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Subscribed in my presence and sworn to store me this list day of May, 1906. (Seal) M. B. HUNGATE, Notary Public. WHEN OUT OF TOWN. Subscribers leaving the city temporarily should have The Bee mailed to them. It is better than a daily letter from home. Address will be changed as often as

Omaha's bank clearings still continue to expand despite the approach of the overbeated season.

requested.

Omaha the go-by

concealed behind him.

find that he should have continued pursuit of the America's cup.

It the rule in the "Paper trust" case stands "captains of industry" will be compelled to devise a way of transacting business without keeping books.

Louis Kossuth, posing as peacemaker in Hungary, evidently believes that revolutions are not what they are fondly imagined by people far from the scene

It was only a short time ago that France counted upon the lack of preparation for war in Germany and talk at Berlin would indicate that Germans

may make the same mistake. One of the "Folk bills," that against betting on races is to be tested in Missouri courts and an opportunity will be given to discover how far "reform" has

really progressed in that state. South Omaha also wants a Young Men's Christian association building on the installment plan and it now looks as if Seventeenth street would have to be extended to the magic annex.

The new municipal asphalt plant is scheduled to make its first start on the longest day of the year, and when the sun goes down next Wednesday one of Omaha's long felt wants will have been supplied.

Now that Comptroller Lobeck has resumed his residence in the Fifth ward we may look for a well defined rumor of his intentions of relocation from the first to the second floor of the city hall next spring.

Since Germany says it "stands for the open door in Morocco as in China" sympathy for France may be increased for the powers may object to having defenses at a Moroccan port constructed by the Kaiser.

Now that the automobile has been succesafully pressed futo the service in Oklahoma as a thief catcher, may we not expect the bicycle policeman in the big cities to give way soon to the automobile policeman?

Unless an arbitration board speedily oln Star and the World-Herald, those two papers will furnish all the fireworks of public guests, necessary for this year's celebration of the glorious Fourth

With today's issue, The Bee turns perity of Omaha, of Nebraska, and of the entire post.

EXPLOITING THE ORIENT.

Intelligent students of events in the far east are of the opthion that what has been accomplished by Japan will put a lasting check upon the selfish exploitation of the orient by the western nations. A writer in an eastern paper who holds this view points out that for more than three centuries Russia has been advancing through Asia at the average rate of 20,000 square miles per annum and remarks that that nation has not been the only aggressor in this respect. Germany and France have been equally guilty, so far as opportunity has offered, while Great Britain's skirts are by no means clean. He urges that the time has come for the so-called "Christian natious" to stop snarling and snapping at each other over the slices of the the orient is now guarded against once for all, the "yellow peril" will take care of itself in peace. He observes that nothing is more significant of the dastardly and desperate methods of the Russian bureaucracy than their continued attempt to avail themselves of the

It is not to be doubted that Japan's conserve her own interests, political and diplomacy. commercial. Doubtless what territory in China is now possessed by Great Britain, Germany and France they will be created a decided awakening in China as own protection and that this will be manifested can be confidently predicted. Such exploitation of the orient, therefore, as will come hereafter will be strictly industrial and commercial, and there is no reason to doubt that this will be encouraged.. There appears to be no substantial reason for the apprehension which seems to obtain in some Now that the city attorney has put self to be favorable to the open door a serious as well as an important prohis foot down against the Hand law, the principle in the trade and probably will cedure and the taxpayers of Nebraska long distance scorchers should give still be found so. Indeed she cannot have right to expect the bord to go at it city soon after his arrival he intimated Both Japan and Russia seem to be of the nations of the west, whose friend- find the joke turned on them before they going about their peace negotiations as ship and good will she will need quite get through. if each thought the other had something as much in the future as she does today. Japan's success in the war with Russia After being hammered by both sides defy the rest of the world. The re- safe from the clutches of any brutal he had arranged a political picnic at which

> promoting the welfare not only of the Asiatic peoples but of all mankind. MAXIMO GOMEZ.

sources of the orient as will add im-

measurably to the wealth of the world.

