what action had best be taken. While en-

gaged in this important task he retired to

## SPECIAL SALE OF DRESSING SACQUES

All \$1.00 sacques reduced to see each. All \$1.25 sacques reduced to 75c each. All \$1.75 and \$1.50 sacques reduced to \$1.00 | each.

All \$1.25 sucques reduced to \$1.50 each. All \$2.75 macques reduced to \$1.75 such. All \$3.25 sucques reduced to \$2.25 each. All \$5.00 sacques reduced to \$3.50 each.

CHILDREN'S WAISTS.

Child's soft finish cambric waists, Ideal make, trimmed with pretty lace and finished with ribbons, sizes 2 to 12 years, 50c each.

Good materials, well made-comfortable these hot days. A good cambric walst, with bone buttons, sizes 2 to 12 years, a good value, at 250

> GRAND CLEARING SALE OF SILKS. Now for the clean up-we are going to Sixteenth street window. Crepe de chine, all silk foulards, chiffon de sole, etc. Sat-

urday, August 12th, at 25c a yard. Store open until 6 p. m. every day, except during July and August we close Satordays at 1 o'clock.

John Mitchell's Address.

the workmen to organize, and has so far subscribed to the constitution and princi-

ples of modern trade unions himseli as to accept honorary membership is one of

Plans for Today's Trip.

WAVERLY, N. Y., Aug. 10.-President

Roosevelt arrived here on his special en-

route to Chautzuqua at 9:15 p. m. Here

his train was transferred from the Lehigh

Valley railroad to the Eric railroad and

will proceed over the lines of the latter to

dent and members of his party will be the

the board of trustees of the Chautauqua

The first stop made by the president after

saving Pittsten this evening was at Sayre,

Pa., where the president briefly addressed

a large growd assembled at the station. He

spoke from the rear platform of his car and

was given an enthislastic greeting. The

president delivered a brief speech at East

Waverly, N. Y., where a stop of five min-

utes was made. The special train will ar

rive at Lakewood at 2:05 o'clock tomorrow

Rumor that Bishop Meerschaert of

Guthrie Will Be Elected to

WICHITA, Kam, Aug. 10.-Catholic au-

horities here believe that Rt. Rev. Bishop

Theophile Meerschaert of the Oklahoma

and Indian Territory diocese will be ap-

pointed successor to the late Archbishop

Chappelle of New Orleans. The selection

is made by the bishops and priests of the

archdiocese of New Orleans, which includes

Louisiana, Texas, Tennessee, Okiahoma and

Indian Territory. Bishop Meerschaert, who

makes his home at Guthrie, Okla., is at present in Rome on his quadrenniat visit to the pontiff. He is a Belgian by birth and

his familiarity with the French language

is considered an indication that he is in

Vacant Sec.

SUCCEED CHAPPELLE

assembly.

Ma. Mitchell said:

# THOMPSON BELDEN & GO

Y. M. C. A. Building, Corner Sixteenth and Douglas Streets

is a hard and crues fact that in this life est and temperate and hardworking and of ours the sins of the man are often vis-ted most heavily upon those whose welfare mould be his one special care. should be his one special care.

For the drunkard, for the man who loses his job because he can not control or will not control his desize for liquor and for violous pleasure, we have a feeling of anger and contempt mixed with our pity; but for his unfortunate were and little ones we feel only pity, and that of the deepest and tenderest kind.

derest kind.

Everything possible should be done to encourage the growth of that spirit of self-respect, self-restraint, self-reliance, which if ity grows enough is certain to make all in whom it shows itself move steadily those in whom it shows itself move steadily upward toward the highest standard of a American citizenship. It is a proud and responsible privilege to be citizens of this great self-governing nation; and each of us needs to keep steadily before his eyes the fact that he is wholly unit to take part in the work of governing others unless he can first govern himself. He must stand up manfully for his own rights; he must respect the rights of others, he must obey the laws, and he must try to live up to those rules of rightcouppers which are above and behind all laws.

these rules of rightcougness which are above and behind all laws.

This applies just as puch to the man of great wealth as to the man of small means; to the capitaint as to the wage-worker. And as one practical point, let me urge that in the event of any difficulty, especially if it is what is known as a laper trouble. willing to consult and anxious each to treat s other reasonably and fairly, each to-be at the other's side of the case and to the other justice. If only this course uld be generally followed, the chance of justrial disaster would be minimized.

For a Better Manhood.

