

Telephone, Douglas 618.

Now located in the new retail center, Howard and Sixteenth Streets.

## Week End Triumphs of Worthiness

The few items of interest picked up at random among the large departments of this great store, which tell in no uncertain tones that Saturday will be an eventful day in this store for thrifty shoppers.

NOTE—We welcome you to this modern store, irrespective of your station or desire. Our ladies' rest room on the third floor is for your comfort with skilled attendants to serve you. Our fourteen telephones are free for you to use. And, in all, your visit will prove an instructive one in the methods of modern store system, equipment, service and comfort.

We close Saturday at 6 p. m.

### Dressing Sacques, Half Price, Economy Basement.

All dressing sacques of latest designs in flannel and outing flannel and fleece worn, Japanese, Persian and Dresden designs. Marked for quick clearance.

50c sacques, 40c.  
10c sacques, 60c.  
15c sacques, 75c.  
20c sacques, 85c.  
25c sacques, 95c.  
30c sacques, 1.00.  
35c sacques, 1.10.  
40c sacques, 1.20.

### "Viyella" Flannels.

This flannel is especially well adapted to the new flannel waists for spring. Being absolutely guaranteed not to shrink in washing, you may wear them in light effect and wash them as often as you please, just as you would a gingham waist.

We have a full line of plain colors, stripes, checks, plaids and figured and Jacquard designs, and don't know of a material that would give better satisfaction. Sold exclusively in Omaha by us. Prices same everywhere, 50c yd.

### Have You Tried Our Customers' Deposit Account Department?

It is for your convenience. Have purchases charged to it. It is not a bank.

### Handsome Gray Dress Goods, Saturday, 50c a Yard.

If one shade is worth more than another, this season, it is gray. We have them and at prices that will please you. Make it a point Saturday to see this fine value. Just the weight, finish and weave, in both plain and small checks that you will be looking for when you buy the new spring dress. First floor.

### Just Received More \$1.25 Famous Black Taffeta, 36-in., Saturday, 98c a Yard.

We have always had black taffetas and good values at whatever the price asked, but never to compare with this handsome rich black, in the new soft chiffon finish. We are informed by good authority, black taffetas are to be one of this season's most wanted fabrics for waists, suits, coats and undersuits. Better investigate this.

### Economy Basement Notion Special.

J. B. Clark's spool cotton, two spools for 50c, 25c per doz.  
100 yd. spool silk, all colors, 50c spool.  
Stockinet dress shields, good quality, 10c pair.  
Howard's darning wool, black and colors, 50c ball.

### Children's Department Specials

Children's velvet French cape, 50c, \$1.25, \$1.50, reduced from \$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50.  
Children's white and gray angora caps, \$1.15, \$1.25, \$1.50.  
A few Tam O'Shanter left at 25c and 50c, formerly 50c and 1.00.  
Children's woolen leggings in black, all sizes, 25c, 30c, reduced from 50c, 75c and 90c.  
Children's sweaters in small sizes, in navy, red and white, 75c, reduced from \$1.00.  
All wool crocheted afghans, in pink and blue trimmings, for baby's cart or carriage, \$2.50, \$3.00, reduced from \$3.50 and \$4.00.  
Infants' jackets and shawls in great variety from \$1.25 up to \$4.

### Ladies' Suit and Cloak Room, Second Floor.

Our elevators will whisk you right from the street to the springtime elegance of our second floor. An instructive as well as a beautiful sight awaits you. All authoritative styles are now ready.

### Scotch Waistling Flannels.

These are light weight, wool and cotton mixed materials intended for waists and suits, that will stand the washing process without being affected.  
The "100's" flannel is prominent at 40c yd. Other grades sell at 30c and 50c per yd. The styles are new and pleasing.

case or in the defendant. One of these has been a constant attendant at the trial. Mrs. R. C. C. of Minneapolis, who claimed to have important cases in this city, whose persistent attentions to Crowe caused her to be barred from the court room during the greater part of the trial. Before the hearing of the case she was talking to Crowe through the bars of the jail. She also sent him bouquets and once a basket of food. It is said at the trial she made attempts to pass notes to him and it was noticed she always took her position as near him as she could get. Owing to her actions she was barred from the court room Friday evening. She was kept away until the last day of the trial, when she was allowed to listen to the arguments on condition that she occupy a seat inside the ball's railing and make no attempt to talk to Crowe. During the session closed. She was ordered to leave the court room immediately and go directly out of the front door on Farnam street. She accepted the terms and was allowed to hear the case the last day. She remained until some time after the jury had gone out Thursday night.

