NEWS SECTION.
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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

Advertise in THE OMAHA BEE Best in the West

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 24, 1906—SIXTEEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

OFFER BY ROBBINS

Pittsburg Mine Owner Says He Will Pay Scale of Two Years Ago.

CAUSES ROW AMONG OPERATORS

Dissensions Occupy Nearly All Time of the Conference.

LITTLE REAL PROGRESS IS MADE

Pittsburg Independents and One Illinois Firm Follow Lead of Robbins.

MITCHELL REFUSES TO COMMIT HIMSELF

Miners' Leader Refuses to Say Whether Contracts Will Be Signed with Individual Firms or Not.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 23.—The deadlock between the coal operators and miners of the central competitive and southwestern districts continued throughout the meetings of the two joint scale committees of the joint conferences today, and when the meetings adjourned late this afternoon no agreement had been reached. Both committees will meet again tomorrow morning.

The discussion in the scale committee of the central competitive district was confined entirely today to arguments among the operators on the committee and radical differences of views were heatedly expressed by them. The miners were, for the most part, silent auditors. An effort was made to secure from President Mitchell of the Mine Workers an expression as to whether he considered the Ryan resolution in effect. This resolution was adopted by the former joint conference in January and binds the miners not to sign in any district until an agreement shall have been reached in every district. Mr. Mitchell declined to commit himself.

F. L. Robbins of the western Pennsylvania operators was the target today for several vigorous attacks on his position in favor of paying the scale of 1903, which would mean an advance of 5.55 per cent in wages in the district and would comply with the demands of the miners. One of the most heated of these was made by J. B. Zerbe of Cleveland, who spoke for the Ohio operators.

Position of Ohio Operators.

After paying his respects to Mr. Robbins Mr. Zerbe turned to the representatives of the miners and said:

For the mere consideration of dollars and cents no strike can be justified. With you it can be only a question of dollars and cents. You are now getting a fair wage and one with which you have been satisfied for the last two years; but you are now demanding more. Therefore, if you order this strike your position cannot be justified.

The Ohio operators' position is different. They are not now getting a fair return for capital invested and the interest thereon. Therefore they are standing upon a principle and if a strike should come they are justified and the responsibility rests wholly with you.

Mr. Robbins stated on the floor that he did not propose to be dictated to by the operators of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. He said his position was fair and just to all interests and the Pittsburg Coal company, which he represented, was willing to pay the advance in wages asked. He said he was also willing to pay the advance at his own mines in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois, and he had received notice from an Illinois coal company having an output of 1,000,000 tons annually that it had instructed its representatives to vote with him. Mr. Robbins said the country would not permit a general strike upon the causes shown. He turned to President Mitchell of the Mine Workers and said he did not believe the officials of the miners would dare to refuse to allow the miners to work where the demands were met.

Independents Stand with Robbins.

G. A. Magoon, representing the western Pennsylvania independent operators, said that if the Pittsburg Coal company paid the advance and operated its mines, the independent operators of western Pennsylvania would do the same.

The dissensions among the operators of the committee became so heated that the representatives of the miners were asked to withdraw for an hour. This was done and at the end of the period an adjournment of the committee was taken until tomorrow morning. The operators arranged for a conference by states among themselves tonight.

After the general caucus leading operators said tonight that nothing whatever had been accomplished and the situation was exactly as it was at the beginning of the joint conference.

The state caucuses of the operators held tonight effected absolutely no change in the situation.

Arbitration Proposed.

It was reported before the joint scale committee of the southwestern district went into executive session that the operators of that district had decided to make a proposition to the miners' representatives that the entire question for the district be left to an arbitration board to be named by President Roosevelt. At the January joint conference of that district, which was held here, the operators proposed a board of arbitration to be composed of one judge of the supreme courts of Missouri, Kansas, Texas and Arkansas and the federal district judge of the Indian Territory. This proposition was declined by the miners.