Now, my friends, I want to read you an extract from it letter I have just received from a Catholic priest whow I know well and whom I know to be as staunch a friend and whom I know to be as staunch a friend of the laboring man as there is to be found in this country. Now and then-not loo often-it is a good thing for all of us to hear what is not perhaps allogether palatable, provided only that the person who tells the truth is our genuine friend, knows what he is talking about (even though he may not see all sides of the case), and tells us what he has to say, not with a desire to hurt our feelings, but with the transparent purpose to do us wood. With this foreword, have is a part of the sotier. talble, provided only that the person who tells the truth is our genuine friend, knows what he is talking about even though he may not see all sides of the case, and tells us what he has to say, not with a desice to hurt our feelings, but with the transparent purpose to do us good. With this foreword, here is a part of the letter:

"I would humbly recommend that you lend your entire weight to the cause which the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America represents, and especially so in us relation to the working classes of this country, for whom it is doing so much good. You know that the temperance movement is a potent auxiliary to the institutions of our country in building up a better manhood and a fruer Christianity among our citizens. It played a very important part in the two coal strikes of 1900 and 1902, respectively, by keeping the men sober, and thus removing the diager of reiotous and unbecoming conduct. There is one discouraging feature connected with the upward tendency of the wage scale among the workmen of this country. The higher the wages, the more money they spend in saloons. The shorter 'he hours, the more they are inclined to absent them selves from home. An apparent disregard for family ties is growing among the the more they are inclined to absent them-selves from home. An apparent disregard for family ties is growing among the poorer classes which will eventually lead to a disregard for the blessings our country afords them. Hence, with an increase of wakes a corresponding movement for bet-ter manhood, nobler citizenship and truer Christianity should be set on foot. The dignity of labor should be maintained, which can be done only through the love that a man should have for his work, and through the intelligence which he puts into

through the intelligence which he puts into it. A steady hand and sober mind are necessary for this. Hence, the necessity of the temperance cause and of the efforts which organized abstainers are putting into the movement. which organized abstainers are putting into the movement."

Now, in what is here written this priest does not mean that the tendency is to grow worse; but he means that with shorter hours and increased wages there is a tend-ency to go wrong which must be offset by movements such as this great temperance movement and similar efforts for social and civic betterment, or else the increase in civic betterment, or else the increase in lefsure and money will prove a curse in-stend of a blessing. I strive never to tell-anyone what I do not thoroughly believe, and I shall not say to you that to be hon-

### A WOMAN'S ORDEAL

DREADS DOCTOR'S QUESTIONS Thousands Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass, and Receive Valuable Advice Absolutely Confidential and Free

There can be no more tarrible ordeal than to be obliged to answer certain questions in regard to har private ills, even when those questions are asked by her family physician, and many



continue to suffer rather than submit to examinations which so many physigians propose in order to intelligently treat the disease; and this is the reason why se many physicians fail to

mure female disease.
This is also the reason why thousands upon thousands of women are correpending with Mrs. Pinkham. at Lynn, To her they can confide every of their illness, and from detail of their her great knowledge, obtained from years of experience in treating female Illa, Mrs. Pinkham can advise women more wisely than the local physician. Read how Mrs. Pinkham belped Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Ia. She

writen: a Dear Mrs. Philliam: Dear Mrs. Philips:—
"I can traly say that you have saved my
life, and I calmot express my gratitude in
words. Before I wrote to you tailing you
how I felt. I had dectored for over two years
steady, and spent lots of mensy in medicines
besides, but it all failed to do me any good. I
had female troublened would daily have fainting spells, backache, bearing-down pains, and
my menthly periods were very livegular and
finally cassed. I wrote to you for your advice and received a letter full of instructions
just what to do, and also commences to take
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Gempound,
and I have been restored to perfect health.
Had it not been for you I would have been in
liny grave to-day."

my grave to day."

Mountains of proor astablish the fact that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for restoring women's health.

Ex-Senator Emiles When Asked About

DID NOT ORDER THE FACT ANNOUNCED

Will Not Fully Confess that He Has Lost Sight Entirely of

Running for Governor.

the Various Reform Parties.

"Ah, they don't know what they are talking about. I haven't told anybody move. See special display of silks in our to announce me as a candidate for gov ernor. They are just talking."

This is the humorous manner in which R. F. Pettigrew, former senator from South Dakota, met the question yesterday, "Is it true you are going to run for governor of South Dakota on the re publican ticket?

In that inimitable way of his, the former companion of Charley Towne and other silver republican leaders and erstwhile populists smiled and said

"I am not in politics," when asked if he had returned to his first love, the republican party.

It is an open secret that ever since that blue Monday some five years ago friend, James J. Hill. Mr. Pettigrew was ment:

est and temperate and hardworking and thrifty will always bring success.

