

JUDGES FIX RULES OF JAIL

Court Takes Steps Prior to Action by Board of Commissioners. REDICK INSTRUCTED TO MAKE CHANGES

A meeting of the judges of the district court was held in Judge Day's room Tuesday morning to consider the making of rules for the government of the county jail. This is preparatory to action to be taken by the Board of County Commissioners on the rate of pay to be allowed the sheriff for feeding the prisoners.

The judges had before them an old set of rules adopted in January, 1898, by Judges Wakley, Deans and Graft. These provide for two meals a day, which the prisoners now get, but do not mention the rate of pay. They also provide for each prisoner being furnished with a Bible, as the statute directs, the jailer being made responsible for furnishing the books.

There are provisions in the rules for personal cleanliness, a bath once a week for each prisoner, with a change of clothes at the same time. A cleaning of cells and a daily hunt for vermin is directed by the rules, and prisoners affected with disease are to be taken to the hospital.

Not only must the sheriff and the jailer provide clean bed clothes, but they must also provide clean clothing for the prisoners. The sheriff is to be provided with fresh straw; and they must have the prisoners "washed" the cells and the hallway, "as the gunner from Galway used to do; and there is a provision that if practicable the abled-bodied prisoners shall be worked ten hours a day.

The "hanger court" that has raised money to buy the jail, and the other states is awarded against the rules here by a provision that no prisoner shall be set over other prisoners or invested with any authority to direct other prisoners. A mild system of "prison bosses" is recognized in the local jail, and the proposed regulations are to be made on the part of really bad and seasoned jail birds.

Judge Redick was delegated to consider the old rules, revise them in any particular where found necessary and report if possible Wednesday morning. If the rules are ready they will come before the "hanger court" at their meeting Wednesday morning.

DELLONE NOW A HOSPITAL Building for Years a Hotel Now Becomes Refuge for Sick and Injured.

Purgant to plans announced some weeks ago the Dellone hotel has become a hospital. Three patients have been admitted and are receiving medical attendance. An operating room is being furnished and in a few days will be fully equipped for surgical work.

It was the intention to stop serving meals to the public last Sunday, and guests were given notice the Sunday evening meal would be the last one. They did not like to be but out and their combined objections and petitions resulted in a decision by the management to allow them to stay indefinitely. They have agreed to leave as soon as room is required for hospital purposes and will be asked to go. Board is paid for by the meal.

NOT GOOD WITH THAT CAR Beer Check on the Owl Passed Out to Young Woman by Conductor.

While the storm was raging Monday morning a young woman got onto a street car on Farnam street. When the conductor came she handed him a dime and then got busy brushing the snow out of her beautiful hair and off her garments. She took the change and stuck it in her girdle. After doing an errand the young woman started home again. When the conductor reached for her fare on the home trip she pulled from her girdle the nickel she had got from the first fare collector in change.

"This is no good," said the conductor, as he handed her the piece back to the passenger. Taking the supposed nickel in her hand the young woman saw it was a beer check on the owl. "Never mind," said a Keen-faced young chap on her left. "It will be good on the owl car tonight."

The young woman gave him a side glance of "supreme disdain" as she opened her handbag and took out a lot of articles in order to get a purse in the innermost recess of which there was a good nickel. Then she closed the purse, picked the hand bag again with its wonderful collection of articles and things, and then got off the car just to show she didn't expect to ride very far for a nickel anyway.

Officer Catches Robber. Officer Thomas caught Kate Landon at an early hour this morning robbing the cigar store of H. Iveslin, 209 North Twenty-fourth street. Landon, a woman of about 35, was seen to take a package of cigars from the store when the officer nabbed him.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. The following real estate transfers were filed for record January 16: Howard E. Freed to John O. Sterner, lot 1, block 4, Redick Park, \$1,500.

THE FOOD THAT DOES GOOD COCAINOLIN. The Cod Liver Oil Emulsion "Par Excellence" for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, La Grippe, Sore Throat and Lung, Catarrh, Parotitis, Consumption and all Pulmonary Diseases.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY. SECOND-HAND AND SHOP WORK. In moving to our new location we had that we have quite a lot of stuff to dispose of. The following are some of the things we have: roll-top desks, typewriter desks, two or three Williams typewriters, two standing desks, some chairs, a few lamps, two or three second-hand auto fountains, two old stoves, electric and gas, and a number of other things.

