

FOR FEDERAL QUARANTINE. Early in November a conference will be held at Chattanooga, one of the matters to be considered being that of federal quarantine.

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WHEN OUT OF TOWN. Subscribers leaving the city temporarily should have The Bee mailed to them.

For the next few days all roads lead to the King's Highway.

Engineers on the Suez canal can now testify to the fact that "there's a hole in the bottom of the sea."

In demanding of its teachers that they agree not to marry for five years Chicago is not giving enthusiastic support to the movement against race suicide.

President Roosevelt starts to Washington today. Press correspondents will immediately resume their wonted activities.

The proposition to transplant the Woodmen of the World headquarters to Council Bluffs is viewed from the top of the Union Pacific bridge as an emotional bluff.

Former Captain Carter's actions on the witness stand show that a brilliant strategist was lost to the United States army when he took the road that led to the penitentiary.

Nebraska is patiently waiting for the Philadelphia syndicate that controls the patent for converting cornstalks into wall paper, wrapping paper, waterproof cloth and confetti to make good.

The decline in customs receipts at Manila may only mean that Filipinos are beginning to produce more of their supplies at home—something not necessarily calculated to cause alarm.

Judge Vinsonhaler's anxiety to return to active law practice is not half as great as his anxiety to dictate his own successor in office.

In announcing her intention to make her visit to Japan strictly private Miss Roosevelt evidently wants to see something of the country without having it first officially prepared for inspection.

Whatever may be thought of the acceptance of tainted money for educational and benevolent institutions, the first annual report of the Carnegie library of South Omaha shows that it is a phenomenal success.

It is "up to" the Bengalee to prove themselves more powerful in their boycott than the Chinese. But with all of its "commercialism" Great Britain generally carries out its colonial policy, regardless of native protest.

Negro suffrage is to be the sole political issue of Maryland democrats this year. Sympathy for the "little brown brother across the sea" will probably not be a salient point of the Maryland democratic platform this time.

The testimony of Jacob H. Schiff shows that even at the height of the excitement of speculation there was at least one man in New York who could not see his way clear to act as agent for both buyer and seller in stock deals.

In drawing a comparison between railroads and other highways Richard Olney evidently forgets that under the alleged founder of democracy the government superintended the construction of a post road—a common highway—across the Allegheny mountains.

The Iowa idea as expounded by Leslie M. Shaw is that the American people need a more elastic currency, but, to a man up a tree, it would seem that a currency that has expanded by more than \$200,000,000 within the last five years is more elastic than an India rubber suspender.

petual control of their own party, and through it of the state government—"a control to be used in the future, as it has been in the past, for their own selfish ambition and fraudulent aims and purposes, without regard to the fair fame or vital interests of the state."

One of the promoters in the south of the movement for national quarantine says that it alone can solve the big problem of keeping out of the southern ports the yellow fever until the public at large shall have destroyed the fever infection-carrying mosquito and thus remove all danger of an epidemic.

Within a quarter of a century private residence parks have been established in a number of American cities, notably in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and St. Louis, and it is to be hoped that in the no very distant future Omaha will emulate their example.

Proceedings have been instituted against a number of persons in New York charged with violating the law prohibiting the importation of contract labor.

Aggravated by the change of surroundings, the prosperous citizen abandoned his beautiful home, selling it at a great sacrifice.

By that time the private street was hemmed in on all sides and the aristocratic home builder was in despair. Then came the solution of the matter in the shape of a great private residence park, with its elegant homes, surrounded by lawns, trees and artificial lakes that are forever dedicated to the joint use of the home owners within the limits.

Our amiable contemporary, the Fremont Tribune, never opens its mouth about Douglas county politics without putting its foot in it. In its anxiety to butt in, it accuses The Bee of choking at a gnat and swallowing a camel in refusing to support Charles Leslie for county judge on the ground that Leslie is not qualified for the bench as a practicing lawyer and supporting Jules Lombard, who is less qualified.

The law against alien labor contracts should be rigidly enforced. It is as necessary now as when it was enacted. It was demanded by the fact that thousands of laborers were constantly brought into the country under contracts that practically made slaves of them.

