#### THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, EDITOR.

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31,349 Daily average C. C. ROSEWATER, Subscribed in my presence and sworn to before me this first day of December, 1905. (Seal) M. B. HUNGATE, Notary Public.

WHEN OUT OF TOWN. Subscribers leaving the city temporarily should have The Bee mailed to them. Address will be changed as often as requested.

The activity of Russian "terrorists" would indicate that Premier Witte's problem is not so much to suppress the revolution as to take the revolutionists.

If this demand for army officers as chiefs of police of the larger cities continues. Uncle Sam may have to raise wages or promote a few enlisted men.

No wonder Mr. Markel was loath to give up that Panama contract. Jobs promising a profit of a million dollars a year are not thrown at Omaha men

that packers read proofs on Mr. Gar- mitted. The immigrant who comes in Nebraska without recourse. field's "beef trust" report, but the ques- here voluntarily and is admissible will tion is, Were they permitted to change be welcome. He is pretty sure to beany of it?

the gasoline lamp district. This will by a steamship agent for the commisgive the electric light company another sion there is in it cannot be relied upon licenses to all these companies and their chance to prove its genuine philan- to become a good citizen. thropy to the city.

"Graft" has now been discovered within the sacred circle of the Arm-

for municipal primaries have not all signed the ironclad agreement to hand all the patronage over to the executive committee-but that is the understanding, just the same.

New Orleans is already starting to "bull the market" for mosquito netting and crude oil. Kansas producers may find sale for their goods despite the withdrawal of the Standard if John D. does not spoil trade by again donating the mosquito poison.

The point made by Chief of Police Donahue that the Omaha police force has not grown in numbers along with the population may be well taken, but it does not alter the fact that Omaha is spending more money on its police department each year than it ever did

Congressman Perkins of New York raises the first voice in the house of representatives against the Hepburn rate bill, declaring that it will do no good. He is even willing to admit that it will do no harm, but the day is past when Wall street can legislate for the United States.

It turns out that only thirty-six cases have been tried at sessions of the federal court held in Lincoln since the year 1900. At this rate, what would happen if a second federal judicial district should be created in Nebraska, with the seat of the new court located permanently at Lincoln?

H. H. Rogers does not have to answer questions propounded by Attorney General Hadley in the Standard Oil inquisition until ordered to do so by the supreme court of Missouri, and as Mr. Rogers will probably see that no Missouri summons can be served upon him, he will not waste time in securing the information desired.

A few more cases like the expulsion from the United States of a man suffering from a bullet wound received while a United States soldier merely because he falled to announce his intention to become an American citizen may work a needed revision in some of the laws and regulations which govern the landing of allens in the United States.

n which have been sent to congress. contains statements that should comthat he obtained incontrovertible evidence that while the number of allens shipped to this country who are legally thadmissible because of disease is diminishing, immigrants inadmissible for other reasons are constantly brought into the country in large numbers "by the concerted action of some European governments and steamship agencies, by bankers, and schemers of all sorts." The report says that while these governments have laws ostensibly intended to restrict emigration, instead of doing and Hungary. He found in the latter traordinary aid from the government. country hundreds of agents licensed by the government carrying on a campaign to get emigrants in direct and open violation of the laws. It appears that there is a contract between the Hungarian government and the Cunard steamship line for the transportation of and the company co-operate in encouraging emigration.

As to emigration from Italy to the United States, the government derives now on our statute books, or whether revenue from it in the sale of passports and therefore does nothing to discourage. But perhaps the most interesting statement is that three-fourths of the immigrants that come to this country from Austria come under contract. thus violating the law prohibiting the importation of alien contract labor. As ernments endeavor to maintain among their people here a patriotic interest in their native land and seek to prevent policies instead of two score or more. them becoming Americanized, there is probably little substantial ground for it. Mr. Braun expresses the opinion that violations of the immigration laws will continue as long as there are agents and subagents of steamship companies working on a commercial basis.

While we cannot have too much immigration of the right sort, to quote President Roosevelt, we do not want that sort of immigration that comes through the assistance of foreign governments, or that is encouraged to come here by the agents of steamship companies. In his last annual message the president said: "Adequate means should be adopted, enforced by sufficient penalties, to compet steamship pany and the companies have gone still drawing their dividends. companies engaged in the passenger business to observe in good faith the law which forbids them to encourage or solicit immigration to the United States." He further urged that provision should be made for the surer punishment of those who induce allens to come to this country under promise or reau, which has the arbitrary power, assurance of employment. The evi- though it may not always exercise it, to dence seems to be pretty conclusive that raise or lower rates simultaneously for in both these respects offenses against It will create no surprise to learn our laws are being constantly com- of policies and to control fire insurance come a good citizen. But the government-assisted immigrant, or one who New bids will be asked for lighting has been induced or encouraged to come

HOMES FOR DIPLOMATS.