Among the names that are illustrious in Cuban history is that of Maximo Gomez, whose services in the cause of Cuban independence were not surpassed by those of any of his compatriots. As a soldier he was able and courageous, making a record in two revolutions for remarkable skill and daring. With a force that was for the most part little better than a rabble, most of the time poorly armed and not well supplied with in guerilla fashion, Gomez proved himself a match for the Spanish generals, often winning over the well organized and disciplined forces of Spain. As a patriot he was sincere, devoted and zealons, inspiring his followers with his ardor and having their implicit confidence. When by the intervention of the United States Spanish power in Cuba was overthrown Gomez assisted in the work of pacification and reorganization, performing valuable service in this respect and manifesting his gratitude to the Ameri-

can people. Gomez might have been elected president of the Cuban republic, but he declined the honor and for some time before his death he took no active part in public affairs, though always showing interest in political matters. He has been called the Washington of Cuba and he was entitled to the distinction.

A CHANCE FOR OUR AUTOMOBILISTS Our rapidly growing automobile colony in Omaha has asked and received a great many concessions from the 'city, and while the very prevalence of the horseless vehicles belps us to present a metropolitan appearance, there is something more the auto people can do in return to justify their vantage point in the community. We have had automobile clubs organized for the mutual benefit and protection of the members-let us have an automobile club organized settles the differences between the Lin. for the promotion of the public good by volunteer service in the entertainment

An automobile club in New York week ago furnished the use of 100 machines and their drivers to take the inhabitants of the orphan asylums on a another milestone by entering upon its recreation excursion about the city, and thirty-fifth year of continuous publica- it is needless to say that the fatheriess While a thirty-fourth birthday and motherless children enjoyed the hardly calls for a special celebration, it event as the treat of their lives. To needs nothing but its own record to as- come nearer home, the entire auto equip sure its readers that it is fulfilling its ment of the city of Lincoln was last mission faithfully and may be depended week pressed into requisition as an act upon in the future as in the past to fight of hospitality to the visiting postmas the battles of the people and to work un- ters in attendance upon the convention ceasingly for the upbuilding and pros- of Nebraska postmasters in session

These are only two examples, but the

here in Omaha where a public-spirited association of our automobile enthusiasts could come to the front and do much to make our city popular with distinguished visitors. During the present summer in particular a host of delegations to various conventions and neetings in different parts of the country will pass through Omaha. Their stops, however short, can be made pleasurcable to them and profitable to us by the right sort of entertainment.

Why should we not take full advantage of the opportunity.

RUSSIAN DIPLOMACY. HASTINGS, Neb., June 17.—To the Edi-tor of The Bee: We have considerable controversy here over the merits of Russian diplomacy. One side claiming it is unearth's ferritory waiting to be divided up reliable, evasive and untruthful, and that and suggests that if the "white peril" in the past history has proven those charges as a national characteristic. On the other hand a small minority assert that their international dealings will compare favorably with other nations. on this matter would be highly appreclated by certain individuals here, and by your numerous readers generally.

It is notorious that Russian diplomacy senseless scare of a so-called yellow has always been characterized by duplicity, equivocation and evasion. This was conspicuously shown in the negotiatriumph removes the danger, imminent a tions with Japan before the war. At few years ago and then averted by the present there is doubt as to whether United States, of a dismemberment of Russia is sincerely seeking peace, not a the Chinese empire by western powers. few believing that the acceptance of With Russia eliminated from Asia, or at President Roosevelt's proposition was least rendered powerless for further ag- not made in good faith. Russia does gression, there is every reason to expect not keep her word, as her failure to that China, under the example and in- fulfill her promise to evacuate Manchufluence of Japan, will assert herself in a ria attests. She does not even pretend way to assure the preservation of her that she is bound to observe treaties. territorial integrity. In this she will whenever it becomes her interest to set unquestionably have the counsel and them aside. Frankness or straightforsupport of Japan, which will thereby wardness is not recognized in Muscovite sooner or later-in this generation as likely

One thing gained by the consolidations effected under the new charter should allowed to retain unmolested, but they not be overlooked and that is that taxwill not be permitted to acquire more payers aggrieved with their assessments territory. The war has unquestionably will have but one equalizing board to the nature of the sportsman. wrestle with, whereas formerly they had to the rights of that nation and the to go through the same performance power it is capable of exercising for its twice-once for the city and once for the county. The only Douglas county taxpayers who still have this double burden to bear are those who reside in South Omaha, where the local assessment machine continues to work independently.

