

GRASS-GROW FROM ACORNS
—BEE ADS BUILD BUSINESS

THE OMAHA DAILY

BIG BUSINESS OR LITTLE—
BEE ADS WILL BOOST IT.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 22, 1905—TWELVE PAGES.

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BALFOUR WILL STAY

Premier Decides to Remain in Office Until End of Session.

WILL DISSOLVE PARLIAMENT IN OCTOBER

This is the Program Outlined by the Government at Present.

ANNOUNCEMENT WILL BE MADE MONDAY

In the Meantime Circumstances May Make Change Necessary.

CRISIS ASSUMES SERIOUSPECT

Government Supporters Cannot Count on the Opposition—Conserved Poor Time to Change Ministry.

LONDON, July 21.—It is understood that Premier Balfour has decided to remain in office until the end of the session and to dissolve Parliament in October. No authoritative statement, however, will be made until Monday and in the interval this decision may be modified.

The crisis has assumed a serious aspect, owing more to the circumstances attending the defeat of the government Thursday night on the question of the support of the Irish land commission than to the intrinsic importance of the vote itself. The vote was actually due to the slackness or to the indifference of the government's own supporters, who, despite the strongest possible whip enforcing their duty, failed to attend on that particular night, allowed themselves to be lulled into a false confidence by the rise of the liberals and nationalists in keeping their men in the background until the critical moment arrived.

Premier Balfour's audience with King Edward yesterday lasted only ten minutes and it is supposed he intimated the foregoing decision to his majesty. The unionist newspapers this morning, while professing to be delighted over the prospect of "steady state" and a definite policy program, being forced to form a ministry bound hand and foot to John Redmond and his nationalist following, who engineered the defeat of the government, contend that the delicate situation of foreign affairs demands that the government shall remain in control of the Foreign office and forbid the risk of any change in the government. The forthcoming peace conference in the United States, the Anglo-Japanese alliance, the international conference on Morocco, the relations with French entente and South African affairs are all represented as matters too serious to be entrusted to a liberal or a radical ministry.

Brief Session of House.

The House of Commons sat barely half an hour today and then adjourned until Monday to await the government's decision regarding its future course of action in view of the defeat of the ministry last night on John Redmond's motion to reduce the vote for the Irish land commission.

The house was packed and much excitement was visible on all sides and there was a disposition to view the defeat of the government as more serious than it was generally regarded in the early hours this morning. Immediately after the house had assembled Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the liberal leader, moved its adjournment, declaring that it would be unseemly under the circumstances to proceed with business while the government was considering its position. Premier Balfour, however, declined to adjourn the house until the bill dealing with the differences of the Scottish United Free church and the Free church had been passed. This was quickly accomplished; the house rose and the excited members swarmed into the lobbies, eagerly discussing the probable decision of the cabinet, which has been summoned to meet this afternoon.

The view that the government will resign, however, is not held in circles generally well informed of the government's intentions and it is reiterated that the resignation of the government is not likely in view of the almost practical certainty that the government will be re-elected by its normal majority on the trial of strength July 24, to which the opposition formally challenged the ministry.

Press on the exchange today opened flat, operations being apprehensive that the defeat of the government in the House of Commons last night means the fall of the Balfour ministry.

The unionist members of the House of Commons are busily signing a memorial to the premier against either the resignation of the government or the dissolution of Parliament. In the unionist centers, like the Carlton club, it is confidently asserted that Mr. Balfour will stand or fall according to the outcome of Monday's motion of censure.

Wants Until Monday.

In the House of Lords Earl Spencer, the liberal leader, asked Foreign Secretary Lansdowne if he had any statement to make regarding the government's attitude, but Lord Lansdowne refused to anticipate Mr. Balfour's statement on Monday next. The duke of Devonshire (liberal unionist) postponed a motion which he intended to present condemning colonial preference, saying that on Monday the government would either be in a state of suspended animation or nonexistence. The lord chancellor, Earl Haversham, protested against the only two alternatives presented by the duke of Devonshire.

FROST FALLS IN MICHIGAN

Sudden Change in Temperature in Reported General Over the United States.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The United States weather bureau today gives most encouraging information regarding the outlook for favorable weather.

