CHEAPEST BECAUSE BEST
THE BEE.

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

CLEAN AND CONSERVATIVE
THE BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 20, 1905—TEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

FINDS MORE GRAFT

President Morton of Equitable Uncovers More Questionable Transactions.

QUEER STATUS OF TURNER LOANS

Report Says $218,264 of the Society's Money Was Paid Without Authority.

DEMANDS RETURN OF THE CASH

Suit Will Be Instituted on Behalf of Company to Recover

H. W. A. NO. 3 ACCOUNT ALSO CROOKED

Mr. Morton Also Finds that $265,000 is Due from the Mercantile Trust Company on Loan Said to Be Repaid.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—That the Equitable Life Assurance society paid out $218,264 to the Mercantile Trust company in connection with certain loans known as the "Turner loans" and that these payments were without authority so far as the records of the society discloses, became known today when Paul Morton, president of the society, made public a report on the subject submitted by him to the society's directors.

These transactions occurred in what Mr. Morton refers to as "the Turner loans" with the Mercantile Trust company.

The "Turner loan," Mr. Morton's report sets forth, was carried in 1894 by the Western National bank, which was controlled by the Equitable Life Assurance society. The collateral for the loans was objected to by a bank examiner, and Henry B. Hyde then agreed to transfer the loan and collateral to the Mercantile Trust company. At that time apparently the loans amounted to $661,491.

Turner Secretary to Fitzgerald.

George V. Turner, in whose name the loan stood, was secretary to Louis Fitzgerald, then president of the Mercantile Trust company and a close business associate of Henry B. Hyde. The loan was guaranteed by Marcellus Hartley, John E. Searles, Louis Fitzgerald, W. N. Coler, jr., and H. B. Hyde. On March 21, 1895, the same guarantors renewed their guaranty, the loan having grown to $1,276,478, the increase being due to attempts to develop the property on which the collateral for the loan was made. Part of this collateral was given by John W. Young and sonsisted of Salt Lake and Eastern railway stock and other Salt Lake stocks. This collateral proved to be of little value. Other collateral consisted of contracts of the Kentucky Mineral and Timber company and the Amity Land and Irrigation company of Colorado. Attempts were made to develop the Kentucky property and the Colorado property, and large sums were expended for that purpose, and by July 1, 1905, the cost of the Kentucky property stood at $419,067, and the Colorado property at $2,809,-552. The Equitable Life Assurance society paid the Mercantile Trust company $218,264 on these loans on January 23, 1900, and $200,000 on February 4, 1904.

"The records of the society," said Mr. Morton, "disclose no authority whatever for these payments, and the cash entries in respect to them were very obscure."

Will Demand Return of Cash.

Mr. Morton also sets forth that on February 4, 1900, the executive committee of the Equitable Assurance Life society passed a resolution authorizing the president to convey to the individual guarantors of the Turner loans the assurance of the society for their protection. On February 14, 1900, the president of the society, Mr. Alexander, made a statement that these loans were made in the interest of the society and assured the guarantors that the society would see that the amounts their companies loaned would be repaid with interest.

Mr. Morton refers the matter to special counsel, who have assured him that the Equitable Life Assurance society is not responsible for the loans. Mr. Morton has also notified the Mercantile Trust company that he will expect it to repay the $718,264 paid to it by the Equitable Life Assurance society.

Mr. Morton found that $265,000 was paid by the Equitable Life Assurance society to the Mercantile Trust company on the $685,000 loan, the nature of which loan has never been explained.

Counsel have been instructed to begin proceedings for the return of this sum. This loan was carried on an account known as the "H. W. A. No. 3 account." Mr. Morton also reported to the directors that it would be necessary to charge off $86,488 unpaid balance of a loan to John E. Searles, who has gone through bankruptcy. The collateral against this $86,488 Mr. Morton declares is without value.

At the conclusion of his report, Mr. Morton stated: "In case any other transactions of this character are developed you will be duly advised."

RURAL CARRIERS IN SESSION

Congressman Jesse Overstreet of Indianapolis Makes an Address on History of the Service.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 19.—The National Rural Letter Carriers' association went into convention at the state house today and will continue in session until Friday and may last longer if the program is not completed. The program for the afternoon included an address of welcome by Mayor Holtman, a response by H. H. Windsor of Chicago. The principal address of the afternoon was made by Congressman Jesse Overstreet of this state. He reviewed the history of the rural service, telling of the obstructions that had been met and overcome. He said the service was here to stay and that its success depended largely on the carriers.

