AGRICULTURE THE THEME

Number of Societies Holding Sessions at the State Farm.

BASSETT REPORTS STATE FAIR FINANCES

Representative Caldwell of Clay County Talks on the Political Sentiments of the People in His Part of State.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Jan. 16.—(Special.)—The auditorium of the new agricultural hall, which has just recently been completed at the state farm, was crowded this afternoon by attendants at the agricultural meetings, now in session, the occasion being the dedication of the hall. Chancellor E. Benjamin Andrews and Governor Mickey occupied places on the platform and Chancellor Andrews introduced Regent W. G. Whitmore, who made the address. Mr. Whitmore gave a history of the work to secure such a building for Nebraska and he then pointed out some of the problems confronting the farmers.

The building was erected at a cost of $60,000 and $10,000 was expended in its equipment. It is three stories and built of pressed brick and finished in flat sawed oak. The visitors inspected the building after the exercises, which began at 2 o'clock.

The Horticultural society has put on a nice display of apples, though 1905 was considered a bad year for fruit. The corn growers have put out a fine display of corn and in the opinion of those in attendance the display is the best in the history of the state.

Those attending the meeting of the veterinary surgeons watched Dr. J. H. Gain pull a few teeth out of the mouth of a white horse, in the interest of the horse and science. The operation was absolutely painless it was said. The horse was in a patent machine, which prevented him from saying how much it hurt.

The Duroc-Jersey Breeders' association met this afternoon. The address of welcome was delivered by E. Z. Russell of Blair and the response was by A. T. Peters. Smith Brown of Waterloo, president, delivered his annual address. Addresses were delivered by John M. Morrison of College View, George Briggs of Clay Center, W. G. Unitt of Seward and W. A. Kirkpatrick of Lincoln.

The poultry show, under the management of Rev. Luther P. Ludden, is attracting much attention and is being visited by a large number of people.

State Board of Agriculture.

The most important meeting of all is the session of the State Board of Agriculture, to be held at the state farm tomorrow morning. At this meeting officers will be elected and there is some question whether S. C. Bassett or W. R. Mellor will be chosen secretary. The former is now secretary, having been appointed to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Governor Furnas, and the latter is president of the board. The board is anxious that the secretary reside in Lincoln and this Mr. Bassett will not consent to do, so it has been predicted that Mr. Mellor will be the next secretary, as his friends have made a vigorous campaign for him. Mr. Bassett has made no fight for the place and will not.

In his annual report read to the members of the State Board of Agriculture at its meeting in the senate chamber this afternoon Secretary S. C. Bassett advocated the teaching of elementary agriculture in the lower grades of the schools; suggested that the winners of first premiums at the state fair be given 50 per cent instead of 60 per cent of the stakes or premiums; detailed the expenses and the income of the board, and closed with a eulogy of Robert W. Furnas, late secretary, and E. McIntyre, late treasurer of the board.

The financial statement shows a balance on hand January 1, 1905, of $5,204.80; receipts for the year amounted to $40,784.85. Of the receipts the state fair tickets brought $39,269. The expenses for the year amounted to $46,544.95. Of this amount $14,842.11 went for premiums, $450 for the band, $225 for Cute the guideless wonder, $400 for the trotting steer, $150 for base ball. One item was for $429.75 for hotel bill for members of the board and their guests. The guests were judges from other states and visiting delegates from outside states. It cost $674.97 to advertise the fair.

Regarding the premiums Mr. Bassett reported that of the entries of cattle last year at the state fair 44 per cent were foreign exhibitors, and they were paid 50 per cent of the premium money. Of the swine exhibitors 23 per cent of the entries were foreign and they secured 35 per cent of the premium money. In poultry 28 per cent of the exhibitors were foreign and they received 23 per cent of the premium money.

The secretary stated that the foreign exhibitor was after the money and as he made a circuit of fairs, he could afford to pay a big price for fine stock and thus get his money back by winning premiums. This, he said, gave the small exhibitor, who only made the one fair, or the amateur exhibitor, little chance to win, so he recommended that hereafter the winner of the sweepstakes only gets 50 per cent of the premium money instead of 60 per cent, as the winner got the press notices and the loser did not.

Mr. Bassett also called attention to the valuable advertising medium a state fair was and recited a number of instances where implement dealers had sold implements while on the ground, one dealer, he said, having sold 400 buggies during the last fair.

Some receipts were coming into the board, Mr. Bassett said, because charges were being made for space in which to display various wares and this charge, he said, was a good thing.