AT THE PLAY HOUSES

"Why Girls Leave Home" at the Grand. A play whose scenes are either of those of family quarrels or incidents of the kind which are hardly to be commended. It may be labeled "A Warning on the Road to Danger," but its effects are more likely to be pernicious than beneficial. "Why Girls Leave Home" is one of these plays, and its efforts to point a moral and adorn a tale are more than overcome by the familiarity with which it portrays vice on the stage. The company having it in hand enters into its presentation with considerable zest, and makes the most of its opportunities. J. Irving White is really convincing as Dan Sherwood, the brother who tries to save his sister from a life of shame, and Phillip Bradley quite realizes the popular conception of the man who would gladly lead a trusting girl into the paths of iniquity. Clara Joel is the weak and headstrong young woman who has the narrow escape, and Florence Lewis Weber plays the ungrateful sister of women already down. The rest of the cast is in keeping, and the whole of them could be in better business than exploiting "Why Girls Leave Home." The engagement ends with a matinee and evening performance today.

CLARKE SCHEME FOR RIVER

Proposition to Make Missouri Navigable Will Be Urged at Washington by Omaha. Henry T. Clarke is in Washington to attend the meeting of the National River and Harbor congress, which was called for January 17. The proposition will be presented to congress in pursuance of a resolution introduced by Mr. Clarke at the Transmississippi Commercial congress at Portland August 12, 13 and 14. The resolution was: Resolved, That with the many large and growing cities on the Missouri river, and the improvement of our rivers, harbors and waterways, and the building of great funds from the internal revenues, that congress be asked to provide means for the speedy improvement of national waterways and harbors, so as to accommodate the largest steamers and steamships that can be used on the river, and to advance the work under way and supply other needs that can be done with due regard to economy. Mr. Clarke's scheme is to have the government lease bonds instead of a direct appropriation. He says his idea is not so much to make the Missouri a navigable stream as to prevent erosion and thus save thousands of acres of land which are now yearly wasting into the river and taking along with it the results of years of toil on the part of the farmers along the river bottoms. Omaha is not so much affected by this erosion, as the immense volume of slag thrown out by the smelter company has made a permanent bank on this side, but the farmers above Omaha and below are in constant danger from this washing away.

C. E. BLACK OUT FOR MAYOR

Hatter Announces that He Wants to Sit at Head of Omaha's Government. Tuesday morning C. E. Black, the latter, announced he had entered the running for the mayoralty nomination on the republican ticket. Not being particularly identified with any faction, Black said he could enter the field and run with the whole bunch.

"I did not take seriously to the idea at first, but when so many of my friends broached the matter and promised their support, I finally concluded to try my hand in the race. I will not place myself in the hands of my friends. You may say for me that I and my black cat will make one of the strongest races that has been seen on the local political track for some time. I am now preparing my platform, which I will announce in a few days," said Mr. Black.

PLANS FOR THE NEW VIADUCTS

Arrangements for Inlet into South Omaha's Business Center Discussed by Union Pacific's Engineers. Engineers are in conference with the Union Pacific officials over the new viaducts which the roads will build with the deep peep of spring in South Omaha. The first viaduct to be built will be in the southern section of the city over the tracks of the Union Pacific and Rock Island road. It will start somewhere near the neighborhood of Twenty-fourth and W streets and cross the tracks in a southwesterly direction, thus giving the residents of that section of the city an inlet to the business center. Sometime ago it was announced that two viaducts would be built in South Omaha, one on F street and another in the southern part of the city. It has now been decided to build the south viaduct first.

OMAHA MAN TAKES NO CHANCE

Sends Back Draft Received Through Mail Evidently Intended for Another by His Name. Postoffice Inspector A. J. Moore received a draft for \$24.25 Tuesday morning from Kansas City, which had been forwarded to him from there, being the discount due A. J. Moore on a bill of goods from the Royal Tailors company of Chicago. As Mr. Moore has had no dealings with the Royal Tailors company, he is at a loss to understand just how the letter should come to him. No letter of explanation accompanied the draft. The case is one almost identical with the W. H. Clark case, recently developed in this city, where a \$100 draft had been delivered to the wrong W. H. Clark. Mr. Moore does not propose to make a claim on his windfall, but has sent the draft back to the Royal Tailors, with the admonition to be a little more specific in their addressing of letters.