The Maryland Campaign. The democrats of Maryland have unqualifiedly declared that the only issue in this year's campaign is that of negro suffrage. They are fighting for an amendment to the constitution that would disfranchise practically every colored voter in the state, expecting thereby to indefinitely perpetuate democratic control.

We are gratified to announce that the public lighting companies have come to the rescue of Omaha with an offer to relieve it from the menace of total darkness by the prepayment of their royalties. This generous tender is a most sagacious inspiration, as it will enable the public lighting companies to absorb the royalties before New Year.

A prominent New York capitalist testifies that directors of large corporations have little or no control over the executive officers. This is not announced when a new company is being formed with a long list of directors, whose names are placed on the rolls to inspire

the confidence of the public, but it is doubtless true, nevertheless. Clear and to the Point. Whatever may be thought of Mr. Stickey's views, it cannot be fairly said that he does not state them frankly and clearly.

Acting on the assumption that Americans want honest life insurance, several of the British companies are said to be making plans for a more active campaign than they have ever before waged on this side of the Atlantic.

The president has moved to his country's prestige and power among the nations than any of his predecessors. He has made the name American as proud a title to the person who bears it as the name Roman was to the dweller on the Tiber in the days of the republic.

The interesting statement made in the United States circuit court at Chicago the other day by A. B. Stockey, president of the Chicago Great Western Railroad company, that the railroads are at the mercy of the packers, who save the railroads from bankruptcy if they wanted their business they must haul meat to the packers' pens, naturally suggests the query: What would have happened had the railroads made the reply to the packers which they made without hesitation to the small shipper?

According to United States Consul Mahony, the English city of Nottingham has made a net profit of \$200,000 in ten years from its underground wire conductors and \$108,181 of that sum was paid into the city treasury for the reduction of local taxation.

In his little talks to the people—as he might call them—John D. Rockefeller has said a good many interesting and valuable things: nothing ranking higher in his opinion than that in which he said, speaking to young men—more generally speaks to young men—of a good fellow.

Germany, declares a European paper, needs larger battleships. It says the Russo-Japanese war has shown that, with the help of telescopic sights, it is possible to fire with success at a distance of 6,000 yards (6,000 metres) or more.

The Russian newspapers, enjoying the temporary relaxation of the censorship, are full of stories of the maladministration which is directly responsible for the recent failure in the neighborhood of Baku. They say that the Tartars have been oppressed in every way, but chiefly by arbitrary dispossession.

In one of his plays Bernard Shaw pictures hell as a place where everyone is a "good fellow." Every want and wish is gratified; more than, "no sooner said than done." It is, no sooner wished than consummated. The result is "hell" indeed.

Now Mr. Rockefeller's warning against being a "good fellow" cuts to the very core of all this; touches the mainspring and vital principle of all life. Being a "good fellow" is simply the envelope of circumstances that surrounds everyone in his daily relation to the world of little things—which means life.

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OTHER LANDS THAN OURS. The agitation in Germany caused by the high prices and the diminished supply of butchers' meat, due to the closing of the frontiers against importation, is assuming national proportions and is winning the support of great municipalities, such as Berlin and Cologne.

A Russian colonel of artillery stationed in Tashkent declared recently that the announcement of Lord Curzon's retirement from the Indian viceroyalty must have been welcome news to the Russian political and military staffs in central Asia, and no less gratifying, he was convinced, to the Asiatic department of the Foreign office at St. Petersburg.

The Hungarian crisis and the Hohenzollern is the title of an extreme Pan-Germanist tract that has just been published in Berlin. The anonymous author argues that Hungary can never be a really flourishing and independent state until it has shaken off the Hapsburgs and installed a Hohenzollern prince as king of Hungary.

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SENATE THE WHOLE THING. Problem of Rate Regulation Must Be Solved There. Representative Tawney of Minnesota, one of the leading young Republicans of the house of representatives, while in Washington a few days ago expressed the opinion that the next congress must pass a railroad rate legislation bill.

Mr. Tawney's statement, taken in connection with the announcement of Senator Dooliver of Iowa, that there will be an honest effort made to pass such a bill as President Roosevelt wants outlines a promising program. Senator Elkins, the chairman of the interstate commerce committee, has called a meeting of that committee for November 15, at which meeting the bill will be drafted.

