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THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

BEST PEOPLE READ THE BEE BECAUSE IT IS BEST

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PRINCE TAKES BRIDE

Heir to Throne of Germany and Duchess Cecelia Are United.

COURT CHAPLAIN PERFORMS CEREMONY

Service Takes Place in Small Chapel of Palace in Berlin.

DIPLOMATS AND DIGNITARIES PRESENT

Representatives of All Reigning Families of Europe in Attendance.

BRIDE'S DRESS MADE IN RUSSIA

Train of Silver Brocade Fourteen Feet Long is Borne by Two Pages—Veil is of Old Brussels Lace.

BERLIN, June 6.—Crown Prince Frederick William and Duchess Cecilia of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were married in the palace chapel this afternoon while the clock on the plaza marked 5 and batteries here and in every garrison town in Prussia and in every sea where German warships floated began firing a twenty-one-gun salute at the same moment.

In the chapel one of the most distinguished assemblages that could be gathered in Europe saw the simple wedding service of the Lutheran church. Some of the sixty to seventy members of the royal families present from Germany and foreign states were the Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria, representing Emperor Francis Joseph; the Grand Duke Michael of Russia, Prince Henry, consort of the queen of the Netherlands, the duke and duchess of Aosta, representing the king and queen of Italy; Prince Arthur of Connaught, representing Great Britain; Prince and Princess Albert of Belgium, the duke of Oportom representing Portugal; Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, and the crown princes of Denmark and Greece. These all stood in a wide circle around the altar, for there were no pews, and behind them, without regard to rank, were the members of the foreign embassies, with Ambassador Tower and Mrs. Tower among them, the cabinet ministers, a number of admirals, the commanders of army corps and many persons of the high nobility.

Wedding Dress of Silver Brocade.

The crown princess, for she was also crown princess by civil rite, came in on the arm of the crown prince. She was wearing a wreath of fresh myrtle on her head, over which was a small crown of diamonds and rubies in a gold frame, placed there by the empress. A triangle of diamonds rested on the front of her low-cut bodice and around her neck was a necklace of large diamonds. The wedding dress was of Russian silver brocade, with a train four and one-half yards in length and two and one-quarter yards wide, attached to the shoulders. Four maids of honor in dresses of pale blue silk, the crown prince's favorite color, carried the train and behind them walked two pages. The bridal veil was of old Brussels lace.

The crown prince wore the light blue uniform of the first foot guards, with a major's insignia and his decorations. He carried his helmet in his hand.

Behind the bride and groom came the empress on the arm of the grand duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, brother of the bride, and the emperor with the Grand Duchess Anastasia, mother of the bride. These and other members of the royal family stood on the right of the altar.

The choir sang "God Give His Angels Charge Concerning Thee," set to music by Mendelssohn. This text was carved on the cradle of the crown prince. The congregation joined in singing from the program the familiar hymn, "Praise the Master."

Court Chaplain Officiates.

Dr. Dryander, the court chaplain, with nine of the cathedral clergy standing near him, began the service.

It is the privilege of the pastor, according to the Lutheran rite, to read either one of the several admonitory addresses to the bridal couple or to make one of his own. Dr. Dryander elected to lay aside the book, taking as his subject the book of Ruth, chapter i, verses 16 and 17, beginning: "For whither thou goest I will go," etc.

Dr. Dryander spoke briefly on the beauty of love, the large responsibilities resting on the youthful pair, their need for the support of faith and spiritual vision. The pastor then asked his imperial highness if he took out of God's hand to have and to hold according to God's word and will, her highness, Cecilia?

The crown prince answered, "Yes."

The same question was addressed to the duchess with the additional question of "and obey," to which she also answered "Yes." These were the only responses.

The rings were then exchanged and the bride and groom knelt while Dr. Dryander read the liturgical prayer, closing the ceremony, which had taken precisely twenty minutes.

Dr. Dryander shook hands with the crown prince and kissed the hand of the crown princess. He then presented the bridal couple with a Bible, ornamentally bound.

The emperor kissed the bride on both cheeks and then kissed his son, the empress doing likewise.

Reception in White Hall.

The bridal party slowly moved out, followed by the princes and princesses, but all others waited in the chapel, which had become very hot owing to the 300 candles that had been buring for half an hour, until the reception began in the White Hall adjoining the chapel.

Besides those present at the wedding, several hundred others had been invited to the reception, each person bowing to the crown prince and crown princess, on either side of whom stood other royal personages. The dresses, jewels and uniforms contributed to a most brilliant picture.

After supper had been served a torchlight dance, unique practice at weddings in the house of Hohenzollern for centuries, was performed in a modified form by twelve pages, bearing thick candles about two and a half feet tall.