LOCAL BREVIETIES

The Prospect Hill Improvement club will talk of paying at its meeting Wednesday night. The Carnation Social club will give a dancing party Wednesday night at Metropolitan club. The Vesting Nurses' association will hold its regular monthly meeting Thursday at 4 P. M. in the parlors of the Paxton hotel. Lattie Rogers will take charge in charge of having entered the Levele home, next door to the Brown place. Roy Greed Tuesday morning in police court, where he was tried on the charge of robbing Nels Ahlgren of 717 North Seventeenth street. The charge of the prisoner by Ahlgren was not sufficient to warrant the police judge holding Greed to the district court. Greed was assaulted and robbed New Year eve at Fifteenth and Webster streets by some one who took \$50 and a watch. F. P. Carson of Des Moines was sentenced thirty days by the police judge Tuesday morning, when arraigned on a charge of vagrancy. Patrolmen Cunningham and Licker arrested Carson and the report to the judge was Carson had been trying to get men to frequent a disreputable house at 1627 Harvey street. The prisoner was said to have paid his performance calling at some of the best hotels. Carson denied the charge. George Mathews, colored, was tried in police court Tuesday morning on the charge of breaking and entering the saloon of James Adams, Fourteenth and F streets, last Wednesday morning. The evidence against him was largely based on the fact that detectives found Mathews possession cigars of a certain brand sold only by Adams and stolen the night of the robbery. Mathews pleaded not guilty. On the evidence offered the police judge found the defendant guilty and sentenced him to the district court in the sum of \$50.

PAVERS TO MAKE EVEN NIGHT

Contractors Expected to Enter Into Sharp Competition This Year. MANY CHANGES ARE UNDER PROCESS. Murphy Reported as Representative of A. L. Barber Company and John Grant as Going to Retire. The outlook for brick competition among paving contractors for a large amount of work in Omaha this year is regarded at the city hall as encouraging. Conclusions are based upon developments among the brick paving companies and indications of a healthy battle only in asphalt, but in brick block as well. As a matter of fact, however, all new paving in Omaha next year not already contracted for depends upon whether a \$50,000 intersection paving bond issue is authorized by the people by a two-thirds vote at the spring election. The intersection fund is empty and paving work cannot go forward until it is replenished. Many changes have taken place among the operating officers of the Barber Asphalt Paving company during the last few months, including the resignation of Superintendent McLain from the Omaha district. On the other hand, the A. L. Barber Asphalt company, which has valuable concessions in Venezuela, is pushing its campaign against the other Barber company, of which John Mack is the head.

Locally it is given out that Hugh Murphy will represent the convention and will give the Mack people a warm run for their money on local contracts. It was noticed last year that the Mack company stayed pretty well out of Lincoln and Hugh Murphy only landed a few asphalt contracts in Omaha, but this kind of an arrangement will hardly go this year. It is said. Last year 2,363 yards of brick block were laid in Omaha, against 52,294 yards of asphalt. A report has got around that John Grant may retire from the asphalt paving business in Omaha and go to Virginia City. He is in that state at present. Charles E. Fleming, who has controlled the Purlington brick situation in these parts for several years, is looked upon as a probable purchaser of the Warren asphalt and bitulithic interests here from Grant.

Last year was regarded as one of very fair paving seasons. Chief Engineer Rosewater, 67,553 yards of brick block being obtained for \$123,176 and 52,294 yards of asphalt for \$126,678. This year he expects price conditions to be even better. Only one contract is hung over from last year and that is held by Hugh Murphy for South Tenth street. The contractor, which is to be floored with asphalt.

CAPITAL STOCK IS DOUBLED

Increase Made by State Insurance Company of Nebraska, Which Elects Officers. At the annual meeting of the State Insurance Company of Nebraska held Tuesday afternoon in the company's office in the New York Life building, the annual directors were elected to hold over another year. The directors then held a meeting and elected the old officers. The directors are: J. E. Boyd, E. A. Cudahy, J. C. Cowin, E. V. Lewis, John S. Brady, L. M. Keene, A. J. Love, E. E. Howell and O. W. Palm. The officers are: J. E. Boyd, president; E. A. Cudahy, vice president; Luther Drake, second vice president; A. J. Love, secretary and treasurer, and E. F. Fitch, assistant secretary.