The hand of the Lord is sometimes heavy upon the just as well as upon the unjust, and in the life of labor and effort which we must lead on this earth it is not always possible either by work, by wisdom or by upright behavior to ward off disaster. But it is most emphatically true that the chance for leading a happy and prosperous life is immensely improved if only the mun is decent, sober, immustrious and exercises foresight and judgment. Let him remember above all that the performance of ditty is the first essential to right living, and that a good type of average family life is the corner stone of national happiness and greatness. No man can be a good eltizen, can deserve the respect of his fellows, unless first of all he is a good man in his own family, unless he does his duty faithfully by his wife and children.

I strongly believe in trades unions wisely and justly handled, in which the rightful purpose to benefit those connected with them is not accompanied by a desire to do injustice or wrong to others. I believe in the duty of capitalist and wage-worker to try to seek one another out, to understand each the other's point of view, and to endeavor to show broad and kindly human sympathy one with the other.

I believe in the work of these great temperance organizations, of all kindred movements like the Young Mon's and Young Women's Christian association, in short in every movement which strives to help a man by teaching him how to help himself. But most of all I believe in the efficacy of the man himself striving continually to investigation.

John Mitchell's Address.

Ma. Mitchell said: and branch, and it is incumbent upon us Ma. Mitchell said:

Speaking for the anthracits coal workers,
I take great pleasure in supplementing and
emphasizing the greeting and welcome extended to the president of the United
States on behalf of the temperance societies
and the municipal government of Wilkesbarre. It is not often that the chief excutive of a great nation has found the
time or yielded to the inclination to honor
by his presence and to participate in a
meeting under the auspices of the men to uphold the men who are brave enough to fight the dragon of graft in its own lair. graft and corruption in high places is destined to grow with resistless force until a mountain out of a mole hill. official corruption will become so intolerable that we may yet hope for honesty,

public trusts." Mr. Pettigrew was accompanied by Mrs. Pettigrew. They left for Salt Lake Thursday evening, where Senator Pettigrew goes to look after his mining interests in that vicinity, which are quite extensive.

and see the punishment of violators of

(Continued from First Page.)

ceedings. The purpose of the Russian of the conference.

General Discussion Follows. The official credentials were then ex-Antagonisms Are Dying.

It is equally important to say that many of the bitter antagonisms and prejudices of former years, both between the miners and their employers, and even among the mine workers themselves, have been slowly but surely dissipated and the prospect of permanent and honorable industrial peace grows brighter day by day.

In the pusuit of its ideals trades unionism has justified its existence by good works and high purposes. Slowly and gradually it has progressed toward the fulfillment of its mission. It has elevated the standard of living of the American workmen and conferred upon him higher wages and more leisure. It has increased efficiency, diminished accidents, averted disease, kept the children in school and improved the relations between employer and employed. It has conferred benefits, made sacrifices, and, unfortunately, committed errors. agreed that Baron Komura should imme- to continue the war, diately present the Japanese terms and M. Witte promised to give a reply at the earliest possible moment. In order to avoid reply and all formal communications should unfortunately, committed errors.

We believe it not unreasonable to ask that we be judged not by our faults, but rather by our virtues. To find justification for our existence or the policies to pursue we do not rely on the claims we ourselves. be made in writing. This understanding for our existence or the policies to pursue we do not rely on the claims we ourselves make. Abraham Lincoln, in a speech delivered at Hartford, Conn., in 1860, while addressing the striking since workers, said: "Thank God, we have a system of labor where there can be a strike. Whatever the pressure, there is a point where the workmen may stop."

Wendell Phillips is quoted. Worknen may stop."

Wendell Phillips is quoted as having said: "I rejoice at every effort workmen may make to organize. I hall the labor movement; it is my only hope for democracy. Organize and stand together. Let the nation hear a united demand from the laboring voice." William E. Gladstone said: "Trade unions are the bulwarks of modern democracies." And so we might go on with endiese endorsements from the great men of the world, whose hearts beat in sympathy with their struggling fellow men. hardly possible that the Russian reply can be given at this afternoon's session, the plenipotentiaries will remain at the navy yard, the Japanese awaiting the pleasure

of their adversaries. Assistants Are Barred. Neither the Japanese or the Russian envoys or aides wore the uniforms of their rank today and it is probable on account of the heat that At will be decided to discard even formal civil attire for negligee

men.