She is a young woman said to be living apart from her husband. She is of rather striking appearance and attracted considerable attention. She is a blonde and always wore a seal skin cloak, faced with fur, of lighter color, and a green trimmed hat. She was nearly always accompanied by friends. Until she was barred from the court room she usually followed Crowe and Captain Haze to the jail door, where she would beg to be allowed to talk to Crowe. Crowe, it is said, did not like her attentions and he was said to be prejudiced in his case if it should become public.

Several other persons who took an undue interest in the case gave the balliffs some trouble and some of them were excluded from the court room. One or two of these represented themselves to be detectives.

### PUBLIC SENTIMENT ON VERDICT

Much Disatisfaction with the Return of the Jury.

"I am much discouraged," said County Attorney Slaughter after the jury had returned its verdict. "I am not only discouraged at the outcome of the case, but because of the effect the verdict will have. It is bound to yield its influence. In the first place it will injure Omaha's reputation. Abroad the knowledge of Crowe's written confession that he and he alone planned and executed the kidnapping of Mr. Cudahy's boy, demanded the ransom and then offered to return \$25,000 of it as a ransom for the boy, is a disgrace to this city. It will not convict him even if he is guilty. I say it is a discouraging sign and a bad thing for Omaha."

And then it will serve to draw others, younger men and boys, perhaps, with a leaning toward waywardness, into crime. If Pat Crowe can commit such a heinous crime and go free, why cannot I? many a youth will ask himself. It's bad on this account."

### Crowe Now in the Bluffs Jail.

Declines to Admit or Deny Being Acquainted with Levi.

Following his acquittal in Omaha Pat Crowe was brought to Council Bluffs and lodged in the county jail. The district grand jury of Pottawattamie county at its January session returned a joint indictment against Pat Crowe and Arthur Levi of this city on the charge of holding up and robbing the crews of two motor cars on the night of July 2, 1905, near the east approach to the motor bridge. The bonds of the two defendants under the indictment were fixed by the court at \$15,000 each.

Crowe was brought to Council Bluffs in a hack by Sheriff Canning and Sherman Humphrey, janitor of the county court house. When word reached Sheriff Canning that the Omaha authorities were ready to turn over Crowe to the Iowa authorities all of the deputy sheriffs were engaged elsewhere, and Sheriff Canning had to impress Jan. Humphrey into service. The trip from Omaha was made without incident and the party reached the county jail about 5:30 o'clock.

Jailer Gallup had been notified of the impending arrival of Sheriff Canning and his prisoner and everything was in readiness to receive Crowe. After Crowe's name and other particulars had been entered on the jail register the prisoner was placed in a cell off the corridor on the second floor, where he has as company Robert Vroman and Harry Baker, the two young fellows charged with the theft of valuable brass fixtures from the Omaha city hall and Norman Taylor, the youth charged with breaking into Mrs. C. Gregory's house and stealing a sum of money.

Crowe was as debonaire and cheerful as a 2-year-old. He looked as if he had just stepped from the chair and was sitting in a dark suit, with a black fedora hat. He carried a small grip in his hand, which he was permitted to take into the cell with him.

Uncertain About Bail.

While the formalities of registering were being gone through Crowe was introduced to and shook hands with several newspaper reporters. He was asked if he intended giving bail, as the amount was not so large.

"Well, I can't say as to this yet. Mr. Haze is pointing out the county attorney, standing by, tells me the bail has been placed at \$15,000. This is quite a big chunk of money to dig up and I don't know just at this time where I can put my hands on it," he answered.

In reply to a question if he was acquainted with Arthur Levi, he alleged to comply in the street car holdup, Crowe answered:

"That is the young fellow I have been told hung out my brother's saloon, I don't know if I know him. I may, but I cannot tell until I see him."

Crowe, while not making any formal statement, told the reporters that he had nothing to fear about the charges against him here. "Why I came over at my own wish, didn't I, Mr. Sheriff?" said Crowe, looking at Sheriff Canning, who acknowledged he was correct in his statement by saying:

"Certainly you did, Pat."