Recommendations of President.

In his annual address, President Mellor of the agricultural board said that, while the collective county exhibits were a great attraction at the fair, many of the exhibitors were not satisfied with the manner of distributing the premiums, consequently Mr. Mellor recommended dividing the state into four districts and the counties in the districts must score a certain number of points before being allowed to participate in the premium money. Mr. Mellor made the following other recommendations:

After careful deliberation, it is our opinion that the important matters for consideration at this time are:

1. To pass a resolution permanently locating the secretary's office at Lincoln.
2. To consider the building of all the permanent walks possible.
3. To erect a swine judging pavilion.
4. To provide additional modern public comfort buildings.
5. To especially make a feature of the speed department.
6. To uniform the police department.
7. To set apart 10 per cent of the money on hand each year as a sinking fund to be used only for the payment of premiums in cases of necessity.

Chinese Arrive Tonight.

The special delegation of Chinese statesmen and students will arrive in Lincoln Wednesday night over the Union Pacific. They will be entertained at lunch Thursday by D. E. Thompson at the Lincoln hotel.

Dodge of the Railroads.

"The railroads, through their representatives, are making the fight of their lives in Clay county to dominate the next election, and I look for the announcement of many favorite sons in various counties of the state during the next month as candidates. This will be a dodge worked by the railroads this year as has been successfully worked many times before."

That is the way Representative Caldwell of Clay county expressed himself Monday night.

"I hope the papers of the state will warn the people to look out for the favorite son racket. A county should refuse to endorse a man just because he is a resident of that county unless the people know positively that he is a bona fide candidate with some chances of winning. If they don't a railroad representative will go out into a county and get a resident to run. The delegation is taken to the convention and the first thing the people know it is traded off and the railroads will get the bargain.

"The record of every man nominated should be closely examined and no man should be put on the ticket who is not absolutely on the square with the people. If the republican party does not nominate that kind of men it will not elect its ticket.

"We in Clay county have pledged ourselves to vote for the man, this year, irrespective of politics, and I take it, the sentiment of Clay county is the sentiment of every county in the state. I see no reason why Clay county should feel that way and no other county have the same idea.

Pass the Root of the Evil.

"Down in our country it is generally believed that Charles Weston will be the railroad candidate for governor, and I know the railroads are working night and day for the re-election of Senator Millard. They are trying to get the people to forget about the promised anti-pass bill which the next legislature will enact. I have heard it reported that railroad men are saying that they expect a freight rate bill, and that as they have lost their tax suit the people should not do anything in regard to passing an anti-pass law. If we don't enact such a law prohibiting the giving of passes we might just as well not attempt to do anything. The pass is at the bottom of all the evil and the evils cannot be corrected as long as the railroads are permitted to bribe the people with passes.

"The next legislature should adopt a resolution tying up all appropriations until a freight rate law is formed and passed. A committee should be appointed for the purpose of drawing the bill and they should be empowered to make the railroads submit their books and other records needed to thoroughly familiarize the committee with the work it has to do.

"The fight is on between the railroads and the people and the people will win if they are careful."

One Office and Two Claimants.

The Hyland-Coney controversy over the office of county superintendent of Wayne county has reached the supreme court, Attorney W. W. Young of Stanton having applied this morning for a writ of mandamus to compel Mr. Hyland to turn the office over to Mr. Coney, who received a majority of the votes at the election last fall. Hyland, who was the county superintendent at the time of the election, is holding onto the office because Coney secured his first grade certificate under the new certification law by an examination which begun November 4. Though the department at Lincoln ruled that the certificate should be dated on the day of the beginning of the examination and that Mr. Hyland should retire, Hyland refused to abide by the decision, hence the suit.

Coney was nominated for the office by the republicans during his absence from the county and was not aware that a new certification law had been enacted and only learned it through a communication from the state superintendent just before election. He hastily took the examination and was awarded his certificate. After the election he filed his bond with the democratic Board of County Supervisors, but the board refused to recognize it.

Insurance Department Anxious.

The insurance department is getting anxious for an opinion from the supreme court in the case involving the validity of the reciprocal tax law. Just at this time the department is trying to get the companies to pay up without waiting for a decision from the courts, but, of course, none of the companies are responding, though several of them owe from $5,000 to $6,000. Auditor Searle is afraid that if the state wins the case these companies which owe so much will just drop out of the state and will refuse to pay their back taxes. This will necessitate a suit which will have to be filed in the state where the companies are organized, entailing much cost and trouble. The case has been decided both ways by the court and has been argued in all five times and is still in the hands of the judges.