Representative Longworth, providing competition in the fire insurance field strong investigating committee. Evi- for the furnishing of houses for our it will mean thousands upon thousands the people and the city. Mr. Jerome must official stenographer the wrong lesson. body and it would seem should have an holders of fire policies. equally good chance of passing the sen-The Fontanelle high binders insist ate. Referring to it Representative that the candidates they have endorsed Grosvenor of Ohio observed that this country is rich enough to see that its embassies are properly supported and as it stands today none but a rich man can stand the expense. He said there is no disposition in this country to make the post of ambassador a luxury, but we are too far on the wrong side today and our country's representatives can only secure necessities by going to their

private purse. The question of providing houses for our ambassadors and ministers is not new. It has been many times urged upon the attention of congress. Some of those who have represented the nation abroad in diplomatic positions have pointed out the disadvantage they experienced in not having a residence owned by the government. Other governments provide houses for their diplomatic representatives and it is not unreasonably urged that this rich country should not be behind in this respect. If Mr. Longworth succeeds in having his bill passed he will have accomplished something which in the Judgment of many would prove a good investment for the government.

TO PROMOTE THE COTTON TRADE.

The cotton industry of the country, both the growers and the manufacturers. is very much alive to the importance of extending the export trade in

general and special. tension of our export trade, in any or gatherings of national organizations all lines, should be encouraged and per- will follow as a matter of course. haps the proposed commission would be serviceable. But there will be some question as to whether there is any real prints that the marking cards of high necessity for it. The creation of such a commission would involve an expense the interest of those who failed to pass

than \$200,000 and it may well be doubted The report of Marcus Braun, special if the results would compensate for such mmigrant inspector, the facts set forth an expenditure. The American cotton growers and manufacturers of cotton mand attention. The inspector states enterprise for enlarging and extending than this, the demoralizing effect could tions and if they deem it desirable to and not call upon the whole people to pay the cost. There are quite as good reasons for commissions to promote cotton. As a matter of fact the commission expedient has been greatly overdone and has rarely proved of much value. The extension of our export trade can safely be left to the energy declared to be especially true in Italy and manufacturers, without any ex-

THE FIRE INSURANCE COMBINE It is to be hoped that the protest lodged with the state auditor against the re-licensing of some of the principal fire insurance companies doing business in Nebraska on the ground that they emigrants and naturally the government are violating the anti-compact and antitrust laws of the state will result in determining whether the operations of this combine can be reached by the laws we must have new legislation to uproot

> It is notorious that all the fire insurance companies are banded together so far as their business in Nebraska is concerned so that it makes no differ ence whether the person seeking insurance on his property deals with one company or another. In a word, they have stifled competition as completely as if only one company were writing

When the Nebraska anti-compact law was first enacted a suit was begun to enforce its provisions against the insurance combine, but before the issues were tried the insurance company lawyers devised a clever scheme to evade the provisions of the law by the estabconsult of its own accord in quest of famous. information on every risk offered for its insurance. In practice, the reports of the inspection bureau, which poses as an independent institution, are as binding on each and every fire insurance company as if it were along writing their policies on the same terms and at the same rates, and subject to the same mutual agreements not to compete as they did before the antiall companies, to order the cancellation

The point made by the protest previolating the Nebraska law they are not human, after all. entitled to be licensed to do business in Nebraska. Of course, the refusal of disbarment from the state is not what

has figured it out that under the new primary law a candidate for nomination might be the choice of two-thirds of all to get his name on the official ballot, because if he fails to secure the nomination at the primaries as the candidate attributed to them, of some particular party there is no chance for him to get in by petition. Anyone who will read the law will see how ridiculous this is. The candidate who is the choice of two-thirds of the voters of the city need not seek a party nomination at all, because he would be sure to be elected if he ran by petition. whose nomination he seeks. He must with passes and an unit tion for carrying the mails. likewise at the same time pledge himof one party and then after being on a year more than their service was turned down accepting the nomination worth. of another party. It does not keep anyone off the ticket, though, who has the independent or nonpartisan