Crowe, still wearing his overcoat and grip in hand, entered the cell corridor as he was being shown to the cell at the best room in a hotel. He hesitated at the door, however, and turning to Jailer Gallup said: "Which side do I go?" The jailer informed him he could occupy the entire space as he wished and that one of the cellmates would be assigned him at night. Before the gate was locked a new straw mattress was put into the corridor for Crowe's use.

That Crowe consented to be brought to Iowa without resorting to habeas corpus proceedings proved a surprise to County Attorney Haze and Sheriff Canning. While not prepared to make a definite statement, Mr. Haze stated last evening that he hoped to try Crowe at this time of court.

It is understood that Attorney S. B. Wadsworth of this city will be associated with Crowe's Omaha counsel in defending Crowe.

### WOMAN EXCLUDED FOR CONDUCT

Put Out Because of Constant Attention to Defendant.

The balliffs in charge of the court room during the Pat Crowe trial have had considerable trouble with people who have become morbidly interested either in the

occasion a chance of satisfying his disease for excitement.

As is easily well known to those who have followed the case through the papers, the court room was literally jammed from the time the first steps were taken to empanel a jury until Judge Sutton, rising to the full dignity of his office, drove from the court room the crowd which dared cheer the verdict of "Not guilty." The Bee's telephones, and doubtless those of other newspapers, were busily engaged in transmitting the numerous inquiries all Thursday night and Friday until the jury returned, as to the outcome. Interest never lagged. Men, women and children would call up to know how the jury had decided. And when the evening papers bearing the coveted news went upon the streets they were eagerly bought up. The newsmen had another of their busy days. Everybody wanted to know the result and know it in detail.

Street cars carrying men and women home from their day's work last evening were symphonies of study. There were reflected sentiments which contain more than superficial thought. There may have been a vast amount of Crowe sentiment, but certainly there was a deal of the other sort. For instance, one banker on a West Farnam street car observed:

"It's a deplorable thing. The idea that such a criminal could go unpunished when the perpetrator brazenly boasted of committing it is too odious to be pleasant. It emphasizes one of the things that is the growing spirit of socialism; a spirit that the classes are arrayed against the masses. It reflects a dangerous tide of thought. Mr. Cudahy was a victim of the packers. Just now the big packers of the country are being made defendants in court cases. It has become popular to denounce these men and unthinking people under such conditions are not able to do full justice in thought or deed to him who is condemned. I wish the argument of the prosecution that this was a case not between Mr. Cudahy and Pat Crowe, but the state of Nebraska and Pat Crowe, could have prevailed. For in that lay the essence of a great economic principle, a principle which would conserve the principles of our government and law, must be recognized."

Judge Redick of the district court, a college of Judge Sutton, before whom the case was tried, remarked:

"As a judge I have no opinion, but as a citizen I want to express my admiration for the splendid stand which Judge Sutton took, for the manful and honorable and fearless way in which he rebuked those people who cheered that verdict."

### HISTORY OF THE CROWE CASE.

Condensed Statement of a Criminal Event of World-Wide Notoriety.

On the evening of December 18, 1905, Eddie Cudahy, the 14-year-old son of Edward A. Cudahy, the millionaire packer, disappeared from his home at 318 South Thirty-seventh street. The police were notified, but not until the next morning was a clue obtained. Mr. Cudahy then telephoned the police a letter had been found in his front yard exclaiming that his son had been kidnapped. The letter was dated December 19, and was anonymous. It stated the boy had been kidnapped and demanded \$25,000 for his ransom, calling to mind the case of Charles Ross as a reminder of the direful consequences should the father fail to comply with the demands of the criminals. Hidden torture to his boy and the capture of another rich man's son to be held for \$100,000 ransom also were threatened for noncompliance.

This letter minutely instructed Mr. Cudahy as to the course he should follow in redeeming his son. He was to place \$25,000 in gold pieces, fives, tens and twenties, in a flour sack, haul it to a certain spot on the Fremont road designated by a lantern—this being ordered done at night—leave the money, return home at once and disclose the matter to none.

On the advice of attorney and police, and as commanded, getting the money as quickly as possible from the Omaha National bank and with an escort taking it in a buggy to the very spot designated by the lantern. The boy was returned to Cudahy, and sound within thirty-six hours after his abduction, at 1:30 in the morning.

