AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

Books Show Evidence of Incompetent Work of Some Registrars.

SOME RECORDS NOT EVEN RETURNED

City Clerk Gillin Suggests Wisdom of Registering as Precaution Against Not Being Properly Recorded First Time.

An inspection of the registration books shows that the registrars are a long ways from being competent. This, of course, does not apply to the entire board, but at least to half of the precincts. In many cases the names of voters are so poorly written that it is almost impossible to decipher them. Neglect is shown in the matter of posting the books alphabetically and also in the registrars not signing the books as should be done. Some of the registration books used at the registration of September 19 have not been returned to the city clerk and this is also true of the registration of October 19. In order to complete the copies of the registration, City Clerk Gillin will have to get out today and bring in the books that have not been turned in. The fact that the books have not been posted makes the work of copying the lists all the harder at this time.

City Clerk Gillin makes a suggestion that for all voters who do not register on October 19, but are depending on the registration of September 19, to go and register again in order to be sure that their names are properly enrolled. The primary registration books are so badly mixed and the names in many so poorly written that the clerk thinks it far better for voters to take the pains to register again than to run the chances of having any trouble on election day.

"If voters will only take an interest in this matter and see that they are properly registered," said Clerk Gillin, "there will be but little trouble and confusion on election day."

Those City Hall Bonds.

An effort is still being made in official circles to dispose of the $70,000 bonds voted for city hall purposes. The bonds were sold when first offered to W. J. Hayes & Sons of Cleveland, but on account of litigation this firm declined to have anything to do with the issue until the case is finally disposed of in the supreme court. The fact that an appeal to the supreme court has been taken does not in the least deter some of the city officials from hunting around for a purchaser. So far no bond buyer has been found who is willing to run the risk of the supreme court declaring the issue void. If for no other reason this issue of bonds can be thrown out, for the election was not legal. In voting on these bonds the vote cast in the First precinct of the Fifth ward could be thrown out on account of the election booth in this district being located west of the Union Pacific tracks instead of east of the tracks, as provided in an ordinance passed prior to the election. It does not look very encouraging for those who are endeavoring to sell these bonds, surrounded as they are with all kinds of legal complications.

No Council Meeting Tonight.

For the first time in a number of months there is nothing of importance before the city council, and there will be no meeting tonight. Matters are running along smoothly and there is not a single ordinance on first, second or third reading to be brought up at this time. A week from tonight there will be a sale of $70,000 general indebtedness refunding bonds. A large number of eastern bond buyers are making inquiries regarding this issue and the prospects for some spirited bidding is good. This issue of bonds is to be refunded in order to reduce the interest, the bonds are now bearing 6 per cent, but will be refunded for 4½ per cent.

Driving Over Sidewalks.

Within the last few weeks quite a number of teamsters have been arrested for violating city ordinances by driving over brick or cement sidewalks. An ordinance prohibiting driving over permanent walks was passed some time ago in order to protect property owners who had gone to the expense of having good substantial walks laid. In nearly every instance those arrested for driving over walks have been fined by Police Judge King. Two or three cases of this kind are now pending in police court and will come up for trial this week.

Registration Figures.

In the copying of the registration books for the registration of September 19 and October 19, the city clerk has found that very close to 2,000 voters registered. Of the total number registered in the two days the republicans make a big showing as compared with the democrats. Fully 60 percent of the 2,000 registered give their party affiliation as republican. Politicians state that this indicates that the republicans are steadily gaining ground in South Omaha and that the day of democratic majorities is past.

Labor Still Scarce.

The demand for labor continues and even with an advance in the wage paid it is difficult to get men to work. The Nebraska Telephone company is making an effort to get its conduits laid before cold weather comes, and finds it hard to secure laborers. This company has been advertising for fifty men for several days, but only a few have been secured. At the packing houses there is still a demand for good workers. There is so much railroad construction work going on now that a large number of laborers who formerly resided in South Omaha have gone out to work on the railroads as the pay is good and the work not so very hard. Artisans are also scarce. There is a demand for carpenters and bricklayers and the supply is not anywhere equal to the demand.