At tonight's session the report of the committee on credentials was received and adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning.

ANTHRACITE BARONS ARE FIRM

Say They Will Renew Present Agreement, but Will Make No Further Concessions.

SCRANTON, Pa., Sept. 19.—One of the largest coal operators in this region, who has just came from Philadelphia, where he had a conference with President Baer of the Reading, today declared unhesitatingly, and for publication, that the operators would not, under any consideration, grant the demand of the mine workers for an eight hour day and that they proposed to agree only that the present agreement shall be continued. Announcement to this effect would be made, he said, after the miners held their convention in Shamokin December 14.

MISS ROOSEVELT IN SEOUL

Daughter of the President Accorded Royal Honors at Capital of Corea.

SEOUL, Sept. 19.—Through streets crowded with white-[illegible]ed Coreans and lined by the imperia[illegible] guard standing at "present arms," [illegible]lice Roosevelt, riding in the imper[illegible]ow palanquin, this evening triumpha[illegible]gressed from the railroad station to [illegible]merican legation. The roadways had [illegible] freshly paved and the shops draped w[illegible]rean and hastily hand-painted Americ[illegible]s.

Miss Roosevelt, Re[illegible]ral Train, Senator and Mrs. Newlan[illegible] Misses Boardman and McMillan an[illegible]essman Longworth and Gillette arri[illegible]hemulpo this afternoon. American [illegible] Morgan and staff and a number of h[illegible]oreans greeted the party, which proceeded to Seoul by a special train. The imperial car, which is only furnished to royalty, was placed at Miss Roosevelt's disposal.

The court chamberlain met the party at a half-way station, on behalf of the emperor, with inquiries as to Miss Roosevelt's health.

On arrival at Seoul the party was hailed by a Corean band, which played the "Star Spangled Banner." Corean policemen and Japanese gendarmes guarded the roadway, and grotesquely clad retainers bore long lanterns. The passage of the party along the streets was everywhere heralded by the bugles of troops.

Miss Roosevelt and Mrs. Newlands are guests of the American minister, and the remainder of the party are stopping at the imperial palace.

ACCIDENT TO THE BREMEN

North German Lloyd Steamer Towed Into Halifax with a Broken Propeller Shaft.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 19.—The North German Lloyd steamer Bremen, Captain Nierich, from New York September 14, bound for Bremen, was towed here today by the British tank steamer Lucigen, from Shields, September 5, for Philadelphia. The port tail shaft of the Bremen broke on the afternoon of September 15 and the accident damaged the starboard propeller.

Attempts which were made by the engineers to repair the damage were unsuccessful and the steamer rolled helplessly in the heavy swell.

At 8 a. m., on September 16, the Lucigen was sighted and answered the Bremen's signals of distress. The Lucigen took the German boat in tow at noon, but the vessels had not gone far before the lines parted. This caused a delay of four hours and it was 5 o'clock before the steamers started again. They headed for Halifax and arrived here this afternoon. The Bremen has 302 salon, seventy-five cabin and fifty-six steerage passengers.

Tomorrow divers will make an examination of the steamer. The agents here were notified tonight that the North German Lloyd company would send a steamer from Baltimore tomorrow to take the passengers. The question of salvage will be settled in London.

REVOLUTION IN COLOMBIA

Rumor that President Reyes Has Declared Himself Dictator and Imprisoned Supreme Court.

PANAMA, Sept. 19.—Unconfirmed reports reached here today to the effect that General Rafael Reyes, president of Colombia, declared himself dictator on September 18, and imprisoned the members of the supreme court at Bogota. Mobs angered by this action, attacked the presidential palace and were fired on by troops, who killed or wounded many of the rioters. The reports say that revolutions have been started in Antioquia and Santander.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Diego Mendoza, Colombian minister to Washington, is staying at present in this city. When informed of the Panama dispatch tonight he said: "I do not believe there is a word of truth in the report. I received a cable dispatch from Bogota two days ago, and it said the country was in complete peace and that President Reyes was engaged in the reconstruction of Colombian finances.

"If anything of importance occurred I would surely have been informed of it. I am sure there is no disturbance in Colombia."

MANIPULATE ELECTRIC METERS

New York Police Arrest Swindler Who Assisted Consumers in Beating Light Company.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—In the arrest tonight of David Chatterton the police are of the opinion that they have run to earth the first of the gang of swindlers, whose operations have puzzled the official of the New York Edison Electrical company for over a year and have caused a loss to the company of from $50,000 to $75,000 in that time.