Then the police got busy on the case trying to get a clue to the kidnaper or kidnappers. December 30, after Mr. Cudahy had employed two Pinkerton detectives from Chicago, he said he had a tip that Pat Crowe, formerly an employee of his packing house in South Omaha, had been seen in his neighborhood the afternoon and evening of the day the boy was taken.

Also he had heard that Crowe had told to friends of his of a scheme he had for kidnapping a rich man's son. Combining these circumstances the police and detectives suspected Crowe and took up the trail for him.

Mr. Cudahy offered a reward of \$25,000 for the capture of the kidnappers. The city council and mayor. On duplicated this offer and later increased it to \$50,000, making the total reward offered \$75,000.

Eddie Cudahy told his story of how he was captured by two men, one of whom thrust a pistol in his face and told him he was Eddie Cudahy, who had been wanted for stealing \$500, the criminal saying he was the sheriff of Sary county. The lad was blindfolded and taken to the famous Grover street cottage, which had been rented by two strange men. But the boy nor the people from whom he was taken could throw any light upon the kidnappers. Later James Callahan, who had been seen with Crowe in the Cudahy neighborhood, also was suspected and a systematic search for the two was set in motion. February 13 Callahan was arrested. March 6 arrested in county court and after a trial lasting ten days, April 28, 1906, acquitted. Meanwhile the pursuit of Crowe continued without effect. It became rumored later he had gone to South Africa and joined the Boer army.

In the summer of 1906 stories began to circulate of Crowe's presence in Omaha and of his avowed desire to surrender and stand trial. April 25, 1906, Chief of Police Donahue announced his belief it would be but a short time until Pat Crowe was captured, but the police did not come in contact with him, but as publicly known, until the night of September 6, when Officer A. H. Jackson was shot in a duel between officers and outlaw, one of whom was declared to be Pat Crowe, the affair transpiring on South Twenty-seventh street near Vinton. The general impression was and is that Crowe shot Jackson, and newspapers have professed to have quoted Crowe as confessing the shooting. But at any rate Crowe again eluded arrest. He was finally arrested, however, in Butte, Mont., October 3, 1906, after a long time of his return to Omaha on requisition where he first stood trial for the alleged shooting of an officer with intent to kill. Of this charge he was acquitted and then he was tried on the charge of robbing Edward A. Cudahy of \$25,000. The trial beginning February 7, 1906, the jury trial beginning time of the kidnapping the statute books of Nebraska contained no law dealing with the crime of kidnapping, except of children under 16 years of age, and although such laws since have been enacted Crowe could not be tried under them.

The vital part of the evidence against Crowe in this latter trial was his letter to Father Murphy, written April 22, 1904, in which he made a clear-cut confession of kidnapping young Cudahy, taking all the blame on himself, and by implication acknowledged setting the trap for him. He offered to return \$25,000 of it to Mr. Cudahy and the latter declined to accept it on the terms of peace or mercy which Crowe proposed.

## KNOX HATS

DERBYS


and

SOFT HATS

SILK

and

OPERA HATS



SPRING STYLES NOW READY

### Pease Bros Co., 1417 Farnam St.

### LEWIS BANK BILL PASSES

Amendment Provokes a Hot Debate Between Senate Members.

### MUST REPORT MONEY LOANED TO OFFICERS

Measure Introduced in Senate Taxing Mortgages and Allowing Owner of Property to Deduct Mortgage from Assessment.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

DES MOINES, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The senate today passed the Lewis bill concerning quarterly statements from state and savings banks, after amending it so as to require among other things a statement of the money loaned to the directors of the banks. Senator Lewis opposed the amendment on the ground that it gave the national banks, which were required to make no such statement, an advantage over the state and savings banks. It was the purpose of Senator Lewis to make the statement of the state and savings banks as nearly as possible like that required of the national banks, so that the two kinds of banks would be on an equal footing. The debate over the bill at times was quite warm. Senator Lewis accused some of those defending the amendment requiring a statement of money loaned to the bank directors of being interested in national banks and desirous of getting the information as to what was being done in the state and savings banks so that they could show to their customers that the rival state and savings banks were loaning money to their directors.