Magic City Gossip.

William Kiddoo and wife of LaPlatte, Mo., are visiting their son, H. G. Kiddoo.

Mrs. A. B. Young of Joliet, Ill., is here visiting her daughter, Mrs. George H. Brewer.

A second policy for $3,000 has been taken out on the voting machines, making a total insurance of $6,000 on the eight machines.

Claude Scott, 10 years of age, ran away from his home, Thirty-first and Madison streets Saturday and the Police are looking for him.

The funeral of Frank Landon, Twenty-sixth and O streets, will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon, interment at St. Mary's cemetery.

William Reed, colored, was buried at Laurel Hill cemetery Sunday afternoon. Funeral services were held at the African Methodist Episcopal church.

The case of assault against Miss Esther Johnson, one of the teachers at the West Side school, has been continued for two weeks. This teacher is charged with severely whipping Bessie McMahon, 10 years of age.

PITTSBURGH

FORT PITT HOTEL

¶A new, strictly modern, absolutely fireproof hotel, within two blocks of the Union Station and five minutes of the center of the wholesale or retail business and theatrical district.

¶Spacious and beautiful lobby and public rooms.

¶Furnishment and decorations elegant and in good taste.

¶Hot and cold running water in all sleeping rooms.

¶Telephone in all rooms.

¶82 rooms at $1.00 per day.

¶Over 300 rooms from $1.50 to $5.00 per day.

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Restaurant, Palm Room
Private Dining Rooms
Men's Cafe

¶Good foods, carefully prepared and served, at moderate prices.

Penn Ave. and 10th St.

Pittsburgh, Pa.

C. A. BLANCHARD, Manager

STRUCK ON HEAD WITH BRICK

Frank Geiser Meets with Accident as He is Leaving the Krug Theater.

As Frank Geiser was leaving the gallery entrance of the Krug theater last night he was hit on the head by a brick. The brick fell from the eaves of the building and landed with great force on the right side of his head. The fact that he wore a stiff hat probably saved him from a much more serious injury. As it was, the brick cut an ugly, ragged gash in his head, just back and above the temple. He was taken to the police station, where the surgeons dressed his wound. It required six stitches to close the cut in his scalp.

Detectives were on the ground at the time and took the case in hand at once. At the left of the gallery door at the top of the stairs there is a door leading out on the roof of the saloon adjoining, and along the roof of the theater proper there is a waterspout, a kind of trough or chute, which has a rather steep pitch to the eaves overlooking the street. The detectives think that some careless or malicious boy or man slipped out through this door and put a brick in that chute and let it slide. That is the only reasonable theory. There was no sign of loose brick on the wall nor mark of any lying where it could fall off.

Geiser was able to go home after his wound was cared for at the police station. He lives at Sixteenth and California streets.

Dispossessed.

A tenant which is quickly dispossessed by Dr. King's New Discovery is a cough or cold. 50 cents and $1. For sale by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co.

Announcements of the Theaters.

On Wednesday evening May Irwin will make her second bow of the season at the Boyd. When she was here in August the weather was anything but propitious, and Miss Irwin is really anxious to show Omaha people how good she can be if she only gets a chance. So she is coming back to play "Mrs. Black is Back," and if she is greeted by as fine an audience as heard her last fall the opening night will surely be a swell one. "Mrs. Black is Back" is the nondescriptive title of as funny a bunch of fun as was ever put together for the use of a clever actress, and Miss Irwin and her company know how to get all the fun in its lines and situations before the audience. The engagement includes a special matinee on Thursday and closes on Thursday night.

OMAHA MEN AND THEIR HOBBIES

DR. A. B. SOMERS—Taking 'Em to the Orphanage Fair.