ing made to increase our foreign com- for success to be "reasonable assurance in a bill that has been introduced in facilities to take care of the crowd that commission to investigate, by the aid This is the nub of the problem we are of industrial and commercial experts, sure to rub up against in every proposal the possibilities and requirements of the to bring off in Omaha any great con- Legislators and congressmen who ride on world market for cotton goods. The vention or big enterprise intended to passes collect their mileage as a perquisite measure provides that the commission attract outside people to the city in shall be composed of five members to large numbers. The long needed firebe appointed by the senate and to serve proof hotel is, however, in a fair way for three years at a salary of \$6,000 a to be realized if Omaha business men year each. It would employ, as it will put their shoulders to the wheel for should deem advisable, experts both the final push that will make it a certainty. Let us have the hotel right Whatever will contribute to the ex- away and the stock shows and great

The story that has reached the public school seniors have been doctored in to the government of probably not less their examinations deserves investiga-

tion by the Board of Education. If high school diplomas are to depend upon favoritism of the teachers or pull of the parents they will soon lose their goods should depend upon their own value in the educational market. Worse their exports. They have their associa- not be estimated should the students have a commission to study foreign transformed into passing credits by markets they can afford to create one pressure or protest, or anything but the merit of their own work.

There is testimony before the senate trade in other industries as in that of canal committee to the effect that three sustaining meals a day can be fur nished to canal laborers doing the bardest kind of work at not more than 30 cents a day, or less than 10 cents a meal. This may throw some light upon so they actually encourage it. This is and enterprise of American merchants the county jail feeding graft here in Douglas county by which the sheriff entrancing fashion note; is collecting from the taxpayers 45 cents a day for furnishing idle prisoners two very indifferent meals daily.

One witness testifies that he did not want to produce the books of the Fairbanks company because the packers had been enjoined from entering into a combination in restraint of trade, and in spite of this the attorney for the government was so cruel as to ask if the books showed that the injunction had been violated. Happily the judge prevented such an insidious attack upon the rights of a citizen from being suc-

The humor of the arraignment of the epublican state assessing boards by the local popocratic organ rests upon recollection of its abject silence when popoeratic hourds were making farelest assessments by which railroads evaded their taxes in much larger proportion than they have ever been able to do since the demo-pons were elected.

If the motion made by a New Jersey Standard Oil company forfeited is in good faith, it would indicate that the state is not so black as it is painted, since one official voice has the temerity lishment of a so-called inspection but to declare against the colossal corporareau, which each company pretends to tions which have made New Jersey

#### Real Criminals et Large.

Washington Post. The captain of the Ill-fated excursion steamer General Slocum has been sentenced to prison for ten years for neglect of duty. The men who placed iron bars the authorized agent of each com- in the life preservers of the steamer are

> Crime and Penalty. Buffalo Express.

The man held responsible for the deaths of 1,000 persons in the General Slocum compact law was passed. Owners of horror gets a ten-year sentence. That is, insurable property are absolutely at the for each life lost. This makes a human mercy of the so-called inspection bu- life worth eighty-seven hours and thirtysix minutes. And yet his attorneys have filed an appeal!

#### A Dig in the Ribs.

Brooklyn Eagle. Some western cities to which the Americans fled a few years ago are complaining of "the influx of aliens." If the complainers had stayed here and allowed themferred before the state auditor is that selves to be submerged in aliens, they myself once down in Texas. One day a if these fire insurance companies are would realize that there is nothing to be man came in and said to me: 'I came here

> Ingratitude of a "Reformer." Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

morning newspapers has brought out some is really wanted, but if there is any hot replies, which are all the bitterer be- shooter. way to break up the combine existing cause they supported him in the last camof the service which the newspapers perance inquiry not a scrap of evidence came except to please everybody? out that any of the "big three" companies Some oversmart political statistician had ever been able to buy up a New York newspaper, although the companies kept through the country. That was a tribute

## RETALIATION OF BAILROADS.

Politicians Seek Revenge for Aboli-

Philadelphia Record. General Grosvenor is the only member of congress who had the impudence to propose openly to punish the railroads for obedience to a law of congress. In view of On the other hand, no candidate may the abolition of passes he proposed to cut seek nomination under the new law \$10,000,000 a year off their mail pay. If passes cost them as much as they prefrom more than one party at a time, be- tended, he said, they would be no worse cause in his filing papers he must de- off with no passes and \$10,000,000 less for clare his affiliation with the party carrying the mails than they have been with passes and an untrimmed appropria-

The interstate commerce law made the self to ablde by the results of the pri- passes Hegal and this is a frank confession mary. The law thus effectually pre- that congressmen have been encouraging vents a man from seeking a nomination the railroads to violate the law by accepting passes and voting the railroads \$10,000.