History of Bonds Defective.

Because Attorney General Brown held today that the history of the Idaho state bonds, which the state had contracted to buy, was not properly authenticated the state will not close the contract. The Board of Educational Lands and Funds had agreed to take bonds to the amount of $50,000 and later the board expected to buy $200,000 more as the investment for the permanent school fund is considered better than the Massachusetts bonds. If the officials of Idaho properly authenticate the history of the bonds they will be bought, as the attorney general and the board believe they were legally issued.

Creamery Company Expands.

The Fairmont Creamery company has increased its capital stock from $300,000 to $1,000,000, making it the second largest creamery in the United States. The company intends to open up an office and manufactory at Omaha and continue the one at Fairmont and will deal in milk, butter and eggs. Of the new stock issued $100,000 is guaranteed, 1½ per cent dividend each quarter; $200,000 preferred, to pay 4 per cent semi-annually, and the remainder is common stock. Of the new stock $50,000 was reserved for the old stockholders and it was subscribed the first evening the books were open.

This company was organized twenty years ago, with a capital stock of $4,500, and after going to the wall was resurrected and managed by J. H. Rushton, and at intervals it absorbed the surrounding creameries until it became what it is today. The incorporators are: E. J. Hainer, Arite M. Green, E. T. Rector, M. D. Osterhout, C. F. Bush, Almina Wheeler, E. F. Howe, S. J. Woodruff, O. B. Southwell, J. H. Rushton and George W. Summer.

Talks Good and Wall.

Representative Howe of Nemaha county, who is here attending the agricultural meetings, is doing a little missionary work for Senator Good for state treasurer and John Wall for governor.

"A Good-Wall combination would be about the right thing," said Mr. Howe last night. "They are both fine men and both are capable of attending to the duties of the state in a manner that would be satisfactory to the people. We expect to nominate Good because we know him. If the people over the state knew him as we do then there would be no doubt of his nomination. He is thoroughly reliable and is a square man in every sense of the word."

Opticians Organize.

A state association of opticians was organized here this evening. The object of the association is to elevate the profession and secure legislation. The following officers were elected:

President, C. C. McLeese, Davenport; first vice president, Max E. Egge of Grand Island; second vice president, Fritz Hoeper of Aurora; secretary, J. H. Hukill of Lincoln; treasurer, B. B. Combs of Omaha; executive committee, H. P. Sutton of McCook, F. A. Hallett of Lincoln, N. A. Heath of Hebron, George A. Parkins of Ord; examination board, Jennie Platt of Fremont, R. P. Rasmussen of Edgar, E. R. Hayes of Norfolk; legislative committee, W. P. McCall of Geneva, A. M. Phelps of Lincoln, F. A. Hannis of York.

Commissioner Case Appealed.

Lysle Abbott has appealed from the decision of the lower court in the matter of the election of county commissioners, which held that the election was valid and that the law providing for the extension of the terms of county commissioners was unconstitutional. Mr. Abbott has until February 1 to file his brief.

Supreme Court Proceedings.

On motion of Hon. William P. Warner, J. C. Mabry of Albia, Ia., was admitted to practice.

The following cases were argued and submitted:

Nichols & Shepherd Company against Miller, City of McCook against McAdams, Rose against Dempster Mill Manufacturing Company, Parker against Leech, Sovereign Camp Woodmen of the World against Ogden, McPherson against McPherson, in re Estate of Glandt, Jordan against Jackson, Cudahy Packing Company against Wesolowski, F. & M. Insurance Company against Bodge, Zion Evangelical Lutheran Church against St. John's Evangelical Lutheran Church, State ex rel Pond against Clark, David Bradley & Co. against Union Pacific Railway Company, Hume against Miller, Moriarty against Cochran, U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Company against Rieck, Lincoln Butter Company against Edward-Bradford Lumber Company, Mellor against McConnell, Locke against Skow, Morrisy against Persing, Bankers Union of the World against Landis, Gray against Nolde, Back against State, Wagner against Wolf.

The following cases were assigned for submission on briefs:

Chambers against Chambers, in re Estate of Scott, Reeves & Co. against Curlee.

