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ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 18, 1906-TEN PAGES.

M. Fallieres is Chosen Chief Executive to Succeed Loubet on First Ballot.

CANDIDATE OF SOCI LISTS AND RADIC

Great Excitement in Royal Palace Dur

the Voting.

LEADS THE OPPOSIT He Was President of the (hamber

NEW TERM WILL BEGIN FEBRUARY 18

Deputies Last Year.

M. Fallieres Returns to Paris from Versailles with a Mil-Itary Guard of Honor.

PARIS, Jan. 17.-Fallieres was elected president of France today at Versailles. The vote was: M. Fallieres, 446; M M. Fallieres returned to Paris from Ver-

sailles, escorted by a military guard of honor. He will take over his new duties February 18. After spending a brief period at the official residence which he occupies as

president of the senate, M. Fallieres went to the Elysee palace to visit President warmly congratulated the Loubet, who The national assembly met at 1 o'clock this afternoon in the Congress hall of the

Royal palace at Versailles for the election of a president of the republic. The assembly consists nominally of 591 deputies and 300 senators, but owing to deaths, illness and the passage of some of the vacant, the number present was decreased is still undecided whether the funeral will to about 860, making 430 votes necessary to elect a new president. The greatest interest was manifested in the proceedings, which, however, were very prolonged.

The members of the assembly voted in alphabetical order. Those waiting their turn discussed excitedly the prospects of their favorites. Although several candidates are mentioned for the presidency in succession to M. Loubet, including M. Fallieres, president of the Senate; M. Doumer, president of the Chamber of Deputies; M. Sarrien, former minister of justice, and M. Leon Bourgeois, the former premier, The real contest is between .M. Fallieres and M. Doumer. M. Fallieres has the general support of the advanced socialist and radical groups, constituting the famous party which sustained the Combes ministry. M. Doumer, however, is a formidable opponent, whose election to the presidency of the Chamber of Deputies last year, after breaking away from his former connection with the famous party previously referred to, gave the first blow to M. Combes. The old liberal republicans belonging to the center and the conservatives, who then voted for M. Douber, still seem inclined shape of a candidate appearing at the last | pect that a crime was committed. moment and upsetting all the plans made. as was the case when the late Sadi Carnot was elected president on the second ballot, securing an unexpected majority over the then favorite, the late M. Ferry. A double ballot also occurred when the late

mer premier. Vote is Announced.

Then when the first figures-M. Fallieres, 446, and M. Doumer, 371-were given out there was an outburst of enthusiasm, which was renewed after the corrected figures giving M. Fallieres 449 and thus increasing his already clear majority were

In all 848 votes were present. The fina figures were: M. Fallieres, 449; M. Doumer, 371; scattered, 28. One voter abstained from depositing his

M. Fallieres returned to Paris from Versailles, escorted by a military guard of honor. He will take over his new duties February 18.

Sketch of New President. The new president of France is a son of

M. Clement Armand Fallieres was born November 6, 1841, at Mazin, department of ling it at his right temple fired and fell un-Lot-et-Garonne. He studied law and was called to the bar at Merac, of which town became mayor, retaining that office until 1875. In the following year he was elected to the Chamber of Deputies as a murdered and the farmhouse set on fire. republican, and afterward affiliated him self with the republican group in the chamber. He distinguished himself as an orator and was re-elected in 1877 and 1878.

In 1889 he was named as under secretary to the minister of the interior and he was again re-elected to the assembly in 1881 He retired from the ministry of the interior at the time of the fall of the Jules Ferry cabinet, but returned to power the next annual meeting of the Carnegie Hero Fund year and was made president of the council | commission was held today. All of the old and ad interim minister of foreign affairs. officers were re-elected. Subsequently he was successively minister. Only one award was made today, that of public instruction, minister of the in- of \$2,500 to Miss Maude A. Titus of Newterior and minister of justice. He was ark, N. J. On October 16, 1965, Miss Titus, elected senator in 1890 a position which he a 16-year-old school girl, was awarded a has held since that time and was elected to silver medal for saving Miss Laura V. are standing on the basis of the manifeste the presidency of the senate in 1898. He Reisnyder from drowning in Casco bay, of October 30 will also be early in the was re-elected in 1900 and was again re- near Yarmouth. Mc. On October 28 her field. There will be a conference of th elected January II of the present year, M. father died, leaving her without means to Fallieres took an active part in the religious finish her education. The commission, takquestion of proposing at first the proposi- ing this into consideration, reopened the braces the party of law and order, the tion for the separation of church and state, case and awarded her \$2,500, to be paid in but later advocated the repression of the installments as needed for her education. chosen the name of constitutional mon-

MERIWETHER WAS FRIENDLY Pourth Class Midshipmen at Annapolis Testify on Behalf of Ac-

cused Companion. ANNAPOLIS. Md., Jan. 17.-The trial of Midshipman Minor Meriwether, jr., on the

charge of hazing, was resumed today, A number of members of the fourth class testified that Meriwether had treated them with consideration and that he acted to wards them in a friendly and good natured manner. It was mae clear by the line adopted by the defense that Meriwether is anxious to relieve his name from the opprobrium of cruelty.