The act of the Ohio legislature indicates that the general is a typical son of backing of a majority of his own party, moral standards of Ohio politicians. Year his state. He evidently represents the nor anyone who wishes to disclaim all after year bills to limit passenger charges party ties, and go on by petition as an to 2 cents a mile have been introduced at Columbus and they never came to a vote. Every member of the legislature had passes in his pocket. Now the railroads The finding of the Commercial club have cut off passes and withdrawn their committee on a live stock show for tobby from Columbus and the other day cotton goods and active efforts are be- Omaha declares one of the conditions the Ohio senate unanimously passed the bill making 2 cents a mile the maximum merce in this particular. It is proposed, that Omaha will have adequate hotel had before it a similar bill and deferred action for a week so enraged the members the United States senate, to create a would be brought here by such a show," that threats of a motion to remove the hairman were made.

> Ohio legislators do not object in the least to have it known that they are grafters.

# Dr. Graves' Tooth Powder

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In handy metal cans or bottles. 25c. Dr. Graves' Toeth Powder Co.

Minor Scenes and Incidents Sketched on the Spot. Bridegrooms passe and bridegrooms-to

be will hall with inward satisfaction symptoms of a change for the better in the custom which makes the bridegroom in society and fashion columns an obscurget the idea that they can have failures appendage to a wedding procession. While the procession is not complete without him. he is tolerated from necessity. What he wears and how he acts and looks are lost in the tumultuous rapture created by the bride's costume, her blooming sweetness and bewitching grace. There are signs of a change and there is brightening hope that the president's son-in-law-to-be will Inaugurate the long-delayed reform. Un der these headlines, "Work on Mr. Longworth's Wedding Wardrobe Progressing Rapidly-Washington Society Greatly In terested-Dainty Garments Ordered by the Bridegroom Excite the Envy of the Capital Smart Set," a New York paper prints this

"Society and the better class of trades people here are deeply interested in the trousseau of Representative Longworth, the purchase of which has been made and the completion of which is at hand. True American that he is, Mr. Longworth has not purchased an inch of foreign material A new suit of evening clothes is to be lined with farmer satin as a delicate tribute to American husbandry. His shirts and col lars are to be domestic finish.

"Mr. Longworth is extremely reluctant to be interviewed and further details are un procurable.

It is the policy of the newspaper man who calls upon Secretary Root every day not to mention the name of the diplomatic or consular officer who sends information. If their dispatches, in every instance, said that Ambassador So-and-So cabled the story related in the newspapers the government to which he was accredited would be able to take exception to many of his reports and the result would be either th uppression of his dispatches or such consoring of them that they would be o very little value. The Russian governmen is particularly sensitive about the communications made by the foreign ministers at St. Petersburg. Nearly every opportu nity it has it protests against the reports made by our consuls and the ambassado as well. Of course, this government is still senator to declare the charter of the very far ahead of the Russian, hence the care that is used now not to indicate fron whom the 'advices to the State depart ment" were received.

> Secretary Wilson tells of an experience in his campaign tour last year which is still somewhat of a mystery to him. As a whole, his speeches were highly successful, In many towns voters came up to say that they had been persuaded to support the republican ticket, which they had never done before. But in one place, for some reason that has never been clear, a great frost seemed to fall over the meeting, Everybody listened attentively, but there was no applause. Going away from the hall that night, Secretary Wilson thought he would sound the driver as to the meaning of this, and so started out in that direction by saying: "Well, I hope my speech did not hurt the cause any in this

"That is something," answered the driver

his hands through his tangled hair.

berant bellow, which he intended for a order was withdrawn. confidential undertone. "I was an editor afraid of, and that aliens are sort of to complain about this article you have in your paper today. I don't like it; its tone

is undignified its diction poor, its-"I pushed a button on my desk, and when the office boy leaped in I let out all Mr. Jerome's attack on the New York the notches in my voice. 'Bring me.' I thundered, 'an axe, a hammer and a six-

" 'Good Lord,' said the kicker, pale-faced The bill introduced in the house by between them and restore unhindered paign almost solidly. It was a poor return and astounded. What are you going to do?" "'I'm going sir,' I replied, 'to kill every

