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ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1905—TEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

CLOSE VOTE IN NEW YORK

On Face of Returns McClellan Has Pl[illegible] rality of Over Two Thousand.

HEARST ANNOUNCES A CONT[illegible]

Says He Was Counted Out by Tam[illegible]y Election Boards.

COLER IS PRESIDENT OF BRO[illegible]YN

Gives Municipal Ownership Party Representation on Board of Estimates.

JEROME ELECTED BY THREE THOUSAND

Early Reports Indicated Defeat of Independent Candidate, but Later Returns Give Him Small Plurality.

BULLETIN.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—1:45 a. m.—Returns at this hour are complete in Greater New York in the mayoralty contest with the exception of 51 election districts scattered through the city. The vote on these returns gives McClellan, democrat, 221,815; Hearst, municipal ownership, 218,657; Ivins, republican, 133,317; a plurality for McClellan of 3,158.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The county of New York, with 46 election districts missing, gives Flammer 12,637; Osborne, 104,193; Shearn, 68,701; Jerome, 107,718. This gives Jerome a plurality of 3,525.

At midnight Mr. Hearst declined to admit his defeat and declared his intention to contest the election. At that time returns for eighteen election districts had not been received. McClellan had 205,595; Hearst, 203,370, and Ivins 130,326 votes.

The following statement was issued at midnight by W. R. Hearst:

"We have won this election. All Tammany's frauds, all Tammany's corruption, all Tammany's intimidation and violence, all Tammany's false registration, illegal voting and dishonest count have not been able to overcome a great popular majority. The recount will show that we have won the election by many thousands of votes.

"I shall fight this to the end, in behalf of the people, who cast their votes for me and who shall not be distranchised by any effort of criminal bosses.

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

With 25 election districts missing in Manhattan, the vote was: McClellan, 118,442; Hearst, 101,691, and Ivins 54,656, giving McClellan a plurality of 16,753.

In the borough of Brooklyn, with 14 election districts missing, McClellan has 66,875; Hearst, 53,908, and Ivins 59,488 votes, a Hearst plurality of 15,933. In Queens, with 4 districts missing, Hearst had a plurality of 123 votes, and in Richmond McClellan won by 1,620 votes, the borough complete.

At midnight the indications were that the following ticket was elected:

Mayor—George B. McClellan, democrat.
President of the Board of Aldermen—P. F. McGowan, democrat.
Comptroller—Henry A. Metz, democrat.
President of Manhattan Borough—John F. Ahern, democrat.
President of Brooklyn Borough—Bird S. Coler, municipal ownership.
President of the Borough of Queens—Joseph Bermel, republican.
President of the Bronx Borough—Louis F. Haffen, democrat.
President of Richmond Borough—George W. Cromwell, republican.
Sheriff—Nicholas Hayes, democrat.

Statement by Jerome.

District Attorney Jerome issued a statement tonight in which he said:

I was certain that the people would not back up the attempt of the bosses to force me from office. Coming as it does straight from the hands of the people, in spite of the opposition of the bosses and machines, my election is peculiarly gratifying.

The district attorney's office will go on four years more under my direction, under the same system that has prevailed for the last four.

There is nothing more to be said, save that it was a test of strength between corrupt bosses on one side and public opinion on the other. There is no trifling with the people when aroused, and my election is a lesson not soon to be forgotten.

Mayor McClellan, upon learning that he had been re-elected, issued the following statement:

The result of the election shows me more plainly than ever my duty to the people. With God's help I will discharge it to the best of my ability. I shall keep every promise made before the election.

Mr. Ivins said early in the evening: "I really have little to say, except that I am the happiest candidate you ever saw."

Jerome Charges Fraud.

According to the Tribune fraud charges were made last night by supporters of Hearst and Jerome. Definite charges that official counts of votes in the sixth and eighteenth assembly districts had been withheld were made at Jerome's headquarters. Assistant District Attorney Rand, with several attaches of the district attorney's office went post haste to the sixth and eighteenth districts and found that ballots counted at 6 o'clock had not been officially reported. An assistant district attorney was sent to police headquarters to get aid from Commissioner McAdoo. The Jerome men say the most flagrant frauds have been perpetrated to try to accomplish the defeat of Jerome.

From Tammany Hall Charles F. Murphy shortly before 11 o'clock sent out word to every leader in the city that the honor of the organization was at stake and every vote for McClellan must be counted. He told them to overlook nothing and to spare no expense in getting the facts to Tammany as early as possible.

