

STEP TOWARD PEACE

Statement that Czar Has Sent Names of Plenipotentiaries to Washington.

CONSIDERING DATE OF MEETING Answer from Russia on This Question Expected in a Day or Two.

ARMISTICE IS THOUGHT IMPROBABLE

M. Nerloff Comments on Probability Battle Before Conference Meets.

ARGUMENT OF THE RUSSKY INVALID

Paper Finds Reason for Concluding Peace in the Superiority of Japanese Forces in Manchuria.

BULLETIN

WASHINGTON, June 25.—It is reported unofficially that President Roosevelt late last night was informed by Mr. Meyer, the ambassador of the United States at St. Petersburg, of the selection of the Russian plenipotentiaries.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 25.—(2:35 a. m.) Negotiations for the peace conference have made an important step forward, a proposition for the date of the meeting of the plenipotentiaries having been submitted to Russia and being now under consideration.

The exact date of the meeting has not been ascertained, but there is reason to suppose that it is some time during the first week or ten days of August, which is about the earliest period at which the Japanese representatives could be expected to reach Washington, allowing time for the necessary preliminary correspondence.

The emperor's answer is not expected for a day or two, as the diplomatic mills of Russia grind slowly and the Foreign office, as one of the secretaries put it, "is not used to your bustling American methods."

It is thought that the date will be satisfactory, as it will give ample time for M. Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador at Paris, or other Russian negotiators, to reach Washington, and as there will be little preliminary work for them to do until the Japanese terms are submitted.

Whether the proposal regarding the date originated at Tokio or at Washington cannot be learned, but the fact that the negotiations were conducted through Ambassador Meyer may indicate that President Roosevelt has perhaps again suggested to the czar and suggested to the two countries, neither of whom would be willing to take the initiative, a suitable date.

Ambassador Meyer is still exchanging communications with the Russian minister Lansdorf by letter, the minister being confined to his apartments in the ministry, but in his latest note, written by his own hand, Count Lansdorf expressed the hope that he would have sufficiently recovered to permit of personal exchange of views today.

The minister's indisposition also prevented him from receiving the German, French and other ambassadors during the last few days.

Armistice improbable. M. Nerloff, under minister of foreign affairs, spokesman of the Foreign office, in an interview in the Gazette, declares an armistice pending the meeting of the plenipotentiaries is improbable, and he comments on the possibility of the czar taking place before a conference is held.

The Russian invalid, the army organ, supplied an argument for peace in an estimate of the strength of the Japanese armies, at which it places from 550,000 to 600,000 men, including the forces opposing General Linvitch, exclusive of cavalry and artillery, it estimates that there are from 150,000 to 200,000 bayonets, which give Field Marshal Oyama a decided numerical superiority over the strength usually allotted to Linvitch's army.

The Novo Vremya prints an interview with its correspondent at Paris had with a Japanese diplomat who says that while nobody outside of the emperor of Japan and his personal advisers is yet in possession of Japan's terms, he believes that they are moderate and will be acceptable. He adds that Japan expects to conclude a lasting peace, but that her attitude is not influenced by slightest doubt as to her financial ability to continue the war, she having anticipated a much longer and more difficult period of hostilities.

Russians Retreat and Advance. The emperor has received the following dispatch from General Linvitch, dated June 23:

There is no change in the position of the armies. After the Japanese advance on our right flank, which I have already reported, the enemy advanced on the left, and the railway, where the Cosacks, noticing the enemy advancing, had withdrawn slowly.

On June 19 our cavalry having been reinforced met the enemy's advance with energy and withdrew to the southward. On the morning of June 20 our cavalry recaptured the position of the Mandchou Japanese infantry began at 9 o'clock on the same day a retreat to the position of Gutschik, opening an artillery fire on our outposts. At noon our men north of Gutschik withdrew and the Japanese of the division retreated still further to the heights near Gutschik, where our superior forces, finally falling back as far as Losenzang. The night ending in the evening, the enemy remaining some four miles south of this spot. It was found later that two regiments of Japanese infantry and two regiments of cavalry with machine, mountain and field guns, had advanced along the Mandchou line.