The following miscellaneous orders were made:

Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railway Company against McManigal, continued to February 6, 1906, per stipulation; Corson against Lewis, continued to March 20, 1906, per stipulation; Bush against Griffin, continued to February 20, 1906; defendant given leave to file briefs; Bush against Brown, continued to February 20, 1906; defendant given leave to file briefs; Reeves & Co. against Curlee, plaintiff given five days to file reply briefs; Branson against Branson, affirmed for want of proper filing of briefs; Haddix against State, continued to February 20, 1906, per stipulation.

Press Association Meeting.

The thirty-fourth annual convention of the Nebraska Press association will be held in Lincoln February 26, 27 and 28. Preparations are being made for the largest and most interesting convention in the association's history. The executive committee has arranged a program of unusual interest, and the social features will be given especial attention.

"The Railroad Advertising Question" will be discussed at one session, the business office view being discussed by J. C. Seacrest of the Nebraska State Journal and the editorial view being discussed by Richard L. Metcalfe of the Commoner. These two papers will be followed by a general discussion. Hon. Lafayette Young, editor of the Des Moines Capital, has promised to attend the meeting and take part on the program. A steller attraction will be the appearance of John T. McCutcheon, the famous cartoonist, who will deliver his illustrated lecture one evening during the session. All members of the association will be admitted free to this lecture. During the session the members of the association will be entertained at the state agricultural farm. Those who were permitted to attend the exercises at the state farm some four years ago will be quite ready to avail themselves of the opportunity for another visit. A theater party is also being arranged for. The executive committee hopes to have the program definitely arranged and ready for distribution not later than February 1.

WHAT DO YOU CARE? YOU'VE GOT YOUR HEALTH.

Great Natures Do Not Despair at Disappointment—They Look for Something Else to Do.

The broad-gauged man of today does not get blue just because things don't always come his way unless there is something the matter with him. If he "falls down" on one proposition he immediately starts to look up another. He always looks forward and keeps on hustling. A man with his health and his faculties has plenty of opportunities and the man who gives up or even feels like it has either a small nature or some physical weakness.

Dyspepsia certainly puts the best of men out of condition for work of any kind. You cannot blame the dyspeptic for getting blue. The very nature of his disease is most depressing and calculated to deprive him of ambition, energy and hope. There is hope for him, however, certain and sure.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are recognized throughout the length and breadth of the land as the one cure that's safe and sure. Their unbounded popularity—resulting from the thousands and thousands of cures they have effected, prove beyond the shadow of a doubt their greatness as a cure. Wherein lies their greatness? In the very fact that they are nature's own simple remedy. They do the exact work in exactly the same way that the digestive fluids of the stomach do because they are composed of exactly the same elements and possess the same properties. They relieve the weak and worn out stomach of its burden of digestion and permit it without let or hindrance to rest and grow sound and well. The stomach will get well quick enough in its own natural way if it is let alone. That is what Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do. They not only let it alone themselves, but make the food taken into the stomach do the same.

You can satisfy yourself of the truth of this statement by putting the food you would eat into a glass jar with sufficient water and one of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. The process of digestion will be taken up and carried out just as the gastric juice and other digestive fluids would do it. Their action is natural and they cause no disturbance in the digestive organs. In fact, you forget you have a stomach when they begin to do their work, so mild and natural is the operation. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are for sale by all druggists at 50c a box.

Charged with Embezzlement.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—Fred Carey, a former captain of Company C, Second regiment, Nebraska National Guard, is under arrest here charged with embezzling $1,000 from the Morton Printing company, of which company he was bookkeeper for about four years. He was arrested in Lincoln last night and brought to this city this morning. Carey resigned his position with the printing company about November 1 and has been making his home in St. Joseph and Lincoln since that time. He was the only son of the late Rev. F. M. Carey, for many years rector of St. Mary's Episcopal church in this city. The accused was held in the highest of esteem by the business men of this city and few believe him guilty.

Sloan's Liniment

For Tonsilitis

Price 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

STATE CONVENTION OF FIREMEN

Beatrice Gaily Decorated in Honor of the Visitors.

BEATRICE, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—The Nebraska State Volunteer Firemen's convention convened here this evening with about 300 delegates in attendance. The address of welcome was delivered by Mayor Shultz, with response by President McKay of Blair. The business houses of the city are gaily decorated with flags and bunting and prospects are favorable for the most successful meeting of the firemen ever held in the state. Business sessions open tomorrow and the convention will last two days.

Judge Tucker Visits Old Home.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special.)—Eugene A. Tucker, the recently deposed federal judge from Arizona, arrived in the city Saturday evening and joined his wife and son in a visit to his daughter, Mrs. S. R. Gist of this city. The recent report to the effect that he was to give up his practice at Solomonville, Ariz., and return to Humboldt is denied by his son-in-law, Mr. Gist, so it is presumed that after a short visit with his relatives here he will return to the south. The Arizona climate did not agree with the health of his son, and the latter will probably not go back.