Shortly after the southwest district joint scale committee met today President Mitchell made a proposition to the operators for the restoration of the 1903 scale with 3 per cent added. In this district the only reduction of wages in 1903 was on day laborers.

Price of Coal Advanced.

PITTSBURG, March 23.—The price of coal in this district is advancing rapidly and large orders are being received from manufacturers from Cleveland and as far west as Chicago. The critical situation at Indianapolis has caused a rush of orders from all points.

GOVERNOR PATTISON IS WEAK

Ohio's Executive Passes Comfortable Night and is Resting Easily This Morning.

COLUMBUS, O., March 23.—Governor Pattison's secretary today said Mrs. Pattison had told him that the governor passed a fairly good night and that he was resting well this morning.

Dr. E. J. Wilson, after leaving the executive residence today said: "Governor Pattison spent a comfortable night and was resting easily this morning with the prospects of a favorable day ahead."

The governor is very weak and the fear is that he may not have the strength to sustain the alarming sinking spells that seem to be becoming more frequent.

JUDGE MAKES NEW RULING

Decides Donations for Political Purposes by Life Insurance Officials is Larceny.

NEW YORK, March 23.—If the grand jury which is investigating some of the conditions developed by the recent legislative investigation reaches the conclusion that contributions of insurance company funds to political campaign committees were made with intent to deprive or to defraud the true owner of his property, it may find that larceny was committed. This opinion was expressed today by Justice O'Sullivan in the court of general sessions in answer to a presentment submitted to him by the grand jurors. Judge O'Sullivan added that it is not within the province of the court to say whether or not there was intent. That is a question which the jurors must determine for themselves from the facts and circumstances in the case. He charged the jury to make a thorough investigation into all the fact and to place the responsibility for such crimes if they find that crimes were committed.

This opinion is in effect directly opposite to one upon the same subject which was given by District Attorney Jerome several days ago. Mr. Jerome in his brief, which was submitted to Justice O'Sullivan, held that there was no ground for prosecution of any insurance official in connection with the campaign contributions, taking the ground that no intention to defraud had been shown. Judge O'Sullivan agreed with the contention of the district attorney that intent must have been present to constitute the crime of larceny but declares the question of whether or not there was intent is yet to be determined.

Mr. Jerome was in court today and when Judge O'Sullivan had delivered his opinion the district attorney asked the grand jury to remain as he desired to address them upon the subject. He declared that Judge O'Sullivan had misconstrued the subject which he had considered and that if the court held to its opinion it would be the duty of the grand jury to overturn indictments against George W. Perkins, former vice president of the New York Life Insurance company, for larceny, and George B. Cortelyou, chairman, and Cornelius N. Bliss, treasurer of the republican national committee, as receivers of stolen goods. Mr. Jerome informed Judge O'Sullivan that if he would sit as a magistrate he would submit affidavits to the acts committed by George W. Perkins and would ask for a warrant for his arrest. He added that in event of such warrant being issued a writ of habeas corpus would follow and that the cause would be taken to the highest courts, where the district attorney would retain Alton B. Parker as special counsel. Judge O'Sullivan declined to grant the warrant giving as his reason that the question at issue should be passed upon by the grand jury.

SHIPPING HEARING BEGINS

Interstate Commerce Commission Begins Investigation of Alleged Underbilling Out of New York.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The Interstate Commerce commission began an important hearing today on the reported underbilling and misrepresentation of freight by shippers in New York and other eastern points.

DEATH RECORD.

H. M. Mathew.

LOUP CITY, Neb., March 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Last night at a little before 10 o'clock occurred the death of H. M. Mathew, one of the leading members of the bar of Loup City. His death came as a surprise to our people, as he had been sick only a day or two, and then only with what his friends considered an ordinary case of lagrippe. Mr. Mathew was one of the oldest residents of Sherman county, coming here in 1879. He leaves a wife and one son. His funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Baptist church, the Knights of Pythias lodge, of which he was an honored member, having charge of the ceremonies. Mr. Mathew was 52 years of age.

General Julio Sanguilly.