The crown prince took the hand of the crown princess and walked slowly behind the pages, keeping step to the music, around a quadrangle formed by men and women standing ten feet apart along the sides of the drawing room, which is 165 by 50 feet, all bowing as the bridal couple passed. The emperor then led the crown princess and the crown prince led his mother around the same walk. Next the crown princess took each of the other princes and the crown prince each of the other princesses around the hall, occasionally several at a time so that precedence might be disregarded. Once the Grand Duke Michael of Russia, the Archduke Franz, Ferdinand of Austria, Crown Prince Gustaf of Sweden and the duke of Oporto

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MINISTER DELCASSE IS OUT

Head of Foreign Office of France Resigns and Successor is Not Named.

PARIS, June 6.—M. Delcasse today presented his resignation and definitely retired from any further direction of the foreign affairs of France. His resignation was submitted to a meeting of the council of ministers, held at the Elysee palace under the presidency of President Loubet. The council opened at 1:10 p. m. and lasted nearly two hours. The meeting aroused deep interest, owing to the belief that the Moroccan situation would result in a ministerial crisis.

M. Delcasse, in submitting his resignation, explained the reasons leading up to his action. He said he realized that differences of view had arisen between himself and his colleagues relative to the execution of the foreign policy of France, particularly concerning the negotiations with Morocco. Thus he believed it to be desirable, in the interest of the ministry and of the country, to place his resignation into the hands of the president.

Premier Rouvier, in responding, expressed the regrets of his colleagues, adding a tribute to M. Delcasse for past services. M. Rouvier thereupon announced that he would take ad interim the duties of minister of foreign affairs.

Later it was announced that M. Rouvier would hold the portfolio of foreign affairs indefinitely, probably yielding the ministry of finance (which he directs in addition to being premier) in order to devote his entire attention to the solution to the troubled foreign situation. The final meeting between M. Delcasse and his colleagues developed unusual interest, as he found that their sentiment united against the policy he had pursued. After explaining his views on the Morocco and other questions the ministers presented theirs, showing complete discord between him and them. M. Delcasse himself said the divergences formerly existing had reached a stage where he found all his colleagues opposed to him. Therefore, he added, it only remained for him to surrender his portfolio.

M. Delcasse's retirement from the council chamber brought out numerous evidences of personal esteem, which, however, did not remove the somewhat painful feeling caused by his resignation following a divergence of views.

M. Rouvier will take up the affairs of the Foreign office tonight. If he decides to eventually select a successor it will probably be one of the ambassadors, Jules Cambon, formerly at Washington, and M. Barrere, now at Rome, being the most prominent now under consideration.

Diplomats attach much importance to M. Rouvier taking the foreign affairs, as they regard him as being a statesman of unusual force. They foresee marked results in the various pending international questions from M. Rouvier's direction of foreign affairs. The change in the cabinet is expected to ameliorate the Moroccan situation; first, because Germany, being satisfied with the fall of the minister who ignored it during the early stage of the Moroccan negotiations, will now be disposed to treat in a more friendly spirit with his successor and also because the new policy of France will probably seek to secure Germany's co-operation rather than prolong the resistance to Germany's claims.

KING ALFONSO HAS BUSY DAY

Goes Sight-Seeing in London Fog and Attends Banquet.

LONDON, June 6.—King Alfonso of Spain saw the sights of the metropolis today in typical London weather. Rain fell all day long, accompanied by a chilly east wind. The limp decorations gave the entire city a bedraggled and forlorn appearance.

The young monarch, however, carried out a long program with evident enjoyment. After receiving the diplomatic corps at Buckingham palace King Alfonso attended mass at the Roman Catholic cathedral at Westminster. Later he visited Westminster abbey, lunched with the duke and duchess of Connaught and was an interested spectator of the military tournament at Agricultural hall. He gave a reception to Spanish residents and to the Anglo-Spanish and American-Spanish commercial bodies of London at the Spanish embassy and paid a surprise visit to the House of Parliament, which, however, had adjourned before his arrival.

The day concluded with a state banquet at Buckingham palace which was attended by members of the royal family, the diplomatic corps and practically all the notables in political England.

STEAMSHIP AGENTS ARE BLAMED

Hungarian Government Disclaims Responsibility for Emigration.

BUDA PEST, Hungary, June 6.—At a meeting of the emigration commission of Parliament today Premier Tisza declared it was calumnious to assert that the government connived at official agents decoying emigrants so as to supply shipping companies with a certain number of steerage passengers, and said it was not true that secret agents were the cause of a large exodus.

The German lines, the premier added, maintained 500 of these agents, who were principally responsible for the emigration of 63,000 persons without passports in 1904 during the fight between the German lines and the Cunard line. The activity of these agents, however, had been partially frustrated by the recent agreement between the Cunard company and the German lines, by which a percentage of the emigrants can be shipped only by way of German ports.

GULLY ANNOUNCES RESIGNATION

Speaker of House of Commons Retires After Ten Years' Service.