To the west three battalions of infantry, a battalion of cavalry and three guns advanced. We resolved to advance on June 20 in order to drive the enemy back and to enable our advance guards to recover their former positions. For this purpose the troops selected began to move toward Gutschik, and the Japanese were driven back and the Japanese retired before our advance guards.

In the evening of June 20 our advanced troops occupied Mentshugai and a pass to the west of the Mandchou line. On the morning of June 21 our further advance against the enemy, pursued by the troops, was gradually stopped. A lively fire was opened by the enemy, four batteries of artillery being engaged. The Japanese showed a disposition to offer an obstinate resistance, and the Japanese of our advance guard were engaged in a fierce battle. The object of our advance being fully attained, our troops were withdrawn in the falling darkness, the positions which the enemy had occupied before our advance remaining in our hands.

A Japanese battalion and 200 cavalry appeared north of Chajushan, Corea, on June 25.

Japanese Report Minor Victory. TOKIO, June 25.—(3 p. m.)—The following official dispatch has been received from the Japanese army headquarters in Manchuria:

The enemy holding the northwest entrance of Manchuria was completely defeated on the afternoon of June 23, but a portion of the enemy holding the hills to the west offered stubborn resistance.

(Continued on Second Page.)

LETTER OF JAPANESE SAILOR

Man Whose Boat Was Lost in Battle Writes to Friend in France.

PARIS, June 24.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—A Japanese gentleman residing in France has just received the following letter from a sailor who had been in Admiral Commando's torpedo boat in Admiral Komodo's fleet. The letter was, of course, written before the recent naval battle. The Japanese gentleman only knows that the torpedo boat which his friend commanded went down in the fight—he has not yet heard whether his friend was rescued. The letter says:

A thousand apologies for my lengthy letter. We have been and are still busy—very busy preparing a royal reception for the guests from the Baltic.

When one of the Swedish torpedo corps meet ashore we discuss and we hear of it after all the Russians will come or if they will not. We know that the Russians to the northwest lies the harbor of Umanpoo, to the south that of Sasebo, which is on our coast and here we are waiting, waiting, waiting for the enemy. Will they come?

If you do not hear from me when a meeting has taken place take this as my farewell. I do not expect to see you again in this life, except perhaps in your dream, and a Russian ship goes down I shall go, too. It takes its weight in shells to sink a torpedo boat. It is a marvelous thing that the shells do not hit.

I have seen not one, but many torpedo actions and I have seen the shells of the Russian in the twenty yards of the target before it is sunk. I have seen the shells of the Russian; if we are hit the Russians will sink us. I have seen the shells of the Russian; if we are hit the Russians will sink us.

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MAY ABANDON CONFERENCE

Rumor that France and Germany Have New Solution of Moroccan Question.

PLAN FOR DIRECT NEGOTIATIONS

Statement that Each Point at Issue Will Be Taken Up and Discussed Separately—Press Advises Patience.

PARIS, June 25.—Speculation is rife regarding the probable purport of Germany's reply to the French note regarding the proposed international conference over Moroccan affairs, which reply has not yet been received. The statement that Germany would refrain from replying before further verbal explanations took place between Premier Rouvier and Prince Radolin, the German ambassador, is not regarded seriously in well informed circles, where it is thought probable that an interview will not take place before Wednesday, when the reply from Berlin may reach Paris, but the officials are without definite information on this point. It is alleged that the contents of the reply was given out today in which Germany requests a clearer statement of the French program for Moroccan affairs, suggesting that each subject be discussed separately in accordance with the terms of the Madrid convention, the two points principally referred to being coast trading and frontiers, and that should France accept, Germany would abandon the idea of the conference. This, however, is regarded as a surmise.