HAVANA, March 23.—General Julio Sanguilly died at his home here today. He gained his military title in the Cuban insurrection of 1868, rising from the ranks by notable bravery and energy. He also took part in the last Cuban revolution, but in 1897 he was captured by the Spaniards, who tried and sentenced him to be imprisoned for life. Sanguilly, however, claimed American citizenship and through the intervention of the government at Washington he was released.

Charles A. Robertson.

ONAWA, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—Charles A. Robertson of Onawa, a well known newspaper man, died at noon today of an abscess of the liver, aged 60 years. Mr. Robertson had been confined to the house about ten days, but was not thought to be seriously ill until yesterday. Mr. Robertson formerly owned the People's Press at Mapleton, the Hull Advance and other papers in Iowa and Nebraska.

Rev. J. Bodenham.

LOGAN, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—Rev. J. Bodenham died suddenly of heart failure yesterday morning. The deceased came from England to Iowa thirty-five years ago and has served as a Baptist minister for many years. He leaves a wife and two children, Mrs. Jennie Fowler of Minneapolis and Rev. E. Bodenham of the Logan Baptist church.

Mrs. Frank Logan.

LOGAN, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—The funeral of Mrs. Frank Logan occurred this morning at 10 o'clock from the Christian church, with interment at the Frazier cemetery. She was born September 22, 1875, was married September 21, 1892, and leaves one son.

C. C. Knapp.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 23.—(Special Telegram.)—C. C. Knapp, aged 55 years, a prominent resident of this place and a retired capitalist, died this morning of blood poisoning after a brief illness. A widow and one daughter survive him.

Grand Jury Adjourns at Logan.

LOGAN, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—At the Harrison county district court the grand jury adjourned after being in session only a few days, and reported no indictments, an unusual instance in county history. The sensational case of J. D. Chunn against Corinne Chunn was settled out of court. The matter of the town of Modale against the Independent Order of Odd Fellows lodge at Modale is now on trial. The lodge owns a lot on which its hall is located, the hall encroaching on the public street.

One Ticket at Glenwood.

GLENWOOD, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—At a largely attended "citizens'" convention held at the courthouse last night, the following ticket was nominated, and as there will be no other caucus the election of it is assured: Mayor, W. M. Plimpton; recorder, L. Scott Robinson; treasurer, Ora Shea; assessor, O. V. Byers. Aldermen: First ward, James Miller; Second ward, Harry Cheney; Third ward, Clyde Genung.

COURT BILL PASSES SENATE

No Opposition Whatever in the Upper House to Nebraska Measure.

POSTOFFICE FIGHT AT M'COOK SETTLED

Senator Clark Has Bill Restoring to Public Domain Mineral Land in Irrigation Reservation When it is Desired to Enter Same.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, March 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Burkett's bill creating an additional federal district in Nebraska passed the senate today. Senator Burkett was not even called upon to explain the merits of the measure. It took as much time to pass it as the reading clerk took in reading the bill.

Congressman Norris was advised today by the Postoffice department that F. M. Kimmell, present postmaster at McCook, the congressman's home town, would be re-appointed. Mr. Kimmell is editor of the McCook Tribune and one of the leading editors of the state. There has been a fight on Kimmell and a number of candidates presented themselves for the position, but under the rule of the department, where a postmaster has been efficient and no objection to his continuance is made by the congressman he would be re-appointed, and that is the position which Mr. Kimmell occupied. Mr. Norris has taken the position that the general order issued by the department regarding the efficiency of postmasters meant something, and having accepted the order as right he could not do otherwise than say to the department that Mr. Kimmell's administration was entirely satisfactory, in consequence of which Mr. Kimmell's name will go to the senate for re-appointment.

Contest is Spirited.