"BEEF TRUST" CASES GO OVER Illness of an Attorney for Packers Causes Further Delay at Chiengo.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17 .- The trial of the "Bee! Trust" case which was to have commenced oday in the federal court before Judge Humphrey was postponed until Thursday because of the filness of one of the at torneys for the packers.

Large Stores of Chicago Will Prob ably Close on Day of Funeral.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17 .- Out of respect to the emory of Marshall Field, who died yesrday in New York, the Field wholesale nd retail establishments in Chicago were osed today and will remain closed until

All the stores on State street, Chicago's eatest retail street, and probably the rger establishments clsewhere in the busess district, will be closed for two hours riday-the day of his funeral. Directors of the Field Museum of Natural

istory have ordered the institution closed I day Friday. Attaches of the museum will wear badges of mourning for thirty

NEW YORK, Jan. 17 .- The special train hearing the body of Marshall Field to Chicago left New York at 11 o'clock this morning. Its route is over the New York Central and the Lake Shore railroads. It is expected that the party will arrive in Chicago about noon tomorrow. The special train consists of five cars, a baggage car, two sleepers, a dining car and observation

Dr. Frank Billings, Mr. Field's family physician, who is one of the party returning to Chicago on the special train, said today that all the members of Mr. Field's family were in good health, that they had borne well the strain of watching at his bedside during his illness. Those who went on the train today are: Mrs. Marshall Field, Mrs. Marshall Field, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Field, Mr. and Mrs. John C. King, Mrs. Henry Dibblee, Mrs. Preston Gibson, Augustus N. Eddy, Mr. Field's brother-inlaw, Miss Catherine Eddy, Arthur Jones, Mr. Field's private secretary, Robert T. Lincoln, Miss Gillette, Mr. Field's niece, all of Chicago and Robert N. Fair, Mr. Field's former partner; Norman B. Ream. Mrs. L. D. James, Mr. Field's sister; and Phillip

James his nephew. It was announced today that Mr. Field would be buried in Graceland cemetery. It avenue or from the First Presbyterian

church. The Field party left the Holland house at 10:30 o'clock, to escape as much as possible the observance of a crowd which collected on Fifth avenue in front of the notel, the party was divided into small detachments, leaving by twos and threes in carriages, with short intervals of time separating each departure. Mr. Field's coffin was taken out of the hotel by a side entrance on Thirtieth street and placed in a hearse, being taken to the train before the members of the funeral party left the hotel.

PERSONS MURDERED Family of Charles F. Ayers Found Dead in Ruins of Home at Pembroke, N. H.

PEMBROKE, N. H., Jan. 17.-Seven persons, all members of the family of Charles Ayers, are supposed to have perished in a fire which destroyed Ayers' farmhouse near here today. The bodies of a child and of Ayers' mother-in-law have been found in to continue their allegiance. According to the ruins. Mrs. Ayers and four children lobby goestp there does not seem any likeli- are missing and it is feared that they, ton hood on this occasion of a surprise in the are victims of the fire. The authorities sus-

The theory of the country officials is that Ayers was the murderer, but up to a late hour they had been unable to find any evidence to indicate the methods employed to wine out the family. Whether the victims were shot or killed by other means cannot Felix Faure defeated M. Brisson, the forbe told at present. Up to a late hour only charred fragments of two of the victims had been recovered, although persons who had visited the scene of the are thought they observed two others trunks in the blazing ruins. The victims of the tragedy

> CHARLES F. AYERS, aged43, killed him elf by shooting.
>
> MRS. ADDIE AYERS, his wife.
>
> MRS. ISAAC LAKEMAN, Ayers' mother

I-law.
FLOSSIE AYERS, aged 12.
ALFRED AYERS, aged 10.
BERNICE AYERS, aged 6.
ANDREW AYERS, aged 6.
BABY GIRL.
All children of the Ayers'.