"Count every democratic vote and turn in the report without a moment's hesitation," the warning ran.

"The honor of Tammany is at stake."

Analysis of Vote.

An analysis of the vote for mayor shows that Hearst polled a little more than 200,000 votes, and that apparently these votes were drawn almost equally from the democratic and republican parties. McClellan's vote this year was about 11,000 smaller than his vote of two years ago, while Ivin's vote was about 25,000 smaller than Low's vote of two years ago. These figures, however, may not be entirely accurate, in view of the fact that a number of republicans voted for McClennan in order to aid in the defeat of Hearst. Hearst's large vote shows that the Municipal Ownership league must be reckoned with as a factor in the city's politics. Coler's election as the president of the borough of Brooklyn on the municipal league ticket gives the league representation on the board of estimate and apportionment which has control of the city expenditures. It is estimated that this board will direct the outlay of $200,000,000 during the next four years.

NET RESULTS OF ELECTION

Democrats Carry New York and Pennsylvania—Republicans Win in Maryland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—Election returns received by the Associated Press up to 2 o'clock this morning show that the democrats have carried the mayoralty campaign in New York City, the state ticket in Pennsylvania, the state ticket in Virginia and the city ticket in Louisville, while the republicans have made a clean sweep in Massachusetts and Chicago and Cook county and have carried their tickets in New Jersey, Rhode Island, Nebraska and Maryland.

In New York, Hearst had a plurality in the borough of Brooklyn of almost 16,000, with fourteen election districts missing. The returns indicate McClellan's re-election by several thousand plurality. Hearst has charged fraud in the voting. Bird S. Coler was elected borough president of Brooklyn on municipal ownership ticket. The New York election shows that municipal ownership will be a considerable factor in the city's politics.

In Ohio the result is still doubtful, although the returns to a late hour indicated the election of Pattison, the democratic candidate for governor.

The sufrage amendment in Maryland was defeated overwhelmingly. Massachusetts elected a republican governor by a majority approximating that of Douglass, the present democratic governor. There were charges of fraud in New York City and in Louisville. There were a few clashes at the polls, but no serious injuries.

The following is a summary of the returns:

New York—Mayor George B. McClellan (dem.) re-elected by small plurality; William Travers Jerome (ind.), district attorney, re-elected; Bird S. Coler, (m. o.) elected borough president of Brooklyn.

Ohio—Both democratic and republican leaders claim election. Pattison (dem.) carried Cincinnati, Cleveland city and county and the democrats showed gains in Toledo and Akron.

Maryland—The proposed constitutional amendment, whose purpose was to disfranchise negro voters, was defeated; republicans elected state comptroller and city officials. Political complexion of legislature uncertain.

Massachusetts—Republicans elected Curtis Guild, jr., (rep.) governor by 29,456 plurality and E. S. Draper (rep.) lieutenant governor by 3,942.

Chicago—Republicans made a complete sweep in Chicago and Cook county. Robert D. McCormick elected president of the board of sanitary trustees.

Rhode Island—Clean republican sweep.

Pennsylvania — Philadelphia overwhelmingly carried by the city party (reform ticket). Berry (dem.) elected treasurer by upwards of 75,000 plurality.

Virginia—The democratic majority is about 20,000 and Swanson elected governor; negroes generally remained away from the polls. The next legislature on joint ballot will have 25 republicans instead of 16 as at present.

Salt Lake City—The American party (anti-Mormon) defeated the Mormon, democratic and republican candidates for mayor.

Louisville—Democrats elected a mayor and legislature remains practically unchanged with a good working democratic majority.

New Jersey—Republican gains in legislature sufficient to preclude any democratic successor to United States Senator Dryden.

Nebraska—Republicans elected state supreme judge and state university regents.

San Francisco—Union labor candidate for mayor probably elected by 15,000 majority.

KENTUCKY

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 7.—One hundred and forty-two precincts out of 184 in the city of Louisville give Paul C. Barth, democratic nominee for mayor, 15,337, and O'Neal, fusion, 12,973. Barth's plurality, 2,364.

The earlier returns indicated heavy pluralities for the entire democratic ticket, but the later figures showed gains for the fusionists. On account of the disorders during the day, exact figures on four of the close races will not be obtainable until tomorrow, but the present indications are that the fusionists may elect a county judge and one legislator in Louisville and Jefferson county, with another legislative race in doubt. Charges of extensive frauds are made by the fusionists against the democratic campaign managers.