Why cannot Nebraska's State Board of Assessment transact its business like a business body? There is altogether quarters that Japan will attempt to bar too much horse play indulged in by the western nations from the Asiatic mar- members of this board. The valuation kets. She has in the past shown her- of the railroad property for taxation is after arriving in Chicago to discern some afford to adopt a different policy, since seriously and conscientiously. Those that politics and municipal operation of it would bring upon her the hostility who persist in treating it as a joke may street railways would not work well to-

Shercliffe, the highwayman, burglar, does not enable her to disregard and robber and all-around criminal, is still duct a campaign for re-election, with muin Irish politics Lord Dunrayen may moval of the danger of Asiatic exploita- sheriff, whether he comes with a requisi- he intended to bring out Mr. Dalrymple the Inte tion, so far as territory is concerned, is not the least of the important results pledges made to him by Omaha's bomb-astic attorney must be kept even of the great war which there is good if Shercliffe carries out his threat to reason to hope is soon to end and which will be followed by such a development resume pistol practice at short range a la Pollock. of the industrial and commercial re-

Longer meal hours and shorter study hours are the reforms proposed for the Omaha High of the future. But we venture to assert that the Omaha High in the past has turned out just as good material on long hours of study and short hours for lunch as the long-hour lunch and short-hour study pupils of the High of the future will match.

Governor Herrick of Ohio aptly de clares that professional lobbying is a deadly poison in the wellspring of legislation. He might have added that it is a good deal safer to avoid taking the poison into the body politic than to dethe means of carrying on warfare, even pend upon an antidote to counteract its disastrous effects.

> It is a well-established axiom of law that any rate fixed by a railroad must be recognized by the railroads as reasonable. If the \$5 Omaha to Chicago and return rate is reasonable, time-limited thousand-mile tickets should hereafter sell for \$5 and no questions asked.

> Russia is now showing a dislike to meeting Japanese representatives in Washington. This is unfortunate, as a closer inspection of our republican institutions by influential Russians might be of advantage to Russia in the present political crisis.

Great Britain is surprised to think that the Boers are not satisfied with be ing given equal rights in South Africa with British immigrants. But what the Boers do not like is having immigrants given rights equal to those of the na-

Whether it is to be the Ashland cut off or the Oakland cut off is not yet determined, but Omaha jobbers, grain and live stock men are not particular which inasmuch as both cut offs pass through the same Hill.

Base Ball by Injunction. Cleveland Plain Dealer. "Government by injunction" length made its appearance in the base world. The court ruling forbidding the fining by the National league president of notoriously the most ruffianly ball player in the recent history of the national game, the hands of the league authorities the at less than a 5-cent fare," that "you" most effective means of punishing the few players who bring the sport into disrepute and practically puts a premium on "dirty" ball, which owners, patrons and the vast to abolish.

It is a reproach to American hospitality and thrift that the members of the diplomatic corps in Washington have obliged to set up a poker club of their own because there are no facilities for the game in the other clubs at the national capital In such a discreditable condition of affairs it is small wonder that the representatives why we should be afraid of trying the ex-

occasions are repeatedly recurring right assertion that a republican form of government is a failure when it has to deal with great issues.

The Chinese Boycott.

Brooklyn Eagle. So the men who have things to sell are really slarmed at the prospect of American goods being boycotted by the Chinese. When we treat Chinese as well as we treat thugs and paupers from the Mediterranean there will be no occasion for a boycott. How would you feel about it if you were a Chinaman?