According to the police the method employed by the swindlers was to have one of their number go to a subscriber of the company and make arrangements to reduce the bill about one-half, providing the firm or subscriber pay the man who had the bill one-half of the reduction. The meter register was manipulated by putting in a concealed switch running outside the meter.

Chatterton was engaged in putting in one of these switches when he was arrested. Many other arrests are expected.

ECHO OF THE DEBS STRIKE

Panhandle Railway Given Judgment of $100,000 Against City of Chicago for Cars Burned.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—A verdict of $100,000 against the city of Chicago was given the Panhandle railroad today in a damage suit brought because of the burning of a number of cars belonging to the railroad during the American Railway union strike of 1894. In the trial the railroad company held that the city of Chicago was liable for damages because of its alleged inadequate protection of the company's property.

GET READY FOR PRESIDENT

New Orleans Expects to Entertain Chief Executive of Nation in October.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 19.—While no word has yet been received by Mayor Behrman from the Arkansas authorities as to whether the train of the president would be permitted to enter that state after leaving here, it is expected the answer will be favorable, and the local committees are to go forward with their arrangements for the president's reception here on October 24.

HANLEY EXPOSES SHERRICK

Governor of Indiana Says Ex-Auditor Lost Money in Gambling.

ACTS AS DISTRIBUTOR OF RAILWAY PASSES

Railway Friends Offered to Cover the Shortage If Deposed Official Was Allowed to Remain in Office.

HAMILTON, Ind., Sept. 19.—In an address at the reunion of the Thirtieth Indiana regiment, Governor Hanley, the principal speaker, made public his reasons for his action in the case of David E. Sherrick, ex-auditor of state, whose resignation was forced by the governor. Facts and figures were used to show what became of the money belonging to the state that was lost by "David E. Sherrick, auditor of state and common gambler."

The governor charged that $10,000 of the state's money "went by check into the hands of the gentleman who was then operating the Casino," at French Lick. The governor then enumerated a list of what he calls "wild cat," securities, aggregating a face value of $75,000, into which the state's money went. Following this he charged that Sherrick's "continued absence from the sessions of the state board of tax commissions," was occasioned by "drinking bouts and midnight carousals around the gaming table from which he could not recover in time to meet with the commission."

Distributes Railway Passes.

Governor Hanley charged that Sherrick, at the time the Monon railroad came up for assessment, argued that the assessment be allowed to remain at $18,000, because, in that case a friend of his to whom he was under great obligation personally could get permanent employment with the company if the assessment could be kept at $18,000.

"Before my inauguration I received trustworthy information that he had written to the management of several railway companies in the month of December, 1904, over his own signature as auditor of state, asking them to send him all passes intended for members of the general assembly, then about to convene, stating in substance that he expected to have some legislation of personal interest to himself in that body and if they would send their transportation to him for distribution he would see that their interests and his were cared for at the same time. For three weeks the office of the auditor of state was made a broker's office for the distribution of free passes to such men of the general assembly as would receive them.

Railways Stand by Sherrick.

"On the evening of the 13th of September I was informed by one who was aiding him, and in whom I have confidence that he could not make payment on the 15th. I then sent him a verbal demand for his resignation. The next morning his resignation did not come, but some of his friends came and said that the money could only be raised on conditions that the defalcation be kept a secret and he be retained in office. On inquiry I learned that some of the men who were to furnish the money were representatives of large railroads in this state, that Mr. Sherrick and his friends were depending upon them and that their assistance depended upon his retention in office. I could make no such bargain as that."

DRIVER PLUNGES TO DEATH

Thrown from Wagon on Bridge He Strikes Pavement One Hundred Fifty Feet Below.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A man supposed to be William A. Eurisch, the driver of a newspaper delivery wagon, was thrown over the railing of Williamsburg bridge, the new suspension bridge over the East river, and dropped 150 feet to the stone sidewalk which borders the New York shore of the river beneath the bridge approach. He died almost instantly.

The man's death came after a wild runaway ride across a large part of the bridge. An automobile frightened the horse. Eurisch made no attempt to jump, but leaned far forward and guided his horse past the other teams in the dangerous passageway. His seat was on a level with the outer guard rail of the bridge and when the wagon careened against this rail Eurisch shot out of his seat with a dive that carried him completely beyond the bridge to the pavement below. The horse continued to run to the great peril of other teams on the bridge. The police closed the iron gates leading into the street and at these gates the horse was stopped.

