECTION—EIGHT PAGES.

- 1 Spreading the Gospel in India.
2 Methodist Hospital to Be Finished.
3 Kountze Pays Church Debt.
4 Tinsely Talk of Real Estate Men.
5 Victim Before the People's Bar.
6 Condition of Omaha's Trade.

HALF TONE SECTION—EIGHT PAGES.

- 1 Bryan on Dutch Colonies.
2 Rosewater on Postal Congress.
3 President of Several Societies.
4 Gossip of Plays and Players.
5 Music and Musical Matters.
6 Iowa's Railroad Commission.
7 Sketch of Mayor Dahlmann.
8 Trade of North America.
9 Woman Her Ways and Her World.
10 Weekly Grist of Sporting Gossip.
11 Some Capers of Cupid.

COLOR SECTION—FOUR PAGES.

- 1 Buster Brown Gets Rooms in Car.
2 Odds and Ends from Far and Near.
3 Hobson on the Needs of the Navy.
4 Samba Starts a Bank Account.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday.

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg.
5 a. m. 63 1 p. m. 74
6 a. m. 61 2 p. m. 74
7 a. m. 63 3 p. m. 70
8 a. m. 65 4 p. m. 70
9 a. m. 68 5 p. m. 70
10 a. m. 70 6 p. m. 70
11 a. m. 72 7 p. m. 73
12 m. 73