The fire occurred about 8 o'clock in the morning and Ayers drove up to the home of his sister, Mrs. George Bailey, in the town of Chichester, about six miles from his Mrs. Bailey's place during the afternoon, magistrate's clerk and the grandson of a and when informed that his buildings had been burned manifested some agitation. A moment later he drew a revolver and point-

> conscious. He died tonight. Thomas F. Clifford, county solicitor of Merrimac county, said later that there is litle doubt that the seven persons had been

REWARD FOR YOUNG HEROINE

Girl Who Saved Woman from Drowning Given \$2,500 to Complete Education.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Jan. 17.-The second

This is the largest award yet granted by archists and will nominate candidates in

During the year 761 cases have been investigated. Of these 382 were refused 19 were granted and 200 are pending.

WIRELESS RECORD IS BROKEN

Station at Portland Hears from Dry Dock Dewey Over 3,000 Miles Away.

PORTLAND, Me., Jan. 17.-Officials at the government wireless telegraph station at Cape Elizabeth announced today that they were in communication with one of the tugs accompanying the dry dock Dewey | at 7:35 o'clock last Monday night. The dry dock was then 2.226 miles off Cape Hatteras and moving four and a half knots an hour. It was more than 2,000 miles from the local station. The officials say that this breaks boats at a port on the Black sea for the it a misdemeanor for the agent of any life showing having been the receipt of a nessage at Colon. Panama, from a dis-

BERLIN, Jan. 17.—It is announced that the exports from Germany to the United States during the year 1865 amounted to \$25.72.521, an increase of \$14.654,055.

Unionists Are Successful in All Seven . Districts in Birmingham.

RUN STRONG LIBERALS STILL

for the Gain Twenty-Two Seats, While Unionists Gain But One.

LONDON, Jan. 17 .- The most prominent feature of today's election returns is the wholly unexpected stand made by Birmingham. Not only were all of Joseph Chamber jain's seven candidates returned, but Mr Chamberlain himself secured a majority of 5,000, while the majority of the others aver-

Even allowing that the liberal candidates were not very strong, as the seats were practically uncontested at the last general election, and though the liberal organization was not as good as in other parts of the country, the results at Birmingham are of the highest importance. They prove the groundlessness of the liberal contention that this general election has killed the fiscal agitation for a generation to come. Besides howing the unabated confidence of Birmingham in Mr. Chamberlain the results there go also to conform with what already has been noticed in isolated contests. that the candidates who openly pressed protectionist leanings had good support and in some cases were victorious.

Chamberlain May Take Leadership. The outcome at Birmingham affords a striking contrast. While Mr. Balfour stands discredited as a leader, with his supporters all swallowed up and himself angrily criticised from his own side, Mr. Chamberlain issues from the contest with flying colors. His courage to a large extent justifies him to persevere in his agitation and he is in a position to argue that it was Mr. Balfour's

timidity which lost the campaign. A considerable section of the unionists on the protectionist side had predicted some such result and it is now hinted that the party must in future look toward Birmingham for hope and guidance. It is too late for the results at Birmingham to have any great effect on the campaign as a whole.

Liberals Make Big Gains. Many of today's polls will not be declared until tomorrow, but those published tonight show that the liberal tide still runs strong. London has gone distinctly liberal, no less than twelve seats showing liberal gains. While the total gains of the liberals for today number twenty-two, the unionists have made only one solitary gain, Viscount Castlereagh having wrested the seat from the liberals at Maidstone. Portsmouth which had previously been represented by two unionists, today elected two liberals and this despite the fact that a fifth candidate, a laborite, th eatened to split the liberal vote. The laborite, however, came third with a very large vote, the unionists being at the bottom of the list.

The members already elected are distributed as follows:

Liberals, 167; unionists, 73; laborites, 31; pationalists, 50. Of the twenty-three London seats polled today sixteen were won by the liberals,

twelve of them being net gains. Premier Balfour will not seek another seat in Parliament until after the elections. when one of the newly elected members will probably retire in his favor, so as to allow Mr. Balfour to try to enter the house by means of a by-election. Mr. Chamberlain tonight issued the following message to the electors:

Well done, Birmingham. My own people ave justified my confidence. I am deeply trateful to all who have assisted in winning this great victory. "We are seven."

Sir Conan Doyle Defeated. Sir Conan Doyle, who ran in the unionist interests for Hawlek, Roxburgshire, Scot-

land, has been defeated. Among the striking personalities in to day's elections were Sydney C. Buxton postmaster general, and Dr. Thomas James MacNamara, the writer on educational subjects, who were elected by enormous majorities for the Poplar division of the Tower Hamlets and the north division of Camber well, respectively, and John Henniker Heaton (Canterbury), Earl Percy (south division of Kensington), Sir William Evanshome, just after 16 o'clock. He remained at Gordon (Stepney division of Tower-Hamlet), Evelyn Cecil (Ashton Manor), Jesse Collins (Bordesley division of Birmingham), Visount Morpeth (south division of Birmingham), Sir W. S. Robson (South Shields) and Hon. Ivor Churchill Guest (Plymouth), who retained their seuts.