But we need not depend entirely on the utterances of the immortal dead. We have with us as our honored guest this day a man whose same and deeds will live as long as the republic shall endure—one who has on innumerable occasions spoken in no uncertain terms in defense of the right of the workmen to organize, and has so far apparel. Among the Russian and Japanese delegates at the Wentworth there is a great discussion about the acquiesence of M. Witte in the suggestion of Baron Komura to exclude delegates from the conference. Baron Komura raised a specific objection to the presence of Prof. De Martens, whom And now, Mr. President, may I again bid you welcome? May I express the hope that your visit among us may prove as pleasant to you as it is appreciated by us?

The presence of Prof. De Martens, whom M. Witte and Baron Rosen desired to have in attendance in an advisory capacity, of fering to agree to the presence of any of fering to agree to the presence of any of the Japanese delegates. But the Japanese declined, saying they should not ask for the presence of any of the delegates. M. Witte did not press the point, but it may be raised again later should a basis of settlement be reached. Historical precedents are in favor of the admission of delegates and Lakewood, N. Y., whence the president will should the Japanese objection stand it go by trolley line to Chautauqua. The preswould, independent of its bearings upon the present negotiations, create a preceguests at breakfast tomorrow morning of

dent by which an appeal might be made in future. In international negotiations only the plenipotentiaries are usually entitled to sign whatever treaty or convention is concluded, but delegates frequently participate in general discussion, and in some cases at the conclusion of conferences are provided with special credentials to append their

signatures. Historical Instances. Mr. De Martens, for Instance, who was a delegate at the peace conference of 1899, also presided at the meetings of one of the sections which included both pienipotentiaries and delegates, ninety-five persons in all. At the end of the conference he was clothed with the necessary powers to sign the agreement. Another historical instance which is quoted is that of the African conference held in Berlin in 1884. in which all the delegates participated. Mr. Wilkin, accompanied by Commander Boutakoff, the Russian naval attache, and Captain Roussine, the naval delegate, today went off in a steam launch to the Dolphin and Mayflower and presented the compliments of M. Witte to Commanders Winslow and Gibbons. Commander Isham and Mr. Takasugi paid similar visits

behalf of Baron Komura, Canr Receiving Jap Terms. Immediately after the adjournment of the neeting M. Witte set his secretaries to work to put into cipher the conditions of line for the archbishopric of New Orleans. | peace presented by Baron Komura, which

will be immediately transmitted to the emperer. M. Witte personally will put into cipher his own comment upon the character of the conditions and his views as to

one of the rooms set apart for the Russtan mission. Only M. Korostovets of the Russian mission returned from the navy yard to the Wentworth for the purpose of communicat- Great Northern Railway Official Says ing to the press about this morning's meeting. None of the Japanese secretaries or

plenipotentiaries have returned yet. The Japanese peace envoys left the naval stores building at the navy yard in their automobile shortly after 2 o'clock, indicating that the afternoon session of the conference had been abandoned. The automoolle of the Russian envoys at this time was waiting at the doors of the building. The Russian minister to Peking was in consultation with the Russian pientpotentiaries at the navy yard during the session today. At 2:30 Mr. Sato issued an official statement about this morning's meeting of the

conference identical with that issued by M. Korostovetz. The only difference was the former was in English, the latter in Russian Replies to Sato. With regard to the frequent interviews with Mr. Sato and the other Japanese dele-

gates which are appearing in the press a prominent personage belonging to M. when, through a quiet tip from his good Witte's suite made the following state-

friend, James J. Hill, Mr. Pettigrew was able to clean up £50,000 in the Burlington-Northern Pacific tug-of-war, he has been able to see less need for the services of the populist, silver republican or democratic parties.

"But, senator, they do say you are going to be a candidate on the republican ticket for the gubernatorial nomination," was suggested.

"I can't help what they say, can I?" rejoined the whilom statesman, smiling another of those knowing smiles native to South Dakota, "But I'll tell you one thing," he added, "the republicans know the to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of, "and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of, "and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of, "and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of, "and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of, "and then he winked who to be afraid of," and then he winked who to be afraid of, "and then busined all the efforts in their power to win the press to their side. They have proceeded in a fashlon quite comprehensible from their point of view, but less so from the public, which has swallowed what they have pleased to furnish. Of course the people of all countries, in America as well as in Russia, are readily who to be afraid of." and then he winked one eye. "There's one thing sure: I have been elected to office when I wanted to be."

"This is an age of the literature of exposure and the magazines are doing some good work," said the senator, by way of variety. "It is the entering wedge that will sooner or later destroy hide-bound partisanship. Governor LaFoliette of Wisconsin, Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia and Governor Folk of Missouri are types of a new era in our political economy that bode well for the political future of the country. Ida M. Tarbell and Lincoln Steffens are well for the political future of the country.

Ida M. Tarbell and Lincoln Steffens are both doing a good work, but true reform must come from within ourselves. The system of graft must be destroyed, root and branch, and it is incumbent upon us.