LONDON, June 6.—At this afternoon's session of the House of Commons William Court Gully officially announed his resignation on the ground of ill health, of the speakership, which he has held for a decade. Premier Balfour and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman made brief speeches of regret, after which the premier announced that tomorrow he would introduce a resolution praying the king to elevate Mr. Gully to the peerage, as is customary in the case of retiring speakers of the House of Commons.

VON BUELOW BECOMES A PRINCE

Emperor William Confers High Title on German Chancellor.

BERLIN, June 6.—Chancellor von Buelow has been created a prince by Emperor William.

British Bank in Trouble.

LONDON, June 6.—The bank of Glynn, Mills, Currie & Co. petitioned the courts to order the compulsory winding up of the International Bank of London. The petitioners are creditors for upward of $1,250,000. The application was adjourned for three weeks in order to see if the shareholders of the International bank will agree to voluntarily wind up its affairs.

CITY COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS

Bids for Paving Opened by the Body Last Night.

FIVE FIRMS ARE IN THE COMPETITION

Barber Company Makes Low Offer on Asphalt, but Bids Will Be Tabulated and Published for Public Information.

Bids for approximately $60,000 worth of paving on six streets were opened by the council last night, the low proposal for asphalt being that of the Barber company at $1.64 a square yard, which is considered low by the engineering department. Five bidders—the Barber Asphalt Paving company, Nebraska Bitulithic company, Hugh Murphy, Charles E. Fanning and E. D. VanCourt & Co.—bid on all the paving and curbing in sight and the Commercial Land company put in an offer for paving. The bids will be tabulated by the city engineer and then published in The Bee, the official paper, so that property owners may compare the prices and merits of the various materials offered and choose what they want; this under the provisions of hte new charter. Apart from asphalt a superficial examination of the bids seems to show that the brick work with regard to price if brick is selected, should be apportioned between Fanning and Murphy. VanCourt bid on macadam.

Following are the bids on the chief ingredient used in each class of paving, the bids on curbing, extras, etc., being so complicated that they could not be compiled last night:

District 818, Twentieth street from Farnam to Leavenworth: Charles E. Fanning, brick, $1.93 and $2.11; brick block, $1.97 and $2.15, according to class. Barber Asphalt company, asphalt, $1.92½. Hugh Murphy, brick, $1.92 and $2.06; brick block, $1.96 and $2.15, $2.10 and $2.30, according to class.

District 817, Eighteenth street from Corby to Spencer: Nebraska Bitulithic company, asphalt, $1.84. Charles E. Fanning, brick, $1.95; brick block, $1.99. Barber Asphalt company, asphalt, $1.64. E. D. VanCourt & Co., macadam, $1.34 and 74 cents, according to class. Hugh Murphy, asphalt, $1.88; brick, $1.93; brick block, $1.95 and $2.15.

District 786, Seventeenth and Jackson to Leavenworth: Nebraska Bitulithic company, asphalt, $1.90. Charles E. Fanning, brick, $1.88; brick block, $1.92. Barber Asphalt company, asphalt, $1.64. E. D. Van Court & Co., macadam, $1.44 and 94 cents, according to class. Hugh Murphy, asphalt, $1.94; brick, $1.91; brick block, $1.95 and $2.15.

District 820, Seward street from Thirty-eighth to Forty-first avenue: Nebraska Bitulithic company, asphalt, $1.89. Charles E. Fanning, brick, $1.92; brick block, $1.96. Barber Asphalt company, asphalt, $1.64. E. D. VanCourt & Co., macadam, $1.34 and 84 cents, according to class. Hugh Murphy, asphalt, $1.92; brick, $1.95; brick block, $1.98 and $2.18.

District 823, Fortieth street from Hamilton to Franklin: Nebraska Bitulithic company, asphalt, $1.88. Charles E. Fanning, brick, $1.91; brick block, $1.95. Barber asphalt company, asphalt, $1.64. E. D. VanCourt & Co., macadam, $1.31 and 82 cents, according to class. Hugh Murphy, asphalt, $1.91; brick, $1.89; brick block, $1.92 and $2.12.

District 825, Twenty-sixth street from Dodge to Chicago: Nebraska Bitulithic company, asphalt, $1.83. Charles E. Fanning, brick block, $1.88 and $1.92, according to class. Barber Asphalt company, asphalt, $1.64. Hugh Murphy, asphalt, $1.88; brick, $1.92; brick block, $1.96 and $2.15.

District 826, Spaulding street from Twenty-fourth street to Thirtieth: Nebraska Bitulithic company, asphalt, $1.99. Charles E. Fanning, brick, $1.72; brick block, $1.76. Barber Asphalt company, asphalt, $1.94½. E. D. VanCourt & Co., macadam, $1.42 and 92 cents, according to class. Hugh Murphy, asphalt, $2.04; brick, $1.75; brick block, $1.80 and $2.