There has been a spirited contest over the appointment. The papers, letters and recommendations presented by candidates would fill a large volume. The old soldiers started out with the idea of securing the appointment for one of their number, but the recommendations presented to the first assistant postmaster general by Judge Norris disclose the fact that the old soldiers were very much divided as to their choice. A large number of them favored the appointment of Justin A. Wilcox, an ex-member of the Nebraska legislature, while no small number were equally enthusiastic for J. H. Yarger, an old resident of McCook. Being a division station on the Burlington road, a large number of the patrons are railroad men. They took a hand in the fight and presented as their candidate R. M. Douglass, recently a conductor on the road. The different organizations of railroad men displayed an active interest, and in addition to the large number of letters and lengthy petitions submitted in his favor, passed resolutions endorsing his candidacy, which in turn were taken up by their grand lodges. Not the least factor in the controversy was the candidacy of Lon Cone, a very active republican worker in Red Willow county and an ex-chairman of the county central committee. Mr. Cone was for many years an ardent worker in politics with Judge Morris in Furnas county and a strong personal friendship exists between them.

Restoring Land to Settlement.

Senator Clark of Montana today introduced a bill amending section three of the reclamation act. It has for its purpose the immediate restoration to the public domain of such lands as have been temporarily withdrawn from entry and upon investigation found not to be susceptible of irrigation. The bill states:

That should any of the land within such withdrawal (meaning withdrawal for irrigation purposes) be found to be more valuable for mineral than for other purposes, or should any person so qualified under the laws of the United States enter any of such lands under mineral laws, then so much of said lands as may be found to be more valuable for mineral than for other purposes, the land for which any qualified person desires to make mineral entry shall at once be excluded from such order of withdrawal by the secretary of the interior and shall be subject to entry under the laws in the same manner as if no such order of withdrawal had been made.

Prediction by Senator Dolliver.

"My judgment is that a railroad rate bill will pass the senate within ten days or two weeks." This statement was made by Senator Dolliver of Iowa after a conference with the president. Consideration was

(Continued on Third Page.)

SUITS AGAINST THE M'CURDYS

New York Mutual Life Seeks to Recover Nearly Four Millions from Former President and Family.

NEW YORK, March 23.—The first complaint in a series of eight actions already begun by the Mutual Life Insurance company against former President Richard A. McCurdy; his son, Robert H. McCurdy, and the firm of Charles M. Raymond & Co., the company's former metropolitan agents, was made public today.

The particular complaint is against former President McCurdy and contains nine separate causes of action. In each Mr. McCurdy is charged with the waste of large sums of money belonging to the company through alleged unfaithfulness and neglect in the discharge of his duties. Damages amounting to $3,750,000 are demanded.

hTe first five causes seek recovery in the aggregate of $292,500 as alleged contributions to political parties since January 1, 1885. These contributions are stated to have been $15,000 in 1885, $35,000 in 1900 and $40,000 in 1904 to the national republican campaign committee, $2,500 in 1904 to the republican congressional committee and $200,000, embracing the various contributions testified to by Senator Platt as having been made to the New York republican state committee since January 1 1885.

The sixth cause seeks to recover the sum of $225,000, embracing the $50,000 alleged increase of annual salary drawn by the former president since June 1, 1901, without authority, as is claimed.

The seventh cause seeks to recover $600,000 as the aggregate of the respective sums of $25,000 drawn quarterly from the company for the last six years of Mr. McCurdy's presidency on the vouchers of the committee on expenditures and under circumstances detailed in the testimony before the Armstrong committee.

The eighth cause deals with the relations of Louis A. Thebaud, son-in-law of ex-President McCurdy, with Raymond & Co., and the "gratuities and rates of commission" received by the firm.

The final cause of action deals with the sum of $1,282,881 received by Robert H McCurdy as commissions from 1886 to November, 1905, as superintendent of the foreign department, and charges that by reason of unfaithfulness and neglect by the former president these commissions had been allowed at rates which the enormous increase in the foreign business had rendered exorbitant and unnecessary.

Finally, the company demands judgment against ex-President McCurdy for the sum of $3,376,341.66 with interest as damages for alleged unfaithfulness and neglect.

WOULD SELL STOCK TO CHICAGO

Yerkes Heirs Offer to Exchange Traction Holdings for Mueller Certificates.

