Green Trading Stamps Every Time

HIGH ART PORCELAIN

Chinaware and Rich Cut Glass.

Wedding Presents-useful and ornamental-at all prices. New prices-new arrangements, and most complete lines

For Monday and Tuesday, Japanese Sugars and Creams, new, pair, \$1.50, \$1.25 and.....

Japanese Cups and Saucers-thin egg shell china-ten dif-ferent patterns-values up to 50c-Monday and

Ten (\$1.00) Green Trading Stamps.



Royal Austian China Dinner Sets

100 pieces — beautiful floral decorations—must close these

Johnson Bros. White and Gold Dinnersets-100 piecesvery neat-best ware madeevery piece warranted-regular \$15 goods-close 10.00

The 10c Table is loaded with good pieces of China-Plates, Eruit Saucers, Trays, Cups and Saucers-some 25c values for, Beautiful Ioga China Vases-best we have ever seen for long stem

Wedding Stationery

Strictly High-Grade Engraving.

INVITATIONS. ANNOUNCEMENTS. CHURCH CARDS, Etc.

We invite you to inspect our samples and get our prices on Wedding Stationery.

Our prices are lower than other high-class engravers, quality con-

ENGRAVING-STATIONERY.

MAIN PROOKS		
SHELF PAPER		
10 yards Fancy Lace Paper, assorted colors, at	30	
10 yards Lace Paper, best grade, assorted colors, at	50	
24 sheets 24x36 in. plain white Shelf Paper	.50	
Monday and Tuesday only.		

74x164 Panels, regularly 35c, Monday

ART MONEY-SAVING SALES

Bargain Tables of New Framed Pictures-latest spring designs—suitable for any room in the household—89c, 79c, 12½C 69c, 59c, 59c, 59c, 20c and.

Uncalled for and slightly damaged Pictures—200 of them—to be closed out quickly—values up to \$3.00—all 89c

Pyrography Money Savings

Photo Boxes, 1
regular 90c, Monday ... 65c
Handkerchief Boxes, 35c
regularly 50c, Monday 35c
regularly 50c, Monday ... 15c
libration of the panels, 15c
libration

The Schiller Centenary.



Johann Christoph Friedrich Von Schiller, the great poet of the German Fatherland, was born at Marbach, Wurtemburg Nov. 10th, 1759. He died at Weimar May 9th, 1805.

The one-hundredth anniversary of his death-his centenary-falls on Tuesday, May 9. Magnificent Display of Handsome, Durable, Faithful Schiller Busts,

imitation brouze, \$2.50 values Monday and Tuesday, 1.75 ART-SECOND FLOOR

Curtain Section

THIRD FLOOR.

A SPECIAL LOT OF LACE CURTAINS - WORTH \$3,50 PAIR, MONDAY ONLY-Pair.... The last of our Odd Lace Curtains at one price- 39c

Special Sale Monday

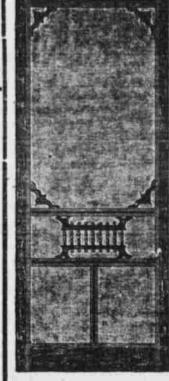
Linoleum and Matting Regular 50c, 60c and 42c 65c Linoleum, at..... Regular 18c and 20c Remnants of Brussels and Vel

60c and 50c Don't miss seeing these goods,

Bennett's Big Grocery. Your Monty's Worth	
Forty (\$4.00) Green Trading Stamps with sack Bennett's Excelsior Flour Fifty (\$6.00) Green Trading Stamps with two	1.75 25c
pounds large Muscatel Raisins. Twenty (\$2.60) Green Trading Stamps with pound package Bennett's Capitol Coffee	28c
Pear Special; Pears, in syrup, three-pound	12+c
Fifteen (\$1.50) Green Trading Stamps with five cans solid Tomatoes.	50c
Fifteen (\$1.50) Green Trading Stamps with five	50c
Ten (\$1.00) Green Trading Stamps with two cans Omar Baked Beans.	18c
California Raisins,	5c
Peach Special Peaches, In syrup, three-pound	124c
Fifteen (\$1.50) Green Trading Stamps with three- pound jar Cottage Apple Butter.	25c
Ten (\$1.00) Green Trading Stamps with eight bars Bennett's Bargain Soap. MONEY SAVERS.	25c
Flower Seeds, 21c Oll Sardines,	4c