Meanwhile public anxiety relative to eventualities, though somewhat abated, is still intense. The press continues to advise patience and confidence in the efforts of the French government to arrive at a pacific settlement. It is pointed out that the negotiations have heretofore been conducted in a spirit of courtesy and that appearances show that everything is being done by both sides to reach an amicable arrangement.

Reconciliation Toward France. BERLIN, June 25.—Chancellor von Buelow received M. Bihourd, the French ambassador, today.

The newspapers continue to discuss the situation between France and Germany with some heat. The North German Gazette declares that "in Premier Rouvier's note the republic adopts no decided standpoint toward any state, but rather, the situation is no clearer."

An attempt is being made to shift the responsibility for the recent war panic to articles in the British press, and the National Zeitung solemnly reminds France that a Franco-German conflict would not be decided by a Trafalgar, but on French or German battlefields.

Concession to German Firm. LONDON, June 25.—The correspondent of the Daily Chronicle at Tangier says it is reported that the sultan of Morocco has granted a concession for a port at Azrud, at the mouth of the Wadi el Kus river, on the Algerian frontier, to a German company.

TAFT CONFERS WITH WALLACE

Panama Canal Is to Resign Are Revived.

NEW YORK, June 25.—Secretary Taft had a conference with Mr. Wallace today with John F. Wallace, chief engineer of the Panama canal. T. P. Shonts, chairman of the canal commission, and William Nelson Cromwell, counsel for the commission, but refused to make any statement as to what matters had been discussed. Immediately after the conference Secretary Taft left for New Haven.

There will be other conferences before Mr. Taft starts for the Philippine islands. Today's conference was brought about, it is believed, by the recent return of Mr. Wallace from the isthmus but it is not known whether his visit portends his resignation unconditionally or conditionally, if certain plans decided upon already are not changed. It is believed he is dissatisfied, whether about contracts already let, or generally, he will not say.

Friends of Mr. Wallace are of the opinion that he has not yet resigned and that he certainly will not resign until he has had a close inspection of the ground are adopted he may remain in office. In any event, it was said he would not sever his connection with the work for some time.

WOMAN KILLS FOUR CHILDREN

Mrs. Watt C. Gregg of Grand Lake, Colo., Shoots Her Offspring While Temporarily Insane.

GRAND LAKE, Colo., June 25.—Mrs. Watt C. Gregg killed her four children and attempted to take her own life today. The woman is in a critical condition from a wound in the side which may not live until morning. The crime is believed to have been committed by the woman during a fit of temporary insanity. Her husband says that recently Mrs. Gregg has shown signs of mental aberration. The husband, who was on his way to a neighbor's house, heard shots fired from the house and, home and, hastily returning, found his wife lying wounded on the doorstep and three of the children lying on the floor in pools of blood. The other child was sitting in a chair, dead.

The children ranged in age from 6 months to 5 years.

BANK CASHIER IS ARRESTED

Thomas J. Casey of Clinton, Mo., Accused of Forging Two Notes Aggregating \$10,000.

CLINTON, Mo., June 25.—Thomas Casey, cashier of the Salmon bank, was arrested today on a charge of forging two notes aggregating \$10,000, preferred by W. M. Stevens. Casey had hypothecated the original notes in Kansas City, and copies were found in the bank here by Bank Examiner Cook. Casey is a son of the late George M. Casey, known as the cattle king of Missouri. The Salmon bank's affairs are in a deplorable shape and it is feared depositors will realize little.

TROLLEY CAR JUMPS TRACK

Fourteen Persons Injured in an Accident on Chicago & North Shore Railway.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Fourteen persons were injured today, three of them seriously, when an electric car on the Chicago & North Shore railway was derailed at Grove street. The car was traveling rapidly and hit the rails in turning a curve. It ran 100 feet on the pavement and was stopped by striking a pole supporting the trolley wires. The front part of the car was wrecked and the passengers were thrown into confusion among the debris. Nearly every person in the car was injured.

CHICAGO STRIKE MAY SPREAD

Prospect that Trouble Will Involve All the Union Teamsters Employed in the Windy City.