The Slant-Eyed and Muscovite.

Chicago Chronicle Russian diplomacy is proverbially tricky and evasive, but unless all indications are at fault Russian diplomacy, like Russian military capacity, will find its match in the Japanese article. The slant-eyed brown person is subtle and shifty in peace as he is forceful and insistent in war. Muscovite will find his work cut out for him when the pourparliers begins,

Sonking the Consumer.

Springfield Republican. There seems to be no end to the raising of prices. The last blow comes from Atlantic City, where the association of of the United States have been in session. That body decided, "In view of the scarcity of 'stock'," that it will have to adcent. There may be a melancholy satisfaction in knowing that this association represents \$50,000,000 of capital and 30,000,000 barrels of cement. So it goes all along the take a little nip out of the long-suffering public.

Checking Inhuman Sport.

Boston Transcript. For the supreme court of New Jersey much honor. It has put itself on the side of the birds in supporting the act prohibiting the use of live pigeons for targets, and thereby has made many friends in every state in the union-even in states which do not yet so protect the helpless birds. But all states will come into line as not-and preach and believe in the practice of kindness toward all animals. Another generation, the coming one perhaps, will go a step further, it is possible, and disapprove the use of animals and fowls as a target to be shot at for amusement or as a test of skill and marksmanship because of the effect such "sport" has on

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP.

Observations and Conclusions of the Glasgow Envoy to Chicago.

New York Globe and Commercial. When Mr. Dalrymple, the manager of the street railways of Glasgow, passed through this city a few weeks ago on his way to Chicago, whither he was bound to give advice on the subject of municipal ownership, he said to a representative of this journal: "I can't understand why you people should make such a fuss over municipal ownership. Many of you, too, seem to be afraid to try the experiment." seems to have taken him only a short time reasons why a "fuss" should be made here over adopting municipal ownership. In some utterances which he made in that gether.

Leaving Chicago, Mr. Dalrymple went to Cleveland on invitation of Mayor Tom Johnson, the great champion of the 8-centfare idea. Mr. Johnson is about to conas his chief spokesman. Mr. Dalrymple seems to have gone to the picnic under considerable obfuscation, but he had no trouble in expressing himself clearly when he time for his speech arrived. What he said was very far from what Mr. Johnson had anticipated, for it upset nearly every argument that the advocates of municipal ownership have been making in favor of its adoption in this country. Here is the main portion of his speech:

"I do not may yet the people should mu dicipalize their street car service. That is for you to say. Any city that is willing and able to do as we have done in Glasgow can do it. But if you conduct the ousiness on political lines you are doomed. "The average of profit in the business is

one-fifth of a cent a passenger. It is a narrow margin, and requires the closest conomy in management to maintain it The least extravagance would wipe it out. It is the easiest thing in the world to turn profit into loss at the end of the year. It dangerous work, and if Cleveland or any other city takes over the lines and does not manage them in the most economical way it will rue the day it did it. "The staff of a municipally owned enterprise must be better disciplined than that of a private corporation. In Glasgow we have no politics as regards municipal matters. I doubt if I could tell you the politics of any member of our city We don't manage our munici pal affairs on political lines."

After the close of his speech Mr. Dalrymple exclaimed: "I can't for the life of me tell what this meeting is about!" He had come to this country to talk about municipal ownership and the operation of street railways as a plain business proposition. He was naturally somewhat dumb founded to find himself at a political meeting and expected to make a speech in fayor of a candidate for political office. There s no danger that he will be asked to play this part again. His speech produced nothing less than consternation among the Johnson followers and some of them began at once to try to break the force of it by speaking contemptuously of the orator "He's merely a clerk, anyway," said one of them. "That is, he was a clerk until six months ago. I supposed that he had been the head of the railroads in Glasgow for some time, but I have found out that he only came into the management the last