Competition is Genuine.

A rumor was circulated just before the small mountain of envelopes containing bids was attacked that the local paving interests, particularly the Nebraska Bitulithic and the Barber companies, had "tied up" in an arrangement to apportion the work. The idea that such a condition existed was induced by reports that a truce had been patched up in the war between these two firms and proceedings started whereby each might get hold of the money due on contracts for the city, which has been held up by litigation started by the other fellow. City Engineer Rosewater scouted the rumor after he had seen the bids, giving it as his opinion that genuine competition had taken place with what promised to be economical results for the city.

Three firms submitted bids for sidewalk construction, as follows:

	Cement sq. ft.	Brick sq. ft.	Grading cu. yd.
Omaha Construc. Co..	.20¼	.16¾	.32½
Hamel & Stanley.....	.15	.11¼	.25
John Grant	.16	.....	.40

The Hamel & Stanley bid may be rejected, as it is suspected that the proposal is for less thickness of walk than called for by the specifications and considered by the other contractors.

Zimman's Final Veto.

As his last official stroke as acting mayor, President Zimman submitted a veto to the ordinance creating the office of street commissioner at $2,000 a year, but Councilman Schroeder was the only one to support him and the veto was not sustained. President Zimman gave as reasons that the duties of the commissioner as defined are indefinite and fall short of what is contemplated by the charter; that the charter and resolution announcing the intention of making the office contain no provisions for the appointment of a clerk and a timekeeper in the office, and that such duties can be performed by one person. Upon the veto losing out the appointment of Joseph Hummell as commissioner for a term expiring in May, 1906, by Mayor Moores, was approved.

Attorney Breen recommended against an allowance of $3,600 a year from the city to help maintain the juvenile court, on the grounds that such an appropriation would be illegal and that the county should support the institution, pointing out that Omaha would bear the lion's share of the cost anyhow. The council followed his advice.

For War on Weeds.

Upon the motion of Councilman Nicholson, $1,000 was set apart from the general fund for the destruction of weeds, and instructions given the street commissioner to begin the slaughter at once, using city prisoners as much as possible.

For the second time Chief of Police Donahue failed to get his $75 desk. The council seemed to be in a mood to grant the boon, but Councilman Evans remarked that there is a fine desk in the old Board of Public Works rooms that no one is using or wants to use. He advocated giving it to the chief. The matter was referred to the committee on buildings and property.

An ordinance to give the Union Pacific the right to lay tracks on both sides of Leavenworth street from Eleventh to and crossing Sixth street, with the "necessary switches and crossovers," was introduced and referred to a committee. The ordinance granting the Northwestern the right to run tracks up the alley between Douglas and Dodge streets from Eight to Twelft was passed.

The extension of the market place at Eleventh and Howard along Eleventh street to Harney is the object of an ordinance introduced to amend the present law on the subject. It was stated that more stalls are needed for the gardners.

Ordinances barring out non-resident plumbing firms, forbidding domestic anti-

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PLANS FOR Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

Directors Adopt the Set Drawn by Architects and Approved by Committee.

Plans for the new Young Men's Christian association building, as prepared by Fisher & Lawrie, and approved by the building committee, were adopted last night by the board of directors of the association.

The structure is to stand on the ground lately purchased at Seventeenth and Harney streets. It will be of the Grecian style of architecture, will be five stories in height above the basement, 132x157 feet in dimensions, and will front Harney street. Brick will be the building material. What kind of brick will be used has not been decided, but it is probable that the board will adopt the suggestion of the architects, who thought that brick of a golden color would make a beautiful building, used with ivory terra cotta trimmings. The front of the structure will have an imposing appearance. Five massive figures standing out three feet or more from the wall will support a long balcony on a level with the second floor. The building will be surmounted with a frieze. It is estimated that the cost of the structure will be well up toward $200,000.

The revenue from the building will be derived from the rent of dormitories, of which there will be 100 on the fourth and fifth floors. The rooms are to be of various sizes and of course will be let for various prices to young men who wish to rent them. The largest will be provided with private baths. Those who live in the others may be accommodated in the large bathrooms, which are on both floors. It is anticipated that there will be more applications for rooms than can be taken care of, as young men find a home in an association very attractive.

As for the old-style auditorium, there is no place for it in the plans. Raised floors and stationary seats take up too much room where an economy of space is greatly desirable. Instead, all gatherings in the building will be seated in an assembly room, or if that is too small the gymnasium will be called into requisition. The assembly room is on the second floor and is 48x59 feet. It is large enough for ordinary meetings. The gymnasium is on the first floor and is 55x80 feet. Chairs can be used in it when the crowd is too large for the assembly room. It has a balcony on the second floor.