There were several clashes during the day; several political workers received slight pistol wounds and a large number, including several prominent citizens, were clubbed or arrested.

Elections were held in the state for 100 seats in the legislature, but returns have thus far been received from only one of the districts outside the city of Louisville. The democrats elected twenty-nine legislators, the republicans three and one race is doubtful. This shows a democratic loss of one legislator compared with the returns from the same districts two years ago. The complexion of the legislature will have a good working majority with which to choose a successor to Senator Blackburn.

INDIAN TERRITORY

OKLAHOMA CITY, O. T., Nov. 7.—A summary of news received from the election in Indian Territory indicates that the total vote on the Sequoyah constitution will not reach 25,000 out of a possible 150,000. In many of the towns polls were not opened, and in numerous instances the vote for joint statehood with Oklahoma far exceeded the vote for the separate state constitution. The result is an overwhelming indorsement of joint statehood for the two territories. Not 20 per cent of the voters of Indian Territory have indorsed the Sequoyah constitution.

At Ardmore, Purcell, Chickasha, Colgate, Marlow and other large towns no election was held.

VIRGINIA

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Claude E. Swanson, democrat, was today elected governor of Virginia by about 20,000 plurality over Judge L. L. Lewis, the republican candidate. The vote everywhere was exceedingly light, but democratic apathy was offset by unfavorable conditions on the other side. The negroes throughout the state abstained from voting almost entirely. The republicans gain a few members of the legislature.

REFORM WINS IN QUAKER CITY

City Ticket is Elected by Over Sixty Thousand Plurality.

DEMOCRATS ELECT STATE TREASURER

J. Lee Plummer, the Republican Candidate, is Badly Scratched Everywhere and Loses Home County.

BULLETIN.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—Estimates from possibly every county in the state indicate the election of Berry, democrat, for state treasurer by from 75,000 to 100,000 plurality. Official returns will probably increase the figures.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—Philadelphia has been swept by the reform movement, the city party ticket winning by a surprisingly large plurality. While returns from only six of the forty-two wards in this city had been counted up to midnight, enough is known of the result in the remaining wards to indicate the defeat of the republican local ticket by from 60,000 to 75,000 plurality.

The victory of the city party carries with it the election of William H. Berry, the democratic and reform candidate for state treasurer. J. Lee Plummer, the republican candidate for that office, was badly cut throughout the city and state and he has lost his own county, which is usually republican. The result has every appearance of a landslide for reform, not only in Philadelphia, but throughout the state.

Returns up to midnight show that the republicans carried only a few wards and these were held by narrow margins. One year ago President Roosevelt carried the city by 180,834 plurality.

None of the republican leaders had much to say on the result. Sheriff James L. Miles, chairman of the republican city committee, would not admit defeat until midnight. Asked for a statement he said:

"I have nothing to say; what's the use?"

The city party sympathizers are celebrating their victory tonight by parading the streets. As soon as the result was definitely known hundreds of them formed in line and marched down Chestnut street. An unusual turnout was that of the campaign committee of the city party, which is made up of some of the wealthiest and most influential people in the city. They marched behind a band to the tune "Onward, Christian Soldiers."

Many Small Scrimmages.

Contary to expectation there was no very serious disturbance in the city today. There were, however, many small scrimmages at polling places, especially in the more thickly settled wards where the republican organization is very strong and where the city party put up a most determined fight. The police department was at all times master of the situation and wherever trouble started it was quickly stopped. Some of these disturbances blossomed into small riots, but after the smoke had cleared away it was found that no one was seriously wounded.

Under orders of Mayor Weaver the police force was almost doubled by the swearing in of citizens, who were sent into the wards where trouble was expected. Nearly all the mounted police of the city were brought in from outlying districts and distributed in the strongholds of the republican organization. A corps of bicycle policemen were kept in reserve at the city hall. The police captains were provided with swift automobiles so that they could quickly go to any part of the city.

Police Control Situation.

Never in the history of the city were such complete arrangements made for the prevention of the casting of illegal votes. Besides the large number of watchers located at the 1,100 polling places, there were from two to six policemen stationed at each one of these places. The orders were explicit and the numerous squabbles between policemen and election officers proves that they attempted to carry them out. The patrolmen assigned to the polls carried lists of names of illegal voters. These were handed to the election officers who were warned not to permit any one to vote on the names. The policemen were also held responsible if an illegal vote was cast. Every ballot box had to be opened for the policemen's inspection before the voting began. Patrolmen were not allowed to leave the polling places and were required to remain on duty until the vote was counted. The orders of the police proved extremely irksome to some election officers, principally those affiliated with the republicans. In many cases they ordered the police away from the polling places and upon their refusal to leave took the matter to court, where the differences were patched up. The election officers also complained bitterly of police interference with legal organization voters and assert that in many cases honest voters were terrorized.