CHICAGO, March 23.—The Chicago Daily News today says: All the traction securities of the estate of the late Charles T. Yerkes are said to have been placed at the disposal of the city of Chicago yesterday during a conference between Mayor Dunne and Attorney Knight, the latter representing the heirs to the Yerkes estate. The heirs are reported anxious to withdraw from the Chicago traction muddle and willing to take Mueller certificates in full payment.

The last legislature at the instance of Senator Mueller passed a bill providing that the city of Chicago might issue certificates to the aggregate value of $75,000,000 for the purchase of existing traction lines.

POPULAR CHOICE OF SENATORS

Ohio Legislature Takes Steps Toward Calling Convention to Amend Federal Constitution.

COLUMBUS, O., March 23.—The house committee on federal relations today recommended the passage of the Hill joint resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of four to procure the co-operation of two-thirds of the state toward calling a constitutional convention to amend the constitution to elect United States senators by direct vote of the people.

Francis Joseph in Good Health.

VIENNA, March 23.—It was again announced here today that the grave reports published in Europe regarding the health of Emperor Francis Joseph are unfounded.

FUNERAL OF GENERAL THAYER

People from All Parts of State Take Part in Ceremonies.

HUNDREDS OF MEN STAND IN STREET

Members of First Nebraska, of Which He Was First Colonel, Present at Last Rites of Chief.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, March 23.—(Special.)—General John M. Thayer has been laid to rest. A nation joined with state and city to pay a last tribute of love and respect. Funeral services were held over his remains, beginning promptly at 2 o'clock in St. Paul's Methodist church, and hundreds of mourners, those who knew him in life and those who knew him in history, crowded the large edifice to its utmost capacity, leaving as many more hundreds out in the street unable to gain admittance. They waited in patience throughout the service to get one last opportunity to gaze on the flag-covered casket, which contained the body of the soldier-statesman.

All state, county and city business was suspended and at the hour set for the funeral the postoffice closed its doors and national business was stopped until the body had been taken to Wyuka cemetery for interment.

Members of the glorious old First Nebraska, his joy and pride, a tattered, torn, scattered remnant of that grand body of men; members of the Grand Army of the Republic, bent with age and the hardships of battle, marched in line with the young, handsome, vigorous veterans of the Spanish-American and Philippine wars; cadets from the State university, gray uniformed letter carriers from the postoffice, representatives of the national government he served so well in time of need, members of Governor Mickey's staff—these, together with school children who knew the dead general through their school books only, composed the funeral procession.

The weather was in sympathy with the occasion and dark clouds obscured the sun all day and a raw wind blew constantly.

All Classes Pay Tribute.

All day yesterday and all this morning veterans of three wars, citizens of Lincoln and of the state thronged the capitol, where the dead soldier lay in state in Representative hall and looked for a last time upon his features. In the throng were those whose forms were bent and whose health was shattered, and tears flowed freely as these veterans were taken back to the stirring times of '61-'65 when they followed the gallant young soldier to victory. Feebly they tottered past the casket, giving expression to their deep sorrow.

Behind them came the school children, who had been dismissed for the day with the injunction "that this is not a holiday, but a day of mourning for all Nebraska."

Promptly at 1:30 o'clock Adjutant General Culver gave the order to move. The honorary pall bearers marched from the hall followed by the active pall bearers with the casket.

Honorary pall bearers: Governor Mickey, Chancellor Andrews, General Manderson, Dr. George L. Miller, Captain H. E. Palmer, Dr. W. G. Houtz, Captain Adam Rax, A. J. Sawyer, Colonel T. J. Majors, W. A. Woodward, Herman Bross and C. J. Bills.

The active pall bearers were: J. B. Strode, C. M. Parker, J. B. Ferguson, William Gillespie, Henry Hoagland, Captain Baird, A. D. Beemer and A. V. Cole.