In the basement are bowling alleys, men's lockers, business men's lockers, boys' lockers, baths and a barber shop. There is a plunge bath twenty feet wide by fifty feet long. On the first floor is a big lobby, a large social room, a "living" room, the gymnasium, a room for games, 25x40 feet, and a rental space 45x81 feet. The offices of the secretaries are located on this floor. The second floor contains the gymnasium balcony, an auxiliary gymnasium, 24x40 feet, night school, class and club rooms, a reading room, a wrestling room, kitchen, lunch room and social room. About half of this floor boys will have to themselves. The assembly room is here, too. On the third floor are school rooms for the study of typewriting, shorthand, bookkeeping, English, debating and drawing. There are club rooms, a library, Bible class rooms and hand ball courts. The next two floors are given entirely to the dormitory system.

About 100 members of the financial committee of the Young Men's Christian association sat down to a banquet at the Dellone hotel Tuesday evening to discuss plans for the raising of money with which to build the new building, which has been so widely discussed for some months past.

Plans for the immediate commencement of the work and the carrying out of the plans, which the committee has had under way, were made known, and work will be started immediately to secure the funds sufficient to starting the building.

It was decided to organize the 100 members of the financial committee into groups of ten men each, each individual member of the committee to pledge himself to raise at least $100 toward the erection of the building.

Many enthusiastic speeches were made by members present, including C. S. Ward, international secretary of the association, with offices in Chicago. Mr. Ward told of some of his personal experiences in raising funds for erecting association buildings in different parts of the country where he has been in charge, and complimented the members of the association in Omaha for their untiring work in securing the grounds on which tq build.

Arthur Jorgensen, secretary of the local association, presided at the meeting and acted as toastmaster.

The campaign is to begin at once and is to end by July 15, when, it is hoped, the committees will have raised sufficient funds to start work on the building.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS MEET

Delegates to National Council at Los Angeles Attend Solemn Pontifical High Mass.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 6.—Following the celebration of the solemn pontificial high mass in the cathedral of St. Vibiana, which was largely attended by visiting Knights of Columbus, the national council of the order convened at a local hotel. Supreme Knight Hearne presided over the council, which was held behind closed doors.

After adjournment the delegates witnessed the dedication of a Knights of Columbus window in the Church of the Blessed Sacrament.

A majority of the visitors accompanying the delegates spent the day at Santa Monica, where a varied program of entertainment was provided.

For the next place of meeting Detroit and Birmingham, Ala., are the leading contestants. Kansas City is also expected to make a bid for the honor.

WRECK NEAR LOS ANGELES

Newspaper Special Crashes Into Overland Carrying Ohio Knights of Columbus—Two Men Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 6.—Two men are dead and several others are injured as a result of a collision between the westbound overland passenger and a newspaper special on the Salt Lake railway four miles from Riverside, today.

The passenger coaches bearing Ohio delegates to the convention of Knights of Columbus in this city were attached to the overland, but none of them were injured.

The dead:

T. E. CAREY, Los Angeles, brakeman on the overland.

SELSER NORMAN, brakeman on newspaper train.

Mail Clerk Frank W. Shott was thrown from the train and three ribs were broken.

The failure of the engineer of the overland to observe orders is alleged to be the cause of the wreck.

Dividend for Creditors.

NEWARK, N. J., June 6.—Jerome Taylor, receiver of the Commonwealth Tobacco company, today was authorized to pay a dividend of 3 per cent to all the creditors of that company.

FIREMEN AWAIT THE GONG

Everything in Readiness for the Big Tournament in Council Bluffs.

PARADE STARTS THINGS IN THE FORENOON

Contests of Firemen and Automobile Races Commence Promptly at 1 O'clock at the Driving Park.

The annual tournament of the Iowa Firemen's State association is on and every railroad in Iowa led to Council Bluffs yesterday. All day long firemen, many in bright uniforms and others in the plain garb of the civilian, kept pouring in the city, but they were not the only arrivals. Every railroad brought its quota of visitors and by evening the streets were thronged with out-of-town people, some fortunate enough to have secured quarters in advance, while others, and they were many, seeking a place to sleep. Early in the afternoon the hotels were filled to their capacity and the members of the reception committee were kept busy seeking rooms for the later arrivals.

The city has on its best bib and tucker in honor of the visiting firemen and on all sides there are indications that there is something doing. The business men have responded generously to the request of the mayor and the executive committee and the stores along the principal streets are well decorated and last night were brilliantly illuminated. In short, Council Bluffs is in gala attire and nothing will be left undone to give the visitors, firemen and civilans a good time while in the city.

There are all kinds of attractions and by tonight Broadway will have every appearance of an up-to-date midway. The Bogan Carnival company is on the ground and yesterday was busy getting its tented shows in readiness to open today. The company has shows at all the principal intersections on Broadway and tonight, Thursday and Friday nights, in the parlance of the midway spieler, there will be something doing every minute.