Storm Center in Fifth Ward.

The storm center of the day was in the Fifth ward, where election day seldom goes by without trouble. Today this ward, within whose boundaries stands Independence hall, was in an uproar most of the day. There was continual friction between the police and the republicans. The greatest trouble was experienced in the Eighteenth division, where not a ballot was cast until 5 o'clock in the afternoon. The election board refused to open the polling place until the men left the building. The policemen refused and the whole party was haled into court. The judges instructed the election board to return and open the polls. This they refused to do and a curbstone election was held for the selection of a new board, while several hundred people

(Continued on Second Page.)

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	43	1 p. m.	42
6 a. m.	42	2 p. m.	43
7 a. m.	42	3 p. m.	44
8 a. m.	42	4 p. m.	44
9 a. m.	43	5 p. m.	43
10 a. m.	44	6 p. m.	43
11 a. m.	43	7 p. m.	42
12 m.	43	8 p. m.	41
		9 p. m.	42

BUCKEYE STATE IN DOUBT

Leaders of Both Parties at Midnight Claim State by Safe Pluralities.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 8.—1:30 a. m.—Ohio voters yesterday chose a governor and various state officers, though at this hour it is impossible to give a positive statement of the winners. Only 440 out of over 4,200 precincts in the state have been heard from, giving Herrick 55,050 and Pattison, 53,329. In the big cities the democratic gains average 168 per precinct, while the gain outside these cities averages only thirty-four to the precinct. Estimating the remaining precincts at the same ratio Pattison will be nearly 40,000 short of overcoming the 230,000 republican plurality of last year, with which comparisons are made.

Reports of estimated county pluralities thus far received simply indicate that the result will be close with nothing definite enough to show which way the victory will fall.

At 1 o'clock Chairman Garber said that he would not give out any formal statement at this city, but that from the reports that had reached him he considered the lection of Pattison and the entire democratic ticket assured. He said he believed that Pattison's plurality would approximate 36,000, the figure he had given in his pre-election estimate. As to the legislature he said he counted on a large democratic majority in both houses.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 7.—At midnight the returns from only ninety precincts out of 240 in Cleveland had been received, the delay in the count being caused by the general scratching of ballots. In these ninety precincts Pattison, democrat, for governor, had a plurality over Herrick, republican, of 2,245.

The republican leaders concede that with the possible exception of Alexander Hadden, republican candidate for probate judge, the democrats have made a clean sweep of all city and county candidates. The Leader (ind.) says Johnson, democratic candidate for mayor, will have a plurality of 12,000.

AKRON, O., Nov. 7.—Pattison is conceded to have carried Summitt county, while the entire republican ticket is elected with the exception of Kemple, democrat, for mayor.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 7.—George B. Cox, the well-known republican leader, tonight gave to the Associated Press the following statement, withdrawing from active service with the republican party:

Now that the election is over and the people have signified the preference for city, county and state officials, and I sincerely trust they have selected wisely, I wish to announce to the public that from this day, after twenty-five years of active service in the ranks of the republican party, my personal active in politics shall cease. I shall continue to vote the republican ticket, but others must bear the burden of future campaigns. To the local republican organization and my many friends who have stood by me, I tender most grateful thanks for their unswerving loyalty and support. I hope for their future good will. Respectfully yours,

GEORGE B. COX.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 8.—At 1:30 a. m. the election board had received returns from but 38 out of 128 precincts in this city. These returns indicate that Herrick, republican candidate for governor, will have 3,000 plurality over Pattison (dem.). The returns also indicate the election of Brand Whitlock, independent candidate for mayor, by 5,000 plurality, and the election of the entire independent county and city tickets by smaller pluralities.