Green Trading Stamps all the Time

Screen Doors, Screen Windows, Screen Wire and Screen Hinges



7	Thirty (\$3.00) Green Trading Stamps with Screen Door, painted green
	Thirty (\$3.00) Green Trading Stamps with Screen Door, natural. 98c
	Thirty (\$3.00) Green Trading Stamps with Screen Door, hard oil 1.25
	Thirty (\$3.00) Green Trading Stamps with Screen Door, hard oil 1.50
	Thirty (\$3.00) Green Trading Stamps with special heavy Screen Door, hard 1.75 (Above in all regular sizes.)
7.	Twenty (\$2.00) Green Trading Stamps with any Screen Window, up from15c
	Double Green Trading Stamps with Screen Wire, best quality, per square foot
	Ten (\$1.00) Green Trading Stamps with Spring Hinges and Screws 12c
	Ten (\$1.00) Green Trading Stamps with all steel Spring Hinges and Screws15c

Early Summer Millinery THERE'S BUT ONE OPINION GIVEN UTTERANCE TO BY THE THOROUGHLY

INFORMED-IT IS THAT BENNETT'S MILLINERY IS WAY AHEAD OF ANY OTHER MILLINERY IN THE WEST-WAY AHEAD IN DEPARTMENT ARRANGEMENTS-WAY AHEAD IN SIGHT ACCESSIBILITIES-WAY AHEAD IN IMMENSITY AND VARIETY OF STOCKS-

WAY AHEAD IN STYLE-VALUE, STYLE-ADVICE AND SALES-INTELLIGENCE. It's number one as an exposition of 1905 Art-Millinery. Here you have the hat for any and every occasion—morning, afternoon, evening, heyday, holiday, Sunday or Saturday—less price, value considered, and in a wider field of choice, than the "Elsewheres" of Omaha can offer.

REMARKABLE VALUES IN UNTRIMMED HATS Rough, Smart Straw Hats, Turbans and Dress Shapes, in champagne, navy, brown and black—98c values, for ______49c

STREET HATS! STREET HATS! FOR EARLY SUMMER WEAR-FOR EARLY SUMMER WEAR, ilor shapes predominating, strictly new ideas, charming colorings and embellishments—the triumph of Art Millinery at modest

Sailor shapes, more elaborate trimming, at...... \$2.49 PATTERN HATS! PATTERN HATS!

Two special lines from a prominent pattern hat house-hats in high-class street effects, demi-dress effects and other elaborately trimmed creations; colorings and materials are dainty, 495 exquisite and all fine quality; a large variety of these and every thread of material strictly new, values up to \$15.00-Monday for \$6.95 and.....

The Trimmings The Trimmings

-BENNETT'S-SECOND FLOOR.

BENNETT'S	CANDY
SECTION	

	SECTION
ı	Stick Candy Special.
ı	Large sticks, assorted flavors.
ě	Three sticks 1c
ı	101
П	Fifteen sticks 5c
п	
ı	Japanese Confection, 5c

CIGARS

Mill Town, a hand-made long filled 2 for 5c Stogie, 100 for ... Forty-five (\$4.50) Green Trading Stamps. Margaret May, a good 5c Cigar, 1.40 Thick Stronghold Chewing Tobacco, 49c one pound for Twenty (\$2.00) Green Trading Stamps.

Genuine Copenhagen Seal brand and Scotch Snuff

Bring Your Prescriptions

To Our Drug Section for Accurate Filling. Satisfaction a Certainty.

Southeast Corner, Main Floor

15c Water Color 9c | Fresh Tube Paints, 15c Paper. 9c | Fresh Tube Paints, 15c for Water Color. 15c Palettes. 19c Palettes. 19c Palettes. 19c Palettes. 19c Picture Framing, Not ONLY DONE EXBAVINGLY. IT IS AN Oxford Season Dorothy Dodd

Oxfords

under the arch-no slipping at the heel, no pumping for the wearers of Dorothy Dodds.

\$3.00 and \$2.50



Fit snugly around the ankles, over the instep,

Blucher and Gibson shapes, lace and button, high heels and low, medium and light weight soles, all shades of tan, all styles of kid and calf.