RUSSIAN CAMPAIGN Conservatives Will Unite to Oppose Liberals in Election of New Assembly.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 17.-The holiday truce in Russian politics is over and the new parties are mustering their strength for Russia's all-important electoral campaign. The opening guns will be fired to morrow, when the delegates of the constitutional democrats will assemble to discuss their elaborate platform. The party represents the advanced liberal opinions of the zemstvo majority and the platform wil closely follow the resolutions of the last zemstvo congress. The allied parties which leaders of the various parts of the empire here this week. This conlition, which em Octrobists and five lesser factions, has common, realizing that singly they are to weak to meet the well organized constitutional democrats or socialist democrats. During the holidays the pacification of the country has been steadily going forward.

Not a day passes without reports of the murder of obnoxious officials. So far St Petersburg has escaped owing to the demoralization of the terrorists here and the activity of the police.

NIXON IS AT HOME LEWIS Shipbuilder Says Russian Trouble Caused Less Excitement Than New York Election.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.-Lewis Nixon, wno has completed the building of ten torpeds be recommended to the legislature making all records for long-distance wireless tele- Russian government, arrived from Europe insurance company to induce a policy holder graph in this country, the best previous today on the Kaiser Wilhelm II. He said to discontinue any policy issued to him by he had finished all his contracts with the an old line or legal reserve company for the Russian government and expected to make purpose of reinsuring such policy no new ones until conditions are quieter in in the company represented by the agent, Russia. Mr. Nixon said he was in St. was sent yesterday to the legislative in-Petersburg for four months and intends to vestigating committee now considering its return there. The revolution in that city, report in this city, by the board of managers he said, did not afford as much excitement of the Metropolitan district of the Equitas a general election in New York.

ELECTION IN FRANCE HONORING MEMORY OF FIELD CHAMBERLAIN IS RE-ELECTED LIVELY TIME IN COMMITTEE ELKINS GIVES OUT RATE BILL NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Delegates of Anti-Joint Statehood League of Arizona Prepitate a Clash.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- For two hours today the house committee and the dele-gation of the anti-joint statehood league of Arizons engaged in a "sparring contest," which culminated in a personal clash be-tween Representative Powers (Maine) and Delegate Smith (Ariz.), that concluded with an apology by Smith. The break came while R. A. Morrison of Prescott, Ariz., was addressing the committee. Chairman Hamilton (Mich.) had asked Mr. Morrison many questions about inadequate taxation of mines and railways in Arizona, to which Mr. Smith objected. When Mr. Powers began questioning Mr. Morrison as to the proportion of population in Arizona and New Mexico Mr. Smith again objected. Mr. Powers resented the interruption and

"I understand fully the sensitiveness of this delegation concerning these questions, know whom they represent and all about

"I have seen enough of this and I de nounce the charge as false." Mr. Smith retorted.

"You may impugn the metives of the hairman, but when you impugn my motives I shall resist," Mr. Powers replied emphatically. "I shal ask all the questions I want

The committee room was in an uproar by this time and after Chairman Hamilton called order and asked the members to be more calm Mr. Smith offered an apollogy, saying that perhaps he was mistaken, but that Mr. Powers' questions struck him as though inspired by partisanship and not designed by a desire for information.

On account of the frequent interruptions by members of the committee and promptings and interruptions by members of the Arizona delegation. Mr. Morrison was unable to make an extended argument. The feeling was so intense and the hearing so unsatisfactory that the committe decided that at the hearing to be held tomorrow morning all the speakers shall be permitted to complete their arguments before they are subjected to questions by members of the ommittee.

The Arizonians present were: Dwight B. Herd, former governor of Arizona; Roy S. Goodrich, General A. J. Sampson, N. O. Herd, former governor of Arizona; Roy S. Goodrich, General A. J. Sampson, N. O. Murphy, former governor of Arizona; E. B. O'Neill, Phoenix; C. G. Randolph, A. J. Doran, Father Questa, F. R. Stuart, Press. cott; Rev. Harvey M. Shields, Bisbee; A. J. Chandler, Mesa; J. J. Riggs, Los Cabasa; Lee Crandall, Globe; George French, Nogales; W. S. Sturges, Pima county.