The following members of the First Nebraska, General Thayer's regiment, comprising a majority of the survivors of that famous body of soldiers, were in line: J. E. Aughe, John F. Behm, Adolph Burmeister, Charles E. Burmeister, J. D. Daly, Jonathan Edwards, W. F. Erdman, Mark Hansen, Erasmus Heathman, J. L. Hobbs, H. P. Jensen, William Johnson, Lewis Lowry, Nicholas Meyer, A. K. Rhodes, W. S. Shoemaker and Lawrence Winkleman of Omaha; T. B. Calnon, Lyons; J. F. Bates, J. W. Johnson and James H. Smith, Plattsmouth; John Hess, Wabash; W. M. Gillespie and J. W. Barr, Lincoln; William B. Raper, Pawnee City; W. W. Hall and N. C. Karstens, Nebraska City; J. I. Shaw, Adams; J. W. Glover, Milford; T. J. Majors, Peru.

Last March of the Veteran.

The remains were taken out of the west entrance to the state house and placed in the hearse. Brigadier General Culver gave the command to move and the long line of soldiers, headed by the Second regiment band, proceeded to St. Paul's church.

(Continued on Seventh Page.)

What The Bee Offer Means to the Y. W. C. A. Building Fund

If a | our subscribers will prepay their subscription one year the per cent for the Y. W. C. A. will amount to over $15,000.

Ask Your Neighbor to Subscribe for a Year

If only one thousand new subscribers prepay a year's subscription it means $1,300 more for the Y. W. C. A. fund.

When the "Bee Boy" who delivers your paper calls to collect give him your prepaid subscription for one year.

Old Subscriber's Coupon

Enclosed please find $..... to prepay my subscription. It is understood that 10 per cent of this payment is for the Y. W. C. A. Building Fund.

Name .....

Address .....

New Subscriber's Coupon

I hereby subscribe to The Evening and Sunday Bee at 10 cents a week for ..... weeks and enclose $..... in payment of same. It is understood that 25 per cent of this payment is for the Y. W. C. A. Building Fund.

Name .....

Address .....

Start paper .....

THE OMAHA BEE OFFER:

We will give toward the Y. W. C. A. building fund 25 per cent of all cash in the sums of $1.00 or more received for new subscriptions to The Omaha Bee—morning, evening or Sunday editions—and 10 per cent of all prepaid subscriptions in amounts of $1.00 or more from our old subscribers. No payment will be accepted as prepayment until all arrearages have been paid to date.

A $5.20 Payment on a New Subscription Means $1.30 for the Fund

LET EVERYBODY HELP!

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Forecast for Nebraska—Snow or Rain Saturday and Sunday.

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Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	23	1 p. m.	32
6 a. m.	24	2 p. m.	32
7 a. m.	24	3 p. m.	32
8 a. m.	25	4 p. m.	32
9 a. m.	26	5 p. m.	32
10 a. m.	27	6 p. m.	32
11 a. m.	29	7 p. m.	33
12 m.	32	8 p. m.	30
		9 p. m.	29

PRESIDENT WANTS TEAM WORK

Executive Addresses Keep Commission on Its Task of Disposing of Red Tape.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—President Roosevelt had an informal meeting last Tuesday evening at the residence of Gifford Pinchot, chief of the division of forestry, with the members of the Keep commission. The commission was appointed a year ago to study the business methods of the several departments of the government with a view to systematizing the work of the departments and reducing the amount of "red tape" to a minimum.

After discussing the work of the commission and complimenting it upon its achievements up to this time the president delivered an address to the members. In part, the president said:

I do not want a diagnosis of the case. I want a recommendation how to reach the case. I do not want merely to know that things are bad; I want to know what is bad and what is to be done to make it better, so if legislation is necessary I can recommend it, or if the matter can be reached by executive regulation I can see that that regulation is issued.

As I have said, your particular effectiveness lies in the fact that you are dealing at first hand with work with which you are familiar. You are not outsiders. You are not engaged in constructing a part or the theory of how the work should be done; you are engaged in recommendations to better the business which you are yourselves to carry through and see made better when those recommendations have been adopted.