From the abnormally hot to cool weather to be the trend of atmospheric record. The report says: The temperature continues to fall slowly in New England, the middle Atlantic states, the lake region and lower lake region. The lake region the fall in temperature has now continued upward of thirty-six hours. As a consequence, abnormally cool weather is reported this morning for the upper lake region, with light frost at Escanaba, Mich. The weather also has turned cool in eastern Dakota, the Missouri and middle Mississippi valleys. Rain has fallen in eastern North Carolina, eastern Missouri, southern Indiana and southern Illinois. Kentucky farmers official and stockholder of the International Harvester company, was released today on a writ of habeas corpus. Bond of \$5,000 for appearance August 23 was given.

RUSSIANS MAKE GOOD FIGHT

Five Hundred Men Hold Force of Japanese for Twenty-Four Hours.

TOKYO, July 21.—A special telegram from Omsk says that the Russians defeated the Dalnians about 800 strong, with six field and three machine guns, and taking the fullest advantage of the topographical character of the district, offered the most desperate resistance. The Russian positions were hidden among a thick forest, and it was impossible for the Japanese gunners to make a correct observation. The cannonade, however, was opened by the Japanese at 6 o'clock, on the morning of July 7 and was kept up until dusk. The Japanese infantry, gradually gaining ground and closing in on the enemy's line of defense, awaited an opportunity for the final charge. It was nearly two hours after midnight when the enemy's first line of defense, strengthened by barricades and trenches, was taken. This success was vigorously followed up, but it was not until 1 o'clock in the morning of July 8 that the army was driven out of the second line of defense and victory secured, with loss of four field and one machine gun.

The nature of the ground exposed the assaulting force to great disadvantage and risk. It was believed that owing to the short supply of ammunition and provisions the Russians at Sakhalin could not hold out longer.

It is officially announced that the Russians have thus far surrendered about 40,000 men, including one colonel and fourteen other officers.

An imperial ordinance was issued this morning authorizing the appointment of noncommissioned officers from the reserve corps also converting those of sundry service rank into privates of fighting rank.

COPENHAGEN, July 21.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Gosiadain says that private advices received at the Russian capital that Japanese warships have been sighted near Nikolayevsk at the mouth of the Amur river. Many of the inhabitants of Nikolayevsk and Vladivostok, it is added, have fled to Khabarovsk.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

Electric Contract for Lincoln Public Building Let to Indiana Firm.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, July 21.—(Special Telegram.)—The Anderson Electric company of Anderson, Ind., was today awarded the contract for the electric lighting of the new public building at Lincoln, Neb., at its bid of \$360.

P. F. Connelly of Yankton, S. D., was today given the contract for constructing the approaches to the new public building at Yankton, S. D.

Rural free delivery routes Nos. 2 and 3 have been ordered established September 15 at Walcott, Scott county, Ia., serving 728 people and 152 houses.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Bristol, Boyd county, S. A. Holt, vice George W. Bell, resigned; Okla.—Fillmore county, William R. Fulton, vice C. M. Chenoweth, resigned; Iowa—Linn county, John Deane, vice W. V. Harrison; South Dakota—Barrill, Kingsbury county, R. C. Doll, vice Spencer Engstrom, resigned; Wyoming—Basin, Big Horn county, D. C. Bowman, vice James Patten, resigned.

Early in August Chief Forester Gifford Pinchot and Secretary Wilson will visit the Big Horn forest reserve in Wyoming to make a thorough study of the grazing problem. Much complaint has been made in regard to the manner in which the department has restricted grazing in this reserve, and representatives of the forestry bureau have held varying views as to the damage which sheep are doing in grazing within its boundaries. Pinchot will confer with local stockmen as well as make a personal inspection in the reserve, and it is his hope that some final plan of controlling grazing in the Big Horn reserve may then be evolved. It is Pinchot's intention, if he has time to visit all other reserves in Wyoming, Utah and Colorado, to ascertain how the present management is working and find what changes, if any, are needed.

MORE LUCK FOR "SKIP" DUNDY

Rich Strike is Made on Wyoming Mining Property He is Interested In.

MEETESTER, Wyo., July 21.—(Special.)—News of the most wonderful and by far the most important gold strike in the history of Kirwin, in the Wood river mining district, thirty-five miles from this place, reached Meetester today. The news has been suppressed as much as possible, but finally leaked out. The rock has been assayed by expert assayers and its richness is marvelous. Some sample assays were sent away and returns show that the rock carries gold to the value of \$125,000 per ton.