WILL FIGHT HARVESTER TRUST Implement Dealers' Association Demands that Canyassers Be Taken from Field.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 17 .- The West-

canvassers and to give a proportionate reduction in sprice of machines on account of the reduced expenses to the company. The report included a letter from I. C. Haskins of the harvester company telling the dealers that no reduction in prices could be agreed to, the price of materials being too high, and that while the company could not eliminate canvassers entirely, it would try to reduce the number employed.

The reading of the report turned the convention into an uproar for a time and radical action was proposed by some of

the delegates. This was argued down. Addresses were delivered by C .- F. Huhlein of Louisville, president of the National Association of Implement Vehicle Manufacturers, and J. W. Mo-Manus, president of the National Federation of Implement Dealers.

After a conference with a committee from the National Association of Manufacturers regarding the payment by the manufacturers of the transportation charges on free repairs of defective parts an agreement was reached that the charges should apply only to repairs on warranted

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 17.-The Southwest ern Kansas Implement and Hardware Dealers' association today filed with the State Board of Railroad Commissioners a peti tion asking that the Missouri Pacific Railroad company and six other rallroads operating in Kansas be compelled to reduce the rates on vehicles, implements and hardwave shipments from Missouri river points to interior Kansas points to such an extent as the board may consider just and reasonable, In the petition the attorney for the association sets forth that the rates now charged are in many cases more than double those charged by the same railroads in Missouri and lows.

ASPHALT MEN ORGANIZE Hugh Murphy of Omaha an Officer of Independent Association Formed in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17. - A meeting of asphalt contractors from various cities of the United States and Canada held here today resulted in the formation of an association called "The Independent Asphalt association."

Organization was affected by the election of A. L. Barber of New York as president. David McCormick of St. Louis was elected second vice president. The executive committee includes Hugh Murphy

of Omaha. The object of the association was declared to be a discussion on the various question of interest to the industry and exchange of views as to the best method of extending and developing the business and improving the quality of asphalt pavements throughout the various cities of the United States and Canada.

WOULD STOP HOT COMPETITION Equitable Life Managers Desire a New Law for Life Insurance Solicitors.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.-A plea that a law lable Life Insurance company,

West Virginia Senator Drafts Measure to Regulate Railway Charges.

COMMISSION IS TO BRING SUITS Courts to Enjoin Carriers from Enforcing Illegal Charges and Require Them to Name Reasonable Ones.

chairman of the senate committee on in terstate commerce, has made public his bill for the regulation of railroad rates which he purposes to offer for the consideration of congress. The commission is increased from seven to nine members. The expenses of litigation are to be borne by the United States. The bill has not been completed fully, but the section relating to the fixing of rates embodies most of the inportant features and is as follows:

That whenever the Interstate Commerciannission shall be of the opinion the easonable grounds exist for believing the reasonable grounds exist for believing that any rate, hare or charge established or charged by any common carrier or carriers for any transportation or other service subject to said act approved February 4. 1837 or any act amendatory thereof, is unjust and unreasonable, or that any such carrier or carriers shall be making any unjust discrimination or be engaged in any other practice or be doing any other act in violation of any provision of any of said acts, it shall be lawful for said commission to institute a suit or proceeding in equity in the circuit court of any district in which the principal office of any carrier defendant in the suit or proceeding shall be located, to restrain such carrier or carriers from continuing in force such rate, fare or charge, or from continuing such unjust discrimination or other unlawful act or practice. The commission unlawful act or practice. The commission in its discretion may institute any such in its discretion may institute any such suit or proceeding upon its own motion or upon the application of any person, firm or corporation interested in the matter complained of, and the commission shall not be required before instituting any such suit or proceeding to give notice to the justiles defendant therein or grant a hearing or make a report, finding, recommendation, decision or order in respect of the inatters complained of, but the commission shall have power before instituting any such suit or proceeding to make such investigation as it may deem proper.

Enjoins Illegal Rates.

shall have power to hear and determine such suit or proceeding speculty without the formal pleadings and proceedings applicable to ordinary suits in equity and upon such short notice to the defendants as the court shall deem reasonable, but in such manner as to do justice in the premises; and to this end the court may cause evidence to be taken before such omcers and in such manner and within such time as the court may prescribe.

If it be made to appear to the court that any such rate, fare or charge of any carrier complained of in such suit or proceeding is unjust and unreasonable or that the carrier is making any such unjust discrimination or is engaged in any such unjust discrimination or is engaged in any such unjust and practice or is doing any other such act KANSAS CITY. Mo., Jan. 17.—The Western Retail Implement and Vehicle Dealers' association, in annual convention here today, adopted a motion to the effect that the association does not approve the attitude of the Harvester trust so-called, towards the dealers and defianding the removal of canvassers.