MARYLAND

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 7.—The election in Maryland today was for a state comptroller, legislature and county officers and in Baltimore for a judge of the supreme court, sheriff, city clerk and surveyor. The issue which engrossed popular attention was a proposed constitutional amendment, the avowed purpose of which was to disfranchise negro voters, but which aroused widespread opposition among many democratic voters. Owing to the extreme length of the ballot, the count has been slow, and at a late hour tonight the votes in some of the city precincts and remote county districts have not been counted. The returns so far received, however, make certain the defeat of the proposed constitutional amendment by a decisive majority of 20,000 or more and very probable the election of McCullough (rep.) state comptroller over Atkinson (dem.), and the election of republicans in three out of four of the city legislative districts. The republican candidates for sheriff, city clerk and city surveyor in Baltimore are also elected. Chief Justice Harlan (dem.) is re-elected by 10,000 majority. The republicans did not nominate a candidate against Judge Harlan, though there was an independent republican candidate. The political complexion of the next legislature is uncertain and will not be known until the official count has been complete.

FIRE IN NEWSPAPER PLANT

Editorial and Composing Rooms of San Francisco Chronicle Destroyed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Fire broke out at midnight in the San Francisco Chronicle building. The entire upper part of the building, in which is located the editorial rooms and composing rooms, is in flames. It is thought that all the occupants have escaped.

LETTON BY MANY THOUSAND

Republican Candidate for Judge Gets a Handsome Endorsement.

FUSIONISTS CONCEDE HASTINGS' DEFEAT

Returns from State Indicate Heavy Republican Gains Over Two Years Ago, Douglas County Leading.

Returns from Nebraska received by The Bee up to 2 o'clock this morning indicate the election of Charles B. Letton to the supreme bench by a plurality in the neighborhood of 30,000. It will hardly be less than that figure, and may be considerably above it. One of the most noteworthy changes in the state is in the vote of Douglas county, which gave Judge Sullivan two years ago a plurality of 264, and which this year, with one precinct missing, gives Judge Letton a majority of 3,718. This is a change of 4,000 votes in favor of the republican party.

Statements from Chairmen.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Returns received at the republican state headquarters indicate the election of Judge Letton and the republican candidates for regents of the university by majorities ranging from 20,000 to 30,000 votes, though at midnight Chairman Warner would not make an estimate, though claiming the election. Chairman Allen conceded republican success by 12,500.

Chairman Allen of the democratic state committee concedes the election of Letton and the republican candidates for regents. He said:

The republican state ticket will be elected by about 12,500 plurality. Our returns from this county and Douglas and from out in the state would indicate that in view of the great republican majority of a year ago I consider this a victory for the democratic party.

The democratic headquarters closed early in the game and Chairman Allen had retired by 11 o'clock. As a reason for closing he said their telephone was out of repair and it was impossible to get any service.

Judge Letton retired early after being convinced of his election. He said: "I feel very grateful to the people of Nebraska for the vote they have given me. It has been a very quiet election and a difficult matter to get the people interested. I desire to express my thanks to those who have managed my campaign."

Douglas county's vote was received here with intense interest and Judge Duffie, late candidate for the republican nomination, has been congratulated on every hand for the magnificent vote.

"I am greatly pleased with my home county," he said. "I knew Douglas county would do the right thing by this ticket. It is especially gratifying to me."

Chairman Roberts of this county estimates Lancaster county will give the republican ticket 1,900 majority, though there are still sixteen precincts to be heard from.

PARTIAL RETURNS FROM STATE

Precinct Figures with Comparisons Which Tell Results.

Following are the partial returns from Nebraska counties outside of Douglas, received and tabulated by The Bee up to 2 o'clock this morning:

	Letton.	Hastings.	Barnes.	Sullivan.
Adams, 8 of 20	655	623	689	697
Antelope, 5 of 26	388	186	392	212
Boone, 1 of 16	190	86	155	119
Box Butte, 5 of 12	416	266	414	400
Boyd, 3 of 10	261	185	287	279
Buffalo, 17 of 24	1110	630	1660	901
Burt, 16 of 17	1162	487	1328	704
Cass, 5 of 25	374	425	367	417
Clay, 5 of 19	527	416	599	537
Colfax, 6 of 14	383	395	466	556
Cuming, 8 of 19	471	541	515	573
Dawson, 15 of 23	1019	637	857	539
Dodge, 2 of 21	450	252	396	314
Fillmore, 4 of 19	352	393	362	345
Franklin, 6 of 17	360	327	376	410
Frontier, 2 of 28	189	69	170	78
Gage, 8 of 31	693	390	868	472
Hall, 3 of 30	179	180	190	184
Holt, 6 of 34	248	299	141	390
Jefferson, 13 of 18	1093	507	666	534
Johnson, 1 of 15	318	198	345	224
Kearney, 10 of 16	535	464	535	586
Lancaster, 18 of 54	1357	644	1722	1054
Madison, 10 of 22	885	533	842	638
Merrick, 8 of 12	504	315	638	437
Otoe, 21 of 23	1616	1318	1772	1437
Pawnee, 3 of 14	174	129	180	155
Phelps, 7 of 17	530	340	475	350
Polk, 3 of 11	299	274	302	283
Red Willow, 7 of 33	695	306	848	508
Richardson, 3 of 22	305	142	410	297
Saline, 8 of 22	771	781	692	616
Sarpy, 4 of 22	211	280	260	309
Saunders, 9 of 26	822	617	803	757
Sheridan, 1 of 28	98	55	90	55
Thurston, 1 of 9	127	110	129	116
Wash'gt'n, 12 of 15	845	591	937	772
Webster, 6 of 18	476	375	454	363
York, 4 of 19	392	285	410	359
287 of 1611	21250	14939	21822	18537