The Rousell Fast, more than 650 miles from that frontier, not daring to attack General Linevitch. Mr. Sato. In his ignorance, probably does not know that two years after the entrance of Napolean into Moscow the Russian army, in 1814, entered Paris and dethroned the great warrior. The Russian representative added that h did not say this to minimize the military success obtained by the Japanese, but be I think this wave of warfare on cause in his opinion it is not clever to magnify these successes and try to make

Witte May Modify Concessions. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 10 .- Dispatcher eceived here from Portsmouth indicate that Minister Pokotiloff's arrival has resulted in an important modification in M. Witte's views. M. Witte is now willing to make terms with Japan, conditioned on the surrender of the Chinese Eastern railway between Harbin and Port Arthur, and to satisfy any reasonable financial demand provided Russia is permitted to retain Sakhalin. These terms have been communicated to Peterhof and are satisfactory to the emperor.

Public sentiment in St. Petersburg shows signs of changing to a pessimistic tone. note was to make permanent record com- Decsive news from Portsmouth is awaited plete and make it show clearly the attitude most anxiously, especially as rumors are tentiaries from the beginning in circulation that the Japanese terms the same article upon which the prosecu

both sides will maintain a firm attitude. These rumors have brought out a changed. As each side previously had an reiteration of the opinion that Russia must opportunity to examine them, this was not under any circumstances accept a largely a matter of form. A somewhat humilating or a dishonorable peace or general discussion followed, in which Baron | peace which would materially weaken its Komura and M. Witte spoke frankly of the position in the far east. The knowledge purpose of the meeting. The best of spirit that a national assembly will be promulwas manifested and the discussion widened, gated next Saturday is being used a basis Baron Rosen and Mr. Takahira participa- for the argument that the resultant imting, French and English being used. Dur- provement in the international situation will ing the course of the exchange it was place the country in a much better position

#### POLICEMAN SHOOTS ACCUSER misunderstandings it was arranged that the Chicago Patrolman Kills Jeweler Who Filed Charge of Theft

Agginst Him.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.-Unable to bear the disgrace of a public accusation of theft, which he learned was to be made against him, Policeman Oscar Benson today shot and killed one of his accusers, severely wounded another and then, committed sui-

The man killed was Matthew Mamer, brother of Chris Mamer, clerk of the supreme court of Illinois, Nicholas Kitten, an old friend of Matthew Mamer, was shot through the body, but may recover. The shooting was the result of charges nade against Benson by Mamer. It was

declared that Benson, who had been de tailed in the neighborhood of Mamer's jewelry store at 140 West Harrison street, had stolen three watches.

### FIRE RECORD.

Two Dwellings Burn.

Fire practically destroyed two dwelling houses at 2125 and 2127 North Fifty-first street about 2:20 o'clock vesterday afternoon. It was started by the ignition of a gasoline stove. The alarm was turned in when the fire was discovered in the house occupied by A. J. Simonson, 2127 North Fifty-first street, and the flames spread to the adjoining house before it was gotten under control. The most of the furniture was saved, but the two houses were badly burned, the loss being in the neighborhood of \$5,000.

Railroad Icehouses. BEATRICE, Neb., Aug. 10,-(Special Telegram.)-The Burlington icehouses at Wymore were damaged to the extent of nearly engine.

Charge that Sixty-Eight Railway Stations in Minnesota Are Closed,

STATEMENT OF SUPERINTENDENT SLADE

Ninety Per Cent of the Operstors Are Back at Work.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Aug. 16.-Information reached the governor's office late today of the filing with the State Railroad and Warehouse commission of a complaint by organized labor interests that there are sixty-eight stations closed along the line of

the Great Northern in Minnesota. It is not Howard by reason of paving the street announced what action the Railroad and and which turned down a number of pro-Warehouse commission will take in the matter. There will be no arbitration of the strike Northern railway. Superintendent Slade

turned to work and we certainly will no arbitrate with the other 10 per cent. Following the receipt of the letter urging arbitration, which was dictated by Governor Johnson last night, C. Bunn, general counsel for the Northern Pacific railway, had a lengthy conference with the Minne

sots executive today. Beyond the fact that the conference had to do with the strike situation, nothing was given out by the legislative department.

Governor Johnson this afternoon received a letter from President Perham of the telegraphers, accepting his offer of arbitratio for the strikers. Mr. Perham writes: am aware of the troubles being caused by the telegraphers' strike and I desire to bring them to an endras speedily as possible. In behalf of the railroad telegraphers. I endorse your suggestion in regard to submitting the matter to arbitration, and accept the tender of the officers of the exequitive department to bring about a settlement of the present difficulty." Up to a late hour this evening Governo

Johnson had not received a reply to his letter to President Hill or President Elliott.