This rich ore is found on the surface of the Shoshone claim, owned now by the Shoshone Mining company, and was formerly the property of Elmer S. Dundy of New York City. He sold his interest in the property to the Shoshone company, or rather turned it into the company, retaining shares to the value of the property, and it was done without his knowing the richness of the ground.

The vein of ore shut from which this ore was extracted shows up on the surface for the distance of over 300 feet and the vein is what is termed a cross vein, the mother lode being twenty-five feet in width and has never been exploited, except as to other portions.

At present the Shoshone Mining company has a force of men at work opening up the lead by means of an open cut and it is said by men who know that although the company has expended many hundreds of thousands of dollars in the camp they will not be reimbursed by the returns from a very few tons for all the money they have expended in the entire camp. Men are kept on guard continually, as the ore is so rich that fortunes could be carried away in a night.

SWIFT IS NOW OUT ON BAIL

Chicago Man Charged with Conspiracy Released on Writ of Habeas Corpus.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Following an indictment in Indiana and arrest in Chicago on a charge of conspiracy, Rodney B. Swift, former official and stockholder of the International Harvester company, was released today on a writ of habeas corpus. Bond of \$5,000 for appearance August 23 was given.

PRESIDENT HAS CHINA'S NOTE

Will Not Recognize Any Treaty Affecting Chinese Territory.

ROOSEVELT AND ROOT DISCUSS IT

Raises Entire Question of Open Door to Manchuria and Commercial Relations with the Empire.

ROYSTER BAY, N. Y., July 21.—President Roosevelt and Elihu Root, who assumed formally last Wednesday his new duties, were today in conference at Sagamore Hill. Among the many questions considered was the one brought up by the note of the United States to the Chinese government that is relating to an identical note which the Foreign office of China, within a day or two, has sent to the powers neutral in the far eastern contest between Russia and Japan.

The text of the note, made public this evening by President Roosevelt, is as follows: Text of Chinese Note. President Roosevelt this evening authorized the publication of the identical note sent by China to the powers neutral in the pending far eastern conflict. The text of the note, which is updated, follows: Having viewed with profound regret the untoward interruption of peaceful relations between Japan and Russia, the imperial government now learns with gratification that the negotiations are about to commence for the restoration of peace and amity. In the present conflict Chinese territory has been intruded upon by military operations. Therefore it is hereby expressly declared that the approval of China being previously obtained, which approval is hereby given, the diplomatic representatives of China in Japan and Russia have been instructed to communicate this declaration to the government of Japan and Russia respectively. On its face, the note appears to be a simple declaration that no determination of the peace conference affecting Chinese territory will be recognized as valid "without the approval of China previously obtained." It really means far more than that, as it is construed here.

The United States, in common with other nations, is interested particularly in the open door to Manchuria, and behind China's simple declaration lies the whole question of the commerce and commercial relations of a great empire.

What action, if any, the United States government may take as to the note is beyond accurate conjecture at this time. Neither President Roosevelt or Secretary Root will discuss the matter for publication. Secretary Root will remain a guest of the president until some time tomorrow. Mr. Root will not take up the active duties of secretary of state before September.

Discusses Possible Peace Terms.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 21.—The Novoye Vremya devotes today a leading article to the discussion of the possible peace terms published by the Vienna Tagblatt and Frankfort Zeitung, dwelling especially on the specification against double tracking the Siberian railroad, which the paper declares to be utterly unacceptable in every way, being equivalent to the political and economic suicide of Russia.

Witte Reaches Paris. PARIS, July 21.—M. Witte, accompanied by his wife, several members of his family and a number of officials making up the party, which is headed by the United States, arrived at the Northern railroad station at 4 o'clock this afternoon. A large number of French and Russian officials and members of the diplomatic corps were assembled at the station, including Ambassadors Loucheur and Cassini, M. Moland, chief of the protocol department of the Foreign office, representing Premier Rouvier, and Police Prefect Lepine.