Provious to this action of the harvester committee, presented the report of the committee, presented the report of the committee on its efforts to have the International Harvester company eliminate companyees and to give a proportionate recommendation or is engaged in any such other practice or is doing any other such act in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such carrier from continuing such unjust discrimination or is engaged in any such other practice or is doing any other such act in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such carrier from continuing such unjust discrimination or is engaged in any other such act in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such carrier from continuing in force such rate, fare or charge or tree date to be specified in the orger or decree; and thereupon it shall be the duty of the carrier, on or before such date, to put in force a lawful and proper such fact, fare, charge or practice or is doing any other such act in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such carrier from continuing in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such carrier from continuing in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such carrier from continuing in violation of law, the court may, by its order or decree, mandatory or otherwise, restrain and enjoin such act and any other with and entering in violation of law, the court may, by its order

put in torce a tawful and proper r fare or charge in substitution for that strained or required to be changed, or case any such substituted rate, fare or charge put in force by the carrier shall be unjust and unreasonable or otherwise unlawful, the commission shall have power, upon the evidence in suit and without any further hearing, or, in its discretion, upon turtner evidence and hearing before the commission, to make an order directing commission, to make an order dire the carrier to modify the original or substituted rate, fare or charge, as case may be, by putting in force in thereof a just and reasonable rate parties of the commission shall not have porto modify any original or substituted rate or charge to a greater extent it shall be necessary in order to remove be necessary in order to remove th injustice and unreasonableness or other un-

awfulness thereof. Rates Effective at Once. Such order of the commission is to take

effect not less than ten days after notice thereof to the carrier and is effective one year. The carrier by that time must modify its published rates, etc., while such order is in effect and is prohibited from establishing or putting in force any substituted or modified rate, fare or charge in excess of that prescribed. A penalty of \$1,600 for each day of viola-

tion is provided. Any injunction or other order or decree in any such suit or proceedings may be reopened, modified or vacated by the court at any time upon notice to the parties affected thereby,

Any party to the proceeding may appeal to the supreme court of the United States, but this will not stay or supersede the decree or the execution of any writ or process thereon unless the circuit court or Judge of the supreme court shall so order. No appeal is allowed to the circuit court of appeals.

Other sections empower the commission to have the books of common carriers examined by expert accountants, to employ special agents to investigate suspected rebates and providing punishment for rebate giving or receiving according to existing statutes; provide for the icing of refrigerator cars in transit and publication of rates for such service; prohibit the issuance of passes, sale of tickets or transportation of passengers at a less or greate compensation than regularly established; providing this does not interfere with the use of mileage, commutation or excursion tickets or free passes or reduced rates to persons employed in caring for live stock in transit, to ministers, destitute or indior officials of railroads and members of their families. Common carriers are permitted to enter

into agreements to establish or maintain rates first approved by the commission and to select the connecting lines for forwarding shipments. Existing statutes regarding procedure before the commission concerning complaints are amended. Pavorable Report on Parker Bill.

The house committee on judiciary decided today to authorize a favorable report on the Parker rebate bill providing that shippers deriving benefit or advantage from carriers in the way of unlawful rebates shall be liable to the United States in the amount of the benefit. The bill empowers the government to recover at law the amount of the rebate and court expenses. If the shipper accepts the rebate knowingly the United States may recover twice the amount. Informants in successful cases are to receive one-tenth of the amount re-

South Dakota Supreme Court. PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 17.—(Special Telegram).—In the supreme court today opinions were handed down by Justice Hancy in the following cases: John F. Wilson against Commercial Union Assurance association appellant, McPherson, affirmed Emery F. Dodson against Charles T. Crocker, Minnehaha, affirmed; Mary A. Stofford against Henry Levinger et al., Bonhomme, affirmed.

Fair and Somewhat Colder Thursday Friday Fair.

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WASHINGTON, Jan. E.-Senator Elkins, Calls on Senators and Congressmen and Will See the President