QUEEN WOULD HELP FINLAND

Dowager Empress of Russia Tried to Save Privileges of Grand Duchy.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 22.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The Dannebrog publishes a long and sensational article signed "A Finn Who Fought and Suffered for the Rights of His Country," warmly praising the Empress Alexandra for her efforts on behalf of the freedom of Finland, and giving a long account of the intrigues which her majesty encountered in the course of her labors for the sake of the grand duchy. The writer declares that it is a great mistake to believe that last year's policy was carried out with the consent of Empress Alexandra. She was always against the policy of M. de Plehve and General Bobrikoff. Since January, 1901, the empress "has not left any means untried nor spared herself any hardship" to rescue a country so near to her heart. The writer says that he had opportunities of witnessing events at close quarters and for the sake of history will tell only the truth. When the Empress Alexandra saw that General Bobrikoff brutalized Finland and compromised Russian internal policy, she did all in her power to secure the appointment of the liberal Prince Sviatopolk-Mirsky as governor general. He was willing to accept the post. When General Bobrikoff, however, became aware of this he succeeded in persuading the imperial senate of Finland, through the secretary of state, M. G. Linder, to declare in spite of the unanimous feeling in the Landdag and the country that General Bobrikoff proved victorious. He and M. de Plehve, with the greatest audacity, assured the czar that the Finns greeted the new law with the deepest thankfulness. The truth was that never was any law hated like this one, which, furthermore, was a violation of the constitution of Finland. The young Finns therefore in great numbers refused to place their names upon the army lists and did not meet at the enrollment stations. Largely signed addresses and petitions were sent to St. Petersburg.

The Empress Alexandra was filled with indignation and tried to get the new conscription law abolished. She requested a Finn who occupied a very high position to seek an audience of her son, the czar, and tell him the whole truth. After this there seemed for a short time good chance of a favorable solution. M. de Plehve and General Bobrikoff, however, again sent a so-called deputation from the Finnish government to the czar, assuring him that in reality a very small clique was against the conscription law. For more than a year the Empress Alexandra, by means of her personal influence, succeeded in preventing General Bobrikoff from receiving his power as a dictator, and after they had been published she did all in her power to neutralize the worst abuses.

In leading circles here the statements of the writer in the Dannebrog have long been known to be true, and it was often regretted that general opinion identified the views of the Empress Alexandra with those of the strictest reactionaries, it being declared that she was the only one of King Christian's children who had not attained real popularity in the country in which she lived. Nevertheless, suprise is felt that the Dannebrog, the proprietor of which is M. Alberti, the minister of justice and perhaps the most influential member of the cabinet, should publish such an article at the present time.

MEXICO IS SHORT ON WHEAT

Duty on American Grain is Likely to Be Removed as a Result.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 22.—The shortness of the wheat crop is greater than was estimated a few weeks ago, and millers are looking for the entire removal of the duty on American and Canadian wheat by the first of next year. The city bakers have reduced the size of their loaves, asserting that it is impossible to give the same weight as formerly. There are some stocks of wheat in the hands of large farmers here, but not sufficient to bring down the price, which is steadily rising.

The price of corn is also rising, the advance being over 50 per cent as compared with the prices of August. This causes hardship among the poor. There is a possibility of the duty on corn being abated.

Coopers Get More Wages.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 22.—A joint conference between employing coopers of several states and representatives of the Coopers' International union closed today. As a result of the deliberations the employers granted a slight increase in wages and fixed a working agreement.

BANQUET HALL 10¢ CIGARS

A soft, silky, satisfying smoke, without that tangy taste. Imported brands as good cost twice as much. Ask you tobacconist.

TOGO REPORTS TO EMPEROR

Japanese Admiral Given Great Ovation in Nation's Capital.

POPULACE TURNS OUT TO GREET HIM

Emperor Receives His Formal Report and Commends Him in Highest Terms for His Accomplishments.

TOKIO, Oct. 22.—Today was made memorable in the annals of Japan by the public entry of Admiral Togo, who came to report to the emperor the return of his fleet from the war. The distinguished naval officer arrived at the Shimbashi station at 10:30 a. m. He was met by ministers of state, generals, admirals, members of the diplomatic corps and hundreds of officials and private citizens who extended him a warm welcome to the capital. He was accompanied by his staff and Admirals Kaataokaa, Kamimura and Dewa, together with their respective staffs. The party entered five imperial carriages placed at their disposal and led by his majesty's aide, Admiral Inouye, drove to the palace, reaching there at 11 o'clock, when they were received in audience by the emperor.