As M. Witte descended to the platform his massive form towered above the throng, which pressed forward to welcome him. Standing abreast, M. Witte was greeted by M. Neidloff and Count Cassini and spoke for some moments with the latter. M. Neidloff afterward advised M. Loubet of the plans to present him to President Loucheur and Premier Rouvier, probably tomorrow. The party then drove to a hotel.

The trip of M. Witte and his party from St. Petersburg to Paris was uneventful. The Russian statesman was joined on his arrival by his married daughter and his grandchild. M. Witte will remain here until the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse sails, July 26, from Cherbourg.

The Temps gives prominence to an interview with M. Witte which a correspondent of that paper had during the trip to Paris. The interview follows almost textually the interview which the correspondent of the Associated Press at St. Petersburg had with the chief Russian peace plenipotentiary. The Temps' correspondent says: "I considered it my duty to submit to M. Witte the text of the declaration made by him to the correspondent of the Associated Press and reprinted in the Temps. After having read the Associated Press clipping which I had presented to him, M. Witte replied: 'This is not the complete text of that interview, but it is correct and conforms to what I have just told you, so that I do not know what more could be added.'"

The Temps gives this both as a confirmation of an indication that the Associated Press interview was regarded by M. Witte as embracing everything he has to say.

EQUITABLE LOAN WAS PAID

Official of Mercantile Trust Company Says Jordan Turned Over the Cash.

NEW YORK, July 21.—An official of the Mercantile Trust company today said that the loan for six hundred and some odd thousands of dollars made by the company to former President Alexander and Thomas D. Jordan of the Equitable society has been paid.

When asked how payments of the loan had been made the trust company official said that the loan was paid by Mr. Jordan, acting for himself and Mr. Alexander as trustees. More than that he declined to say.

The regular Friday meeting of the executive committee of the Equitable was held today. Chairman Morton was in conference earlier with Attorney Paul Kravath and it is believed the Westinghouse plan of stock transfer was discussed by the executive committee. Chairman Morton, however, declined to say anything on this point.

TEAMSTERS RUSH FOR WORK

Comparatively Few Men of Those on Strike Get Their Old Places.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Teamster strikers who last night gave up their long struggle against the employers broke ranks today in a stampede for work. The barns of the strike affected firms were besieged by men who had been idle for months and whose places have been filled by nonunion men. The employers in many cases announced that there were vacancies for only a few. Of more than 4,000 men who quit not more than 1,400 or 1,500 will be reinstated during the next few days. The coal teamsters and truck drivers did not join in the rush for re-employment today.

The order of the teamsters' joint council which authorized the surrender was for all men on strike to ask for reinstatement this morning. Both the truck drivers and the coal teamsters balked at this and planned to hold meetings tonight and fight it out until they can go back to work like union men.

However, the boycott against business houses had been lifted officially by the action of the council and it is expected there will be no more sympathetic strikes of teamsters.

Nearly every one of the strikers at the department stores filed application for reinstatement. In many cases the men were put to work immediately. At one store a number of men who obeyed the order to strike stood in line today and signed applications for their former jobs. The express companies, which fought their battle virtually alone and apart from the others, are not to take back any of their former employees. Police protection will not be withdrawn for a few days at least, as clashes between nonunion men and union men are feared when the latter return to work.

The union button and the street blockade against nonunion drivers, popularly looked upon as cardinal principles of the teamsters' union, will no more be tolerated by any firm that has been affected by the teamsters' strike just ended. If resolutions adopted by the employers at a meeting today are carried out, representatives of every branch of industry affected by the strike pledge themselves to stand for the "open shop" and to enforce it by the use of effect by the employers' association members several weeks ago.

JONES' BODY COMES SATURDAY

Wireless Message from Squadron Says Trip from France Was Without Incident.

NEWPORT, E. I., July 21.—The squadron of warship under command of Rear Admiral Sigbee, which is bringing to this country from France the body of John Paul Jones, was spoken by wireless telegraph early today. The following message was received at the government torpedo station here: "Will arrive at Chesapeake cove Saturday morning if weather continues favorable. No incidents on passage."

This message was sent through the Nantuxet light house, which the squadron passed during the night.

NORFOLK, Va., July 21.—The commandant's office at the Norfolk yard reported at 11:35 o'clock this morning that Admiral John Paul Jones, was in company with the body of Admiral Jones, which had been brought to the Norfolk station. The report said that the North Atlantic battleship squadron, in two divisions, under Admirals Evans and Davis, which went to sea to meet the fleet bearing the body of Admiral Jones, was close to Admiral Sigbee's fleet.