It was determined at the meeting of directors to double the paid-up capital of the company, increasing the same from \$50,000 to \$100,000. The annual statement of the company shows a substantial increase in assets, reinsurance reserve and net surplus, with a loss ratio of but 27 per cent.

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Women Give Pleasant Ball. Myrtle Hall was taken to its capacity last night by the women of the city who gave a masked ball given by the women of the city. The proceeds of the ball were given to the women of the city. The women of the city were given to the women of the city. The women of the city were given to the women of the city.

WATCHES, Frenzer, Ish and Dodge

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS. Julius Well and his new bride of New York are visiting at the home of A. Dreyfus. J. C. Hutson and wife leave tonight for Seattle, San Francisco and Los Angeles, to spend the winter.

FIGHT IS BECOMING TANGLED

Fate of Important Measures May Hinge on Printer and Binder Contest. (From a Staff Correspondent.) DES MOINES, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—The question has been raised today whether or not the English and Chaswell forces have a majority in the senate for state printer and binder. If they haven't it may result in the blocking of legislation along many lines at this session. English and Chaswell claim to have eighty votes pledged for the joint session of the senate and house, at which the state printer and binder will be elected. It is recognized that the greatest element of strength for the two men is in the house. The joint meeting at which the vote will be taken will be held on a joint resolution. The house may pass the resolution and the senate refuse or delay to go into joint session or refuse to fix a date till late in the session. As the fight for the primary election law has come to be so involved with the state printer and binder contest along with other important legislative matters, it may be a serious one, as it is believed the opponents of the state-wide primary law would be perfectly willing to have the legislature get into a deadlock and fail to pass any legislation provided rather than have it include the primary, suit-pass and 2-cent fare bill.

ATCHISON WOMAN IS HELD

Stranger Charged with Picking Up Pair of Diamond Earrings. Pleads Innocent. Miss Lizzie Barr of Atchison, arrested Saturday afternoon at the T. L. Combs jewelry store, 1330 Douglas street, on a charge of grand larceny, was arraigned Tuesday morning before the police judge. Through her counsel, J. M. MacFarland, the prisoner pleaded not guilty. The case was set for preliminary hearing Thursday morning. Miss Barr's bond was set at \$500. She was charged with stealing a pair of diamond earrings valued at \$100 from the Combs store.

OUR LETTER BOX

The Jubilee Bee. UNITED STATES CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION, WASHINGTON, D. C. Jan. 13.—To the Editor of The Bee: I thank you for the copy you sent me of the Jubilee Year Review of Omaha. The city has certainly wonderfully changed, and for the better, and such men as you and Miller were among its greatest outlaws. May all the goodness and kindness of the season of peace abide with you, and may you be, with your Bee, for many years happy hovers over the honey-sweet flowers of the prosperous parks and gardens of your beautiful town. Your friend, JOHN C. BLACK.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—To the Editor of The Bee: Will you please send me a copy of the Jubilee Year Review? It is a magnificent got up and intensely interesting—a practical embodiment up to date of the winning of the west. May you live long and prosper and may your circulation be the least the panorama view of Omaha is simply splendid. And to think that the "overland" was cracking its whip—no joke—over it not so very many years ago, and the "pony express" . . . I have had much pleasure in reading your Jubilee number, along with the beautiful picture of Omaha, to my father. Yours very truly, J. R. FERGUSON.