UNDERPRICED FOR MONDAY'S SELLING \$2.25 values, neat design, thoroughly braced, \$5.50 value, continuous post, well finished, at..... \$7.50 value, continuous post, extended 5.49 foot, end, at \$8.25 value, handsome design, brass spindles, head and foot end, at \$10.00 value, continuous post, heavy filling. extended foot end, at \$11.00 value, artistic design, extra heavy filling, 7.25 brass spindles, at....... \$12.00 value, heavy continuous post, with brass 8.25 \$15.00 value, massive continuous post, colonial 11.25 pattern, at..... \$18,00 value, 11/2 inch continuous post, heavy 14.95

5c

Arts and Crafts Furniture

HARDWARE-BASEMENT

	Specially Priced for Monday
	\$6.50 Weathered Oak Magazine Rack. 4.95
4	\$4.00 Weathered Oak Desk Chair, box con- struction, at
4	\$13.50 Weathered Oak Writing Table, mission style, at 9.95
ą	\$12.95 Weathered Oak Rocker, with laced 9.95
i	\$18.00 Weathered Oak Arm Chair, laced leather cushions, seat and back, massive frame, 14.95
3	\$2.50 Weathered Oak Foot Stool, genuine leather top, mission style, at
1	\$125.00 Mission Dining Room Set, finished weathered, consists of extension table, china closet, buffet, serving table, 5 leather seat chairs, and 95.00 one arm chair, at
FL	OOR.

Clothing Section

Wonderful Sale We Had Saturday, Thanks to the Public

One of our houses-Bennett's Lapel Clothing-was late in deliveries, so we got a concession-and here's where you benefit. Monday A. M. 11.75

Any Suit worth \$20.00-

Any Suit worth \$15.00-

LITTLE GENTS' SUITS

LADIES-3 to 16-Here's a saving, and think of the Stamps. To close them out quickly..... Two hundred and fifty (\$25.00) Green Trading Stamps.

We still have some of those collar-attached

Fifty (\$5.00) Green Trading Stamps. Our line of \$1.50 White Stiff Shirts 95c Fifty (\$5.00) Green Trading Stamps.

Muslin Night Shirts-worth \$1.00, at..... Thirty (\$2.00) Green Trading Stamps MONDAY ONLY-Twenty (\$2.00) Green Trading Stamps with any garment of

at..... Twenty (\$2.00) Green Trading Stamps.

Underwear,

SERIOUS LABOR

Significance of the Struggle For and Against the Open Shop.

EXCESSES OF UNIONS AND EMPLOYERS

Arguments of the Contending Forces Weighed by an Impartial Critic -Immigration a Factor in the Controversy.

One of the greatest industrial conflicts of cage over the question of the "open shop." clare to be the issue, and, while it is not predistrictly, true as regards the teamsters, it is tion. true of the original cause of the disturbance-the strike of the garment workers. It was a desire on the part of the National Wholesale Tallors' association to establish the open shop in the clothing industry that led to the original strike. While the issue is prominently before the public a scientific discussion of the causes of the union shop policy will prove inter-

Prof. John R. Commons of the University of Wisconsin, recognized as one of the best authorities on this subject in this country, has made an extended study of labor unions for years and is now occupied in writing a history of them.

Prof. Commons recently delivered a lecture on the open shop before the American Ecopomic association, and his paper has been reprinted from the proceedings of that meeting. Space here will not allow of the paper's being printed in full, but it has been condensed and reprinted from the Chicago Inter Ocean, and will be found wurthy of careful consideration, both by employers and unionists,

Prof. Commons' article is as follows: The open shop controversy, in its extreme form, is peculiar to America. The

been taught that the nation was deeply wages, even if protected. Horace Greeley, who, as much as any other man, commended the "American system" to wage earners, admitted the force of the objeccalled it, "association," would share the benefits of the tariff with them. But this must come through the workmen themselves. Some of them tried it. The communistic experiment failed. They tried corecent years is now being waged in Chi- association these who could hold together At least, that is what the employers de- fits of protection which Greeley mistakenly predicted for his fantastic kind of associa-