COURT-MARTIAL FOR BURBANK

Army Officer Who is Seeking Separation from Filipino Wife Must Answer Charges.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Sept. 19.—Information has been received at Fort Leavenworth that First Lieutenant Sidney S. Burbank, Sixth infantry, who left here for the Philippines in February, is to be courtmartialed for conduct unbecoming a gentleman and an officer. Lieutenant Burbank is the officer who brought suit in the district court here to annul an alleged marriage with Mrs. Conception Vasquez, a Filipino woman. The suit is still pending and after many delays, covering a period of nearly two years, is set for trial in October.

KNIGHTS AND LADIES OF HONOR

Supreme Lodge Opens Biennial Session by Dedicating Its New Home in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 19.—The biennial meeting of the supreme lodge Knights and Ladies of Honor, was called to order today by Supreme Protector I. B. Lockard. Welcoming addresses were delivered. The supreme lodge then proceeded with the work of organization.

The new building of the Knights and Ladies of Honor, which is to be the meeting place hereafter of the order every two years, was dedicated this morning.

CODY SHOW IS QUARANTINED

Many Valuable Horses Afflicted with Glanders Shot by Order of French Officials.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—A special to the Record-Herald from Cody, Wyo., says that word has been received to the effect that Colonel W. F. Cody's (Buffalo Bill) Wild West show has been quarantined in France and that all of the show horses, many of them worth over $1,000 each, have been shot under official orders on account of glanders.

LINCOLN MEN IN LITIGATION

Charges of Fraud in Suit for Receiver of Western Life Indemnity Company.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Charges of fraud, misapplication of trust funds, and attempts to transfer assets to another concern are made in a suit for receiver and accounting, filed this afternoon against president and former officials of the Western Life Indemnity company, an assessment insurance association. E. I. Rosenfield and W. H. Gray are prominently mentioned in the bill in connection with alleged fraudulent voting of funds to themselves. The bill was filed in the United States circuit court by Attorney S. Levinson, representing numerous policy holders. Later Attorney Levinson went before Judge S. H. Bethea on a motion for the issuance of a restraining order, stopping a meeting of the officials of the company to be held last Thursday. The motion met with resistance by the defendants.

After considerable arguments by counsel for both sides it was agreed that the case be continued until next Tuesday and that in the meantime matters should remain in statu quo.

Gray is alleged to have secured proxies from the thousands of members and thus controlled the directors. By securing this control it is alleged Gray had passed a resolution voting him the right by contract to draw $1 for each $1,000 of insurance issued. This was done in secret, and although the complaining policy-holders recently learned of it they were refused information by Rosenfield, Moulton, Gray and others. Besides these many thousands of dollars alleged to have been improperly taken, it is declared, Gray and his associates by other fraudulent means took many other thousands of dollars from the concern without the knowledge of the policy-holders.

The complainants are Allen W. Field, Jesse B. Strode and Addison S. Tibbetts and the defendants beside the insurance company, Rosenfield and Gray, are George M. Moulton, John A. Crawford, L. M. Martin, C. T. Drake, D. D. Bramble, A. B. Huston, E. D. Moore and A. N. Hislop. Each of the defendants are residents of Lincoln, Neb. The defendant company is the successor of the Knights Templar and Mason Life Indemnity company, organized in 1884, and has more than $30,000,000 in policies outstanding.

CONSOLIDATION WITH UNITY

Union with the British Order Would Admit Negroes to Odd Fellows' Lodges.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 19.—The real work of the Chapter Order of Odd Fellows began today when various resolutions for new legislation and new amendments to the present laws was introduced at the business session.

Exhaustive discussion will take place on the question of affiliation with Manchester Unity. There is considerable objection to this proposition since it would admit negroes to the membership.

Chief interest in today's session centered about the question of the liquor traffic as being a bar to membership in the organization. The report, which was read by Representative Goudy, and later approved by the body in session, decides, in brief, that no one can remain a member of a lodge who is engaged in the liquor business in any way unless he was a member and so engaged and has been continuously since the first ruling was made at the 1896 convention at Atlantic City.

A feature of the conclave was the parade of Odd Fellows this afternoon on Broad street. The line of march covered a distance of more than three miles and it is estimated that 15,000 men were in line. Captain Allie Parker and her California drill corps, consisting of seventeen young women, occupied a position near the head of the line.