Admiral Togo's carriage, escorted by a bodyguard of troopers, passed under a triumphal arch in front of the railway station. The streets were lined with an admiring crowd who shouted banzais as the party passed along. The ring of the enthusiastic cheers mingled with the noise of the bands was audible for a great distance.

General Sakuma detailed three battalions of honor. The battalions were composed of men from the Tokio garrison and were under command of Major General Togo. Four guns located at Hibiya park fired salutes.

The day was a beautiful one and all Tokio was out, irrespective of age, to welcome the victor of the battle of the sea of Japan.

Admiral Togo, after his audience with the emperor, returned to his ship. In receiving Admiral Togo's report the emperor warmly praised the service rendered by him, his officers and men.

NEW BARITONE DISCOVERED

Mosaic Worker of London Without Training Will Be Introduced to Public.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—The story of the manner in which Mr. Oscar Hammerstein, the New York manager, succeeded in finding a singer with a wonderful voice at Coney island during the season last summer has reached London, and ever since the English managers have been on the lookout for persons of similar promise. Mr. Albert Gilmer, the manager of the Oxford music hall, has in this way discovered what he believes to be a new Italian baritone of great promise. The new baritone introduced himself in a curious way. At the present time the entrance to the Oxford is being relaid with mosaic work, a number of Italians being employed on the job. During their dinner hour two of the men waited upon Mr. Gilmer. One of them who could speak English introduced his mate, G. D'Amato, who, he urged, was a singer of beautiful songs, and suggested that Mr. Gilmer should submit to being serenaded by the ambitious mosaic worker.

"I took him on the stage," said Mr. Gilmer in explaining the matter, "and he sat down at the piano and fairly astonished me with a beautiful light baritone voice. I was all the more surprised as the man's work is almost that of a navvy. When I saw the condition of his hands I thought it was absolutely impossible for a man of this kind to sit down at a piano and so ably accompany himself. I certainly mean to give the man a chance to show what he can do."

D'Amato sang an Italian air and selections from "Pagliacci." He keeps right on laying mosaic and is particularly modest with reference to his vocal powers. It was mainly due to the persuasion of his mates that he brought himself to the notice of Mr. Gilmer.

"I have had no training whatever," said D'Amato, "and I have never sung in public except at small smoking concerts among my fellow workmen."

COOLIES CAUSING TROUBLE

Boers Receive Rifles to Protect Themselves from Chinese Who Leave Mines.

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 22. — (Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—A gang of thirty Chinese at the VanRyn mine, where there have already been five disturbances, struck work and attacked the whites underground. A white man pulled the signal cord and the police galloping up descended the shaft and saved the whites. The ringleaders were arrested. But this phase of attacks underground renders the situation very disquieting.

A large opium trade has sprung up on the Reef. The government has introduced a bill putting drastic restrictions on the illicit importation of opium, the penalty being $2,500.

The farmers in Natal are complaining of Chinese stragglers. Over 1,000 rifles have been issued to the Boer farmers in the Transvaal to afford a means of protection against the wandering Chinese.

ROSEBERY FEARS REPORTERS

Liberal Leader Would Like to Visit United States But for Interviewers.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—It is said that Lord Rosebery is very anxious to visit the United States, but he is afraid of the interviewers.

This report does not appear as absurd to those who know Lord Rosebery as to those who do not know him at all. He is one of the most sensitive of statesmen, and his attitude toward the press has always been very guarded and conservative. One newspaper has even gone so far as to assert that if he could have his own way there would be only one kind of a newspaper published and that one would contain nothing but what was agreeable to Lord Rosebery.

M. Witte, coming from reactionary Russia, says that he got on pretty well with the American interviewer, but M. Witte is a progressive democrat when compared with Rosebery.

Brings Relics of Paul Jones.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—C. A. Herreschoff Bartlett of New York, is a passenger on the French line steamer La Lorraine which sailed from Havre yesterday. He is conveying to the United States a number of relics of Admiral John Paul Jones, including the admiral's sword and pistol, a lock of his hair, a miniature of him and his commission in the United States navy, bearing his signature.