> As a political prognosticator Major Alexander McDowell, clerk of the house, is their corruption funds constantly trickling reckoned without a peer in his end of the capitol building in Washington. He called which deserved to be generally observed. the nomination of McKinley in 1896 and the voters of the city and still be unable | The New York newspapers, like everything | Parker in 1904. He picked Reed for speaker conducted by human beings, are subject to in the fifty-fourth congress and Reed's suc various influences, but they are above the cesors in the chair-Henderson and Cannon. gross kind of corruption which Mr. Jerome | He has also been successful in calling the turn in the state nomination in Pennsylvania, and as the major halls from the Keystone state he comes mighty near knowing all the ins and outs of Pennsylvania politics. The other day Major McDowell was asked if he could name the man to lead the democrats in 1908. With a good-natured smile he answered: "Why not ask me who wrote the 'Beautiful Snow'?" Later he ventured the opinion that it might be will to keep an eye on Senator Bailey of Texas.

> > Newspaper men in Washington find it impossible to get within speaking distance of Senator Depew these days. Formerly he was the most approachable of men, but now he has instructed the doorkeepers not to bring him newspaper men's cards and it is Impossible to get to see him at his house One day last week the senator was hurry ing into an elevator in the capitol when he maw that two correspondents were there He at once drew back and hurriedly walked down a corridor out of sight. "Changed, isn't he?" asked one of the newspaper men. "Yes," returned the other. "If anyone wants to see Depew take a hurdle all he hus to do is to hide in a bush as he goes by and make a noise like a newspaper man.

## PERSONAL NOTES.

Poultney Bigelow has just resigned as special lecturer of the Bocton University Law school.

People in Mexico have been dying from old just as the north has been wondering what overcoats are for. Two rich shoplifters were dismissed by

a kind judge in New York. The ec entricity of wealth has to be recognized. King Christian died at the age of St rom the effects of the fatigue entailed by a reception. If the king had only kept out society there is no telling to what age he might have lived.

A jocular American once wrote to Budand Kipling: "Hearing that you are reailing literature at \$1 a word. I enclose \$1 or a nample." Mr. Kipling sent him the single word "Thanks," and kept the dol-

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, who at 86 is still iddressing audiences with unabated vigor. was recently presented in a most flattering way by an enthusiastic presiding officer: "Dear me." said Mrs. Howe, as she rose to her feet. "It is lucky my name was mentioned, for I never should have recognized myself from that description.

The question as to who will be the leader of the labor party in the English Parliament is being discussed in the British press. Sir Charles Dilke, the radical, is mentioned because of his Parliamentary experience and great abilities, but he is

# ANNOUNCEMENT



Wheeler @ Wilson Sewing Machines for more than fifty years the standard type of rotary shuttle - movement for making the lock-stitch, will hereafter be sold by the



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not entirely in accord with the policy and alms of the laborites. Keir Hardie is a possibility. Mr. Snowden is said to be the most brilliant and best educated man in the group.

By the will of a man who died lately a Joplin, Mo., \$10,000 is to be spent to scatter through the north copies of Mark Twain's "How to Be a Gentleman." In the will it is expressly stated that the south is not in need of such literature.

William G. Rockefeller, the nephew of the great oil king and who is looked upon as the future head of the Standard Oil company, is the only one of the family who appears to have any sense of humor or takes the least enjoyment of life. John D. and his son, John, jr., seldom smile or laugh. Not so with William G. Rockefeller.

deliberately, "on which we have to take our chances," a somewhat delphic reply.

A couple of Washington editors were talking about the various persons who make the life of an editor obnoxious to him against admitting soldiers or sailors in uniby telling him how to run his paper. Col- form to the body of the house must at once onel Charles A. Edwards of Texas, who be revoked else proper steps would be taken was listening, took off his sombrero and ran to reach the management through the com-

#### BOOSTING THE FRUIT BUSINESS. Reduced Rates of Transportation

Promised for the Summer. Chicago Tribune. California fruits should be cheaper in the markets of the middle west and east next

summer than they have been heretofore. The refrigerator lines of the Santa Fe and the Armours, which together control the business of transporting east the fruit erops of California, have agreed on a con siderable reduction of rates. The reduc tion per carload from Sacramento to Chiprinter and reporter in the place and to cago will be \$19 and to New York \$17.50, smash every blank press and throw it in the and proportionate reductions will be made dently the insurance hearing taught the diplomats abroad, is likely to pass that of dollars saved annually to Nebraska have noticed that during the recent insur- river. What am I running a paper for in the rates from other shipping points. The cost of transportation is a large factor In the market prices of fruits. This factor being diminished the prices that it enters into may be expected to come down. The refrigerator lines have on severa