State Savings and Loan Association.

BEATRICE, Neb., Jan. 16.—(Special Telegram.)—The annual meeting of the State Savings and Loan association was held here today and was attended by delegates from different towns in the state. These officers were elected: Dr. Chidster, Western, president; H. H. Norcross, Beatrice, vice president; Louie Graff, Beatrice, treasurer; C. F. Gale, Beatrice, secretary. The board of directors comprise F. D. Kees, A. E. Webber, A. H. Phelps, H. H. Norcross, Dr. Chidster.

News of Nebraska.

BEATRICE—On account of the snowstorm yesterday the big wolf drive to have been held was postponed until next Thursday.

COOK—There is much sickness in this vicinity at present, the larger per cent of the cases being among the younger children.

COOK—Jasper I. Davis, one of the foremost bee men in the state, left Monday for Lincoln, where he will attend the beekeepers' meeting.

BEATRICE—Darrold Houston Miller, the 7-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Miller, died suddenly Sunday afternoon from diphtheria in a malignant form.

GENEVA—After a severe storm yesterday and two or three days of fog, some sleet and rain, the sun shone out clear today. Everything out doors is covered with ice.

GENEVA—Mr. Wettstein of Chicago, general manager of the Independent Telephone company, has been in Geneva on business with the system and visiting his aunt, Mrs. John Banby.

NEBRASKA CITY—Smallpox in a mild form has appeared at Syracuse, about fifteen cases have been reported. The houses where the disease has appeared have been placed under quarantine.

BEATRICE—Earl Davis, employed in the foundry department of the Dempster factory, had his left hand badly mangled and lacerated yesterday by getting the member caught in the machinery.

PLATTSMOUTH—Sheriff Quinton has been informed that Walter Stockman is wanted for forging two checks, one on the National bank of Pender for $95, and one on the Thurston State bank for $56.

PLATTSMOUTH—The Plattsmouth Turnverein society has elected these officers: President, Claus Boetel; vice president, John Sattler; treasurer, C. L. Herger; trustees, Philip Thierolf, E. A. Wurl and John Lutz.

BEATRICE—H. E. Markel, who has been in charge of the Markel hotel here since last May, stepped down and out yesterday as proprietor. He is succeeded by George Cassity, who has been day clerk at the hotel the past six months.

BEATRICE—Mr. Fay Greening and Miss Mary Saner, both of this city, were married at Wilber yesterday. Mr. Greening is collector at the Burlington depot at this point, and the bride is the daughter of a wealthy farmer living southwest of the city.

PLATTSMOUTH—The funeral services of Mrs. Ed Mann were conducted by Cannon H. B. Burgess in the St. Luke's Episcopal church this afternoon and interment was in Oak Hill cemetery. The deceased was 26 years of age, and a husband and two daughters survive her.

BEATRICE—Word has been received here of the marriage of Miss Harriet Root, a former resident of this city, to Dr. Arthur Van Buren, which occurred at Lead, S. D. Miss Root is a graduate of the Beatrice High school, and has many friends in Beatrice.

BEATRICE—Mrs. Anna Hooker, aged 92 years, died Sunday morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Sophia H. Dole, in this city. She is survived by two sons and two daughters. Short funeral services were held this morning, after which the remains were taken to Geneva, Neb., for interment.

BEEMER—On the evening of January 12 the teachers of the Beemer public schools tendered a reception in the Masonic hall to Prof. A. E. Fisher and his bride. The hall was prettily decorated. The Beemer orchestra discoursed the music. About 300 people were present to enjoy the evening's entertainment.

BEATRICE—The funeral of the late H. J. Chase was held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the Christian church. The services were in charge of the Odd Fellows lodge of which the deceased was a member, and were conducted by Rev. J. E. Davis. Interment was in Evergreen Home cemetery.

GENEVA—The funeral of Mrs. Hooker occurred this afternoon at the Congregational church. She died at Beatrice on Sunday at an advanced age—over 90 years. She was the mother of Mrs. John Jensen, an old settler of Geneva, who, with her husband and daughters, came from Oklahoma to attend the funeral.