The Bee Want Ads are the Best Business Boosters.

Miners Return to Work.

HAZELTON, Oct. 22.—The miners of G. B. Markle & Co., who struck last week, decided today to return to work tomorrow morning. The driver boy who was the cause of the trouble, must remain idle until the question of his wages is decided by the conciliation board, which the men and the company have agreed shall settle the issue.

SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE
For NOVEMBER

Another Article by
Mr. ROOSEVELT

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Price $3.00 a Year. NOW IS TIME TO SUBSCRIBE 25c. a Number.

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS - - NEW YORK

SUPREME COURT SYLLABI

13663. Turley against State. Error, Hall. Affirmed. Sedgwick, J.

1. The objection that a juror is disqualified because of having been convicted of a felony may be waived. A party who does not inquire in regard to the matter on the voir dire examination of the juror, nor object to the juror on that ground until after the trial, will be held to have waived the objection.

2. Upon trial of an information for murder and a plea of self-defense, it is competent to show that the deceased was at the time in the lawful and peaceable possession of the premises where the homicide occurred; and for that purpose it is not error to allow, under proper instructions from the court, the introduction in evidence of a written lease conveying to the deceased the right of possession.

3. Matters of common observation and matters upon which jurymen are as capable of forming an opinion as are physicians and surgeons are not matters for expert medical testimony. But it is not necessarily reversible error to allow a witness to testify to a truism with which all intelligent men are presumed to be acquainted, nor is it in all cases reversible error to allow a witness over objection to testify to a proposition of law or a fact of science or nature which is a matter of common knowledge.

4. It is not error to instruct the jury in a trial for murder that: "When competent evidence has been introduced tending to prove that the defendant acted in self-defense it is incumbent upon the state to prove to you beyond a reasonable doubt that he did not so act."

5. One who is violently assaulted may use such means for self-protection from the assault as would appear to an ordinarily reasonable and prudent man similarly situated to be necessary under the circumstances. An instruction which tells the jury that if under such circumstances he uses "sound reason" in determining what is necessary for self-protection it is all that is required of him is inaccurate, but is not erroneous, requiring a reversal of the judgment, if it is coupled with another instruction which tells the jury that there must be an acquittal if under such circumstances the defendant had reasonable ground to believe and did believe that there was a design to take his life or to do him great bodily harm.

6. In a trial for murder with evidence of self-defense, when it appears that the accused was a trespasser or was otherwise violating the law at the time of the homicide, and there is evidence tending to show that the killing was done in justifiable self-protection from a vicious and dangerous assault by the deceased, it is error to instruct the jury that "when a man without fault, in the lawful pursuit of his duties, is attacked" he may defend himself against such attack. A trespasser may defend himself against an unlawful and dangerous assault. But the whole charge upon this subject must be construed together, and if in one instruction the jury, without such qualification, is plainly told that "where from the nature of the attack there is reasonable ground to believe that there is a design to take his life or to do him great bodily harm, and the party attacked does so believe, then the shooting of the assailant under such circumstances will be excusable or justifiable," it is not reversible error to tell the jury in another instruction that the defendant will under such circumstances also be justifiable if he is himself without fault, and in the lawful pursuit of his duties.

7. Although it appears that the deceased was at the time of the homicide guilty of a technical assault upon the accused, it would not be lawful to use more force than necessary for self-protection from that assault. And if the jury should find that the accused was a trespasser at the time it would be his duty to retire from his assailant if by so doing he could avoid all danger from the assault. To kill the assailant under such circumstances would not be justifiable. A request to instruct that "the law does not require the defendant to flee from his assailant" was properly refused as misleading.

8. It is not error to refuse a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence if the proposed evidence might with reasonable diligence have been produced upon the trial or is cumulative.