Later. (From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Charles A. Goss arrived in Washington this morning. Mr. Goss called upon Senators Millard and Burkett during the day and also upon members of the house from Nebraska. Tomorrow morning Scn. ator Burkett and Congressman Kennedy

will introduce Mr. Goss to the president. Representative Kennedy today introduced a bill providing for the establishment of a system of postal savings banks to be operated under the direction of the postmaster general. These banks shall be extablished at all first, second and third-class postoffices and at such other postoffices as the postmaster general may in his dis- length with the character of immigrants retion direct. The deposits shall bear increst, but no individual shall be permitted o deposit more than \$300 in any given year. Mr. Braun declares that he has uncontroand after he has accumulated \$1,000 he shall hen forfeit right to draw interest. An appropriation of \$25,000 is provided to be-

the preliminaries of the bill. Rural carriers appointed: Iowa-Monticello, route 1, Fred A. Matheson carrier, certed action of some European govern-Emma E. Matheson substitute; Teipeli, route 2. Christian F. Kuhrt carrier, Fred H. Selck substitute. South Dakota-Burbank, route 1, Harrison S. Hawley carrier, James L. Adams substitute; route 2, William B. Lucas carrier, Thomas C. Maud substitute; route 3. Thomas W. Kyte carrier, John L. Kyte substitute; Chancellor, route 1, Cuno Jacobs carrier, no substitute; Davis, route 1, A. B. Chase carrier, George T. Chase substitute; Dalton, route 1, Eilis R. Balley carrier, Frank Balley substitute; Lenox, route 4, John J. Halligan carrier, Ray Halligan substitute; route 5, J. Jovers route 1, John N. Elliott earrier, Edwin A. Elliott substitute; Wakonda, route 3, Leland O. Northrup carrier, Elizabeth Q. Northrup substitute; route 4, William H. Walden carrier, Minnie Walden substitute. Fred M. Ordway has been appointed subtitute letter carrier at Clinton, Ia.

HILL WANTS INVESTIGATION Former Senator Asks Bar Association to Look Into His Relations

with Equitable.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 17 .- The annual retainer of \$5,000 paid for many years to former Senator David B. Hill by the of which was first brought out in the brought the matter before the association

at its annual meeting here today. The grievance committee to which the matter was referred is the same in personnel as that which investigated the charges against Supreme Justice Warren Hungarian homes, schools, churches and B. Hooker and consists of three members institutions, the intention of which is to from each judicial district. Its chairman is Ernest W. Hufficut of Ithaca, dean of

the Cornell Law school. described in a general way the nature of his service to the Equitable society, and said the position was in no respects a "The services rendered were wholly and strictly professional," he said. "I declare that I never received from the Equitable society any moneys whatsoever for any political services or for any

ILLINOIS GRAFTERS SENTENCED Former State Treasurer Who Uses Mail to Defraud Sent to

CHICAGO, Jan. 17 .- Henry Wulff. former state treasurer of Illinois, and Justus Loeb, who were associated in the operation of the Continental Financing company, were today sentenced by Judge Bethea in Turkish subjects." the United States court to two years in In Jerusalem alone Mr. Braun found the house of correction and to pay a fine more than 10,000 "American citizens." He of \$100.

mails to defraud.

Wulff, who has been prominent in polities in Chicago for twenty years, took his sentence very hard. He was unable to speak and declined to ent, declaring that his heart was broken.

STORM AT HEAD OF LAKES Indications that Blizzard is Brewing and Rail Traffic is Being

Impeded.

storm is prevailing at the head of the lakes for every Italian in this country. this morning and indications are for a blizzard. Trains are arriving late and street cars are experiencing some difficulty. There is estimated to be three feet gent persons and charity patients, employes of snow in the woods and loggers are having trouble in hauting.

MORE POLICE FOR CHICAGO Council Committee Recommends that Five Hundred Patrolmen Be Added to Force.

CHICAGO, Jan. 17 .- In an effort to stop objective points, namely "to send us all the wave of crime, which has become epidemic in Chicago, 500 patrolmen are to be added to the police department. This recommendation was made today by the upon their return; and secondly, to prevent city council's committee, which was ap- such immigrants from becoming American pointed Monday to investigate the failure citiens. of the police department to give the proper protection to life and property.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Jan. 17. At New York-Arrived: Kroonland, from Antwerp; Bremen. At Boulogne—Sailed: Patricia, for New ork. At Liverpool-Arrived: Sagamor-At Liverpool-Arrived: Halifax.

Soston; Sicilian, from Hallfax, Sedric, for New York; Merion, f At Glasgow-Sailed: Carthagenian, for Gibraltar-Arrived: Caronia, from

Report of Special Immigration Inspector Braun Sent to House.

MANY VIOLATIONS OF LAW ARE CHARGED

Thousands Come from Seubern Europe Every Year Under Contract.

GOSS REACHES WASHINGTON LARGE SUMS OF MONEY SENT BACK

Most Immigran's Have No Intention o Remaining Permanently.