Mayor Macrae, at the head of the reception committee, was one of the busiest men in the city yesterday and he was generally the first to extend the welcoming hand to the delegations as they arrived at headquarters on Pearl street, opposite the Grand hotel. He was ably assisted by the members of the city council and a number of the members of the Commercial club.

Program for the Day.

The program proper will open today with the grand parade in the morning and a long program of events at the Driving park in the afternoon. The following is the complete program for today's events:

10 a. m.—Grand parade. Largest department from any one city, local department barred, purse $125; first prize, $100; second prize, $25. The best appearing company from any city, with or without apparatus, purse $50; first prize, $30; second prize, $20. Every company entering any of the contests of this tournament must join in this parade.

1 p. m.—Straight-away hose race, hub and hub, purse $70; first prize, $50; second prize, $20. In this race teams run 250 yards with cart only. Companies may use their own cart.

1:30 p. m.—Automobile novice race, two miles. Entries: Cadillac, H. E. Fredrickson; Ford, Ford Automobile company; Olds, Powell Automobile company; Blonde Comet, L. P. Madsen.

2 p. m.—Novelty hose race, purse $150; first prize, $65; second prize, $45; third prize, $25; fourth prize, $15. Teams to run with cart 300 feet to hydrant, lay 200 feet of hose, uncouple fourth section, drop back and take out second section, put in fourth section, attach pipe to end of third section. Association rules to govern. Hose sections numbered in order they leave the cart.

2:15 p. m.—Barney Oldfield in a five-mile automobile race against time.

2:30 p. m.—State paid fire department race, purse $400; first prize, $200; second prize, $125; third prize, $75. Hitch to be made in house, men in bunks; run one-half mile, lay 150 feet of hose, break coupling and put on pipe ready to throw water apparatus capable of carrying 1,000 feet of serviceable hose and outfit to weigh not less than 1,800 pounds. Association hose and pipe to be used in all contests.

2:45 p. m.—Two miles start and stop Automobile race. Entries: Stevens-Duryea, Stewart; Stanley Steamer, R. R. Kimball; Rambler, Clark Colt; Rambler, Charles Beaton.

3 p. m.—Running coupling contest, two gold medals, one for coupler and one for pipeman, value $30. Association rules to govern.

3:15 p. m.—Five-mile automobile race, open. Entries: Pope-Toledo, J. J. Deright; Stevens-Duryea, R. R. Kimball; Stanley Steamer, R. R. Kimball.

3:30 p. m.—Hitching contest, purse $50; first prize, $30; second prize, $20. Association rules to govern.

4 p. m.—Flag race, purse $60; first prize, $40; second prize, $20. This race to be run from two lines fifty yards apart; one-half of each team to be placed on each line, facing each other. The first man on the right of the starting line to have flag and at the word go to carry and deliver it to the first man on the right of the second line until each man has carried it his fifty yards. Team to be composed of eighteen men. Time to be taken when the last man crosses his fifty-yard mark and no man is to leave his line until in possession of the flag, otherwise he will be declared foul and out.

4:30 p. m.—Tug-of-war, purse $40 and rope; first prize, $25 and rope; second prize, $15. In this contest each team is composed of not more than twelve men from any one fire company and must wear smooth sole shoes.

4:45 p. m.—Barney Oldfield in five-mile automobile race against time.

5 p. m.—Ladder climbing contest, gold medal valued at $25. Run fifty feet, climb 30-foot ladder, ladder to lay on ground till start is made, raise ladder not less than 40 degrees, time to be taken when climber reaches top rung, climber to hold rung until time is called. Climber will be allowed four men to raise ladder.

Order of Parade.

Major Mat Tinley will be marshal of the parade and his aides will be Captain Paul Van Order, Dr. A. E. Lane, Captain L. B. Cousins and Sheriff Canning. The various sections will form on Main, Pearl, Sixth, Seventh and Eighth streets, with head resting on First avenue. Starting at Eighth street and First avenue the line of march will be:

South on Eighth street to Sixth avenue, east on Sixth avenue to Main street; north on Main street to Broadway; east on Broadway to First street; countermarch on Broadway to Pearl street; south on Pearl street to First avenue; west on First avenue to Sixth street; south on Sixth street to Willow avenue, when the column will disband around Bayliss park. The judges will review the parade from the plazza of the Elks' club house on First avenue. The identity of the judges will not be disclosed until after the parade and the awarding of the prizes.

The famous Mentzer Hose company from Marion arrived last night. This is one of the most noted drill teams in the state and with its white broadcloth uniforms with gold trimmings is certain to receive more than ordinary attention in the parade this morning. The company will give an exhibition drill on the street during the tournament. Other arrivals up to last night were teams from Toledo, Panora, Oelwein, Tama, Sioux City, Valley Junction, Des Moines, Shenandoah, Atlantic, Belle Plain, Newton, Audubon, Iidianola, Oskaloosa, Clinton, Traer, Marion and Winterset.