The deadly points in Mr. Dalrymple's speech are so plain that it is scarcely necessary to specify them. When he says, 'If you conduct the business on political lines you are doomed," he leaves no room for argument on the whole question, for it would be impossible to conduct it on any other lines in any large city in this country. When he says that "the average of profit in the business is only one-fifth of a cent a passenger," and that this narrow margin can only be secured by the use of the closest economy in the management, and that the "least extravagance would wipe it out," he also closes the question so far as we are concerned about it in this country. Finally, when he says, as he did in another part of his speech, "if you continue to have transfers you cannot operate charge 5 cents to pay expenses," and that 'as a street car manager I will say trans fers are an abomination," he goes far to deprive the movement for municipal owner majority of players have earnestly striven ship in American cities of all hope of pop ular support.

It does not require much mental ca pacity to comprehend that a 3-cent fare without transfers is not so desirable as a 5-cent fare with transfers. No political party would dare to oppose the transfer system or to call for its abolition. Dalrymple has done the cause of intelligent and wise municipal government in this country a service of incalculable value. He has given the most unanswerable reasons of the effete despotisms reiterate the old periment of municipal ownership.

RAILROADS AND THE PEOPLE.

Silver Creek Sand: The mails are being flooded with documents opposing railway rate regulation. Now if the roads could get the weighing of the malls to be done at the same time, they would get back the money that printing and posting the documents cost them, at government ex-

St. Paul Phonograph-Press: We wonder if the republican papers are just funning n this demand for railroad legislation. Time alone will tell. If they whoop it up for the known minions of the railroad just because they are on the republican ticket, then we shall know that they were only fooling.

Wood River Sunbeam: The kick that the railroads are putting up to the State Board of Assessment is simply going to make a lot of trouble for them, and if they don't pay their taxes the same as any other individual there will doubtless be something doing. It is getting time to "tote" fair in Nebraska, and if the officials refuse to see that it is done, the people will.

Beatrice Express: Nebraska can live and go forward, even if the rallroads do refuse to pay their taxes, but it is a mighty poor example for the biggest taxpayers in the American Portland cement manufacturers state to set. If the railroads were taxed as near to the real value as hundreds of small property owners in the state are taxed, they might have a kick coming, vance prices the ensuing year about 5 per but they are not, and we all know it. Let them pay up like other taxpayers and quit

Grand Island Independent: The people of the state are watching closely the action line. Each great aggregation proposes to of the State Board of Assessment in the matter of railway assessments. The tax commissioners of these corporations have been making an effort to secure a reduction in their assessments. Last year's assessment was generally regarded a fair one and it certainly is plain that railroads have increased the value of their property during the past year, rather than that they have decreased it. Governor Mickey and State Treasurer Mortensen appear to be standing decidedly pat with some of the other members somewhat in doubt.

St. Paul Republican: The railroad pass evil cannot be eliminated by laws or resolutions affecting public officials alone. Private citizens must reconcile themselves to the same sort of medicine. Between a railroad controlled official and candidates nominated by railroad controlled conventions there is no choice. It is notorious that a large majority of delegates in every state and congresional convention (regardless of party) held in Nebraska for many years rode to the rendezvous on free transportation, furnished almost invariably in support of some favored candidate. This condition of affairs must not be overlooked in the work preliminary to an anti-pass bill which will be submitted to the next legislature. Let the resolutions adopted by county and congresional conventions be oad enough to cover the entire question. No half-hearted measures will avail.

Columbus Telegram: Every school boy in Nebraska knows that our state government is now, and for many years has been, absolutely dominated by railroad influence. This is not a political charge. The Telegram is frank to admit that many of our state officers under democratic and populist rule were mere puppets of the railroad political managers. The plan of the Telegram for a crusade against railroad rule is in no sense a party movement. We are pleading with members of all political parties to purge their organizations of the railroad dummies. And we believe our plan will bear fruit. The people of this state cannot be so lacking in intelligence as to be deceived by the arguments of newspapers which are known to be owned,

controlled and operated by railroad influence. Nebraska has suffered long under the railroad heel. The day of delivery the Lincoln Star and other subsidized railroad newspapers may heap upon the heads of men who may protest against railroad domination cannot serve to stay the dawning of that day

COMMENCEMENT TIME.