OMAHA AFTER MOTOR SHOPS

Commercial Club Appoints Committee to Urge Harriman to Build Plant Here. Among the last official duties of the old executive committee of the Commercial club was the appointment of a committee to endeavor to secure for Omaha the shops which are to be built for the manufacture of McKean motor cars. This committee will confer with E. H. Harriman, A. L. Mohler, W. R. McKean and others who are in the city at present. The committee will present this city's claims for the shops; the members are: H. H. Baldrige, A. L. Mohler, Herman Kuntze, Senator Millard, G. W. Wattle and E. Rosewater. The committee was instructed to go to New York to see Mr. Harriman if necessary. The proposed concern will build motor cars for the Union Pacific and in all probability for all the railroads, for the car is calculated to revolutionize short distance passenger traffic. It is expected the shops will employ about 1,000 men. Several large cities, in the east and in the west, are preparing to offer inducements for the location of the shops and Omaha will have to begin active operations at once. The committee will meet in a few days to talk over plans and decide what to do.

General Millard, S. F. Miller, assistant general freight agent of the Northern Pacific, and J. Berrat were made members of the club. The new committee met and organized immediately after adjournment of the old body. C. M. Wilhelm was unanimously elected chairman and the other officers were re-elected. J. E. Boyd, president; J. C. Cowin, vice president; E. A. Cudahy, secretary; F. W. Judson, the retiring chairman, for his zealous work of last year and to Mr. Clarke for having collected \$5,200 out of a possible \$15,000.

ANALYSES OF CITY WATER

Official Tests Will Be Begun This Month by Health Commissioner Ralph. Health Commissioner Ralph will begin this month to have regular monthly analyses of water taken from the general city supply in order that the department may feel certain the water is entirely safe for use. Should suspicious conditions arise tests will be made oftener. In addition to this the commissioner will be analyzing water of well water suspected of being impure or when the user requests it.

PRIOR FORGERIES ARE GROWING

Estimated by Bankers that Three Million Dollars Worthless Paper Was Issued. CLEVELAND, Jan. 16.—According to an official statement issued Monday by the bankers' committee investigating the effects of Denison, Prior & Co., the bankers and brokers who failed several days ago, the liabilities of the firm, including the forged bonds, put out by L. W. Prior, will aggregate \$3,000,000. The statement, as given out by the bankers' committee, is in part as follows: "The total liabilities, including all forgeries, aggregate approximately \$3,000,000, and there are valid assets either in the hands of the firm, or up as collateral, of about \$1,500,000. This total of \$1,500,000 includes about \$1,000,000 of assets and liabilities in the Boston and Cleveland bond departments, which have not heretofore been taken into account, as the bonds in the bond department are good and valid bonds, largely hypothecated, and more than ample to pay obligations against them. Mr. Denison was in Boston last Sunday and had shipped on to be turned over to the receiver something over \$50,000 of good securities, which was all the property in the possession of the firm in Boston."

ONE VOTE AGAINST DEPEN

New York Senate Votes Down Resolution Requesting Senator to Resign. DEMOCRATS ARE EXCUSED FROM VOTING. Accrimous Debate on the Subject Occupies Three Hours—Author Without Support of Other Senators. ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The senate rejected the resolution of Senator Edgar T. Brackett of Saratoga, demanding the resignation of Chanany M. Depew from the United States senate. After a debate lasting more than three hours and characterized on the one hand by Senator Depew and sparing denunciations of Senator Depew and the insurance companies, and on the other by almost every harsh criticism of the judgment and the motives of the introducer of the motion, the roll call showed Senator Brackett's own vote to be the only one in favor of the resolution. Every other republican senator voted against it, with the exception of Senator Armstrong of Rochester, who is in New York at work on the report of the insurance investigating committee, and he sent a telegram to Senator Tully, his colleague on the committee, to the effect that if he were present he would vote against the resolution. The Democratic senators were excused from voting on the resolution, although the motion to excuse them was opposed by Senator Brackett, who expressed his desire to "put every senator on record on this moral issue." Senator Grady, the Democratic leader, said the Democrats reached the Depew matter as a purely personal republican one. Senator Grady said they did not regard it as Senator Brackett said he did, as a great moral issue. The principal speeches in opposition to the resolution and in defense of Senator Depew were made by Senators Maltby, Cassidy, Raines, Conger, Lewis and White, while Senator Eisherg denounced that resolution and its introducer and said especially that the senate was in no position to pass such a resolution while it rested upon Senator Brackett's insinuation that its members had been rebuffed by the use of "yellow dog" funds. Senator Cassidy indicated to Senator Depew's active critics as fomenting public censure in order, "under the cloak of reform, to steal his official position." Brackett Official Debate. Senator Brackett declared in opening the debate that he had introduced the resolution in obedience to what he believed to be "the solemn demand of the right-thinking people of the state." He denied that he had the slightest wish to humiliate Senator Depew "more than was necessarily implied in any possible resolution of the kind." He asserted that there was a lack of confidence in the senator named which had been caused by recent disclosures. He denied the assertion that it was not within the province of the senate to pass a resolution on a subject in reference to enforce action and cited resolutions adopted on the Venezuelan situation and the coal strike several years ago. "Brightness Ideas Needed." "I want to say to you and to the people of the state," continued Senator Brackett, "that until a more righteous conception of public duty shall prevail we are without hope for the future; that until the great crisis methods of the state shall stand in the proposition that he who offends in the performance of his public duty must expect the punishment for his offense, we can expect little of respect for law, little of regard for public honor and virtue, and have the first long steps toward condoning crimes of every kind." Senator Brackett declared that although he had voted for Senator Depew he had been opposed to his re-election to the senate because he had believed him unfit for the office and represented unwholesome forces. Any senator present, he said, ought to blush for shame at the representation of his state in the United States senate by either of the present senators. He disclaimed the slightest responsibility for Senator Platt's re-election and said he would support any other senator's resolution requesting him to resign. Senator Brackett insisted that no service performed by Senator Depew for the Reversible Life Assurance society during the twenty years of his \$20,000 "retainer" had been other than what he owed as a director of the society. The claim that this enormous sum was paid for legal services actually rendered by Senator Depew was a "yellow dog" fund. The Depew resolution was defeated by a vote of 34 to 1. The Democrats did not vote.