A re-union of past grand representatives took place at Lulu Temple tonight, at which addresses were made by the Hon. R. Hill Meyers, grand representative and past grand representative, of Winnipeg, Man., and Hon. F. C. Goudy of Denver, Colo.

Later in the night the reception and military ball was held in the Second regiment armory.

YELLOW JACK ON THE RUN

Decrease in Number of Cases Causes Return to Nearly Normal Conditions in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 19.—Report of the yellow fever situation to 6 p. m. Tuesday:

New cases	34
Total to date	2,639
Deaths	4
Total deaths	345
New foci	5
Under treatment	321
Cases discharged	1,973

The daily report continues encouraging and is especially so in the matter of deaths and new foci. Owing to the skepticism of some communities in the states of Louisiana and Mississippi to accept freight from New Orleans, Surgeon White made an announcement agreeing, on request, to place on each freight car leaving New Orleans for those points an official statement to the effect that the car had been properly fumigated by the United States government.

Dr. White has not yet heard from the Arkansas authorities in response to a telegram asking if the president would be allowed to enter Arkansas after leaving New Orleans on October 24. If the Arkansas authorities do not consent it is the president's intention to pay a special visit to Louisiana and Arkansas later on in the season after the Arkansas panic has passed.

Increasing crowds on the streets here indicate the steady homecoming of New Orleans people who went away on their summer vacations or who left the city at a time when it seemed that there would be a very serious epidemic here. The heavy movement of freight of all kinds through the streets also points to the fact that the quarantines are being lifted and that business is increasing.

RETAIL DRUGGISTS AT BOSTON

Medicine Mixers Congratulated on Rapid Growth of International Association.

BOSTON, Sept. 19.—At today's session of the annual convention of Retail Druggists here, Thomas Voagley delivered an address in which he dwelt on the progress of the order since the St. Louis convention in 1898.

The report of Secretary Thomas Wooten of Chicago shows the past fiscal year to have been the most flourishing in the history of the association. During the year seven state and 216 local associations had been added to the International body, making a total of 882 affiliated associations.

Treasurer Charles F. Main of Detroit reported receipts of $88,897 and disbursements of $79,924.

FEW DEMOCRATS ON HAND

Eve of Convention Finds Only Corporal's Guard of Delegates Present.

NOT ENOUGH FOR CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

Populists Are Still More Difficult to Find—Edgar Howard on Hand with Platform All Ready for Convention.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Sept. 19.—(Special Telegram.)—With the date of the populist and democratic state conventions only a few hours off not enough delegates have reached the city to make a respectable "conference committee." Probably never before in the history of either party was the "night before" so quiet and did the advance guard have so completely the aspect of the "cold grey dawn of the morning after."

The whole crowd could be safely stowed on the running board of a motor car and the worst of it is, most of them think they are an indication of what the convention attendance will be. In fact a majority of those here have come on court business.

It is freely predicted that the convention will follow the lead of the Lancaster county convention and nominate candidates who are absent. Only the names of former Commissioner Hastings of Wilber and Judge Good of Wahoo have been mentioned tonight for supreme judge, though a large majority of the small number of delegates have contented themselves with saying that any good democrat will do. So small was the crowd that the democratic headquarters at the Royal hotel were not unlocked.

Populists Are Shy.

Chairman Weber and Secretary Farris of the populist state committee constitute the majority of the populists present and to keep things moving Mr. Weber called a mass meeting of the Lancaster populists this evening in front of the Royal hotel, which he and Secretary Farris and Mike Harrington only attended, and named a delegation to represent Lancaster county in the convention tomorrow.

Of the democrats here of course there is Johnny Gilchrist, who came in from Colorado; George L. Loomis of Dodge, Johnny Maher, who is always here; Fred Hunker of West Point, a member of the last legislature, who is spending all his time meeting former friends made during the session; Judge Oldham, who is attending court, and of course Edgar Howard.

Edgar Howard Brings Platform.

Mr. Howard brought with him a draft of a platform, which he intends to fight to get adopted, provided there are enough people to raise a disturbance. His resolutions call for a 2-cent fare on railroads, a reduction of 20 per cent in freight rates, an anti-pass law making it a felony to give a pass to a state official and the penalty for receiving one a forfeiture of office.

Judge Loomis was of the opinion that the platform would be strictly to the point and clear-cut in matters pertaining to the regulation of corporations. The democrats will meet at the Auditorium and the populists at Young's hall, on O street. Neither side talk conference committee.