13788. Riff against Garvey. Error from Cedar. Affirmed. Letton, C. Division No. 1.

1. One who consents to the uncovering of a portion of the roof upon a building belonging to him to allow one of its walls, which is a party wall, to be built higher cannot recover from his co-owner for damages from leakage unless he proves that the injury resulted from the negligence of the defendant. Urlau against Ruhe. Appeal from Douglas. Motion for rehearing overruled. Per curiam.

13788. First State bank of Overton against Stephens Bros. Error from Dawson. Affirmed. Jackson, C. Division No. 2.

Where a party gives a reason for his decision and conduct touching anything involved in a controversy, he is estopped after litigation has begun from changing his ground and putting his conduct on another and different consideration.

13874. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company against Mitchell. Error from Richardson. Affirmed. Oldham, C. Division No. 1.

1. Petition examined and held to definitely state a good cause of action.

2. Evidence examined and held sufficient to support the judgment of the trial court.

3. Where an injury to the crops and lands of one is caused by the negligent construction of a railway embankment, which arrested and held upon said lands the flood waters of a natural stream, such party's cause of action accrues at the date of the injury and not at the date of the negligent construction of the improvement. Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railway company against Oliver Emmert, 53 Neb., 237, followed and approved.

4. Instructions examined and approved.

5. Action of the trial court in admission of evidence examined and held, not prejudicial.

13877. Arnout against Chadwick. Appeal, Douglas. Reversed and remanded. Jackson, C. Albert, C., not sitting. Division No. 2.

1. To justify a trial court in setting aside a decree rendered at a former term on the ground of fraud it is not necessary that actual fraud should be found. It is sufficient if facts and circumstances are proven from which constructive fraud can be inferred if by reason of such facts and circumstances the party seeking to avoid the decree was induced to make no appearance in the cause in which the decree was rendered.

2. Evidence examined and held sufficient to justify the district court in vacating a former decree of that court.

13892. Baker against McDonald. Error, Dodge. Reversed and remanded. Duffie, C. Division No. 2.

1. The general rule is that when the terms of sale of personal property have been agreed on and the bargain is struck, and everything the seller has to do with the goods is complete, the contract of sale becomes absolute as between the parties without actual payment or delivery, and the property and the risk of accident to the goods vest in the buyer.

2. Where the time of payment is not fixed by the contract of sale the law presumes a cash sale, and, while title may have passed to the buyer, he is not entitled to possession until the full purchase price has been paid or tendered.

3. Where the amount to be paid is to be determined by measurement of the property to be made by the parties a measurement which is grossly unfair, as the result of fraud or mistake, is not binding, and a tender based thereon does not entitle the purchaser to possession.

4. Where the property has been set apart and identified and title vested in the purchaser who has paid part of the purchase price, but because of fraud or mistake in the measurement his tender of the balance due is not sufficient in amount, the seller may recover possession of the property from the purchaser by an action in replevin on the ground of special ownership and right of possession, but he cannot maintain such action under the claim of absolute ownership without rescinding the contract of sale and tendering back the amount paid.

13910. City of Lexington against Fleharty. Error from Dawson. Affirmed. Jackson, C. Division No. 2.

1. A declaration to be a part of the res gestae need not necessarily be coincident in point of time with the main fact proved; it is enough that the two are so clearly connected that the declaration can be said to be a spontaneous expression of the fact or condition.

2. Instructions examined and held to have fairly stated the law applicable to the case, and the evidence examined and found to have justified the submission of the case to the jury.

13885. Lexington bank against Phoenix Insurance company. Error from Dawson. Affirmed. Ames, C. Division No. 1.

In the absence of evidence an agent for collection who cancels the obligation of the debtor, is presumed to have done so in consideration of the face amount of the claim.

Arrested for Murder.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 22.—Oliver Wright, a laborer, aged 35, has been arrested pending investigation of his alleged connection with the murder of George H. Jenkins, a civil war veteran, on Penn street in this city on September 27. Jenkins was chopped to death with a hatchet. He was separated from his wife and Wright boarded with her.

Attempts to Burn Town.