NORFOLK—Two deaths by coal gas asphyxiation were averted by a hair's breath in the home of John Willoughby of Bonesteel, S. D., during the night, when Mr. and Mrs. Willoughby were both overcome by the fumes and rescued just in time to save them. The gas was generated in a tightly closed kitchen range.

NEBRASKA CITY—R. C. Ewing, a salesman employed in Goldberg's clothing store for the past year, was taken to Lincoln today, where a charge of wife and child desertion has been filed against him. Ewing professed ignorance as to the charge and made the statement that his wife had obtained a divorce some months ago.

NEBRASKA CITY—William M. Ramsey and Miss Bessie Morgan of Cheney, Neb., applied at the county court this morning for a marriage license, which was refused them on account of the youthful appearance of the young people. Mr. Ramsey and his prospective bride left for Council Bluffs, Ia., with the statement that they would have the ceremony performed under the Iowa law.

PLATTSMOUTH—The Women's Relief corps has installed these officers: President, Mrs. Bertha Peterson; senior vice president, Mrs. Elizabeth Streight; junior vice president, Mrs. Caddie Bates; treasurer, Mrs. Nannie Burkel; secretary, Mrs. Gertie Stenner; chaplain, Miss Etta Parker; conductor, Mrs. Ault; assistant conductor, Mrs. J. Carrigan; guard, Mrs. W. Williams; assistant guard, Mrs. T. Wales.

PLATTSMOUTH—The McConahie post, No. 45, Grand Army of the Republic, has installed the following named officers: Commander, Edwin Bates; senior vice commander, John Barnhart; junior vice commander, James Thomas; quartermaster, H. J. Streight; adjutant, R. W. Hyers; officer of the day, James Hixon; chaplain, John Carter; officer of the guard, John Raney; trustee, J. H. Thrasher.

BEATRICE—Yesterday B. E. Drummond, who has been in the cigar business here for many years, sold his store to Underwood Brothers, cigar manufacturers. They also leased the store building at No. 410 Court street, to which place they will remove their factory and operate a retail store in connection with the manufacturing department. Mr. Drummond will soon leave Beatrice on a health-seeking trip to California.

FREMONT—Policemen Otto Peterson and H. Peterson and Constable Cook interrupted an interesting poker game which was in progress in a room in a building owned by Mrs. Martha West on lower Main street about 2 o'clock this morning and brought the five men they found there to the police station. They were arraigned before Police Judge Cook and pleaded guilty. The three Johns, Walker, Holcomb and Scott, were fined $25 and trimmings each; the other two, C. Hartwell and Clem Pendrois, were fined $50.

BEATRICE—George Bell of this city yesterday received a letter from Wayne county, Ky., stating that his cousin, Wayne Bell, had been waylaid and shot to death and his father and brother seriously if not fatally wounded. The shooting was the outcome of an old feud between James Bell, father of the Bell boys, and several of their neighbors. The Bell brothers had resided here for three years, and left this city January 3, last, and the shooting occurred the next evening after they arrived at their old home.

BEATRICE—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dempster company was held last night, when the following board of directors was elected: C. B. Dempster, J. W. Burgess, H. W. Schafer, W. A. Waddington, R. H. Yale. The board will meet in a day or two to elect officers and it is more than likely the old officers, C. B. Dempster, president; H. W. Schafer, vice president; J. W. Burgess, treasurer, and R. H. Yale, secretary, will be elected. The quarterly cash dividend of 1½ per cent and the 8 per cent stock dividend was declared, which will make the total stock dividend 14 per cent.

FREMONT—The committee on program of the Eastern Nebraska Teachers' association, which meets in this city in April, intends to procure a speaker of national reputation and hopes to be able to have a lecture from either Senator Beveridge of Indiana or James Whitcomb Riley. The following teachers have been selected to have charge of the different departments: Primary, Miss Clara Cooper, Omaha; rural schools, Prof. E. H. Patterson, South Omaha; county superintendents, J. V. Mengel of Saunders county; high schools, N. M. Graham of South Omaha; music, Miss Mary Streeter, Plattsmouth.

MARSHALL FIELD IS DEAD

(Continued from First Page.)

placed by the side of the son, who preceded him but a few months in death.

The announcement was made tonight that his successor would be his brother, J. N. Field of Manchester, England, who will take charge of all the houses. J. N. Field has for years been at the head of the Manchester Field business and has general charge of all the foreign business of the firm. He has not been in Chicago for years.

Sketch of Career.