RAILROADS PAY FOR GUIDES

Better to Employ Men Who Know Yards Than to Pay Damages.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—One of the items of expense incurred by the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy road in handling live stock from Missouri river points to Chicago is the payment for services of "pilots," who guide stockmen through the stock yards at Chicago. This information was elicited today from General Freight Traffic Manager G. B. Crosby of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad before Federal Judge S. H. Bethea. Crosby was a witness in the hearing of the cases of the Interstate Commerce commission against the Chicago Great Western railroad and seventeen corporations. Illegal discrimination in rates on live stock shipped from the west to Chicago is alleged.

"Did you ever testify concerning this item of expense before?" asked Attorney Cowan for the government.

"No, I don't believe I did."

"Why does the railroad pay this expense and that of hauling these men to their meals away from the yards?" was the next question.

"Well, it is cheaper to pay this expense than to pay for the loss of a leg by some of these men who are not acquainted with the yards and might meet with accident," was the reply.

ROYAL ARCANUM IN COURT

Organization of New York Councils Will Test Legality of Recent Advance in Rates.

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A meeting of the state committees of the subordinate councils of the Royal Arcanum was held here today. Resolutions were adopted calling for the appointment of an executive committee of fifteen with full power to act for the conference and to be instructed "to cause proceedings to be taken for injunction and other provisional relief as it may deem best calculated to secure an early adjustment of the illegality and invalidity of the new laws concerning assessments recently enacted by the supreme council and adjudging the previous laws of assessments in full force."

Representatives were present from locals in Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Illinois.

BANKER'S AGENT FOUND DEAD

Joseph Ballo Believed to Be Killed at St. Louis by Angry Depositors.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 19.—The dead body of Joseph Ballo, an Italian, was found by the police last night in a room in "Clabber alley," the Italian section, with one deep stab wound, indicating murder. Today Catolito Duco and Frank Buffa, two Italians, were arrested, charged with the crime. Ballo was an agent of the Carrtret Italian bank, an institution in which laborers placed their savings, which collapsed a week ago. The police theory is that Ballo was murdered because of anger engendered among his countrymen over the failure of the bank.

REBATE CASE IS CALLED

Officials of Schwarzschild & Sulsberger Company Not Ready to Plead.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Four officials of the Schwarzchild & Sulsberger Packing company were notified to appear in court today to plead to an indictment charging them with accepting railroad rebates.

Counsel for the defendants was not ready to enter a plea at once. The case went over until Thursday.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Warmer Wednesday. Thursday Fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.	53	1 p. m.	70
6 a. m.	53	2 p. m.	72
7 a. m.	52	3 p. m.	72
8 a. m.	53	4 p. m.	73
9 a. m.	55	5 p. m.	74
10 a. m.	60	6 p. m.	71
11 a. m.	65	7 p. m.	69
12 m.	69	8 p. m.	66
		9 p. m.	65

SCANDAL IN SAN FRANCISCO

Billy Nolan Says that Money is Held to Pay for Legislation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 19.—Billy Nolan, manager for Battling Nelson, the prize fighter, has made a statement that a fund of $7,000 was raised in San Francisco to defeat the Ralston anti-prize fight bill at the last session of the state legislature. He charges that Harry Corbett, with whom he had deposited $2,500 for forfeit money prior to Nelson's recent fight with Britt, is holding $1,000 of the forfeit money as Nolan's share of the alleged corruption fund used at Sacramento.

Corbett admits holding the money, but says Nolan owes him that amount. He denies that any money was paid legislators to defeat the prize fight bill. During the last session of the California legislature Senator Ralston introduced a bill prohibiting professional prize fights in the state. The bill passed the senate and enough votes were pledged in the assembly to insure its passage in that house. A few days before the bill came up for consideration a delegation of San Francisco gamblers, prize fight promoters, invaded Sacramento. They did considerable entertaining and when the anti-prize fight bill came up for consideration it was defeated. Since then San Francisco has become the prize fighting center of the country. Nolan's charges were published here and District Attorney Seymour of Sacramento announces that as soon as he is through with the case of ex-Senator Emmons, who is on trial for accepting a bribe, he will call the matter to the attention of the Sacramento grand jury. Nolan has signified his willingness to remain in California and testify before the grand jury.