This is a net gain for the republicans of 3,026 over the vote of two years ago.

ADAMS—Returns from Roseland precinct give Letton 54; Hastings, 101. Two years ago Barnes 57, Sullivan 92. Blaine precinct gives Letton 28; Hastings, 56. Two years ago, Barnes, 41; Sullivan, 63.

BOONE—Beaver precinct gives Letton 190; Hastings, 86; Abbott, 196; Lyford, 173; Cole, 81; Lightner, 86. Two years ago, Barnes, 133; Sullivan, 119.

ANTELOPE—First ward, Neligh, gives Letton 115; Hastings, 38. Regents: Republican, 110; fusion, 48; Second ward, Letton, 78; Hastings, 51. Regents: Republican, 81; fusion, 48. Two years ago: Barnes, 207; Sullivan, 86.

BOX BUTTE—First and Second ward, city of Alliance, give Letton 223; Hastings, 137; regents, republican, 410; fusion, 267.

BUFFALO—Third ward of Kearney gives Letton 140; Hastings, 49; regents, republican, 133; fusion, 47. Center, Letton, 43; Hastings, 43; regents, republican, 47; fusion, 47. Two years ago Barnes 47; Sullivan, 76. Grant and Riverdale townships, Letton, 112; Hastings, 86; regents, republican, 118;

(Continued on Second Page.)

THE LOCAL WINNERS.

	Majorities
Supreme Judge—	
Charles B. Letton	3,718
University Regents—	
Frederick H. Abbott, Rep.	
Victor G. Lyford, Rep.	
Clerk—	
D. M. Haverly, Rep.	2,850
Treasurer—	
Robert O. Fink, Rep.	2,515
County Judge—	
Charles Leslie, Rep.	1,820
Surveyor—	
Herman Beal, Rep.	3,908
Sheriff—	
John W. McDonald, Rep.	459
Coroner—	
Edwin F. Brailey, Rep.	4,293
Superintendent—	
E. J. Bodwell, Rep.	11,099
Commissioners—	
Emmet G. Solomon, Rep.	1,964
William G. Ure, Rep.	3,714
Register of Deeds—	
Frank W. Bandle, Rep.	2,585
Police Judge, Omaha—	
Bryce Crawford, Rep.	1,964
Police Judge, South Omaha—	
P. J. King, Dem.	
Justices of the Peace, Omaha—	
William Alstadt, Rep.	
George C. Cockrell, Rep.	
William W. Eastman, Rep.	
C. E. Fields, Rep.	
William A. Foster, Rep.	
Eben K. Long, Rep.	
Constables, Omaha—	
G. W. Church, Rep.	
A. R. Hensel, Rep.	
Fred W. McGinnis, Rep.	
E. D. Simpson, Rep.	
Paul Stein, Rep.	
James T. Wickersham, Rep.	

THE BEE MAKES NEW RECORD

Collects and Tabulates Full Returns for Douglas County Within Three Hours.

One effect of the voting machine was to break a record. For the first time in the history of the state, perhaps, Douglas county was the first to report full returns.

Side by side with the machine was The Bee, and long before any of its contemporaries were aware of the fact that the polls had closed The Bee had out an extra, announcing the result in Douglas county. In New York, Ohio and Pennsylvania. Accompanying this extra was a table showing the full figures on the important offices of sheriff and county judge, in which the chief local interest was centered. The paper which gave up so much of its valuable space on Monday to boasting of its enterprise and ability appeared a little while after The Bee with a head line announcing that the republicans had carried Douglas county—a fact it might have announced on Monday afternoon—but did not give a figure to support its assertion.