ST. LOUIS' WONDERFUL TRADE EXPANSION

Illustrated in the Shoe Business. An indication of the marvelous expansion of business in St. Louis, particularly the shoe business, is found in the record of The Brown Shoe company (makers White House shoes for men and women, Burt's Brown Blue Ribbon shoes for boys and girls), just published, announcing a gain in sales of over a million dollars per year for each of the last successive three years, a record unequalled by any other shoe concern. St. Louis has, in fact, become the great central shoe market of the United States. St. Louis manufacturers are said to make more shoes than are made in any other city in the world—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Great Northern is Busy.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Great Northern surveyors are actively at work in the vicinity of Eureka in McPherson county. This has caused a revival of the rumor that the road will build from Sioux City to Minot, N. D. It is stated that the road will be built up the central part of the state, paralleling the Missouri river, and that an extension will be built from Ellendale, N. D. Aberdeen, Huron and Sioux Falls to connect with the new line. The extension from Ellendale to Forbes in North Dakota is said to be part of this plan.

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RHEUMATISM THE TERROR OF WINTER

Rheumatism is usually worse in Winter because of the cold and dampness and other changed conditions of the climate. The occasional twinges of the disease that are felt during the warmer weather are changed to piercing pains, the muscles become inflamed and swollen, the nerves get sore and excited, the bones ache, and Rheumatism, the terror of winter, takes possession of the system. Then the sufferer turns to the liniment bottle, the woolsen clothes, the favorite plaster or some home remedy, in an effort to get relief. But Rheumatism is not a trouble that can be rubbed away or drawn out with a plaster; these things relieve the pain and reduce the inflammation, but do not reach the real cause of the trouble, and at the next exposure another attack comes on. Rheumatism is caused by a sour, acid condition of the blood. The refuse matter and bodily impurities which should be carried off through the channels of nature have been left in the system because of indigestion, weak kidneys, torpid liver and a general sluggish condition of the system. These impurities sour and form uric acid, which is absorbed by the blood and distributed to the different muscles, joints, nerves and bones, causing the painful symptoms of Rheumatism. The extension from Ellendale to Forbes in North Dakota is said to be part of this plan.