ARMY OF THE CUMBERLAND

General Gales P. Thurston of Nashville Unanimously Elected President of the Society.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 19.—General Gales P. Thurston of Nashville, was today unanimously elected president of the Army of the Cumberland in annual reunion here. The other officers chosen:

Corresponding secretary, Major W. J. Colburn; recording secretary, Orland Summers; treasurer, Brigadier General Frank G. Smith, U. S. A.; Historian, Col. G. C. Kniffin, executive committee, General James Barnett, chairman; General C. H. Grosvenor, General J. G. Parkhurst, Captain H. S. Chamberlain, Captain J. W. Foley, General E. A. Carman, General Smith D. Atkins and Major J. M. Farquahar.

A letter from President Roosevelt was read expressing his regret that he could not be present. The invitation of the Army of Tennessee to attend the annual reunion in Cincinnati next month was accepted.

FIGHT FOR EIGHT-HOUR DAY

Decidedly Optimistic Feeling Prevails Among Striking Job Printers in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 19.—A decidedly optimistic feeling prevails at the headquarters of the striking job printers here, announcement being made that with the signatures of six firms secured today, to the eight-hour contract, only ten printing houses remain to be reckoned with.

In direct contradiction is the statement made today by Secretary Skinner of the St. Louis typothetae, who said:

Only two firms in the typothetae have signed the eight-hour agreement, one being a small concern and the other a house with important contracts, whose explanation of the reasons for signing the agreement are satisfactory to the typothetae.

CHICAGO, Sept. 19.—Twenty-four independent printing shops today signed contracts with the Typographical union for putting into effect the eight-hour day after January 1. A total of 158 shops in Chicago have now signed the agreement.

FIND GOLD IN OLD TRUNK

Small Fortune Hidden by Aged Ohio Woman Discovered by Administrator.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Sept. 19.—Heirs of the late Eliza Meharry Jeffers today found $19,-895, nearly all in gold in a little old black trunk in the attic of the family home of Mrs. Jeffers. The fact was brought out in the settlement of her estate that during her life she had given large sums to educational institutions. Ohio Wesleyan university had received $60,000 and Depauw university at Greencastle, Ind., $85,000. She died two months ago at the age of 81 and had lived with relatives during the closing years of her life. The discovery of the contents of the trunk was made by the administrator of her estate, P. J. Ostkerday. She had always taken the trunk with her, but had checked it as she did other ordinary baggage.

AUTO HITS TELEGRAPH POLE

Robert Kidd of Staten Island Killed and S. Hinman Bird of New York Seriously Hurt.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 19.—Robert E. Kidd of Staten Island, N. Y., was killed and S. Hinman Bird of New York City was seriously injured in an automobile accident at Hightstown today. The machine was completely overturned by running into a telegraph pole. Bird is a stepson of Charles T. Cook, president of the senior class of Princeton university.

Kidd was a well known automobile racer. He served with the Rough Riders during the Spanish-American war and was afterwards in the regular army.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Sept. 19.

New York—Arrived: Mesaba, from London; Friedrich der Grosse and Kron Prinz Wilhelm, from Bremen. Sailed: Carpathia, for Liverpool.

At London—Arrived: Minnehaha, from New York.

At Antwerp—Arrived: Vaderland, from New York, via Dover.

At Trieste—Arrived: Slavonia, from New York, for Fiume.

At Bremen—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm II, from New York.

At Genoa—Sailed: Canopic, for Boston.

At Marseilles—Sailed: Algeria, for New York.

At Queenstown—Arrived: Majestic, from New York.

At Philadelphia—Arrived: Noordland, from Liverpool.

At Liverpool—Sailed: Cymric, for New York.

RESULT OF PRIMARY

Winners in Contest for Nominations on County Ticket.

M'DONALD BEATS HOYE OUT FOR SHERIFF

In Free-for-All for County Judge, Leslie Carries Off Prize.

ANTIS PROFIT BY DIVISION OF OPPONENTS

Beal, Brailey, Bodwell Make an Alliterative Trio for Success.

TOM FLYNN SURPRISES SHERIFF POWER

Democrats Otherwise Have a Decidedly Tame Time of It—Vote is Light Everywhere and Count Slow.

The Nominees.