Marshall Field was without question the greatest and most successful merchant of his generation and he was one of the world's richest men, his wealth being estimated at anywhere from $100,000,000 to $200,000,000. He was a native of Conway, Mass., where he was born in 1835. His father was a farmer and Mr. Field obtained his education in the public schools of Conway. At the age of 17 he became a clerk in a general country store at Pittsfield, Mass., where he remained for four years. He went to Chicago in 1856 and began his career in that city as a clerk in the wholesale dry goods establishment of Cooley, Wadsworth & Co. During the four years that he remained with this house he showed marked commercial ability and in 1860 he was given a partnership. The late Levy Z. Leiter was also connected with the firm, and in 1865 the two young men withdrew and, in company with the late Potter Palmer, they organized the firm of Field, Palmer & Leiter, which continued until 1867, when Mr. Palmer withdrew and the firm became Field, Leiter & Co. This continued until 1881, when Mr. Leiter retired and the firm became known as Marshall Field & Co., as it is today. The house forged to the front very rapidly and it is now the largest institution of its kind in the world, with numerous branches throughout Europe and Asia. Its remarkable success is attributed almost entirely to Mr. Field and his methods. He paid cash for everything he bought, not only in connection with his dry goods enterprise, but for all his dealings in real estate and in other investments. The great fire of 1871 was the only reverse ever experienced by the house of Marshall Field & Co. Its losses at that time aggregated over $1,000,000.

In 1872 the wholesale department was separated from the retail store and the latter now covers a city square and is located in buildings twelve stories in height.

Public Spirited.

While building up the dry goods store which has grown to such mammoth proportions, Mr. Field, who was a firm believer in the future of Chicago, invested heavily in real estate and to the appreciation of this in value he owed much of his wealth.

At the close of the World's fair in 1893, Mr. Field endowed with $1,000,000 the museum now known as the Field Columbian museum, for which a home home valued at $8,000,000 is shortly to be erected in the heart of the city. He later gave to the University of Chicago land valued at $450,000, to be used for athletic purposes, and a portion of it is known today as Marshal field. He was extremely charitable in other directions, never failing to contribute to a cause which he knew to be worthy.

Personally Mr. Field was a handsome man, a trifle above medium height, slender and well-proportioned. He was very popular socially, although he never mingled in society as the word is generally understood. In his personal tastes and habits he was quiet and modest. In politics he never interfered, although he was always ready to aid with time and money any movement looking toward better national or municipal government. He was prominently mentioned as a vice presidential candidate on the democratic ticket in 1904. He was several times offered the second place on the ticket, but refused to accept it. One night he was called up at his home in this city by the Associated Press and for the second time within a week asked if he intended to accept the nomination. He declared that he did not and said:

"There is no need of the Associated Press asking me this question again. It has my authority to deny the story as often as it likes, no matter where it comes from."

Mr. Field was twice married, his first wife having diedseveral years ago. Mrs. Field left two children, Ethel, now married and residing in Leamington, England, and Marshal Field, jr., who accidentally shot himself at his home in Chicago November 22, 1905, and died five days later. September 5, 1905, Mr. Field was married in London, England, to Mrs. Caton, the widow of Arthur Caton of Chicago.

Interests in Nebraska.

Marshall Field had the foresight and brains to figure out twenty years ago that there was money in the fertile lands of Stanton county, Nebraska. At that time he bought a ranch of 7,000 acres, 1,000 acres of which are now in alfalfa and tame hay, 1,200 acres under cultivation and the remainder of the land in the best of pasture. The price at which the land was bought was only nominal. Today it would readily sell for $50 per acre. Stanton Breeding farm, the business name of the ranch, is the home of over 500 pure bred Hereford cattle. Many individual animals from this herd have gone to the leading live stock shows and state fairs and in the hottest contests have won their share of honors. But the Hereford end of this ranch is really the small end of it. The pure bred cattle are valued at about $80,000, while the 2,000 steers and grade cattle of other sorts are valued at something like $150,000. About 2,000 steers, 1,000 sheep and 1,000 hogs are fed and shipped from this ranch each year. Probably one-third of these steers are bred and raised on the farm and the remainder are range steers.

Marshall Field had not made a trip to the ranch since 1893. Each year he sent out one of his trusted officials to inspect the ranch and conditions. For the last ten years Thomas Mortimer has been manager of the Stanton Breeding farm. Mr. Mortimer is a member of the board of directors of the American Hereford Breeders' association.

Change in Smelting Company Officers.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—Edward Brush, who has become vice president of the American Smelting and Refining company, resigned as secretary of that company today. W. E. Merriss, who has been assistant secretary, was elected secretary.