Deputy Sheriffs Guard Offices. SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 10.-The North ern Pacific today engaged fourteen deputy sheriffs, to be assigned to small stations where trouble with the striking telegraphers has occurred, or is feared. The most serious trouble occurring thus far was the forcible ejection of an operator at Covington and the interference with company service of the railroad is in charge of the wires in two or three places. The secret organization of the force of guards.

PUBLISHER IS LOCKED UP Charge of Criminal Libel Preferred Against Robert A. Irving by Kentucky Congressman,

NEW YORK, Aug. 10 .- Robert A. Irving publisher of the New Yorker, was arrested today, charged with criminal libel. He was about to start for Newport. Irving was taken at once to the criminal court house, arraigned before Magistrate Breen and, in default of \$1.000 bail, was locked up in the Tombs.

The complainant is Congressman Rhinock of Covington, Ky., who some weeks ago caused the arrest of Robert W. Criswell, editor of the New Yorker, on a similar charge. Criswell subsequently met with a tragic death beneath a subway train.

The charge against Irving grows out of are high and that the plenipotentiaries on | tion of Criswell was based. The article censured Representative Longworth of Ohio for introducing Mr. Rhinock to Miss Alice Roosevelt during the visit of the president's daughter to the Latonia races near Cin-

#### MOORE SAYS NO GRAFTING Weather Bureau Denies Charges of Irregularity Made Against Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—In a signed statement today, Prof. Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau, Agricultural department, denies that there has been graft or other irregularities in his bureau. The allegations made against him in certain newspapers related to the construction and management of the station of the weather bureau in the Blue Ridge mountains, Virginia, known as Mount Weather, and among other things charged him with employing unskilled labor at \$3 per day twice the amount paid ordinarily and four times as much as paid for labor in the vicinity of the station. Prof. Moore declares that no secret service agents have been at work in his bureau and states that had the persons circulating the stories examined the payrolls of the bureau, which are open to inspection, they would have saved their readers from "reading secretly secured scandal instead of openly procured news."

#### STRIKE ON BRIDGE COMPANY Ironworkers Have Grievance Against American Bridge Company and Stop Work.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 10.-A strike of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers against the American Bridge company went into effect today, throwing about sixty men out of employment.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 10 .- According to figures given out today by Secretary Mc-Namara of the International Structural Iron and Bridge Workers' union, 4,000 men have walked out in the strike called against the American Bridge company, the mer say that subcontractors doing work for the American Bridge company are employ ing nonunion men, and insist that the union be recognized throughout. One hundred men here stopped work on buildings in the course of erection. No proposition \$1,000 this afternoon. The fire is supposed to settle has been formulated by either to have been caused by sparks from an side and no arrangements have been made to get together.

ANOTHER SERIES OF

Sherlock Holmes Stories,

By A. CONAN DOYLE.

in The Bee has created a demand which can be filled only by another

series of STARTLING ADVENTURES from the pen of the same author

depicting the marvelous results achieved by that MOST SKILLFUL OF

ALL DETECTIVES. These stories, which will appear from week to

week in The Sunday Bee, are sure to hold the interest of every reader

from the beginning to the end of the series. To avoid missing any of

A Sherlock Holmes Story

Next Sunday.

them make sure you receive The Bee as a regular subscriber.

THE unparalleled popularity of the Sherlock Holmes stories printed

### will be immediately transmitted to the em-Ordinances Providing for New Asphalt Acted on at Extra Meet. ing of Connell.

A special session of the city council was held Thursday night to act upon some special paving ordinances. The ordinance s pave Lake street, from Eighteenth to Twenty-fourth, was passed, while others introduced were for improving and paving or curbing these streets; Mlami, from Thirtieth to Thirty-first; Tenth, from Leavenworth to Castellar; Marcy, from Thirtieth to Thirty-first; Thirty-eighth, Acon Farnam to Dodge California from Twee ty-sixth to \*Central boulevard: Thirtieth from Leavenworth to Jackson; Davenport, from Thirty-third to Central boulevard The report of the board of appraisers which allowed Mrs. Schuetz \$100 for damages done to her lot at Twenty-first and

tests, was adopted. The bond of \$300,000 filed by the United States National bank and signed by M. T. of the telegraphers against the Great Barlow, G. W. Wattles, V. B. Caldwell and Alfred Millard to insure the safety of city said: "Ninety per cent of our men have refunds deposited in the bank, was accepted Engineer Rosewater reported that he had mployed the following persons to work in the asphalt plant and the names were accepted: E. Doyle, John Howard, W. A. Darby, Phil Powell and Frank Ward: A resolution was adopted to pay clerks emdoved by the city clerk to prepare notices property owners of contemplated improvements 40 cents an hour; clerks for onving registration names, 25 cents; checking registration, 40 cents an hour. All

> SUMS TO BE RAISED THIS YEAR Amounts Needed for the Various Funds Under the New Levy.

nbers were present except Huntington.