The polls closed at 6 o'clock p. m., and at 6:25 the first precinct returns were received at The Bee office. At 7:15 the complete returns for the Fourth ward were tabulated; at 7:20 another ward was complete, and a little before 9 o'clock complete returns for Omaha and South Omaha and every country precinct save Clontarf and Elkhorn had been received and tabulated. Men who had been accustomed to patting in the greater part of the night around The Bee office, waiting for authentic figures on the result, were astonished when they were given final figures so early in the evening, and went away convinced that the voting machine and The Bee's arrangements for gathering and tabulating returns worked wonders.

Chairman Warner was notified at 9 o'clock of the result in Douglas, and shortly after replied with a congratulatory message. It is a new thing in Nebraska to have the Douglas county returns first.

MASSACHUSETTS

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Lieutenant Governor Curtis Guild, jr. of Boston, the republican candidate, was elected governor of Massachussets in the state election today by a plurality of 29,435 over General Charles W. Bartlett of, Boston, the democratic candidate.

For the second place on the ticket, for which there was an unusually warm contest, Eben S. Draper of Hopedale, the republican candidate, won over Henry M. Whitney of Brookline, his democratic opponent and the leading advocate for reciprocity, by a plurality of 3,942.

The total vote for the two leading candidates was:

Governor—Guild (rep.), 203,834; Bartlett (dem.), 174,399.

Lieutenant Governor—Draper (rep.), 184,584; Whitney (dem.), 180,592.

The republicans also elected seven of the eight members of the executive council and the usual large majority in both branches of the legislature.

The closeness of the vote for Draper and Whitney for lieutenant governor was the principal feature of the election. The democrats made gains in both branches of the legislature, three members in the senate and one in the house. The legislature of 1906 will stand as follows: Senate—Republicans, 31; democrats, 9. House—Republicans, 169; democrats, 30; independent, 1.

UTAH

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Nov. 7.—The American party, of which former United States Senator Thomas Kearns is a leader, today elected Ezra Thompson mayor, after a bitter campaign, to which the opposition to the Mormon was the sole issue. Mayor Richard P. Morris (Mormon and dem.) ran ahead of Chief of Police William J. Lynch (rep. and gentile), for whom United States Senator Reed Smoot made a personal campaign. Except some aldermen, the whole American ticket probably is elected. Returns from twenty-five of the fifty-three precincts give Thompson 3,889, Morris 2,342 and Lynch 1,304.

RESULT IN DOUGLAS

Republicans Carry County by Majorities Ranging Up to Thousands.

CLOSEST VOTE IS ON THE SHERIFF

McDonald Has Nearly Five Hundred Over Tom Flynn.

OTHER CONTESTS NOT EVEN CLOSE

Fink Runs Away from Fleming in First-Class Manner.

STATE TICKET ALONG WITH THE REST

Police Judge of South Omaha the Only Thing the Democrats Save in the Race for County Offices.

It is a clean sweep for the republican ticket in Douglas county.

Substantial majorities are given to every republican candidate from top to bottom, although McDonald for sheriff and Leslie for county judge run behind their associates.

Judge Letton's majority over Judge Hastings (fus.) is more than 3,600.

The only democrat who has saved himself seems to be Pat King, in South Omaha, who has been re-elected police judge for that city.

Some of the republican majorities, when completed, will figure up over 4,000, which is remarkable, considering the light vote.

The day was beautiful and brought out a large part of the registered vote. The total approximated in the county about 17,000.

Gibson is Satisfied.

L. C. Gibson, chairman of the republican county committee, went to his home in South Omaha as soon as he found the result certain. When asked for a statement as to the outcome, he said:

"I attribute the result to the fact the party organization was nearer harmonious than it had been for years; that the personnel of the candidates in point of excellence was far superior to the democratic candidates. Notwithstanding the county committee conducted the campaign with $1,500 less than former county committees, there was more efficient and harmonious work done. The committee will close up its affairs with money left in the treasury. I believe the ticket received the support of the party. I am much gratified at the result, as I have devoted my entire energy for the past thirty days to the work and am satisfied the committee in its entirety has rendered efficient services."

Cosgrove Claims Flynn.

At midnight Chairman Cosgrove of the democratic county committee was claiming the election of Tom Flynn as sheriff.

"Our figures indicate Mr. Flynn's election," said Chairman Cosgrove. "Up to this time there is not much difference in the vote and we have Mr. Flynn ahead on our returns. In any event, there is not a difference of 100 votes either way. While we are short two country precincts and one or two in the city, we figure McDonald will carry the latter by small majorities and the missing country precincts should favor Flynn."