Senator Brooks arose to a question of personal privilege and asked a question of name upon the ground that it gave the national banks, which were required to make no such statement, an advantage over the state and savings banks. It was the purpose of Senator Lewis to make the statement of the state and savings banks as nearly as possible like that required of the national banks, so that the two kinds of banks would be on an equal footing. The debate over the bill at times was quite warm. Senator Lewis accused some of those defending the amendment requiring a statement of money loaned to the bank directors of being interested in national banks and desirous of getting the information as to what was being done in the state and savings banks so that they could show to their customers that the rival state and savings banks were loaning money to their directors.

Senator Lewis introduced a bill to amend the law relating to the interest on mortgages, and providing that such tax should be assessed against the person holding the mortgage. The bill gave the holder of the mortgage the right to pay the taxes on the mortgage, if not paid by the mortgage holder, and the right to have such sum deducted from the interest on the mortgage.

Senator Cressley today, in the senate, introduced a bill allowing owners of real estate to offset their taxes with the amount of any mortgages on the property, and providing that such tax should be assessed against the person holding the mortgage. The bill gave the holder of the mortgage the right to pay the taxes on the mortgage, if not paid by the mortgage holder, and the right to have such sum deducted from the interest on the mortgage.

Senator Smith, of Mitchell, chairman of the railroad committee, has appointed the following subcommittee to take up the measure: Messrs. Smith, Mitchell, and the committee to the committee a bill: Hopkins, Harper, Winne, Saunders, Storton. The subcommittee is already at work on the measure.

Members of the legislature today received personal letters from Hon. W. E. Eaton of Oregon announcing the fact that he is a candidate for railroad commissioner, to succeed Hon. E. A. Dawson of Waverly, who has signified his intention not to be a candidate for re-election.

Requests Far Exceed Funds.

The extreme limit of the appropriations that can be made by the present legislature is \$75,000, and the bills now in the hands of the committees on appropriations amount in all to over \$500,000. This 3-mill levy will make the state for the year about \$25,000. The legislature, it is believed, could safely scrap up, but the appropriation bills are even then more than four times as large as the available funds in sight.

House Proceedings.

The house accomplished more than the usual amount of business at the forenoon session today, passing several bills, none of great importance. They were: A bill to pay \$4,000 for 4,000 railroad commissioners' maps of Iowa for free distribution in the state; a bill to require reporting of all accidents to the state labor commissioner within ten days; a bill to permit making some of the islands in the navigable border rivers of the state game preserves; a bill to give constables the power to serve delinquent tax notices; a bill to permit damage suits against a common carrier in different counties along the line of travel; a bill to place "stepchild" in the list of heirs exempt from the operation of the collateral inheritance tax law; the bill to limit the size of firecrackers and forbid the sale of toy pistols and similar dangerous instruments.

The Wright bill, in regard to changing the rule of law in Iowa as the assumption of risk on the part of an employee where machinery has become damaged or dangerous, came up in the house just before noon on a judiciary committee report for indefinite postponement and a minority report for passage. The minority report was tabled on roll call and then, pending consideration of the majority report, the house adjourned until 2 p. m. to permit some discussion of the measure. In the afternoon the bill was tabled without discussion.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 5c.

Farmers at Missouri Valley.

MISSOURI VALLEY, Ia., Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The thirteenth annual meeting of the Harrison County Farmers' Institute opened here Wednesday evening and closed this afternoon. All sessions were well attended. Last night the program rendered at the New theater was as follows: Prayer, Rev. J. M. Williams; music, orchestra; chorus, fifth and sixth grades of the Missouri Valley schools; recitation, Mable Mills; lecture, "The House as a Factor in Character Building." Rev. H. Krenner of Logan; music, male sextet. Today's program was as follows: "Phases of Cattle Raising," S. T. Jackson of Logan and Paul Bostwick of Woodbine; "Water Supply on the Farm," P. W. Lewis and G. B. Hewitt of Woodbine; "Our Public Roads and Land Values," J. B. Norris of Logan and Wilson Dwyer of Missouri Valley. Officers of the association for the coming year were elected as follows: President, J. E. Jones, Missouri Valley; vice president, G. B. Hewitt, Woodbine; secretary, Tillie Perry, Logan; executive committee, E. Selbeck of Moundville, Y. F. Beebe of Logan, R. A. Keady of Logan, Frank Carlisle of Orson, Mrs. Wilson Dwyer of Missouri Valley, Mrs. Harnce Doty of Woodbine.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, blood, bleeding or protruding piles. Your druggist will refund money if Eucalyptus ointment fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.