The Joyous Annual Dividend of the Schools. Cleveland Plain Dealer.

When it is considered that the enrollment in the colleges and schools of the country, public and private is not far from 20,000,000 and that a large proportion of this host are just now making their real start in life, it is easy to realize how great is the importance of the commencement season. The collegians on this occasion will receive much public attention and much valuable advice designed to assist them in the choice of professions and to make smooth their paths in their new careers. Those whose formal education ceases with the completion of high and grammar school courses may feel that they are less in the public eye than they deserve. The former class, however, by no means monopolize life's opportunities, and the latter may well find compensation for a shorter course of scholastic training in the reflection that, ac ording to many well qualified to judge the four year's start in business which will be theirs will at least in part offset the higher education of the collegian.

At such a season baccalaureate sermons and graduation addresses rightly strike the hopeful note. Optimism is in the air. The world is kindly disposed towards these young and ardent neophytes, each of whom is prone to fancy that that same big world is his oyster; which is not altogether s fancy. Each is to a great extent the master of his fate. All that is requisite for a youth to gain a generous measure of success, whatever his antecedents, is a determination to succeed by hard work in

whatever field he makes his own. The familiar talk is heard at this season about the overcrowding of the professions and the more limited opportunities for the young man in business, but the rewards are still there for the man possessed of ability and character and willing to strive unre mittingly for them. Nor is the intense com petition of the present day wholly if at all an evil, for to the worthy and ambitious is the strongest incentive to effort, while the unfit will fail, however slight the struggle; and whether he shall be found fit or unfit is, in general, for the young graduate himself to determine. "The tools to him

who can use them" is still the law. This country has never forgotten that it pays to educate. The millions spent in supporting schools and colleges are paying yearly dividends whose value is beyond calculation even when considered in a commercial sense, while the conviction that they are profitable in a higher and broader sense is in no danger of becoming weakned. Education in America has always been recognized as not exclusively for the benefit of the individual, but for the upbuilding of the nation.

Modern Financial Banking.

Providence Journal. The newer plan of using deposited funds ot so much for the discounting of the regular commercial paper of customers as for the promotion of more or less specu- nized prominence for those dishes which lative enterprises has come into use in answer to a natural demand and is doubtless capable of being employed to the of the rates charged in any of the great advantage of general business as well others. as that of individuals. But the greater profits possible in this kind of banking ousiness necessarily involve greater risks and these should not be incurred without the provision of extreme precautions precautions are to be sought prim arily in the integrity and exceptional ability of those who engage in financial bankof governmental examination and control

Never Loses Its Strendth Always the Same

CALUMET



Baking Powder

Is Most Healthful, Wholesome and Economical

ROUND ABOUT NEW YORK.

Ripples on the Current of Life in the Metropolis.

A scavenger tax sale now in progress in

New York City presents several features unlike the sale held in Omaha last winter. It was the first one held in the metropolis in sixteen years and drew together a great crowd of speculators and bargain hunters. The city does not attempt to sell the property, but offers a leasehold for a term of years determined by the bid. Cash is required for the amount of taxes only, the successful bidder being the one who offers to pay the tax for a leasehold of the lowest number of years. The leasehold is not effective until two years elapse, ddring which time the owner has a right to redeem the property. One of the exciting incidents of the first day's sale was the disposition of two lots on Fulton street, between Broadway and Nassau, a valuable piece of downtown property. . The taxes due on it at 500 years and by leaps and bounds went down to ninety-nine years. After some spirited bidding, during which the auc tioneer had to suspend the sale to calm down the excitement, a real estate speculator got the property on a bid of five years. Then the buyer started off to inspect his property and soon found himself up against a stone wall with barred windows showing above, but no door. He walked around the block and saw what he had bought was a wing of the National Park Bank building. He entered to take possession. The surprised bank officials found that the property had been taken inder a title guarantee insurance policy, but that something evidently had been overlooked in the search. Attorneys for the bank were dispatched post haste to the controller's office to straighten matters out. This finally was done by paying the arrears. The man who had bought the property received \$62 for his trouble.