WHEAT PRICES ARE SOARING

September Option Advances 2 7/8 Cents, Closing at Highest Point of the Day.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Amid scenes of intense excitement the board of trade here today the price of wheat for September delivery shot up 2 7/8 cents per bushel. The closing quotation, 94 cents, was at the highest point of the day. For forty-eight hours the net advance shown is 1 1/2 cents a bushel. The cause for the bulge today was the report of the National Conference of wheat fields of the Dakotas and Minnesota. An upward jump of nearly 60 cents in the price of the September option at Minneapolis was an important factor in the situation here.

NEW YORK, July 21.—Wheat in New York advanced 2 cents per bushel more today as a result of alarming north-west news and the extraordinary pressure in Minneapolis prices. The upturn caught numerous stop orders and it is quite generally believed here that spring wheat is badly damaged by rust.

DEVINE CHOSEN PRESIDENT

New York Man Elected Chief Executive of National Conference of Charities and Corrections.

PORTLAND, Ore., July 21.—Edward T. Devine of New York City was today elected president of the National Conference of Charities and Corrections at the last session of the annual convention here. Other officers were chosen as follows: Vice Presidents—Judge J. Q. Kinney of Iowa, and J. J. McLaughlin of New York; General Secretary—Dr. Alexander Johnson of New York; Assistant Secretaries—William H. McClain of St. Louis, Arthur P. Kellings of New York, Charles F. Keller of Waterbury, Conn., and Nathaniel C. Grady of Baltimore.

The executive committee includes the twenty vice presidents and Thomas Mulford of New York, president of the National Conference, George Vaux Jr. of Philadelphia, Mornay Williams of New York, Hugh J. Platt of Columbus, O., Judge Julian Mack of Chicago, and Hoquet of New York was chosen treasurer.

YOUNG WOMAN TRIES SUICIDE

Says She Was Deserted by Kansas City Husband and Drinks Poison.

CHICAGO, July 21.—A young woman, giving her name as Mrs. Marie Johnson, 23 years old, whose husband is said to be a wealthy business man of Kansas City, Mo., attempted to commit suicide in her apartment here today. She swallowed the contents of a bottle of laudanum. Her groans attracted the attention of a friend with whom she lived and who summoned the police. She was taken to a hospital and revived.

The woman refused to make any statement further than to say that she had been deserted by her husband shortly after their honeymoon and that he lived in Kansas City. The police believe the name Johnson is fictitious.

HANGS FOR DOUBLE MURDER

Norman Williams Pays Penalty for Killing Two Omaha Women.

SON AND BROTHER RUNS DOWN CRIMINAL

In Addition to This Murder Williams Has a Criminal Career in Nebraska Before Going to Oregon.

THE DALLAS, Ore., July 21.—(Special Telegram.)—Norman Williams was hanged here today for the murder of Alma Nesbitt and her mother on March 8, 1905. The only statement made by the murderer was: "My lips are sealed to the world." Williams' two hapless victims were both from Omaha, while the murderer himself was a Nebraska man with an atrocious record in that state. After serving four years in the state penitentiary of Nebraska for criminal assault on a neighbor's wife, he criminally assaulted and attempted to murder his sister-in-law at Chadron, Neb. This latter crime was fully as atrocious in conception as the slaughter of the Nesbitt victims. He tried to escape into a Nebraska man and after giving her time enough to drown, set up an alarm. The girl's dress had caught on a snag, however, and the rescuers found her head just above water. Williams served eight years for that. In addition to his Nebraska record, when he married Miss Nesbitt and another wife died in Bellingham, Wash., under suspicious circumstances.

The tale of a lost mother and daughter, of the tireless detective work of a son and brother, vengeance averted, and of a tragedy, the ghostliness of whose working-out is scarcely paralleled in Oregon annals, is interwoven in this Nebraska drama. Williams came to Hood River, Ore., from Omaha early in 1903, located a quarter section of land in the remote, little-populated upper Hood River valley. Going back to Omaha, he returned in May of the same year, bringing with him Alma Nesbitt, who announced prior to departure her engagement to a local man. Williams' engagement to her was broken, and she fled on the night of her flight from her home at Chadron, Neb. In October of that year her mother came to Omaha.

Lures Women from Home. March 8, 1905, Williams lured the two women from Portland to Hood River and on a dark, stormy night, the trio started in a carriage on the long drive to the homestead. The two women were never seen again. Williams said they had gone back to Omaha.

In June, 1905, Williams presented a relinquishment for Miss Nesbitt's claim, months later the latter came from Omaha, relatives inquiring the whereabouts of the women. It came to The Dallas land office. Rendered doubly suspicious by the smouldering gossip in the Hood River valley, the register had the relinquishment returned from Washington. It was found, and October 20, 1905, a federal grand jury at Portland indicted Norman Williams for forging Alma Nesbitt's name to a homesteaded relinquishment.

In Omaha George Nesbitt, brother of Alma, months later came from Portland, Oregon, inquiring the whereabouts of the women. It came to The Dallas land office. Rendered doubly suspicious by the smouldering gossip in the Hood River valley, the register had the relinquishment returned from Washington. It was found, and October 20, 1905, a federal grand jury at Portland indicted Norman Williams for forging Alma Nesbitt's name to a homesteaded relinquishment.

Deceived Another Woman. From this evidence was worked out Williams' doom. Circumstantial facts went to show that after slaying the wretched female in the local football country, he had thrust their bodies into a rude grave, and some weeks later had opened the grave and burned the bodies on heaps of brush. It was a plot as cleverly conceived as it was horrible, but deep down in the heart of the murderer there was a better man who had enough to give the brother a scent that led him to his quarry.

Meanwhile the murderer, made apprehensive by the gathering cloud of suspicion in the Hood River country, had gone to British Columbia, and later to Bellingham, Wash., his arrest taking place February 8, 1906, at the latter place. The best criminal talent in the northwest failed to shake the impression of guilt in the jury's mind. A hard fight was put up by appeals and motions for a new trial, but in vain.

Williams was married to one wife in Omaha November 23, 1888. She now claims that she was trapped into a mock marriage by a "play" minister whom Williams brought to the altar. In 1904, he was brought out at the trial. With the murder, he has served sentence, the crimes of which he is suspected, but which have never been brought home, Williams stands out as a colossus in the criminal world.

GASOLINE IN AUTO EXPLODES

Girl Burned to Death and Five Other Persons Injured by Accident Near Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 21.—The burned body of 14-year-old Olive Johnson of Lima, O., and five other persons, suffering from burns and bruises, were dragged from beneath a burning automobile which plunged into the ditch on the River road about a half mile east of Broad street, seven miles northeast of this city, tonight, exploding the gasoline storage tank. The accident was caused by the machine striking a rut. C. O. Dale of this city, who was driving the machine, is seriously burned. The others who sustained severe burns and bruises were: Clara Brennan, Muncie, Ind.; Ethel Jones, Shelbyville, Ind.; Inez Brennan and Hazel Orr of this city.

MORE CANAL EMPLOYES QUIT

Steamer Which Brings the Party to New York Is in Quarantine.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The steamer City of Savannah, which arrived today from Colon with a score of Panama canal employees who have quit their positions, on board, was detained at quarantine and a close inspection of the boat for yellow fever was begun.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fair and Warmer Saturday, Sunday Fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:	Hour.
5 a. m.	53
6 a. m.	55
7 a. m.	58
8 a. m.	63
9 a. m.	60
10 a. m.	70
11 a. m.	72
12 m.	72

OMAHA TOURISTS AT FAIRBURY

Are Having a Good Time and Making Many Friends for Omaha.

FAIRBURY, Neb., July 21.—(Special Telegram.)—The tourist excursion of the Omaha Commercial club reached Fairbury about 11 o'clock this morning in its special train over the Burlington, having left Beatrice this morning. Stops were made at Wycome, Odell, Diller and Endicot, at each of which points they met with a cordial reception from the business men. The tourists paraded the business streets of each city and after dinner utilized the brief time allowed them in visiting the local dealers in their representative lines in business arrangements have been made to give the visitors a drive around the city, but the time of their stay was so brief that only a few were able to accept the invitation.

The members of the party express themselves as highly pleased with the crop prospects of this morning and the members of their visit will insure closer relations between Omaha and the business men of Fairbury.

WYMORE, Neb., July 21.—(Special.)—The Omaha Commercial club visited this city this morning. The train was met by a committee of business men and escorted by a committee of business men. The band accompanying the excursion played on the streets, which were decorated for the occasion. The club is composed of gentlemen whom it is a pleasure to meet and their visit to this city was certainly not in vain.

SUPERIOR, Neb., July 21.—(Special Telegram.)—The Omaha Commercial excursion train arrived at 5:30 p. m. and was cordially received by local business people. All are in fine spirits. The weather is cool. There was a slight rain at 4 o'clock. Many new acquaintances were made and old ones re-encountered. The men, Harts and Nelson in the afternoon and were kindly received. Crop prospects were never better here and the people are feeling good in a business way. The club band is a great attraction.

SUNDAY SCHOOL IN A WRECK

Pleasant Boat Strikes Rock, but All Passengers Are Saved by Heaving Vessel.

NEW YORK, July 21.—The deliberate beaching of the crowded excursion boat Sirius today prevented a threatened repetition of the disaster to the excursion steamer General Slocum, which cost a thousand lives thirteen months ago. The excursion boat was in the water about North Brother island, where the General Slocum burned. A Sunday school picnic numbering 1,000 and composed mostly of women and children, was aboard and this picnic came from the same quarter of the city as the Slocum picnickers. In a straight race North Brother island the excursion boat was passing the steamer William G. Payne. While rolling in the trough of the Payne's swell the Sirius was struck violently upon the bow. The blow struck a hole through a steel plate into a bulkhead. The excursionists did not immediately realize what had occurred, but Captain William Pearce knew and he headed the boat directly for the mud flats of Riker's island, because of a refusal to give assistance, followed fast in the wake of the excursion boat and when the steamer's bow settled in the mud police patrol boats and the steamer Massasoit were at hand to take off the frightened passengers.

At high tide the Sirius floated without assistance and although one bulkhead was full of water, proceeded under its own steam to the repair dock.

KELLY MAKES NO NEW BOND

Treasurer of Kansas Says He Is Unable to Secure Necessary Signatures.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 21.—State Treasurer T. D. Kelly today refused formally the demand of Governor Hoch to give a new bond for \$50,000, to cover that impaired by the failure of C. J. Devlin, who was one of Kelly's principal bondsmen. Governor Hoch has given Kelly until noon today to act. The state executive council met today to consider the situation and Treasurer Kelly appeared before the members and explained his situation at length, taking the position that the governor's demand was nearly a mile away. Rescued parties followed Kelly in his statement, indicating that he was unable to get the necessary bondsmen.

Governor Hoch announced this afternoon that he would declare the office of state treasurer, now held by J. Kelly, vacant, because of Kelly's refusal to give a new bond, his old bond having been involved in the recent failure of C. J. Devlin. Governor Hoch offered the position of state treasurer to R. M. Allen, but the latter declined. He then offered the position to Charles W. Hull of Kirwin, who is considering it.

MORE BOODLE INDICTMENTS

Twenty-Four Additional Bills Returned Against Milwaukee Officials.

MILWAUKEE, July 21.—Twenty-four true bills against fourteen individuals were returned by the grand jury which has been investigating alleged "grafting." This was the third bunch of indictments handed down since the jury went into session June 20, the grand total thus far numbering 125. Tonight's list contains seven new names, the most prominent being Thomas Clancy, chief of the city fire department, indicted on one count, the charge being perjury.

Capias were issued tonight for the indicted persons.

Movements of Ocean Vessels July 21.

At New York—Arrived: La Lorraine, from Havre; Celtic, from Naples; Carpathia, from Liverpool; Campania, from Liverpool; Hamburg—Arrived: Graf Waldersee, from New York. At Liverpool—Arrived: Titonia, from New York; Sylvania and Cymric, from Boston. At Glasgow—Bailed: Parisian, from New York. At Naples—Bailed: Perugia, from New York. At Genoa—Arrived: from New York; Biallan Prince, from New York. At Genoa—Arrived: Italia, from New York. At Queenstown—Arrived: Lucania, from New York. Bailed: Celtic, from New York. At London—Arrived: Pomeranian, from Montreal.