Republicans.	Office.	Democrats
John McDonald	Sheriff	Thomas J. Flynn
Charles Leslie	Judge	J. W. Woodrough
D. M. Haverly	Clerk	John Drexel
Robert O. Fink	Treasurer	Wm. Fleming
E. J. Bodwell	Superintendent	
Herman Beal	Surveyor	M. J. Lacy
E. F. Brailey	Coroner	Dr. J. F. Borglum
W. G. Ure	Commis'n'r	
E. G. Soloman	Commis'n'r	C. A. Tracy
Brice Crawford	Police Judge	J. Lumbard

This is the result of the first trial of direct nominations for all political parties under the new primary law in Douglas county. Although the weather conditions were ideal, the vote was light nearly everywhere and the ballots showed an independence of slates and combinations to a remarkable degree. The total republican vote in the county will scarcely go much above 6,000.

The big fight in the republican ranks was over the nomination for sheriff and here it was a three cornered contest, the antis being united for John McDonald and the regular organization divided between Fred Hoye and Tony Donahue, although centered chiefly on the former. The race proved to be close, with surprises for each in many places. The figures, with four city precincts and three country precincts missing, give McDonald a lead over Hoye of 126. The table follows:

SHERIFF.

Ward.	Donahue.	Hoye.	McD.
First	38	109	121
Second	41	212	98
Third	96	303	108
Fourth	61	158	230
Fifth	246	145	217
Sixth	70	83	247
Seventh	33	118	228
Eighth	98	155	178
Ninth	96	200	280
Tenth	58	220	96
Eleventh	20	58	109
Twelfth	63	170	337
Totals	873	1,981	2,096
South Omaha	100	421	277
Country	89	287	453
Totals	1,105	2,813	2,939

Lower Part of Ticket.

The next interest attached to the county judgeship. Here also the antis were united and the regulars divided and the division proved fatal to all the regular candidates, giving the nomination to Leslie, although by a decided minority of the total.

The other places went almost by common consent to the winning candidates, the only brush being for surveyor and coroner. The old soldier strength pulled the balance strongly for Haverly against Bandle.

In the Fifth commissioner district W. G. Ure had an easy task in heading off Henry Ostrom.

For county treasurer Robert O. Fink, who had no opposition, polled 5,388 votes. The vote on the other offices was:

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

Haverly	3,384
Bandle	2,927
Haverly's majority	457

FOR COUNTY JUDGE.

Dickinson	1,496
Haller	1,846
Leslie	2,026
Thomas	1,181
Leslie's plurality	188

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

Beal	3,423
Etquist	2,791
Beal's majority	632

FOR CORONER.

Brailey	3,200
McKay	2,429
Mace	926
Brailey's plurality	771

FOR COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT.

Bodwell	4,084
Clarendon	2,136
Bodwell's majority	1,948

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER—FIFTH DISTRICT.

Ure	1,481
Ostrom	774
Ure's majority	707

FOR POLICE JUDGE.

Crawford	2,611
Ten Eyck	1,976
Crawford's majority	635

Justices and Constables.

In the scramble for justice of the peace Judges Foster, Long, Altstadt and Eastman are nominated, with the other two places hovering between Anderson, Bachman, Baldwin, Cockerell and Fields.

The successful constables are Church, Hensel, McGinnis, Simpson, Stein and Wickersham.

The republican School board ticket will be listed as follows: W. H. Butts, Dr. W. H. Christie, David Cole, Alfred Kennedy, George D. Rice for full terms, and Charles Harding for short term. There was practically no opposition to this combination.

Democratic Results.

On the democratic side Tom Flynn defeated Sheriff Power by a vote of 866 to 663, thus springing something of a surprise.

For police judge Jules G. Lumbard more than doubled the vote for his competitor, the figures standing 966 for Lumbard to 464 for former Police Judge Gordon.

The other democratic candidates were unopposed, and Kellogg, the only democratic candidate for justice of the peace in Omaha, got a larger vote than one republican (Rickel), who was low man of the thirteen republican candidates with 647 votes.

For county commissioner in the Third, or country, commissioner district, Emmett G. Solomon, republican, and Charles A. Tracy, democrat, were unopposed. Mr. Solomon received 581 votes. No returns were received on Tracy's vote.

Confusion and uncertainty marked the opening of the polling places and many of them were not doing business until 9 o'clock and after. Not a few supervisors of registrars and clerks failed to report at 8 o'clock and policemen had to be sent for them or new men appointed in their places. This difficulty, however was slight compared to misunderstandings about the details that should be observed in carrying out the arrangements, prescribed by the Dodge law. To complicate matters still further County Attorney Slabaugh issued opinions directly opposite to opinions given out by City Attorney Breen. The former