William Waldorf Astor will erect the largest apartment hotel in the world, at a cost of over \$4,000,000. It will cover the entire block in Broadway, from Seventyeighth and Seventy-ninth street, and extending throught to West End avenue. This is one of the most commanding positions in the city. It overlooks the Hudson, and standing at a curve in Broadway, will look down that thoroughfare ch the same way that the Hotel Astor now dominates it at Forty-fourth street. The general plan observed in the Astor buildings will be followed, making the new building, which has not yet been named, harmonize with others of the Astor group, but it will be altogether on a grander scale and more magnificent than anything yet attempted.

Arrangements have been made with the subway people to connect the new hotel with the subway station at Seventy-ninth street by an arcade, and it is said that the entire level will be occupied by a restaurant, cafe, palm room and lounging rooms similar in some respects to ground floor arrangement of the Hotel Astor and Waldorf-Astoria

Dr. Darlington of the New York City health department says that heart disease is increasing at an alarming degree there, caused by the strenuous life the residents lead. "The hurry and rush of business," says Dr. Darlington, "the noise and excitement and clamor of metropolitan life, the late suppers, the elaborate food, the stimulating drinks, the constant restless quest of excitement, money and pleasure all create a strain on the heart which breaks down the tissues and creates various forms of heart disease." number of deaths from heart disease last week alone was 123. The number of deaths for the corresponding week last year was fifty-eight.

Patsy and Bedelia, the two big rhesus monkeys in the Central Park menagerie, come near being the spooniest couple in or out of the park. But Patsy is getting old and indolent and he prefers to sit quietly on his little platform rather than swing on the trapeze or frisk about the cage Bedelia is more active. Bedelia was at the bars of the cage when

an employe of the administration building came along at noontime and gave her a lump of sugar. Putting it in her mouth she sprang upon the horizontal bar and looked down at her mate. There was intense longing in his glance as he saw her take the piece of sugar out of her mouth and look at it. Monkeys are as fond of sweets as most schoolgirls are and he wanted some of the delicacy, but it was

Back went the sugar again into Bedelia's mouth. Patsy's longing was almost strong enough to overcome his inertia. He stood up as if to go to her, but changed his mind. By and by the sugar was all gone and Bedelia climbed down from the bar and went to her mate.

He was inclined to be grouchy, but Bedelia knew his weakness. She deftly parted the hair on the top of his head, pulled his ear gently, and, putting her arm around his neck, caressed him. The conjugal storm disappeared and there was only love in the eyes that looked up on her. Bedelia knew.

The cost of living in the high class restaurants of New York is greater than in those of any other city in the world. This does not mean that some of the restaurants of London and Paris, which make specialties of things not found elsewhere are not more expensive, but the prices charged in New York restaurants of recogare in most demand in every city boasting of a good hotel or restaurant are in excess

Oysters, consomme, fish, roast beef, roast lamb, turkey, partridge, quail, chicken, potatoes, celery, lettuce, cheese, ice cream. and coffee, at the leading New York hotel would cost \$6.50.

In London the check for the same would be \$5.05 in Paris the dinner would cost \$5.30. in Washington the tariff would be \$4.75, at Buffalo the charge would be \$5.20, at Pitts burg a check for \$5.50 would be presented,

in Cincinnati the bill would foot up \$3.95, while in Omaha a modest claim for \$2.90 would be collected.

The souvenir taking habit has grown to be such an evil that New York hotels estimate the loss from this cause at thousands of dollars yearly and fit their tables with the cheapest possible articles in the line of small wares so as to minimize the loss if they are stolen. The annoyance, as well as the expense, of replacing articles stolen has grown to be unendurable and measures are now generally resorted to to put a stop to the practice of souvenir hunt-

A woman detective who in a large de partment store distinguishes herself by discovering many shoplifters, is one of many persons now employed in one large hotel to keep track of persons secreting small articles that may be on the tables.