previous occasions cut down their charge considerably. They expect thereby to cause an expansion in the fruit-growing busines and an increase in their own profits; and they have never been disappointed. There is reason to believe that in the present instance they are actuated by other me tives. The prospect is that the ice crop will be short and that, therefore, it will cost more to get this year's fruit crop to market than it did to handle last year's The decision to cut rates in spite of the bad outlook for ice probably is largely, if not chiefly, due to the agitation that has been going on against the alleged extortion practiced by private freight car lines. The spokesmen of these lines have denied that they were charging unfair rates or making unreasonable profits, but their words have not carried conviction. The lowering of their schedules under present conditions will be considered a concession to public

The reduction in rates from California should be followed by diminutions in the tariffs from other fruit-growing sections especially the south. If the rates that have been excessive, as the refrigerator lines by reducing them have admitted, then so have been the rates on the fruit of Michigan and of Georgia. Further reductions prob ably will not hurt the refrigerator lines but may be expected to cause an increase in the production and sale of fruits, which will be beneficial to growers, consumer and transporters.

#### PLASHES OF PUN.

Buster-What did you do to get your mlary raised? Brown-I worked.-Houston Post.

"Do you believe in trusts?"
"Well," answered Senator S "Well," answered Senator Sorghum, with thoughtful deliberation, "they never de-ceived me."-Washington Star.

"Many a man," said Uncle Alien Sparks, deserves a Carnegie medal for going into actety when he knows all about it,"—Chicago Tribune.

The western senator shook his head.
"No," he said, "I can't support your bill for government control of insurance."
"Why not?"
"Well, in the first place, you've got the title twisted. Call it a bill for insurance control of the government and I'll talk it was "Philladaphia Lodger.

control of the government a over. -Philadelphia Ledger.

was ugly enough to stop a clock.-Philadel-

"If you are going to remain in public life you must do something to attract attenwas listening, took off his sombrero and ran to reach the management through the combine hands through his tangled hair.

"I know all about it," said he, in a reverberant bellow, which he intended for a because bellow, which he intended for a confidential undertone. "I was an editor."

The management through the combined t

"Don't you think," asked Deacon Har-lesty, "that our preacher's sermons are sometimes too long?" "You're the last one that ought to say answered Deacon Jymes. that, answered beacon symes. He quits preaching the moment you begin to nod. I've heard him say so."
"I'm glad you told me," rejoined Deacon Hardesty. "I'll nod at the end of forty minutes after this."—Chicago Tribune

## A MODERN INSTANCE.

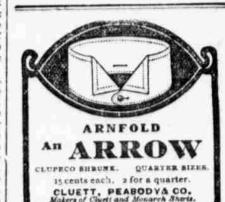
Washington Star. A youth to congress went one day. He smiled as he prepared to say A piece which opened up this way: "Mr. Speaker!"

He thought of how this mighty land in admiration mute would stand. As he exclaimed in accents grand: "Mr. Speaker!"

And then he thought with swelling heart of what great things he would impart, When he had made that simple start— "Mr. Speaker"." The hour arrived; he'd try his luck. His patriot pace at last he'd struck. Thus far he got, and then he stuck: "Mr. Speaker."

No audience all-responsive stirred in answer to his thindering word. He yelled again, but no one hoard, "Mr. Speaker!"

A babbling, weird confusion came, Strange voices clashed in wild acclaim, But still be shouted forth the same "Mr. Speaker." They bore him thence. His patiid face Still wore a look of lofty grace. He whispored as he left the place, "Mr. Speaker!"



# Piano Values Are Estimated

largely from the standpoint of personal preference. With one person it is a matter of appearance. With another a question of tone. Another must have great name on his plano. Yet another subordinates all else to price. Occasionally one is found who expects to combine the whole.

This cosmopolitan piano store affords facilities obtainable nowhere else to make comparisons and thus decide intelligently. We have no preferences or favorites, except that we must have the best plano in each grade, and the wide variety includes planes from the lowest safe price of \$190 up through the best of every grade to the Knabe at \$450 or more. And whether you take either of those or a Kimball, Weser Bros. or Cramer at \$190, you may be sure that the price paid is far less than a piano of equal value can be obtained for elsewhere.

Then you have the broad guarantee of this store in addition to the manufacturer's warranty and the privilege of arranging payments to suit your convenience.

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