Comparative tax levy-rull valuation:

13.31 .17.66 15.06 18.44 According to the figures of County Auditor Smith the county tax levy made this year will produce in revenue \$15,115.38 in Thursday. There was nothing to indicate excess of the fast levy. The valuation on which the previous levy was made amounted to \$28,862,629, while this year the valuation is \$23.819.300. The following comparatitve table for the two years shows now much money was and is to be raised for the different funds for county purposes

 
 Mills.
 1906-6.
 1904-5.

 General fund
 9.0
 \$268,373.69
 \$259,763.67

 Road fund
 2.5
 74,548.25
 57,725.26

 Bridge fund
 2.5
 74,548.25
 86,587.89

 Bond sinking fund
 1.5
 44,726.95
 43,293.94

 Soldlers' relief fund
 3
 8,945.79
 8,658.79
 Total

The totals for the road and bridge funds his year are identical, while last year the bridge fund was greater by almost \$30,000, because a 3-mill levy was made for t. Last year the state levy produced \$173,175.79. This year, with a 1-mill increase, the state levy of 7 mills will bring In \$208,735.03.

BOWMAN DENIES THE CHARGE Man Arrested by Detectives or Charge of Pawning Typewriter Pleads Not Guilty.

A. Bowman, arrested by Detectives Ferris and Dunn on the charge of larceny as the railroads will find themselves pressed bailee, was arraigned Thursday morning to furnish equipment to accommodate the before Police Judge Berka, pleaded not travel that is to come this way. guil y and had his hearing set for the 15th | The Burlington has been declared the nstant. He is held on a bond of \$700. Bowman is said to have pawned a new he Nebraska Tribune Publishing company. He is said to have been given the Union Pacific to Denver and return over with the Electric Fence and Stock Guard | Denver. company for several weeks. When he returned to Omaha he was apprehended by

the detectives. Police officers say Rowman had unauthor. ized blanks printed showing himself as manager of the Nebraska Tribune com-

It is believe a case of forgery will be filed against Bowman Friday morning, he being said to have received a check from Peter Gravert, saloon keeper at Benson, and to which check he is said to have signed the names of his employers.

### BRANDEIS BUILDING DELAYED Difficulty of Constructing the New

Foundations Under Life Build. ing is the Cause.

Work on the Brandels building is being delayed by the fact that operations on the New York Life building are not progressing as fast as was expected. All summer workmen have been engaged in putting a concrete filling under the north wall of the New York Life building in order to bring its foundation down to a evel with those of the Brandels structure. Piers have been put in at intervals. Now these piers must be allowed to settle thoroughly before the weight of the building can be allowed to rest on them, a condition necessary before the remaining dirt can be taken out and the concrete foundation completed. The Brandels brothers are not pleased with the delay and have asked H. F. Wyman, who has charge of the New York Life building, to say how long before the work will be finished. Mr. Wyman has not yet replied. More inconvenience is caused in the work n the new department store by scarcity of building steel. It is hard to get immediate shipments of this material

GOODEN CASE IS CONTINUED Additional Matter Will Be Presented in Case of the Royal Highlanders.

A continuance has been taken in the United States circuit court in the case of Dr. Willam Gooden of Denver, aganst the supreme officers of the Royal Highlanders until August 30. The attorneys in the case appeared before Judge Munger this morning and the plaintiff was given until Monday, August 14, to file additional matter in the case, and the defendants are given to the following day to make further showing the trial of the case being set for final hearing on Wednesday, August 30.

### DEATH RECORD.

Funeral of Mrs. Pillsbury. Pauline Martha Pilisbury, whose uneral was held at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Irs. P. Westerfield, 3116 Mason street, Wednesday afternoon, was the granddaughter of Dr. Whitehead of London, who was the attending physiclan at the time of the death of John Wesley and was among the number present at his death. Dr. Whitehend later wrote a history of Wesley, which is now in the possession of Mrs. Pilisbury's daughter, Mrs. Elia P. Cleland of Bellevue. Mrs. Pilisbury was born in London in 1626 and was one of the Brst school teachers of Henry county, Illinois, in which place she married. She came to Omaha many years ago, and it was here that her husband died. Her husband and the father of Comptroller Lobeck were intimate

## PEOPLE WITH MONEY

will find our facilities most advantageous, both our depositors' and investors' conveniences.