RIDGEWAY, Pa., Oct. 22.—Fire originated simultaneously in three parts of the borough last night, destroying the buildings in which it started. The opera house, the finest in this section, was burned, the loss on the building amounting to $60,000, on which there is an insurance of $14,000. Two barns were also destroyed, in one of which was a horse and vehicles belonging to a local maker. There is unmistakable evidence of incendiarism. Reports of supposed housebreakings resulted in the calling out of the militia. No arrests have been made.

University Professor Kills Self.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 22.—Prof. Sylvester Dwight Judd, aged 35 years, formerly an assistant professor of biology at Georgetown university, was found early this morning hanging by a rope from a rafter in the garret of his home on the old Frederick road, he having committed suicide. About a year ago Prof. Judd, owing to mental trouble, lost his government position. He was sent to an asylum, where after having been treated for melancholia and homicidal mania for about ten months he appeared much improved and was discharged about two weeks ago. That he had contemplated suicide was known. Prof. Judd was the son of the late Rev. Charles Dwight Judd of Hartford, Conn.

Increase Not Enough.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 22.—The Fall River Textile council, representing the organized cotton mill operatives of the city, today decided to reject the offer made by the Manufacturers' association last week to advance wages 5 per cent and introduce a profit-sharing plan. The council had requested the restoration of the reduction of 12½ per cent which went into effect July 25, 1908. No immediate trouble in the mills is anticipated as the result of the disagreement and it is probable that further negotiations will be conducted during the coming week.

Earthquake in Vermont.

NEWPORT, Vt., Oct. 22.—The heaviest earthquake ever felt in this section occurred early today. The vibration of the earth shook houses, smashed crockery and caused considerable alarm. There was only one shock, which lasted for a few seconds. It was accompanied by a sound like a distant explosion.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

William McKinley lodge gave its first dancing program party of the season last night at Metropolitan hall. A program of sixteen dances was enjoyed by about 150 couples. Heyn's orchestra furnished the music. The committee on arrangements was H. Wolf, Martin L. Sugarman, J. Slosburg and C. Nathan.

Detectives Ferris and Dunn arrested Paul Husser and P. Y. Hite yesterday afternoon, suspected as the parties who entered Francis Behan's saloon, 123 North Fifteenth street, last Saturday night. The burglars secured $10 in cash, all the cigars they could carry conveniently, and a pint bottle of whisky.

A TRAINED NURSE

After Years of Experience, Advises Women in Regard to Their Health.

Mrs. Martha Pohlman of 55 Chester Avenue, Newark, N. J., who is a graduate Nurse from the Blockley Training School, at Philadelphia, and for six years Chief Clinic Nurse at the Philadelphia Hospital, writes the letter printed below. She has the advantage of personal experience, besides her professional education, and what she has to say may be absolutely relied upon.

Many other women are afflicted as she was. They can regain health in the same way. It is prudent to heed such advice from such a source.

Mrs. Pohlman writes:

"I am firmly persuaded, after eight years of experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that it is the safest and best medicine for any suffering woman to use.

"Immediately after my marriage I found that my health began to fail me. I became weak and pale, with severe bearing-down pains, fearful backaches and frequent dizzy spells. The doctors prescribed for me, yet I did not improve. I would bloat after eating and frequently become nauseated. I had an acrid discharge and pains down through my limbs so I could hardly walk. It was as bad a case of female trouble as I have ever known. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, however, cured me within four months. Since that time I have had occasion to recommend it to a number of patients suffering from all forms of female difficulties, and I find that while it is considered unprofessional to recommend a patent medicine, I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I have found that it cures female ills, where all other medicine fails. It is a grand medicine for sick women."

Money cannot buy such testimony as this—merit alone can produce such results, and the ablest specialists now agree that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most universally successful remedy for all female diseases known to medicine.

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache bloating (or flatulence), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues and hopelessness, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles.

The needless suffering of women from diseases peculiar to their sex is terrible to see. The money which they pay to doctors who do not help them is an enormous waste. The pain is cured and the money is saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Experience has proved this.

It is well for women who are ill to write Mrs Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. In her great experience, which covers many years, she has probably had to deal with dozens of cases just like yours. Her advice is free and confidential.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail