ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 29, 1905—TEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

MISSION OF COLLEGE

President Roosevelt is Principal Speaker at Harvard Alumni Banquet.

HIGHER REWARDS FOR ORIGINAL RESEARCH

Suggestion that Investigations of this Class be Made Worth While.

PLACE OF GRADUATES IN THE WORLD

University Should Send Forth Men Whe Can be Useful in National Life.

RELATION OF SPORT TO EDUCATION

Chief Executive Says it Should Not be Tainted with Professionalism or Regarded as Serious Business of Life.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., June 28.-Although nominally celebrating with his class-mates the twenty-fifth anniversary of the class of 80, from Harvard university, President America's most ancient seat of learning. the university is empowered to bestow, but the welcome accorded him by Cambridge citizens, alumni and college of- fectual this mode of procedure may prove ficials was most cordial.

The president entered heartily into the spirit of commencement day and played a that in Germany and other nations we leading part in all the functions incident have worthy competitors in the Chinese to the occasion. It was scarcely 9 o'clock trade, and what we lose is bound to be this morning when the lieutenant governor their gain to a certain extent at least." representing the commonwealth, called at the home of Bishop William Lawrence, where the president spent the night, to aggregated 999, and included seven hon orary degrees

Makes Three Speeches.

Following the commencement exercises the president made three public addresses, one at the Harvard union, a second and the principal one of the tour, at the alumni dinner in Memorial hall, and a third from the steps of Memorial hall to the members of the alumni who could not gain admittance to the Memorial hall exercises.

The speech in Memorial hall, which was a general discussion of the mission of the traditional policy of encouraging a concollege, evoked the greatest enthusiasm. Besides the more pretentious events today, the president's program included a brief visit to the Germanic museum, where he sent a cablegram to the German emperor, thanking him for his gifts to Harvard; an informal reception at the home of President Eliot of Harvard; luncheon at the Porcelain club, and at the chief marshal's headquarters in University hall; tea at the residence of President Albert Bushenell Hart and a dinner at the Somer-

During the early evening the president found time for a conference with Secretary Taft on matters relating to the Panama canal, and also to give attention to certain cipher messages which had been received from Washington. It was arranged that the president should go to his car before midnight, although the train would not leave until 2 o'clock tomorrow morning. The train goes to Bridgeport, where the party will board the yacht Sylph for Oys-

Address by the President. At the alumni exercises President Roose,

velt was the principal speaker. He said: A great university like this has two especial functions. The first is to produce a small number of scholars of the highest rank, a small number of men who, in science and literature, or in art, will do productive work of the first class. The second is to send out into the world a very large number of men who never could achieve, and who ought not to try could achieve, and who ought not to try to achieve, such a position in the field of scholarship, but whose energies are to be felt in every form of activity; and who should go out from our doors with the balanced development of body, of mind, an' above all, of character, which shall fit them to do work both honorable and efficient

fit them to do work both honorable and efficient.

Much of the effort to accomplish the first function, that of developing men capable of productive scholarship, as distinguished from merely imitative, annotative, or pedagogic scholarship, must come through the graduate school. The law school and medical school do admirable work in fitting men for special professions, but they in no shape or way supply any shortcomings in the graduate school and modes the college proper, the college of the undergraduates. The ideal for the graduate school and for those undergraduates who are to go into it must be the ideal of high scholarly production, which is to be distinguished in the sharpest fashion from the mere transmittal of ready-made knowledge without adding to it. If America is to contribute its full share, to the progress not alone of knowledge, but of wisdom, then we must put ever increasing emphasis on university work done along the lines of the graduate school. We can best help the growth of American scholarship by seeing that as a career it is put more on a level with the other careers open to our young men.

Make it Remunerative.

The scholarly career, the career of the man of letters, the man of arts, the man of science, must be made such as to attract those strong and virile youths who now feel that they can only turn to business, law or politics. There is no one thing which will bring about this desired change, but there is one thing which will materially which will bring about this desired change, but there is one thing which will materially help in bringing it about, and that is to secure to scholars the chance of getting one of a few brilliant positions as prizes if they rise to the first rank in their chosen career. Every such brilliant position should have as an accompaniment an added salary, which shall help indicate how high the position really is; and it must be the efforts of the alumni which can alone secure such salaries for such positions.

As a people I think we are waking up a people I think we are waking us fact that there must be better pa to the fact that there must be better pay for the average man and average woman engaged in the work of education. But I am not speaking of this now; I am not speaking of this now; I am not speaking of this now; I am not speaking of the desirability, great though that is, of giving better payment to the average educator, I am speaking of the desirability of giving to the exceptional man the chance of winning an exceptional man the chance of winning an exceptional prize, just as he has the chance to do in law and business. In business at the present day nothing could be more healthy than an immense reduction in the money value of the exceptional prizes thus to be won; but in scholarship what is needed is the reverse. In this country we rightly go upon the theory that it is more important to care for the welfare of the average man than to put a premium upon the exertions of the exthe welfare of the average man than to put a premium upon the exertions of the ex-ceptional. But we must not forget that the establishment of such a premium for the exceptional, though of less importance, is nevertheless of very great importance. It is important even to the development of the hverage man, for the average of all of us is raised by the work of the great

Compensation Not Everything. It is, I trust, unnecessary to say that I appreciate to the full the fact that the highest work of all will never be affected one way or the other by any question of compensation. And much of the work which is really best for the nation must from the very nature of things be non-remunerative as compared with the work of the ordinary industries and vocations. nunerative as compared with the work the ordinary industries and vocations of the oranary industries and rocations. Nor would it ever be possible or desirable that the rewards of transcendent success in scholarship should even approximate, from a monetary standpoint, the rewards in other vocations. But it is also true that the effect upon ambitious minds cannot but be bad if, as a people, we

(Continued on Second Page.)

BOYCOTT BY CHINA GROWING SOCIETY MUST FIGHT CRAFT ILLUMINATING GAS IS FATAL TWO MILLIONS FOR YALE NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST RED

Former Consul General to Japan ction of Oriental rehants.

10. June 28 -- Edward G. SAN FE ently consul general of Bellows, 1 the United in Japan, has arrived in San Fr aboard the Pacific mail liner Man

gs renewed confirmation hich the merchants of 1 unon the United States upon goods and merfrom this country. He

chandire adds a ne to the condition of affairs by bringing the information that the Orientals have carried the boycott to the extent that in many instances importers are having great difficulty in the unloading of American products.

Mr. Bell

of the be

China have

manufactu

"There can be no doubt that there is a determined effort afoot in China whereby it is hoped to bring pressure to bear upon the United States through the medium of a boycott," said Mr. Bellows, "The object, as has already been exploited, is to force this country to grant more liberal treatment to merchants and other Chinese who

travel in the United States. "All over China the guilds, which are sim Har to our boards of trade, are using their utmost influence to bring about the desired effect. Many are harkening to their teachings. In the several ports the hands Roosevelt was today the honored guest of who are accustomed to unload the imported goods have been taught to leave untouched No degrees of honor were conferred upon the merchandise brought from our counhim as he already holds the highest degree try. This condition of affairs is likely to grow.

"Of course I am not saying how ef-In fact, I think that there is no great cause for alarm. Still, we must remember Henry B. Miller, consul at New Chwang,

succeeded Mr. Bellows. PENANG, Straits Settlement, June 28 .excort him to the Harvard yard, where A large meeting of the leading Chinese the academic procession was to form for merchants here today decided to co-operate the murch to Saunders' theater, the scene with the Chinese of Singapore and of the commencement exercises. The num- Stanghal in boycotting American products, ber receiving degrees from Harvard today pending the withdrawal of the Chinese ex-

LAYS THE BLAME ON BRITAIN

St. Petersburg Newspaper Sees the Hand of London Government in Morrocan Affair.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 28.-At Great Britain's door the Novoe Vremya lays nuch of the responsibility for the Franco-German crisis, saying it is pursuing its flict between its competitors in order to profit thereby.

"Great Britain," the paper adds, "pushed France into the Morocco adventure, sustaining M. Delcasse, the foreign minister, in his resistance to Germany's claims. For decades Great Britain's hostility has been of society. We have to recognize that the directed against Russia, at last succeeding In having another country accomplish a are sown by the man of our own class and task from which it itself shrank. With kind, who pretends to be what he is not; Russia no longer dangerous for the present, all Great Britain's machinations were set in motion against Germany, now its chief power in financial organizations, in short, competitor in Europe."

The Novoe Vremya thinks it quite con- the public departs, openly or secretly, from celvable that in case of a conflict Grea Britain would aid France to the extent of destroying the German fleet, and that with both France and Germany weakened its fect in our American character, but, on half century. The Novoe Vremya, however, believes that, with Premier Rouvier in charge of the negotiations for France, Great Britain's plans will be defeated and the Moroccan affair will be satisfactorily

The Associated Press learns that France is consulting its ally in the negotiations with Germany. Premier Rouvier's note was submitted to Russia before it was transmitted to the Berlin government. Foreign Minister Lamsdorff was apprised of every step taken. The statement that Franc had already called upon Russia to mass troops on its western frontier, however, is denied. Russia is believed to 1 advising

its ally to meet Germany half way, PARIS, June 28 -- The Franco-German complications have been so far overcome that a complete agreement is considered only a matter of time. The improvemen in the situation was further manifested in official and diplomatic quarters today and the Bourse again showed a marked advance in rentes and a general firmness throughout.

STORM KILLS EIGHT PERSONS Violent Blow Does Great Damage in

PHILLIPSBURG, Kan., June 28 .- A vioent storm did great damage here and in the surrounding country late this aftereight persons being killed. The

Vicinity of Phillipsburg, Knn.

-Several Injured.

DANIEL WEAVER, farmer, living four miles north of Phillipsburg.

MRS ALEXANDER AND TWO DAUGHTERS, living five miles north of Phillips-

MR. MORGAN, & farmer, six miles north.
MORGAN'S HIRED MAN.
ELMER LAMB.
UNIDENTIFIED WOMAN.

The houses of C. B. and M. Caswell, orth of here were destroyed and the members of both families were injured. The body of Elmer Lamb was found in the ruins of his house.

FOREST FIRES IN ALASKA Miles of Telegraph Wire and Poles Down and Communication Interrupted.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 28.-Forest fires clong the banks of the Yukon river between the mouth of the Tanana river and Eagle City have cut off all communication with Nome and St. Michaels and for the past four days the local cable office has been unable to establish any communication with those points on Bering Sea.

side of the break state that the fires are worse than for several years in this disrict affected. Miles of wire and poles are believed to have been burned down. Fire also is raging on Prince of Wales island and many of the residents have fled to southeastern Alaska.

TON OF DYNAMITE EXPLODES Nine Men Killed and Twelve Injured by Serious Accident at

Emporium, Pa. EMPORIUM. Pa., June 28.-Nine men were killed and from twelve to fifteen stroke is denied by relatives. others were injured by an explosion of a ton of dynamite today at the plant of the Emporium Powder company, three miles west of this place. The dead men were all employed at the works. Several buildings were wrecked. Although some of the injured were seriously hurt, all are expected the naval festivities at Brest, in which the

College Speaker Proposes Social Boycott Against Men Who Misuse Power.

SEEDS OF ANARCHY ARE BEING SOWN

Men Who Depart from Old-Fashioned Honesty Are Responsible for Presence of the Political Demagogue.

OBERLIN, O., June 28.-James B. Dill of New York, in the course of an address to the graduating class of Oberlin college today, delivered a scathing rebuke to men who misuse positions of honor and trust for purposes of personal gain. In urging his hearers to go "back to beginnings" Mr. Dill contended that "grafting," which was foreign to the true American character, had Hoit was immediately called, but all efforts seen developed by the mad rush for wealth and the recognition of false standards by educated men in the competitive struggle for business power and social prominence

"A large part of our modern prosperity, he said, "is to a perilously large extent bottomed up on an over-production of fraud and sham. The crisis is acute. A feeling of distrust is growing throughout the coun try. Many branches of financial business have been in one way or another taken possession of by the unscrupulous for the purpose of deceiving the unwary. Trust compunies have been made the mediums of the totation of specious and fraudulent promo-

"Some companies in the field of life insur ance, the highest and in a sense a sacred form of investment, are, as we all know now, conduits through which the savings of the policyholders are diverted into operations for speculative purposes.

"Credit and good faith, not money, are the basis of business. Good or bad, our nodern propriety is founded on public confidence. Take that away and the whole fabric falls.

"The fact is that the unprecedented material growth of the country, the resulting creation of immense private fortunes, the massing of great aggregations of corporate capital, industrial combinations and railroad mergers, all have tended to concentrate the attention of the people upon the great financial achievements and to establish in the highest place in the popular estimation the captains of industry and the powerful financiers, little regard being paid, in making up the judgment, to the financial virtues of private individual life.

Public Is at Fault. "Now, whose fault is this? It is ours It is the fault of public opinion, and public opinion is our opinion, yours and mineyours of me, mine of you, ours of all the rest. We should strive to learn to recognize graft and the grafters, however respectable their disguise, and to punish them, not alone by imprisonment and fine, but with all the might of the terrible scorn seeds of socialism, revolution and anarchy these seeds are cultivated by the grafting bank officer, insurance officer, man in by every grafter who in his dealings with old-fashioned ten commandment honesty.

"This indictment of our business life is not based upon an Inherent, incurable de supremacy would be assured for another the contrary, these evils are an outgrowth of our American strenuosity in the riotous race for the easy dollar and the many dollars. In the hearts of the genuine men and women of our country there is an appreciation of the importance of characer; the rank and file of the American people not only believe in, but also stand for right living and a conscience undimmed and unfettered by business envionments.

"Therefore, right and honesty will triimph; a saturnalia of graft and an era of educated men and women of character."

United States Steel Corporation Said to Have Purchased

New Line.

PITTSBURG, June 28.-The Times today oad, now in course of construction be- man from work is entirely false. ween Lorain, O., and Pittsburg, has been purchased by the United States Steel corporation at a cost of several million dollars road transaction ever made in this district. The road will be completed as soon as possible and officials of the corporation expect to handle the majority of its ore and finished product between Pittsburg and the lakes over this road by this time next

The action of the steel officials gives color to the statement made by one of the higher officials of the company that within the next year the corporation would handle the greater part of its tonnage over its own road.

KEYSTONE DEMOCRATS CONFER Committee Will Call Recent State Convention Together Again to

Name Candidate,

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 28 .- The demoeratic state committee met today and unanimously decided to reconvene the recenstate convention in Harrisburg on August 16 for the nomination of a candidate for justice of the supreme court. No mention was made of the proposi

tion which has been advocated by prominent democrats to have the convention endorse Judge John Stewart of Chambers burg, the republican candidate for suprome court judge, or effect fusion with the independent or reform elements on state treasurer.

Advices reaching here from points this DAVID B. HENDERSON IS ILL Former Speaker Has Slight Stroke of Paralysis at His Home in Dubuque.

DUBUQUE, Ia., June 28.-D. B. Hender on, former speaker of the national house paralysis. His right side is affected, son. While he is improving it is said that his condition is serious. Hopes are entertained that he will be able to leave his apartments in a few days. A report that Mr. Henderson had suffered a second

Invitations to Naval Attaches. PARIS. June 28.-Commander Roy C.

smith, the American naval attache here, and Captain Prince Itchijo, the Japanese naval attache, have been invited to attend British and French fleets will participate.

R. C. Cleveland Found Dead in His Room Late Last Night.

R. C. Cleveland, for many years a resident of Omaha, committed suicide by turning on the gas at his home, 2004 Burt street, at midnight Wednesday. Mr. Cleveland has not been in good health for several months and went to his room a little after I o'clock yesterday afternoon and was not seen again alive. He locked the door and the family, thinking that he was sleeping, did not disturb him. A little be-fore 12 o'clock, when Mrs. Cleveland went to the room, she noticed the odor of gas coming from the transom, which was

the bed, apparently lifeless, Dr. S. M. to revive him were fruitless. Deceased has been living in Omaha for nearly twenty years and at one time was ngaged in the wholesale feed business at Thirteenth and Nicholas streets Later be engaged in this work up to a short time

ago when his health failed him.

that an inquest will not be held.

open. Trying the door she found it securely

fastened, and, calling Mrs. A. B. Gilbert,

who lives in the house with the Cleveland

family, they succeeded in opening the

door, only to find Mr. Cleveland lying on

wife is all the family that survive. His son is now on a camping trip at Arlington with a crowd which went from the First Methodist church some weeks ago, Coroner Brailey was notified and at once took charge of the remains. It is likely

PATRICK STABLE DESTROYED Ten Thousand Building is Wiped Out by Fire-Horses and Vehicles

Are Saved.

The costly stable at the Patrick home known as "Happy Hollow," half a mile west of Dundee, was completely destroyed by fire Wednesday afternoon.

The stable was erected at a cost of \$10,000 and was fully covered by insur-

Three valuable horses and several fine carriages were taken from the burning building without injury or damage. The fire was discovered by the coachman, John Murtath, at 1 o'clock, in the cupola of the stable. The heat soon was so in tense that it was impossible then to make any efforts to learn the origin of the fire, and in a short while the whole structure was a mass of rulns. No one at the Patrick home could give any idea as to the origin of the fire.

A telephone message from the Patrick nome conveyed the news of the fire to Dundee and Omaha. Several fire companies responded, but the distance of Happy Hollow from the nearest water hydrant rendered the apparatus practically useless. The Patrick residence was at no time in danger, the house being 200 feet from the stable and there being little no wind at the time of the fire. The burned stable was 60x60 and of generous height. It was considered one of the best maintained stables in or near Omaha,

PRATT WANTS CLOSER UNION Organizer of Street Raffway Men

manent Organizations.

O. C. Pratt of Cleveland, national or ganizer of the street railway associations. addressed the members of the local union yesterday afternoon and evening. great plea of his address was for a better and more permanent organization among the men in general. His argument was based on the work that already had been accomplished.

"Since the first organization in 1892 wages ferred to the former candidate. in all cities have been increased from 50 to 20 and 25," he said. "Butte having the highest wage, that of 33 cents to start, with grab will find itself short-lived, speedily a rise to 37. Twenty-five cities have a to be ended by the uplifting influences of nine hour work day, fifty-eight have ten hours and twenty-two have eleven hours. There is no antipathy against honest labor, "STEEL TRUST" BUYS RAILROAD Hard feeling exists only toward the professional strike breakers."

Speaking of his visit to Colorado Springs and Colorado conditions, he claims a great and favorable reaction has begun in favor of organized labor. People have begun to realize they must look after the interests of their own working people. He says the says that the Lake Eric & Pittsburg rail- statement that the unions keep a needy

NEW SIX-STORY WAREHOUSE the deal, it is said, being the largest rail- Count Creighton Has Plans Draws for One for Immediate Construction.

J. A. Creighton will erect a \$70,000 warehouse on the south side of Jones stree between Tenth and Eleventh, just of the Racire-Sattley company's building. Plans are now being drawn by Charles Cleves, and bids will be asked for when they are finished. The building is expected to be ready for occupancy by December 1 The structure is to be six stories in height and a basement, and its dimensions will be 66x132 feet. It will be of mill conplain, but well proportioned, the renais-Both ends are to be treated as fronts. The material will be pressed brick with curb-

stone trammings. A deal is about to be consummated for the lease of the building, but Mr. Creighton is not ready to give the name of the man with whom he is negotiating. Other firms are said to be looking for a lease of the property.

TEN-DAY STOPOVER AT OMAHA Burlington Makes Important An nouncement in Connection with

Grand Army Rates.

In connection with its announced rates of 1 cent a mile for the Grand Army of the Republic between Chicago and St. Louis and Denver, the Burlington makes the further announcement that ten days' stopover privilege at Omaha will be allowed. This will be a distinct advantage, for all who desire may make a visit to the Gate City, either going or coming from the big gathering of the veterans at the Queen City of the Plains. of representatives, is confined to his hotel people will spread this news and expect apartments suffering from a slight stroke to entertain many visitors during the sea-

> Movements of Ocean Vessels. At New York—Sailed: Teutonic, for queenstown and Liverpool: Sardegna, for enon: Potsdam, for Boulogne, At Naples—Sailed: Prinz Adelbert, for lew York. At Liverpool—Sailed: Noordland,
> Philadelphia; Sylvania, for Boston.
> At Queenstown—Sailed: Caronia,
> New York. Arrived: Haverford,
> Philadelphia; Saxonia, from Boston.
> At Southampton—Sailed: Kaiser
> heim II for Nearing the cases of persons arrested at Delmar race track on charges of violation of the anti-betting law.
> The petition for the writ was presented by counsel representing the Central Turf association of St. Louis and alleged the un-At Southampton-Sailed: Kaiser Wil-helm II, for New York. At Antwerp-Arrived: Vaderland, from New York. At Cherbourg-Arrived: Deutschland, from New York.

John D. Rockefeller Gives Million Dollars to General Endowment Fund.

LIKE SUM CONTRIBUTED BY ALUMNI

President Hadley Says these Gifts Must be Duplicated if the University Maintains its

Standing.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., June 28.-President | Trustees of Stock Nominate Nine Men Hadley of Yale announced at the alumini dinner this afternoon that a gift of \$1,000,000 had been recently made by John D. Rockefeller. President Hadley also said that \$2,000,000 in all have been given to the university within a comparatively recent time, the other million being subscribed by graduates in sums varying from \$50,000 to \$250,000. The names of the latter donors were not made public.

For General Endowment Fund. President Hadley said that the only condition of any kind underlying Mr. Rockewas in the horse trading business, and was feller's gift is that the money is to be invested in income producing securities and preserved inviolate as endowment for A son, about 12 years of age, and his the institution, the annual income only to be used for current expenses. He added that these two millions already subscribed were to be considered merely the beginning of an endowment fund, which must at least be doubled in the next year, if Yale is to maintain her position in the educational world. The announcement of the gifts was re-

ceived with loud applause.

Largest Single Gift. The gift is the largest single donation ever made to the university. President Hadley presided as toastmaster of the dinner and the speakers were Henry W. Taft of New York City of the class of 1880, brother of Secretary Taft; Former Judge Henry E. Howland of the class of 1854, a nember of the corporation; Bishop W. Keator of Washington and Prof. Edwin Alderman of the University of Virginia. Degrees were awarded to 669 candidates at Yale today in connection with the formal

day of the week's festivities in New Haven. DEMOCRATS NOMINATE

exercises which annually mark the closing

John M. Pattison Named for Governor -Mention of Bryan's Name Causes a Demonstration.

COLUMBUS, O., June 28 .- After a continuous session lasting several hours, with several striking features, the Ohio democratic convention today named the following state ticket to be voted on at the state election in November: Governor-John M. Pattison of Clermont

Lieutenant Governor-Louis B. Houck of Knox county.

Supreme Judge—Hugh T. Mathers of baby will survive. The baby was playing near the window of the car with its grand-Attorney General—James A. Rice of Stark State Treasurer-Charles F. Mason of Mrs. Copeland it suddenly fell from the Butler county.

Member of the Board of Public Works—
Patrick C. McGovern of Muskingum

After the temporary officers were elected was stopped and backed to the place of as the permanent officers of the commit- the accident where the baby was found to ee, Chairman Daugherty sprung a sensation by reading a communication from National Committeeman McLean, who wrote from Washington offering his resignation.

which was at once accepted. In the way of demonstrations, the greatest came at the close of Chairman Daugherty's speech when an impromptu tribute pened near Hudson, Col., where the railto W. J. Bryan as the party leader in the nation brought out a storm of cheers that and the baby luckily fell in a gap between lasted fully a minute and it was repeated the rails which were strewn along the side inter in the convention when others re-

The democracy of Ohio In convention asto 100 per cent; from 10, 12 and 14 cents sembled announce the following declaration

of principles:

We note with satisfaction the determination of the national administration to purchase supplies for the Fanama canal in the markets of the world and not pay tribute to our protected monopoles. We trust that the day may soon come when the common people of this country may enjoy the same privilege and not be compelled to pay the manufacturers for the necessaries of life a higher price than these same articles are sold for by the same manufacturers to foreign purchasers.

We demand of our representatives in congress to aid in the enactment of such laws as will prevent all rebates and secret contracts by railways and will guarantee the same service to every citizen.

We favor the conferring upon the Interstate Commerce commission the power when it finds a rate unreasonable to fix a reasonable rate.

We favor the election of United States

reasonable rate.

We favor the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

We favor the initiative and referendum, especially with reference to the issuing of municipal and county bonds and the granting of public franchises.

ARGUMENT IN MITCHELL CASE District Attorney Heney Mercilessly Arraigns Aged Defendant for Subornation of Perjury.

PORTLAND, Ore., June 28 .- The case of United States Senator Mitchell will not expert character competent to adduce such go to the jury before tomorrow night at the earliest and probably not until some time Friday. Today was consumed by District Attorney Heney in finishing his struction, very substantial and sultable argument for the prosecution, and when for any wholesale business. The design is he completed it court adjourned until tomorrow. Judge Bennett will commence to sance style of architecture being followed. speak in behalf of Senator Mitchell tomorrow morning and will be followed by ex-Senator Thurston. Mr. Heney will then make his final argument. If time remains Judge De Haven will give his charge tomorrow. This, however, seems unlikely, unless the lawyers for the defense consume much less time than it is believed

they will. Mr. Heney in his argument to the jury traced the transactions of the firm in relation to land matters from the time the senator asked for a copy of the firm's books covering the period from November, 1901, until June, 1902. His arraignment of the defendant, who he said had been the cause of the perjury of Judge Tanner and his son, and whom he charged with ar attempt to subborn his private secretary Harry Robertson, to testify in accordance with the false defense outlined, was merciless and caused the face of the defendant to flame and pale with passion.

CIRCUIT JUDGE MAY Missouri Supreme Court Denies Writ of Prohibition Asked by Pool Sellers.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., June 28 .- The supreme court en banc today denied a writ of prohibition against Judge McElhinney of the St. Louis county circuit court to prohibit him from hearing the cases of persons

association of St. Louis and alleged the un-

short time and then denied it.

tion Thursday. Friday, fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday: Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. . . 58 1 p. m. . . 78 0 a. m. . . 57 2 p. m. . . . 74 7 a. m..... 4 p. m..... 77 8 a. m 64 10 a. m..... 69 6 p. m..... 74 7 p. m..... 72 8 p. m..... 72

12 m 71

FOR EQUITABLE DIRECTORS

Who are at once Elected

by the Board. NEW YORK, June 28.-Grover Cleve land, Morgan J. O Brien and George Westinghouse, the trustees of the majority

stock of the Equitable Life Assurance soclety, took the first step in the reorganizathe resignations of all the directors who had tendered them and in forwarding to the Board of Directors the names of nine prominent citizens, representing the interests of the stockholders, with the recom mendation that they be at once elected The recommendation of the trustees was immediately complied with and these gendemen became members of the directorate B. Thomas, F. G. Bourne, J. E. Schmid-lapp, Frederick Roebling, William Whit-man, E. W. Bloomingdale, E. W. Robert-son, Joseph B. Ryan and J. J. Albright. All of the new men hold policies of various amounts in the Equitable society. and their names were submitted in large

part by the society's general agents. The board also accepted the resignations of all but one of the directors who had resigned, the one exception being James Forgan, who withdrew his resignation, which is held in abeyance. The other twenty-one directors whose resignations were accepted were:

were accepted were:

Cornelius N. Bliss, George H. Squire,
Charles S. Smith, Milton Ives, M. E. Ingalls, A. J. Cassatt, E. H. Harriman, Jacob Schiff, James J. Hill, L. Jefferson
Coolidge, John Jacob Astor, Marvin
Hughitt, Henry C. Frick, M. Hartley
Dodge, John A. Stewart, Alfred V. Vanderbilt, August Belmont, D. O. Mills, Robert T. Lincoln, John Sloane and John T.
Low.

BABY FALLS FROM CAR WINDOW Two-Year-Old Infant Drops Out of

Fast Train and Yet Alive. J. A. Eyler, general livestock agent of the Burlington, tells of a miraculous escape of a 2-year old baby on the Burlington fast train out of Denver Tuesday afternoon. The infant of Mrs. Bales of Denver who was traveling with her mother, Mrs. Cope-

land, to New York, fell from the car window as the train was going at the rate of about forty-five miles an hour and pronear the window of the car with its grandmother and climbing on the shoulders of window. The mother ran to the rear of the observation car where Mr. Eyler was have fallen on a slag ballast embankment about nine feet high. The slope of the embankment evidently cased the fall of the little one so that beyond a bruised hip and a fractured collar bone and a fev scratches on the head there were apparently no further injuries. The accident hanroad company is installing new steel rails of the track. The party was sent back to Denver by Mr. Eyler where the injuries could be better attended to.

MUNGER GRANTS REQUEST

Federal Judge Gives Water Company Until Tenth of July to Answer Board.

The application of the Omaha Water company for an extension of time in the matter of the application for a temporary injunction and to prepare an answer to the motion of the Water board for the production of the books and records of the Water company was granted Wednesday morning by Judge Munger to July 8.

The Water company filed its application through its attorneys, James M. Woolworth and Richard S. Hall. The motion was filed Tuesday evening.

Affiants said they could not obtain the affidavits contradicting the affidavits within the time fixed by the order heretofore made, towit: by June 30, which gives the plaintiffs only four days in which to all day, but the number of victims cannot get such testimony, but they can and will be stated. This evening a bomb was thrown obtain such testimony by July 10; that it into Cathedral place, killing its thrower will be necessary to obtain the affidavits and a policeman. of expert witnesses who live at distances ranging from 5.0 to 1,500 miles from Omaha, and there are no witnesses in Omaha of an

COMPLAINS OF FIVE ROADS Texas Oil Company Alleges that

the Standard Receives Il-

legal Privileges.

WASHINGTON, June 28.-In a petition filed today with the Interstate Commerce commission by the Gulf Refining company of Port Arthur, Tex., the Illinois Central, Louisville & Nashville, Cincinnati, Orleans & Texas Pacific, Alabama Great Southern and New Orleans & Northeastern Railroad companies are charged with having entered into a combination with the Standard Oil company by which the company is given a monopoly of business through discriminating rates that are prohibitive to the products of the plaintiff

FAILURE GROWING GREATER Three Million Dollars Said to Be Owing by Knight, Don-

nelly & Co. CHICAGO, June 28.-The failure of the grain and stock brokerage firm of Knight, Donnelly & Co., which occurred several days ago, has assumed gigantic proportions. Although Receiver Potter has not yet fin ished examination of the books of the concern, enough was learned today to approximate the liabilities. They will aggregate not far from \$3,000,000. The assets may sum up \$2,500,000, although these may dwindle considerably owing to the character of many of the loans made by the firm.

Railroad Mortgage Renewed. SALT LAKE CITY, June 28.—A renewal of a \$50,000,000 mortgage has been filed in the district court here by the Western Pacific Rallmad company. The document is executed in favor of the Bowling Green Trust company of New York, who also held the original mortgage, and covers all rolling stock and real estate owned by the company. The refiling was made necessary by certain objectionable features contained in the old mortgage. constitutionality of the law. The court took the application under consideration for a

Mutiny on Russian Battleship Knias

BODIES OF OFFICERS THROWN OVERBOARD

Guns Trained on Odessa in Support of Strikers.

NAVAL BATTLE IS EXPECTED TODAY

Four Battleships and Two Cruisers on Way From Sebastopol.

tion of the society today by accepting STRIKE NOW GENERAL IN THE CITY

Rioters Erect Barricades and are Hourly Growing in Boldness and Numbers-Many Fights During Day.

ODESSA. June 28 .- The red flag of revolution is hoisted at the masthead of the Knias Potemkine, Russia's most powerful battleship in the Black sea, which now lies in the harbor in the hands of mutineers.

The captain and most of the officers were murdered and thrown overboard in the open sea and the ship is completely in control of the crew and a few officers who have thrown in their lot with the mutineers. The guns of the boat are trained on the

workmen, who yesterday fled before the volleys of the troops, are now inflamed by the spectacle of open revolt on board an imperial warship and are making a bold front against the military. All day long firing has been heard in

city and on the streets masses of striking

many quarters of the city. A number of parricades have been erected and tumult and disorder reign. Naval Battle Expected Today. The main squadron of the Black sea fleet, onsisting of battleships George Pobedianosetz (George the Victorious), Tri Sviatelia,

ers are expected to arrive here tonight and a regular naval battle is in prospect. The rioters are in a most defiant mood and are not inclined to surrender without

Rostislav and Ekaterine II, with two cruis-

fighting. Reports of the mutiny, which occurred while the battleship was at sea, are difficult to obtain, as the mutineers refuse to allow communication with the shore; but it is ascertained that it arose over the shooting of a sailor who was presenting on behalf of the crew a complaint against the bad food. According to one version this sailor, whose name was Omiltchuk, objected to the quality of the "borchtch" or soup and was immediately shot down by a mess officer. sitting and told of the mishap. The train the officers, eight of whom were spared on The crew then rose and selzed the ship and condition that they would join the muti-

neers. The others were killed and their Body Brought Ashore After a period of vacillation the Knais Potemkine headed for Odessa and arrived here last night, accompanied by two torpedo boats. Early today the body of Omiltchuk was brought ashore in one of the battleship's boats and was landed on the new mole, where it has been exposed in semi-state all day. It was visited by thousands of persons, many of whom placed coins in a basket at the head of the body toward a fund to defray the cost of the

the occasion for a great demonstration. An inscription on the breast of the dead sailor states on behalf of the crew that Omiltchuk died for the truth because he presented a just complaint of the crew. The authorities have made no attempt to remove the body, the sailors having served notice that the ship would open fire on

funeral, which the sailors propose to hold

tomorrow and which the strikers will make

any one seeking to interfere with it. A police agent visiting this place was killed by strikers. During the day a red flag was hoisted on the Knaiz Potemkine and members of the crew rode from ship to ship in the harbor, forcing the stoppage of all work thereon. Food was supplied them by sympathizers on shore, who pillaged the maritime store

Strike is Now General. The strike is now general in the city and the rioters are growing in numbers and boldness. There were exchanges of shots

houses.

A telegram from the mayor of Odessa, who is at Moscow, imploring the citizens to restore order, has been posted throughout the city. During the day one of the torpedo boats which accompanied the Knaiz Potemkine came into the harbor and seized the Rus-

other ships are taking on board. The governor has telegraphed for a squadron to be sent from Sebastopol. OFFICIALS IN STATE OF PANIC

sian steamer Esperanza. The steamer was

laden with 2,000 tons of coal, which the

Fear that Black Sen Region is on Eve of Great Revolt. ST. PETERSBURG, June 29.-2:40 a. m. More serious in its possible effects than all the defeats in Manchuria or the destruction of Roiestvensky's fleet was the news which reached St. Petersburg early last evening, that the standard of open rebellion was floating on board one of the emperor's battleships in the harbor of Odessa and that with shotted guns, the mutinous crew headed by eight officers was holding the ship against all comers. The authorities are in almost a state of panic, and at the Admiralty consternation reigns. Admiral Wirenus, chief of the general staff of the navy said to the Associated Press that the Admiralty had received advices regarding

ation was very grave and that he did not know what to expect. The Black sea squadron, which left Sebastopol Tuesday under command of Vice Admiral Kruger was due to arrive at Odessa last night and battle with the mutineers may occur at any moment.

the mutiny but he was unable to give de-

tails. He frankly confessed that the situ-

The Kniaz Potemkine is a more powerful ship than any in Kruger's squadron and the gravity of the situation is increased by the fact that the city is practically in the possession of the strikers, who according to dispatches had already been encouraged to open resistance by the mutiny of the sailors and were erecting barricades and fighting the police and the troops in the streets. The body of Omiltchuk, lying exposed on the quay in view of thousands and the story of his cruel death evidently fired the imaginations of the workmen

Potemkine in Black Sea.