### PEOPLE WITHOUT MONEY

Will also find our functions suitable to their circumstances. Deposits of any amount re-

ceived. Deposits payable on demand Deposits draw 4 per cent compound interest.

Oldest and Strongest Savings Bank In Nebraska.

### City Savings Bank 16th and Douglas Sts.

friends and brought the first threshing machine into Henry county. Mrs. Pillsbury's immediate family consisted of these children: Mrs. Ella P. Cleland of Bellevue, Mrs. Ira P. Westerfield of Omaha. Silas W. Pillsbury of Monmouth, Ill.; Frank L. Pillsbury of Chicago, Howard A. Pillsury of Andover, Ill. The remains were aken to Monmouth, Ill., Wednesday night by Silas W. Pillsbury and Howard A. Pillsbury. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Jenks.

LITTLE GRIP WAS FULL OF COIN Price of Several Street Cars Carried Safely to Council Bluffs on One Car.

An innocent looking leather grip, carried by an innocent looking negro, went over the river to Council Bluffs on a motor car that it contained \$25,000 in bills, but it did, The money was being transferred from the First National bank to a Council Bluffs

Institution. That the guardian of the grip had a reolver in his hip pocket one could see from the bulge in his coat when he sat down. On the next sear behind the negro sat a keen-eyed man with slightly gray hair. Ho was an officer of the Council Bluffs bank and his duty was to protect his servant who carried the cash. He had a revolver ....\$471,144.93 \$456,629.55 also. No one would have guessed that the two men had ever seen each other, and yet the fact would have become immediately and painfully apparent to any holdup man who attempted to get the grip.

PREPARING FOR THE REUNION Railroads of West Will Need All Cars to Serve Visitors to Denver.

All railroads to the west are preparing all their equipment for the Grand Army of the Republic reunion at Denver, which is to be held September 4 to 7. The busines: from the east is mostly routed and

official route of several of the more fm portant states, among which are Nebraska, typewriter loaned him by his employers, lows and Illinois. The delegations from South Dakota and Minnesota will use the machine for home use. The machine was the Burlington. The Burlington will also ecovered in a pawn shop where it was haut a special train from Indiana to Denpawned for \$10. Bowman went to work ver via St. Louis. A special from Youngsat Percival, Ia., where he was connected town, O., will also use the Burlington to

TOURISTS OFF FOR COAST Two Cars with Party Leave Omahi

on Way to San Fran- . cisco.

The two touring cars of transcontinental courist which have been resting in Omaha for the past two weeks left Thursday afternoon for Denver. The party is composed of Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. McGinn, Mrs L. F. Largey, Mr. Bation, Phillip Barr, Mrs. N. A. McGinn, Hugh A. McWhorter and John Steison. The journey so far covered is from Chicago to Omaha and the, party will go from here to Denver and thence to Santa Fe and to San Francisco, taking their time enroute.

A Brave Fight against stomach, liver and hidney trouble. is always successful, if carried on by means of Electric Bitters. 50c. For sale by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co.

Delegates Off to Toronto. Delegates from the Omaha Typographical union. No. 189, and from Ahamo auxiliary to the union, left this afternoon for Toronto, where the International Typographical union convenes next week. The delegates from Omaha are Roy Himman and W. Sherman Ripley. Mrs. H. L. Cox. will represent the auxiliary, and Mrs. Frank A. Kennedy, International president of the auxiliary, also goes. Mrs. Cex and Mrs. Kennedy are accompanied by their husbands.

Harper's Visit Social. CLEVELAND, O. Aug. 19.—Through his secretary, John D. Rockefeller gave to the Associated Press a statement avering that the visit to Forest Hill of President Harper of the University of Chicago is purely social and has nothing to do with university of the College of the University of Chicago is purely social and has nothing to do with university of the College of the Chicago in the College of the Chicago in sity affairs.

ARUSEMENTS.

## BASE BALL VINTON ST. PARK Omaha vs. Sioux City

August 10- 11- 12- 12 2 games Saturday Aug 12. 1st game Called 2:30. Friday Aug 11

LADRES DAY Games Called at 3:45.

# SPECIAL

FRIDAY, AUG. 11 The Protty Venetian Carniva

Beautiful Fireworks KRUG Night, 15-28-50-780

OPENING SUNDAY MATINEE

With Lincoln J. Carter's Great Scenie TOO PROUD TO BEG

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