GOVERNMENTS ENCOURAGE THESE ACTS

Active Steps Taken to Prevent Immigrants from Becoming American Citizens-Worst Class Comes from Turkey.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17 .- In response to the Sulzer resolution passed by the house Secretary Metcalf of the Department of Commerce and Labor today sent to the house the report of Special Immigrant Inspector Marcus Braun, which deals at great coming to this country and the attitude of European governments upon the matter. vertible evidence that while the number of aliens shipped to this country who are legally inadmissible because of disease is come immediately available to carry out diminishing, immigrants inadmissible for other reasons are constantly brought into the country in large numbers "by the conments and steamship agencies, by bankers

and schemers of all sorts." He declares that while these governments have laws ostensibly intended to restrict immigration, instead of doing so they actually encourage it by keeping alive "the patriotic spirit for the fatherland in the minds of these colonies" by representing that unless they adhere to the principles of home patriotism their governments would leave them without protection in barbaric America." This is particularly true, Mr. Braun says, in Italy and Hungary. He asserts that these countries regard this councarrier, Lena Otten substitute; Mackling. try in the attitude of adjuncts or colonies of their own, and by their instructions and teachings to immigrants benefit accrues to the home government to the detriment of this country. He cites the fact that \$50,000,-000 was sent last year from the United States to Austria-Hungary alone from these immigrants. "Not a single promise which the new Hungarian immigrant law guarantees has been kept. I experienced the bewildering spectacle," Mr. Braun says, "of hundreds upon hundreds of agents licensed by the Hungarian government carrying on and conducting an almost unheard of campaign to get immigrants in direct and open violation of their laws.

Laws Systematically Broken.

These laws, he says, are nothing but a Equitable Life Assurance society, the fact farce and systematic violation is licensed and privileged by the Hungarian governreport of the Equitable by Superintendent | ment. My Braun narrates at length his in-Hendricks of the state insurance depart- terviews with Hungarian officials and ment, will be investigated at Senator Hill's quotes Premier Tisza as saying that bills request by a committee of the New York introduced in congress tending to restric State Bar association. The senator himself | immigration are regarded as unfriendly acts

toward the government of Hungary. He states that in order to discourage Hungarians from becoming American citizens the precaution is taken to advocate the establishment in the United States of avert "the terrible danger" of Hungarians

becoming naturalized. Mr. Braun then takes up immigration Senator Hill, in offering his resolution, from Turkey, Asia Minor and Syria, Speaking of the Armenians, he says that, they have invented a scheme whereby they can stay in Turkey and at the same time defy Turkish laws. This scheme consists of large number of Armenians emigrating to the United States, and as soon as they have earned sufficient money for their need they return supplied with American citizenship papers and are continually conspiring against the Turkish government un-

der the protection of American citizenship Extensive Naturalization Frauds. The same is true in Syria and Palestine In this connection he quotes from the governor of Mount Lebdnon, saying, "If this constant travel from Syria to and from the United States does not cease soon the United States had better annex the province of Lebanon, as at present there are more American citizens there than

cites a number of instances of the fraud The men were sentenced under their plea which these people practice and declares of guilty under the charge of using the that 29 per cent of them speak not a word of English and most of them did not know the street of the city in which they claimed to have resided while in the United States. Regarding immigration from Italy, says that an Italian subject may that country for any place on the globe except the United States without a passport. He is required to pay a fee of eight live for a passport to the United States, and from this the government derives revenue He further declares, upon the statement of bankers and steamship agents, the amount annually received in Italy from DULLUTH, Minn., Jan. 11 .- A heavy snow Italians, in this country averages \$1 a day

> Austrians Come Under Contract. It is openly stated, he says, in the Export Revue, a semi-official organ of the Austrian government, that three-fourths of the immigrants leaving that country for the United States come under contract, and adding, "God forbid that the American government should read this." There is a tendency on the part of the Austrian government, he says, similar to the government of Hungary, to keep a strong watch and surveillance over their people in America, and every effort is directed toward two the emigrants they possibly can for a temporary sojourn here to earn money with which to enrich the land of their nativity

Turkish immigration a Menace. The emigration from the Turkish domains. oth European and Asiatic, says Mr. Braun. is nothing less than a menace to this country; from there we positively get the worst kind of people in the world. Violations of the immigrant law will continue, he declares, as long as there are agents and subagents of steamship companies working on a commercial basis. These violations are not confined to Europe alone, but are Philadelphia.

At Naples Arrived: Sicilian from New of newspapers in foreign languages, foreign clergymen and others doing business here At Gibralter-Arrived: Caronia, from New York, for Genoa.

At Queenstown-Arrived: Cedric, from Sew York.

At Over-Arrived: Graf Waldersee, ploitation and are equally interested in the from New York.

At Over-Arrived: Graf Waldersee, return thereafter. The foreign prices and