POINT HANGS ON LOCATION

Vital Step in Ware Case Depends on What County Land is In.

SITUATED ON THE DIVIDING LINE

Lambert Goes Over Details of His Account Books, Showing All Bills Were Paid by Ware.

Frank W. Lambert was on the witness stand in the federal court trial of the Rev. George G. Ware case all of Tuesday forenoon, his examination being simply a recapitulation in detail of his expense book account during the years 1903, 1904 and 1905. These accounts referred to expenses of all kinds paid out by him for procuring filings, his reimbursements and commissions therefor paid him as he alleges by the defendant, Ware.

In the case of one filing procured by the witness of one McKibbon an objection was made to the entry being introduced in evidence, as it was shown the land filed on was in Thomas and not in Hooker county. The court sustained the objection on the ground the indictment charges the overt acts complained of were all in Hooker county, and that evidence of filings outside of Hooker county could be introduced under the indictment. However, the attorneys were given permission to be heard on the proposition, and the jury was excused at 11:30 until the question could be discussed.

S. R. Rush, attorney for the government, held the McKibbon filing was a part of the same transaction and agreement; that the McKibbon filing was just across the line of Hooker county in Thomas county and intimately associated with all the other transactions in the matter of detail and time.

Final Proof and Deed.

It will be shown by the government that in the McKibbon case final proof was made of the land and that McKibbon deeded it over to one Wheeler, a Deadwood banker, at the suggestion of Ware, but that the deed was actually made to the U. B. I. ranch corporation and for its benefit, and that McKibbon was paid his $150 by Lambert upon the execution of the deed. This McKibbon transfer is the only absolute transfer by deed that has thus far been shown during the trial. The government relies strongly upon this transaction as an important link in establishing the completed ocnspiracy.

Mr. Mahoney argued that the government had no right to go outside of the indictment in order to influence a conviction on the ground that the specific acts charged in the indictment referred to lands in Hooker county only.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. Mahoney's argument Judge Munger stated that the McKibbon matter would be passed until Wednesday morning.

Pending the decision in the McKibbon matter, the direct examination of Lambert was adjourned to a later date. The attorneys for the defense announced that the cross-examination of Lambert would not be undertaken until after his direct examination had been completed.

Register Whitehead was then recalled to identify certain filings on record in the Broken Bow land office for 1904.

Witness Tells Something Good.

The dry proceedings of the afternoon were somewhat enlivened by the witness, Sanford B. Brown of the Grand Island Soldiers' Home. He testified as to making an original homestead filing in 1903 at the instance of Harry Welsh and a subsequent filing of three quarters in 1904 under the Kinkaid law within the U. B. I. enclosure at Lambert's instigation. His testimony was similar to that of the first witness, John C. Blue, relative to leasing the land for ninety-nine years for $1 through Welsh and Lambert to Ware and that they were paid $150 for the land when they made final proof. He told a story about the time they went up to look at their land after the first filing.

"We were driven out to the land from Mullen," he said, "and found a lot of boards scattered around, the shacks having blown down. Then we went over to the ranch and stayed all night. We didn't sleep on the land at all. All of our expenses were paid and we were furnished round trip tickets from Grand Island to Mullen and Broken Bow. We went up to the land three or four times and our expenses were always paid. I never intended to live on the land at all."

Mistake that Caused Friction.

The witness told of a mistake having been made in his final proof papers and the proof was rejected. He had some words with Lambert regarding the relinquishment of his homestead and they were not now on good terms. At the outset he "believed that everything that Lambert told them was the truth as he seemed to be running it. He was the proprietor of the hotel at Mullen, where we always stopped. The leases were returned to us last spring by Foreman Hoffgard of the U. B. I. ranch. They were brought to us in person. This was after Blue went up to Deadwood to see Ware. The leases returned to me were mine, Bunn's, Blue's and John Harmon's and I handed them back to the parties they belonged to."

Mr. Mahoney began the cross-examination of the witness, and had barely got started into it when the hour for adjournment arrived and a recess was taken until 9 o'clock Wednesday morning.

Fire Under Water

is not more surprising that the quick, pleasant curative effects of Dr. King's New Life Pills. 25c; guaranteed. For sale by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co.

Mrs. Chadwick at Work.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 16.—Cassie Chadwick, who has been too weak for the last few days, began her duties with the other women convicts today. She was set to work making buttonholes in shirts and will continue at this work until she becomes well enough to run a sewing machine.

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