Of course, gentlemen, when you come to make your recommendations you will have to deal with broad principles for the conduct of the government business, but these must be supported by definite plans, ready to be given immediate effect. I believe in broad principles, but I don't want them so broad that they will not apply to any given case. I do not want you in any case to recommend a change simply for the sake of making a change. But never hesitate for a moment in basing your recommendations upon the conditions actually found and the best way to meet them.

Good team work is as much needed in the executive civil service as it can possibly be anywhere else. To put the department on the best working basis the president should be given power to transfer any part of the work of a department to another department, as was done in the case of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

TWENTY-THREE DIE IN MINE

All Bodies Except One Recovered from Shaft at Century, West Virginia.

PHILLIPPI, W. Va., March 23.—The death list of the Century mine disaster has now reached twenty-three, while twenty or more are injured. Officers of the company reported that twenty-two bodies have been recovered and but one in the mine.

A thorough search of the district was made by representatives of the coal company today and all employes have been accounted for but one, who is thought to be buried beneath a pile of debris in the mine.

The list of dead so far identified is as follows:

T. B. JONES.
DANIEL JONES.
JOSEPH JONES.
FRANK ANDREWS.
Fifteen foreigners.

All day long the rescuing party continued its work and the last of the victims but one was taken out at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The search will be continued until all bodies have been recovered. The injured are being cared for in a temporary hospital establishment in the office of the Century Coal company. None of these, it is said, will die.

SNOWSLIDE IN COLORADO

One Person Known to Be Dead as Result of Slip Near Granite.

BUENA VISTA, Colo., March 23.—It is not positively known whether or not any men besides Prospector Harry Weisenburg of Vicksburg, Colo., perished in the snowslide which occurred on Wednesday, fourteen miles west of Granite. The avalanche started above timber line and ran over two miles, cutting a swath 3,000 feet wide and sweeping the mountain side of everything above ground. The debris in the gulch is 500 feet deep.

Several thousand feet of flume, built on the mountain side at heavy expense by the Twin Lakes Placer Mining company, limited, of London, England, was carried away.

Paying Ditch Bills.

LOGAN, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—At the joint meeting of the Boards of Supervisors of Harrison and Monona counties, held here, bills were allowed for the publishing of the ditch notices in connection with the drainage districts. The Little Sioux Hustler claimed $827.25, and was given $414.50; the Blencoe Herald claimed $532.75, and was given $418.97, and the Onawa Sentinel claimed $238.25, and was given $127.02. The publishers claim they made out their bills according to the legal rate and that they will appeal from the boards' decisions.

Iowa Man Killed in Mexico.

SIDNEY, Ia., March 23.—(Special.)—D. A. Rupp of Sidney has received word that a nephew, a son of Nathan Rupp of Walnut, was one of the victims of the recent terrible accident on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad near Pueblo, Colo. Rupp went west six months ago and was in the employ of the railway company when killed. He was 21 years of age, possessed of a fine education and had been a school teacher. His remains were brought back to Walnut, Ia., for burial.

MAYOR MOORES DEAD

Chief Executive Succumbs After Long Struggle, Conscious and Without Pain.

SURROUNDED BY FAMILY AT THE LAST

Embraces Catholic Faith and Receives Sacrament from Rev. Father Stritch.

NEWS OF DEATH PROFOUND SHOCK TO CITY

Though Inevitable Was Known to Relatives Public Was Kept in Ignorance.

PLANS FOR FUNERAL TO BE MADE TODAY

Longest Reigning Mayor and First One to Die While in Office.

HARRY B. ZIMMAN ASSUMES THE CHAIR

President of City Council is Mayor Until the Municipal Law Makers Elect Successor, Who Serves Until Spring Election.

Mayor Frank E. Moores died at 2:40 yesterday afternoon at his home, 617 South Eighteenth street. Death was the result of pulmonary tuberculosis.

He was the twenty-eighth mayor of Omaha, the first executive to die in office and the longest possessor of the honor, having served continuously since 1897. Had he lived two months longer he would have completed his third three-year term.

He had been a semi-invalid for two years and confined to his house since the last of December. The end was painless and the mayor was conscious and clear-minded to the last. He was 68 years old. He expired with a smile in the presence of his wife and two daughters, Miss Adele and Miss Kate Moores, and his son, Harry E. Moores, general agent of the passenger department of the Wabash railroad.

Tuesday night a severe change for the worse took place in the mayor's condition and he sank steadily. The inevitable was manifested chiefly in weakness and heart affection. The mayor recognized the fact that the end was near and during the morning signed his will and with the assistance of Attorney James H. Adams carefully arranged all his temporal affairs.

Dies in Catholic Faith.

Later he devoted his mind to matters of the soul. He embraced the Catholic faith and received formally the sacraments and last offices of that religion from the hands of Rev. Father Michael I. Stritch of Creighton university. During most of his life Mayor Moores had been an Episcopalian. His widow is a Catholic. To a friend the mayor said:

"Many of the people who have been my best friends have been Catholics and I feel drawn toward that belief."

None seems sure of the mayor's last words, but just a little while before he breathed his last he smiled faintly and said:

"I have forgiven all my enemies and hope they have forgiven me."

As to the cause of death Dr. C. C. Allison said: "I have no hesitancy in saying that death was caused by tubercular affection of the lungs."

Dr. A. W. Riley said: "The mayor died from pulmonary troubles. There were no other complications."

For weeks Mayor Moores had subsisted on milk and brandy, being unable to assimilate other nourishment. His tenacity and pluck surprised his physicians, Drs. C. C. Allison and A. W. Riley, and the members of his family. Although he did not attempt to go outside the house or visit the city hall since about Christmas, yet he dressed and performed the duties of his office by having all official documents brought to him for his scrutiny and signature. He signed the multitudinous city warrants up to a few days before his death.

Wife Constantly at His Side.

Mrs. Moores acted as his nurse and devoted herself entirely to his care and comfort practically ever since their marriage at Phoenix, Ariz., about a year ago. The mayor read the papers regularly and received callers, but these were limited and discriminated, as Mrs. Moores found the discussion of politics and city affairs, subjects in which he was deeply interested, exhausted the mayor, because he could not forbear exerting himself when they were mentioned.

During the day several personal friends of the executive's were called to his bedside that they might see him for the last time. The doctors had said early they had done all they could and death was merely a matter of hours. Stimulants, such as brandy, were administered, but the use of oxygen was not resorted to, as there seemed no need for attempting to prolong the inevitable in this way. The positive signs of rapidly ending life were in the irregular and faintly beating heart. Several times the mayor expressed a desire to sleep. Other than this he did not complain.

To one of the friends who saw him he said:

"The reason why I like you is because of your loyalty. You have always stood by me and I have stood by you. Be as loyal to others through your life as you have been to me and you need never fear for the future."

Sick for Nearly Two Years.

Mayor Moores had been a sick man ever since early in 1904, when he suffered from a severe attack of pneumonia and bronchitis. After he left his bed and resumed his official duties it was noticed he had lost in flesh and the old appearance of splendid, robust health never returned to him. He tried a trip to Excelsior Springs, Mo., and another to Hot Springs, S. D., without much benefit. In the early winter he went to Arizona and remained there until the next summer, while there marrying Miss Mary Malone, who had been his private secretary and close friend for years. During the summer and fall, despite a marked decline, he continued to hope for recovery and battle against disease. It was not until cold weather set in that he retired to the seclusion of his home.

News of Death a Shock.

The news of Mayor Moores' death was received at the city hall and on the streets at 3 o'clock as a shock. The turn for the worse had been kept very quiet and only a very few persons knew of it. Wednesday a telegram was sent to Mrs. George Parslow of Cincinnati, only sister and near relative of the mayor other than his immediate family, advising her to come immediately to Omaha. She was expected to arrive at noon yesterday, but did not and will not reach the city until this morning.

Yesterday morning President Zimman of