Chairman Cosgrove asserted that his committee had the word of one voter, Samuel Nathan, from whom the committee rents its rooms, that he was interfered with in the casting of his ballot by a judge in the Fourth precinct of the Third ward.

"Mr. Nathan tells us a negro election official intruded himself behind the curtain and prevented him from completing his ticket as he intended. We propose to swear out a warrant for the arrest of the negro at once. We maintain and think we have the evidence to prove that there were irregularities in other precincts which will invalidate their vote."

Changes in Court House.

The result of the election will be that after January 1 all of the occupants of the court house except the clerk of the district court will be republicans. The county board is now republican with one democrat, but after the first of the year will be entirely republican. The board will be be Kennard, Trainor, Bruning, Ure and Solomon.

The offices regained and whose political complexion will be changed are county clerk, sheriff and register of deeds. These are all large offices and have more or less patronage attached.

There was no contest for the offices of members of the Omaha Board of Education and the republicans were all elected, but this does not change the political complexion of the board, as they were all republicans before. Those elected were Dr. W. H. Christie, J. O. Detweiler, David Cole, Alfred Kennedy and George D. Rice. Charles Harding was elected for the short term.

Interest in Election.

The interest in the election could not be measured by the vote, for the post-election demonstrations showed it to be intense. The telephones at Thte Bee editorial rooms were in constant use by people all over the county, mostly in the city of Omaha, wanting to know the results. These inquiries began as early as 6:30, a half hour after the polls closed, and, indeed, one came in at 5:55, but this was from a citizen of Adams county, who happened to be in Omaha and was anxious to know how things had gone out in his county.

Voting machines were used for the first time and no difficulties were experienced with them. Saloons were closed tight all day by the orders of Chief of Police Donahue and kept closed by the exercise of vigilance. No trouble was reported from any quarter. Generally it was very quiet around the polling places with not many workers or carriages in sight.

The indications during the day were that many scratched tickets were voted. This conclusion was reached from the length of time the voters remained curtained in the machines. Under ordinary circumstances straight tickets were voted in ten seconds. One man, however, scratched his ticket in seven places and yet voted in twenty-six seconds by the watch.

Attempt at Injunction.

In behalf of Charles Leslie, republican nominee for county judge, T. W. Blackburn attempted to get an injunction from Judge Troup forbidding election officers in certain precincts from operating machines for illiterate or disabled voters at their request. Judge Troup refused to issue the order, saying he saw no reason why he

DETAILED VOTE OF DOUGLAS COUNTY ON COUNTY OFFICES

WARDS.	Clerk— Haverly.	Clerk— Drexel.	Treasurer— Fink.	Treasurer— Fleming.	Judges— Leslie.	Judges— Woodrough.	Surveyor— Beal.	Surveyor— Lacy.	Sheriff— McDonald.	Sheriff— Flynn.	Coroner— Brailey.	Coroner— Borglum.	Supt— Bodwell.	Commissioners— Solomon.	Commissioners— Tracy.	Commissioners— Ure.	Commissioners— Mengedoht.	Register— Bandle.	Register— Deuel.	Police Judge— Crawford.	Police Judge— Lumbard.
First	447	465	498	410	453	453	471	436	361	547	500	416	497	462	450	476	429	464	440	466	434
Second	498	582	508	574	460	620	492	590	359	730	527	556	531	480	600	516	562	504	576	498	586
Third	653	410	669	387	600	456	661	399	506	546	688	367	704	647	406	685	373	677	383	641	414
Fourth	711	354	670	372	646	420	714	352	617	448	759	327	772	646	420	749	314	667	405	630	444
Fifth	698	481	673	518	642	529	705	470	609	568	744	426	763	647	518	732	431	564	473	699	565
Sixth	684	323	642	367	653	351	699	307	623	385	717	294	738	620	388	711	297	674	336	660	337
Seventh	622	329	572	382	585	367	701	251	614	338	687	263	708	626	327	696	253	629	320	573	379
Eighth	592	440	601	430	599	404	723	410	515	515	667	363	781	576	454	410	371	593	438	577	451
Ninth	735	391	689	429	698	423	781	340	682	439	803	319	828	728	388	783	335	691	421	524	312
Tenth	476	541	532	484	419	600	597	521	307	708	556	459	562	468	543	528	478	509	498	508	512
Eleventh	567	303	522	347	518	348	599	274	533