Temporary Gains from Strikes. But the gains from strikes were temporary. The federal laws which protected manufacturers against the products of foreign labor permitted them to import the strikes were defeated by the immigrants. went into the shops to share the gains place them with their lower standards of living. the allen contract labor laws. These theoretically rounded out the turiff system, and they somewhat lessened the pressure on the skilled trades. But the amount of immigration itself was not lea-

tion, but he held that socialism, or, as he identical with those of the unionist. The the union and the association. employers are not protected by a tariff, neither have they imported foreign workmen. Division of labor is not minute, and the skilled workman is not directly menaced by the unskilled. But the American operation, education, politics. Neither did unions have very little industrial or racial these seem to reach the high aims of pro- protection. Apprenticeship is gone, except tection. Meanwhile they were discovering as enforced by them against the protests the power of the strike. By this kind of their employers. In order to enforce found themselves actually sharing the bene- wages above the market rate, the unions found themselves compelled to enforce the rule that no one should enter the shop except through the union .Without this rule their efforts were nullified.

A Change of Meaning. A curious flank movement has taken which was boycotted or on strike, and in and in many more cases the immigrants which consequently the union forbade its as far as the agreement is concerned, it members to work. An open shop was one won by the strikers, or gradually to dis- where union men were permitted by the union to get employment if they could. With a unanimity never before To declare a shop open was equivalent to shown the unions entered the political field calling off a strike and boycott. The and got the Chinese exclusion acts and terms as now defined are different. The closed shop, instead of being nonunion, is the union shop. And the open shop is de-

clared open by the employer to admit

fore, while the sources have shifted to still I do not agree with, if its use is limited as

thies, lacking the historical sense, have re- found essential in most open shop agree- is the consideration distinctly stated in the establishing these favorable conditions, but branch of the clothing trade. Each disoncerned in maintaining for him a high cently somewhat declined, when it is found ments that have lasted for any length of agreements of the Typographical union standard of living. Free traders objected that the union theory is that of protection time, namely, a strong and well disposed with the Newspaper Publishers' association, politics. They are the natural outcome of lower standard of living. As soon as that manufacturers would not pay higher and not that of free trade. The British association on each side, the same scale of several of whose members have nonunion universal suffrage and are not found to the race begins to be Americanized and to deunions are protected by long periods of work and wages for unionists nonunion- or open shops, it being agreed that the na- same extent in countries or localities where apprenticeship. The nonunlenist is only ist, and the reference of all unsettled com- tional union will underwrite every closed the labor vote is weak or labor is newly lower standard comes in through the open another Englishman who can be talked to, plaints against either unionist or nonunion- shop agreement made by a publisher with a enfranchised. Formerly the political party and whose class feelings are strong and let to a joint conference of the officers of local union.

Unions in Self-Defense. In describing these conditions I have indicated, conversely, certain conditions under which the union is forced in self-protec tion to stand for the closed shop. - Such cases are those where there is no employers' association, or where the employers' association cannot control all of this and other measures needed to keep the association is hostlie or has a menacing, hostile element within it, as, for example, when it does not insist that its nonunion or open shop members shall pay the union scale. In these cases the maintenance of the scale and the life of the union depend on maintaining the union shop. Whether it shall be a closed shop or not, i. e., place in the use of the terms "closed" and whether it shall be unionized by a con-"open" shop. As the unions originally em- tract in which the employer binds himself foreigners themselves. In many cases ployed the terms, a closed shop was one to employ only union men, and becomes as it were, a union organizer, or whether, shall be an open chop, depends on circum-

stances, and the same union will be found

locality or shop. The closed shop contract has recently been attacked in the courts, and in some cases everthrown, on the ground of filegality. But there are some places where these do Without branching into that side of the ques- not apply, and a union which relies solely tion, it should be noted in passing that such on a sentimental argument cannot win the and conditions are better. Such would unnonunionists, and not by the union to a contract usually carries a consideration. support of the public, which eventually If the union has a label protected by law makes the laws and guides the decisions. The contention of some union defenders this is a valuable consideration which the This sentimental argument holds that he and the influx has swollen greater than be- that the term "closed shop" is a misnomer employer cannot be expected to enjoy unless who is benefited should bear his share of amount of good will on the part of clothhe agrees to employ only union men, and the expenses of the benefactor. The union ing manufacturers or master builders could lower standards of life. By a minute di- here proposed. They say it is not closed, consequently all label agreements of the which raises wages and shortens hours vision of labor and nearly automatic ma- because any competent man can get into it garment workers, brewery workers, boot should be supported by all whose wages chinery unknown in any other country, by joining the union. What they really and shoe workers and others are closed and hours are bettered, and the nonunion the skilled trudes were split into simple mean is that the union is an open union, shop agreements. However, the main conoperations and places created for the un- but this is another question, and an im- sideration to the employer is the enlist- shut out from employment. skilled immigrants. The strike thus seemed portant one. Much can be said for a closed ment of a responsible national authority on An argument like this, if not backed by likely to lose permanent results. The shop if the union is open, but a closed shop the part of the union to compel the local an evident necessity, falls under attack.