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is purely vegetable and does not injure the system as do those medicines containing Potash and other minerals. Book on Rheumatism and medical advice without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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ONE VOTE AGAINST DEPEN

New York Senate Votes Down Resolution Requesting Senator to Resign. DEMOCRATS ARE EXCUSED FROM VOTING. Accrimous Debate on the Subject Occupies Three Hours—Author Without Support of Other Senators. ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 16.—The senate rejected the resolution of Senator Edgar T. Brackett of Saratoga, demanding the resignation of Chanany M. Depew from the United States senate. After a debate lasting more than three hours and characterized on the one hand by Senator Depew and sparing denunciations of Senator Depew and the insurance companies, and on the other by almost every harsh criticism of the judgment and the motives of the introducer of the motion, the roll call showed Senator Brackett's own vote to be the only one in favor of the resolution. Every other republican senator voted against it, with the exception of Senator Armstrong of Rochester, who is in New York at work on the report of the insurance investigating committee, and he sent a telegram to Senator Tully, his colleague on the committee, to the effect that if he were present he would vote against the resolution. The Democratic senators were excused from voting on the resolution, although the motion to excuse them was opposed by Senator Brackett, who expressed his desire to "put every senator on record on this moral issue." Senator Grady, the Democratic leader, said the Democrats reached the Depew matter as a purely personal republican one. Senator Grady said they did not regard it as Senator Brackett said he did, as a great moral issue. The principal speeches in opposition to the resolution and in defense of Senator Depew were made by Senators Maltby, Cassidy, Raines, Conger, Lewis and White, while Senator Eisherg denounced that resolution and its introducer and said especially that the senate was in no position to pass such a resolution while it rested upon Senator Brackett's insinuation that its members had been rebuffed by the use of "yellow dog" funds. Senator Cassidy indicated to Senator Depew's active critics as fomenting public censure in order, "under the cloak of reform, to steal his official position." Brackett Official Debate. Senator Brackett declared in opening the debate that he had introduced the resolution in obedience to what he believed to be "the solemn demand of the right-thinking people of the state." He denied that he had the slightest wish to humiliate Senator Depew "more than was necessarily implied in any possible resolution of the kind." He asserted that there was a lack of confidence in the senator named which had been caused by recent disclosures. He denied the assertion that it was not within the province of the senate to pass a resolution on a subject in reference to enforce action and cited resolutions adopted on the Venezuelan situation and the coal strike several years ago. "Brightness Ideas Needed." "I want to say to you and to the people of the state," continued Senator Brackett, "that until a more righteous conception of public duty shall prevail we are without hope for the future; that until the great crisis methods of the state shall stand in the proposition that he who offends in the performance of his public duty must expect the punishment for his offense, we can expect little of respect for law, little of regard for public honor and virtue, and have the first long steps toward condoning crimes of every kind." Senator Brackett declared that although he had voted for Senator Depew he had been opposed to his re-election to the senate because he had believed him unfit for the office and represented unwholesome forces. Any senator present, he said, ought to blush for shame at the representation of his state in the United States senate by either of the present senators. He disclaimed the slightest responsibility for Senator Platt's re-election and said he would support any other senator's resolution requesting him to resign. Senator Brackett insisted that no service performed by Senator Depew for the Reversible Life Assurance society during the twenty years of his \$20,000 "retainer" had been other than what he owed as a director of the society. The claim that this enormous sum was paid for legal services actually rendered by Senator Depew was a "yellow dog" fund. The Depew resolution was defeated by a vote of 34 to 1. The Democrats did not vote.

ST. LOUIS' WONDERFUL TRADE EXPANSION

Illustrated in the Shoe Business. An indication of the marvelous expansion of business in St. Louis, particularly the shoe business, is found in the record of The Brown Shoe company (makers White House shoes for men and women, Burt's Brown Blue Ribbon shoes for boys and girls), just published, announcing a gain in sales of over a million dollars per year for each of the last successive three years, a record unequalled by any other shoe concern. St. Louis has, in fact, become the great central shoe market of the United States. St. Louis manufacturers are said to make more shoes than are made in any other city in the world—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Great Northern is Busy.

ABERDEEN, S. D., Jan. 15.—(Special.)—Great Northern surveyors are actively at work in the vicinity of Eureka in McPherson county. This has caused a revival of the rumor that the road will build from Sioux City to Minot, N. D. It is stated that the road will be built up the central part of the state, paralleling the Missouri river, and that an extension will be built from Ellendale, N. D. Aberdeen, Huron and Sioux Falls to connect with the new line. The extension from Ellendale to Forbes in North Dakota is said to be part of this plan.

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