CHICAGO, June 25.—Unless the referendum vote to be taken by the teamsters tomorrow night results in the team agreeing to accept terms of settlement offered by the employers, there is a probability that the struggle may extend to a general contest involving all of the 25,000 union teamsters in Chicago. The conservative element will use every effort possible to check a sympathetic strike and the chances are said to be about even that they will be successful.

BREEZY CHAT OF NOTABLES

Americans All the Rage in London This Season and Royalty Graciously.

LONDON, June 24.—(Special Cablegram to The Bee.)—Royalty in England is gracious and condescending this season and young princesses of the reigning house are allowed much more latitude than Mrs. Caswell, an old friend of the royal family, says the Princess End of the family, her coming-out ball, and the naughts are still affecting the Americans in London to a marked degree.

Spain it was noticed that the Americans were very much courted everywhere by the bassor and Mrs. Reid and Miss Birmingham present at the state ball at Buckingham palace, at Lady Londonderry's ball in honor of the king of Spain, at dinners and luncheons without number, one evening at the Marlboroughs, another at the Cavendish and another at the Marlboroughs.

Mrs. John Jacob Astor has been invited to entertain in her new residence, and other Americans who are entertaining in London are the Duchess of Roxburgh, the Duchess of Marlborough, the Duchess of Manchester, and Mrs. Mackay, who is bringing her granddaughter, the Princess Beatrice Colonna. Mrs. Ogden Mills and the Misses Mills and Mrs. Burden had a party in London and Mrs. Mills and her twin daughters were presented at one of the drawing rooms.

The marquis of Salisbury is steadily improving, but it will be some time before he is able to leave his bed.

Vincent Wolsey has just celebrated his 82 birthday. Lord Grey has served in four regiments, the 10th, Eighteenth, Eighty-fourth and Ninetieth, has been through ten campaigns from Burma, 1825, to the Nile, 1885; ten times named in dispatches, three thanks by Parliament and four medals and honors, including the Order of Honor, Omanian Medal (Medjidie), nine war medals and thirteen clasps.

From the post he occupied the position of commander-in-chief, he has been appointed to twenty-two "staff" services in the Royal Household, the Royal Horse Guards, and colonel-in-chief of the Eighteenth "Royal Irish" regiment.

Mirza Mohamed Ali Khan, the Persian minister to Great Britain, is now a dispatch from Teheran, and is on his way to England. He will be promoted to the high military grade of major-general, and returns to London in the capacity of ambassador extraordinary, bringing with him costly presents to King Edward.

The duke of Leeds, who is vice admiral, has sold his fine old yacht Corsair, and is fitting it out at Cowes.

The duke and duchess of Norfolk have gone to Arundel castle, where they are in residence for a short time before returning to Norfolk house.

The splendid plaster panels which have been made by French sculptors for the ducal residence in accordance with the design of Marlborough's designs, arrived last week from Paris.

Colonel and Lady George Home-Drummond have left Blair-Drummond for New York, United States and Canada.

Casualty Preparing to Leave. Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, has engaged passage for July 1 from New York. The ambassador will probably remain in Washington to await the arrival of his successor, Baron Rosen, who lands in New York July 1. Count Cassini will be escorted to Sagamore Hill, there to present his letters of recall to the president. This ceremony over the ambassador will return to the United States.

New Embassy for Germany. The German government has purchased a splendid site for its embassy here opposite the property of the new French embassy overlooking Sheridan Circle, in the northwest section of the city. The property is the famous "Sonsbeek" castle or the residence of a considerable height above the street, measures about 1,300x150 feet. On this site will be erected a splendid stone structure of the style of Frederick the Great, reproducing perhaps in general outline the famous "Sonsbeek" castle or the residence of a considerable height above the street, measures about 1,300x150 feet. On this site will be erected a splendid stone structure of the style of Frederick the Great, reproducing perhaps in general outline the famous "Sonsbeek" castle or the residence of a considerable height above the street, measures about 1,300x150 feet. 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