This program practically excludes the house of representatives from all part in the making of the law, although under the constitution it is co-ordinate in legislation with the senate.

It is a simple program and saves the house much time and trouble.

One More Invention Needed to Blease the Way. Chicago Chronicle. Anyone who has caught a whiff of the "exhaust" from the gasoline motor of an automobile will have strong prejudices against the use of oil as fuel unless some method of perfect combustion can be devised to do away with the odor.

When that shall have been done the field for oil fuel will be practically limitless. When crude oil can be burned in ordinary domestic furnaces, in kitchen stoves, in heaters and beneath steam boilers in manufacturing plants with the same freedom from dirt and odor as is possible with anthracite coal, the oil fields of Kansas and Indian territory will rival, if they do not surpass, the hard coal region of eastern Pennsylvania as the source of national fuel.

In the middle west the advantages of oil over coal in price, compactness and ease of transportation will quickly give the liquid fuel an advantage over the solid. It is easy to say that if oil were as cleanly and easily handled as hard coal half the steam plants of Chicago would be burning it within six months and the other half would be making arrangements to put it in the matter of relative expense alone would justify the change.

The whole thing hinges upon the invention of a practicable device for perfecting the combustion of the oil. Smoke and fumes must be eliminated from the proposition. When that is accomplished an oil war will once more become a synonym for riches that it was when "Coal Oil Johnny" Steele was giving diamonds to bootblacks and when the figure of the day was the man who had "struck it."

Hard Job to Hold. Chicago Record-Herald. The young man who took about \$50,000 out of the state treasury of Indiana was known among his friends as a good fellow. The "good fellow" reputation is a hard thing to live up to.

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Underwear from \$1 a garment up. Overcoats, \$15 to \$35. Every requisite for evening dress.

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POLITICAL DRIFT. Senator Forsaker makes the Welkin ring with a locomotive bell. Fla. Ind., a town of 100 people, pays its mayor \$20 a year and expects him to work overtime.

Some Pennsylvania bankers are resenting the double touch of Senator Penrose. The plum tree has been shaken to a standstill. President Roosevelt's admirers in New York City are agitating the question of naming a prominent thoroughfare after the chief magistrate.

Events in New York City indicate that the state insurance commissioners did not learn enough about life insurance methods to cause headaches.

Senator La Follette is said to have gathered in \$20,000 for his summer lecturing tour. The Wisconsin reformer is laying up fuel for hot campaigns to come.

Washington will extend the glad hand to President Roosevelt on his return to the White House today. Oyster Bay achieved too much publicity during the summer. From now on Washington will occupy the center of the stage.

Governor Hoch is striving to screw down the lid in Kansas City, Kan. As the local authorities refuse to sit on it, the governor has begun proceedings to oust them from office. The fear is growing that Hoch is suffering from water on the brain.

By cancelling an old contract and advertising for new bids, Philadelphia got work done for \$200,000, which was to cost \$28,000. Still there are people in the old town who regard public economy as a melancholy symptom of public decay.

New Jersey shows a gain of 20,000 inhabitants in five years. The remarkable fact that corporations pay their taxes in New Jersey without a kick or an injunction is an irresistible attraction for people studying the phenomena taxation.

BACK TO NATURE. S. E. Kiser in the Record-Herald. We may deem him great or suppose him wise. Who sits at his desk through the busy day. And rises where the temples of commerce rise. And pokes as only a master may. His hand is rich and his hands are white. And his brow is high and his mien is fair. But now and then, if his heart is right, He longs to flee from the noise and crowd. To feel the sod yield under his feet. To breathe where the air has the tang. To bare his throat to the wind and sun. And instead of tasks for a white wash, Forgetting gain and disdainful loss.

We may give him praise who is faithful where. He longs for the bread that his dear ones crave. We may deem his love and his patience fair. For his hopeful heart we may call him brave. His daughter's graces may give him pride. He may boast of things that his son achieves. And receive her faith who walks at his side. Content with believing what he believes. But now and then, if his heart is right, He longs to stray from the haunts of men. To leave his cares and his love behind. To answer the call from the woods and find His old lost heritage there again.

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