### Got Prices on the Run

They are chasing all our fine suitings of this season's stock out of the store according to the following schedule:

\$27.50 for \$50 Suits to Order
\$25.00 for \$45 Suits to Order
\$20.00 for \$40 Suits to Order
\$17.50 for \$35 Suits to Order
\$15.00 for \$30 Suits to Order

Nothing but fine goods are included in this sale—no solid blacks or blues are included.

Phone Doug. 1808.

MacCarthy-Wilson Tailoring Co.  
304-306 South 16th St.  
Next door to Wabash ticket office.

### AMUSEMENTS.

#### AUDITORIUM, OMAHA

J. M. GILLAN, Manager.  
TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 17  
Farewell American Tour  
MME. SARAH  
BERNHARDT

#### CAMILLE

Under the direction of Sam S. Lee Shubert and W. F. Connor—With her incomparable company from the  
THEATRE SARAH BERNHARDT, PARIS  
Prices—\$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and box seats \$5.00.

To Guard Against Ticket Speculation.  
Mail orders for tickets will now be received from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m. daily, when accompanied by postoffice or express money order or check and a stamped addressed envelope for reply. All applications for seats will be filled in the order received, and the tickets will be mailed to the purchaser the following day.  
Address all communications to J. M. Gillan, Auditorium, Omaha, Neb.  
Regular Box Office Sale opens Friday, February 23, at 9 a. m.

### BOYD'S

Woodward & Burgess, Managers.

THIS AFTERNOON—TODAY  
Donnan Thompson's Greatest of Plays  
The Old Homestead

Beginning Sunday Night  
THE CLANSMAN

Nights & Sun. Mats. 10c-50c.  
Tues., Thurs., Sat. Mats. 10c-50c.

#### THE WOODWARD STOCK CO.

THIS AFTERNOON—TODAY  
22d  
Big Week  
By Reddy Brown  
Next Week—"MEN AND WOMEN"  
Ward in Cast.

### ORPHEUM

Phone Douglas-494.  
MODERN VAUDEVILLE  
MATINEE TODAY

NOTE—Curtain at 8:15 sharp  
T O N I G H T

PRICES—10c, 25c, 50c.  
WEEK OF SUN. FEB. 19, 1906  
"THE GREAT ORPHEUM ROAD SHOW"

Prices—10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.  
Mats. 10c-50c. Any seat, 50c.  
MATINEE TODAY—FRANKIE  
The New Comedy-Drama  
SLAVES OF THE MINE  
New Special Scenery—Metropolitan  
Cast

SUNDAY  
LOUIS MORRISON (Himself)  
in FAUST

"The Philippines and the Filipinos."  
Lecture (with 200 stereoscopic views)  
by Chaplain H. Percy Silver, U. S. Army.

Rohrbaugh Bldg. 10th & Farnam St.  
Monday Evening, February 19th.  
Tickets 50 cents, at Sherman & McConnell's and Beaton Drug Co.

#### AUDITORIUM ROLLER RINK

EIG RACE SATURDAY NIGHT  
LITTLE LILLIAN FRANKS

THREE SKATE BOYS.  
Race will be called at 9 o'clock.

### Nobby, Natty and New

are the Girls' and Misses' Spring Suits and Reefers just opened.

Natty mannish styles and the new Berkeley and Vassar reefers, smart wraps for girls of 6 to 16 years, priced at \$10, \$7.50, \$6.75, \$5.00, \$5.00, \$4.50 and.....**3.95**

NEW SPRING CAPS  
Caps of every desirable color and new favored style, fitting head pieces for every young face, at a great range of 50c prices, up from.....**50c**

### BENSON & THORNES

#### Lilliputian Bazaar

OMAHA, NEB.

### FIRST SHOWING

Children's, Boys', Youths' Suits, Reefers, Top Coats

Lots that's new to be seen now at the  
**Boys' Own Store**

Children's and boys' new spring suits and reefers—**3.95 to 7.50**

YOUNG MEN'S CLOTHES  
College clothes for the young fellow of 13 to 17 years, fashion's newest wrinkles in suits at \$15.00, \$12.50 and.....**\$10**

### A VITAL ELEMENT

of success is health. Drink

### POSTUM

TO BE WELL.

Read "The Road to Wellville" found in pigs.