At a meeting of the board of control, which is composed of the officers of the state association, last night at the Grand

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NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fair Wednesday and Warmer in the North Portion. Thursday Fair.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour.	Deg.	Hour.	Deg.
5 a. m.....	71	1 p. m.....	77
6 a. m.....	69	2 p. m.....	78
7 a. m.....	68	3 p. m.....	77
8 a. m.....	69	4 p. m.....	78
9 a. m.....	72	5 p. m.....	77
10 a. m.....	74	6 p. m.....	74
11 a. m.....	76	7 p. m.....	70
12 m.....	77	8 p. m.....	68
		9 p. m.....	66

GENERAL WINT IN COMMAND

Appointed Temporary Commander of Northern Division in Addition to Present Duties.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Orders were issued at the War department today relieving Major General John T. Bates from duty in command of the northern military division, embracing the Departments of the Lakes, Missouri and Dakota, with headquarters at St. Louis, and directing him to proceed to Washington and report to the secretary of war. Brigadier General Theodore J. Wint, commanding the Department of the Missouri, with headquarters at Omaha, Neb., in addition to his present duties, has been ordered to assume command of the northern division until a permanent assignment is made.

These orders were issued in anticipation of the retirement of Major General George L. Gillespie, assistant chief of staff, on the 15th inst., on his own application, after nearly forty-eight years of active service. General Bates will be assigned to duty as assistant chief of staff on the 15th inst. and the understanding in military circles is that he will be made lieutenant general and chief of staff on the statutory retirement of Lieutenant General Chaffee, April 14, 1906. Inasmuch as General Bates will retire August 26 of the same year he will serve as head of the army for a little over four months.

The vacancy in the list of major generals caused by General Gillespie's retirement will be filled by the promotion of General George M. Randall, the senior brigadier, now on his way from the Philippines. Colonel A. L. Wagner of the general staff will be promoted to brigadier general.

Under instructions from the president Major Francis J. Kernan, Twenty-sixth Infantry, and Captain William M. Wright, Second Infantry, have been detailed for duty as members of the general staff. Captain Wright has been assigned to duty as assistant to the chief of staff of the northern division at St. Louis. Major Kernan's station has not been announced.

CASSATT LEAVES EQUITABLE

John A. Stewart, John Sloan and D. O. Mills Also Leave the Board of Directors.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Three more directors resigned today from the board of the Equitable Life Assurance society, and at least one more will retire tomorrow, making in all ten resignations since the present troubles of the society began.

The resignation of A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad company, was forwarded this afternoon, followed by the announcement of the resignations of John A. Stewart, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Trust company, and John Sloane, prominent in banking and trust company circles. The resignation of D. O. Mills will be handed to President Alexander tomorrow. Mr. Mills was at first inclined to postpone action, but decided not to attend the meeting.

The other directors who have resigned from the Equitable board are: H. C. Frick, E. C. Harriman, T. Jefferson Coolidge, M. E. Ingalls, Jacob H. Schiff and Cornelius N. Bliss.

The call for tomorrow's meeting of the Equitable directors gives notice that immediately upon adjournment of the regular meeting a special meeting will be held for the following purposes:

First—For amending the bylaws so as to provide for the office of chairman of the board of directors and prescribing the powers and duties of the office and passing upon such other amendments to the bylaws as may be submitted to the meeting.

Second—For the election of a chairman of the board to fill the office thus created.

Third—For the election of the chairman as a director of the society.

There was a conference tonight at which Mr. Hyde was present with his legal adviser, Samuel Untermeyer. According to the Herald there was a full and free discussion of the selection of a suitable man for chairman of the board and the selection of Governor Herrick proved acceptable to all who were in attendance.

PHILADELPHIA, June 6.—The Inquirer tomorrow will say that Henry C. Frick of Pittsburg, in pursuance of his announcement that he will not be a member of any directorate in which James H. Hyde of the Equitable Life Assurance society is a member, has sent his resignation as director to the Franklin National bank and the Commercial Trust company, both Philadelphia institutions. The resignation, the Inquirer says, will be acted upon Thursday.

CLOUDBURST WASHES TRACK

Fifteen Miles Reported Gone on the Teluca Branch of the Burlington.

SHERIDAN, Wyo., June 6.—(Special Telegram.)—By a cloudburst in the mountains fifteen miles of railroad were washed out at Coburn, on the Toluca branch, yesterday. It did not touch here. The water washed the last ten cars of an extra freight into the ditch. There were two washouts between Toluca and Billings. Snow melting in the mountains also caused swollen streams. The Big Goose rose four feet yesterday, the highest in five years.