The after theater supper is the time when the souvenir thief is most active. amount to \$1,300. The bidding was started At that time, escorted by a man friend and dressed handsomely, the woman detective seats herself among the guests and observes the various parties at the different tables. If she sees any of the tableware appropriated she communicates the fact to the head walter secretly, and the offending persons are politely requested to replace the articles they have taken.

PERSONAL NOTES.

Tibboo Tib is dead. Sounds like a child's name for a playful kitten, but Tibboo Tib was a murderous Arab chief of songful

Farmers can borrow money from the government of Norway at 3 per cent interest and still the Norse rush to other lands. The reason is that the collateral on which to borrow is rather difficult to get in Norway.

Judge Charles Field of Athol, Mass., who is said to be the oldest justice in the country in active judicial service, celebrated the 90th anniversary of his birth on June 9. He continues to hold court several days each week.

Dr. Edmund J. James, the new prestdent of the University of Illinois, is making a careful investigation into the postcollege record of foot ball players. says: "The successful foot ball man must, under modern conditions, so overstrain himself physically as to diminish seriously his chances of achieving success of any

kind in after life." Thomas Davidson, the American philsopher, often referred to as "one of the welve most learned men of his time," believed that the true students of the age are found not so much in universities, full of the idle sons of the rich, as in the factories and workshops. As the result of a challenge at the close of a lecture Prof. Davidson organized a class of wage

carners from tenement houses. There was considerable excitement at Oyster Bay, Long Island, over the anouncement that President Roosevelt had purchased an estate in Virginia. It was eared that the chief magistrate contemplated deserting his old home, but a reassuring letter from Washington says Mr. Roosevelt has no idea of doing so permanenntly. He will spend part of his time in Virginia, but will continue to vote from he old Long Island homestead.

TART TRIFLES.

"What brought you here, my poor man?" asked the prison visitor.

"Aw!" replied the convict, "jist fur tryin" to flatter a rich man."

"The idea!"

"Yes, I jist tried to imitate his signature on a check."—Philadelphia Press.

"What's the matter with Mrs. Brydeigh?" typewriter, and she's be sue for divorce ever

Knicker-So Henpekt is going to sue for

Poser—Some people are just natural born lars. They honestly can't help it. Slyman—Yes, but you haven't that ex-use.—Detroit Free Frees. "Remember," said the earnest citizen, 'that a public office is a public trust."
"I shouldn't say that," answered Senator

Borghum, "owing to our peculiar political system, there are very few offices that can be made as lucrative as a trust."--Real estate agent (on shipboard)-Per haps we can close that deal now for that little plot of land. What'll you offer an

Seasick individual—I'll give you \$1,900 an

"I thought you said last night that her omplexion was ruined."
"Bo I did."
"But there she is, looking as beautiful

"I referred to her last night's complex-ion."-Houston Post.

THE SEASON'S STYLE

Indianapolis News.

Oh, dainty little malden, with your dainty Oh, dainty little malden, with your dainty shirt waist charming, so fresh and crisp with frilliness in most exquisite laundering, Although our adoration's great, there's something quite alarming.

About your present make-up, too, that keeps our glance from wandering.

Thus, as we stroll along the street in mood that's caim and pensive.

When you appear we turn our gaze upon you most admiringly.

And then, though you don't know it, something makes us apprehensive,

And bids us fix a startled look upon you most inquiringly.

Though life's experience has taught this is a world of chances.

And that adventures one must face are manifold and various.

We are impressed by this year's styles, from even passing glances.

That certain incidentals are unusually precarious.

For as we gage upon you in the costume that's so charming.
We feel a thrill that penetrates e'en hearts o'eriald with callouses.
Because of-you will pardon us, but really it's alarming.
The very careless way in which you're this year wearing galluses.