The same consideration is always expressly stipulated, it is under- petitive civil service, or civil service restood to exist, more or less, in all agreements, whether actually underwritten by to employ only members of the union. The do not compete on the market. The nonits members or all of the industry, or where open shop, by the very terms of the con- unionist or the aggressive employer is not the closed shop makes the national union responsible by requiring it to discipline the founders and other employers' associations, nine-tenths of their shops.

Two Arguments Considered. There is no doubt that the object which all unionis aim to reach is the complete unionizing of the trade. In support of this practicing both methods, according to the there are two kinds of arguments, one of which I should call sentimental, the other economic or essential. Certain of the economic arguments I have just indicated. grants, long hours and minute division of

they really depend, not on unions, but on placement has substituted a race with a filled such positions with its partisans, ican industries. Whether the conditions in found in the 'longshoremen's agreements, The situation is no worse when the union in all label agreements, and though not fills them with its members. But comform, is an advance on both partisanship and unionism. Government pays the scale the national officers or not. If the employer to all alike. There is no competition of wishes the national union to be responsible outsiders to force it down. The state can for its local members he logically will agree be a model employer because its products tract, leaves it to the employer to enforce | a menace to the wages of government emthe agreement by hiring nonunion men, but ployes. If the government should let out its work to the lowest bidder the union then could maintain a scale only by the union local union or even to furnish other union shop. But when the government hires its men. It is this consideration, more than own workmen the union shop is not needed. anything else, that has led the stove A strike would be absurd and the appeal for fair wages must be made to the people under open shop agreements, to watch at large, through their representatives. without protest the gradual unionizing of The appeal is ethical and political, and not to the judgment of a strike, and such an appeal is stronger when free from the onus of an exclusive privilege

Immigration as a Factor.

In the clothing trades the sweatshop is simply the open shop, for the sweatshop is the small contractor with fresh immilabor, crowding into the market and underselling the shops where wages, hours questionably have been the outcome in the a device of checks and balances. Embuilding trades had the unions not been able to enforce the closed shop. No stand against a market menaced with the president and political parties to restrain product of open shops. It was through the open shop that the American born man tailor; that the Irish and German were displaced by the Jew and by Polish wo men, and that the Jew is now being dissurprised to see the bitterness of the American unionist toward the "scal." This feeling has its roots in conditions and history peculiar to this country. For three generations the American workingman has a surprised to see the bitterness of the American unionist toward the "scal." This use of the terms above proposed makes to the fresh to ease in government and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union or shop to fulfill its side of the agreement and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union is moved by personal regions and a more personal feelings, but the netional officers in living close to the least in government and much has been in Omahs for ment. The local union of the terms above proposed makes in policies. The use of the terms above proposed makes in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the policies of the agreement in the building and the poli

mand a higher standard, another still shop. This is the history of many Amerthe clothing trade are preferable for the American nation than conditions in the building trades is a question open for differences of opinion. The differences, however, are not apparent among the workmen in those trades. The immigrant, the manufacturer, the consumer, may hold a different view, but, if so, it should be understood that the question in dispute is that of the wages of those workmen. As things are, the union shop or closed shop is the wage-earners' necessary means to that end.

That there are many serious problems springing from labor unions is evident. But they would properly be discussed under other headings. The present discussion is not morely of their good or had methods-it is of their existence and their power to raise wages. Under a different order of industry or a socialistic policy of government unions might be superfluous, Their existence and their methods arise from the nature of the industry and the attitude of employers. A method necessary in the building trades or ccal mines may be superfluous on the railroads. Their methods also arise from the universal human struggle for power. No institution or individual can be trusted with absolute power. Constitutional government is ployers' associations are just as necessary to restrain labor unions, and labor unlogs to restrain employers' associations, as the two houses of congress, a supreme court, a social classes. Progress does not come when one association destroys the other, but when one association destroys the ex-

Several Valuables Lost.