NORTH CAROLINA PAYS CLAIM

South Dakota Does Not Know What to Do with the Money.

PIERRE, S. D., June 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Governor Elrod today received from R. W. Stewart, attorney for the state in its suit against North Carolina, a draft for $2,416 as the proceeds of the judgment secured against that state. There is a question as to what fund this belongs to and it will be submitted to Attorney General Hall before being finally disposed of.

Movements of Ocean Vessels June 6.

At New York—Arrived: Cretic, from Naples; Finland, from Antwerp; Kaiser Wilhelm II, from Bremen; Astoria, from Glasgow. Sailed: Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, for Bremen; Pannonia, for Naples; Georgic, for Liverpool; Germania, for Marseilles; Patria, for Liverpool.

At Glasgow—Arrived: Furnessia, from New York.

At Antwerp—Arrived: Kroonland, from New York.

At Naples—Sailed— Citta di Milano, for New York.

At Christiania—Sailed: Hellig Olav, for New York.

At Cherbourg—Arrived: Kron Pring Wilhelm, from New York.

At Yokohama—Arrived: Empress of India, from Vancouver.

At Liverpool—Sailed: Laurentian, for Philadelphia; Saxonia, for Boston.

RUMOR OF ASSEMBLY

Russians More Deeply Interested in Political Situation Than in War.

MODIFIED PARLIAMENT MAY BE CREATED

Members to Be Elected for Three Years—Czar to Name Presiding Officers.

ANOTHER SIDE TO TREPOFF STORY

Imperial Manifesto Creating the New Body Expected Today.

REPORT OF CZAR'S ASSASSINATION

Rumor that the Emperor Was Killed Circulated on the Berlin Bourse—Denial from St. Petersburg.

BULLETIN.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 6.—The rumor circulated on the Berlin Boerse of the assassination of Emperor Nicholas is groundless.

The story of the attempt to assassinate the emperor was telegraphed back from abroad and spread throughout the city. The Associated Press is assured by General Masloff, his majesty's chancellor, that absolutely nothing occurred at Tsarskoe Selo to give rise to such reports.

BULLETIN.

BERLIN, June 6.—2:45 p. m.—It is reported on the Boerse that the Russian emperor has been assassinated. A private telegram to this effect is said to have been received by the Mendelssohns, bankers of the Russian government. No details are obtainable.

Up to the time of the closing of the Boerse the report of the assassination of the Russian emperor was without confirmation.

3:41 p. m.—The Mendelshon's deny most positively receiving a telegram regarding the assassination of Emperor Nicholas. The report otherwise was not traceable.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 6.—The details of the epoch-making battle of the Sea of Japan, which are drifting in here through the foreign press, and even the question of peace or war, are almost ignored in contemplation of the more absorbing internal situation created by the sudden elevation of Governor General Trepoff to the office of assistant minister of the interior, making him virtually dictator, with the dark vision of a policy of reaction and repression.

Yet the Associated Press was informed on high authority today that Trepoff's appointment only tells half the story and that there is a brighter side to the picture. As intimated in these dispatches last night, it will come in the shape of an imperial manifesto, which will possibly be issued tomorrow, the empress' birthday, or on Thursday, the festival of the ascension, and will immediately realize the popular demand for a parliamentary regime by creating a legislative assembly consisting of two houses. The lower house will be called the Gosudarstvennaia Duma, "Imperial duma," and the upper house, Gosudarsstvennaia Sovet, or the present council of the empire. While the upper house will enjoy the preponderance of power, the lower house will also have legislative functions and the right to interpellate ministers, the plan also involving the responsibility of ministers.

Delays in the elaboration of the machinery of election will be obviated by the employment of the law of 1864, under which land owners and property owners in the cities and villages, including peasants, elect representatives to the zemstvos, which in effect places representation on a property basis. The emperor retains complete control of the legislative assembly with the right of veto and power to dissolve assemblies and order new elections.

Czar to Name Presiding Officer.

The assembly will be presided over by a member of the emperor's choosing. Members of the assembly will be elected for three years. Ministers and chiefs of bureaus will be members ex-officio of the legislative assembly.

Should the above information prove accurate, as there is every reason to believe it is, the prediction of the liberals at the opening of the war that the emperor of Japan would give a constitution to Russia, appears about to be realized. But if the iron hand of Trepoff is to be gloved in velvet it is extremely unfortunate that the Russian emperor did not couple Trepoff's appointment with the issuing of the manifesto as the announcement of the former with no palliative has created something like public consternation. The press seems dazed. Most of the papers are unable to fully understand what it means and refrain from comment, but those who speak do so in a strain of the gloomiest forebodings, seeing in the appointment that the Russian people have again bowed down under the galling yoke of the police. The Slovo asks:

Is it possible that the convocation of a popular